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Biography

- Munvar Miya Shaik has Bachelor degree in Pharmacy and Medical Master degree in Medical Pharmacology. His PhD thesis was focused on Neurogenetics especially focusing on migraine genetics.
- He has vast experience in teaching medical pharmacology to Medical and dental students.
- Currently his research is focused on Migraine genetics.
- He is also involved in Alzheimer's and Parkinson diseases research clusters.
- He has published various research articles in high impact factor journals.
- Currently he is located in Universiti Sains Malaysia, Kelantan, Malaysia.

Research interest

- Neurogenetics focused on Neuro-degenarative disorders
- Role of microRNA as biomarker and therapeutic target in Neurodegenarative disorders
- Pharmacoepigenomics of Migraine
- Therapeutic targets from Traditional medicines to treat Neuro-degenarative disorders
- Epigenetics of Neuro-degenarative disorders

Recent publications

2014 - 2012

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- MM Shaik, NB Hassan, HL Tan, SH Gan. Validity and Reliability of the Bahasa Melayu Version of the Migraine Disability
 Assessment Questionnaire. Biomed Research International, Volume 2014 (2014).
 http://www.hindawi.com/journals/bmri/2014/435856/ [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- **MM Shaik**, HL Tan, SH Gan. Do folate, vitamins B₆ and B₁₂ play a role in the pathogenesis of migraine?: the role of pharmacoepigenomics. *CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets*, 2014;13(5):828-35. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- **MM Shaik**, S Ahmed, SH Gan, AM Abuzenadah, E Ahmad, S Tabrez, F Ahmad, MA Kamal. How do periodontal infections affect the progression of type 2 diabetes and Alzheimer's disease? *CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets*, 2014, 13 (3), 460-466. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- MM Shaik, SH Gan, MA Kamal. Epigenomic approach in understanding of Alzheimer Diseases and type 2 Diabetes. CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets, 2014, 13 (2), 283-289. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- **MM Shaik**. Enzymes as therapeutic agents in Alzheimer's Disease (Editorial). *Journal of Bimolecular Research & Therapeutics*, 2014, 3:2 (Available in Google Scholar)
- M Rasool, A Malik, A Qazi, IA Sheikh, A Manan, MH Qazi, A Chaudhary, AM Abuzenadah, M Asif, MH Alqahtani, SH Gan, MM Shaik, MA Kamal. Current view from Alzheimer's disease to type 2 diabetes mellitus. CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets, 2014, 13 (3), 533-542. [ISI Indexed, IF=3.810] [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)

Recent publications

- M Arifullah, P Vikram, KK Chiruvella, **MM Shaik**, I Husna. A review on Malaysian plants used for screening of Antimicrobial activity. *Annual Research & Review Biology*, 4(13):2088-2132, 2014.
- **MM Shaik**, NB Hassan, HL Tan, S.Bhaskar, SH Gan. Reliability and Validity of Malaysian Language Translated Version of Migraine Disability Assessment (MIDAS) Questionnaire Late Breaking Abstracts of the 2013 International Headache Congress. *Cephalalgia* 33(11). 970-971. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- H Iftikhar, I Ahmad, SH Gan, **MM Shaik**, N Iftikhar, MS Nawaz, MA Kamal. Quinoline derivatives: candidate drugs for a class B G-protein coupled receptor, the Calcitonin gene related peptide receptor, a cause of migraines. *CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets*, 2014. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- **Shaik MM**, Gan SH. Rapid resolution liquid chromatography method development and validation for the simultaneous determination of homocysteine, vitamin B₆, B₉ and B₁₂ in human serum. *Indian Journal of Pharmacology*. April 2013, 2013, 45(2), 159-167. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- R Basri, **MM Shaik**, MK Alam, MBA Mondol, QD Mohammad, SH Gan. Waist to hip ratio, waist to height ratio and body mass index predict stroke risk in a Bangladeshi population. *International Medical Journal*, 12/2013; 20(6):740-743. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)
- **Shaik MM**, Loo KW, Gan SH. Burden of stroke in Nepal. *International Journal of Stroke*, 2012, 7(6):517-20 [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)

Pharmacoepigenomics of Migraine

- Over the years, many pathological theories related to migraine were published
- However, Migraine is not understood completely in view of Treatment
- Various factors, such as *alcohol, smoking, nutrition, stress, environmental changes, exercises and menstrual cycles in women*, have been reported to play a role in causing migraines

Why?

However, the Question is



Why certain precipitator cause migraine in some patients but not others?

This is still UNKNOWN

Genetics

- But there is a role of genetic vulnerability in selective physiological alterations.
- This provides an opportunity to <u>investigate the genetic basis</u> of migraines based on previously published pathological theories of migraines due to migraine's heritable nature.

Genetics

Based on Cortical Spreading Depression and other theories

Vascular Genes (Related to blood vessels)

Based on Hormonal affect on Migraine

Hormonal Genes (Related to Estrogen)



Vascular Genes

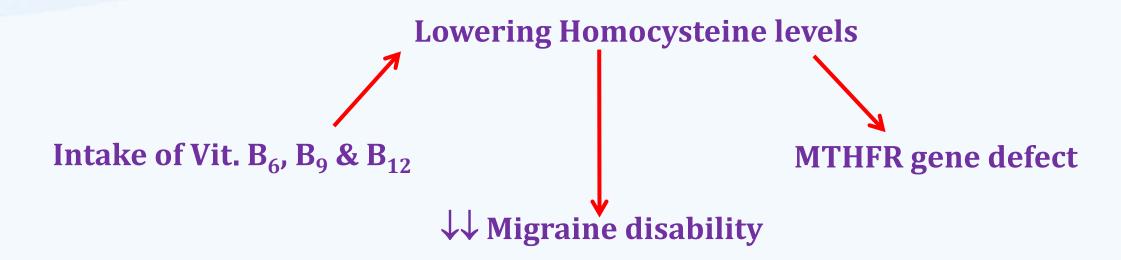
Homocysteine \longrightarrow Highly reactive amino acid Higher levels of Homocysteine **Endothelial cell injury** (Research done in animals and cell lines) $\rightarrow \downarrow \downarrow$ Vit. B₆, B₉ & B₁₂ (For methylation & Conjugation of HCY) **↑↑ Nitric Oxide** Diet **MTHFR Enzyme** (Methylene tetrahydro folate reductase)

Migraine

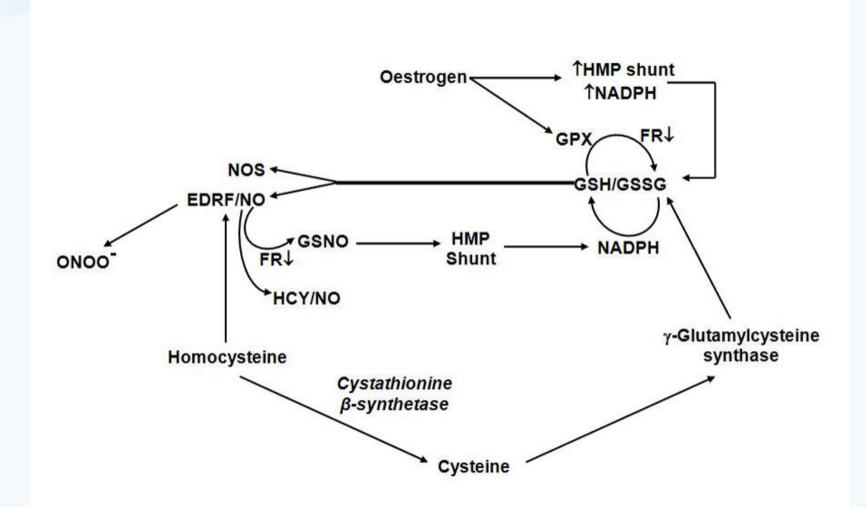
- **✓** Higher levels of Homocysteine
- ✓ Low levels of Vitamin B_6 , B_9 and B_{12}
- ✓ MTHFR gene defect



Vitamins B for Migraine?



Estrogen & Homocysteine



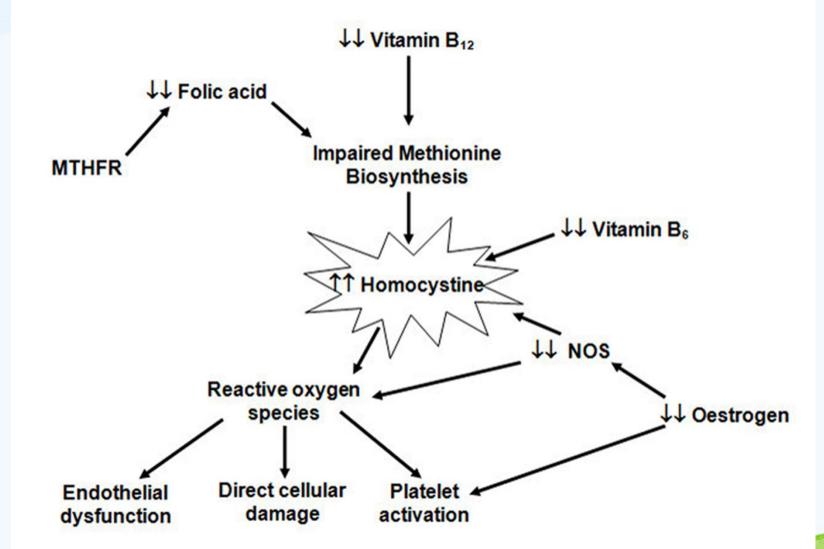
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MM Shaik, HL Tan, SH Gan. Do folate, vitamins B₆ and B₁₂ play a role in the pathogenesis of migraine?: the role of pharmacoepigenomics. *CNS & Neurological Disorders Drug Targets*, 2014;13(5):828-35. [ISI Indexed] (Available in Pubmed)

Estrogen & Vitamins

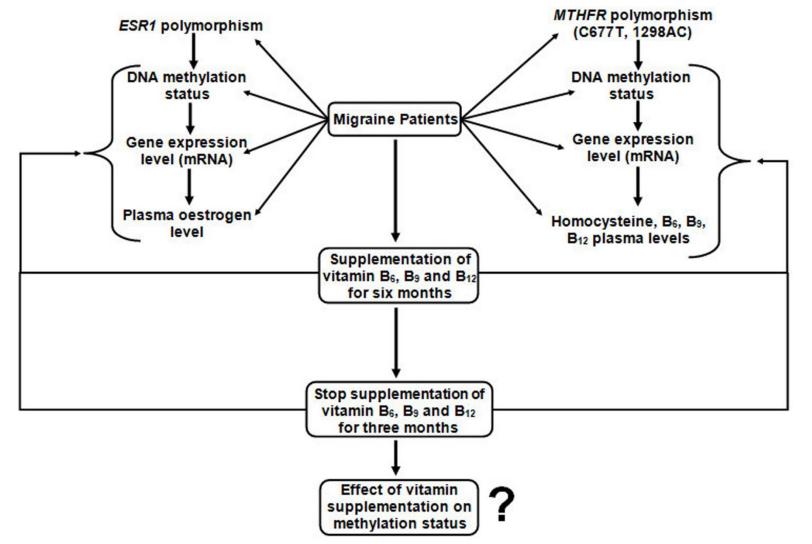
- Vitamin $B_6 \rightarrow$ decrease the biological activities of oestrogen.
- Vitamins B_6 , B_{12} and folate are key cofactors of the enzymes implicated in oestrogen conjugation and methylation.
- Therefore, diminished concentrations of B vitamins can upset oestrogen detoxification and cause higher levels of circulating oestrogen

Estrogen & Homocysteine



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Estrogen & Homocysteine



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Hypothesis

- The role of epigenetics in migraine is a new, unexplored field that has pharmacological implications.
- The proposed study of vitamin supplements aims to examine the reduction of homocysteine levels associated with the MTHFR C677T polymorphism in migraine patients.
- It would also be interesting to study the DNA methylation profiles of the promoter regions of candidate genes in migraine patients to better explain migraine occurrence.

SIGNATURE



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