2003

Graduate Catalog 2003-04

Worcester Polytechnic Institute
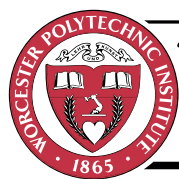
WPI

The University of
Science and Technology.
And Life.sm

Graduate Studies

Graduate Catalog

2003–2004

Worcester Polytechnic Institute

INFORMATION SESSIONS

To discuss graduate opportunities at WPI in greater detail or to request application or registration materials, please contact the following at WPI:

Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office

100 Institute Road
Worcester, MA 01609
508-831-5301 (V)
508-831-5717 (F)
gse@wpi.edu (E)

Waltham Campus
Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office

60 Hickory Drive
Waltham, MA 02451-1012
800-WPI-9717 (V)
781-466-8499 (F)
part-timegrad@wpi.edu (E)

http://www.wpi.edu./+GAO

Courses in the following disciplines are available at these WPI locations this year.

Worcester:
All programs

MetroWest:
Computer Science,
Electrical and Computer Engineering

Waltham:
Computer Science
Electrical and Computer Engineering
Management

Worcester
100 Institute Road
All Programs

Wednesday, May 7, 2003
Campus Center, 6 p.m.

Wednesday, August 27, 2003
Higgins House, 6 p.m.

Wednesday, September 24, 2003*
Campus Center, 6 p.m.

Wednesday, January 7, 2004
Campus Center, 6 p.m.

Wednesday, March 18, 2004*
Campus Center, 6 p.m.

Wednesday, May 12, 2004
Campus Center, 6 p.m.

*Management only

Waltham
60 Hickory Drive
Computer Science,
Electrical and Computer Engineering, and
Management Programs

Thursday, May 8, 2003
Room 501, 6 p.m.

Thursday, August 28, 2003
Room 501, 6 p.m.

Thursday, January 8, 2004
Room 501, 6 p.m.

Thursday, May 13, 2004
Room 501, 6 p.m.

MetroWest
225 Turnpike Road, Southborough
Computer Science,
Electrical and Computer Engineering Programs

Tuesday, May 6, 2003
Room 207, 6 p.m.

Tuesday, August 26, 2003
Room 207, 6 p.m.

Tuesday, January 6, 2004
Room 207, 6 p.m.

Tuesday, May 11, 2004
Room 207, 6 p.m.

To ensure that a representative is available to speak with you, you must register for the information session and specify the areas of study in which you are interested—call 800-WPI-9717, or fill out the online registration form to reserve your space.

Welcome to WPI

WPI is a doctoral university offering graduate education and research opportunities in engineering, management and science. Founded in 1865 as an undergraduate school, WPI has become a leader in graduate research and education, awarding its first graduate degree in 1893. As the third oldest private technological university in the United States, WPI has much to offer by way of scholarship, history and community leadership. The faculty and student body comprise some of the world's brightest and most talented individuals, who bring diversity and excitement to the learning process.

With approximately 1,000 graduate students, WPI can offer individual attention in its classrooms and laboratories; students and faculty have opportunities to work collaboratively and interactively. Through its commitment to provide diverse and global opportunities, WPI provides students with unique opportunities to study with renowned educators, utilize state-of-the-art laboratories, and create new knowledge and tools that will become part of the future.

For those who endeavor to pursue a life of scholarship in academia and whose credentials are at the highest levels, WPI offers teaching assistantships, research assistantships and many fully funded fellowships, which are provided through endowed funds of our founders, alumni, corporations and community philanthropists. Our master's programs focus on working professionals who want to advance their academic careers in technical or management fields. And our doctoral programs focus on research at the frontiers of knowledge, and training for teaching and research.

Flexibility and convenience are fundamental components of our programs. Students have the option to design independent and interdisciplinary programs of study, on a full- or part-time basis. For full-time working professionals, graduate certificate and masters degree programs are available during twilight and evening hours at one of three conveniently located campuses in the heart of New England or in eastern Massachusetts: in Worcester, Southborough and Waltham. Finally, through our Advanced Distance Learning Network (ADLN), many courses are available in the virtual environment, either via videotapes, satellite or the Web, providing the maximum in convenience.

WPI takes pride in offering first-rate graduate and research programs. I invite you to read this catalog, talk with our admissions staff and faculty, and visit our campuses. I am confident that you will find WPI to be a university at which you will have every opportunity to achieve your goals for advanced study and career development.

Sincerely,

Dr. Edward Alton Parrish
President, Worcester Polytechnic Institute

About the University and the Community

Graduate Study at WPI

WPI, the nation's third oldest technological university, was also among the first to recognize the need to provide engineering, technical and management professionals with graduate-level educational opportunities on a part- and full-time basis.

Opportunities for graduate study at the University range from formal graduate degree programs, to graduate certificates, to advanced study for nondegree students, to off-campus study through WPI's Advanced Distance Learning Network, which brings graduate education to the workplace or home. Part-time graduate students at WPI benefit from the same personalized faculty advising as our full-time students.

WPI addresses the requirements of full-time students, technically oriented professionals and secondary school educators with a wide range of advanced courses and programs with flexibility, quality and optimal accessibility. For added convenience, many programs are offered at one or more of our three campuses in central and eastern Massachusetts or through our Advance Distance Learning Network.

The University

WPI was founded in 1865 as the Worcester County Free Institute of Industrial Science, primarily through the efforts of John Boynton, a prosperous tinware manufacturer from the nearby town of Templeton, Massachusetts. It was the merger of Boynton's vision with that of Ichabod Washburn, the community's leading industrialist, that resulted in what was then a unique educational program, one that combined scientific and technical studies with practical work in a model industrial shop.

WPI awarded its first master of science degree, in electrical engineering, in 1893. Its first doctoral degree, in natural science, was granted in 1904. New programs have been added regularly in response to the growing capabilities of the University and the changing needs of the professions.

Currently, WPI offers master's degree programs in 30 disciplines and doctoral programs in 23 disciplines.

More than 40 years ago, responding to the demanding work schedules of professionals, WPI developed the first of what is today an extensive array of part-time graduate programs. Each is designed to accommodate the professional development needs of those with significant career and family commitments.

The current student body of 3,800 includes more than 400 full-time and more than 600 part-time and nondegree graduate students. They are taught by about 220 tenure-track and 215 part-time and non-tenure-track faculty members.

Locations

WPI's main campus is set on an 80-acre hilltop campus situated in a residential section of Worcester, Massachusetts, New England's third largest city. The University also maintains branch campuses in Waltham, a suburb of Boston, and Southborough, located about 20 miles west of Boston. The three campuses are within a region known for its concentration of high-technology, healthcare, biotechnology and biomedical engineering research and industry.

Worcester, a city of 170,000, is well known for its many colleges and for such cultural landmarks as the Worcester Art Museum, which houses one of the finest collections in the country, and the world-renowned American Antiquarian Society, both of which are adjacent to WPI. Also nearby are the historic Higgins Armory Museum and the Ecotarium, a museum dedicated to environmental exploration.

Music is well represented by several excellent choruses, a symphony orchestra and concerts performed by internationally recognized artists in Mechanics Hall, one of the country's finest concert halls. The city is also home to several professional and amateur theater companies. The 15,500-seat Worcester Centrum Centre hosts a wide variety of entertainment and athletic events.

In the heart of New England, the city is within an easy drive of many historical sites, cultural centers and recreational facilities. These include Boston's Freedom Trail, Fenway Park, the beaches of Cape Cod and Maine, the ski slopes of New Hampshire and Vermont, the Berkshires, and several major metropolitan areas featuring world-class museums, concert halls and professional sports teams.

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GRADUATE CALENDAR

2003–2004

Season	Month	S	M	T	W	R	F	S	Month	S	M	T	W	R	F	S	
		27	28	29	30	31	1	2	**FEB**	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
		3	4	5	6	7	8	9		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
	AUG	10	11	12	13	14	15	16		22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
		17	18	19	20	21	22	23		29	1	2	3	4	5	6	
		24	25	26	27	28	29	30		7	8	9	10	11	12	13	**SPRING**
SEPTEMBER 1 **LABOR DAY**		31	1	2	3	4	5	6	**MAR**	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
		7	8	9	10	11	12	13		21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
	SEPT	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		28	29	30	31	1	2	3	
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
		28	29	30	1	2	3	4	**APR**	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
		5	6	7	8	9	10	11		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	OCT	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		25	26	27	28	29	30	1	
FALL		19	20	21	22	23	24	25		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
		26	27	28	29	30	31	1	**MAY**	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8		16	17	18	19	20	21	**22**	Graduation
	NOV	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	
		16	17	18	19	20	21	22		30	31	1	2	3	4	5	**MAY 31** **MEMORIAL DAY**
NOVEMBER 27 **THANKSGIVING**		23	24	25	26	27	28	29		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
		30	1	2	3	4	5	6	**JUNE**	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
	DEC	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		20	21	22	23	24	25	26	**SUMMER**
		14	15	16	17	18	19	20		27	28	29	30	1	2	3	
		21	22	23	24	25	26	27		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	**JULY 5** **INDEPENDENCE DAY (OBSERVED)**
		28	29	30	31	1	2	3	**JULY**	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	
		4	5	6	7	8	9	10		18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
	JAN	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		25	26	27	28	29	30	31	
		18	19	20	21	22	23	24		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
		25	26	27	28	29	30	31		8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
	FEB	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	**AUG**	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	

4/30/02

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2003–2004

The graduate academic calendar is divided into fall, spring and summer semesters. The undergraduate academic calendar is divided into seven-week terms: the fall semester terms, A and B; the spring semester terms, C and D. Term E is the summer semester. Details of the WPI academic calendar, including dates on which graduate classes begin and end for each semester, appear below.

2003

August 15
Teaching assistants report to campus

August 18, 19, 20
Graduate student orientation

August 28, 29, September 2
Walk-in registration for fall semester courses

August 28
First day of classes, Term A
(undergraduates)

September 2
Fall semester graduate classes begin

October 16
Last day of classes, Term A
(undergraduates)

October 28
First day of classes, Term B
(undergraduates)

October 31
Deadline for filing application for graduation for February 2004

November 25–30
Thanksgiving recess

December 18
Term B classes end
(undergraduates)

December 19
Fall semester ends

2004

January 15, 16 and 19
Walk-in registration for spring semester courses

January 15
First day of classes, Term C
(undergraduates)

January 19
Spring semester graduate classes begin

February 16
Deadline for filing application for graduation for May 2004

March 4
Last day of classes, Term C
(undergraduates)

March 16
First day of classes, Term D

April 30
Spring semester graduate classes end

May 4
Last day of classes, Term D
(undergraduates)

May 22
Spring 2004 commencement

June 1–3 (tentative)
Walk-in Registration for summer session classes

June 3 (tentative)
Summer session classes begin

June 7
Deadline for filing application for graduation for October 2004

July 23 (tentative)
Last day of classes, graduate summer short (7-week) courses

August 13 (tentative)
Last day of classes, graduate summer long (10-week) courses

Graduate Degree Programs

WPI offers graduate study leading to the master of science, master of engineering, master of mathematics for educators, master of business administration, and the doctor of philosophy degrees. Please see chart on page 11 for details.

The number of courses offered each year may be limited in some disciplines; however, the schedule of courses over a period of time generally allows a student taking three or four courses per semester to complete the course requirements in about two years. Students taking two courses per semester complete the course requirements for the master of science or engineering degrees in about three years, or the master of business administration degree in about four years.

Questions relating to these programs should be referred to the discipline department heads or the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office.

Master of Science (M.S.) Degree Programs

Available, on a full-time and part-time basis, in the following disciplines:
- Applied Mathematics
- Applied Statistics
- Biomedical Engineering
- Chemical Engineering
- Chemistry and Biochemistry
- Civil and Environmental Engineering
- Computer Science
- Construction Project Management
- Electrical and Computer Engineering
- Financial Mathematics
- Fire Protection Engineering
- Industrial Mathematics
- Interdisciplinary Studies
- Marketing and Technological Innovations
- Manufacturing Engineering
- Materials Science and Engineering
- Mathematical Sciences
- Mechanical Engineering
- Operations and Information Technology
- Physics

Master's Programs

Available only on a full-time basis in:
- Biology/Biotechnology
- Chemical Engineering

Master of Engineering (M.E.) Programs

Offered in:
- Biomedical Engineering
- Civil and Environmental Engineering

Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) Program

Provides students with strategies for the successful application of technology to complex business environments. The degree requirements are described in this catalog and in a separate brochure available from the Department of Management at 508-831-5218.

Master of Mathematics for Educators (M.M.E.) Program

In response to the national need to prepare junior and senior high school students with imaginative mathematics teaching, WPI offers a specific part-time graduate program, the master of mathematics for educators, for teachers of mathematics. This program allows junior high, high school and community college teachers an opportunity to obtain a master's degree in a content-based program at a time convenient to practicing teachers. Taught by professors of mathematics at WPI, the program is designed to permit the teachers to learn from professors' research interests and includes an understanding of current developments in the field. Scholarship aid, which covers approximately 40% of the cost of tuition, is available to qualified participants.

Interdisciplinary Master of Science (M.S.) Programs

An interdisciplinary master of science degree is available to qualified applicants. New fields of research and study that combine traditional fields in innovative ways are constantly evolving. Because of this, WPI encourages the formation of interdisciplinary master's programs to meet new professional needs or the special interests of particular students.

Interdisciplinary master's programs may include a thesis or project requirement and require at least 30 credits beyond the bachelor's degree. Proposals for such programs are initiated by groups of at least two faculty members from different academic departments who share a common interest in a cross-disciplinary field and are submitted to the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research (CGSR). At least one member of the group submitting the proposal must be from a department or program currently authorized to award the master's degree, and no more than half of the total academic credit may be taken in any one department

Application requirements include a graduate studies application, $70 application fee, official academic transcripts from all post-secondary institutions, three letters of reference, and a plan of study signed by advisors from the cooperating departments. All documents are to be sent to the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office.

The Doctor of Philosophy (Ph.D.) Program

Available in biomedical science, mathematical sciences and all of the disciplines outlined previously except management programs, mathematics for educators, financial mathematics and industrial mathematics.

Interdisciplinary Doctoral Programs

New fields of research and study that combine traditional fields in innovative ways are constantly evolving. In response to this, WPI encourages formation of interdisciplinary doctoral programs to meet new professional needs or the special interests of particular students. Such programs are initiated by groups of at least three full-time faculty members who share a common interest in a cross-disciplinary field. A sponsoring group submits to the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research (CGSR) a proposal for an interdisciplinary degree, together with the details of a program of study and the credentials of the members of the group. At least one member of the group must be from a department or program currently authorized toward the doctorate.

If the CGSR approves the proposal, the sponsoring group serves in place of a department in establishing specific degree requirements beyond those of the Institute, in advising, in preparing and conducting examinations, and in certifying fulfillment of degree requirements.

WPI and the University of Massachusetts Medical School have developed a graduate biomedical engineering program, jointly administered by the two institutions.

Graduate and Advanced Certificate Programs

Keeping pace with technological advancement today is a never-ending task. At WPI, our innovative graduate level certificate programs are strategically established to help update a professional person's understanding of advancing technology with insights and the study of new concepts, without necessitating a major commitment of time and resources.

WPI offers two certificate program options for individuals wishing to pursue graduate course studies—the Graduate Certificate and the Advanced Certificate. Each offers the benefit of academic advising by WPI faculty, without the necessity to commit to a full degree program. Upon completion of the appropriate course series, the student is awarded the applicable certificate in the area of specialization (e.g., Certificate of Graduate Study in Management with a specialization in Information Technology). Course credits may be applied to a WPI graduate degree, if the student is admitted to a degree program at a later date.

Graduate Certificate Programs

The Graduate Certificate Programs (GCP) provide an opportunity for students holding undergraduate degrees to continue their study in an advanced area. A B.S. or B.A. degree is the general prerequisite. However, some departments look for related background when making admission decisions. This program requires students to complete four to six thematically related courses in their area of interest. Each student's program of study must be approved by the Academic Advisor.

Biomedical Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in engineering or science preferred.)
- Medical Instrumentation and Devices

Civil and Environmental Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in civil engineering or another acceptable field preferred.)
- Construction Project Management
- Environmental Engineering
- Master Builder
- Materials/Transportation
- Structural Engineering
- Geotechnical Engineering

Computer Science
(Undergraduate degree in computer science or computer engineering preferred; students with other backgrounds may need to take CS 507 or CS 501 as bridge courses into the program.)
- Artificial Intelligence
- Computer and Communications Networks
- Computer Systems
- Database Design
- Graphics/Image Processing/Visualization
- Programming Languages
- Software Engineering and Interface Design

Electrical and Computer Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in electrical or computer engineering preferred.)
- Computational Fields
- Computer Systems
- Computer and Communications Networks

Fire Protection Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in science or engineering preferred.)
- Computer Modeling
- Industrial Applications
- Failure Analysis/Investigation
- Performance-based design
- Other mutually agreed theme

Mathematical Sciences
(Knowledge of differential equations equivalent to that provided by an introductory college course required for the Industrial Mathematics Certificate Program; knowledge of statistics equivalent to that provided by an introductory college statistics course required for the Industrial Statistics Certificate Program.)
- Industrial Mathematics
- Industrial Statistics

Management
(Undergraduate degree in science, engineering or management preferred; individuals holding bachelor's degree in other disciplines with relevant work experience also considered.)
- E-Commerce
- Management Information Security
- Information Technology
- Management of Technology
- Customized Certificate of Management

Manufacturing Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in engineering, mathematics or computer science preferred.)

Materials Science and Engineering
(Undergraduate degree in engineering, chemistry, physics or mathematics preferred.)

Additional concentrations may be developed in consultation with an academic advisor.

Advanced Certificate Programs

The Advanced Certificate Programs (ACP) provide master's degree holders with an opportunity to continue their studies in advanced topics in the disciplines in which they hold their graduate degree or that are closely related to their master's degree fields. The programs consist of a set of five courses—none of which were included in the student's formal master's program of study. The courses may include either a depth or a breadth option. Each participating department identifies one or more guideline programs; however, each student's program of study may be customized to satisfy the student's unique interests. The program of study is reviewed and approved by an academic advisor who is assigned upon the student's acceptance to the program.

Individuals may also apply for program admission to department programs closely related to their master's degree fields. Each department's Graduate Committee will review such applications on a case-by-case basis to determine the applicant's eligibility. Individuals applying under this scenario would follow the same admission procedures as individuals applying who do not hold a WPI master's degree. Advanced certificates, with just a few areas of possible specialization listed, are available in:

Civil and Environmental Engineering
- Waste Minimization and Management
- Building Regulatory Integration in Construction Management
- Computer Based Support Systems for Construction Management

Computer Science
- Advanced Computer Systems
- Advanced Computer Science
- Artificial Intelligence Data and Knowledge
- Data and Knowledge Based Systems
- Compilers and Languages
- Image Science

Electrical and Computer Engineering
• Computational Fields
• Computer and Communications Networks
• Advanced Computer Systems

Fire Protection Engineering
• Computer Modeling
• Industrial Applications
• Failure Analysis/Investigation
• Performance-based design
• Other mutually agreed theme

Mechanical Engineering
• Computational Mechanics
• Fluid Mechanics
• Stress Analysis
• Vibrations and Controls
• Manufacturing Engineering
• Materials Science and Engineering

Additional specializations may be developed in consultation with an academic advisor.

General Information

Application Process
The application to these programs requires submitting to the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office an official application form, official copies of transcripts for all college course work completed, and a $70 application fee (waived for WPI alumni). Management certificate applicants must also submit three letters of recommendation and GMAT/GRE scores. International students may apply to these programs. However, for WPI to issue the Form I-20 for a student visa, international students must be registered for a minimum of 9 credits during their first semester and must complete their program within one academic year.

Registration Procedures
Graduate and Advanced Certificate Program students register at the same time, follow the same registration procedures and participate in the same classes.

Tuition and Fees
Tuition and fees for GCP and ACP students are the same as for all other WPI graduate students on a per-credit-hour basis. Tuition for 2003-2004 Academic Year is $858 per credit hour.

Academic Policies
Academic policies follow the same guidelines as those established for degree-seeking graduate students, with the following exception: if after completing 9 credits, a certificate program student's grade point average falls below 2.5, he/she will be withdrawn from the program unless the academic department intervenes.

Program Planning
Students will be assigned faculty advisors and will be required to complete a plan of study. The plan of study must be approved and signed by the Academic Advisor before the end of the student's first semester in the program. Copies of the plan will be maintained by the student, the Academic Advisor and the department. Students may initiate written requests to the advisor, via the program modification form, to modify the program of study. Copies of approved program modification(s) should be retained by the student, the Academic Advisor and the department.

Completion Time Limit
Certificate program students will have four years from the date of matriculation to complete the program. International students may apply to these programs. However, for WPI to issue the required student visa, international students must be registered for a minimum of 9 credits during their first semester and must complete their program within one academic year.

Transfer of Credits
Up to 6 credits of course work taken at WPI may be transferred into the program. Students who wish to apply credits earned in the GCP or the ACP to a subsequent master's or Ph.D. program at WPI must make formal application to the degree-granting department. Admission to the GCP or ACP does not guarantee admission to any subsequent WPI degree-granting program.

Program Completion
Satisfactory completion requires a cumulative grade point average of 3.0 or better (A=4.0), with grades of C or better in all courses completed in the program. Upon satisfactory completion of the program, students will receive a certificate of graduate study or advanced graduate study in the chosen discipline. Should students later apply to the M.S. degree or Ph.D. program and be accepted, the GCP and ACP courses will be considered for transfer toward the degree requirements.

Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program
The Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program is a unitary program leading a student to a bachelor of science degree and to a master of business administration, master of engineering, or master of science degree. The purpose of the Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program is to give WPI undergraduates an opportunity to earn a bachelor's and a master's degree from WPI concurrently in less time than would be required if the student were to complete work on the bachelor's degree before beginning work on the master's degree. To gain the full benefit of this program, a student should apply for the Combined Program well before the bachelor's degree is completed. **Application at the beginning of the junior year is recommended.**

For the master of science and master of engineering degrees, the Combined Program typically allows a student to complete requirements for both degrees in about one more year of full-time study than would be required to earn the bachelor's degree. With careful planning, a student can obtain a similar reduction in the amount of time required to earn an M.B.A. Undergraduate students may apply up to four courses to the master's degree, with prior written approval from professors and the academic department. The M.S. portion of the program must be completed as a full-time student.

Advanced Study for Nondegree Students
For those who do not want to commit themselves to a degree program but who wish to enroll in a single course or a limited number of courses in a specialized field, WPI provides the opportunity to participate in graduate level courses on an ad hoc basis. When registering for courses as a nondegree student, grading may be either conventional (A,B,C) or Pass/Fail. Pass/Fail grading must be elected at the time of registration, and courses taken on the Pass/Fail basis are not transferable to any master's degree program. The maximum number of courses that may be taken as a nondegree student is four, with the following exceptions: three-course

maximum in biomedical engineering, computer science, and electrical and computer engineering; two-course maximum in Management.

Intercollege Studies and the Consortium

The Colleges of Worcester Consortium was established in 1967. In the Consortium, 20,000 students of eight four-year colleges with graduate programs, two two-year schools, a medical school and a veterinary school have access to all the educational benefits of these institutions as well as nine other specialized institutions in the area. The Consortium members and associates whose facilities and programs have been particularly useful to WPI graduate students are Assumption College, Clark University, College of the Holy Cross, Tufts School of Veterinary Medicine, University of Massachusetts Medical School, Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research and Worcester State College. Cross-registration in courses and the use of special laboratory facilities are encouraged. The Consortium operates a free bus service for transporting students between the colleges. Schedule for services can be found in the Gordon Library.

Continuing and Professional Education at WPI

Through the Department of Continuing and Professional Education, WPI delivers over 300 noncredit, nondegree programs annually to executives, managers and technical professionals. More than 70,000 men and women have attended these programs during the past 24 years. Today's programs focus on areas of critical importance to business and industry: hands-on information technology training programs, seminars and workshops in such areas as manufacturing, quality improvement, geometric dimensioning and tolerancing, project management and management development; and customized corporate training programs.

Adult learners can enroll in just a single program or participate in a professional development certificate program in any of the areas listed above.

WPI's continuing and professional education programs are delivered on the Worcester campus and at branch campuses in Waltham and Southborough, Massachusetts; at selected public facilities throughout Massachusetts; and at corporate sites. Branch campuses are open over 70 hours a week. These campuses provide full-service facilities including state-of-the-art computer labs with T-1 Internet access.

To learn more about WPI's continuing and professional education, visit www.ce.wpi.edu or call 508-831-5517.

School of Industrial Management (SIM)

The connection between technology and business management has never been more powerful than it is today. Technological advances have changed the very nature of business by creating and eliminating markets, altering communication patterns and setting new rules about the flow of information.

SIM has the unique ability to combine technology-based courses with management courses to offer customized certificate programs for industry. Drawing from more than 50 years of experience, SIM offers challenging, technology-oriented business programs that give its graduates a distinct edge in the high-tech management marketplace.

SIM professors are experts in all aspects of technology management: running high-tech firms; converting technological innovations into commercial products, services and organizations; and integrating technology into existing organizations.

The school of industrial management, designed for students who are sponsored by their employers, offers a four-year curriculum that leads to a certificate of completion and advanced certificate option.

Call 508-831-5208 for more information.

Grading System/ Academic Standards

Grading System

In order to assess progress throughout the graduate program, grades are assigned to the student's performance in course, project and thesis work. Academic achievement is based on the following grading system:

A	Excellent
B	Good
C	Pass
D	Unacceptable for graduate credit
F	Fail
AU	Audit
NC	No credit (only for thesis work); will not be recorded on transcript
P	Pass; unacceptable for graduate credit
I	Incomplete; transition grade only; becomes grade of F if not changed by instructor within 12 months
W	Withdrawal
SP	Satisfactory progress; continuing registration in thesis/dissertation/directed research
CR	Credit for work at another institution
UP	Unsatisfactory progress; this grade remains on the file transcript

Academic Standards

Students must maintain high academic standards in all their program activities. After completion of 12 credit hours, all students must maintain an overall grade point average (GPA) above 2.75 to be considered as making satisfactory progress.

If a student's overall GPA falls to 2.75 or below, the student and advisor are notified by the Registrar that the student is not making satisfactory progress.

If the overall GPA of any student falls below 2.65, the Registrar will inform the student that all future registrations will be given grades only on a pass/fail basis unless the department Graduate Committee intervenes.

If the overall GPA of any student falls below 2.5, the student is removed from the program unless the department Graduate Committee intervenes.

Grade Point Average (GPA)

Grades are assigned the following grade points:
A = 4.0, B = 3.0, C = 2.0, D = 1.0 and F = 0.0. The grade point average is calculated as the sum of the products of the grade points and credit hours for each registered activity (including courses, independent studies, directed research, thesis research

and dissertation research) in the average, divided by the total number of credit hours for all registered activities in the average. If a student takes the same course more than once, the course enters the GPA only once, the most recent grade received for the course being used in the average.

A student's overall GPA is calculated on the basis of all registered activities taken while enrolled as a graduate student at WPI. WPI graduate courses taken before a student had status as a degree-seeking graduate student are included in the overall GPA. A student's program GPA is calculated on the basis of those WPI courses listed by the student on the student's Application for Graduation form. The transcript will report the overall GPA.

Courses transferred from elsewhere for graduate credit (for which a grade of CR is recorded on the WPI transcript), and courses taken to satisfy undergraduate degree requirements or to remove deficiencies in undergraduate preparation, are not included in either GPA. Registered activities in which the student receives grades of AU, NC, P, I, W, SP or UP are not included in either GPA.

Only registered activities in which a grade of A, B, C or CR was obtained may be used to satisfy courses or credit requirements for a graduate degree.

Changing of Grades

Once a course is completed, a student wishing to change a grade to a withdrawal, change an audit to a grade or change a grade to an audit must petition the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research (CGSR) to effect the change. The petition must include the instructor's approval. Only under exceptional circumstances will such requests be approved.

Advising/Plan of Study

Newly admitted students will be advised of available courses that will be acceptable to their program of study prior to registration, to encourage and facilitate preregistration.

Newly admitted full-time graduate students will be assigned an academic advisor at the time they are accepted and pay a tuition deposit. Part-time graduate students will be assigned an advisor at the time of their admission to degree-seeking status.

An Advisor of Record for M.S. thesis or Ph.D. dissertation research must:
- be a tenured/tenure-track WPI faculty member and hold a dual or collaborative appointment in the degree-granting department,

  or
- be a Professor of Practice with an appointment in the degree-granting department.

In some cases, the Advisor of Record and the Thesis Advisor will be different people. In these cases, a Thesis Advisor or Dissertation Advisor not from the department granting the graduate degree MUST BE APPROVED BY A MAJORITY OF THE FULL-TIME TENURED AND TENURE-TRACK DEPARTMENT FACULTY.

After consultation with and approval by the advisor, each admitted student must file a formal plan of study with the department within the first semester if full-time, and within the first year if part-time. Program changes are implemented by advisor and student. Copies of the revised plan of study will be maintained in department files.

Three years after the initial filing of the plan of study and in three-year intervals thereafter, a revised plan of study must be filed with the Registrar's Office prior to registration for additional academic credit. The plan of study must reflect all current courses that will be applicable towards the student's degree. Courses that are no longer current must be removed from the plan of study. The department will determine which courses are current.

Index of Graduate Programs by Program Type

Master of Business Administration
Master of Engineering
Master of Mathematics for Educators

Master of Science
Ph.D. (Doctor of Philosophy)
Combined Bachelor's / Master's Program

Graduate Certificate
Advanced Graduate Certificate
Professional Master of Science

Index of Graduate Programs by Department

Biology and Biotechnology

Master of Science in Biology/Biotechnology
Ph.D. in Biotechnology

Biomedical Engineering

Master of Science in Biomedical Engineering
Master of Engineering in Biomedical Engineering
Master of Engineering in Clinical Engineering
Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering
WPI/UMMS Joint Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering
    and Medical Physics
Graduate Certificate

Biomedical Science

Ph.D. in Biomedical Sciences

Chemical Engineering

Master of Science in Chemical Engineering
Ph.D. in Chemical Engineering

Chemistry and Biochemistry

Master of Science in Chemistry
Master of Science in Biochemistry
Ph.D. in Chemistry

Civil and Environmental Engineering

Master of Science in Civil Engineering
Master of Science in Environmental Engineering
Master of Science in Construction Project Management
Master of Engineering in Civil Engineering
Ph.D. in Civil Engineering
Graduate Certificate
Advanced Certificate

Computer Science

Master of Science in Computer Science
Master of Science in Computer Science
    Specializing in Computer and Communications Networks
    (CCN)
Ph.D. in Computer Science
Graduate Certificate
Advanced Certificate

Electrical and Computer Engineering

Master of Science in Electrical Engineering
Master of Science in Electrical Engineering
    Specializing in Computer and Communications Networks
    (CCN)
Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering
Graduate Certificate
Advanced Certificate

Fire Protection Engineering

Master of Science in Fire Protection Engineering
Ph.D. in Fire Protection Engineering
Graduate Certificate
Advanced Certificate

Interdisciplinary Studies

Master of Science, Interdisciplinary Studies
    Impact Engineering
    Manufacturing Engineering Management
    Power Systems Management
Ph.D., Interdisciplinary Studies

Management

Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.)
Master of Science in Marketing and Technological Innovation
Master of Science in Operations and Information Technology
Graduate Certificate

Manufacturing Engineering

Master of Science in Manufacturing Engineering
Ph.D. in Manufacturing Engineering
Graduate Certificate

Materials Science and Engineering

Master of Science in Materials Science and Engineering
Ph.D. in Materials Science and Engineering
Graduate Certificate

Mathematical Sciences

Master of Mathematics for Educators
Master of Science in Applied Mathematics
Master of Science in Applied Statistics
Professional Master of Science in Financial Mathematics
Professional Master of Science in Industrial Mathematics
Ph.D. in Mathematical Sciences
Graduate Certificate

Mechanical Engineering

Master of Science in Mechanical Engineering
Ph.D. in Mechanical Engineering
Advanced Graduate Certificate

Physics

Master of Science in Physics
Ph.D. in Physics

Applying to WPI

A complete chart of application requirements for each program is on page 15. Please direct questions to Graduate Studies & Enrollment 508-831-5301 or gse@wpi.edu.

Requirements for admission include submission of the following:

- Application for admission to graduate study (preference given to fall applicants with complete files before February 1)
- Nonrefundable $70 application fee (waived for WPI alumni and current WPI undergraduates)
- Official college transcripts from all accredited degree-granting institutions attended
- Three letters of recommendation (and/or other references) from individuals who can comment on the qualifications relevant to the applicant's admission
- TOEFL (Test of English as a Foreign Language) scores must be submitted by all applicants for whom English is not the first language (waived for international students who have attended a U.S. school full time for one year). TOEFL scores are only valid for two years. Minimum score of 550 on the paper exam is required or 213 on the computer-based exam.
- Statement of purpose is required for individuals applying to biology and biotechnology, biomedical/clinical engineering, computer science, electrical and computer engineering (Ph.D. only), fire protection engineering (applicants without FPE work experience only), management, and mechanical engineering. This is a brief essay discussing back-ground, interests, academic intent and the reasons the applicant feels he/she would benefit from the program.
- GRE (Graduate Record Examination) and GMAT (Graduate Management Admissions Test) requirements:

    Biology and Biotechnology
    Biomedical Engineering
    Computer Science
    GRE General Test required (for all applicants to the Biology and Biotechnology Department)

    Chemistry and Biochemistry
    GRE general and/or subject test required

    Chemical Engineering
    Manufacturing Engineering
    Materials Science and Engineering
    GRE general test required for international applicants, recommended for others

    Electrical and Computer Engineering
    GRE general test required for international applicants and those applying for graduate fellowships

    Management
    GMAT required for M.B.A.; M.S. applicants may substitute GRE for GMAT

    Mechanical Engineering Physics
    GRE general test strongly recommended

    Civil and Environmental Engineering
    Fire Protection Engineering
    Mathematical Sciences
    GRE not required. Submission of strong scores can improve an applicant's success in competing for financial aid

- Goddard Fellowship applicants are required to submit GRE or GMAT scores.
- Incomplete applications are retained in the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office for one year.
- To apply to WPI, write to the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office, WPI, 100 Institute Road, Worcester, MA 01609-2280, call 508-831-5301 or e-mail gse@wpi.edu. You may also apply on-line through our Web site at www.wpi.edu.
- Applications for WPI's graduate science and engineering programs may be requested from the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office at 508-831-5301 or on-line at www.wpi.edu.
- Graduate management applications should be requested directly from the Management Department at 508-831-5218 or at wpigmp@wpi.edu.

- To learn more about admissions standards and policies, deadlines, fellowships, teaching assistantships and research assistantships, please contact the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office at 508-831-5301 or gse@wpi.edu.
- For information on loan programs and copies of the forms, contact WPI's Financial Aid Office at 508-831-5469.

Admission

Admission to the graduate program of any department is granted by that department via the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office. Admission to graduate interdisciplinary programs is granted by the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research.

Admission to a program generally entitles a student to work toward those degrees offered by the admitting program. A student who has not been admitted to a program may not earn a degree from that program.

Some programs, in admitting a student, determine the degree toward which the student may work. In such a case, an admitted student who wishes to work toward a different degree in the same program should consult the department head of the admitting program as to procedures to be followed and requirements. Typically, such cases involve students who have been admitted to a program leading to a master's degree and who wish to continue toward a doctorate.

An admitted student who wishes to work toward a second degree offered by a different department or program must apply to that second program for admission.

Standard application procedures are followed except that no application fee is required for a second degree. Admission to the second program is not automatic, and is determined by the faculty of the second program, based on customary admissions standards.

A minimum TOEFL score of 550 or 213 (computer-based exam) is required of students admitted from non-English-speaking countries. This requirement may be waived in special cases by the departmental Graduate Committee.

Under some circumstances a student not yet admitted to a program may earn graduate credit toward the requirements for a graduate degree. The fact that a student has been allowed to register for courses and earn graduate credit from a program does not guarantee that the student, at a later date, will be admitted to that program. Students are therefore encouraged to apply for admission to a program at the earliest possible date.

The procedure for applying as a part-time degree-seeking student is the same as that for a full-time student.

Deferred Enrollment

An admitted student who wishes to defer enrollment must make such a request in writing to the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office, which will seek counsel from the department involved.

Probational Admission

If an applicant's undergraduate record is below the usual standards for admission, but there are mitigating circumstances, admission on probation may be granted. Such admission usually means that the student's performance will be reviewed at a specified time and a decision will be made about continuation in the graduate program.

Conditional Admission

Under some circumstances (usually where the background of the student is considered to be incomplete by the department or program), conditional admission may be granted. Conditional admission indicates that the student will receive regular admission status only after overcoming the specific deficiencies as outlined in the conditional admission letter sent to these prospective students by the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office. The conditionally admitted student will be instructed in this letter as to specific course deficiencies, required minimum grades expected to be attained in these classes, time over which deficiencies are to be completed, etc. Progress of the conditionally admitted student will be monitored by the student's department/program of study. Please consult departmental descriptions for more details.

Transfers and Waivers

A student may petition for permission to use graduate courses taken at other institutions to satisfy WPI graduate degree requirements. A maximum of one-third of the credit requirements for a graduate

degree may be satisfied by courses taken elsewhere. Petitions are subject to approval by the student's degree-granting program (which administratively may be a department or a program), and are then filed with the Registrar. To ensure that work constitutes current practice in the field, the program may set a latest date at which each course may be applied toward the degree. Such courses are recorded on the student's WPI transcript with the grade CR, and are not included in calculations of grade point averages. Grades earned in Biomedical Consortium course work are recorded on the transcript as if the courses were taken on campus.

Applicants may file petitions with their application for admission to a WPI program. If the department admits the student and approves the petition, notice of the approval may be included in the Institute's letter of admission to the student. This inclusion is known as admission with advanced standing.

A student with one or more WPI master's degrees, who is seeking an additional master's degree from WPI, may petition to apply up to 9 credits used to obtain the previous WPI degrees toward satisfying requirements for the degree presently being sought.

A student who withdraws from a graduate program and is later readmitted may sometimes apply course and other credits taken before withdrawal toward the degree. The admitting program will determine at the time of readmission which courses taken by the student may be applied toward the degree and the latest date those courses may be applied. There is no limit, other than that imposed by the program, on how many credits a readmitted student may use from prior admissions to the same degree program. Generally, all courses used toward a degree must be completed within eight years.

With the appropriate background, a student may ask the degree-granting program for permission to waive a required course and substitute a specified, more advanced course in the same discipline. Requests are subject to approval by the student's program and must be filed with the Registrar within one year of the date of matriculation in the program. A program may waive (with specified substitutions) up to three required courses for a single student.

Acceptability of Credit Applicable to an Advanced Degree

Graduate level credit, obtained from courses, thesis and project work, may be gained for:

- Course work included in the approved plan of study completed at the graduate level at WPI.
- Any course work completed at the graduate level and successfully transferred to WPI from other institutions (see Transfers and Waivers). Grades of transferred credits are not added to the WPI transcript.
- Graduate course work completed at the undergraduate level at WPI and not applied toward another degree. Such requests must have the approval of the department.
- With the degree department's approval, up to 9 credit hours applied toward a previous master's degree at WPI or elsewhere may be used in partial fulfillment of the requirements for a second master's degree at WPI.
- Acceptable course work approved for the Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program completed at WPI, provided permission to take courses for graduate credit has been granted.
- All acceptable project work done at the graduate level at WPI.
- All acceptable thesis work done at the graduate level at WPI.

Departments/programs may limit the use of credit depending upon their specific departmental requirements.

Deadlines

Research and teaching assistantships are typically awarded by April 1 for the fall semester. For prospective students requesting such financial assistance, applications must be on file no later than February 1 of the academic year preceding admission. Some programs also offer assistantships beginning in January, with an October 15 application deadline. Applicants who do not seek financial assistance must submit complete applications no later than April 1 to be considered for the fall semester registration, and no later than October 15 for spring semester registration.

Admission to Interdisciplinary Doctoral Programs

WPI encourages interdisciplinary research. Students may apply for admission to interdisciplinary studies directly, but students interested in such options should do so with the assistance of WPI faculty, as these programs require internal sponsorship (see Interdisciplinary Doctoral Programs, pages 6 and 21).

Admission of Students Who Have Not Completed Their Baccalaureate Degrees

In general, students must have earned a bachelor's degree to be admitted, but WPI undergraduate students may apply for the Combined Bachelor's/ Master's Program. Interested students should review the requirements listed under special programs, and the requirements within the desired graduate department.

Matriculation

Those who wish to pursue the master's or Ph.D. degree should formally apply for admission as early as possible. Non-admitted students may take a maximum of four courses and receive letter grades in most departments; exceptions are: three-course maximum for biomedical engineering, computer science, and electrical and computer engineering; two-course maximum for management. Once these maximums are reached, additional course registrations will be changed to pass/fail and may not be used for degree credit. Therefore, applications should not be delayed beyond the maximum per department.

Each admitted student is assigned an academic advisor. Advisors assist in development of a planned program of study which will meet departmental requirements while at the same time providing the opportunity to explore areas of interest to the individual.

Application Requirements

Certificate Applications

Applicants to all graduate certificate and advanced certificate programs are *required* to submit to the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office:
1. An application form,
2. A $70 application fee, and
3. Official transcripts from all colleges or universities attended.

(Management students should consult with the Graduate Management Office for application requirements.)

Degree Applications

In addition to the items listed above, the following items are required for application to all graduate degree programs. They are organized by academic department and program.

Department	GRE	Statement of Purpose	Three Letters of Recommendation	TOEFL
Biology and Biotechnology	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Biomedical Engineering	**Required** for all Applicants/ Waived for WPI Alumni and Current Undergraduate Students	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Biomedical Sciences	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Chemical Engineering	**Required** for all International Applicants/ **Recommended** for all Others	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Chemistry and Biochemistry	**Required** for all Applicants/ Waived for WPI Alumni and Current Undergraduate Students	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Civil and Environmental Engineering	**Recommended** for all Applicants	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Computer Science**	**Required** for all Applicants/ Waived for WPI Alumni and Current Undergraduate Students; **Recommendation:** CS subject test	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Electrical and Computer Engineering	**Required** for all U.S. Fellowship Applicants/ Required for all International Applicants	**Required** for PH.D. Only	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language Requirement may be waived by the department graduate coordinator after a telephone interview for applicants who have earned their B.S. or M.S. degree at a U.S. college*
Fire Protection Engineering	**Not Required** Evaluated if submitted	**Requested** for Those Without Work Experience	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Management	**GRE** may be substituted for M.S. and Graduate Certificate Applicants M.B.A. Applicants must submit **GMAT** scores	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants whose native language is not English and who have not earned a degree from an English-instruction college or university
Manufacturing Engineering	**Required** for all International Applicants/ Recommended for all Others	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Materials Science and Engineering	**Required** for all International Applicants/ Recommended for all Others	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Mathematical Sciences	**GRE** and **GRE Mathematics Test** (rescaled) **Recommended** for all Applicants	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Mechanical Engineering	**Recommended** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*
Physics	**Recommended** for all Applicants	**Not Required**	**Required** for all Applicants	**Required** for all Applicants for whom English is not their first language*

 *TOEFL waived for applicants who have attended a U.S. (English-speaking) institution full time for at least one year.

**Students who elect to take two WPI graduate computer science courses and receive a grade of B or better in both may waive the GRE requirement.

Financial Information

Financial Aid

Financial assistance to support graduate students is available in the form of teaching assistantships, research assistantships, fellowships, internships and loans. Entering students awarded either teaching or research assistantships will normally receive statements pertaining to the type and level of financial assistance from the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office.

The academic standing of students holding awards for teaching and research assistantships is reviewed annually. To remain eligible for a graduate assistantship, a student must demonstrate acceptable progress toward degree requirements, be registered continuously, and maintain a minimum GPA of 3.0 in courses and research work (A = 4.0).

Teaching Assistantships

Teaching assistantships are awarded to graduate students on a competitive basis. They include tuition support for a maximum of 10 credit hours per semester and a stipend. Teaching assistants (TAs) are generally assigned duties that support faculty in their teaching responsibilities. Typical duties of TAs include (but are not limited to) grading of undergraduate and graduate student course paperwork, supervision of undergraduate science and engineering laboratory course sections, as well as individual and small-group conference sections associated with faculty lecture courses. TAs are required to be on campus and available for their assignments 10 days before undergraduate classes begin in the fall, and every day the Institute is open during the academic year, until the spring graduation (see The Academic Calendar on pages 4 and 5). TAs are expected to work 20 hours per week on their assigned duties. Some departments have more stringent requirements. Consult specific departmental descriptions for details.

Research Assistantships

Research assistants (RAs) are compensated for participating in sponsored research projects in connection with their academic programs. Typical duties of RAs include (but are not limited to) conducting laboratory experiments, assisting in the development of theoretical advances related to faculty research projects, and conducting literature reviews on topics of research interest. Research projects are typically supported by grants and contracts awarded to the Institute by government agencies, industrial firms or other private organizations.

RAs who perform research directly connected to their thesis/dissertation must recognize that research is a full-time professional commitment that must be balanced with the course work required for the desired degree.

The level of support provided to graduate students who have been selected for an assistantship varies depending on the specific nature of the course work, project and student's status. Funds may also be available to support summer research activities for students through Institute or departmental sources, or sponsored research projects. Some provisions exist under which WPI will pay the tuition for a student's graduate program, but provide no support beyond tuition.

GAANN

Graduate Assistants in Areas of National Need or GAANNs are provided through government grants to specific departments and research faculty. WPI has been awarded several of these grants, which are available to qualified graduate students.

Fellowships

Fellowship assistance for graduate students is available in a number of areas (see page 18). Some departments offer fellowships provided by corporate gifts or philanthropic agencies. The college also directly supports graduate research programs through fellowship awards.

GEM Fellowships

WPI is proud to be a GEM qualified university. GEM fellowships are awarded to minorities interested in studying science and engineering at the graduate level. For more information, please contact the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office at 508-831-5301 or gse@wpi.edu.

Goddard Fellowships

The Robert H. Goddard Fellowships are awarded to new full-time graduate students on a competitive basis. These highly sought-after awards span the entire research interests of the Institute. The Robert H. Goddard Fellowships are limited to U.S. citizens and provide the recipients with a full 12-month stipend and tuition support. Support required by the student beyond the initial 12 months may be provided by the department in which the student is enrolled, or by a research award from the Thesis Advisor. Applicants are evaluated on merit by the Faculty Selection Committee, chaired by the Associate Provost for Academic Affairs, from whom application forms and instruction are available. A completed application must be submitted by February 1 to be considered for a fall semester award.

Internships

Graduate internship programs are offered in biomedical engineering, civil and environmental engineering, and fire protection engineering. These opportunities are similar to the traditional undergraduate cooperative education concept, except that participating students have already achieved the baccalaureate degree and are working toward a master's degree.

Two options are available for scheduling students' work and study activities: parallel and alternating formats. Under the parallel format, students work part-time and attend classes during the academic year. They may work full-time during the summer. The alternating option permits cycles of full-time work and full-time study. Departments may allow students to take courses during the full-time work cycle. Consult department descriptions for more information.

Student Loans

Financial assistance is also available through the WPI Financial Aid Office in the form of student loans. To qualify, students must be enrolled in a degree-granting program on at least a half-time basis and must be U.S. citizens or permanent residents of the United States. Available loans include the Federal Subsidized Stafford Loan, the Federal Unsubsidized Stafford Loan, and the private education loans.

Subsidized Federal Stafford Loan

A low-interest government subsidized loan. Students can borrow up to $8,500 per year with repayment starting six months after graduation. The current interest rate is

8.25%. Eligibility requirements: students must qualify for the loan by filing a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and demonstrating financial need. WPI also requires students to complete an institutional Graduate Personal Data Form. Students must be enrolled on at least a half-time basis (minimum of 6 credits) and must not be in default on any other educational loans.

Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan

A low-interest loan not subsidized by the federal government, borrowers are responsible for the interest while enrolled. Graduate students can borrow up to $10,000 or cost, whichever is less. These loans carry the same interest rate as the Subsidized Stafford Loan above. Eligibility requirements: students must first apply for the Subsidized Stafford Loan and must not be in default on any other educational loans.

Private Student Loans

Several private student loans are available to cover tuition and living expenses if applicable. All loans are credit-based, and students can borrow a maximum of the cost of the program less any other assistance. Since students must pass a credit review to be eligible, a co-borrower may be required. International students are eligible to borrow but a credit-worthy co-borrower who is a U.S. citizen or a permanent resident of the United States is required. Please contact the Office of Financial Aid for terms and conditions of each program available.

Withdrawal Policy/Refund

If the student has paid a tuition bill with proceeds from either a Subsidized or an Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan and has received a refund for either or both of the loans, the student shall be responsible for any overpayment of funds. It is, therefore, necessary for the student to contact the lender(s) upon withdrawal.

Graduate Student Classifications

• Full-time Degree Seeking
• Part-time Degree Seeking
• Nondegree Seeking
• Graduate Certificate or Advanced Graduate Certificate
• Student on Graduate Exchange or Internship

Definition of Full-Time and Part-Time Status

If a student is registered for 9 or more credits, the student is deemed to be a full-time student for that semester. If a student needs fewer than 9 academic credits to complete degree requirements, registration for the number of credits required for completion of the degree gives the student full-time status. A student pursuing a master's degree, whose plan of study shows completion of all degree requirements within a single two-year period, retains full-time status so long as the student complies with that plan of study. A student officially enrolled in a graduate internship program has full-time status during the internship period. If a student has completed the minimum number of credits required for a degree, and is certified by the department or program to be working full-time toward the degree, enrollment in 1 credit of dissertation research (for a student seeking the doctorate) or 1 credit of thesis research (for a student seeking a master's degree) establishes the student's full-time status. For the purposes of this rule, the semesters are fall (extending from August 15 through December 31), spring (extending from January 1 through May 14) and summer (extending from May 15 through August 14).

Part-time status applies to students who register for 2 to 8 credits per semester.

Tuition and Fees

Tuition Rate

Tuition for all courses taken by graduate students is based on a $858 fee per semester hour for the 2003-2004 academic year.

Audit Rate

A reduced tuition rate of $429 per semester hour for the 2003-2004 academic year is available for those who wish to audit a course. Audit registration cannot be changed to credit once the semester has started.

Tuition Payments

Tuition charges do not include the cost of textbooks. Tuition must be paid in full at the time of registration. The following forms of payment will be accepted: check payable to WPI, American Express, MasterCard, VISA or Discover. (If MasterCard/VISA/Discover accounts are declined, either a penalty fee will be charged or registration will be invalidated. Transcripts may also be held.)

Late Registration

A $25.00 late registration fee will be charged starting September 3, 2003 (fall semester) and January 20, 2004 (spring semester). A $50.00 late registration fee will be charged starting September 10, 2003 (fall semester) and January 27, 2004 (spring semester).

Deferred Payment Plan

A deferred payment plan is available for the fall and spring semesters. By paying a one-time fee per use, students may divide their tuition into three equal monthly payments. For specifics, call the Accounting Office at 508-831-5728.

Deposit

The letter of admission from the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office indicates the semester for which approval is granted and requires that the student respond. If accepting an offer for full-time graduate study, the student must submit a $150 nonrefundable deposit. Of this amount, $100 is credited toward tuition, $20 is the Graduate Student Organization fee and $30 is the orientation fee.

Health and Accident Insurance

All graduate students must be covered by health and accident insurance equivalent to that offered under the Student Health and Accident Insurance Plan. Optional coverage for a spouse or dependent may be obtained through a separate policy. Please see the Accounting Office for this coverage. For additional information, please call 508-831-5741.

Orientation

All new full-time graduate students are required to pay a one-time $30 orientation fee. (This is paid by entering students as part of the $150 deposit.)

Graduate Student Organization

Each full-time graduate student is charged a fee of $20 per year to support the activities of the Graduate Student organization. (This fee is paid by entering students as part of the $150 deposit.)

Graduate Fellowship Opportunities

Fellowship awards are administered through the Office of the Associate Provost. Students interested in additional sources of funding should contact the graduate coordinator in their department. Funding includes teaching and research assistantships, corporate and federal spon-sored programs, and graduate assistant-ships available to first-year and returning graduate students.

Robert H. Goddard Fellowship

Student applications and details of criteria for eligibility are available in the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office and on the Web at www.wpi.edu/+GAO for the Robert H. Goddard Fellowship. Fellowship applications are due in the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office no later than February 15 for the class begin-ning the following fall. Fellowship applica-tions will be considered for students with admission applications on file no later than February 1. This fellowship is reserved for first-year graduate students. Recipients receive a monthly stipend and tuition for one year as a full-time student.

Axel F. Backlin Tuition Scholarship

Department heads may request funding from the Backlin Scholarship on behalf of deserving graduate students by contacting the Associate Provost's Office.

Arvid and Marietta Anderson Fellowship

This fellowship is awarded to an outstand-ing woman graduate student in her first year of doctoral studies. Preference is given to admission applications completed by February 1.

Fire Protection Engineering Distinguished Scholars Fund

Part of the purpose of this fund is to pro-vide teaching assistantships to students in WPI's graduate Fire Protection Engineering Program.

Robert and Esther Goddard Fellowship Fund

This fund is used to underwrite the Robert H. Goddard Fellowship, available to full-time graduate students on a competitive basis.

The Norton Graduate Fellowship

This fellowship is primarily awarded to a first-year graduate student in manufactur-ing engineering.

Robert S. Parks Graduate Fellowship

Established through an endowment, this fellowship shows preference to students in electrical engineering.

Harold Lesher Pierson Memorial Fellowship

This fund is used to support a graduate student whose research is in an area related to medicine that is likely to result in near-term benefits to mankind.

Ralph E. Spaulding Fellowship

Preference in the awarding of this graduate fellowship is given to students in civil engineering.

Helen E. Stoddard Fellowship in Materials Science and Engineering

This fellowship is awarded annually to an outstanding first-year graduate student in the field of materials science and engineer-ing.

Carl and Inez Weidenmiller Fellowship

This fellowship was created from a bequest through the Carl and Inez Weidenmiller Fund.

Registration Information and Procedures

The basic requirement for enrollment in a given course is a bachelor's degree from an accredited institution in a relevant field of science or engineering. Although those with management backgrounds may enroll in graduate management courses, no prior management study is required. Persons who have been admitted to graduate study at WPI are given first priority in course registration. Persons not holding a bachelor's degree, but who might qualify through training or experience, may be allowed to enroll on either a credit or audit basis with permission of the instructor. Registration for graduate courses is on a space-available basis for nonadmitted students.

Graduate students are expected to enroll in graduate courses or thesis credit by the registration days designated in the WPI academic calendar (pages 4 and 5). Registration on days not designated will incur additional fees (see Tuition and Fees, page 17). Students should consult with the Registrar's Office for assistance on these matters. Registration is not complete until tuition has been paid. Tuition payment schedules can be arranged with the Business Office.

Degree-Seeking Student Registration

Graduate students must be registered for the semester in which degree requirements are completed. For master of science programs requiring a thesis, the student must register for a minimum of 1 semester credit hour. For a Ph.D. program, the student must register for a minimum of 3 semester credit hours.

Students seeking degrees not requiring a thesis are not required to maintain continuous registration.

Nondegree-Seeking Student Course Registration

Nondegree-seeking students are to register for courses in the same manner as all other students. Degree-seeking students have preference in registering for courses with limited enrollments. It is important to register as early as possible.

Audit Registration

Students primarily interested in the content of a particular course may register as auditors. Thesis and project work cannot be taken with audit registration. Audit registration receives no credit and receives no grade. Audit registration is controlled in limited enrollment courses. Degree-seeking students receive preferred registration privileges and, as a consequence, audit registration in some courses may be denied. Tuition fees for audit registration are lower than fees for other registrations (see Tuition Payments, page 17).

Audit registrants are encouraged to participate in the courses, but typically do not submit written work for evaluation. Often professors will accept written work of audit registrants, but this is left to the discretion of individual instructors.

A student may change from credit to audit registration, but may not change from audit to regular credit registration. To change to audit registration for any graduate course, the student must place a petition with the Registrar within the first three weeks of class. Forms for change to audit registration are available from the Registrar. No fees will be returned to students who change to audit registration.

Admission

Enrollment in a course or courses, and satisfactory completion of those courses, does not constitute acceptance as a candidate for the master's degree nor admission to graduate study. For students seeking advanced degrees (post-baccalaureate degrees), formal admission to a graduate program is required.

Walk-In Registration Dates

Fall Semester 2003
Registrar's Office, Boynton Hall:
- August 28, 29 and September 2 — 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Waltham Campus:
- August 25 - 28 — 10:00 a.m. - 6:30 p.m.
- August 29 — 8:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

MetroWest Campus in Southborough:
- August 27 and 28 — 4:00 p.m. - 6:00 p.m.

Spring Semester 2004
Registrar's Office, Boynton Hall:
- January 15, 16 and 19 — 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

Waltham Campus:
- January 15 and 19 — 10:00 a.m. - 6:30 p.m.
- January 16 — 8:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.

MetroWest Campus in Southborough:
- January 15 and 19 — 4:00 p.m. - 6:00 p.m.

Summer Semester 2004
Graduate students planning to register for project, thesis or independent study courses during the summer semester should do so through the Projects and Registrar's Office. For information on summer registration, call 508-831-5211.

Transcripts

WPI will issue one transcript of record to a student without charge. Additional transcripts are issued upon receipt of a fee of $4 per copy.

Withdrawal and Incomplete Grades

Because the college makes a financial commitment at the time a course is scheduled for instruction, tuition refunds will be made on the following basis: if notice of withdrawal is received, in writing, in the Registrar's Office before classes begin, a refund minus $25 will be given; after first class, before second, refund minus $100; after second class, before third, refund minus $200; after third class, before fourth, refund minus $300; after fourth, no refund. A grade of W will be recorded

if written notification of withdrawal from the course is received after the third meeting of the class and not later than the following dates:

Fall Semester: November 18, 2003

Spring Semester: March 22, 2004

Withdrawal after these dates is permitted only by petition to the Registrar's Office. Notice to the instructor or discontinuance of attendance does not constitute withdrawal. Such notice must be submitted in writing to the Registrar's Office. Incomplete grades are transitional grades and must be changed by the instructor within 12 months. If course work is not made up by this time, the grade automatically becomes an F.

Withdrawal Policy/Refund

If the student has paid a tuition bill with proceeds from either a Subsidized or an Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan and has received a refund for either or both of the loans, the student shall be responsible for any overpayment of funds. It is, therefore, necessary for the student to contact the lender(s) upon withdrawal.

Graduate Student Classifications

- Full-time Degree Seeking
- Part-time Degree Seeking
- Nondegree Seeking
- Graduate Certificate or Advanced Graduate Certificate
- Student on Graduate Exchange or Internship

Degree Requirements

The following are WPI's minimum requirements for advanced degrees. The general requirements for all advanced degrees must be satisfied to earn any advanced degree. The additional requirements for specific degrees must be satisfied in order to earn the specified degree, regardless of the field in which the degree is earned. Please look to department requirements for more specific information.

General Requirements for All Advanced Degrees

All degree requirements must be satisfied before the degree is awarded. Exceptions to general and specific degree requirements or to other rules may be made, but only by the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research (CGSR).[1] Requests for exceptions are to be made by written petition to that committee.

At the time the degree is awarded, the student must have been admitted to the graduate program of the degree-granting program. Administratively, a degree-granting program may be a department or a program.

A minimum of two-thirds of the required graduate credit for an advanced degree must have been earned at WPI.

For the master of mathematics, the student must have a program GPA[2] of 2.9 or greater. For all other degrees, the student must have a program GPA of 3.0 or greater.

From time to time, the faculty amends the general and specific degree requirements. To earn a degree, a student must satisfy the graduate rules in effect at a single date. These rules may be those in place on the date of the student's matriculation, those in place on the date of the student's application for graduation, or those in place in a single graduate catalog in effect between the dates of matriculation and graduation. In applying for graduation, the student must specify by year which graduate catalog contains the rules being satisfied.

After the Application for Degree is submitted, all advanced degrees are subject to the final approval of the CGSR, which determines if the student has satisfied the letter and intent of the requirements for advanced degrees.

The CGSR makes its recommendations for the approval of advanced degrees to the faculty of the Institute, which in turn recommends to the president and trustees for their final approval the names of students who should be awarded advanced degrees.

General Requirements for the Master of Science and Master of Engineering

The student must obtain a minimum of 30 credit hours of acceptable course, thesis or project work.

If a thesis is required by the student's program, it must include at least 6 credit hours of research directed toward the thesis, in a project resulting in the completion of an M.S. thesis.

A student completing a master's degree with a thesis option is required to make a public presentation of the thesis. Departments may, at their option, extend the presentation to include a defense of the thesis.

The student must obtain a minimum of 21 credit hours of graduate level courses or thesis (18 credit hours for students in the Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program), including at least 15 credit hours of graduate level courses or thesis in the major field of the student. Other courses (to make up the minimum total of 30 credit hours) may include advanced undergraduate courses approved by the student's program. Such courses are normally considered to be those at the 4000 level. The use of advanced undergraduate courses for satisfaction of graduate degree requirements must be approved by the student's program. A 1/3-unit WPI undergraduate course taken for graduate credit is assigned 3 credit hours of graduate credit. A graduate student registered for graduate credit in an undergraduate course may be assigned additional work at the discretion of the instructor.

General Requirements for the Doctorate

The student must demonstrate to the faculty high academic attainment and the ability to carry on original independent research.

The student must complete a minimum of 90 credit hours of graduate work beyond the bachelor's degree, or a minimum of 60 credit hours of graduate work beyond the master's degree, including in either case at least 30 credit hours of research.

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[1] CGSR—The Committee on Graduate Studies and Research (CGSR) is concerned with all post-baccalaureate programs of the University, and reviews and recommends changes in WPI policies on goals, student recruitment, admissions, academic standards, teaching and research assistantships, scholarships and fellowships. It also makes recommendations to the faculty and administration on new graduate programs and courses, and changes in programs and courses. The committee acts on admission of graduate students to degree candidacy, dismissal for failure to meet academic standards, and student petitions on academic matters. It brings to the faculty for action the names of students who it has determined are eligible for post-baccalaureate degrees. The committee reviews and recommends changes in policy on the funding, promotion and conduct of research at WPI.

[2] GPA—The Grade Point Average (GPA) is calculated as the sum of the products of the grade points and credit hours for each registered activity, in the average, divided by the total number of credit hours for all registered activities in the average. Grade points are as follows: A = 4.0; B = 3.0; C = 2.0; D = 1.0; and F = 0.0.

The student must establish residency by being a full-time graduate student for at least one continuous academic year.

The student must attain status as a doctoral candidate by satisfying specific degree requirements in the student's field.

The student must prepare a doctoral dissertation and defend it before a Dissertation Committee, at least two of whose members must be from the student's program and at least one of whose members must be from outside the student's program. After a successful defense, determined by a majority vote in the affirmative by the Dissertation Committee, the dissertation must be endorsed by those members of the Dissertation Committee who voted to approve it. The completed dissertation must follow in format the instructions published by the library. After final approval for format of the dissertation, the Associate Provost for Academic Affairs will notify the Registrar that the dissertation has been approved.

Once a student has satisfied the departmental candidacy requirements, the student will be permitted to enroll for dissertation credits. Prior to completion of candidacy requirements, a student may enroll for no more than 18 credits of directed research.

Minimum Requirements for a Social Science Interdisciplinary Ph.D.

In addition to the general requirements established by WPI for an interdisciplinary doctoral degree, applicants must pass a qualifying examination. This examination will test the basic knowledge and understanding of the student in the disciplines covered by the research as is normally expected of degree holders in the disciplines. It must be administered within the first 18 credits of registration in the interdisciplinary Ph.D. program. The examination will be administered by a committee of no less than three members, approved by CGSR, representing the disciplines covered by the research. Students are allowed at most two attempts at passing the examination, and may take a maximum of 18 credits prior to passage.

Other Degrees

Requirements for the master of business administration and master of mathematics for educators appear under the descriptions of the awarding programs. Students in the Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program are subject to additional rules described in the next section.

General Requirements for the Combined Bachelor's/Master's Degree Program

Only registered WPI undergraduates may enter the Combined Program. To enter, a student must apply to the WPI Graduate Program. Admission to the Combined Program is made by the faculty of the program that awards the graduate degree. A student in the Combined Program continues to be registered as an undergraduate until the bachelor's degree is awarded.

While in the Combined Program, a student may continue to take courses or projects toward the undergraduate degree; the student may also register for graduate courses, projects, directed research or thesis credits toward the master's degree.

To obtain a master's degree via the Combined Program, the student must satisfy all requirements for that master's degree, including any requirements of the graduate degree-awarding program for satisfactory completion of specified courses or a master's thesis. To obtain a bachelor's degree via the Combined Program, the student must satisfy all requirements for that bachelor's degree, including distribution and project requirements.

A student in the Combined Program may, within the program limit and with prior approval, use the same courses toward the bachelor's and master's degrees. The limitation is computed from the graduate credit hours for each course. Courses whose credit hours total no more than 40% of the credit hours required for the master's degree, and which meet all other requirements for each degree, may be used to satisfy requirements for both degrees. Such courses are recorded on the transcript using the credit hours/units and grades appropriate at the graduate or undergraduate levels. For students in the Combined Program, approved undergraduate courses are assigned graduate credit with a conversion rate of 1/3 WPI undergraduate unit = 3 credit hours, while

graduate courses applied toward the undergraduate degree are awarded undergraduate credit with a conversion rate of 1 credit hour = 1/9 undergraduate unit.

Students in the Combined Program may use advanced undergraduate courses to satisfy graduate degree requirements. The department decides which courses may be used in this way. Faculty members teaching these advanced undergraduate courses may impose special requirements, appropriate to an undergraduate course being used for graduate credit, on Combined Program students.

If the programs awarding the bachelor's and master's degrees are not the same, the program awarding the graduate degree may require that the student's major qualifying project relate in some way to the graduate program's discipline. The graduate program may also make other requirements as it deems appropriate in any individual case. These requirements take the form of a written agreement (obtain the form from the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office) between the student and the graduate program, which must be completed and filed with the Registrar before the student may be matriculated in the Combined Program.

Additional requirements appear within each department's section in this catalog.

The Combined Program is a full-time[3] program of study on both the bachelor and master's level. Once admitted to the Combined Program, a student must register every fall and spring semester until the graduate degree is completed. A student in the Combined Program who, during the fall or spring semester, has no registered activities is automatically terminated from the Combined Program, and may only be readmitted to the Combined Program by the Committee for Graduate Studies and Research via petition showing extenuating circumstances. Termination from the Combined Program does not affect a student's ability to continue toward the bachelor's degree.

Students usually apply for admission to combined degree status in their sophomore or junior year of WPI undergraduate study.

Some graduate-degree-awarding programs impose additional restrictions on students in the Combined Program. Consult the degree requirements of individual programs for details.

[3]Full-time study means a minimum registration of at least 9 credit hours.

Theses and Dissertations

WPI is a member of the Networked Digital Library of Theses and Dissertations. This organization is dedicated to "unlocking access to graduate education" by making the full text of theses and dissertations available on-line.

Students are required to submit theses and dissertations electronically. Electronic submission of these works is not performed using CD-ROMs or floppy disks, but rather entirely through the Web.

Most documents will be made available to the general public via the Web, but individual authors and their advisors may choose to restrict their works to be accessible only by members of the WPI community or to be completely unavailable for a period of up to five years. Factors in this decision should include copyright, intellectual property and patenting concerns. Students should discuss these issues thoroughly with their advisors and committee members as early in the process as possible.

The following are required for proper submission of electronic theses and dissertations (ETDs):

1. A signed copy of the ETD Approval Form, available on the ETD Web site
2. A copy of the title page, with all appropriate faculty and student signatures
3. The thesis or dissertation converted to PDF and uploaded via the ETD Web site

In order to submit theses and dissertations electronically, students must have a WPI account, obtainable on-line using a PIN provided by the Projects and Registrar's Office.

Training sessions will be held throughout the year, and extensive information about creating and submitting ETDs is available on the ETD Web site at www.wpi.edu/tetd.

Thesis Binding

Students and departments may wish to retain a bound paper copy of theses and dissertations. In this case, a $10 per copy binding fee must be paid at the Accounting Office. Once the fee is paid, students can bring the receipt and the copies to Technical Services in Gordon Library to be bound.

Advanced Distance Learning Network (ADLN)

Distance Learning Program

In 1979, WPI's commitment to active, lifelong learning prompted the creation of the ADLN, a partnership between several academic departments and WPI's Academic Technology Center. ADLN programs enable working professionals to continue to grow within their chosen field without having to attend any classes at the WPI campus. Persons electing to take courses via ADLN with the intention of completing a degree or certificate apply for admission to WPI utilizing the same processes and services as campus based students. Once admitted to WPI, students may take any ADLN course that is appropriate to their WPI program. All students can take ADLN courses and, within a given program's requirements, can combine on-campus and ADLN classes.

Delivery Media

Through ADLN, WPI delivers the same courses, content and material that you would receive on campus. Faculty, working with an instructional design team, determine the best technologies to use in the delivery of their distance courses. This approach to distance learning ensures that courses are kept current and the latest technologies are used. An e-mail account, access to the World Wide Web and the minimal technical requirements found at http://www.wpi.edu/+ADLN are required for participation in an ADLN course.

Programs of Study

By taking courses through the Advance Distance Learning Network, students can complete a master of business administration (M.B.A), or a master of science (M.S.) in environmental engineering or fire protection engineering. In addition, students may elect to take courses via ADLN to earn a graduate or advanced certificate in these disciplines and in wireless communications and networking.

Credit Options

The M.B.A. program allows up to 18 foundation-level credits to be waived for those with appropriate academic back-grounds, either via straight waivers for those with appropriate course work completed within the past six years with a grade of B or better, or via waiver exams. The M.B.A. program, the M.S. in fire protection engineering, and the M.S. in civil and environmental engineering allow students to transfer up to 9 credits from graduate-level course work at other schools. Graduate and advanced certificate programs require all credits to come from WPI.

Special Programs

ADLN and appropriate academic personnel are always willing to consider the addition of new programs when there is sufficient interest.

Student Services

Academic advisors are assigned upon admission. Library services are on-line, and reference services are available by telephone and e-mail. All students establish a WPI UNIX account for on-line course access and e-mail. Technical help desk is available by e-mail or phone. Career placement and counseling are available for matriculated students. Books may be ordered toll-free from the WPI bookstore (888-WPI-BOOKS) and are typically delivered one to three days after ordering.

Faculty

The professors teaching ADLN courses are the same highly qualified faculty who teach in WPI's campus-based programs.

Tuition and Fees

Tuition is $858 per semester hour for all programs in the 2003 - 2004 academic year. This is the same rate as on-campus courses. Students wishing to earn Continuing Education Units (CEUs) instead of graduate credit may opt to audit courses at half tuition. See page 19 for audit information.

Financial Aid

Loan-based aid is available only through special arrangements. Students must be registered on a half-time basis (two courses per semester) or greater for federal loan programs. See pages 16 and 17 for loan information. Other loans for 3-credit courses may be available.

Contact and Information

Pamela Shelley, Assistant Director, Advanced Distance Learning Network
Worcester Polytechnic Institute
100 Institute Road
Worcester, Massachusetts 01609-2280
U.S.A.
508-831-5220 (voice)
508-831-5881 (fax)
adln@wpi.edu
http://www.wpi.edu/+ADLN

Facilities and Services

Books for Off-Campus Courses

Textbooks for off-campus courses may be purchased at the first meeting of each course. Payment may be made by cash, check or credit card. Additionally, textbooks may be purchased on-line at www.wpibooks.com or by calling the bookstore at 1-888-WPI-BOOKS. Textbook delivery for ADLN remote locations may be arranged by calling the bookstore or by e-mailing the bookstore at wpi@tatnuck.com.

Bookstore

The bookstore, located on the second floor of the Campus Center, will be open during the first days of classes from 8:00 a.m. to 7 p.m. During the rest of the school year, hours of operation are 8 a.m. to 7 p.m. Monday through Thursday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Friday, and 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. on Saturday. For more information please call toll free 888-WPI-books or e-mail wpi@tatnuck.com.

Campus Police

Personal safety information, security practices at WPI and the University's crime statistic information can be obtained by visiting the campus police Web site. Students can also obtain a copy of the University's safety brochure by contacting the WPI Police Department at 508-831-5433.

Parking on campus can be challenging. Graduate students are entitled to parking permits for the Boynton Street parking lot located behind the library. Parking is on a first-come, first-served basis. Decals can be purchased for $2.00 at the campus police station located at 35 Dean Street. You should also receive a copy of the University's parking regulations. We recommend that you keep this brochure in your vehicle's glove compartment for easy reference. Parking is also available on the city streets surrounding the campus. Be sure to obey parking signs, as enforcement in Worcester is strict. The city's winter parking regulations are available on the WPI police Web site, as well.

Career Development Center

The Career Development Center (CDC) at WPI assists students in the development of lifelong skills related to careers and the job search process. CDC serves not only undergraduate students but graduate students and alumni as well. Information and guidance is provided in the areas of full-time employment, graduate school, part-time employment, cooperative education and summer positions. Call 508-831-5260.

Class Cancellation

Classes are rarely cancelled because of inclement weather. However, if in doubt, you may call the WPI switchboard, the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office or 508-831-5744 to find out if a particular class has been cancelled. When all classes are cancelled (severe weather during the midday period, forecast to last through evening) cancellation will be broadcast on radio stations WTAG, WSRS, WAAF, WFTQ, WKOX and WBZ.

Computer Resources

WPI's Fuller Laboratories provide dedicated space for faculty, staff and students working in the information sciences. The WPI Computing and Communication Center (CCC) is located in this building, along with the Computer Science Department and the Academic Technology Center.

CCC provides a wide range of services and access to computer resources for the WPI community, and manages an array of powerful UNIX, Linux and Windows 2000 servers. All WPI students, faculty and staff can obtain a login ID at CCC for academic course work, research and self-education. The ID will remain in force as long as the person continues to be registered as a student at or is employed by WPI. The systems have been configured so that the user will see the same familiar environment no matter which CCC workstation is used.

CCC facilities are accessible from a wide variety of locations on campus, or from around the world via the Internet. CCC operates the campus data network and the Internet connectivity. Computer systems operated by academic departments are also on the same CCC communications infrastructure, so they are accessible just as easily. Wireless network access is available in all academic buildings as well as primary residence centers. Wireless laptops are available on loan for use in the library and campus center.

CCC manages a computer help desk to answer users' questions on any of the computer platforms and to provide technical support for endorsed packages. CCC also provides instruction sessions on supported software in the state-of-the-art computer-training classroom that CCC maintains in the Gordon Library.

CCC is generally open from 11 a.m. Sunday until 10 Friday (24 hours a day) and Saturday 11 a.m. to 7 p.m. during the academic year. When WPI is not in session and during undergraduate "term breaks," as well as summer session, hours will be posted at CCC.

To reach the CCC help desk, call 508-831-5888 or e-mail: helpdesk@wpi.edu.

Extracurricular Activities

The Institute provides a varied program of sports and recreation. Graduate students usually enter teams in several intramural sports, and may participate in certain intercollegiate club sports as well as on-campus musical or theater groups.

There are outstanding athletic facilities for tennis, swimming, bowling, squash, basketball, racquetball and volleyball, as well as a weight-lifting room, a fitness center, a sauna and several outdoor playing fields. Graduate students frequently join faculty groups for noontime jogging, aerobics and basketball.

A wide variety of entertainment is brought to the campus, ranging from small informal groups to popular entertainers in the 3,500-seat Harrington Auditorium. A series of films is shown in Perreault Hall, and chamber concerts are presented in the Baronial Hall of Higgins House.

The normal social activities of a medium-sized city are readily accessible, many within easy walking distance. Other activities of interest to students are offered by the many colleges in the Worcester Consortium (see Intercollege Studies and the Consortium, page 9).

Gordon Library

The George C. Gordon Library supports the informational and research needs of the WPI graduate community. The library staff works closely with each department to augment library resources pertinent to graduate and other research interests. The collection currently numbers over 276,000 volumes, and includes paper subscriptions to over 900 current periodicals and over 10,000 electronic periodicals. The collection includes graduate theses and disserta-

tions, as well as a rapidly growing number of electronic theses and dissertations. The WPI Archives and Special Collections holds the paper records and artifacts of WPI, as well as a significant number of rare books. Library resources come in many formats: print, audio, video and digital.

Gordon Library is open over 100 hours each week during the academic year. Many services and resources are also available to graduate students 24 hours a day via the library's World-Wide-Web-based system. Here students can access the Gordon Library catalog, local and remote library catalogs, over 150 electronic databases, full-text articles in electronic periodicals, and other reference tools and resources located anywhere in the world.

In addition to the Gordon Library's resources, WPI students may utilize the collections of other Worcester area libraries. Students with a WPI identification card and a cross-borrowing card can borrow books directly from the libraries at Anna Maria College, Assumption College, Becker College, Clark University, College of the Holy Cross, University of Massachusetts Medical Center Library and Worcester State College. Students can also request materials not owned by Gordon Library through the interlibrary loan and document delivery services. Before classes begin each semester, library staff offer orientation sessions to graduate students. Throughout the year, members of the Reference Department conduct both library and Internet orientation and instruction sessions. Gordon Library staff will consult with students in the preparation of theses and dissertations. Standard reference guides are also available. A pamphlet, "Regulations for Preparation of Theses and Dissertations" prepared by the library staff and sponsored by the Office of Academic Affairs, is available in paper and on-line at the library's Web site (www.wpi.edu/+library).

Gordon Library is open Monday through Thursday 8 a.m. to midnight, Friday 8 a.m. to 11 p.m., Saturday 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., and Sunday noon to midnight. A calendar of hours is available in paper at the library, or on-line at the library's Web site.

Housing

A limited amount of on-campus housing is available for single graduate students. Family housing is not available on campus. Most graduate students live in rooms or apartments in residential areas near the campus.

Please feel free to contact the Office of Residential Services, 508-831-5645, for information regarding both on-campus and off-campus housing. A listing of off-campus accommodations is available at http://www.wpi.edu/Admin/RSO/.

International Graduate Student Services

The Office of International Students and Scholars is located in WPI's International House at 28 Trowbridge Road. The office provides information and assistance on immigration and other regulatory matters, information on cultural and social programs and services, as well as general counseling.

The International House also serves as a meeting place for international students with its lounge area, meeting room and resource room. WPI's English as a Second Language (ESL) program is located in the house. The house also offers limited temporary housing for international graduate students.

Office of International Students and Scholars: **508-831-6030.** ESL Director: **508-831-6033.**

Mail Services

Located in the Campus Center, first floor. Student Mail Room 508-831-5317, Incoming/Receiving 508-831-5523, Mail Processing 508-831-5317. Supervisor: Celia McLaren 508-831-5683.
• Limited number of mailboxes available

• Service window open (Monday through Friday) 8 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
• Package pick-up
• Stamps sold
• Letters and packages weighed, metered
• Discounted Express Mail
• Fax services

Printing Services

Located in Boynton Hall, lower level. Telephone 508-831-5842 or -5571. Hours (Monday through Friday???) 8 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.
• Offset printing
• Photocopying (including color)
• Binding of reports
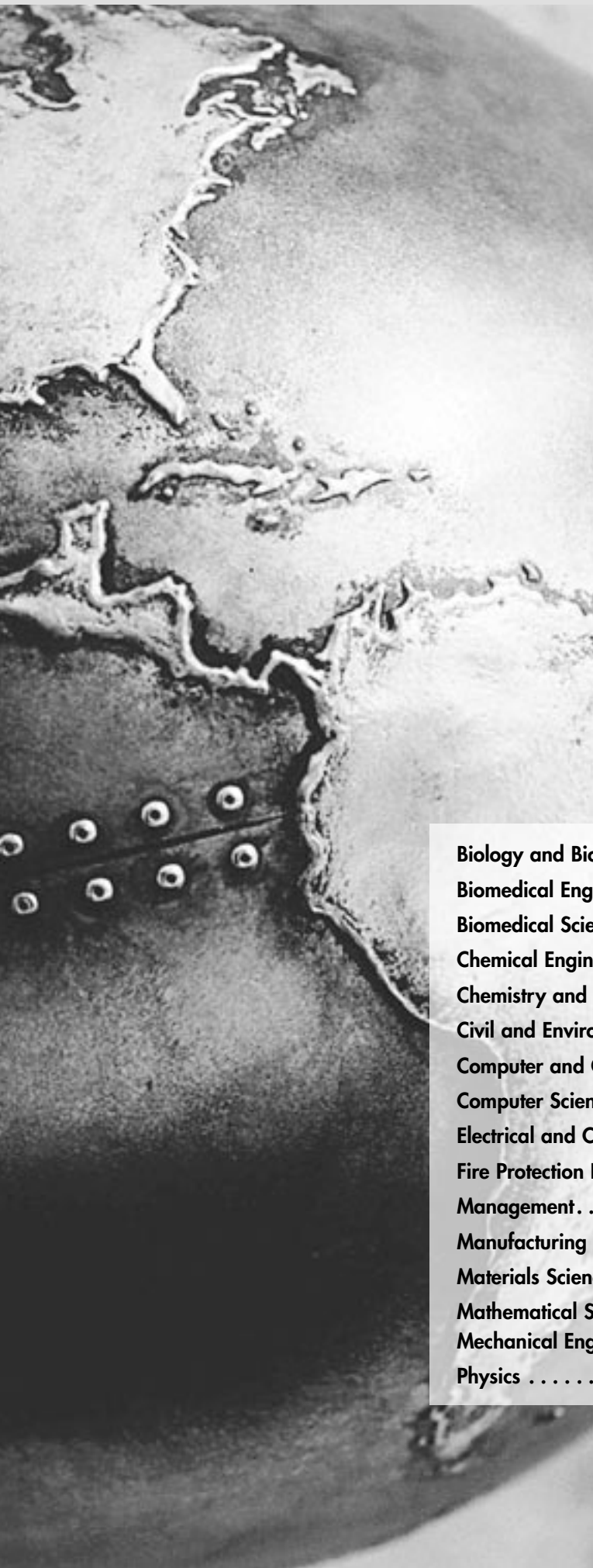• Laminating

Student ID Cards

The WPI ID is your library card and is used in many departments for lab access as well.

You may also deposit money on your card for use in the WPI dining locations at a 10% discount. The ID office is located in Daniels Hall, first floor, and the hours are: Monday through Friday 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. For information, call 508-831-5150.

Student Life

The Student Life Office staff is available to students enrolled in all programs to assist with any out-of-the-classroom concerns that may arise. Staff members are available between 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. Appointments outside of these hours can be arranged by calling **508-831-5201.**

Program of Study

The department offers a master of science (M.S.) degree in biology and biotechnology. This degree requires students to successfully complete a set of required "core" courses in the field and a thesis project that applies the basic principles of biology and biotechnology to a current research problem. Graduates with the master of science degree will have a broad knowledge of the field of biology and biotechnology as well as demonstrate detailed knowledge and applied research skills in their area of specialization. Students who complete this M.S. degree program will be well prepared for further graduate education, or for employment in academics or industry.

Faculty in the Biology and Biotechnology Department have research interests in the areas of bioprocessing technology, cell biology, developmental biology, ecology, evolution, environmental biology, molecular genetics, neurobiology, and plant and animal organismal biology. Students seeking the M.S. degree in biology and biotechnology should plan to work directly with one of the department's faculty in his or her research specialty area. The department suggests that, prior to applying for entrance into the M.S. program, students use the information at the department's Web site (http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/Depts/Bio) to help identify potential faculty advisors.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S. in Biology and Biotechnology

As with the standard WPI requirements for the M.S. degree, students pursuing the M.S. degree in biology and biotechnology must complete a minimum of 30 credit hours of course and theses work, six of which must be thesis research credits. In addition, M.S. students must successfully complete (grade of B or higher) three of the four departmental core courses (BB575, BB576, BB577 or BB578) and three credits of seminar (BB501, 1 credit per semester). Students must assemble an Advisory Committee of three faculty members. Two of the committee members must be biology and biotechnology faculty members. One of the biology and biotechnology faculty members will chair the committee and be the student's faculty advisor. The Advisory Committee must review and approve each M.S. student's program of study and thesis research.

For the Ph.D. in Biotechnology

In addition to the WPI requirements, a thesis project (minimum of 30 credit hours) is required. It is the intention of the faculty that the student develop for this degree a thematic focus for a minor, interdisciplinary area of study outside of the biology and biotechnology department, such that the following credit distribution be required for course work:

15 credit minimum
BB courses at the 4000 or 500 level (an M.S. in a biological field may be considered acceptable)

15 credit minimum
Within the minor area of study and taken at the 4000 or 500 level (M.S. in an appropriate minor field of study may be considered acceptable)

15 credit maximum
At the 4000 level or below for all requirements

2 credit minimum
To meet the cultural studies requirement

2 credit minimum
To meet the teaching skills requirement

3 credit minimum
Biology Seminar (BB 501)
Required every semester

Teaching Requirement

2 credit minimum
The objective of this requirement is formal training in pedagogy. It can be fulfilled by enrolling in: (1) an advanced undergraduate or graduate course in education; or (2) a mentored teaching experience (IS/P) arranged with an individual faculty member, within the major discipline of the student and the professor. This mentored teaching experience is distinguished from a teaching assistantship in that it requires significant mentored student involvement in course development, delivery and evaluation.

Cultural Studies Requirement

2 credit minimum
Graduates of the biotechnology program will need more than technical skills to make their way in the global market. Such skills might include bioethics, and linguistic and interpretive skills that encourage a reasoned awareness and acceptance of human differences. Students may choose from offerings in bioethics, history and language to develop a focused strength in one area. Graduate work in Cultural Studies is a minimum of 2 credit hours done under the guidance of a humanities advisor. For example, a student could register for Bioethics for 2 credits.

Publications

In order to graduate, at least one manuscript should be submitted for publication in a refereed journal and at least one paper must have been presented at a national or international conference.

Exams, Reports and Dissertation Defense

A Ph.D. qualifying exam is required and should be taken following the first year of study. A majority of the Examining Committee must be members of the biology and biotechnology department faculty. The committee must also approve the student's dissertation research proposal and will meet each semester to review and assess the student's progress. Candidates for the Ph.D. degree must also give annual presentations of their research work to the department as part of the graduate seminar course.

A public defense of the completed dissertation is required of all students, and will be followed immediately by a defense before the Examining Committee. All members of the Examining Committee must be present for the defense. Operational details of the program, including the student qualifying exam and dissertation defense, can be found in the graduate handbook provided to all entering students.

For the Ph.D. in Biomedical Science

The department of biology and biotechnology participates in the Worcester Consortium Ph.D. Program in Biomedical Science. This innovative program is designed for students who already have substantial post-baccalaureate research experience, such as an M.S. degree and/or several years of laboratory research employment. This Consortium program includes

Biology and Biotechnology

WPI, Clark University, the University of Massachusetts Medical School and the Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research. Applicants to the program must have a commitment to serve as the student's Research Advisor from a faculty member at one of the Consortium institutions. Students in the program will receive their Ph.D. from WPI, but may conduct dissertation research at any of the Consortium institutions. Students who enter the program through WPI's department of biology and biotechnology must satisfy the general degree requirements of the University, and adhere to the rules and regulations for graduate students in the department. A complete description of procedures and degree requirements is available in the department office.

Faculty

J. Rulfs, Associate Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., Tufts University

D. S. Adams, Professor; Ph.D., University of Texas at Austin

J. C. Bagshaw, Professor; Ph.D., University of Tennessee

R. D. Cheetham, Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

T. C. Crusberg, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Clark University

A. DiIorio, Affiliate-Assistant Professor; Ph.D., WPI

D. G. Gibson III, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Boston University

J. E. Miller, Professor; Ph.D., Case Western Reserve University

S. M. Politz, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of California at Los Angeles

E. Ryder, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Harvard Medical School

J. Tyler, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., SUNY, Albany

P. J. Weathers, Professor; Ph.D., Michigan State University

Biomedical Engineering

Programs of Study

The goal of the biomedical engineering graduate programs is to apply engineering principles and technology as solutions to significant biomedical problems. Students trained in these programs have found rewarding careers in major medical and biomedical research centers, academia, the medical care industry and entrepreneurial enterprises.

Master's Degree Programs

There are three master's degree options in biomedical engineering: the Master of Science (M.S.) in Biomedical Engineering, the Master of Engineering (M.E.) in Clinical Engineering and the Master of Engineering (M.E.) in Biomedical Engineering. While the expected levels of student academic performance are the same for all options, they are oriented toward different career goals. The master of science option in biomedical engineering is oriented toward the student who wants to focus on a particular facet of biomedical engineering practice or research. The master of science can serve as a terminal degree for students interested in an in-depth specialization.

The master of engineering in clinical engineering program is for those individuals interested in employment in hospitals or other clinical environments. This subspecialty involves a close interaction with patients and the health care delivery system. An internship experience is required of all students in the clinical engineering program.

Internships

For students in the clinical engineering program, a rotating internship is offered during the year. It includes an orientation period to acquaint the student with general hospital organization and procedures, gives a brief exposure to most of the areas listed below, and is normally required prior to specialized internships.

The specialized internship involves the student full time for approximately one month in ongoing clinical, research or engineering activities, with supervision by WPI faculty and the internship center staff. To assure maximum student involvement and supervision, the number of posi-

tions at each internship location listed below is limited.

1. Biomedical Engineering
   UMMHC-Memorial Campus and
   UMMS
2. Cardiovascular Medicine
   UMMS Surgery, UMMS

The master of engineering program is considered to be a terminal professional degree.

Combined B.S./Master's Degree Program

This program affords an opportunity for outstanding WPI undergraduate students to earn both a B.S. degree and a master's degree in biomedical engineering concurrently, and in less time than would typically be required to earn each degree separately. The principal advantage of this program is that it allows for certain courses to be counted towards both degree requirements, thereby reducing total class time. With careful planning and motivation, the Combined Program typically allows a student to complete requirements for both degrees with only one additional year of full-time study (five years total). However, because a student must still satisfy all graduate degree requirements, the actual time spent in the program may be longer than five years. There are two degree options for students in the Combined Program: a thesis-based master of science (B.S./M.S.) option and a non-thesis master of engineering (B.S./M.E.) option.

Doctoral Programs

There are two doctor of philosophy degree options in biomedical engineering: The Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering at WPI and the Ph.D. in Biomedical Engineering and Medical Physics offered jointly by WPI and the University of Massachusetts Medical School (UMMS). In both programs, the degree of doctor of philosophy is conferred on candidates in recognition of high attainments and the ability to carry on original independent research. Graduates of the program will be prepared to affiliate with academic institutions and with the growing medical device and biotechnology industry, which have become major economic factors in the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

The joint WPI/UMMS Ph.D. program employs the advanced technical knowledge and expertise of engineering and medical faculty to provide students with the knowledge and skills necessary to apply engineering and scientific principles to medically related problems. A unique aspect of this program is that it utilizes the expertise and resources available from a public university and a private institution of higher education in a synergistic manner to train students in the application of engineering to medical research. The Ph.D. degree in this program is awarded jointly by WPI and UMMS, with the appropriate designation on the diploma.

Research Interests

Biomaterials / Tissue Engineering

Research focuses on understanding the interactions between cells and precisely bioengineered scaffolds that modulate cellular functions such as adhesion, migration, proliferation, differentiation and extracellular matrix remodeling. Understanding cell-matrix interactions that regulate wound healing and tissue remodeling will be used to improve the design of tissue-engineered analogs for the repair of soft and hard tissue injuries. Research areas include: (1) studies investigating the roles of microfabricated scaffolds on keratinocyte function for tissue engineering of skin, (2) development of tissue scaffolds that mimic the microstructural organization and mechanical responsiveness of native tissues, and (3) development of microfabricated cell culture systems to understand how extracellular matrix molecules regulate epithelial cell growth and differentiation. (Pins)

Biomedical Sensors and Bioinstrumentation

The development of integrated biomedical sensors for invasive and noninvasive blood gas and glucose monitoring. Design and *in vivo* evaluation of reflective pulse oximeter sensors. Microcomputer-based medical instrumentation, fiberoptic sensors for medical instrumentation, application of optics to biomedicine. (Mendelson)

The development and testing of various invasive and noninvasive biosensors and associated bioinstrumentation.

Biomedical Engineering

Noninvasive optical sensors for measuring glucose in diabetic individuals, urea in hemodialysis dialysate, other biochemical analytes, as well as reagentless chemistry measurements are being developed. (Peura)

In Vivo Optical Imaging

Research directed at revealing and understanding fundamental physiologic mechanisms using optical imaging techniques in mouse models. Fluorescence, phosphorescence, absorption and spectral imaging techniques are employed to probe cellular and physiologic events. Research areas include: (1) metabolic function and oxygenation in the brain; (2) role of oxygen in diabetic retinopathy; (3) physiologic studies in inbred, transgenic and knockout mouse models; (4) 3-D *in vivo* imaging in neural tissues; and (5) spectral imaging of neural tissues during functional activation. (Shonat)

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Spectroscopy

Research projects in nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) imaging and spectroscopy stress experimental aspects of NMR and their application in both medical and non-biological areas. Major biological research projects include: (1) development of metabolite-imaging and spectroscopy techniques for use in the evaluation of treatment of cancer; (2) development of NMR imaging methods to delineate the "area of risk" following stroke and assess potential therapeutic intervention; and (3) development of noninvasive methods for measuring tissue blood flow, as well as tumor oxygenation, to evaluate the response of neoplasms to radiotherapy and chemotherapy. Nonmedical applications include nondestructive testing and characterization of materials using high resolution ("microscopic") NMR imaging and fluid velocity imaging in hollow-fiber bioreactors. (Sotak, Helmer)

Soft Tissue Biomechanics/ Tissue Engineering

Research focused on understanding the growth and development of connective tissues and on the influence of mechanical stimulation on cells in native and engineered three-dimensional constructs.

Research areas include: (1) micromechanical characterization of tissues, (2) constitutive modeling, (3) creation of bioartificial tissues *in vitro,* and (4) the effects of mechanical stimulation on the functional properties of cells and tissues. (Billiar)

Bacterial Adhesion to Biomaterials

The mechanisms governing bacterial adhesion to teeth, contact lenses, and implanted or transdermal devices are poorly understood at this time. However, it is known that the presence of a biofilm on a biomaterial surface will lead to infection and cause an implanted device to fail. Often, removal of the device is the only option since microbes attached to a surface are highly resistant to antibiotics. Research in the laboratory is aimed at characterizing the fundamentals of microbial interaction forces, cell-to-cell interactions and microbial adhesion to biomaterials. We are using atomic force microscopy and related techniques to probe microbe-surface or cell-to-cell interactions, in order to eventually design materials that are resistant to microbial colonization.

Biomechanics

Research involving the relationship between the applied stress and the response of neurons located in soft tissues is being conducted at the University of Massachusetts Medical School. Collaborative orthopedic research on large and small animals is being conducted at Tufts University School of Veterinary Medicine. Current on-campus studies include the measurement and analysis of kinetics and kinematics of human and animal motion, and improving the mechanical design of minimally invasive medical instruments. Also, flow patterns related to arterial stenosis and the influence of arteriosclerosis on vasculative and dynamic aortic compliance are being investigated. Additional studies include evaluation of osteoarthritis and osteoporosis models, and interfacial problems associated with engineered biomaterials. (Hoffman, Savilonis)

Biomedical Materials

Calcium phosphate ceramics for bone substitution. Biocomposites for craniomaxillofacial and orthopedic applications. Shape

memory metals and polymers in biomedical devices. Fracture fixation devices. Degradation of implant materials. Interface mechanics issues between soft and hard connective tissues and engineered biomaterials. Structural and biological evaluation of new biomaterials via animal models. (Shivkumar)

Medical Imaging

Contrast agents for nuclear medicine. Dose reduction using new detectors. Development of new detection devices for diagnostic radiology and nuclear medicine. Characterization of image intensifiers, radiation dosimetry. Tomographic image reconstruction, scatter and attenuation correction, restoration filtering, image segmentation. (King, Glick, Davis)

Magnetic Resonance Imaging and Spectroscopy of Brain Function

The development and application of magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) and spectroscopy (MRS) to the study of brain function in animal models, including: (1) novel methodologies to dynamically measure cerebral blood flow, BOLD (vascular oxygenation), compartment-specific tissue oxygen tension, arterial and venous blood volume fractions; (2) high-resolution functional MRI techniques; and (3) simultaneous electrophysiological and functional MRI recordings. Applications include: (1) the neurophysiological and biophysical basis of functional MRI signal sources; (2) submillimeter columnar structures and organization; (3) blood blow, oxygenation and function of the retina; and (4) functional recovery and reorganization after stroke. (Duong)

Sensory and Physiologic Signal Processing

Application of signal processing, mathematical modeling and other electrical and computer engineering skills to the study of issues related to human sensation and physiology. Major areas of focus are hearing and electromyography (EMG). Hearing research is concentrating on improved signal processing in hearing aid devices to improve speech perception by the hearing impaired. In the area of EMG (the electrical activity of skeletal muscle),

Biomedical Engineering

improvements to the detection and interpretation of EMG for such uses as the control of powered prosthetic limbs and musculoskeletal modeling are continuing. (Clancy, Whitmal)

Spectroscopic Measurement of Blood and Tissue Chemistry

Applications of optical spectroscopy for the noninvasive measurement of blood and tissue chemistry, ultimately to be able to perform chemical analysis and diagnosis without removing a sample from the patient. Currently investigating the use of near infrared spectroscopy in combination with *in vivo* chemometric techniques to determine tissue pH, blood hematocrit and electrolyte concentration. Also interested in the application of this technology in the triage and treatment of trauma patients and diagnosis of vulnerable plaque. (Soller)

Ultrasound Measurements

Applications under current investigation include atherosclerotic plaque classification by means of ultrasound and ultrasound-based osteoporosis detection. For plaque classification, the goal is the development of an improved method for identifying atherosclerotic plaque types, especially distinguishing between stable and vulnerable plaque, by overcoming the aberrating effect of the inhomogeneous soft tissue layers between the transducer and the vessel. The concept is based on utilizing the detected backscatter level from a blood volume adjacent to the atherosclerotic lesion as a reference, in order to determine the absolute backscatter level of the lesion. For osteoporosis detection, the goal is to evaluate the efficacy of new ultrasound parameters for estimating bone density, microstructure and growth axis, as a basis of assessing fracture risk. In addition to BUA, new parameters are being investigated. (Pedersen)

Research Laboratories and Facilities

Research projects are primarily conducted in WPI's Salisbury Laboratories and on the UMMS campus. Core WPI biomedical engineering research laboratories include a bioinstrumentation laboratory, a biomaterials/tissue engineering laboratory, a biosensor research laboratory, an optical imaging laboratory and a soft tissue biomechanics/tissue engineering laboratory. Other research projects are conducted in the laboratories of associated biomedical engineering program faculty at WPI and UMMS. Major areas of research focus in these laboratories include biomechanics, biological signal processing, imaging, tissue engineering and ultrasound. A close cooperation with the Tufts University School of Veterinary Medicine makes their staff and facilities available for project work and internships.

A Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) imaging facility is located at the Central Massachusetts Magnetic Imaging Center (CMMIC) and is part of a joint research program between the Department of Biomedical Engineering and the Department of Radiology at the UMass Memorial HealthCare (UMMHC) Center. This 1630-square-foot research facility houses a General Electric (GE) CSI-II 2.0 Tesla (T) / 45 cm imaging spectrometer as well as a chemistry/electronics laboratory for sample preparation and radio frequency coil research. In addition to the research facility, an 8500-square-foot clinical MR facility housing two GE 1.5 T clinical imaging instruments is available at the CMMIC for suitable research projects.

In addition to the above research laboratories, the department maintains a number of teaching laboratories and facilities that may support research activities, including a bioinstrumentation and biosignals laboratory, a computing and imaging facility, a dedicated projects laboratory and a physiology teaching facility. The department of biology and biotechnology, also located in the Salisbury Laboratories, maintains a number of facilities that also may support biomedical engineering research activities. The WPI Gordon Library provides complete library services. Access to other libraries in the Worcester area, including the UMMS medical library, is available.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S.

A minimum of 30 credit hours is required for the master of science degree, of which at least 6 credit hours must be a thesis. Course requirements include 6 credit hours of life science, 6 credits of biomedical engineering, 6 credits of advanced engineering math and 6 credits of electives (any WPI graduate-level engineering, physics, math, biomedical engineering, or equivalent course, subject to approval of the department head or the student's Academic Advisor). Students are required to pass BE591 Graduate Seminar twice.

For the M.E.

A minimum of 33 credit hours is required for the master of engineering degree. Course requirements include 6 credits of life science, 12 credits of biomedical engineering, 6 credits of advanced engineering math and 9 credits of electives (any WPI graduate-level engineering, physics, math, biomedical engineering, or equivalent course, subject to approval of the department head or the student's Academic Advisor). Students may substitute 3 to 6 credits of directed research for 3 credits of biomedical engineering and/or 3 credits of electives. An internship experience is required for students earning the M.E. in Clinical Engineering (3 credits). Students are required to pass BE591 Graduate Seminar twice.

For the Ph.D.

The Ph.D. program has no formal course requirements. However, because research in the field of biomedical engineering requires a solid working knowledge of a broad range of subjects in the life sciences, engineering and mathematics, course credits must be distributed across the following categories with the noted minimums:

- Biomedical Engineering (12 credits)
- Life Sciences (9 credits)
- Advanced Engineering Mathematics (6 credits)
- Laboratory Rotations (6 credits)
- Responsible Conduct of Science (1 credit)
- Advanced Courses and Electives (12 credits)
- Dissertation Research (30 credits)

Biomedical Engineering

The student's Academic Advisory Committee may require additional course work to address specific deficiencies in the student's background. Students are required to pass BE591 Graduate Seminar four times.

No later than the start of the third year after formal admittance to the Ph.D. program, students are required to pass a Ph.D. qualifying examination. This examination is a defense of an original research proposal, outside the area of the student's dissertation topic, made before a committee representative of the area of specialization. The examination is used to evaluate the ability of the student to pose meaningful engineering and scientific questions, to propose experimental methods for answering those questions, and to interpret the validity and significance of probable outcomes of these experiments. It is also used to test a student's comprehension and understanding of their formal course work in life sciences, biomedical engineering and mathematics. Admission to candidacy is officially conferred upon students who have completed their course credit requirements, exclusive of dissertation research credit, and passed the Ph.D. qualifying examination.

Students in the Ph.D. program are required to participate in at least two different laboratory rotations during their first two years in the program. Laboratory rotations—short periods of research experience under the direction of program faculty members—are intended to familiarize students with concepts and techniques in several different engineering and scientific fields. They allow faculty members to observe and evaluate the research aptitudes of students and permit students to evaluate the types of projects that might be developed into dissertation projects. Upon completion of each rotation, the student presents a seminar and written report on the research accomplished. Each rotation is a 3- or 4-credit course and lasts a minimum of eight weeks if the student participates full time in the laboratory, or up to a full semester if the student takes courses at the same time.

All candidates for the Ph.D. degree must demonstrate teaching skills by preparing, presenting and evaluating a teaching exercise. This experience may involve a research seminar, lecture, demonstration or conference in the context of a medical school basic science course. Formal parts of the presentation may be videotaped as appropriate. The presentation and associated materials are critiqued and evaluated by program faculty members. The student's Academic Advisory Committee is responsible for evaluating the teaching exercise based on criteria previously defined. The teaching requirement can be fulfilled at any time, and there is no limit to the number of attempts a student may make to fulfill this requirement. It must, however, be completed successfully before the dissertation defense can be held.

The Ph.D. program requires a full-time effort for a minimum of at least three years and does not require a foreign language examination.

Admission Requirements

Biomedical engineering embraces the application of engineering to the study of medicine and biology. While the scope of biomedical engineering is broad, applicants are expected to have an undergraduate degree or a strong background in engineering and to achieve basic and advanced knowledge in engineering, life sciences, and biomedical engineering. For the joint Ph.D. program, students are also expected to have had one semester of organic chemistry, a full year of biology, and mathematics through differential equations. Special programs are available for outstanding graduates lacking the necessary prerequisites or with a background in the physical or life sciences. These special programs typically involve an individualized plan of course work at the advanced undergraduate level, with formal admittance to the program following the successful completion (with grades of B or higher) of this course work.

Biomedical Engineering

Faculty

Core BME Program Faculty

C. H. Sotak, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., Syracuse University

K. L. Billiar, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania

K. G. Helmer, Research Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Rochester

Y. Mendelson, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Case Western Reserve University

R. A. Peura, Professor; Ph.D., Iowa State University

G. D. Pins, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Rutgers University

R. D. Shonat, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania

Associated BME Program Faculty

Anderson, F. A., Ph.D.; Department of Surgery, UMMS

Ault, H. K., Ph.D.; Department of Mechanical Engineering, WPI

Camesano, T. A., Ph.D.; Department of Chemical Engineering, WPI

Carrington, W. A., Ph.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Clancy, E. A., Ph.D.; Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, WPI

Davis, M. A., M.D.; Department of Radiology, UMMS

Duong, T. Q., Ph.D.; Department of Psychiatry, UMMS

Fogarty, K. E., M.S.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Glick, S. J., Ph.D.; Department of Radiology, UMMS

Grigg, P., Ph.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Hoffman, A. H., Ph.D.; Department of Mechanical Engineering, WPI

King, M. A., Ph.D.; Department of Radiology, UMMS

Lifshitz, L. M., Ph.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Looft, F. J., III, Ph.D.; Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, WPI

Mardirossian, G., M.D., Ph.D.; Department of Radiology, UMMS

Paydarfar, D., M.D.; Department of Neurology, UMMS

Pedersen, P. C., Ph.D.; Department of Electrical and Computer Engineering, WPI

Savilonis, B. J., Ph.D.; Department of Mechanical Engineering, WPI

Shivkumar, S. S., Ph.D.; Department of Mechanical Engineering, WPI

Singer, J. J., Ph.D.; Departments of Physiology and Biochemistry and Molecular Pharmacology, UMMS

Soller, B. R., Ph.D.; Department of Surgery, UMMS

Sullivan, J. M., Ph.D.; Department of Mechanical Engineering, WPI

Tang, D.; Department of Mathematical Sciences, WPI

Tuft, R. A., Ph.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Walsh, J. V., M.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Wang, Y-L., Ph.D.; Departments of Cell Biology and Physiology, UMMS

Wolf, D. E., Ph.D.; Department of Physiology, UMMS

Adjunct BME Faculty

Leal, M. J., M.S.; U.S. Food and Drug Administration

Rodger, R. M., D.V.M.; Veterinarian, Private Practice

Biomedical Sciences

Program of Study

The Worcester Consortium Ph.D. Program in Biomedical Sciences is an innovative program created and administered by WPI. The Consortium, for this program, consists of WPI, Clark University, The University of Massachusetts Medical School and the Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research. Students may enter the program and receive their degree either from WPI or from Clark, but may complete their dissertation research at any of these Consortium institutions. Admission to the program requires evidence of substantial post-baccalaureate research experience and a commitment of support from a research sponsor.

Students are expected to begin their dissertation research immediately upon entering the program. Students choosing to enter through WPI are considered WPI graduate students and must meet the general degree requirements of WPI as well as requirements specified by the department through which they enter. A detailed description of procedures and degree requirements is available in the office of the biology and biotechnology department.

Research Interests

Research opportunities at WPI exist in the general areas of molecular biology and recombinant DNA technology. Other research interests include microbiology, environmental biology, developmental biology, and plant and animal physiology. Details are available upon request.

Combining resources of the four participating institutions presents a unique opportunity for a graduate education. The faculty and laboratories available to the student are magnified over those of any single institution. A professional environment of these dimensions permits a great deal of freedom to acquire and develop many novel ideas during the pursuit of a Ph.D.

Biomedical Sciences Laboratories

The laboratory resources at all four participating institutions are available to aid in the student's research activities, as are graduate level courses at WPI, Clark University, University of Massachusetts Medical School and the Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research.

Registration and Fees

Students may, with the approval of their Advisory Committee, transfer up to one-third of the required credit hours for the doctoral degree from one of the other named consortium institutions or from another accredited institution subject to the following criteria:

- Must be graduate level courses with a final grade of B or better.
- Research credits are not transferable.
- Students registering at WPI for research credit at a Consortium institution other than WPI are required to pay one-half the current cost per credit hour. Course work and research conducted on campus is charged at the normal credit-hour cost.

Degree Requirements
For the Ph.D.

The student's research program is supervised by a committee of professional scientists representing at least two of the participating institutions, including a faculty member from the degree-granting institution. During the first year of study, the student must pass a preliminary examination that includes both written and oral segments. A written dissertation, a seminar based on the content of the dissertation and a final dissertation defense are also required for the Ph.D. degree. There is no foreign language requirement.

Admission Requirements

A student entering through WPI must meet the entrance and graduation requirements of this institution for the Ph.D. However, the student may have a Research Advisor and project at University of Massachusetts Medical School, Clark University, Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research or WPI. The student is expected to have substantial academic background, surpassing that acquired while pursuing a traditional bachelor's degree in biology, and students with postgraduate experience or a master's degree are encouraged to apply. Research assistantships may be offered to qualified students. Teaching assistantships may also be available.

Dissertation Defense

Candidates for the Ph.D. must give a public seminar on their dissertation research, to be followed immediately by a defense of the dissertation before an Examining Committee. The Dissertation Examining Committee should include the student's Advisory Committee and must include at least two members of the WPI faculty. For students in the Consortium Ph.D. in Biomedical Sciences, the Dissertation Examining Committee must include at least one member of the Steering Committee of the Consortium. All members of the Examining Committee must be present for the public presentation and subsequent defense.

The Dissertation Examining Committee will pass the student unanimously or with no more than one dissenting vote. The dissertation will be signed by those members voting for approval. A student who fails the dissertation defense may repeat the defense within no more than six months from the date of the failed defense. A second failure will result in dismissal from the program.

Requests for more information or application forms should be made to the program director at 508-831-5930, or jbagshaw@wpi.edu.

Program Director

J. C. Bagshaw, Professor and Program Head; Ph.D., University of Tennessee

Program faculty members are assembled as appropriate from WPI, Clark University, University of Massachusetts Medical School and the Worcester Foundation for Biomedical Research.

Chemical Engineering

Programs of Study

Students have the opportunity to do creative work on state-of-the-art research projects as a part of their graduate study in chemical engineering. The programs offers excellent preparation for rewarding careers in research, industry or education. Selection of graduate courses and thesis project is made with the aid of a faculty advisor with whom the student works closely. All graduate students participate in a seminar during each term of residence.

The master's degree program in chemical engineering is concerned with the advanced topics of the field. While specialization is possible, most students are urged to advance their knowledge along a broad front. All students select a portion of their studies from core courses in mathematics, thermodynamics, reactor design, kinetics and catalysis, and transport phenomena. In addition, they choose courses from a wide range of electives. While a master's degree can be obtained with course work alone, most students carry on research terminating in a thesis.

In the doctoral program, a broad knowledge of chemical engineering topics is required for success in the qualifying examination. Beyond this point, more intensive specialization is achieved in the student's field of research through course work and thesis research.

Research Interests

The Chemical Engineering Department's research effort is concentrated in the following major areas: advanced materials processing, biochemical engineering, biomedical engineering, process control and environmental engineering. Advanced materials processing encompasses catalysis, reaction engineering, and zeolite science and technology.

Biochemical engineering includes bioreactor engineering and bioseparations while biomedical engineering studies are focused on cell-surface interactions. Environmental Engineering encompasses air pollution and atmospheric aerosols, and pollution prevention in chemical processes, environmentally benign chemical reactor technology, fuel cell technology and new environ-

mentally benign catalytic processes. Process control involves analysis and control of nonlinear processes. Master's and doctoral candidates' research in these areas involves the application of all fundamental aspects of chemical engineering.

Of the 30 to 35 graduate students, approximately 75% are Ph.D. candidates. Research groups tend to be small; because of this, students find considerable interaction with faculty advisors as well as among various research groups. In such an atmosphere, graduate students have exceptional opportunities to contribute to their field. Studies may be pursued in the following areas:

Advanced Materials Processing
Catalysis and Reaction Engineering

Research in this area is centered around the physical and chemical behavior of fluids, especially gases, in contact with homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysts. Projects include diffusion through porous solids, multicomponent adsorption, mechanism studies; microkinetics, synthesis and characterization of catalysts; catalytic reformers; heat and mass transfer in catalytic reactors; and reactor dynamics.

Zeolite Science and Technology

Research in the area of zeolite science involves synthesis, characterization and applications of molecular sieve zeolites. In particular, developing an understanding of the fundamental mechanisms of zeolite nucleation and crystal growth in hydrothermal systems is of interest. Uses of zeolite as liquid and gas phase adsorbents, and as catalysts, are being studied. Incorporation of zeolites into membranes for separations is being investigated due to zeolites' very regular pore dimensions on the molecular level.

Solid-State Characterization

The primary focus in this area is the use of optical spectroscopy in the structural characterization of materials, especially catalysts.

Biochemical Engineering
Bioreactor Engineering: Whole Cells

Research in this area centers around studies of the analysis of biological reactors using whole cells as the biocatalysts. Types of reactors studied include stirred tank, packed bed and hollow fiber, and the types of cells studied are bacteria, yeast and mammalian. The focus of the work is on understanding the behavior of cells in reactor environments. Recently, we have explored the relationship between the stress response and overproduction of recombinant protein products.

Bioreactor Engineering: Plant Tissue Culture

Plants are an important source of pharmaceutically active compounds. Many of these secondary metabolites are only produced if the plant cells exhibit a certain level of organization, i.e., they exist as plant organs such as roots or shoots. Designing bioreactors to grow plant tissue culture and for micropropagation presents unique engineering challenges. The focus of our work is to understand the response of plant tissue cultures to changes in reactor environment in order to optimize production. This work is a collaborative effort that involves chemical engineers, biologists and biochemists.

Bioseparations

Full realization of biotechnology's potential to produce useful products will require the engineering of efficient and, in some cases, large-scale production and recovery processes. Research in the bioseparations laboratory is aimed at understanding and exploiting the thermodynamic and transport properties of biological materials underlying their separation, to improve existing purification methods and develop new separation techniques. Recent projects include partitioning in aqueous two-phase systems, affinity partitioning, extractive fermentation, filtration using inorganic membranes, and a new large-scale electrophoretic separation method.

Chemical Engineering

Biomedical Engineering
Bacterial Adhesion to Biomaterials

The mechanisms governing bacterial adhesion to teeth, contact lenses, and implanted or transdermal devices are poorly understood at this time. However, it is known that the presence of a biofilm on a biomaterial surface will lead to infection and cause an implanted device to fail. Often, removal of the device is the only option since microbes attached to a surface are highly resistant to antibiotics. Work in our laboratory is aimed at characterizing bacterial interaction forces and adhesion to biomaterials. We are using novel techniques to probe bacterial-surface interactions, in order to design materials that are resistant to microbial colonization.

Process Analysis and Control
Nonlinear Process

Current research efforts lie in the broad area of nonlinear process analysis and control, and are directed toward a fundamental understanding of certain key issues which are present in the analysis and synthesis of control systems for nonlinear processes in both continuous and discrete-time domain. In particular, the following thematic areas may be identified in our current research plan: (1) synthesis of robust optimal continuous and discrete-time (digital) feedback regulators for nonlinear processes in the presence of model uncertainty; (2) design of discrete-time nonlinear state estimators for digital process monitoring and fault detection/diagnosis purposes; (3) risk analysis and management with applications to process safety; (4) development of the appropriate software tools for the effective digital implementation of the above control, monitoring and risk management schemes; and (5) design and conduct of process dynamic analysis, control, monitoring and diagnostics-related experiments associated with a variety of operation units in the process control lab for educational, training and research purposes.

Environmental Engineering
Air Pollution and Atmospheric Aerosols

Atmospheric aerosols play a major role in the chemical and radiative processes in the atmosphere. Understanding the formation and growth of new particles in the complex, multicomponent system represented by the atmosphere is a major challenge. A related issue is the formation of new phases in or on the surface of an existing aerosol, that can influence the chemical reactions occurring there. Experiments and modeling are both used to address these problems.

Bacterial and Biopolymer Interactions in the Aquatic Environment

Interests are directed to the roles bacteria and bacterial extracellular polymers play in environmental processes. Experimental work is focused at characterizing biocolloid systems at the nanoscale. The main areas of environmental research are: (1) transport of bacteria in porous media, (2) adhesion of bacteria to soil or to the natural organic matter coatings present on soil, (3) the role of biopolymers in promoting bacterial adhesion, and (4) the role of biopolymers in coagulation of trace metals in surface water. The applications involve natural and engineered systems, and include improving *in situ* bioremediation efforts, prevention of water contamination with either microbes or toxic compounds, and the design of better treatment options for wastewater.

Environmental Catalysis and Reactor Design

The use of catalysis to solve problems of environmental importance is emphasized. New processes that will avoid the production of pollutants and also processes that will recycle undesired products are explored. Working closely with industry to identify significant issues is important. Design of novel reactors to minimize the formation of harmful unwanted side products is being carried out, with present emphasis on membrane reactors and preventing thermal runaway in fixed-bed reactors. Novel-supported molten metal catalysts are being developed for pollution abatement.

Fuel Cell Technology

Fuel cells have potential as clean and efficient power sources for automobiles and stationary appliances. Research is being conducted on developing, characterizing and modeling of fuel cells that are robust for these consumer applications. This includes development of CO-tolerant anodes, higher temperature proton-exchange membranes and direct methanol fuel cells. In addition, reformers are being investigated to produce hydrogen from liquid fuels.

Chemical Engineering Laboratories
Biocolloid Laboratory

All of the experimental work in this lab is geared at characterizing biocolloid systems (bacterial cells, biopolymers, other types of cells, etc.) at the nanoscale. The main piece of equipment used is an atomic force microscope, which can operate in liquids or under ambient conditions. Computers with sophisticated image analysis software are used to quantify phenomena observed in the images. A laminar flow hood is used for working with sterile cultures, and ample wet chemistry space to do preparative work.

Bioreactor Engineering Laboratory

This laboratory has stirred-tank, packed-bed and membrane-type bioreactors used in the production of biological products.

Zeolite Crystallization Laboratory

This laboratory is equipped for hydrothermal syntheses of molecular sieve zeolites over a wide range of temperature, chemical composition and hydrodynamic conditions. The objective is to understand how zeolites nucleate and grow.

Synthesis results are characterized by optical and electron microscopy, X-ray diffraction and particle size analysis. The unique aspect of measuring zeolite crystal size distribution is facilitated by the computer-interfaced Particle Data Electrozone Celloscope.

Heat and Mass Transfer Laboratory

This laboratory is mainly computational. Workstations are dedicated to the application of computational fluid dynamics

Chemical Engineering

(CFD) to transport problems in chemical reaction engineering. Current research interests include simulation of flow and heat transfer in packed-bed reactors and membrane reactors. Capabilities also exist in this lab for simulation of gas dynamics in microchannels. Experimental facilities include the measurement of heat and mass transfer coefficients in packed columns.

Plant Tissue Culture Laboratory

This laboratory includes plant culture rooms, analytical equipment to monitor the composition of the liquid and gas phases of the reactors, and to analyze for the desired secondary products.

Aerosol Laboratory

This laboratory is equipped to conduct fundamental studies of aerosol formation, growth and structure, using both a two-pulse expansion cloud chamber and a supersonic nozzle, so that we can examine a wide range of supersaturations. The supersonic nozzle is portable and is regularly transported to the Cold Neutron Research Facility at the National Institute of Standards and Technology to conduct small-angle neutron scattering experiments on nanodroplet aerosols.

Environmental Catalysis Laboratory

Kinetics on industrial catalysts and their flat model replicas are studied. For the industrial catalysts, kinetics is measured in flow, batch and CSTR reactors. The product analysis is made with gas chromatographs (GC), mass spectrometers (MS) or GC-MS. Other characterization methods are temperature-programmed reaction with an MS detector and volumetric cell apparatus for the determination of total and metal surface areas. Studies under reaction conditions are carried out with ultraviolet and visible Raman spectrometers.

For the model catalyst studies, two ultra-high-vacuum, surface science analysis systems are available. These systems were custom built and were designed to measure kinetics at high pressure (1.5 atm). The sample can be transferred directly between the analysis and the reactor cell without exposure to the ambient. The techniques available are mass spectrometry, low-energy electron diffraction, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy, Auger electron spectroscopy and scanning tunneling microscopy. The reactor cell is designed for the measurement of reaction kinetics and for *in situ* Raman spectroscopy.

Catalyst and Reaction Engineering Laboratory (CREL)

A large variety of equipment is available in CREL for catalyst preparation and characterization, and detailed kinetic studies. This includes various reactors such as several packed-bed reactors, a Parr reactor, a slurry reactor, a membrane reactor, a porous-walled tubular reactor and an adiabatic tubular reactor with several thermocouples for monitoring temperature. All necessary analytical instruments are also available, such as several microbalances, volumetric BET apparatus, mercury porosimeter, several gas chromatographs, a Perkin-Elmer GC-MS with Q-Mass 910 mass spectrometer, Nicolet Magna-IR 560 FTIR with DRIFT cell for catalyst surface characterization, Rosemount Chemiluminescence NO/NO_x Analyzer NGA 2000 and a TEOM Series 1500 PMA Pulse Mass Analyzer for TPD/TGA experiments. Other available equipment in CREL includes hoods, several HPLC liquid feed pumps; several vacuum pumps; temperature, pressure and flow monitors and controllers, furnaces, vacuum oven, diffusion cell, and all necessary glassware and other laboratory supplies for catalyst preparation and testing. In addition, several Macintosh computers and PCs are available within the laboratory. The available equipment is used for the design, synthesis and characterization of novel catalytic materials, and for reactor analysis.

Fuel Cell Laboratory (FCL)

A 5 cm^2 and a 25 cm^2 proton-exchange membrane (PEM) fuel cell test station—complete with flow, pressure, humidity and temperature controllers, and an external electronic load (HP Model No. 6060B) with a power supply (Lambda LFS-46-5) —are available. In addition, a direct methanol fuel cell (DMFC) is available. A hot press, Carver Model C—along with other equipment for casting membranes and for fabricating membrane-electrode assemblies (MEAs) including catalyst preparation equipment—is available. A cell for studying conductivity at different relative humidities and temperatures is available. Other equipment includes a Solartron SI 1260 AC Impedance Analyzer and a rotating disc electrode. The available equipment allows design and thorough characterization of new fuel cells, including cyclic voltammetry and frequency analysis.
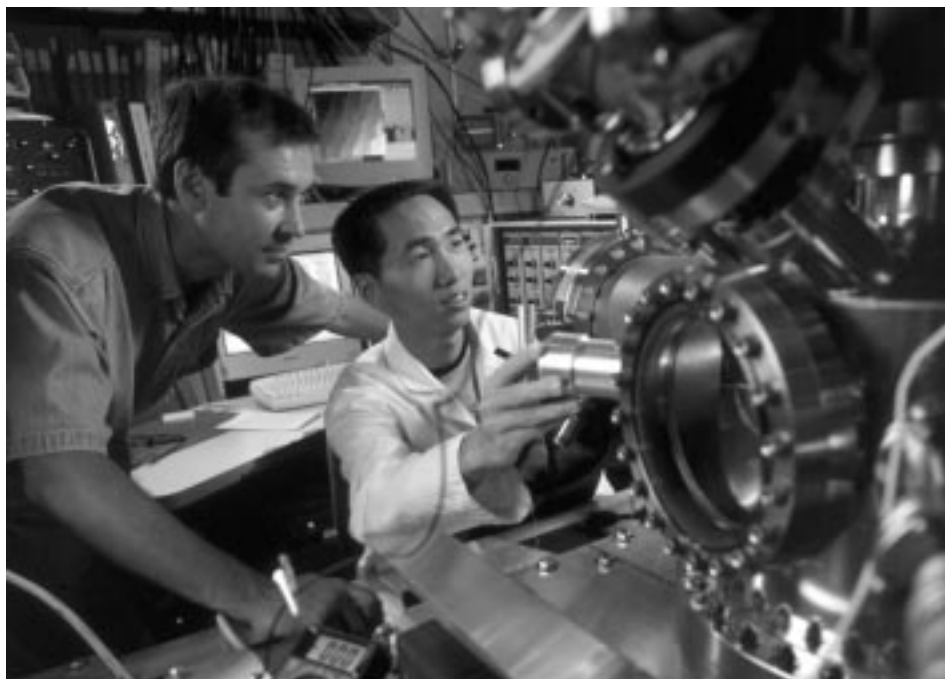
Chemical Engineering

Center for Inorganic Membrane Studies (CIMS)

The goals of the Center for Inorganic Membrane Studies are to develop industry and university collaboration for inorganic membrane research, and to promote and expand the science of inorganic membranes as a technological base for industrial applications through fundamental research. An interdisciplinary approach has been taken by the center to assemble all of the essential skills in synthesis, modeling, material characterization, diffusion measurements and general properties determinations of inorganic membranes. Current projects include microporous and dense inorganic membrane synthesis, and reactive membrane studies, fouling and transport studies, characterization of membrane degradation and applications in biotechnology. Facilities including SEM with EDX and ultrafiltration units are available.

Fuel Cell Center (FCC)

The Fuel Cell Center is a University/industry alliance comprising industrial members, faculty members, staff, and graduate and undergraduate students. The faculty members of FCC come from the various departments at WPI. The research is performed in the various laboratories of the faculty members. The industrial members represent companies or other organizations with interest in fuel cell technology, including fuel cell companies, automobile manufacturers, utilities, petroleum companies, chemical companies, catalysis companies, etc.

The objectives of the FCC are: (1) to perform research and development of fuel cells, fuel reformers and related components for mobile and stationary applications; (2) to educate graduate and undergraduate students in fuel cell technology; and (3) to facilitate technology transfer between the University and industry. The current projects include development of proton-exchange membrane (PEM) fuel cells, direct methanol fuel cells (DMFCs), molten carbonate fuel cells (MCFCs), microbial fuel cells, fuel cell stacks, membrane reformers, microreformers, reformer catalysis, fuel cell electrocatalysis, composite proton-exchange membranes, inorganic membranes, and transport and reaction modeling.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S.
Thesis Option

A total of 30 credit hours is required, including 18 credit hours of course work and at least 12 credit hours of thesis work. The course work must include 15 credit hours of graduate level chemical engineering courses and 9 of these must be chosen from the core curriculum. A satisfactory oral seminar presentation must be given every year in residence.

Non-Thesis Option

A total of 30 credit hours is required, including a minimum of 24 credit hours in graduate level courses. At least 21 course credit hours must be in chemical engineering and 9 of these must be chosen from the core curriculum. A maximum of 6 credit hours of independent study under the faculty advisor may be part of the program.

For the Ph.D.

There are no language requirements, although candidates are encouraged to be familiar with those languages in which a significant portion of their specialized field is published.

Upon completion of the comprehensive qualifying examination, candidates must present a research proposal in order to acquaint members of the faculty with the chosen research topic.

Admission Requirements

An undergraduate degree in chemical engineering is preferred for master's and doctoral degree applicants. Those with related backgrounds will also be considered, but may be required to complete prerequisite course work in some areas.

Faculty

R. Datta, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., University of California, Santa Barbara

T. A. Camesano, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Pennsylvania State University

W. M. Clark, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Rice University

D. DiBiasio, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

A. G. Dixon, Professor; Ph.D., University of Edinburgh

N. K. Kazantzis, Assistant Professor; Ph.D, University of Michigan

Y. H. Ma, Professor; Ph.D. Massachusetts Institute of Technology

W. R. Moser, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

R. W. Thompson, Professor; Ph.D., Iowa State University

R. E. Wagner, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., Princeton University

A. H. Weiss, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania

B. E. Wyslouzil, Professor; Ph.D., California Institute of Technology

Chemistry and Biochemistry

Programs of Study

The Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry offers the M.S. in either chemistry or biochemistry, as well as a Ph.D. The major areas of research in the department are biochemistry and biophysics, molecular engineering and syntheses, and nanotechnology. As graduate education in chemistry and biochemistry is primarily research oriented, there are no formal course requirements other than participation in seminar in every semester of residence. It is expected that students will begin their research in collaboration with a faculty member by the end of the first term of residence.

Research Interests

The three major areas of research in the department are:

- Biochemistry and biophysics. Within this area there is active research on a number of topics including heavy metal transport and metal homeostasis of both plants and bacteria, plant pathogen interactions, enzyme structure and function, regulation of plant development by light, and others.
- Molecular Engineering and Synthesis. Within this area there is active research on topics encompassing supramolecular materials, photovoltaic materials, polymorphism in pharmaceutical drugs, spectroscopy of heterocyclic molecules, photophysical properties of cumulenes, host-guest chemistry, and more.
- Nanotechnology. This research area encompasses such projects as photonic and nonlinear optical materials, nanoporous and microporous crystals of organic and coordination compounds, molecular interactions at surfaces, and others.

Chemistry and Biochemistry Laboratories

The Chemistry and Biochemistry Department is located in Goddard Hall, which houses 20,000 square feet of research laboratories, shops and instrument laboratories. The research activities in the department are concentrated in the following areas: organic synthesis, medicinal chemistry, biochemistry, laser chemistry, photochemistry, solid state chemistry and molecular modeling. Department facilities and instrumentation in individual research laboratories that support this research include 200 and 400 MHz FT-NMR, GC-MS, GC, HPLC, capillary electrophoresis, DSC (differential scanning calorimeter), TGA (thermogravometric analysis), polarizing optical stenomicroscope, FT-IR, UV-VIS absorption, flourescence and phosphorescence spectroscopy; and cyclic voltammetry. The department is exceptionally well set up with computer facilities and is also networked to the University's mainframe.

Degree Requirements

Because graduate education in chemistry and biochemistry is primarily research oriented, there are no formal departmental course requirements in the graduate program. However, it is expected that each graduate student will take graduate level courses in areas of chemistry that are relevant to their field of specialization. Entering students who have deficiencies in specific areas of chemistry (inorganic, organic, physical, or biochemistry), as revealed by preliminary examinations, will take appropriate courses to correct these deficiencies.

Each student should select a research advisor no later than the end of the first term (seven weeks) of residence, and research should be started by the beginning of the second term.

For the M.S.
Thesis

The M.S. degree in chemistry or biochemistry requires 30 semester hours of credit, of which at least 6 or more must be thesis research, and the remainder in approved independent studies and courses at the 4000 or 500 level. Special requirements of the Chemistry and Biochemistry Department are that an M.S. candidate must submit a thesis based upon research conducted under the direction of a faculty member during his or her tenure at WPI. The thesis must be approved by the faculty advisor and the chairman of the Chemistry and Biochemistry Department.

For the Ph.D.
Qualifying Examination

After formal admission to the doctoral program Ph.D. candidates must take the qualifying examination in their field of specialization.

At the end of the first semester of the second year of residence, the student must submit a written and an oral progress report on research completed to the Chemistry and Biochemistry Department.

Chemistry and Biochemistry

A committee of three faculty members, including the Research Advisor, will consider this progress report and the student's performance in courses, and will recommend to the department whether or not the student should complete a master of science degree, or if the student should be formally admitted to the Ph.D. program.

Dissertation

An oral examination is held after candidates have submitted their dissertations. The faculty of the Chemistry and Biochemistry Department, at least one member of another department and other scientists are invited to participate. The examination generally consists of a brief oral presentation of the principal points of the dissertation by the candidate, followed by questions from the faculty. The scope of the examination may be broadened if the faculty feel it necessary. In addition, the candidate is required to present as a part of the thesis and examination an original, significant proposal for further research in the area. Students formally admitted to the Ph.D. program are expected to complete their qualifying examination within three semesters (not including summers) from their admission date. At that time students should apply to the department for Ph.D. candidacy status.

Admission Requirements

A B.S. degree with demonstrated proficiency in chemistry or biochemistry is required to enter the M.S. program. Students wishing to pursue the Ph.D. must follow the procedure described above.

Faculty

J. P. Dittami, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

J. M. Argüello, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Universidad Nacional de Rió Cuarto, Argentina

H. Beall, Professor; Ph.D., Harvard University

L. H. Berka, Research Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

R. E. Connors, Professor; Ph.D., Northeastern University

C. D. Fairchild, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of California, Berkeley

W. D. Hobey, Associate Professor; Ph.D., California Institute of Technology

N. K. Kildahl, Professor; Ph.D., University of Illinois

W. G. McGimpsey, Professor; Ph.D., Queen's University, Canada

J. MacDonald, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Minnesota

J. W. Pavlik, Professor; Ph.D., George Washington University

A. A. Scala, Professor; Ph.D., Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn

V. R. Thalladi, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Hyderabad, India

S. J. Weininger, Professor; Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania

K. K. Wobbe, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Harvard University

Civil and Environmental Engineering

Programs of Study

http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/
Depts/CEE/Grad

The Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering (CEE) offers graduate programs leading to the degrees of master of science, master of engineering and doctor of philosophy. The department also offers graduate and advanced certificate programs. Full- and part-time study is available.

Master of Science and Doctor of Philosophy

The master of science and doctor of philosophy in civil and environmental engineering are arranged to meet the interests and objectives of the individual student. Through consultation with an advisor and appropriate selection from the courses listed in this catalog, from 4000-level undergraduate courses suitable for graduate credit, independent graduate study and concentrated effort in a research or project activity, a well-planned program may be achieved. Students may take acceptable courses in other departments. The complete program must be approved by the student's advisor and the Graduate Program Coordinator.

The faculty have a broad range of teaching and research interests. Through courses, projects and research, students gain excellent preparation for rewarding careers in many sectors of engineering, including consulting, industry, government and education.

Specialty programs are available in the following areas:

Structural Engineering

Courses from the structural offerings, combined with appropriate mathematics, mechanics and other courses, provide opportunities to pursue programs ranging from theoretical mechanics and analysis to structural design and materials research. There are ample opportunities for research and project work in mechanics, structures and construction, utilizing campus facilities and in cooperation with area consulting and contracting firms. The integration of design and construction into a cohesive master builder plan of studies is available.

The research topics in the recent past at

WPI are as follows – three-dimensional dynamic response of tall buildings to stochastic winds; the inelastic dynamic response of tall buildings to earthquakes; response of braced, framed-tube and outrigger-braced tall buildings to wind; dynamic response of tall buildings with base-isolation to seismic loads; eccentrically braced tall buildings to resist earthquakes; approximate methods of analysis and preliminary design of tall buildings; knowledge-based systems and neural networks for tall building design; structural design agents for building design; finite element methods for nonlinear analysis; finite element analysis of shell structures for dynamic and instability analysis; and box girder bridges.

Environmental Engineering

The environmental engineering program is designed to meet the needs of engineers and scientists in the environmental field. Coursework provides a strong foundation in both the theoretical and practical aspects of the environmental engineering discipline, while project and research activities allow for in-depth investigation of current and emerging topics. Courses are offered in the broad areas of water quality and waste treatment. Topics covered in classes include: hydraulics and hydrology; physical, chemical and biological treatment systems for water, wastewater, hazardous waste and industrial waste; contaminant transport, transformation and modeling; and water quality.

Current research interests in the environmental engineering program span a wide range of areas. These areas include microbial contamination of source waters, colloid and surface chemistry, physiochemical treatment processes, disinfection, pollution prevention for industries, treatment of hazardous and industrial wastes, biological wastewater treatment, environmental fluid dynamics and coastal processes, contaminant fate and transport in groundwater and surface water, exchanges between surface and subsurface waters, computer simulations of distribution systems, and land use development and controls. Research facilities include the Environmental Laboratory and several computing laboratories. Additional opportunities are provided through collaborative research projects

with Alden Research Laboratory, an independent hydraulics research laboratory with large-scale experimental facilities.

Geotechnical Engineering

Course offerings in soil mechanics, geotechnical and geoenvironmental engineering may be combined with structural engineering and engineering mechanics courses, as well as other appropriate University offerings.

Engineering and Construction

Designed to assist the development of professionals knowledgeable in the design/construction engineering processes, labor and legal relations, and the organization and use of capital. The program has been developed for those students interested in the development and construction of large-scale facilities. The program includes four required courses: CE 580, CE584, CE585 and MG 501. MG 501 can be substituted by an equivalent 3-credit-hour course approved by department. It must also include any two of the following courses: CE 581, CE 582, CE 583 and CE 586. The remaining courses in the students' program include a balanced choice from other civil engineering and management courses as approved by the advisor. It is possible to integrate a program in design and construction to develop a cohesive master builder plan of studies. Active areas of research include integration of design and construction, models and information technology, cooperative agreements, and international construction.

Highway Infrastructure

The objective of the highway infrastructure program is to provide a center for learning and education for the engineers who will design, build and maintain tomorrow's highway infrastructure.

The highway infrastructure program is a multi-disciplinary interdepartmental program designed to prepare students for careers designing, maintaining and managing highway infrastructure systems. Students gain proficiency in highway infrastructure technology in two complimentary ways: projects and course work. Projects focus on developing improved practical methods, procedures and techniques.

Civil and Environmental Engineering

Course work is focused on practical aspects of infrastructure technology needed by practicing engineers.

Research in the highway infrastructure program is sponsored by a variety of private and governmental organizations including the U. S. Federal Highway Administration, the National Cooperative Highway Research Program, the Massachusetts Highway Department, The Maine Department of Transportation, the Iowa Department of Transportation, the New England Transportation Consortium, the National Science Foundation and others. Some of the more active research areas being pursued in the highway infrastructure program include developing side-impact crash test and evaluation procedures, developing procedures for performing in-service performance evaluations of traffic barriers, assessing the field performance of traffic barriers, finite element analysis of crash events, structural crashworthiness, Superpave technology, pavement smoothness and ride quality measurement, recycled asphalt materials, and implementation of innovation in transportation management and other transportation-related topics.

Interdisciplinary M.S. Program in Construction Project Management

The interdisciplinary program combines offerings from several disciplines including civil engineering, management science, business and economics. Requirements for the degree are similar to those listed above for the master of science in engineering and construction management program.

Master of Engineering

The master of engineering is a professional practice-oriented degree. The degree is available both for undergraduate students who wish to remain at WPI an additional year to obtain both a bachelor of science and a master of engineering, as well as for students possessing a B.S. degree who wish to enroll in graduate school to seek this degree. At present, the M.E. program is offered in the following two areas of concentration:

Master Builder

The master builder program is designed for engineering and construction professionals who wish to better understand the industry's complex decision-making environment and to accelerate their career paths as effective project team leaders.

This is a practice-oriented program that builds upon a project-based curriculum and uses a multidisciplinary approach to problem solving for the integration of planning, design, construction and facility management. It emphasizes hands-on experience with information technology and teamwork.

Environmental

The environmental master of engineering program concentrates on the collection, storage, treatment and distribution of industrial and municipal water resources, and on pollution prevention and the treatment and disposal of industrial and municipal wastes.

Civil and Environmental Engineering Laboratories

The department has three civil and environmental engineering laboratories (Environmental Lab, Geotechnical Lab, and Materials/Structural Lab), plus three computer laboratories located within Kaven Hall, as well as a structural mechanics impact laboratory. The CEE laboratories are used by all civil and environmental engineering students and faculty. The computer laboratories are open to all WPI students and faculty. Uses for all laboratories include formal classes, student projects, research projects and unsupervised student activities.

Structural Mechanics Impact Laboratory

The Structural Mechanics Impact Laboratory is a teaching and research laboratory. The impact laboratory is used to explore the behavior of materials and components in collisions.

The Structural Mechanics Impact Laboratory consists of the following major pieces of equipment:

- An Instron Dynatup Model 8250 Instrumented Impact Test System,
- A high-speed video camera system,
- A data acquisition system, and
- A large-mass drop tower.

Fuller Environmental Laboratory

The Fuller Laboratory is designed for state-of-the-art environmental analyses, including water and wastewater testing

Civil and Environmental Engineering

and treatability studies. Major equipment includes an atomic absorption spectrophotometer, gas chromatograph, total organic carbon analyzer, UV-Vis spectrophotometer and particle counter. Along with ancillary equipment (such as a centrifuge, autoclave, incubators, balances, pH meters and water purification system), the laboratory is equipped for a broad range of physical, chemical and biological testing. The laboratory is shared by graduate research projects, graduate and undergraduate courses (CE 4060 Environmental Engineering Laboratory and CE 569 Environmental Engineering Treatability Laboratory) and undergraduate projects.

Materials/Structural Laboratory

The Materials/Structural Laboratory is set up for materials and structures testing. The laboratory is utilized for undergraduate teaching and projects, and graduate research. The laboratory is equipped for research activities including construction materials processing and testing. Materials tested in this lab include portland cement, concrete, asphalt, and fiber composites. The laboratory has several large-load mechanical testing machines.

Geotechnical Laboratory

The Geotechnical Laboratory is equipped for soil testing and is utilized for undergraduate teaching and projects, and graduate research. The primary use of the laboratory is teaching CE 4046.

Computer Laboratory No. 1

Computer Laboratory No. 1 (2000 square feet, referred to as the Stat Lab because of its association with the Mathematics Department) contains 28 X-terminals connected to WPI's UNIX network system. This facility has a complete presentation system (with PC, computer projector, VCR and sound system). Primary use of this laboratory includes computer science and mathematics courses, civil engineering project work and open use by the WPI community.

Computer Laboratory No. 2

Computer Laboratory No. 2 (2000 square feet, referred to as the CECIL Lab) contains 24 Pentium 400 computers connected to WPI's network system. In addition,

hook-up jacks to network connections for laptop computers are provided at four large group tables in the center of the CECIL room. A complete presentation system (computer projector, VCR and sound system) is in this facility. Primary use of this laboratory is for courses and civil engineering group project work.

Graduate Research Computing Laboratory (GRCL)

The GRCL is located in Kaven Hall, Room 203. The laboratory is for the use of civil and environmental engineering graduate students in the pursuit of their research and course work. The GCRL contains the following equipment:

- 4 dual-processor Pentium computers (WindowsNT),
- 4 single-processor Pentium computers (Windows98),
- 1 Pentium computer with a digitizer pad,
- 1 Power PC with a scanner, and
- 1 HP LaserJet printer.

All the hardware is connected to the WPI network. The Civil and Environmental Engineering Department is continually adding hardware and software to this facility in support of research activities in the department.

Degree Requirements
For the M.S.

The completion of 30 semester hours of credit, of which 6 credits must be research or project work, is required. A non-thesis alternative consisting of 33 semester hours is also available. In addition to civil and environmental engineering courses, students also may take courses relevant to their major area from other departments. Students who do not have the appropriate undergraduate background for the graduate courses in their program may be required to supplement the 30 semester hours with additional undergraduate studies.

For the M.E.

The master of engineering degree requires the completion of an integrated program of study that is formulated with a CEE faculty advisor at the start of the course of study. The program and subsequent modifications thereof must be submitted to and

approved by the CEE department head or the Graduate Program Coordinator, when they are developed or changed. The program requires the completion of 30 semester hours of credit. The following activities must be fulfilled through completion of the courses noted or by appropriate documentation by the department head or graduate program coordinator: experience with complex project management (CE 593 Advanced Project), competence in integration of computer applications and information technology (CE 585 Information Technology in the Integration of Civil Engineering), and knowledge in the area of professional business practices and ethics (CE 501 Professional Practice). The program shall also include course work in at least two subfields of civil and environmental engineering that are related to the M.E. area of specialization.

The primary subfield will provide the student with competence required for the analysis of problems encountered in practice and the design of engineering processes, systems and facilities. Subfields are currently available in structural engineering, engineering and construction management, highway and transportation engineering, geotechnical engineering, materials engineering, geohydrology, water quality management, water resources, waste management, and impact engineering. The subfield requirements are satisfied by completing two thematically related graduate courses that have been agreed upon by both the student and the advisor as appropriate to the program of study. In addition to the subfields noted above, other appropriate areas may be identified as long as it is clear that the courses represent advanced work and compliment the program. Course work and other academic experiences to fulfill this requirement will be defined in the integrated plan of study at the start of the program.

Transfer between M.S. and M.E. Program

A student may transfer from the M.E. program to the M.S. program at any time. A student may transfer from the M.S. program to the M.E. program only after an integrated program of study has been agreed upon by the student and the advi-

Civil and Environmental Engineering

sor in the area of concentration and approved by the CEE department head or the Graduate Program Coordinator.

For the Ph.D.

A dissertation in the candidate's major field of study is required. It is through the dissertation that a student demonstrates the ability to work independently on complex problems at a level commensurate with the Ph.D. degree. Since research interests of the civil and environmental engineering faculty are varied, there is opportunity for conducting research in several areas.

In addition to the college requirements for the Ph.D. degree, the CEE department requires students to establish a minor and to pass a comprehensive examination. Students must establish a minor outside their major area. This may be accomplished with three courses in the approved minor area. One member of the student's dissertation committee should represent the minor area. The student's dissertation committee has the authority to make decisions on academic matters associated with the Ph.D. program. To become a candidate for the doctorate, the student must pass a comprehensive examination administered by the student's dissertation committee. The candidate, on completion and submission of the dissertation, must defend it to the satisfaction of the dissertation committee.

Admission Requirements

For the M.S.

A B.S. degree in civil engineering (or another acceptable engineering field) is required for admission to the M.S. program in civil engineering. Students who do not have an ABET accredited B.S. degree may wish to enroll in the inderdisciplinary M.S. program.

For the environmental engineering program, a B.S. degree in civil, chemical or mechanical engineering is normally required; however, students with a B.S. in other engineering disciplines as well as physical and life sciences are eligible, provided they have met the undergraduate math and science requirements of the civil and environmental engineering program. A course in the area of fluid mechanics is

also required. All graduates of this option will receive a master of science in environmental engineering.

Students with a B.S. in civil engineering may petition the department Graduate Program Committee to change the degree designation to an M.S. in civil engineering, if they so desire and are qualified.

For the interdisciplinary M.S. program in construction project management, students with degrees in areas such as architecture, management engineering and civil engineering technology are normally accepted to this program. Management engineering students may be required to complete up to one year of undergraduate civil engineering courses before working on the M.S.

For the M.E.

A B.S. degree in civil engineering (or another acceptable engineering field) is required for admission to the M.E. program in civil engineering.

For the Ph.D.

Ph.D. applicants must have earned a master's degree (at WPI or another acceptable school) and passed a qualifying admission examination. This examination is administered within the first 18 credits of registration in the Ph.D. program.

Faculty

F. L. Hart, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

L. D. Albano, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

R. K. Allen, Adjunct Associate Professor; J.D., Franklin Pierce Law Center

J. Bergendahl, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

D. N. Brocard, Adjunct Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

J. F. Carney III, Provost and Vice President for Academic Affairs, Professor; Ph.D., Northwestern University

R. A. D'Andrea, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Cornell University

T. El-Korchi, Professor; Ph.D., University of New Hampshire

A. G. Ferron, Adjunct Associate Professor; B.S., WPI

R. W. Fitzgerald, Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

M. S. FitzPatrick, Associate Professor of Urban and Environmental Planning; Ph.D., Harvard University

P. Jayachandran, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Wisconsin

R. B. Mallick, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Auburn University

P. P. Mathisen, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

F. Mulligan, Adjunct Professor; M.S., WPI

J. C. O'Shaughnessy, Professor; Ph.D., Pennsylvania State University

M. Padmanabhan, Adjunct Associate Professor; Ph.D., Georgia Institute of Technology

R. Pietroforte, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

J. D. Plummer, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts, Amherst

M. H. Ray, Associate Professor and White Chair; Ph.D., Vanderbilt University

G. F. Salazar, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

J. K. Wakely, Adjunct Associate Professor; BS., University of Maine

Computer and Communications Networks

Program of Study

A specialization in computer and communications networks is available within the master's degree programs of the Computer Science (CS) and the Electrical and Computer Engineering (ECE) Departments.

Students enrolled in this specialization will receive the master of science degree in computer science or electrical and computer engineering, with a notation on their transcript "Specialization in Computer and Communications Networks (CCN)." The program is focused on preparing students for professional positions in industry, but the education also provides excellent preparation for Ph.D. study in networks.

This program prepares graduates for technical leadership positions in the design and implementation of computer and communications networks, including local- and wide-area computer networking, distributed computation, telecommunications (including voice, data and video services), wireless networking and personal mobile communications. All of the fundamental hardware and software aspects of networks will be treated in the program:

1. The seven layers of the ISO network model
2. Transmission media and terminals (including fiber optics, cable and radio)
3. Switching and routing methods (including packet switching)
4. Systems modeling and performance analysis
5. Methods of distributed computation
6. Current and evolving standards and protocols
7. Impacts of the information type (voice, video, text, etc.) on optimal transmission and routing methods

An accelerated part-time option is available with cooperating corporations, with completion in two years.

CCN Project

Each student in the CCN specialization must complete an in-depth project demonstrating the ability to apply and extend the material studied in their course work. Students have the option of completing a practice-oriented internship or a research-oriented thesis.

The internship is a high-level network engineering experience, tailored to the specific interests and background of the student. Each internship is carried out in cooperation with a sponsoring organization, and must be approved and advised by a WPI faculty member in the CS or ECE department. Internships may be proposed by a faculty member, by an off-campus sponsor or by the student. The internship must include proposal, design and documentation phases, and generally includes implementation and testing. The student will prepare a report describing the internship activities, and will make a presentation before a committee including the faculty advisor and a representative of the sponsoring organization. Internship examples include transceiver design for new media, security and encryption protocols, protocol converters, databases to support efficient routing, and network system designs for specific environments.

The thesis option for the CCN project is a research-oriented experience in an area of current research in an area of computer and communications networks. The thesis must be pursued under the direction of a WPI faculty member in the CS or ECE department. The result of the thesis is a thesis document, describing the results of the research, and a public presentation.

Degree Requirements

Computer Science
33 credits

Electrical and Computer Engineering
33 credits for non-thesis; 30 credits for thesis

Required Courses
(4 courses, 12 credits):
- Analysis of Probabilistic Signals and Systems or Analysis of Computations and Systems (EE 502 or CS 504)
- Introduction to Local- and Wide-Area Networks (CS 513/EE 506)

and two of the following courses:
- Telecommunications Transmission Technologies (EE 535)
- High Performance Networks (CS 530/EE 530)
- Advanced Computer and Communications Networks (EE 537/CS 577)
- Modeling and Performance Evaluation of Networks and Computer Systems (CS 533/EE 581)

Elective Courses
(at least three from list):
- Digital Communications: Modulation and Coding (EE 532)
- Advances in Digital Communication (EE 533)
- Multiple Processor and Distributed Systems (EE 575/CS 515)
- Advanced Operating System Theory (CS 535)
- Design of Software Systems (CS 509)
- Wireless Information Networks (EE 538)
- Cryptography and Data Security (CS 578/EE 578)
- Advanced Cryptography (EE 579R)
- Telecommunication Policy (EE 508)
- Mobile Data Networking (EE 539S)
- Any of the courses EE 535, EE 530/CS 530, EE 537/CS 577, and CS 533/EE 581 not taken to satisfy the required courses above.

Computer and Communications Networks

CCN Project

The student must complete one of the following:

1. Computer and Communications Networks Internship (EE 595/CS 595) (6 credits)

   This project requirement may be waived with documentation of relevant industrial experience. The waiver must be approved by the Graduate Program Committee of the student's department in consultation with the CCN director. If this requirement is waived, the student must take two additional courses from the list of elective courses above, or two additional courses approved by the department's Graduate Program Committee.

2. Master's thesis in the area of computer and communications networks (9 credits)

Free Electives

To bring total to 33 credits, or 30 credits for students in the ECE department completing a master's thesis. Courses may be chosen from relevant graduate-level courses in computer science, electrical and computer engineering, mathematics or management. Some students in the computer science degree program will need to use these electives to satisfy the area requirements for the CS master's degree program.

Important Note

Since the CCN specialization is a specialization in the master's programs of the Computer Science and Electrical and Computer Engineering Departments, students in the CCN specialization must also satisfy all requirements of whichever computer science or electrical and computer engineering master's program they are enrolled in.

Admission Requirements

The program is conducted at an advanced technical level, and requires, in addition to the WPI admissions requirements, a solid background in electrical engineering (EE) and/or computer science (CS). Normally a B.S. degree in EE or CS is expected; however, applicants with comparable backgrounds, together with expertise gained through work experience, will also be considered. Admission is highly selective, and decisions will be based both on previous academic performance and on relevant technical experience. Admission decisions are made by the department to which the student applies.

Faculty

This is a joint specialization taught by computer science and electrical and computer engineering faculty.

Programs of Study

The graduate program in computer science provides a foundation in the advanced areas of computer science. Course work includes the theory, design, analysis and application of computer software and hardware. Although the graduate degrees are designed to provide a strong foundation in general computer science, students may concentrate on courses outside of the core in a particular area of computer science. Both master of science and doctor of philosophy degrees are available.

The program is flexible, designed for both the recent graduate and the working professional. The same teaching staff, courses and high standards apply to both versions of the graduate program.

Research Interests

The current departmental activities include, among other areas, analysis of algorithms, artificial intelligence, computer vision, computer graphics, database and information systems, distributed systems, graph theory and computational complexity, network performance evaluation, programming languages, software engineering, visualization, and Web-based systems. Research groups meet weekly and focus on topics related to the above areas. Students are encouraged to participate in the meetings related to their area(s) of interest. Research and development projects and theses are available in these areas. Computer science students may also participate in computer applications research work being conducted in a number of other departments including electrical and computer engineering, mechanical engineering, biomedical and fire protection engineering. Students are also encouraged to undertake projects and theses in cooperation with neighboring computer manufacturers or commercial organizations.

Computer Science Laboratories

The Computer Science (CS) Department has a number of laboratories equipped respectively with state-of-the-art machines, ranging from SGI machines to NT servers, housing respective research groups. These include an artificial intelligence lab, a performance evaluation and distributed systems lab, a database systems lab, a software engineering lab, an advanced information systems lab and a visualization lab, as well as several undergraduate project labs, and a graduate project lab. WPI's academic programs are supported by a large array of powerful computer facilities, including SPARC-Solaris, SGI and Sun machines, as well as numerous PCs, terminals and workstations. The College Computing Center (CCC) provides additional resources, such as a supercomputer and large displays.

Off-Campus Research Opportunities

Computer science graduate students have opportunities for research and development in cooperation with several neighboring organizations, both for their master's thesis and Ph.D. dissertation. These and other opportunities provide real-world problems and experiences consistent with WPI's policy of extending learning beyond the classroom.

Degree Requirements
For the M.S.

These degree requirements are effective for all students matriculating after July 1, 1991. Those students who matriculated prior to this date may choose to use the degree requirements stated in the graduate catalog effective at the time of matriculation. The student may choose between two options to obtain the master's degree: thesis or course work. Each student should carefully weigh the pros and cons of these alternatives in consultation with his or her advisor prior to selecting an option, typically in the second year of study. The department will allow a student to change options only once.

Thesis Option

At least 33 credit hours, including the thesis, must be satisfactorily completed. A thesis consisting of a research or development project worth a minimum of 9 credit hours must be completed and presented to the faculty. A thesis proposal must be approved by the department by the end of the semester in which a student has registered for a third thesis credit. Proposals will be considered only at regularly scheduled department meetings. The 33 credit hours must include at least one course from each of the core areas. Students should endeavor to take these required four courses as early as possible so as to provide the background for the remaining graduate work. The remaining courses may, with prior approval of the student's advisor, consist of computer science courses, independent study, or courses elected from other disciplines. (CS 501 and CS 507 cannot be counted toward the required course credits.) At most, two courses in other disciplines will be accepted.

Computer Science

Course Work Option

A total of at least 33 credit hours must be satisfactorily completed, including at least one course from each of the core areas. Students should endeavor to take these required courses as early as possible so as to provide the background for the remaining graduate work. The remaining seven courses may, with prior approval of the student's advisor, consist of computer science courses, independent study, or up to two courses elected from other disciplines. (CS 501 and CS 507 cannot be counted toward the required course credits.)

To obtain a master's degree, all students must demonstrate graduate level competence in the following core areas of computer science. To satisfy each core area requirement, the student must satisfactorily complete at least one of the courses given in each core area. Students may petition the department to waive any core area requirement under special circumstances, but such action is strongly discouraged.

Theory
- CS 503 Foundations of Computer Science
- CS 553 Theory of Computability
- CS 559 Advanced Topics in Theoretical Computer Science

Analysis
- CS 504 Analysis of Computations and Systems

Design
- CS 509 Design of Software Systems
- CS 536 Programming Language Design

Systems
- CS 502 Operating Systems
- CS 513 Introduction to Local- and Wide-Area Networks
- CS 533 Modeling and Performance Evaluation of Network and Computer Systems
- CS 535 Advanced Topics in Operating Systems

The department will accept at most 9 credit hours of transfer credit from other graduate programs. If appropriate, this transferred credit may be used to satisfy core area requirements. These credits must not have been used to satisfy the requirements of another academic degree earned by the candidate. With rare exceptions, these credits are limited to courses taken before matriculation at WPI.

Students funded by a teaching assistantship, research assistantship or fellowship must complete the thesis option.

For the Ph.D.

Students are advised to contact the department for detailed rules, as there are departmental guidelines, in addition to the Institute's requirements, for the Ph.D. degree.

Upon admission, the student is assigned an Academic Advisor, and together they design a plan of study during the first semester of the student's Ph.D. program.

The student must take and perform acceptably on the Ph.D. qualifying examination, which includes both a written examination and a research component. Application to take the examination should be submitted to the department secretary at least two months prior to the examination date. The Ph.D. student is required to pass the examination prior to completing 36 Ph.D. credits.

Upon successful completion of the Ph.D. qualifying examination, the student becomes a computer science Ph.D. candidate. The student's Dissertation Committee must be formed within the first year of candidacy. The student selects a Research Advisor from within the CS department, and together they select, with the approval of the CS Graduate Committee, three additional members, at least one of whom must be from outside the WPI CS department. The Dissertation Committee will be responsible for supervising the comprehensive examination, and approving the dissertation proposal and final report.

The Ph.D. degree requirements consist of a course work component and a research component, which together must total at least 60 credit hours beyond the master's degree requirement. The course work component consists of at least 28 graduate credits, including 3 credits of graduate level mathematics. (CS 501 and CS 507 cannot be counted toward the required course credits.)

The student may also enroll for research credits, but is only allowed up to 18 research credits prior to the acceptance of the written dissertation proposal by the Dissertation Committee. With the approval of the Dissertation Committee, the student applies for and takes the Ph.D. comprehensive examination. This examination must be passed prior to the completion of the dissertation defense, and is normally taken after some initial dissertation research has been performed. With approval of the Dissertation Committee, the student applies for and takes the dissertation proposal examination, usually within one year of the Ph.D. candidacy.

The Ph.D. research component consists of at least 30 credits (including any research credits earned prior to the acceptance of the dissertation proposal and excluding any research credits applied toward a master's degree) leading to a dissertation and a public defense, which must be approved by the student's Dissertation Committee.

Computer Science

Admission Requirements

A bachelor's degree in computer science, engineering or the sciences, a technically oriented business degree or relevant experience is required for admission to the graduate program in computer science. An applicant should have proficiency in at least one recursive high-level language and some assembler language. In addition, an applicant should have a general knowledge of data structures and digital processes, and a solid foundation in mathematics.

A student may apply to the Ph.D. program upon completion of either a bachelor's *(in which case the master's degree must first be completed)* or master's degree in computer science, or with an equivalent background.

Faculty

M. Hofri, Professor and Department Head; D.Sc., Technion-ITT, Haifa, Israel

E. O. Agu, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts, Amherst

L. A. Becker, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Illinois

D. C. Brown, Professor; Ph.D., Ohio State University

M. L. Claypool, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Minnesota

D. J. Dougherty, Professor; Ph.D., University of Maryland

D. Finkel, Professor; Ph.D., University of Chicago

K. Fisler, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Indiana University

M. A. Gennert, Associate Professor; Sc.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

G. T. Heineman, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Columbia University

N. T. Heffernan, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Carnegie-Mellon University

R. E. Kinicki, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Duke University

K. A. Lemone, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Northeastern University

F. C. Colon Osorio, Research Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts, Amherst

C. Ruiz, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Maryland

E. A. Rundensteiner, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of California at Irvine

G. N. Sarkozy, Affiliate Associate Professor; Ph.D., Rutgers University

S. M. Selkow, Professor; Ph.D., University of Pennsylvania

M. O. Ward, Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

C. E. Wills, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

Electrical and Computer Engineering

Programs of Study

The Electrical and Computer Engineering (ECE) Department offers programs leading to the M.S. and Ph.D. degrees in electrical engineering, as well as graduate and advanced certificates. The following general areas of specialization are available to help students structure their graduate courses: communications and signal processing, computer engineering, electromagnetics and ultrasonics engineering, electronics and solid state, power engineering, and systems and controls.

Research Interests

Listed are the major areas of specialization in which Electrical and Computer Engineering (ECE) faculty have research interests and in which courses are offered:

- Computer engineering, including parallel and fault-tolerant processing VHDL, computer networks, and digital VLSI design
- Communications and signal processing, including wireless and data communications, computer communications and image processing
- Ultrasonics and electromagnetics engineering, including numerical methods and computer-aided design in electromagnetic and microwave circuits, nondestructive material evaluation and medical imaging
- Power systems engineering, including power electronics and power systems
- Electronics and solid state, including analog IC design, solid state device theory and high-frequency circuit design
- Systems and controls, principally oriented to large-scale systems such as power systems

Electrical and Computer Engineering Laboratories
Research Laboratories and Computer Facilities

The ECE department has laboratories in the following areas: power systems, VLSI, digital communications, computer engineering, electromagnetics, global positioning, ultrasonics and nondestructive evaluation and image processing. For general computing requirements, the department has many UNIX workstations and Pentium-class PCs. In addition to these, students may use the College Computing Center's (CCC) facilities.

Analog Microelectronics Laboratory

The Analog Microelectronics Laboratory was opened in 1998, funded by an NSF grant for the purchase of test and measurement equipment, which is dedicated to support work in the areas of high-speed data communication, high-speed imaging, and mixed signal circuit characterization. In addition to the direct impact on research, this equipment will also enable the Analog Microelectronics Laboratory to become a valuable resource for educating both undergraduates and graduate students in the complete integrated circuit design process. The lab focuses on three specific areas:

1. Analog microelectronics for telecommunication has a goal to guide IC design by connecting system-level performance to fundamental limits imposed by circuit-level considerations, for example thermal and shot noise.
2. High-speed imaging research applies analog techniques to improve performance in high-speed, wide dynamic range electronic imaging systems. Applications include machine vision and adaptive optics.
3. Mixed signal circuit characterization is concerned with developing techniques for measuring and modeling second order error sources in mixed signal circuits, for example, code-dependent noise in analog-to-digital converters.

Center for Wireless Information Networking Studies (CWINS)

This center is recognized as a pioneering facility in the important and rapidly growing area of wireless personal and data communications. The lab is supported by a broad range of networking and telecommunications corporations.

The work of CWINS is quite diverse. In recent years, basic research has been conducted in channel modeling and simulation, spread-spectrum techniques, adaptive equalization, multiple-access methods, network architectures, wireless optical communications, microstrip antennas and RF circuit design. The lab has been particularly active in the measurement of indoor RF propagation.

Computational Fields Laboratory

The purpose of this laboratory is to serve as a computational resource to undergraduate and graduate students interested in numerical analysis as applied to problems in computational electrodynamics and acoustics. The lab contains a wide variety of platforms, including Pentium-class PCs and several workstations for X-window applications. Software utilities supporting numerical analysis (mesh-making algorithms, matrix solvers, graphics interface drivers) are of particular interest to the lab community, as is the development of integrated packages targeted for research or educational purposes.

Computer Architecture Laboratory

This laboratory contains facilities for the research and development of single-processor and multiprocessor systems.

The laboratory is also equipped with logic analyzers, in-circuit emulators and other equipment to support computer system projects. Software systems supported by this laboratory include various VLSI design and verification packages, several VHDL/FPGA development systems, and a variety of software development tools (C, CTT, ASW, PIC developments, and so forth).

Convergent Technologies Center (CTC)

The laboratories in this center combine diverse expertise for the exploration of the emerging and converging technologies of computing, communications and cognition. The Polaroid Machine Vision Laboratory (PMVL), and Network Computing Applications and Multimedia (NETCAM) laboratory focus on the development of new algorithms and on moving emergent technologies into commercial, medical and defense-related applications for its sponsors.

Research in the CTC's NETCAM lab derives from the technologies generated by the success of the Internet, digital multimedia, and distributed objects and middleware. Current projects explore the

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optimization of network protocols for multimedia, distributed-object services (CORBA) and virtual-reality-based user interfaces.

Research in the CTC's PMVL has resulted in the development of highly efficient algorithms and new theoretical performance bounds for machine vision, automatic target recognition, and image fusion for optical, IR SAR and SONAR data.

Center for Sensory and Physiologic Signal Processing — C(SP)^2

Researchers within the C(SP)^2 apply signal processing, mathematical modeling, and other electrical and computer engineering skills to study issues related to human sensation and physiology. Currently, our major focus areas are vision, hearing, tactile reception and electromyography (EMG). In our vision research, we have digitally produced pulse-code-modulated patterns that evoke multicolor sensations from black-and-white and monochromatic flicker patterns. Hearing research is concentrating on improved signal processing in hearing aid devices, to improve speech perception by the hearing impaired. The purpose of the tactile receptor studies is to develop an understanding of the stimulus encoder characteristics of tactile mechanoreceptors. In the area of EMG (the electrical activity of skeletal muscle), efforts are being made to improve the detection and interpretation of EMG for such uses as the control of powered prosthetic limbs and musculoskeletal modeling.

Power Electronics and Power Systems Laboratory

This laboratory has been established for simulation of a large variety of linear, nonlinear and time-varying loads, including transistor- and thyristor-controlled loads. It contains transducers and instrumentation for a wide range of voltages, currents and frequencies. Compatible computer equipment and A/D interfaces are available for real-time data acquisition and processing. The Power Systems Laboratory has the basic facilities for electromechanical energy conversion study, including sets of induction/synchronous/DC machines coupled together.

Satellite Navigation Laboratory

This laboratory provides facilities for work on civilian uses of satellite systems, especially the Global Positioning System (GPS). Receivers, signal processors and computers are provided for work on utilization of the DOD GPS system for civilian purposes, especially aircraft navigation and landing.

Ultrasonics Laboratory

Facilities in this laboratory are set up for performing basic ultrasound studies in the areas of basic acoustic research, transducer development, nondestructive testing and medical ultrasound diagnosis. The facilities are distributed over two separate laboratory areas and contain two Testech scanning tanks for ultrasound measurements, workstations, PCs, ultrasound pulser-receiver equipment, high-speed digitizers, frequency synthesizers, arbitrary function generator, spectrum analyzer, and various modern test equipment.

Cryptography and Information Security (CRIS) Laboratory

The CRIS Laboratory conducts research and development in cryptography and its applications. One research focus is fast implementations of the next generation of public-key algorithms such as elliptic and hyperelliptic curve schemes. We work on fast software algorithms and efficient hardware architectures. The lab is equipped with industry-standard development tools for ASIC and FPGA target hardware. We also apply Xilink FPGAs and Altera EPLDs to new types of cryptosystems, which allow for a fast switch of private-key encryption algorithms ("algorithm agility").

Another research focus is the integration of cryptography and data security into new communication networks. We work on the design and implementation of security protocols for wireless networks, with an emphasis on wireless LANs. Another network type of interest is the high-speed Asynchronous Transfer Mode network. We investigate system design and algorithmic issues.
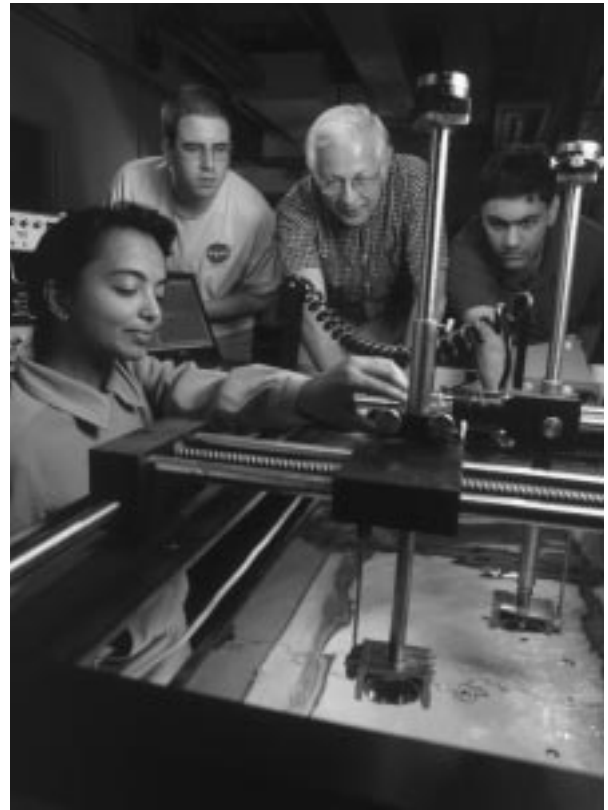
The CRIS lab is actively involved in a number of joint projects with industry. The lab has also strong ties to research groups in the United States and Europe, with frequent exchange of graduate students. Together with strong graduate course offerings in cryptography, our research lab provides excellent opportunities for cutting-edge research and graduate education.

Signal Processing and Information Networking Laboratory (SPINLab)

SPINLab was established in 2002 with the primary mission of analyzing and developing new linear and nonlinear signal processing techniques to improve the performance of high-speed information networks. Currently, our major focus areas include channel identification and equalization, synchronizaation, interference cancellation, and multiuser detection for copper, optical and wireless channels. We have also recently begun to study software radio techniques for efficient implementa-

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tion of digital communication systems and signal processing algorithms. SPINLab has established relationships with several telecommunications corporations and offers research opportunities at both the graduate and undergraduate levels. For more details, please see the SPINLab Web page at http://spinlab.wpi.edu.

Degree Requirements
For the M.S.

There are two routes to the master of science degree: the non-thesis option and the thesis option. The minimum requirement for the M.S. degree in electrical and computer engineering is 33 credits in the non-thesis program and 30 if a thesis is included. Of the minimum 33 or 30 semester hours, at least 21 must be graduate level courses (500 level) or research in the field of electrical and computer engineering taken at WPI. The remaining courses may be either at the 4000 (maximum of two) or the 500 level in computer science, physics, engineering or mathematics. The complete program must be approved by the student's advisor and the Graduate Program Committee.

Although the M.S. thesis is optional, students are encouraged to include a research component in their graduate program.

A directed research project involves a minimum of 3 credit hours of work under the supervision of a faculty member. The task is limited to a well-defined goal. Thesis research involves 9 credit hours of work, normally spread over a complete academic year. It demands more creativity on the part of the student than does a directed research project. In addition, all WPI thesis regulations must be followed.

For students completing the M.S. thesis as part of their degree requirements, a Thesis Committee will be set up during the first semester of thesis work. This committee will be selected by the student in consultation with the Major Advisor and will consist of the Thesis Advisor (who must be a full-time WPI ECE faculty member) and at least two other faculty members whose expertise will aid the student's research program. An oral presentation before the Thesis Committee and a general audience is required.

The program of study must be approved by the student's advisor, the Graduate Program Committee of the ECE department and the WPI Committee on Graduate Studies and Research. To ensure that the program of study is acceptable, students should, in consultation with their advisor, submit it prior to the end of the semester following admission into the graduate program. Only courses that are part of an approved plan of study can be counted toward a graduate degree. Twenty-one of these credits must be WPI graduate level electrical and computer engineering research or courses. The remaining credits may be graduate level courses in mathematics, physics or computer science. Students must obtain prior approval from the Graduate Committee for the substitution of courses in other disciplines as part of their academic program.

Students may petition to transfer a maximum of 15 graduate semester credits, with a grade of B or better, after they have enrolled in the degree program. This may be made up of a combination of up to 9 credits from the WPI ECE graduate courses taken prior to formal admission and up to 9 credits from other academic institutions. No transfer credit will be given for any of WPI's undergraduate courses nor for undergraduate level courses taken at other institutions.

All full-time students are required to attend/ pass the two graduate seminar courses, EE 596A (fall semester) and EE 596B (spring semester). See course listings for details.

For the Ph.D.

The degree of doctor of philosophy is conferred on candidates in recognition of high scientific attainments and the ability to carry on original research.

Completion of 60 or more credits of graduate work beyond the master of science degree in electrical and computer engineering, including at least 30 credits of research. The same academic standards as described in the M.S. guidelines apply to the doctor of philosophy program. A program of study form must be completed and approved.

The doctoral student must establish two minors in fields outside of electrical engineering. Physics, mathematics and computer science are usually recommended. Each student selects the minors in consultation with the Major Advisor. At least 6 credits of graduate work is required in each minor area. Courses with an ECE designation which are cross-listed in the course offerings of another department cannot be used toward fulfilling the requirements of a minor area.

Full-time residency at WPI for at least one academic year is required while working toward a Ph.D. degree. This usually corresponds to the period of active dissertation research.

Satisfactory completion of the diagnostic examination and the area examination are required.

Diagnostic Examination

The doctoral student is required to take the diagnostic examination during the first year in the doctoral program of study. Prior to taking this examination, a student must identify a faculty member who has indicated that he/she is willing to supervise the student's research. The purpose of the diagnostic exam is to determine if the student has the necessary foundation in mathematics, and electrical and computer engineering to undertake doctoral studies. The diagnostic examination is composed of two parts: evaluation of basic knowledge and evaluation of research skills.

Evaluation of Basic Knowledge

The examination covers fundamental concepts and selected advanced topics in electrical engineering. It is administered by the Graduate Program Committee. Students must select two areas from the following list to be examined in, in addition to the exam in the area of engineering mathematics. A description of the material covered in each examination area and sample exam questions from previous years are available from the ECE Graduate Secretary.
• Signals and Systems
• Waves and Fields
• Power Systems
• Analog Circuits and Devices
• Computers and Digital Electronics
• Engineering Mathematics

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The examination of basic knowledge is a written examination and is given yearly in January. The results from the exam will be graded Pass, Conditional Pass or Fail by the Graduate Program Committee. Students who receive the grade of Conditional Pass must pass the exam or specified portions of the exam the following year. Students who receive the grade of Fail will not be permitted to retake the exam or any portion of the exam. No students will be permitted to take the exam or any portion of the exam more than twice.

Evaluation of Research Skills

Upon passing the examination on basic knowledge of electrical engineering, satisfactory completion of one semester of directed research under a prospective Thesis Advisor is required. Specific guidelines for both the research skills proposal and the final research skills summary report are available from the department Graduate Coordinator.

Under no circumstances will a student be permitted to continue working toward the Ph.D. degree if he/she has failed either the written portion or the research portion of the diagnostic exam.

Area Examination

The doctoral student is required to take the area examination before writing a dissertation. The examination, which deals with the student's research area, is administered by a committee consisting of the student's Major Advisor and other experts in the area of the student's research. Students who fail the examination may retake it at a later date with the approval of the ECE Graduate Program Committee. Upon passing both the Area and Diagnostic examinations, a student should make formal application for admission to candidacy. This application must be approved by the ECE Department and the Committee on Graduate Studies and Research at least eight months before the doctorate is to be granted.

Dissertation

All students must complete and orally defend a dissertation prepared under the general supervision of the Major Advisor, who must be a full-time faculty member of the ECE department. The research described in the dissertation must be original and constitute a contribution to knowledge in the major field of the candidate. The Dissertation Committee normally serves as the Defense Committee as well, and certifies the quality and originality of the dissertation research, the satisfactory execution of the dissertation and the preparedness of the defense. The Dissertation Committee consists of the Major Advisor (as committee chairperson) and at least two additional faculty members whose expertise will aid the student's research program. At least two members of the committee must be full-time WPI ECE faculty, and at least one member must be from outside the student's department. This committee will be selected by the student in consultation with the Major Advisor.

For the Combined B.S./Master's Program

A student accepted into the B.S./Master's program may use 6 credit hours of work for both the B.S. and M.S. degrees. Additional graduate credit hours of work (beyond the 15 units required for the B.S. degree) up to a total of 12 credit hours may be transferred from the student's undergraduate transcript. All of these course credits must be defined prior to enrollment in the courses.

A student must define the 12 credit hours at the time of applying to the B.S./Master's program. The 12 credit hours may be all advanced undergraduate courses, graduate courses, or combinations of both at the discretion of the student's advisor, subject to the approval of the ECE department Graduate Program Committee.

At the start of Term A in the senior year, but no later than at the time of application, students are required to submit to the graduate coordinator of the Electrical and Computer Engineering Department a list of proposed courses to be taken as part of the master's degree program. A copy of the student's transcript (grade report) must be included with the application.

A student who intends to complete the B.S./Master's program is required to be a full-time graduate student until the M.S. degree requirements are met. Any student who is accepted into the B.S./Master's program and who elects to finish the M.S. degree part time will be required to meet the normal, non-B.S./Master's program degree requirements.

Admission Requirements

Holders of bachelor's or master's degrees in electrical engineering or a related field are invited to submit an application for admission to the M.S. or Ph.D. program. Students with the bachelor of technology or the bachelor of engineering technology degree must complete about 1-1/2 years of undergraduate study in electrical engineering before they can be admitted to the graduate program.

Applicants without a B.S. degree in electrical engineering, but who hold a B.S. degree in mathematics, computer engineering, physics or another engineering discipline, may apply for admission to the M.S. degree program in electrical and computer engineering with the following requirements:

Basic skills

Students must have passed EE 2201, EE 2311,
EE 3801 and EE 3111, or equivalent, with grades of B or better. Please consult the WPI Undergraduate Catalog for course descriptions.

Specialized skills

Students must pass a minimum of two of the following courses (or equivalent) with grades of B or better before the end of the second semester of the M.S. program—EE 4203, EE 4304, EE 4502, EE 4801, EE 4902, ES 4012. Students must complete 24 additional graduate credits at WPI for the M.S. degree (27 in the non-thesis option).

Students with a master of science degree in electrical and computer engineering may apply for the doctoral program of study. Admission to the Ph.D. program will be based on a review of the application and associated references.

Electrical and Computer Engineering

Faculty

J. A. Orr, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., University of Illinois

D. Brown, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Cornell University

E. A. Clancy, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

K. A. Clements, Professor; Ph.D., Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn

D. Cyganski, Professor; Ph.D., WPI

J. S. Demetry, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., Naval Postgraduate School

R. J. Duckworth, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Nottingham

W. H. Eggimann, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., Case Institute of Technology

A. E. Emanuel, Professor; P.E., D.Sc., Technion-Israel Institute of Technology

M. A. Gennert, Associate Professor; Sc.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

H. Hakim, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

Brian King, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Arizona

H. P. D. Lanyon, Professor Emeritus; Ph.D., University of Leicester

F. J. Looft, Professor; Ph.D., University of Michigan

R. Ludwig, Professor; Ph.D., Colorado State University

S. Makarov, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Saint Petersburg State University, Russia

J. A. McNeill, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Boston University

W. R. Michalson, Associate Professor; Ph.D., WPI

D. Papageorgiou, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Michigan

K. Pahlavan, Professor; Ph.D., WPI

E. A. Parrish, Professor and WPI President; Ph.D., University of Virginia

P. C. Pedersen, Professor; Ph.D., University of Utah

R. A. Peura, Professor of Biomedical Engineering; Ph.D., Iowa State University

L. R. Ram-Mohan, Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

J. M. Sullivan, Jr., Associate Professor; D.E., Dartmouth College

B. Sunar, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Oregon State University

R. F. Vaz, Associate Professor; Ph.D., WPI

Fire Protection Engineering

Programs of Study

Fire protection engineers specialize in applying modern technology to the solution of firesafety problems. The successful fire protection engineer must know something about building construction and industrial processes; must interact with and be somewhat competent in other design professions including architecture and electrical, mechanical, civil and chemical engineering. In addition, the firesafety aspects of human behavior, business, management and public administration are important aspects of practice.

The fire protection engineering program at WPI adapts previous educational and employment experiences into a cohesive plan of study. Consequently, the program is designed to be flexible enough to meet specific and varying student educational objectives. Students can select combinations of major courses, non-major courses, thesis and project topics that will prepare them to proceed in the career directions they desire. The curriculum can be tailored to enhance knowledge and skill in the general practice of fire protection engineering, in fire protection engineering specialties (such as industrial, chemical, energy or power), or in the more theoretical and research-oriented sphere.

Practicing engineers or others already employed and wishing to advance their technical skills may enter the evening program as part-time students or take off-campus courses via WPI's Advanced Distance Learning Network (see page 23) The master's degree may be completed on a part-time basis in three to five years, depending on the number of courses taken each semester.

WPI offers both master's and doctoral degrees as well as the advanced certificate and graduate certificate in fire protection engineering.

Combined B.S./Master's Program

High school seniors can apply for this five-year program. This gives high school graduates the opportunity to complete the undergraduate degree in a selected field of engineering and the master's degree in fire protection engineering in five years.

Holders of bachelor of science degrees in the traditional engineering fields and the master's degree in fire protection engineering enjoy extremely good versatility in the job market.

Graduate Internships

A unique internship program is available to fire protection engineering students, allowing them to gain important clinical experiences in practical engineering and research environments. Students are able to earn income by alternating work with on-campus classroom and laboratory activities. With departmental permission, students may take courses during the full-time work cycle.

Center for Firesafety Studies

The Center for Firesafety Studies serves as a crossroads for bringing together talents from many disciplines to focus on fire and explosion safety problems. Operating as a self-standing academic department, the center features formal degree and certificate programs in fire protection engineering, continuing education for the practitioner, and research to uncover new knowledge about fire behavior and fire protection methods.

Research Interests

Faculty research interests cover a wide range of topics in fire protection engineering and related areas. Research is directed toward both theoretical understandings and the development of practical engineering methods.

Specific capabilities and interests include computer modeling, fire performance of structural systems, fire detection and suppression, fire and smoke dynamics, wildfire phenomena, firesafety design methods for buildings and marine applications, explosion phenomena, failure analysis, risk assessment, material composites and regulatory reform.

Fire Science Laboratory

This laboratory facility supports experimentation in fire dynamics, combustion/explosion phenomena, detection, and fire and explosion suppression. The cone calorimeter, standard flame spread apparatus, infrared imaging system, phase doppler particle analyzer and room calorimeter are also available, with associated gas analysis and data acquisition systems.

The wet lab area will support water-based fire suppression and demonstration projects.

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Fire Protection Engineering

Serving as both a teaching and research facility, the lab accommodates undergraduate projects as well as graduate students in fire protection engineering, mechanical engineering and related disciplines.

Fire Modeling Laboratory

The Fire Modeling Laboratory specializes in computer applications to fire protection engineering and research. Research activities include computational fluid dynamics modeling of building and vehicle fires, and flame spread model development.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S.

The program for a master of science in fire protection engineering is flexible and can be tailored to individual student career goals. The fire protection engineering master's degree requires 30 semester hours of credit. Both a thesis and non-thesis option are offered.

For the Ph.D.

Ph.D. students must complete a minimum of
90 semester hours of graduate work after the bachelor's degree (or 60 semester hours after the master's). This includes at least 15 semester hours of fire protection engineering course credits and
30 hours of dissertation research.

Doctoral students must successfully complete the fire protection engineering qualifying examination, a research proposal and public seminar, and the dissertation defense.

Admission Requirements

High school graduates applying for the Combined B.S./Master's Program must meet normal undergraduate admission criteria and submit a two-page essay articulating their interest in the field. Applicants for the master's or certificate programs should have a B.S. in engineering, engineering technology or the physical sciences. Applicants with no FPE work experience should submit a two-page essay articulating their interest in the field.

Students with science degrees and graduates of some engineering disciplines may be required to take selected undergraduate courses to round out their backgrounds.

Applicants for the doctor of philosophy in fire protection engineering should have strong academic backgrounds in any of a host of engineering or science disciplines.

For more information, contact the Center for Firesafety Studies, 508-831-5593, via e-mail at fpe@wpi.edu., or on the web at http//:www.wpi.edu/+FPE.

Faculty

D. A. Lucht, Professor of Fire Protection Engineering and Director; B.S., Illinois Institute of Technology

J. R. Barnett, Professor of Fire Protection Engineering; Ph.D., WPI

E. V. Clougherty, Adjunct Professor; Ph.D. Chemistry, Boston University

R. L. P. Custer, Adjunct Professor

D. A. Dembsey, Visiting Scholar; M.S. Physics, University of Michigan

N. A. Dembsey, Associate Professor of Fire Protection Engineering; Ph.D., University of California at Berkeley

R. W. Fitzgerald, Professor of Fire Protection Engineering and Civil Environmental Engineering; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

J. A. Ierardi, Instructor; Ph.D. FPE, WPI (in progress)

H. Y. Kim, Affiliate Professor

W. K. Kim, Affiliate Professor; M.S. FPE, WPI

F. Noonan, Associate Professor of Fire Protection Engineering and Management; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

R. D. Pehrson, Adjunct Assistant Professor; Ph.D. FPE, WPI

Patrick J. Pagni, Affiliate Professor

Milosh T. Puchovsky, Adjunct Assistant Professor

B. J. Savilonis, Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., State University of New York

J. P. Woycheese, Assistant Professor of Fire Protection Engineering; Ph.D., University of California at Berkeley

E. S. Yoon, Affiliate Professor: Ph.D. Chemical Engineering, MIT

R. G. Zalosh, Professor of Fire Protection Engineering; Ph.D., Northeastern University

Management

Programs of Study

Better. Faster. Smarter. That is what today's executives want from tomorrow's executives, but those attributes are increasingly difficult to achieve in today's fast-paced business environment. Increasingly, people are turning to the Master of Business Administration (M.B.A.) to equip themselves to work better, work faster, and work smarter, so they can be tomorrow's leaders. At WPI, we have been helping people develop those attributes since 1974.

A WPI education is focused on what you need to succeed. Our highly integrated, applications-oriented M.B.A. program provides our students with the "big picture" perspective required of successful upper-level managers, and the hands-on

knowledge needed to meet the daily demands of the workplace. Our focus on the management of technology comes from a recognition that rapidly changing technology is driving the pace of business; we make sure our students understand leading technology-based organizations, integrating technology into organizations, and creating new processes, products, services and organizations based on technology. Our strong emphasis on behavior skills prepares you to be a leader in any organization, and the global threads throughout our curriculum ensure that you will understand the global imperative facing all businesses.

WPI's M.B.A. program features a 15-credit core of five cross-functional courses designed to give students a larger framework

for understanding disciplinary material that is critical for managers in a globally-competitive, technological world. Core courses include:

- Interpersonal and Leadership Skills for Technological Managers
- Creating and Implementing Strategy in Technological Organizations
- Creating Processes in Technological Organizations
- Business Analysis for Technological Managers
- Legal and Ethical Context of Technological Organizations.

Leadership, ethics, communication and a global perspective are emphasized throughout the core, all within our focus on the management of technology.

Each core course, with the exception of Legal and Ethical Context of Technological Organizations, has prerequisite requirements from within our 18-credit foundation. The purpose of the foundation is to ensure that students have a solid understanding of the basic functions carried out in organizations and of the environment in which they operate, as well as an introduction to the tools used to analyze business problems. Foundation courses consist of the following nine 2-credit courses, each of which covers a major functional area of business:

- Financial Accounting
- Finance
- Organizational Behavior
- Operations Management
- Quantitative Methods

- Principles of Marketing
- Management Information Systems
- Economics of the Firm
- Domestic and Global Economic Environment of Business

Foundation-level courses are potentially waivable based on prior graduate or undergraduate course work.

The M.B.A. program also features a capstone Graduate Qualifying Project (GQP) which provides students with a hands-on real-world opportunity to apply and enhance their classroom experience.

M.B.A. students are required to complete 12 credit hours of free elective course work, which may be taken within the Department of Management or within other academic departments at WPI. In addition, students may select a 6-credit option for specialization, which requires 6 additional credits in a particular functional area, in combination with at least 6 credits of the free electives in the chosen area.

M.S. in Marketing and Technological Innovation

A highly specialized 32-credit-hour degree program specifically designed for individuals employed in or aspiring to work in marketing positions and/or positions responsible for innovation within technology-oriented environments. The M.S. in marketing and technological innovation features 14 credit hours of required course work including: MG 503 Organizational Behavior, MG 505 Quantitative Methods, MG 506 Principles of Marketing, MG 508 Economics of the Firm, MG 511 Interpersonal and Leadership Skills for Technological Managers, and MG 512 Creating and Implementing Strategy in Technological Organizations.

Students then select 18 credit hours of electives from the following courses: MG 531 Managing Organizational Change, MG 546 Managing Technological Innovation, MG 548 Productivity Management, MG 563 Marketing of Emerging Technologies, MG 564 Global Technology Marketing, MG 566 Marketing and Electronic Commerce, MG 567 Integrated Marketing Communications, MG 572 Telecommunications Management and Electronic Commerce, MG 576 Project

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Management, MG 592 New Venture Management and Entrepreneurship, MG 597 Internship, and MG 598 Independent Study.

Students who have completed prior undergraduate or graduate level course work which satisfies the content of a foundation level requirement (MG 503, MG 505, MG 506, MG 508) may request a waiver of the relevant foundation course. Students granted waivers must then take an additional 2 credit hours of elective course work for each foundation course waived, either in the area of the waiver or in the "major" area.

M.S. in Operations and Information Technology

A highly specialized 30-credit-hour degree program specifically designed for individuals employed in or aspiring to work in production/operations positions, or management information systems (MIS) positions. The master's in operations and information technology features 12 credit hours of required course work including: MG 503 Organizational Behavior, MG 504 Operations Management, MG 507 Management Information Systems, MG 511 Interpersonal and Leadership Skills for Technological Managers, and MG 513 Creating Processes in Technological Organizations.

Students then select 18 credit hours of electives from the following courses: MG 505 Quantitative Methods, MG 531 Managing Organizational Change, MG 541 Operations Risk Management, MG 542 Quality Planning and Control, MG 544 Supply Chain Management and Electronic Commerce, MG 545 Production Systems Design, MG 546 Managing Technological Innovation, MG 548 Productivity Management, MG 549 Strategies for Manufacturing and Service Firms, MG 566 Marketing and Electronic Commerce, MG 568 Business Data Mining, MG 571 Database Applications Development, MG 572 Telecommunications Management and Electronic Commerce, MG 573 Systems Design and Development, MG 575 Information and Decision Support Systems, MG 576 Project Management, MG 592 New Venture Management and Entrepreneurship, MG 597

Internship, MG 598 Global Oper-ation Strategy, and MG 598 Independent Study.

Students who have completed prior undergraduate or graduate-level course work which satisfies the content of a foundation-level requirement (MG 503, MG 504, MG 507) may request a waiver of the relevant foundation course. Students granted waivers must then take an additional 2 credit hours of elective course work for each foundation course waived, either in the area of the waiver or in the "major" area.

Combined B.S./Master's (M.B.A.) Program

This program is available to WPI undergraduate students. A separate and complete application to the M.B.A. program must be submitted. Admission to the Combined Program is determined by the faculty of the Department of Management. The student should begin the curriculum planning process at the time he/she commences his/her undergraduate studies to ensure that all of the required prerequisite undergraduate courses are completed within the student's four years of undergraduate study.

It is recommended that the M.B.A. application be submitted at the beginning of the student's junior year of undergraduate study. A student in the Combined Program continues to be registered as an undergraduate until the bachelor's degree is awarded.

Students wishing to do a Combined B.S./M.B.A. must complete the following courses while an undergraduate, earning a B or better in each:
MA 2611 Applied Statistics I,
MA 2612 Applied Statistics II,
MG 1100 Financial Accounting,
MG 2200 Financial Management,
MG 3600 Marketing anagement,
MG 3700 Information Systems Management,
MG/IE 2300 Organizational Science,
MG/IE 3400 Production System Design,
SS 1110 Introductory Microeconomics, and
SS 1120 Introductory Macroeconomics.

To obtain a bachelor's degree via the Combined Program, the student must satisfy all requirements for the bachelor's degree, including distribution and project requirements.

To obtain an M.B.A. via the Combined Program, the student must satisfy all M.B.A. degree requirements. In addition to the pre-requisite undergraduate courses listed above, the student must complete the following graduate courses:
MG 511 Interpersonal and Leadership Skills for Technological Managers,
MG 512 Creating and Implementing Strategy in Technological Organizations,
MG 513 Creating Processes in Technological Organizations,
MG 514 Business Analysis for Technological Managers,
MG 515 Legal and Ethical Context of Technological Organizations,
MG 516 Graduate Qualifying Project (GQP), and 12 elective credits.

Please refer to the section on the Combined Programs (page 21) or contact the director of graduate management programs for more information.

Department Research

In addition to teaching, Management Department faculty are involved in a variety of sponsored research and consulting work. A sampling of current research includes: quality control in information-handling processes, supply chain management, management of biotechnology, decision/risk analysis, conflict management, Latin American economic development, capacity planning, international accounting differences, strategy and new venture teams, and re-engineering business education.

The Collaborative for Entrepreneurship and Innovation

The Collaborative for Entrepreneurship and Innovation (CEI) is a program of the Department of Management, designed to inspire and nurture people to discover, create and commercialize new technology-based products, services and organizations. It coordinates all entrepreneurship-related activity at WPI, including graduate and undergraduate courses; the CEI@WPI ALL-OUT $50K Business Plan Challenge; the WPI Venture Forum workshops, monthly lecture and case presentation programs, radio show and newsletter; networking; a student-run entrepreneurs organization; the New England Collegiate Entrepreneurs Award; Web site administra-

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tion of the Coalition for Venture Support; and, on a periodic basis, the CEI will offer conferences, workshops and seminars on topics of interest to entrepreneurs. Programs for high school outreach, social entrepreneurship, internship opportunities, business incubation, various awards, an Entrepreneurship Fair and a Consortium-wide business plan contest are in the planning stage. Please call 508-831-5075 or 5218 for more information.

Degree Requirements

For the M.B.A.

49 credits, prior to waivers, distributed as follows (credit in parentheses):

- **9 Foundation Courses**
  (or graduate/undergraduate equivalents)
  MG 501, MG 502, MG 503, MG 504, MG 505, MG 506, MG 507, MG 508, MG 509 (2 credits each)

- **5 Core Courses**
  MG 511 (3 credits), MG 512 (3 credits), MG 513 (3 credits), MG 514 (4 credits), MG 515 (2 credits)

- **Graduate Qualifying Project (GQP)**
  MG 516 (4 credits)

- **4 Elective Courses**
  12 credits

For the M.S. in Marketing and Technological Innovation

32 credits, distributed as follows (credit in parentheses):

- **4 Foundation Courses**
  (or graduate/undergraduate equivalents)
  MG 503, MG 505, MG 506, MG 508 (2 credits each)

- **2 Core Courses**
  MG 511, MG 512 (3 credits each)

- **6 Elective Courses**
  selected from the following
  MG 531, MG 546, MG 548, MG 567, MG 563, MG 564, MG 566, MG 572, MG576, MG 592, MG 597, MG 598 (3 credits each)

For the M.S. in Operations and Information Technology

30 credits, distributed as follows (credit in parenthesis):

- **3 Foundation Courses**
  (or graduate/undergraduate equivalents)
  MG 503, MG 504, MG 507 (2 credits each)

- **2 Core Courses**
  MG 511, MG 513 (3 credits each)

- **6 Elective Courses**
  selected from the following
  MG 505 (2 credits),
  MG 531, MG541, MG 542, MG 544, MG 545, MG 546, MG 548, MG 549, MG 566, MG 571, MG 572, MG 573, MG 575, MG 576, MG 592, MG 597, MG 568 (3 credits each)

All students admitted to a graduate management degree program are assigned a faculty advisor and must file a curriculum plan during their first year in the program.

Part-time students typically complete the M.B.A. program in three to five years, dependent on prior academic background, while full-time students typically complete the program in two years. An M.S. degree program is typically completed in two to four years part-time, or one and a half years full-time.

Admission Requirements

Admission to WPI's Graduate Management Programs is competitive. Admission is granted to applicants whose academic and professional records indicate the likelihood of success in a challenging academic program, and whose career aspirations are in line with the focus of the specific degree program to which they are applying.

Applicants should have the analytic aptitude and academic preparation necessary to complete a technology-oriented management program. This includes a minimum of three semesters of college level math or two semesters of college level calculus. Applicants are also required to have an understanding of computer systems.

Applicants must have the earned equivalent of a four-year U.S. bachelor's degree to be considered for admission. Admission decisions are based upon all the information required from the applicant.

Locations

Tailored to meet the challenges of working professionals, WPI offers full- and part-time graduate management study at our campuses in Worcester and Waltham, Massachusetts, as well as world-wide via our Advanced Distance Learning Network (see page 23).

Faculty

M. C. Banks, Harry G. Stoddard Professor of Management and Department Head; Ph.D., Virginia Tech

E. Danneels, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Pennsylvania State University

M. B. Elmes, Professor; Ph.D., Syracuse University

A. Gerstenfeld, Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

H. Higgins, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Georgia State University

S. A. Johnson, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Cornell University

C. Kasouf, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Syracuse University

E. T. Loiacono, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Georgia

S. McCoy, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Pittsburgh

J. J. Mistry, Assistant Professor; D.B.A., Boston University

K. Mukherjee, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

F. Noonan, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

J. T. O'Connor, Professor; Ph.D., Notre Dame University

D. Strong, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Carnegie-Mellon University

S. Taylor, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Boston College

H. G. Vassallo, Professor; Ph.D., Clark University

O. Volkoff, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Western Ontario

K. A. Wilkens, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

A. Zeng, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Pennsylvania State University

J. Zhu, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

Manufacturing Engineering

Programs of Study

http://www.wpi.edu/+mfe/

The Manufacturing Engineering (MFE) Program offers two graduate degrees: the master of science and the doctor of philosophy. Full- and part-time study available.

The graduate programs in manufacturing engineering provide opportunities for students to study current manufacturing techniques while allowing each student the flexibility to customize their educational program. Course material and research activities often draw from the traditional fields of computer science, controls engineering, electrical and computer engineering, environmental engineering, industrial engineering, materials science and engineering, mechanical engineering, manufacturing engineering, and management. The program's intention is to build a solid and broad foundation in manufacturing theories and practices, and allow for further concentrated study in a selected specialty.

For the M.S.

The master of science (M.S.) program in Manufacturing Engineering (MFE) at WPI is highly flexible. Students from a wide range of engineering and management backgrounds can design individualized programs of study to meet their special needs and interests.

All candidates for the M.S. degree in MFE take four core courses (12 credits), providing a common foundation in design and control of manufacturing processes and systems, and design for manufacturability. The remaining 18 credits can be earned through almost any combination of courses, thesis, independent study, or directed research. Students, with their advisor, can select grad courses from virtually any department and can complete their degree entirely with course work. Thesis and directed research are available for those who would like to perform significant projects, working closely with a professor of their choosing, possibly involving sponsored research in one of WPI's many research and teaching laboratories, and possibly off campus.

The four MFE core courses are offered in the evenings. The typical MFE core class is made up of about half practicing engineers with day jobs and half full-time grad students with teaching or research assistantships or fellowships.

For the Ph.D.

The doctoral (Ph.D.) program in MFE is a research degree, with no required courses. All candidates must pass a comprehensive exam, which is based on the material in the four core courses required for the M.S. degree in MFE. All candidates must complete at least one year in residence, have a dissertation proposal accepted, then complete the dissertation and defend it successfully.

The dissertation is based on original and, generally, externally sponsored research. A broad range of research topics is possible, including investigation into the fundamental science on which manufacturing processes are based, material science, manufacturing engineering education, metrology, quality, machine tool dynamics, manufacturing processes, design methodology and production systems.

MFE Seminar

Seminar speakers include WPI faculty and students as well as manufacturing experts and scholars from around the world. Registration for, attendance at and participation in the seminar course, MFE 500, is required for full-time students. The seminar series provides a common forum for all students to discuss current issues in manufacturing engineering.

Research Interests

Current research areas include tolerance analysis, CAD/CAM, production systems analysis, machining, fixturing, delayed dynamical systems, nonlinear chatter, surface metrology, fractal analysis, surface functionality, metals processing and manufacturing management.

Research Facilities and Laboratories

Graduate students in MFE can do their project, thesis and dissertation work in almost any research or production facility on or off campus. Often the work is done in one of the following facilities:

Computer-aided Manufacturing Lab
HAAS Center for Computer-controlled Machining
Metals Processing Institute
Production and Machine Dynamics Lab
Robotics Lab
Surface Metrology Lab

For more information, visit the MFE Web site: http://www.wpi.edu/+mfe/

Admission Requirements

Candidates for admission must meet WPI's requirements and should have a bachelor's degree in science or engineering, preferably in such fields as computer science/engineering, electrical/ control engineering, industrial engineering, environmental engineering, manufacturing engineering, materials science and engineering, or mechanical engineering. Students with other backgrounds will be considered based on their interest, formal education and experience in manufacturing.

Manufacturing Engineering ▪

Faculty

C. A. Brown, Director of Manufacturing Engineering, Saint Gobain Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Vermont

D. Apelian, Howmet Professor of Engineering, Director of the Metal Processing Institute; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

R. R. Biederman, George F. Fuller Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

H. K. Ault, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., WPI

D. C. Brown, Professor of Computer Science; Ph.D., Ohio State University

P. D. Cotnoir, Visiting Lecturer in Mechanical Engineering; M.S., WPI

M. A. Demetriou, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Southern California

M. S. Fofana, Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Waterloo

S. A. Johnson, Associate Professor of Management; Ph.D., Cornell University

R. N. Katz, Research Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

R. Ludwig, Professor of Electrical and Computer Engineering; Ph.D., Colorado State University

M. M. Makhlouf, Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Director of Aluminum Casting Research Laboratory; Ph.D., WPI

F. Noonan, Associate Professor of Management; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

J. C. O'Shaughnessy, Professor of Civil and Environmental Engineering; Ph.D., Penn State University

Y. Rong, Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Kentucky

R. D. Sisson Jr., Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Ph.D., Purdue University

J. M. Sullivan Jr., Associate Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., Thayer School of Engineering, Dartmouth College

Materials Science and Engineering

Program of Study

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE

Programs leading to a degree of master of science and/or doctor of philosophy.

The master of science in materials science and engineering provides students with an opportunity to study the fundamentals of materials science and state-of-the-art applications in materials engineering and materials processing. The program is designed to build a strong foundation in materials science along with industrial applications in engineering, technology and processing. Both full- and part-time study are available. For more information, contact the program head at 508-831-5633.

Program areas for the doctor of philosophy emphasize the processing-structure-property-performance relationships in metals, ceramics, polymers and composites. Current projects are addressing these issues in fuel cell materials, biopolymers, aluminum and magnesium casting, the heat-treating of steels and aluminum alloys and metal matrix composites.

Well-equipped laboratories within Washburn Shops and Stoddard Laboratories include such facilities as scanning (SEM) and transmission (TEM) electron microscopes, X-ray diffractometer, process simulation equipment, a mechanical testing laboratory including two computer-controlled servo-hydraulic mechanical testing systems, metalcasting, particulate processing, semisolid processing laboratories, a tribology laboratory, a metallographic laboratory, a polymer engineering laboratory with differential scanning calorimeter (DSC) and thermo gravimetric analyzer (TGA), a corrosion laboratory, topographic analysis laboratory and machining force dynamometry. A range of materials processing, fastening, joining, welding, machining, casting and heat treating facilities is also available.

Materials Science and Engineering Laboratories
Biomaterials Laboratory

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE/biomaterials.html

This laboratory contains facilities for the synthesis, processing and testing of biomaterials. The equipment includes foam-processing apparatus, data acquisition systems, medical devices, sensors, polymer and synthesis modules, constant temperature shaker baths, centrifuges, Shore hardness testers, ASTM ball rebound testers and other polymer testing equipment.

Ceramic/Powder Processing Laboratory

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE/ceramic.html

This industry-sponsored laboratory supports particulate processing research by materials science and manufacturing students and faculty. The laboratory is equipped with a variety of powder preparation, processing and characterization equipment, as well as equipment for green body consolidation and sintering. Equipment includes roller mills, mixers, a low-temperature drying oven, freeze dryer, cold press, various sintering furnaces (capable of up to 1700C in air and controlled atmospheres), a differential thermal analyzer, X-ray sedigraph, and equipment for electrical property and density measurements.

Mechanical Testing Laboratory

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE/mechtesting.html

Experimental mechanical testing laboratories are available for teaching and research related to mechanical properties and deformation of metals, ceramics, and composite materials. Equipment available includes: two computer-controlled Instron 8502 Servo-Hydraulic Tension-Compression Systems with supporting grips, environmental chambers, and furnaces; an Instron Model 4201 computerized tensile tester for high-accuracy, low-load testing of ceramic materials; an ASCERA hydraulic tensile tester for brittle materials; two high-temperature and three room-temperature stress-rupture systems.

Optical and Electron Metallography Laboratories

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE/optical.html

Two scanning electron microscopes (SEMs), an analytical scanning transmission electron microscope (AEM), optical reflection and transmission microscopes, and supporting sample preparation and photographic equipment are the major facilities available for microstructural analysis. The AMR1200 (SEM) is equipped with a Kevex 7000 Energy Dispersive X-Ray (EDX) Analyzer. The JSM840 (SEM) is equipped with stage-automated digital image analysis, a light element (Uranium down to Boron) Quantum X-Ray detector with a Kevex Delta system, and a wavelength dispersive X-ray analyzer. The JEOL 100C (AEM) is equipped with a Devex 8000 EDX system. These facilities are used primarily for micro-structural analysis and determination of crystal structures of fine phases present in metals and ceramics.

Polymer Engineering Laboratory

http://www.me.wpi.edu/MTE/polymer.html

This laboratory is used for the synthesis, processing and testing of plastics. The equipment includes: thermal analysis machines Perkin Elmer DSC 4, DSC 7, DTA 1400 and TGA 7; single-screw table-top extruder; injection molding facilities; polymer synthesis apparatus; oil bath furnaces; heat treating ovens; and foam processing and testing devices.

Surface Metrology Laboratory

http://www.wpi.edu/+mfe/Surf Met/
http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/Depts/ME/MFE/SurfMet/

The Surface Metrology Laboratory is dedicated to the study of surface textures, their creation and their influence of surface behavior or performance. We also study and design the manufacturing processes that create specific surface textures. We study and develop specialized algorithms that are used to support texture-related product and process design, and to advance the understanding of texture-dependent behavior. Our experience extends to analyzing data sets on scales from kilometers (earth's surface) to

Materials Science and Engineering

Angstroms (cleaved mica), although the primary focus is on analyzing measured surfaces or profiles (i.e., topographic data) acquired from surfaces created or modified during manufacture, wear, fracture or corrosion.

The objective of the research on texture analysis is to develop characterization parameters that reduce large data sets, such as those acquired by atomic probe microscopy, scanning profiometry, confocal microscopy, or conventional profilometry. The purpose of the characterization parameters is to support product and process design, or promote the understanding of adhesion, friction, wear, fracture, corrosion or other texture related phenomena. The characterization parameters should have clear physical interpretations for understanding the mechanisms which control surface behavior and surface creation. The laboratory has also been utilized in specialized image analyses, used, for example, to characterize the internal morphology of cermanic membrane.

X-Ray Diffraction Laboratory
http://www.wpi.edu/MTE/xray.html

Two fully automated and computerized X-ray diffractometers are available for teaching and research: a GE-XRD-5 diffractometer and a Nicolet 12/V polycrystalline diffraction system. In addition, a variety of software has been developed to utilize these instruments effectively. Currently, background modeling, peak searching and curve fitting with deconvolution are in use for quantitative phase analysis and residual stress analysis. A search of the JCPDS Powder Diffraction File is provided with the Nicolet system. A variety of X-ray cameras and goniometers are available along with choice of x-ray tube targets to provide a wide X-ray diffraction capability. Additional support software is shared with the electron microscopy facility to generate diffraction patterns for any crystal system, in any desired orientation.

Metal Processing Institute (MPI)
http://www.wpi.edu/+MPI

The Metal Processing Institute (MPI) is an industry-University alliance. Its mission is to design and carry out research projects identified in collaboration with MPI's industrial partners in the field of near and net shape manufacturing. MPI creates knowledge that will help enhance the productivity and competitiveness of the metal processing industry, and develops the industry's human resource base through the education of WPI students and the dissemination of new knowledge. More than 120 private manufacturers participate in the Institute, and their support helps fund fundamental and applied research that addresses technological barriers facing the industry. The MPI researchers also develop and demonstrate best practices and state-of-the-art processing techniques.

MPI offers educational opportunities and corporate resources to both undergraduate and graduate students, specifically:

• International exchanges and internships with several leading universities around the globe—Europe and Asia

• Graduate internship programs leading to a master's or doctoral degree, where the research work is carried out at the industrial site

For further details visit the MPI office on the third floor of Washburn, Room 326, or the MPI Web site: www.wpi.edu/+MPI.

MPI's research programs are carried out by three distinct research consortia. These are described below:

• Advanced Casting Research Center (ACRC)
• Center for Heat Treating Excellence (CHTE)
• The Morris Boorky Powder Metallurgy Research Center (PMRC)
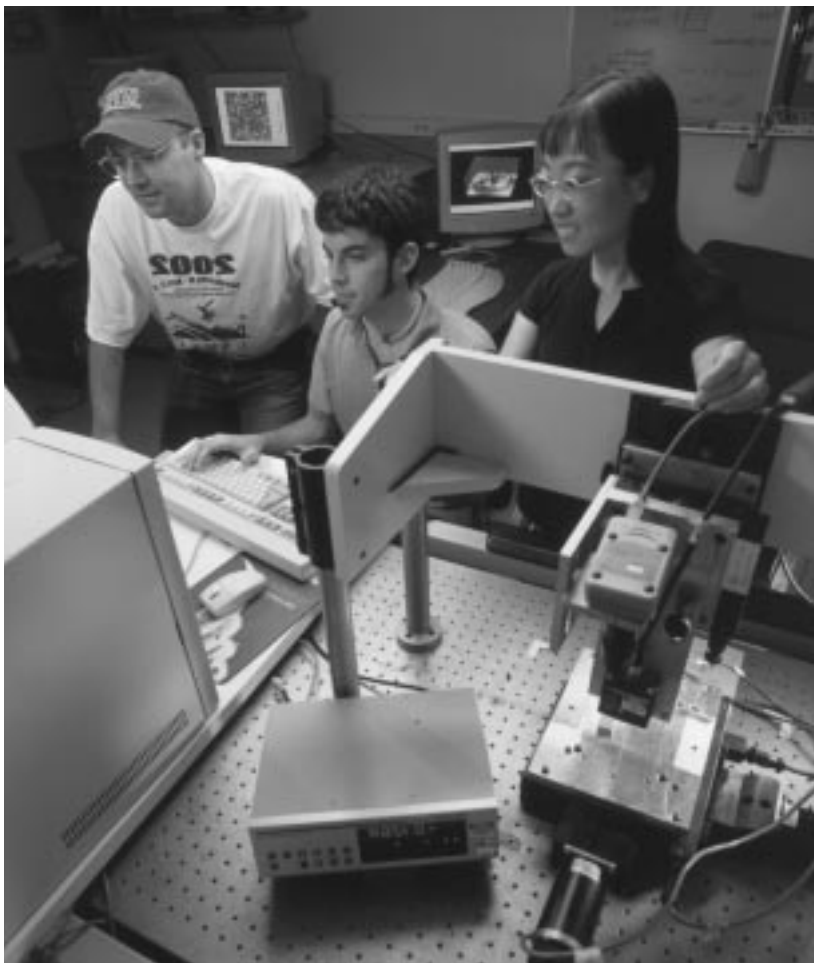
Materials Science and Engineering

Advanced Casting Research Center (ACRC)

http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/Research/ACRC/

The laboratory provides experimental facilities for course laboratories and for undergraduate and graduate projects. The laboratory is equipped with extensive melting and casting facilities, computerized data acquisition systems for solidification studies, thermal analysis units, liquid metal filtration apparatus, rheocasting machines, and a variety of heat treating furnaces. The laboratory has strong collaborations with industry, and students work directly with professional engineers from sponsoring companies. Forty-five corporate members participate in and support the ACRC research programs. Student scholarships offered by the Foundry Education Foundation (FEF) are available through the laboratory. The ACRC conducts workshops, seminars and technical symposiums for national and local industries. The laboratory is available throughout the year for project activity and thesis work as well as co-op and summer employment. Project opportunities at international sites are also available through ACRC/MPI.

Center for Heat Treating Excellence (CHTE)

http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/Research/CHTE/

The center is an alliance between the industrial sector and researchers to collaboratively address short-term and long-term needs of the heat treating industry. It is the center's intent to enhance the position of the heat treating industry by applying research to solve industrial problems, and to advance heat treatment technology. The center's objective is to advance the frontiers of thermal processing through fundamental research and development.

Specifically, the center will pursue research to develop innovative processes to:

- Control microstructure and properties of metallic components
- Reduce energy consumption
- Reduce process time
- Reduce production costs
- Achieve zero distortion
- Increase furnace efficiency
- Achieve zero emissions

Over fifty corporate members participate in and support the CHTE research programs. MPI project opportunities, industrial internships, co-op opportunities and summer employment are available through CHTE/MPI.

The Morris Boorky Powder Metallurgy Research Center (PMRC)

http://www.wpi.edu/Academics/Research/PMRC/

The center addresses the scientific, engineering and managerial problems of the powder metallurgy industry. By integrating facilities from different disciplines, the center has developed research programs in engineering and management, addressing new technologies as well as methodologies for their implementation, i.e., valve creation and management issues in a small, fragmented industry. The objectives of the PMRC are as follows:

- Establish an educational and research center for the powder metallurgy industry, and provide a vehicle for manufacturing excellence and competitiveness of the industry.
- Establish long-term relationships between the academic community and members of management, manufacturing and research in the industry.
- Develop for graduate and undergraduate students course and project experiences that will foster an understanding of the industry.

Twenty-one corporate members participate and support the PMRC research programs. MQP project opportunities, industrial internships, co-op opportunities and summer employment are available through PMRC/MPI.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S.

For the master of science in materials science and engineering, the student is required to complete a minimum of 30 credit hours. Requirements include the following core courses: MTE 510, MTE 525, MTE 530, MTE 540, MTE 550 and MTE 560, two MTE or other 4000, 500 or 600 level engineering, science or mathematics electives, and 6 thesis credits. All courses must be approved by the student's advisor and the Materials Graduate Committee.

Satisfactory participation in the materials engineering seminar (MTE 580) is also required for all full-time students. In addition to general college requirements, all courses taken for graduate credit must result in a GPA of 3.0 or higher. Waiver of any of these requirements must be approved by the Materials Science and Engineering Graduate Committee, which will exercise its discretion in handling any extenuating circumstances or problems.

Examples of Typical Program

- Materials engineering core courses— 18 credits
- Electives—6 credits
- Thesis—6 credits
- *Total—30 credits*

For the Ph.D.

The number of course credits required for the doctor of philosophy degree, above those for the master of science, is not specified precisely. For planning purposes, the student should consider a total of 21 to 30 course credits. The remainder of the work will be in research and independent study. The total combination of research and course work required will not be less than 60 credits beyond the master of science degree or not less than 90 credits beyond the bachelor's degree.

Admission to candidacy will be granted only after the student has satisfactorily passed the Materials Engineering Doctoral Qualifying/ Comprehensive Examination (MEDQE). The purpose of this exam is to determine if the student's breadth and depth of understanding of the fundamental areas of materials engineering is ade-

Materials Science and Engineering

quate to conduct independent research and successfully complete a Ph.D. dissertation.

The MEDQE consists of both written and oral components. The written exam must be successfully completed before the oral exam can be taken. The oral exam is usually given within two weeks of the completion of the written exam. The MEDQE is offered one time each year.

A member of the materials science and engineering faculty will be appointed to be the chairperson of the MEDQE Committee. This person should not be the student's Ph.D. Thesis Advisor; but that advisor may be a member of the MEDQE Committee. Others on the committee should be the writers of the four sections of the examinations and any other faculty selected by the chairperson. Faculty from other departments at WPI or other colleges/universities, as well as experts from industry, may be asked to participate in this examination if the materials engineering faculty feels it is appropriate.

At least one year prior to completion of the Ph.D. dissertation, the student must present a formal seminar to the public describing the proposed dissertation research project. This Ph.D. research proposal will be presented after admission to candidacy.

All materials science and engineering students in the Ph.D. program must satisfactorily complete a minor in a program-related technical area. The minor normally consists of a minimum of three related courses and must be approved by the Graduate Study Committee and the program head.

Admission Requirements

The program is designed for graduates with engineering, mathematics or science degrees. Some undergraduate courses may be required to improve the student's background in materials science and engineering.

As part of their graduate program, students are encouraged to elect courses from the various engineering, mathematics and science departments. The interdisciplinary aspects of materials science and engineering are emphasized. Please refer also to the programs in mechanical engineering and manufacturing engineering.

Faculty

R. D. Sisson Jr., Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Director, Materials Science and Engineering Program; Ph.D., Purdue University

D. Apelian, Howmet Professor of Engineering; Director, Metal Processing Institute; Sc.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

I. Bar-On, Professor; Ph.D., Hebrew University of Jerusalem

R. R. Biederman, George F. Fuller Professor of Mechanical Engineering; Ph.D., University of Connecticut

R. F. Bourgault, Professor Emeritus; M.S., Stevens Institute of Technology

C. A. Brown, Saint Gobain Professor; Director, Manufacturing Engineering; Ph.D., University of Vermont

C. D. Demetry, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

R. N. Katz, Research Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

M. M. Makhlouf, Professor; Director, Aluminum Casting Research Laboratory; Ph.D., WPI

S. Shivkumar, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Stevens Institute of Technology

K. Zeisler-Mashl, Research Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Michigan Technological University

Mathematical Sciences

Programs of Study

The Mathematical Sciences Department offers four programs leading to the degree of master of science, a Combined B.S./Master's program, a program leading to the degree of master of mathematics for educators, and a program leading to the degree of doctor of philosophy.

Master of Science in Applied Mathematics Program

This program gives students a broad background in mathematics, placing an emphasis on areas with the highest demand in applications: numerical methods and scientific computation, mathematical modeling, discrete mathematics, mathematical materials science, optimization and operations research. In addition to these advanced areas of specialization, students are encouraged to acquire breadth by choosing elective courses in fields such as computer science, mechanical engineering and electrical and computer engineering, complementing their studies in applied mathematics. Students have a choice of completing their master's thesis or project in cooperation with one of the department's established industrial partners. The program provides a suitable foundation for the pursuit of a Ph.D. degree in applied mathematics or a related field, or for a career in industry immediately after graduation.

Master of Science in Applied Statistics Program

This program gives graduates the knowledge and experience to tackle problems of statistical design, analysis and control likely to be encountered in business, industry or academia. The program is designed to acquaint students with the theory underlying modern statistical methods, to provide breadth in diverse areas of statistics and to give students practical experience through extensive application of statistical theory to real problems. Of particular note are the statistical consulting course, which develops interpersonal and statistical consulting skills, and the Master's Project, which involves the solution of a large-scale real-world problem, often originating in industry, business or government. Through the selection of elective courses, the student may choose a program with an industrial emphasis or one with a more theoretical emphasis.

Professional Master of Science in Financial Mathematics Program

This program offers an efficient, practice-oriented track to prepare students for quantitative careers in the financial industry, including banks, insurance companies, and investment and securities firms. The program gives students a solid background and sufficient breadth in the mathematical and statistical foundations needed to understand the cutting edge techniques of today and to keep up with future developments in this rapidly evolving area over the span of their careers. It also equips students with expertise in quantitative financial modeling, and the computational methods and skills that are used to implement the models. The mathematical knowledge is complemented by studies in financial management, information technology and/or computer science.

The bridge from the academic environment to the professional workplace will be provided by a professional master's project that involves the solution of a concrete, real-world problem directly originating from the financial industry. Students are encouraged to complete summer internships at financial firms. The department can help students to find suitable financial internships through the industrial connections of faculty affiliated with the Center for Industrial Mathematics and Statistics. Graduates of the program are expected to start or advance their professional careers involving financial product development and pricing, risk management, investment decision support or portfolio management.

Professional Master of Science in Industrial Mathematics Program

This is a practice-oriented program that prepares students for successful careers in industry. The graduates are expected to be generalized problem-solvers, capable of moving from task to task within an organization. In industry, mathematicians need not only the standard mathematical and statistical modeling and computational tools, but also knowledge within other areas of science or engineering. This program aims at developing the analysis, modeling and computational skills needed by mathematicians who work in industrial environments. It also provides the breadth required by industrial multidisciplinary team environments through courses in one area of science or engineering, e.g., physics, computer science, mechanical engineering, electrical and computer engineering.

The connection between academic training and industrial experience will be provided by an industrial professional master's project that involves the solution of a concrete, real-world problem originating in industry. The department, through the industrial connections of the faculty affiliated with the Center for Industrial Mathematics and Statistics (CIMS), will help students identify and select suitable industrial internships. Graduates of the program are expected to start or advance their professional careers in industry.

Combined B.S./Master's Program

This program allows a student to work concurrently toward bachelor and master of science degrees in applied mathematics, applied statistics, financial mathematics and industrial mathematics.

Master of Mathematics for Educators

This is a 30-credit evening program designed primarily for secondary school mathematics teachers. Courses offer a solid foundation in areas such as geometry, algebra, modeling, discrete math and statistics, while also including the study of modern applications. Additionally, students develop materials, based on course work, which may be used in their secondary classes. Technology is introduced when possible to give students exposure for future consideration. Examples include Geometer's Sketchpad; Maple for algebra, calculus and graphics; Matlab for analysis of sound and music; and the TI CBL for motion and heat.

For teachers in the Massachusetts public schools, WPI may grant a professional license upon completion of the MME degree.

During the summers of 2002, 2003 and 2004, 3-credit courses in modeling of industrial projects are available, thanks to a grant obtained from the General Electric Fund.

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Doctor of Philosophy in Mathematical Sciences Program

The goal of this program is to produce active and creative problem solvers, capable of contributing in academic and industrial environments. One distinguishing feature of this program is a 9-credit-hour project to be completed under the guidance of an external sponsor, e.g., from industry or a national research center. The intention of this project is to connect theoretical knowledge with relevant applications and to introduce the candidate to potential employers.

Research Interests

Active areas of research in the Mathematical Sciences Department include applied and computational mathematics, industrial mathematics, applied statistics, scientific computing, numerical analysis, ordinary and partial differential equations, nonlinear analysis, electric power systems, control theory, optimal design, composite materials, homogenization, computational fluid dynamics, biofluids, dynamical systems, free and moving boundary problems, porous media modeling, turbulence and chaos, mathematical physics, mathematical biology, operations research, linear and nonlinear programming, discrete mathematics, graph theory, group theory, linear algebra, combinatorics, applied probability, stochastic processes, time series analysis, Bayesian statistics, Bayesian computation, survey research methodology, categorical data analysis, Monte Carlo methodology, statistical computing, survival analysis and model selection.

Mathematical Sciences Computer Facilities

The Mathematical Sciences Department relies heavily on the use of modern computer facilities in the programs it offers. Current facilities include approximately 70 workstations, X-terminals and PCs, as well as nine 500+ MHz DEC Alphas. In addition, department faculty and graduate students have access to the University's 16-node (32 cpu) IBM RS/6000 SP parallel computer. We are continually adding new resources and intend to maintain our position as one of the most heavily computerized mathematical sciences departments in the country.

Center for Industrial Mathematics and Statistics (CIMS)

http://www.wpi.edu/+CIMS

The Center for Industrial Mathematics and Statistics was established in 1997 to foster partnerships between the University and industry, business and government in mathematics and statistics research.

The problems facing business and industry are growing ever more complex, and their solutions often involve sophisticated mathematics. The faculty members and students associated with CIMS have the expertise to address today's complex problems and provide solutions that use relevant mathematics and statistics.

The Center offers undergraduates and graduate students the opportunity to gain real-world experience in the corporate world through projects and internships that make them more competitive in today's job market. In addition, it helps companies address their needs for mathematical solutions and enhances their technological competitiveness.

The industrial projects in mathematics and statistics offered by CIMS provide a unique education for successful careers in industry, business and higher education.

Degree Requirements

For the M.S. in Applied Mathematics

The master's program in applied mathematics is a 36-credit-hour program. Students must complete seven core courses: MA 503, MA 504, MA 508, MA 509, MA 510, MA 530, and either MA 512 or MA 514. In addition, students are required to complete a 6-credit-hour master's thesis or project. The master's thesis is an original piece of mathematical research work which focuses on advancing the state of the mathematical art. The master's project consists of a creative application of mathematics to a real world problem. It focuses on problem definition and solution using mathematical tools.

The remaining three courses may be chosen from the graduate offerings of the Mathematical Sciences Department. Upper-level undergraduate mathematics courses or a two-course graduate sequence

in another department may be taken for graduate credit, subject to the approval of the departmental Graduate Committee. Candidates are required to successfully complete the graduate seminar MA 560.

For the M.S. in Applied Statistics

The master's program in applied statistics is a 36-credit-hour program. Courses taken must include MA 540, MA 541 and MA 558. In addition the student must complete a suitable 6-credit project, typically drawn from business, industry or academia. The remaining seven courses are normally chosen from the statistics/probability offerings of the Mathematical Sciences Department, courses numbered MA 542-556 plus MA 509. Upper-level undergraduate courses may be taken for graduate credit subject to the approval of the departmental Graduate Committee.

For the M.S. in Financial Mathematics

The Professional Master's Degree Program in Financial Mathematics is a 30-credit-hour program including a 3-credit-hour professional M.S. project originating from the financial industry. Students must take foundation courses MA 503 and MA 540, at least three from the four core financial mathematics courses MA 571, MA 572, MA 573 and MA 574, and two additional electives chosen from the graduate courses offered by the Mathematical Sciences Department.

A 6-credit block has to be completed in one of the following complementary areas outside of the Mathematical Sciences Department: financial management (e.g., from MG 501, MG 502, MG 509, MG 526 or MG 598), information technology (e.g., from MG 571, MG 573, MG 578 or MG 598) or computer science (e.g., from CS 504, CS 507, CS 531, CS 534, CS 542 or CS 552). Students with a degree or substantial work experience in one of the above complementary areas can substitute them with other courses subject to prior approval by the Graduate Committee. B.S./Master's students can count undergraduate credits for MA 4213, MA 4235, MA 4237, MA 4473 or MA 4632 toward electives, and suitable undergraduate courses toward the complementary area requirement.

Mathematical Sciences

Students shall participate in the Professional Master's Seminars MA 562A and MA 562B. The Professional M.S. Project MA 598 involves solving a real-life problem originating in the financial industry. A student's plan of study and the topic of the master's project shall be approved by the Graduate Committee.

For the M.S. in Industrial Mathematics

The Professional Master's Degree Program in Industrial Mathematics is a 30-credit-hour program. Students must complete four foundation courses: MA 503, MA 510 and two courses out of MA 508, MA 509 and MA 530. Students must also complete a 12-credit-hour module composed of two courses within the department and a sequence of two courses from one graduate program outside the Mathematical Sciences Department. The department offers a wide selection of modules to suit students' interest and expertise.

In addition, students are required to complete a 3-credit-hour elective from the Mathematical Sciences Department and a 3-credit-hour master's project on a problem originating from industry. Candidates are required to successfully complete the Professional Master's Seminars MA 562A and MA 562B. The plan of study and the project topic need prior approval of the Graduate Committee.

Examples of Modules for the M.S. Degree in Industrial Mathematics

The courses comprising the 12-credit module should form a coherent sequence that provides exposure to an area outside mathematics and statistics, providing at the same time the mathematical tools required by that particular area. Examples of typical modules are:

- Dynamics and control module—MA 512, MA 540, ME 522 and ME 523 (or ME 527);
- Materials module—MA 512, MA 526, ME 531 and ME 532;
- Fluid dynamics module—MA 512, MA 526, ME 511 and ME 512 (or ME 513);
- Biomedical engineering module—MA 512, MA 526, BE/ME 554 and BE/ME 558;

- Machine learning module—MA 540, MA 541, CS 507 and CS 539;
- Cryptography module—MA 533, MA 514, CS 503 and EE 578.

For the Combined B.S./Master's Programs in Applied Mathematics and Applied Statistics

A maximum of four courses may be counted toward both the undergraduate and graduate degrees. All of these courses must be 4000-level or above, and at least one must be a graduate course. Three of them must be beyond the 7 units of mathematics required for the B.S. degree.

Acceptance into the program means that the candidate is qualified for graduate school and signifies approval of the four courses to be counted for credit toward both degrees. However, in order to obtain both undergraduate and graduate credit for these courses, grades of B or better have to be obtained.

For the Master of Mathematics for Educators (M.M.E.)

Candidates for the master of mathematics for educators must successfully complete 30 credit hours of graduate study, including a 6-credit-hour project (see MME 592, MME 594, MME 596). This project will typically consist of a classroom study within the context of a secondary mathematics course and will be advised by faculty in the Mathematical Sciences Department. Typically, a student will enroll in 4 credit hours per semester during the fall and spring, with the remaining credit hours taken in the summer. Normal degree completion time is two years, including two summers.

For the Ph.D.

The course of study leading to the doctor of philosophy in the mathematical sciences requires the completion of at least 60 credit hours beyond the master's degree, of which at least 30 credit hours must be directed toward independent research. The research preparation phase consists of:

- 9 to 15 credit hours of supervised independent study courses in the area of the candidate's specialization
- 9 credit hours of the applied mathematics project (see description)

- At least 6 credit hours of courses, 500 level or higher, in WPI departments outside of mathematical sciences

Mathematical Sciences Ph.D. Project

As part of the research preparation phase, the student is encouraged to go off campus to complete a project sponsored by industry, national research laboratories or other approved external organizations. The project shall be in an area involving an application of mathematics or statistics. The scope of the project shall be equivalent to 9 credit hours of course work.

In the event that the student is unable to secure sponsorship through an off-campus organization, the student is required to complete an on-campus project in a department other than mathematical sciences.

Plan of Study

Within the first year of enrollment, each student is expected to choose a specialization with his or her advisor. A plan of study must be submitted to and approved by the departmental Graduate Committee.

General Comprehensive Examination

In order to be admitted to candidacy, the student must take the general comprehensive examination at the beginning of the first year of study if entering with a master's degree, and no later than the beginning of the second year of study, if entering with a bachelor's degree.

Admission to Candidacy

Admission to candidacy is granted when the student has passed the general comprehensive examination and has received approval of an application for admission to candidacy summarizing the student's planned course of study.

Ph.D. Preliminary Examination

Before registering for Ph.D. dissertation credits the candidate must pass the Ph.D. preliminary examination. This examination, which has both written and oral components, should be taken sometime during the second or third year after being admitted as a Ph.D. candidate.

Mathematical Sciences

Ph.D. Dissertation Proposal

At least six months prior to completion of the Ph.D. dissertation, the candidate must present a formal seminar to the public describing the proposed dissertation research project. A formal written research proposal must be submitted two weeks before the presentation.

Ph.D. Final Examination

With the dissertation and the other requirements of the program completed, the student is ready for the final oral defense. The student's Ph.D. Thesis Committee will determine by majority vote whether or not the student passes.

Ph.D. Thesis Committee

The student's Dissertation Advisor chairs the Ph.D. Thesis Committee. Under the direction of the advisor, the student selects the rest of the Ph.D. Thesis Committee. The committee must have at least five members; it should be made up of members of the mathematical sciences faculty and at least one faculty member from another department, or one person from outside WPI who is a recognized expert in the area of the student's dissertation. This committee will participate in the Ph.D. dissertation proposal and the Ph.D. final examination. It is required that the committee be selected prior to the Ph.D. preliminary examination.

Admission Requirements

A bachelor's degree is required for admission to all M.S. programs. A basic knowledge of undergraduate analysis, linear algebra and differential equations is assumed for applicants to the master's programs in applied mathematics and industrial mathematics. A strong background in mathematics, which should include courses in advanced analysis and linear algebra, is assumed for applicants to the master's program in financial mathematics. Typically, an entering student in the master of science in applied statistics program will have an undergraduate major in the mathematical sciences, engineering or a physical science; however, individuals with other backgrounds will be considered. In any case, an applicant will need a strong background in mathematics, which should include courses in undergraduate analysis and probability. Students with serious deficiencies may be required to correct them on a noncredit basis.

Candidates for the master of mathematics for educators degree must have a bachelor's degree and must possess a background equivalent to at least a minor in mathematics, including calculus and either teacher certification in mathematics or science or a full-time teaching position in one of these disciplines. Students are encouraged to enroll in courses on an ad hoc basis without official program admission. However, these students will not be eligible for any financial aid and must pay full tuition for each course. A typical student would complete the program in two years, taking one course each semester. However, the program can accommodate other completion schedules as well.

Faculty

B. Vernescu, Professor and Head; Ph.D. Institute of Mathematics, Bucharest, Romania

P. R. Christopher, Professor; Ph.D., Clark University

P. W. Davis, Professor; Ph.D., Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

B. D. Doytchinov, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Carnegie Mellon University

W. Farr, Associate Professor and Associate Head ; Ph.D., University of Minnesota

J. D. Fehribach, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Duke University

J. Goulet, Coordinator, Master of Mathematics for Educators Program; Ph.D., Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute

A. C. Heinricher, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Carnegie Mellon University

M. Humi, Professor; Ph.D., Weizmann Institute of Science

J. H. Kimn, Visiting Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences

C. J. Larsen, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Carnegie Mellon University

R. Y. Lui, Professor; Ph.D., University of Minnesota

K. A. Lurie, Professor; Ph.D., A. F. Ioffe Physical-Technical Institute, Academy of Science, USSR

C. Morales, Assistant Professor; Ph. D., Boston University

W. J. Martin, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Waterloo

B. Nandram, Professor; Ph.D., University of Iowa

D. Pasca, Visiting Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Bucharest

J. D. Petruccelli, Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

M. Sarkis, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences

B. Servatius, Professor; Ph.D., Syracuse University

Mathematical Sciences

D. Shon, Visiting Assistant Professor; Ph.D., State University of New York at Stony Brook

A. W. Swift, Visiting Assistant Professor; Ph.D., George Washington University

D. Tang, Professor; Ph.D., University of Wisconsin

D. Vermes, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Szeged, Hungary

H. F. Walker, Professor; Ph.D., Courant Institute of Mathematical Sciences

S. Weekes, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Michigan

A. H. Wiedie, Coordinator, Actuarial Mathematics Program; Ph.D., University of Massachusetts

J. Wilbur, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

V. Yakovlev, Visiting Associate Professor; Ph.D., Institute of Radio Engineering and Electronics, Russian Academy of Sciences

Emeritus

G. C. Branche, Professor

E. R. Buell, Professor

V. Connolly, Professor

W. J. Hardell, Professor

J. J. Malone, Professor

B. C. McQuarrie, Professor

W. B. Miller, Professor

Mechanical Engineering

Programs of Study

The Mechanical Engineering Department offers two graduate degree options:

- Master of Science
- Doctor of Philosophy

Areas of Research and Areas of Study

Active areas of research in the Mechanical Engineering Department include: theoretical, numerical and experimental work in fluid mechanics, rarefied gas and plasma dynamics, electric propulsion, multiphase flows, turbulent flows, fluid structure interactions, structural analysis, nonlinear dynamics and control, random vibrations, biomechanics and biomaterials, materials processing, mechanics of granular materials, laser holography, MEMS, computer-aided engineering systems, and engineering design.

The graduate curriculum is divided into five distinct areas of study:

- Fluids Engineering
- Dynamics and Controls
- Structures and Materials
- Design and Manufacturing
- Biomechanical Engineering

These areas are parallel to the research interests of the mechanical engineering faculty. In this way, graduate courses introduce students to fundamentals of mechanical engineering while simultaneously providing the background necessary to become involved with the ongoing research of the mechanical engineering faculty.

Students also receive credit for special topics under ME 593 and ME 693, and independent study under ISP. Faculty members often experiment with new courses under these designations, although no course may be offered more than twice in this manner. Except for certain 4000-level courses permitted in the B.S./ Master's program, no undergraduate courses may be counted toward graduate credit.

Mechanical Engineering Laboratories

The Mechanical Engineering Department at WPI provides a multidisciplinary research and education environment combining elements of mechanical engineering, manufacturing engineering and materials science. The facilities of the department are housed in the Higgins Laboratories and Washburn Shops.

Aerospace Laboratory

This laboratory includes a closed circuit, subsonic wind tunnel. This facility, with a test section approximately 2x2-foot cross section, is capable of speeds up to 60 mph. Another major element of this laboratory is a blow-down supersonic wind tunnel. It uses an evacuated tank for short intervals of time. Additionally, workshop areas are provided for model preparation and smaller scale experiment development.

Computational Gas and Plasma Lab (CGPL)

Research in CGPL entails the development of numerical simulation methods and modeling of non-equilibrium, multicomponent, multiscale, gaseous and plasma flows. A major research component involves the development continuum/ atomistic simulation methods for micro- and nanoscale transport processes. Applications include spacecraft propulsion and micropropulsion, spacecraft power, space environment/spacecraft interactions, microfluidics and nanofluidics. The computational research in CGPL is always conducted in close interaction with experiments. CGPL has been a participant in various national and international space programs. CGPL provides unique opportunities to graduate and undergraduate students with interests in aerospace applications or with interrests in computational methods. Infrastructure at CGPL includes a Linux cluster for high-performance computing, peripherals, visualization and data reduction software.

Controls Laboratory

The Controls La0boratory, a 900-square-foot facility housed in Higgins Labs 248, is involved primarily with (1) the theoretical development, (2) the numerical implementation, and (3) the experimental verification and testing of intelligent control algorithms (adaptive, hybrid, switching, fault monitoring, on-line fault accommodation) for applications in structural, structural-acoustic, thermofluid and mechatronics systems.

Two vibration isolation tables (TMC 1163-573) and one active isolation table (TMC 63-563) are used to isolate test structure from ground vibration. Various piezoceramic patches (ACX QP20N) are bonded on structures to provide (moment) actuation. Four high-volt/low-amp single-channel (ACX-EL1224), a double-channel Krohn-hite (7602M) and one six-channel rack-mounted (PCB 790A06) power amplifiers are used to power piezoceramic actuators. For vibration measurements, five miniature (0.5g) ceramic shear ICP accelerometers (PCB U352C22) are available. A four-channel signal conditioner (PCB 442C04) with gain (x1,x10,x100) and one dual-mode vibration amplifier single-channel (PCB 443B01) are used to condition acceleration measurements. Real-time data acquisition and control is realized through five dSPACE ACE-1104 (8 analog inputs, 8 analog outputs, 2 encoder inputs), one dSPACE ACE-1103 (8 analog outputs, 20 analog inputs, 6 encoder inputs), and one ACE 1102 (4 analog outputs, 4 analog inputs, 2 encoder inputs) stations. For signal generation and processing, five Instek function generators (3 MHz) and five Tektronix TDS2012 two-channel oscilloscopes are available, along with a Krohn-hite 3364 Low-pass/High-pass Butterworth/Bessel Filter. The laboratory supports both undergraduate and graduate research efforts.

Fluid Dynamics Laboratory

This laboratory provides experimental facilities and instrumentation for experimental activities in the area of fluid dynamics. A small, open-return subsonic wind tunnel, hot wire anemometry system, computer data acquisition systems and high-speed flow visualization systems are available. Separate areas are provided for model preparation and small-scale experiments.

Mechanical Engineering

Controls Laboratory

The Controls Laboratory housed in Higgins Laboratories is involved primarily with the theoretical development, the numerical implementation, and the experimental verification and testing of intelligent control algorithms (adaptive, hybrid, switching, fault monitoring, on-line fault accommodation) for applications in structural, structural-acoustic, thermofluid and mechatronic systems. The laboratory supports both undergraduate and graduate research efforts.

Hydrodynamics Laboratory

This laboratory provides experimental facilities and instrumentation for measurement of liquid flow phenomena. A closed-circuit free surface water tunnel with a 2x2-foot test section and vertical water tank are available. These facilities allow for flow visualization and are supported by data acquisition systems and various flow measurement devices.

Dynamic Simulation Laboratory (DYSIM Lab)

This is a general purpose PC laboratory that exposes large numbers of students to modern dynamic and geometric simulation techniques. Students use the DYSIM Lab to perform simulated experiments and observe demonstrations of course topics. The lab is equipped with 40 PCs that are connected through the computation network and direct links to other design process components.

Vibrations and Dynamics Laboratory

This facility houses equipment to support educational, project and research activities in the area of vibrations and controls. This is also a teaching laboratory for the development of analytical and experimental skills in modern engineering measurement methods, based on electronic instrumentation and computer-based data acquisition systems.

Center for Holographic Studies and Laser Technology (CHSLT)

CHSLT is used for both research and educational activities. The laboratory is equipped with several systems utilizing He-Ne, Ar-ion, and Nd:TAG Lasers.

The lab is supported by a self-contained network of computers and peripheral facilities, as well as supporting instrumentation systems. The lasers, computers and supporting instrumentation are used in studies of fundamental phenomena governing high-energy-density interactions in thin film imaging, with powder metal materials, plastics, ceramics and composites, micromachining, underwater propagation, holography, displacement and strain measurement, vibrations, fracture mechanics, mathematical modeling, numerical computations and applications to other problems of modern science, engineering and technology.

Keck Design Center – the Design Studios

These laboratories provide a prototype facility consisting of a design studio and a prototype production facility linked by computational equipment, and 20-30 high-end workstations with software support for video-picture-within-the-monitor teleconferencing to provide two-way communication of audio, video and data between the design studios and off-campus sites. In the computationally equipped studio, students have clustered seating around multiple workstations, and can discuss and/or analyze with remote sponsors or others in real time as changes are made. Part files can be ported to rapid prototyping machines or lithography units within the Design Center and beyond.

Biomechanical Engineering Laboratory

This laboratory provides experimental and computational facilities for research in the area of biomechanics and biofluids. Facilities include a hot wire anemometry system, PC-based computational facilities and ancillary equipment. The laboratory is also equipped with anatomical dissection facilities; kinematic data acquisition systems; instrumentation for measuring acceleration, velocity, force and pressure; and computer data acquisition systems. This facility serves for teaching and research in biomechanics, biofluids, and biodynamics.

Rehabilitation Engineering Laboratory

This laboratory is concerned with the development of equipment needed in research, in the areas of rehabilitation and aiding the handicapped. Typically, the subjects studied are mobility aids for handicapped children, and augmentative communication and mobility systems. The laboratory has a variety of instruments for stress measurements in prostheses. This laboratory has close ties with the University of Massachusetts Rehabilitation Center and hospital, and several joint projects are currently in progress.

Other Facilities

The following laboratories, located in the Washburn Shops, are described in the Manufacturing Engineering and Materials Science and Engineering program descriptions:

- Metal Processing Laboratory
  — Advanced Casting Research Center (ACRC)
  — Center for Heat Treating Excellence (CHTE)
  — Powder Metallurgy Research Center (PMRC)
- Ceramic/Powder Processing Laboratory
- Mechanical Testing Laboratory
- Optical and Electron Metallography Laboratories
- Polymer Engineering Laboratory
- HAAS Center for Computer-Controlled Machining
- Robotics Laboratory
- Surface Metrology Laboratory
- Computer-Aided Manufacturing Laboratory

Mechanical Engineering

M.S. Program

When applying to the master of science program, students must specify their intention to pursue either the thesis or non-thesis M.S. option. Both the thesis and non-thesis options require the completion of 30 graduate credit hours. Students in the thesis option must complete 12 credits of thesis research (ME 599), whereas students in the non-thesis option may complete up to 9 credits of directed research (ME 598). The result of the research credits (ME 599) in the thesis option must be a completed master's thesis. The number of directed research credits (ME 598) completed in the non-thesis option can range from 0 to 9.

In the thesis option, the distribution of credits is as follows:

- 9 graduate credits in mechanical engineering
- 12 credits of thesis research (ME 599)
- 3 graduate credits in mathematics
- 6 graduate credits of electives within or outside of mechanical engineering

In the non-thesis option, the distribution of credits is as follows:

- 18 graduate credits in mechanical engineering (includes a maximum of 9 credits of directed research—ME 598)
- 3 graduate credits in mathematics
- 9 graduate credits of electives within or outside of mechanical engineering

Academic Advising

Upon admission to the M.S. program, each student is assigned or may select a temporary advisor to arrange an academic plan covering the first 9 credits of study. This plan must be made before the first registration. Prior to registering for additional credits, the student must specify an Academic Advisor with whom the remaining course of study is arranged. The plan must be approved by the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee.

For students in the thesis option, the permanent advisor is the Thesis Advisor. Prior to completing more than 18 credits, every student in the thesis option must form a

Thesis Committee that consists of the Thesis Advisor and at least two other mechanical engineering faculty members from WPI with knowledge of the thesis topic.

The schedule of academic advising is as follows:

- Temporary Advisor—meets with student prior to first registration to plan the first 9 credits of study.
- Academic Advisor—selected by student prior to registering for more than 9 credits. For thesis option students, the Academic Advisor is the Thesis Advisor.
- Program of Study—arranged with Academic Advisor prior to registering for more than 9 credits.
- Thesis Committee (thesis option only) —formed prior to registering for more than 18 credits. Consists of the Thesis Advisor and at least two other mechanical engineering faculty members from WPI.

This schedule ensures that students are well advised throughout, and that students in the thesis option are actively engaged in their research at the early stages of their programs.

Thesis Defense

Each student in the thesis option must defend his/her research during an oral defense, which is administered by an Examining Committee that consists of the Thesis Committee and a representative of the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee who is not on the Thesis Committee. The defense is open to public participation and consists of a 30-minute presentation by the student followed by a 30-minute open discussion. At least one week prior to the defense each member of the Examining Committee must receive a copy of the thesis. One additional copy must be made available for members of the WPI community wishing to read the thesis prior to the defense, and public notification of the defense must be given by the mechanical engineering graduate secretary. The Examining Committee will determine the acceptability of the student's thesis and oral performance. The Thesis Advisor will determine the student's grade.

Changing M.S. Options

Students in the non-thesis M.S. option may switch into the thesis option at any time by notifying the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee of the change, provided that they have identified a Thesis Advisor, formed a Thesis Committee, and have worked out a plan of study with their Thesis Advisor. Subject to the Thesis Advisor's approval, directed research credits (ME 598) earned in the non-thesis option may be transferred to thesis research credits (ME 599) in the thesis option.

Any student in the thesis option M.S. program may request a switch into the non-thesis option by submitting the request in writing to the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee. Before acting on such a request, the Graduate Committee will require and seriously consider written input from the student's Thesis Advisor. Departmental financial aid given to the thesis-option students who are permitted to switch to the non-thesis option will automatically be withdrawn. Subject to the approval of the Mechanical Engineering Graduate Committee, a maximum of 9 credits of thesis research (ME 599) earned by a student in the thesis option may be transferred to directed research credit (ME 598) in the non-thesis option.

Mechanical Engineering

Ph.D. Program

The course of study leading to the Ph.D. degree in mechanical engineering requires the completion of 90 credits beyond the bachelor's degree, or 60 credits beyond the master's degree. For students proceeding directly from B.S. degree to Ph.D. degree, the 90 credits should be distributed as follows:

Course work:
Courses in M.E. (incl. Special Courses and ISP)	15 credits
Courses in or outside of M.E.	15 credits
Dissertation Research (ME 699)	30 credits

Other:
Additional course work Additional Dissertation Research (ME 699) Supplemental Research (ME 598, ME 698)	30 credits
TOTAL	**90 credits**

For students proceeding from master's to Ph.D. degree, the 60 credits should be distributed as follows:

Course work:
(incl. Special Topics and ISP)	12 credits
Dissertation Research (ME 699)	30 credits

Other:
Additional course work Additional Dissertation Research (ME 699) Supp mental Research (ME 598, ME 698)	18 credits
TOTAL	**60 credits**

In either case, the result of the dissertation research must be a completed doctoral dissertation. Prior to admission to candidacy, a student may receive up to 18 credits of predissertation research under ME 698. Only after admission to candidacy may a student receive credit toward dissertation research under ME 699.

Academic Advising

Upon admission to the doctoral program, each student is assigned or may select a temporary advisor to arrange an academic plan covering the first 9 credits of study. This plan should be arranged before the first day of registration.

Prior to registering for any additional credits, the student must identify a permanent Dissertation Advisor who assumes the role of Academic Advisor and with whom a suitable dissertation topic and the remaining plan of study are arranged. Prior to completing 18 credits, the student must form a Dissertation Committee that consists of the Dissertation Advisor, at least two other mechanical engineering faculty members and at least one member from outside the department. These committee members should be selected because of their abilities to assist in the student's dissertation research.

The schedule of advising is as follows:

- Temporary Advisor—meets with student prior to first registration to plan first 9 credits of study.
- Dissertation Advisor—selected by student prior to registering for more than 9 credits.
- Program of Study—arranged with Dissertation Advisor prior to registering for more than 9 credits.
- Dissertation Committee—formed by student prior to registering for more than 18 credits. Consists of Dissertation Advisor, at least two M.E. faculty and at least one outside member.

This schedule ensures that students are well advised and actively engaged in their research at the early stages of their programs.

Admission to Candidacy

Admission to candidacy will be granted when the student has satisfactorily passed a written exam intended to measure fundamental ability in three of the following five curriculum areas: fluids engineering, dynamics and controls, structures and materials, design and manufacturing, and biomechanical engineering. The three areas are selected by the student. The exam is given in January. For students who enter the program with a bachelor's degree, the exam must be taken after three semesters if they began their studies in the fall, and after two semesters if they began in the spring. For students who enter the program with a master's degree, the exam must be taken after one semester if they began in the fall, and after two semesters if they began in the spring. Students in the M.S. program who plan to apply for fall admission to the Ph.D. program are strongly advised to take the candidacy exam in January before that fall. The details of the examination procedure can be obtained from the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee.

Dissertation Proposal

Each student must prepare a brief written proposal and make an oral presentation that demonstrates a sound understanding of the dissertation topic, the relevant literature, the techniques to be employed, the issues to be addressed, and the work done on the topic by the student to-date. The proposal must be made within a year of admission to candidacy. Both the written and oral proposals are presented to the Dissertation Committee and a representative from the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee. The prepared portion of the oral presentation should not exceed 30 minutes, and 90 minutes should be allowed for discussion. If the Dissertation Committee and the Graduate Committee representative have concerns about either the substance of the proposal or the student's understanding of the topic, then the student will have one month to prepare a second presentation that focuses on the areas of concern. This presentation will last 15 minutes with an additional 45 minutes allowed for discussion. Students can continue their research only if the proposal is approved.

Dissertation Defense

Each doctoral candidate is required to defend the originality, independence and quality of research during an oral dissertation defense that is administered by an Examining Committee that consists of the Dissertation Committee and a representative of the mechanical engineering Graduate Committee who is not on the

Mechanical Engineering

Dissertation Committee. The defense is open to public participation and consists of a one-hour presentation followed by a one-hour open discussion. At least one week prior to the defense, each member of the Examining Committee must receive a copy of the dissertation. At the same time, an additional copy must be made available for members of the WPI community wishing to read the dissertation prior to the defense, and public notification of the defense must be given by the mechanical engineering graduate secretary. The Examining Committee will determine the acceptability of the student's dissertation and oral performance. The Dissertation Advisor will determine the student's grade.

The Combined Bachelor's/Master's Program

The Mechanical Engineering Department offers a B.S./Master's program for currently enrolled WPI undergraduates. Students in the B.S./Master's program may choose either the thesis or non-thesis M.S. option. The department's rules for these programs vary somewhat from the Institute's rules.

For students in the B.S./Master's program, a minimum of two courses and a maximum of four courses may be counted toward both the undergraduate and graduate degrees. Regardless of how many are counted toward both degrees, at least two must be graduate courses (including graduate-level independent study and special topics courses), and none may be lower than the 4000-level. No extra work is required in the 4000-level courses. A grade of B or better is required for any course to be counted toward both degrees.

The application for the B.S./Master's program must include a list of four courses that the applicant proposes to count toward both his/her undergraduate and graduate degrees. In most cases, the list consists of courses that the applicant will take in the senior year.

Applications will not be considered if they are submitted prior to the second half of the applicant's junior year. Ideally, applications (including recommendations) should be completed by the early part of the last term (usually D-term) of the junior year.

Acceptance into the B.S./Master's program means that the candidate is qualified for graduate school, and signifies approval of the four courses listed for credit toward both the undergraduate and graduate degrees. However, admission is contingent upon the completion of two graduate courses (from the submitted list) with grades of B or better in each. If grades of C or lower are obtained in any other listed courses, then they are not counted toward the graduate degree, but the applicant is still admitted to the program.

Students in the B.S./Master's program who choose the thesis M.S. option are strongly encouraged to pick a thesis area of research that is closely related to the subject of their major qualifying project. Those students in the B.S./Master's program who complete their B.S. degrees in May and choose the thesis option are encouraged to begin their thesis research during the summer immediately following graduation.

A detailed written description of the B.S./Master's program in mechanical engineering can be obtained from the mechanical engineering graduate secretary.

Admission Requirements

For the M.S. program, applicants should have a B.S. in mechanical engineering or in a related field (i.e., other engineering disciplines, physics, mathematics, etc.).

The standards are the same for admission into the thesis and non-thesis options of the M.S. program. At the time of application to the master's program, the student must specify his/her option (thesis or non-thesis) of choice

For the Ph.D., a bachelor's or master's degree in mechanical engineering or in a related field (i.e., other engineering disciplines, physics, mathematics, etc.) is required.

The Mechanical Engineering Department reserves its financial aid for graduate students in the Ph.D. program or in the thesis option of the M.S. program.

Mechanical Engineering

Faculty

Gretar Tryggvason, Professor, Department Head; Ph.D., Brown University, 1985; Numerical modeling of multiphase flows; gretar@wpi.edu

Diran Apelian, Howmet Professor, Director of the Metals Processing Institute; Sc.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1971; Solidification processing, spray casting, molten metal processing, aluminum foundry processing, plasma processing and knowledge engineering in materials processing; dapelian@wpi.edu

Holly K. Ault, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1988; Geometric modeling, mechanical design, CAD, kinematics, biomechanics and rehabilitation engineering; hkault@wpi.edu

Isa Bar-On, Professor; Ph.D., Hebrew University of Jerusalem, 1984; Mechanical behavior of materials, fracture and fatigue of metals, ceramics and composites, reliability and life prediction, electronic packaging; ibaron@wpi.edu

Ronald R. Biederman, George F. Fuller Professor; Ph.D. University of Connecticut, 1968; Materials science and engineering, microstructural analysis, SEM, TEM, diffraction analysis; rrb@wpi.edu

John J. Blandino, Assistant Professor; Ph.D. California Institute of Technology, 2001; Fluid mechanics and heat transfer in microdevices, electric propulsion and plasm dynamics, plasma-assisted materials processing; blandino@wpi.edu

Christopher A. Brown, Professor and Director, Manufacturing Engineering Program; Ph.D., University of Vermont, 1983; Surface metrology, machining, fractal analysis, mechanics of skiing, tribology, axiomatic design, materials science, computational modeling in surface metrology; brown@wpi.edu

Eben C. Cobb, Visiting Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut, 1985; Design of high-speed precision equipment, dynamics of high-speed rotating equipment, smart structures, vibration control; eccobb@wpi.edu

Michael A. Demetriou, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Southern California, 1993; Control of intelligent systems, control of fluid structure interactions, fault detection and accommodation of dynamical systems, acoustic and vibration control; mdemetri@wpi.edu

Chrysanthe Demetry, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1993; Nanocrystalline materials and nanocomposites, materials processing, grain boundaries and interfaces in materials; cdemetry@wpi.edu

Mikhail F. Dimentberg, Professor; Ph.D., Moscow Institute of Power Engineering, 1963; Applied mechanics, random vibrations, nonlinear dynamics, rotordynamics, mechanical signature analysis, stochastic mechanics; diment@wpi.edu

William W. Durgin, K.G. Merriam Professor, Associate Provost; Ph.D., Brown University, 1970; Aerodynamics, hydrodynamics, flow-induced vibrations, microgravity fluid dynamics, drag reduction, noise generation, heat transfer, flow measurement; wwdurgin@wpi.edu

Asghar Esmaeeli, Research Assistant Professor; Ph. D., University of Michigan, 1995; Multiphase flows, boiling and bubbly flows, numerical modeling, aesmae@wpi.edu

Mustapha S. Fofana, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Waterloo, Canada, 1993; Nonlinear chatter dynamics, delay systems, CAD/CAM, CIM/Networked manufacturing systems; msfofana@wpi.edu

Cosme Furlong, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., WPI, 1990; MEMS, nanotechnology, laser applications, holography, fiber optics, computer modeling of dynamic systems, cfurlong@wpi.edu

Nikolaos A. Gatsonis, Associate Professor and Director, Aerospace Engineering Program; Ph.D, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1991; Computational gas and plasma dynamics, space electric propulsion, spacecraft environment interactions, crystal growth under microgravity; gatsonis@wpi.edu

Raymond R. Hagglund, Professor; Ph.D., University of Illinois, 1962; Product reliability, safety analysis, mechanics, design; hagglund@wpi.edu

Allen H. Hoffman, Professor; Ph.D., University of Colorado, 1970; Biomechanics, biomaterials, biomedical engineering, rehabilitation engineering, biofluids and continuum mechanics; ahoffman@wpi.edu

Zhikun Hou, Associate Professor; Ph.D., California Institute of Technology, 1990; Vibration and control, structural dynamics, structural health monitoring, smart materials and adaptive structures, stochastic mechanics, solid mechanics, finite elements, earthquake engineering; hou@wpi.edu

Hamid Johari, Professor and Associate Department Head; Ph.D., University of Washington, 1989; Fluid mechanics, turbulent mixing, unsteady and buoyant flows, aerodynamics; hjohari@wpi.edu

Robert N. Katz, Research Professor; Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology, 1969; Materials science, ceramics, metal matrix composites, technology assessment, design with brittle materials, materials processing; katz@wpi.edu

Makhlouf M. Makhlouf, Professor; Ph.D., Worcester Polytechnic Institute, 1990; Solidification of metals, heat, mass and momentum transfer in engineering materials problems, processing of ceramics materials; mmm@wpi.edu

Mechanical Engineering

Yong-Mo Moon, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., University of Michigan, 2000; Mechanisms and reconfigurable machinery design, design methodology, control, and mechanisms design, moon@wpi.edu

Robert L. Norton, Professor; M.S., Tufts University, 1970; Mechanical design and analysis, dynamic signal analysis, computer-aided engineering, computer-aided design, finite element method, vibration analysis, engineering design, biomedical engineering; rlnorton@wpi.edu

David J. Olinger, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Yale University, 1990; Fluid mechanics, aero- and hydrodynamics, fluid structure interaction, fluid flow control, chaos theory; olinger@wpi.edu

Ryszard J. Pryputniewicz, Professor; Ph.D., University of Connecticut, 1976; MEMS, laser applications, holography, fiber optics, computer modeling of dynamic systems, bioengineering; rjp@wpi.edu

Joseph J. Rencis, Professor; Ph.D., Case Western Reserve University, 1985; Boundry- and finite-element methods, computational mechanics; jjrencis@wpi.edu

Mark W. Richman, Associate Professor, Graduate Committee Chair; Ph.D., Cornell University, 1984; Mechanics of granular flows, powder compaction, powder metallurgy; mrichman@wpi.edu

Yiming (Kevin) Rong, Professor; Ph.D., University of Kentucky, 1989; Manufacturing processes, CAD/CAM, tooling and fixturing, computer-aided fixture design and verification; rong@wpi.edu

Brian J. Savilonis, Professor; Ph.D., State University of New York at Buffalo, 1976; Fluid mechanics, biofluid mechanics, fire modeling, heat transfer; bjs@wpi.edu

Satya S. Shivkumar, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Stevens Institute of Technology 1987; Biomedical materials, materials processing, structure property relationships, plastics; shivkuma@wpi.edu

Richard D. Sisson, Jr., Professor and Director, Materials Science and Engineering Program; Ph.D., Purdue University, 1975; Materials process modeling and control, manufacturing engineering, corrosion, environmental effects on metals and ceramics; sisson@wpi.edu

John M. Sullivan, Jr., Professor; D.E., Dartmouth College, 1986; Design of computer-aided engineering systems, development of graphics tools and mesh generation, numerical analysis of partial differential equations; sullivan@wpi.edu

Physics

Programs of Study

WPI physics graduate programs prepare students for careers in research which require a high degree of initiative and responsibility. Prospective employers are industrial laboratories, government or nonprofit research centers, or colleges and universities.

WPI's physics courses are generally scheduled during the day but with sufficient flexibility to accommodate part-time students. Special topics courses in areas of faculty research interest are often available.

Research Interests

Chemical and biochemical physics

Diffusion and transport in liquids, light-scattering spectroscopy and multidetector correlation spectroscopy.

Materials research

Magnetic materials and ferroelectrics, amorphous and glassy substances, low-temperature properties, diluted magnetic semiconductors, semiconductor superlattices, and polymer and biomacromolecule solutions.

Classical and quantum optics

Fourier optics, photon statistics, nonlinear optics, fiber optics, coherent states and squeezed states, photoacoustic spectroscopy, optical properties of rough surfaces and of thin metal films, metrology and design of optical instruments, laser spectroscopy of impurity ions in glasses, development of infrared fiber lasers, quasi-elastic light scattering, inelastic light scattering and excitation spectroscopy of superlattices, and color center lasers.

Solid-state physics

Optical properties of semiconductor super-lattices and quantum wells, Brillouin scattering near phase transitions, high field surface conduction in semiconductors, low-temperature properties of glassy and amorphous materials, magnetic and non-magnetic impurities randomly distributed in solids, magnetic properties of rare-earth mixtures, ordering of random dipolar and strain defects, semiconductor devices, and modulation spectroscopy applied to thin films and to surface phenomena.

Statistical mechanics

Magnetic systems, cooperative phenomena and phase transitions, properties of chains interacting via strain-strain and electric dipole interactions, relaxation phenomena in disordered systems, and transport and equilibrium properties of liquids, solutions and polymer melts.

Faculty Research Interests

P. K. Aravind—Theoretical nonlinear and quantum optics

N. A. Burnham—Atomic force microscopy, nanomechanics

S. N. Jasperson—Optical properties of solids, optical instruments

T. H. Keil—Solid state physics, mathematical physics, fluid mechanics

D. F. Nelson—Optical and transport properties of semiconductors, solid state physics experiment and theory

G. S. Iannacchione—Calorimetry, liquid crystals, phase transitions

A. A. Zozulya—Nonlinear optics, photo-refractive materials, atom pipes

S. W. Pierson—Statistical mechanics, High-T superconductors, vortices

L. C. Lew Yan Voon—Solid state physics, super lattices in semi conductors

G. D. J. Phillies—Light scattering spectroscopy, biochemical physics, polymers

R. S. Quimby—Optical properties of solids, laser spectroscopy, fiber optics

L. R. Ram-Mohan—Field theory, many-body problems, solid state physics

C. Koleci—Physics education

Physics

Degree Requirements

For the M.S.

The M.S. degree in physics requires 30 semester hours of credit: 6 or more in thesis research and the remainder in approved courses and independent studies, to include PH 511, PH 514, PH 515, PH 522 and PH 533 (15 semester hours). Although a thesis defense is not required, students nearing completion of the M.S. program are required to present a seminar based on their thesis research.

For the Ph.D.

The doctor of philosophy degree requires 90 credit hours, including 42 in approved courses or directed study (which must include PH 511, PH 514-515, PH 522 and PH 533, or their equivalents), 30 of dissertation research, and completion and defense of a Ph.D. thesis. Courses taken to satisfy M.S. degree requirements may be counted against the required 42 credits of courses, but completion of a M.S. degree is not required.

One year of residency and passage of a qualifying examination are required.

General Information

The qualifying examination for the doctor of philosophy degree is usually administered each year at the beginning of the second semester. Ph.D. aspirants who enter after the bachelor's degree may take the examination during their first year of graduate school, and are expected to take the examination by the end of their second year. There is no penalty for failing or not taking the examination during the first year. Students who fail the examination during their second year must pass the examination when it is next offered. The qualifying examination will include, but is not limited to, material taken from PH 511, PH 514-515, PH 522 and PH 533.

Each student's academic work is reviewed on an annual basis by the physics department Graduate Committee. Continuation of student status is based on satisfactory progress toward a degree, both in terms of course work and of research. Renewals of research and teaching assistantships are dependent on satisfactory performance of required duties.

Admission Requirements

B.S. in physics preferred, however applicants with comparable backgrounds will also be considered.

Faculty

T. H. Keil, Professor and Department Head; Ph.D., University of Rochester

P. K. Aravind, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Northwestern University

N. A. Burnham, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Colorado

G. S. Iannacchione, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Kent State University

S. N. Jasperson, Professor; Ph.D., Princeton University

C. Koleci, Assistant Professor; Ph.D., Yale University

L. C. Lew Yan Voon, Associate Professor; Ph.D., WPI

D. F. Nelson, Research Professor; Ph.D., University of Michigan

G. D. J. Phillies, Professor; D.Sc., Massachusetts Institute of Technology

S. W. Pierson, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Minnesota

R. S. Quimby, Associate Professor; Ph.D., University of Wisconsin, Madison

L. R. Ram-Mohan, Professor; Ph.D., Purdue University

A. Zozulya, Associate Professor; Ph.D., Lebedev Physics Institute

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Course Descriptions

The following is a listing of all courses available through WPI's graduate science, engineering and management programs. The course schedule for the current academic year is outlined in a separate brochure and available at our Web site: www.wpi.edu. This schedule, available upon request from the Graduate Studies & Enrollment Office or the Registrar's Office, is subject to change, and registrants should consult the final schedule before completing any registration forms. If there is sufficient interest in a course not scheduled for a particular semester, WPI will consider offering the course. All course offerings are subject to a minimum enrollment.

Most evening courses meet one evening per week; where noted, a twilight course may meet twice each week for a semester.

Thesis, project or directed research is available in degree programs. Special topics courses or independent study are not always listed since they are on an as-arranged basis which must be made prior to registration.

The number of courses offered each year may be limited in some disciplines; the schedule of courses over a period of time generally allows a student taking four courses per semester to complete degree requirements for the master's degree in about two years and students taking two courses per semester to complete requirements in three to four years.

All courses are 3 credits unless otherwise noted.

Biology and Biotechnology

BB 501. Seminar
1 credit per semester

BB 502. Techniques in Electron Microscopy
This course presents the theory of operation, applications and use of scanning and transmission electron microscopy in biology. Recent original articles from the biological literature illustrate the applications of these techniques to research. Students prepare specimens for both kinds of electron microscopes and employ the standard preparative techniques including fixation, dehydration, staining, critical point drying, vacuum evaporation, embedding and sectioning. Associated photographic methods are also introduced.

BB 505. Fermentation Biology
Material in this course focuses on biological (especially microbiological) systems by which materials and energy can be interconverted (e.g., waste products into useful chemicals or fuels). The processes are dealt with at the physiological and the system level, with emphasis on the means by which useful conversions can be harnessed in a biologically intelligent way. The laboratory focuses on measurements of microbial physiology and on bench-scale process design.

BB 509. Scale Up of Bioprocessing
Strategies for optimization of bioprocesses for scale-up applications will be explored. In addition to the theory of scaling up unit operations in bioprocessing, students will scale up a bench-scale bioprocess (5 liters), including fermentation and downstream processing to 55 liters. Specific topics include the effects of scaling up on: mass transfer and bioreactor design, harvesting techniques including tangential flow filtration and centrifugation, and chromatography (open column and HPLC). (Prerequisites: BB 4050/505 and BB 4060/560 as a working knowledge of the bench-scale processes will be assumed. Otherwise, instructor permission is required.)

BB 542. Ecological Simulation Modeling
This course will cover computer simulation modeling of populations, bioenergetics, behavior of individuals and ecosystem dynamics. Modeling techniques covered will range from simple linear models of populations and interactions between ecosystem components to individual-based models of populations in complex environments. Students successfully completing the course should be capable of understanding models used in today's study of populations and ecosystems, and of developing original models. Knowledge of a programming language is assumed.

BB 544. Bioinformatics
This course will focus on the field of bioinformatics. After providing an overview of biological data such as DNA and protein sequences and genetic markers, and providing a summary of population genetics concepts, the course will cover various methods of computational genetic analysis. Students will learn about DNA and protein sequence analysis, gene mapping, evolutionary analysis, molecular biology databases, analysis of expression data and microarray analysis.

BB 560. Methods of Protein Purification and Downstream Processing
This course provides a detailed hands-on survey of state-of-the-art methods employed by the biotechnology industry for the purification of products, proteins in particular, from fermentation processes. Focus is on methods which offer the best potential for scale-up. Included are the theory of the design as well as the operation of these methods both at the laboratory scale as well as scaled up. It is intended for biology, biotechnology, chemical engineering and biochemistry students. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of basic biochemistry is assumed.)

BB 565. Virology
This advanced level course uses a seminar format based on research articles to discuss current topics related to the molecular/cell biology of viral structure, function, and evolution. Particular emphasis is placed on pathological mechanisms of various human disorders, especially emerging disease, and the use of viruses in research.

BB 570. Special Topics
Specialty subject courses are offered based on the expertise of the department faculty. Content and format varies to suit the interest and needs of the faculty and students. This course may be repeated for different topics covered.

BB 575. Advanced Genetics and Cellular Biology
Topics in this course focus on the basic building blocks of life: molecules, genes and cells. The course will address areas of the organization, structure, function and analysis of the genome and of cells. (Prerequisite: A familiarity with fundamentals of recombinant DNA and molecular biological techniques as well as cell biology.)

BB 576. Advanced Integrative Bioscience
This course concentrates on the organization of cells into biological systems and into individual organisms. Discussion will center on the development and function of specific model systems such as the nervous and immune systems. (Prerequisite: A familiarity with fundamentals of developmental biology, genetics and cell biology.)

BB 577. Advanced Ecological and Evolutionary Bioscience
This course will explore the organization of individuals into communities, and the evolution of individual traits and behaviors. Problems discussed will range from those of population harvesting and the effect humans have on the environment to the evolution of disadvantageous traits. (Prerequisite: A familiarity with fundamentals of population interactions, evolution, and animal behavior.)

BB 578. Advanced Applied Biology
This course examines the use of biotechnological advances toward solving real-world problems. Students will discuss problem-solving strategies from the current literature in the areas of medicine, agriculture, environmental protection/restoration anad industrial biotechnology. (Prerequisite: A familiarity with biochemistry, microbiology, and plant and animal physiology.)

BB 598. Directed Research

BB 599. Master's Thesis

BB 699. Ph.D. Dissertation

Biomedical Engineering

BE 523. Biomedical Instrumentation
Origins and characteristics of bioelectric signals, recording electrodes, amplifiers, chemical pressure and flow transducers, noninvasive monitoring techniques and electrical safety. (Prerequisites: Circuits and electronics, control engineering or equivalent.)

BE 525. Microprocessor-Based Biomedical Instrumentation
This course provides hands-on laboratory experience with common biomedical transducers and instrumentation used in physiological and clinical evaluation. Lectures and laboratory experiments cover electronic circuit design and construction, analog/digital signal acquisition and processing, and microprocessor-based biomedical instrumentation. The basic principles of hardware and software designs for interfacing biomedical sensors to a general purpose IBM-PC are emphasized. (Prerequisite: Analog and digital electronics.)

BE 541. Biological Systems
Review of control theory with applications to biological control systems. Development of mathematical models of selected biological control systems and the application of computer techniques in the simulation of these systems. (Prerequisite: Control engineering)

BE/ME 550. Tissue Engineering
This biomaterials course focuses on the selection, processing, testing and performance of materials used in biomedical applications with special emphasis upon tissue engineering. Topics include material selection and processing, mechanisms and kinetics of material degradation, cell-material

interactions and interfaces; effect of construct architecture on tissue growth; and transport through engineered tissues. Examples of engineering tissues for replacing cartilage, bone, tendons, ligaments, skin and liver will be presented. (Prerequisites: A first course in biomaterials equivalent to BE/ME 4814 and a basic understanding of cell biology and physiology. Admission of undergraduate students requires the permission of the instructor.)

NOTE: Next offering spring 2004

BE 551. Biological Signal Processing

Basic principles of digital processing of biological signals and its application on PC-compatible computers. The theoretical fundamentals and practical examples of signal processing. The major emphasis is on linking the theoretical knowledge with easy-to-comprehend, practical examples. (Prerequisite: Basic signal analysis.)

BE/ME 552. Tissue Mechanics

This biomechanics course focuses on advanced techniques for the characterization of the structure and function of hard and soft tissues and their relationship to physiological processes. Applications include tissue injury, wound healing, the effect of pathological conditions upon tissue properties, and design of medical devices and prostheses. (Prerequisite: A first course in biomechanics equivalent to BE/ME 4504.)

BE/ME 554. Composites with Biomedical and Materials Applications

Introduction to fiber/particulate-reinforced, engineered and biologic materials. This course focuses on the elastic description and application of materials that are made up of a combination of submaterials, i.e., composites. Emphasis will be placed on the development of constitutive equations that define the mechanical behavior of a number of applications, including: biomaterial, tissue and materials science. (Prerequisites: Understanding of stress analysis and basic continuum mechanics)

BE/ME 558. Biofluids and Biotransport

The emphasis of this course is on modeling fluid flow within the cardiovascular and pulmonary systems, and the transport processes that take place in these systems. Applications include artificial heart valves, atherosclerosis, arterial impedance matching, clinical diagnosis, respiration, aerosol and particle deposition. Depending upon class interest, additional topics may include reproductive fluids, animal propulsion in air and water, and viscoelastic testing. (Prerequisite: A first course in biofluids equivalent to BE/ME 4606.)

BE 560. Physiology for Engineers

An introduction to fundamental principles in cell biology and physiology designed to provide the necessary background for advanced work in biomedical engineering. Quantitative methods of engineering and the physical sciences are stressed.

Topics include cell biology, DNA technology and the physiology of major organ systems.

NOTE: This course can be used to satisfy a life science requirement in the biomedical engineering program. It cannot be used to satisfy a biomedical engineering course requirement.

BE 562. Laboratory Animal Surgery

A study of anesthesia, surgical techniques and postoperative care in small laboratory animals. Anatomy and physiology of species used included as needed. Class limited to 15 students. Approximately 15 surgical exercises are performed by each student. (Prerequisite: Graduate standing. Admission of undergraduate students requires the permission of the department head and the instructor.)

NOTE: This course can be used to satisfy a life science requirement in the biomedical engineering program. It cannot be used to satisfy a biomedical engineering course requirement.

BE 570. Engineering in the Clinical Environment

Examines the responsibilities and functions of the biomedical engineer in the health care complex in the solution of the technical and engineering problems associated with patient care. Topics include equipment management, monitoring systems, electrical safety, prosthetics, technical education for medical personnel, hospital systems engineering and administrative functions.

BE 581. Medical Imaging Systems

Overview of the physics of medical image analysis. Topics covered include X-Ray tubes, fluoroscopic screens, image intensifiers; nuclear medicine; ultrasound; computer tomography; nuclear magnetic resonance imaging. Image quality of each modality is described mathematically, using linear systems theory (Fourier transforms, convolutions). (Prerequisite: Signal analysis course EE 3303 or equivalent.)

BE 582. Principles of *In Vivo* Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Imaging

This course emphasizes the applications of Fourier transform nuclear magnetic resonance (FTNMR) imaging and spectroscopy in medicine and biology. Course topics include review of the basic physical concepts of NMR (including the Bloch equations), theoretical and experimental aspects of FTNMR, theory of relaxation and relaxation mechanisms in FTNMR instrumentation for FTNMR, NMR imaging techniques (point, line, plane and volume methods) and in vivo NMR spectroscopy (including volume localization techniques). (Prerequisites: Differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations; organic chemistry recommended.)

BE 585. Principles of *In Vivo* Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

This course emphasizes the applications of Fourier transform nuclear magnetic resonance (FTNMR) spectroscopy in medicine and biology. Course top-

ics include review of the basic physical concepts of NMR, review of covalent chemical binding and its relationship to the NMR chemical shift, factors in biological systems that influence the NMR chemical shift, data acquisition and processing techniques *in vivo* NMR spectroscopy, and the application of NMR spectroscopy to clinical studies. (Prerequisites: BE 582, organic chemistry and biochemistry are strongly recommended.)

BE 591. Graduate Seminar

Topics in biomedical engineering are presented both by authorities in the field and graduate students in the program. Provides a forum for the communication of current research and an opportunity for graduate students to prepare and deliver oral presentations. Students may meet the attendance requirement for this course in several ways, including attendance at weekly biomedical engineering seminars on the WPI campus, attendance at similar seminar courses at other universities or biotech firms, attendance at appropriate conferences, meetings or symposia, or in any other way deemed appropriate by the course instructor.

BE 595. Special Topics in Biomedical Engineering

Topics in biomedical engineering. Presentations and discussions of the current literature in one or more of the following areas: medical imaging, neurosensory systems, biostatics.

BE 595M. Medical Device Regulation

This course provides an overview of regulations that guide the medical devices industry. Primary focus is on the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (FD&C Act) and its associated regulations. The course covers the FD&C Act, including definitions, prohibited acts, penalties and general authority. The course also covers regulations, including establishment registration, premarket approval (PMA) and current good manufacturing practices. Requirements of other federal agencies (NRC, FCC, EPA) will also be discussed.

BE 596. Research Seminar

Presentations on current biomedical engin-eering research.

BE 598. Directed Research

BE 599. Master's Thesis

BE 698. Laboratory Rotation in Biomedical Engineering

Offered fall, spring and summer for students doing laboratory rotations on the WPI campus. Available for 3 or 4 credits. (Prerequisite: Ph.D. student in biomedical engineering.)

BE 699. Ph.D. Dissertation

The following graduate/under-graduate biomedical engineering courses are also available for graduate credit.

BE 4011. Biomedical Signal Analysis

Cat. II

Introduction to biomedical signal processing and analysis. Fundamental techniques to analyze and process signals that originate from biological sources: ECGs, EMGs, EEGs, blood pressure signals, etc. Course integrates physiological knowledge with the information useful for physiologic investigation and medical diagnosis and processing. Biomedical signal characterization, time domain analysis techniques (transfer functions, convolution, auto- and cross-correlation), frequency domain (Fourier analysis), continuous and discrete signals, deterministic and stochastic signal analysis methods. Analog and digital filtering. (Prerequisites: EE 2311, BE 3011 or equivalent.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE 4023. Biomedical Instrumentation Design I

Cat. II

This course builds on the fundamental knowledge of bioinstrumentation and biosensors presented in BE 3011. Lectures and hands-on laboratory experiments cover the principles of designing, building and testing analog instruments to measure biological events. Design laboratories will include biopotential amplifiers and biosensor/ bioinstrumentation systems for the measurement of physiological parameters.
(Prerequisites: BE 2204 and BE 3011.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE 4025. Biomedical Instrumentation Design II

Cat. II

This course builds on the fundamental knowledge of bioinstrumentation and biosensors presented in BE 3011. Lectures and hands-on laboratory experiments cover the principles of biosensor interfacing, low-level measurements, analog-to-digital and digital-to-analog signal conversion, micro-processor- and microcontroller-based biomedical instrumentation, and programming.
(Prerequisites: BE 2204 and BE 3011.) This course will be offered in 2003-2004, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE 4201. Biomedical Imaging

Cat. II

This course is a practical introduction to bio-medical image processing using examples from various branches of medical imaging. Topics include: point operations, filtering in the image and Fourier domains, image reconstruction in computed tomography and magnetic resonance imaging, and data analysis using image segmenta-

tion. Review of linear-systems theory and the relevant principles of physics. Course work uses examples from microscopy, computed tomography, X-ray radiography, and magnetic resonance imaging. A working knowledge of undergraduate signal analysis, and linear algebra is desirable. Facility with a high-level programming language is recommended. This course will be offered in 2002-2003, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE/ME 4504. Biomechanics

Cat. II

This course emphasizes the applications of mechanics to describe the material properties of living tissues. It is concerned with the description and measurements of these properties as related to their physiological functions. Emphasis on the interrelationship between biomechanics and physiology in medicine, surgery, body injury and prosthesis. Topics covered include review of basic mechanics, stress, strain, constitutive equations and the field equations encountered in fluids, viscoelastic behavior and models of material behavior. The measurement and characterization of properties of tendons, skin, muscles and bone. Biomechanics as related to body injury and the design of prosthetic devices. (Recommended background: Differential and integral calculus, ordinary differential equations, familiarity with the concepts of mechanics, including continuum mechanics [ES 2051, ES 2052, ME 3501, MA 2501].) This course will be offered in 2003-2004, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE 4541. Biological Systems

Cat. II

Review of control theory with applications to biological control systems. Analysis and modeling of physiological systems. Physiological systems identification. Formulation of mathematical models of biological systems and the application of computer techniques in the simulation of these systems. (Prerequisites: Laplace transforms, transient response, frequency response and system stability analysis.) This course will be offered in 2003-2004, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE/ME 4606. Biofluids

Cat. II

This course emphasizes the applications of fluid mechanics to biological problems. The course concentrates primarily on the human circulatory and respiratory systems. Topics covered include: blood flow in the heart, arteries and veins, and micro-circulation and air flow in the lungs and airways. Mass transfer across the walls of these systems is also presented. (Prerequisite: A background in continuum mechanics [ME 3501] and fluid mechanics equivalent to ME 3602 is assumed.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003, and in alternating years thereafter.

BE/ME 4814. Biomedical Materials

This course discusses various aspects pertaining to the selection, processing, testing (*in vitro* and *in vivo*) and performance of biomedical materials. The biocompatibility and surgical applicability of metallic, polymeric and ceramic implants and prosthetic devices are discussed. The physico-chemical interactions between the implant material and the physiological environment will be described. The use of biomaterials in maxillofacial, orthopedic, dental, ophthalmic and neuromuscular applications is presented.(Recommended background: BB 3130 or equivalent introduction to human anatomy, ES 2001 or equivalent introduction to materials science and engineering.)

BE 4828. Biomaterial - Tissue Interactions

This course examines the principles of materials science and cell biology underlying the design of medical devices, artificial organs, and scaffolds for tissue engineering. Molecular and cellular interactions with biomaterials are analyzed in terms of cellular processes such as matrix synthesis, degradation, and contraction. Principles of wound healing and tissue remodeling are used to study biological responses to implanted materials and devices. Case studies will be analyzed to compare tissue responses to intact, bioresorbable and bioerodible biomaterials. Additionally, this course will examine criteria for restoring physiological function of tissue and organs, and investigate strategies to design implants and prostheses based on control of biomaterial-tissue interactions. (Prerequisites: BE 2604, BB 2550 or equivalent, ES 2001 or equivalent, PH 1120 or PH 1121.)

The following courses in the Graduate School of Biomedical Sciences (GSBS) at the University of Massachusetts Medical School (UMMS) are appropriate for students in the biomedical engineering program and are available for graduate credit. While these are the most common courses taken by our students, many other GSBS courses not listed in this catalog may also be available for graduate credit.

Biomedical Science Core (I and II)

Provides students with an integral foundation in the sciences basic to medicine, emphasizing contemporary topics in biological chemistry, transfer of genetic information, cellular architecture and regulation, and multicellular systems and processes. Students

may take all or part of the core, in either quarter or semester format.

Biomedical Sciences I (6 credits)
Quarter I: Biochemistry *(3 credits)*
Quarter II: Molecular Biology and Genetics
              (3 credits)

Biomedical Sciences II (6 credits)
Quarter III: Cell Biology *(3 credits)*
Quarter IV: Systems *(3 credits)*

Responsible Conduct of Science

Ethics course on the responsible conduct of science. (1 credit)

BME 595. Tissue Engineering

3 credits

This course provides an introduction to bio-materials that are engineered to mimic the structure and function of tissues. (Prerequisite: A first course in biomaterials and a basic understanding of cell biology and physiology. Admission of graduate students without the necessary background requires the permission of the instructor. Admission of undergraduate students requires the permission of the instructor.)

NOTE: Next offering spring 2003

BME 850. Laboratory Rotation in Biomedical Engineering

3 or 4 credits

Offered fall, spring and summer for students doing laboratory rotations on the UMMS campus. (Prerequisite: Ph.D. student in biomedical engineering.)

BME 860. Preparation for Qualifying Examination

Variable credits

BME 900. Research in Biomedical Engineering and Medical Physics

Variable credits
Equivalent to BE 699 Ph.D. Dissertation.

PY700. "The Cell Works": Principles of Cell Physiology

4 credits

The objectives of "The Cell Works" are to provide a fundamental understanding of: (1) the basic biophysical principles of cell physiology, (2) the ability to relate cellular function to whole organ physiology, and (3) the cellular mechanisms underlying disease. By emphasizing the principles of cell physiology, the course will identify important physiological paradigms and the modern research methods used to resolve outstanding questions concerning cell function. (Prerequisites: Biochemistry and molecular biology.)

PY740. "The Image Works": Optical Methods in Physiology

2 credits

This course studies basic optical techniques and their application to physiological problems, with special emphasis on digital image processing. (Prerequisites: Calculus.)

PY750. "The Body Works": Cellular and Organ Physiology

3 credits

The objectives of "The Body Works" are to provide a fundamental understanding of: (1) the basic biophysical principles of physiology, (2) the relationship between cellular function and whole organ physiology, (3) the integration and regulation of the major organ systems of the human body, and (4) the mechanism of pathogenesis of disease. By correlating cellular processes with organ function, this course will identify important physiological paradigms and the modern research methods used to resolve outstanding questions. (Prerequisites: Biochemistry, molecular biology and cell physiology.)

Chemical Engineering

[4]Core chemical engineering courses.
[5]Only one course for core credit.

CM 501-502. Seminar

Reports on current advances in the various branches of chemical engineering or on graduate research in progress. Must be taken during every semester in residence.

CM 504. Mathematical Analysis in Chemical Engineering[4]

Methods of mathematical analysis selected from such topics as vector analysis, matrices, complex variables, eigenvalue problems, Fourier analysis, Fourier transforms, Laplace transformation, solution of ordinary and partial differential equations, integral equations, calculus of variation and numerical analysis. Emphasis on application to the solution of chemical engineering problems.

CM 506. Kinetics and Catalysis[4]

Theories of reaction kinetics and heterogeneous catalysis for simple and complex reactions. Kinetics and mechanisms of catalyzed and un-catalyzed reactions, and effects of bulk and pore diffusion. Techniques for experimentation, reaction data treatment, and catalyst preparation and characterization.

CM 507. Chemical Reactor Design[4]

Includes a review of batch, tubular and stirred tank reactor design. Kinetics review including advanced chemical kinetics and biochemical kinetics, and transport processes in heterogeneous reactions. In-depth reactor analysis includes fixed bed reactors, multiplicity and stability of steady states, reactor dynamics, optimal operation and control, biological reactors, nonideal flow patterns, and fluidized bed and multiphase reactors.

CM 508. Catalysis and Surface Science of Materials

Examines detailed structures and reactivities of solid catalysts: zeolites, solid state inorganics, supported metals and metal-support interactions, carbon catalysts, anchored catalysts and others. Important analytical techniques covered include X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy (ESCA), electron microprobe, AUGER, scanning electron microscopy, EXAFS, Mossbauer, Fourier-transform infrared, enhanced laser Raman spectroscopy and photoacoustics spectroscopy. Examines relationship between structures and reactivities of important catalysts in hydrocarbon oxidation and functionalization, syngas reactions and petroleum processing.

CM 510. Dynamics of Particulate Systems

Analyzes discrete particles which grow in size or in some other characteristic variable (e.g., age, molecular weight). Reaction engineering and population balance analyses for batch and continuous systems. Steady state and transient system dynamics. Topics may include crystallization, latex synthesis, polymer molecular weight distribution, fermentation/ ecological systems and gas-solid systems.

CM 521. Biochemical Engineering

Ligand binding and membrane transport processes, growth kinetics of animal cells and micro-organisms, kinetics of interacting multiple populations, biological reactor design and analysis, soluble immobilized enzyme kinetics, optimization and control of fermentation, biopolymer structure and function, properties of biological molecules, biological separation processes, scale-up of bio-processes; laboratory work may be included when possible.

CM 543. Molecular Sieves

The structure, synthesis and properties of microporous crystals known as zeolites are examined. Major topics are systemization of crystal structures, zeolite syntheses and their mechanisms, spectroscopic characterization, physical properties and catalytic properties.

CM 561. Advanced Thermodynamics[4]

Examination of the fundamental concepts of classical thermodynamics and presentation of existence theorems for thermodynamics properties. Inequality of Clausius as a criterion for equilibrium in both chemical and physical systems. Examination of thermodynamic equilibrium for a variety of restraining conditions. Applications to fluid mechanics, process systems and chemical systems. Computation of complex equilibria.

CM 571. Intermediate Transport Phenomena[4, 5]

Mass, momentum and energy transport; analytic and approximate solutions of the equations of change. Special flow problems such as creeping, potential and laminar boundary-layer flows. Heat and mass transfer in multicomponent systems. Estimation of heat and mass transfer rates. Transport with chemical reaction.

CM 572. Mass and Energy Transfer [4, 5]

Advanced treatment of heat and mass transfer. Topics from: forced and natural convection; high-speed and rarefied gas flows; film and dropwise condensation, spray cooling, boiling and two-phase flow; packed and fluidized bed heat and mass transfer; the heat pipe; radiant transfer within enclosures, including radiation from gases and flames; ionic transport and electrochemical systems; combustion and mass transfer; drying and diffusion in porous materials, mass transfer in living systems; turbulent mass transfer; adsorption; design of heat and mass transfer equipment. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CM 573. Separation Processes [4]

Thermodynamics of equilibrium separation processes such as distillation, absorption, adsorption and extraction. Multistaged separations. Principles and processes of some of the less common separations.

CM 574. Fluid Mechanics [4]

Advanced treatment of fluid kinematics and dynamics. Stress and strain rate analysis using vectors and tensors as tools. Incompressible and compressible one-dimensional flows in channels, ducts and nozzles. Nonviscous and viscous flow fields. Boundary layers and turbulence. Flow through porous media such as fixed and fluidized beds. Two-phase flows with drops, bubbles and/or boiling. Introduction to non-Newtonian flows.

CM 580. Transformation and Transport in the Environment

This course will focus on the transformation and transport of pollutant chemicals, nutrients and colloids in natural and engineered environmental systems. The first part of the course deals with the transfer of chemicals between different environments (water and air, water and solid phases). The second part of the course deals with processes by which a compound is chemically or biologically transformed into one or more products.

CM 594/ FPE 574. Process Safety Management

This course provides basic skills in state-of-the-art process safety management and hazard analysis techniques including hazard and operability studies (HAZOP), logic trees, failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA) and consequence analysis. Both qualitative and quantitative evaluation methods will be utilized. Following a case study format, these techniques, along with current regulatory requirements, will be applied through class projects addressing environmental health, industrial hygiene, hazardous materials, and fire or explosion hazard scenarios. (Prerequisite: An undergraduate engineering or physical science background.)

Chemistry and Biochemistry

CH 501. Chemistry of the Main Group Elements

An advanced course in recent developments in selected areas of the chemistry of the elements other than transition metals. Topics covered may include electron-deficient compounds and main group organometallics; and the preparation, reactions and physical properties of these compounds. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CH 502. Bioinorganic Chemistry

The subject matter of this course is bioinorganic chemistry, with emphasis on the application of physical methods to the study of active sites in bioinorganic systems. The physical methods discussed include magnetic susceptibility measurements, electronic absorption spectroscopy, resonance Raman spectroscopy, electron spin resonance, EXAFS and electrochemical techniques. Applications of these to a variety of metalloproteins including oxygen carriers (myoglobin, hemoglobin, hemocyanin), blue copper proteins, iron sulfur proteins, and low molecular weight structural and functional model systems are covered in detail.

CH 516. Chemical Spectroscopy

The emphasis is on using a variety of spectroscopic data to arrive at molecular structures, particularly of organic molecules. Major emphasis is on H- and C-NMR, IR and MS. There is relatively little emphasis on theory or on sampling handling techniques.

CH 531. Electronic Interpretation of Organic Reactions

Organic reaction mechanisms are interpreted in terms of "electron-pushing" rationalizations and elementary molecular orbital theory. The course involves a series of problem-solving discussion sessions.

CH 533. Physical Organic Chemistry

Mechanisms of representative organic reactions and the methods used for their evaluation. Structural, electronic and stereochemical influences on reaction mechanisms.

CH 534. Organic Photochemistry

Introduction to the photophysical and photochemical consequences of light absorption by molecules. Experimental techniques, excited state description, photochemical kinetics and energy transfer are among the topics discussed in relation to the primary photochemical reactions in simple and complex molecules.

CH 536. Theory and Applications of NMR Spectroscopy

This course emphasizes the fundamental aspects of 1D and 2D nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy (NMR). The theory of pulsed Fourier transform NMR is presented through the use of vector diagrams. A conceptual nonmathematical approach is employed in discussion of NMR theory. The course is geared toward an audience which seeks an understanding of NMR theory and an appreciation of the practical applications of NMR in chemical analysis. Students are exposed to hands-on NMR operation. Detailed instructions are provided and each student is expected to carry out his or her own NMR experiments on a Bruker AVANCE 400 MHz NMR spectrometer .

CH 537. Natural Products

The course will provide a review of the chemistry and synthesis of compounds from representative families of products such as terpenoids, steroids, polyketides, alkaloids and B-lactams. Prospective students should have a good foundation in organic chemistry.

CH 538. Medicinal Chemistry

This course will focus on the medicinal chemistry aspects of drug discovery from an industrial pharmaceutical research and development perspective. Topics will include chemotherapeutic agents (such as antibacterial, antiviral and antitumor agents) and pharmacodynamic agents (such as antihypertensive, antiallergic, antiulcer and CNS agents). (Prerequisite: A good foundation in organic chemistry, e.g., CH 2310 Organic Chemistry I and CH 2320 Organic Chemistry II.)

CH 539. Molecular Pharmacology

After a review of the pertinent aspects of human physiology, the course will focus on the variety of chemical messengers in the body, their storage release, action on target receptors and eventual fate. Discussion of endocrine receptors introduces the fundamental concepts of receptor-effector coupling, which are developed further in studies of the molecular structure and function of ion channels with application to the nerve impulse and of the acetylcholine receptors. Concepts of agonist and antagonist specificity, nonspecific blocking, drug addiction, etc. will be further developed in discussions of the cathecholamines and the neuractive peptides. Nonreceptor blocking will be further developed in a segment of ion cotransport systems in renal regulation. A knowledge of the material covered in one of the following is recommended: (1) CH 4110 and CH 4120, (2) BB 3100, or (3) CH 538, plus an understanding of protein and membrane structures.

CH 540. Regulation of Gene Expression

This course covers the biochemical mechanisms involved in regulation of gene expression: modifications of DNA structures that influence transcription rates, transcriptional regulation, post-transcriptional processing of RNA including splicing and editing, nuclear/cytoplasmic transport, regulation of translation, and factors that control the half-lives of both mRNA and protein. During the course, common experimental methods are explored, including a discussion of the information available from each method.

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

CH 541. Membrane Biophysics

This course will focus on different areas of biophysics with special emphasis on membrane phenomena. The biomedical-biological importance of biophysical phenomena will be stressed. The course will begin with an introduction to the molecular forces relevant in biological media and subsequently develop the following topics: membrane structure and function; channels, carriers and pumps; nerve excitation and related topics; and molecular biophysics of motility. Topics will be developed assuming a good understanding of protein and lipid chemistry, enzyme kinetics, cell biology, and electricity.

CH 554. Molecular Modeling

This course trains students in the area of molecular modeling using a variety of quantum mechanical and force field methods. The approach will be toward practical chemists who want to answer specific questions about molecular geometry, transition states, reaction paths and photoexcited states. No experience in programming is necessary; however, a background at the introductory level in quantum mechanics is highly desirable. Methods to be explored include extended Huckel theory, molecular mechanics, semiempirical molecular orbital methods, *ab initio* methods, graphical display of molecules.

CH 555. Advanced Topics

1 to 3 credits as arranged

A course of advanced study in selected areas whose content and format varies to suit the interest and needs of faculty and students. This course may be repeated for different topics covered.

CH 556. Experimental Photochemistry

This course illustrates how modern spectroscopic techniques can be used to learn more about the photo-induced chemistry of organic materials. The principles of time-resolved and steady-state spectroscopic methods will be described in lectures and then applied in the laboratory to a variety of chemical systems. The aim will be to show how it is possible to fully describe the ground and excited state photochemical behavior of a chemical system using these techniques. Aspects of UV-visible fluorescence emission, phosphorescence emission and laser-flash photolysis will be discussed. Students will gain hands-on experience with the use of UV-visible absorption and fluorescence emission spectrometers as well as the laser flash photolysis research facility. Also, as part of the course, students will submit a short research proposal based on one or more of the techniques used. Although there is no formal requirement for this course, some background and an interest in photochemisty would be an asset.

CH 560 Current Topics in Biochemistry

1 credit per semester

In this seminar course, a different topic is selected each semester. Current articles are read and analyzed.

CH 561. Functional Genomics

1 credit per semester

In this seminar course, students will present and critically analyze selected, recent publications in functional genomics. The course will conclude with a written project, either a mini-grant proposal or an analysis of publicly available data in a research manuscript format. The course will be offered in alternate years in lieu of CH 560, may be repeated as many times as offered, and satisfies the department's requirement for a graduate seminar in biochemistry.

CH 571. Seminar

0.5 credit per semester

Reports on current advances in the various branches of chemistry.

The following graduate/undergraduate chemistry courses are also available for graduate credit.

CH 4110. Biochemistry I

Cat. I

The principles of protean structure are presented. Mechanisms of enzymatic catalysis, including those requiring coenzymes, are outlined in detail. The structures and biochemical properties of carbohydrates are reviewed. Bioenergetics, the role of ATP, and its production through glycolysis and the TCA cycle are fully considered.

CH 4120. Biochemistry II

Cat. I

Oriented around biological membranes, this term begins with a discussion of electron transport and the aerobic production of ATP, followed by a study of photosynthesis. The study of the biosynthesis of lipids and steroids leads to a discussion of the structure and function of biological membranes. Finally, the membrane processes in neurotransmission are discussed. (Recommended background: CH 4110.)

CH 4130. Biochemistry III

Cat. I

This course presents a thorough analysis of the biosynthesis of DNA (replication), RNA (transcription) and proteins (translation), and of their biochemical precursors. Proteins and RNAs have distinct lifetimes within the living cell; thus the destruction of these molecules is an important biochemical process that is also discussed. In addition to mechanistic studies, regulation of these processes is covered.

CH 4330. Organic Synthesis

Cat. II

A discussion of selected modern synthetic methods including additions, condensations and cyclizations. Emphasis is placed on the logic and strategy of organic synthesis. (Recommended background: CH 2310, CH 2320 and CH 2330, or the equivalent.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003 and in alternate years thereafter.

CH 4420. Inorganic Chemistry II

Cat. II

Complexes of the transition metals are discussed. Covered are the electronic structures of transition metal atoms and ions, and the topological and electronic structures of their complexes. Symmetry concepts are developed early in the course and used throughout to simplify treatments of electronic structure. The molecular orbital approach to bonding is emphasized. The pivotal area of organotransition metal chemistry is introduced, with focus on complexes of carbon monoxide, metal-metal interactions in clusters, and catlysis by metal complexes. (Recommended background: CH 2310 and CH 2320, or equivalent.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003 and in alternate years thereafter.

CH 4520. Chemical Statistical Mechanics

Cat. II

This course deals with how the electronic, translational, rotational and vibrational energy levels of individual molecules, or of macromolecular systems are statistically related to the energy, entropy and free energy of macroscopic systems, taking into account the quantum mechanical properties of the component particles. Ensembles, partition functions, and Boltzmann, Fermi-/Dirac and Bose-Einstein statistics are used. A wealth of physical chemical phenomena, including material related to solids, liquids, gases, spectroscopy and chemical reactions are made understandable by the concepts learned in this course. This course will be offered in 2003-2004 and in alternate years thereafter.

CH 4550. Polymer Chemistry

Cat. II

Fundamentals of polymer science and technology based on organic polymers. The principal mechanisms of polymerization including radical, ionic and condensation are covered in detail. Characterization of polymers by physical means. Mechanical behavior including bulk and solution properties of polymers. Polymer syntheses and modifications including graft and copolymerization. Structure, property and end use applications of plastic materials. Plastics processing, testing and technology. Survey of commodity plastics as well as engineering resins, including their applications and economic considerations. Presentation of trade and technical literature in the field. (Recommended background: CH 2310 and CH 2320 or equivalent.) This course will be offered in 2002-2003 and in alternate years thereafter.

Civil and Environmental Engineering

CE 501. Professional Practice

Professional practices in engineering. Legal issues of business organizations, contracts and liability; business practice of staffing, fee structures, accounts receivable, negotiation and dispute resolution, and loss prevention; marketing and proposal development; project management involving organizing and staffing, budgeting, scheduling, performance and monitoring, and presentation of deliverables; professionalism, ethics and responsibilities.

CE 510. Structural Mechanics

Analysis of structural components: uniform and nonuniform torsion of structural shapes, analysis of determinate and indeterminate beams (including elastic foundation conditions) by classical methods, finite difference equations, numerical integrations, series approximation, elastic stability of beams and frames, lateral stability of beams, beams-columns, analysis of frames including the effect of axial compression. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 511. Structural Dynamics

Analysis and design of beams and frames under dynamic loads; dynamics of continuous beams, multistory building frames, floor systems and bridges; dynamic analysis and design of structures subjected to wind and earthquake loads; approximate methods of analysis and practical design applications.

CE 512. Structural Stability Theory

Theory of elastic and inelastic buckling of beam columns and frames; lateral and torsional buckling of beams; buckling rings, arches and thin plates; buckling of shells; design equations and finite element methods in stability; bending of thin plates and shells. Use of microcomputers in stability problems. Course may be offered by special arrangement. (Prerequisite: Differential equations, structural mechanics and matrix structural analysis will be assumed.)

CE 519. Advanced Structural Analysis

Energy methods in structural analysis, concepts of force method and displacement methods, methods of relaxation and numerical techniques for the solution of problems in buildings, and long-span structures and aircraft structural systems. Effects of secondary stress in structures. Course may be offered by special arrangement. (Prerequisites: Structural mechanics and undergraduate courses in structural analysis, differential equations.)

CE 523. Advanced Matrix Analysis

Review of matrix computer methods of structural analysis including the stiffness and flexibility methods, energy formulation, Eigenvalue problems, the finite element method, elements suitable for analysis, structural dynamic problems, computer solutions of numerous examples using time-sharing programs and STRUDL.

CE 523. Advanced Matrix Structural Analysis

Matrix methods of structural analysis, displacement and flexibility methods; substructuring, tall buildings, energy methods, finite elements, including plane stress and strain elements, approximate methods, solution of linear systems.

CE 524/ME 533. Stress Analysis by Finite Elements

See course description under ME 533 on page 108.

CE 525. Analysis and Design of Shell Structures

Analysis and design of thin shell concrete structures such as domes, cylindrical shells, hyperbolic paraboloids, shells of double curvature and folded plate roof systems; membrane theory of thin shells and the methods of analysis for displacements and stress-resultants; methods of analysis of shells including finite element formulations; design of cylindrical, spherical and hyper shell structures; applications to long-span roof systems, arch dams and liquid-containment structures. An understanding of the undergraduate topics in structural mechanics, reinforced concrete design and differential equations is assumed.

CE 526. Advanced Finite Element Methods

(Same as ME 633.) See course description under ME 633 on page 109.

CE 527. Impact Analysis and Structural Crashworthiness

This course provides the student with a basic understanding of the mechanics of impact and contact as well as the behavior of materials subjected to dynamic loadings. Analytical, computational and experimental methods are used to investigate impact phenomena. Students will explore impact phenomena in a semester-long investigation of a particular impact problem of interest to the student, involving analytical methods, physical experiments, and computation modeling. Topics include one-dimensional wave mechanics, impulsively loaded beams, explicit time integration, computational contact methods, and element formulation for impact problems. While a good general background in mechanics is required, no special preparation in finite element methods or continuum mechanics is presumed. This course is normally offered every fall semester.

CE 531. Advanced Design of Steel Structures

Advanced design of steel members and connections; ultimate strength design in structural steel; codes and specifications; loads and working stresses; economic proportions; and buckling of slender elements and built-up sections, torsion, lateral-torsional buckling, beam-columns, design for lateral forces, and connections for building frames.

CE 532. Advanced Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures

Advanced design of reinforced concrete members and structural systems; effect of continuity; codes and specifications; ultimate strength theory of design; economic proportions and constructibility considerations; and deep beams, torsion, beam-columns, two-way slabs, design for lateral forces, and beam-to-column joints.

CE 533. Prestressed Concrete Structures

Analysis and design of prestressed concrete structures. Linear prestressing, materials used in prestressed concrete, determinate and statically indeterminate prestressed concrete structures, connections, and shear and torsion. Design of tension and compression members and flat plates. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of undergraduate course in concrete design is necessary.)

CE 534. Structural Design for Fire Conditions

The development of structural analysis and design methods for steel and reinforced concrete members subjected to elevated temperatures caused by building fires. Beams, columns and rigid frames will be covered. The course is based on research conducted during the past three decades in Europe, Canada and the United States. Course may be offered by special arrangement. (Prerequisites: Knowledge of statically indeterminate structural analysis, structural steel design and reinforced concrete design.)

CE 535. Integration of Design and Construction

As an interactive case study of the project development process, student groups design a facility and prepare a construction plan, including cost and schedule, to build the project. The students present their design-build proposal to participating industrial clients. Emphasis is on developing skills to generate, evaluate and select design alternatives that satisfy the needs of the owner and the constraints imposed by codes and regulations, as well as by the availability of construction resources. Emphasis is also in developing team-building skills and efficient communication. Computer-based methods for design, construction cost estimating and scheduling, and personal communications are extensively used. The interactive case study is specifically chosen to balance the content between design, construction engineering and management. Students taking this course are expected to have a background in at least two of these disciplines.

CE 536. Construction Failures: Analysis and Lessons

This course develops an understanding of the integration process of technical, human, capital, social and institutional aspects that drive the life

cycle of a construction project. The study of failures provides an excellent vehicle to find ways for the improvement of planning, design and construction of facilities. Student groups are required to complete a term project on the investigation of a failure and present their findings and recommendations. This investigation includes not only the technical analysis of the failure but also requires a comprehensive analysis of the organizational, contractual and regulatory aspects of the process that lead to the failure. The course uses case studies to illustrate different types of failure in the planning, design, construction and operation of constructed facilities. Students taking this course are expected to have some background in the disciplines mentioned above.

CE 537. Advanced Properties and Production of Structural Materials

This course is particularly designed for civil engineers and will cover structure, properties and performance of construction materials. Topics include the structure of solids, phase equilibrium and reaction kinetics. A detailed analysis of mechanical properties and deterioration of solids will be presented. Theories and mathematical models based on these concepts will be applied to construction materials such as cementitious materials, bituminous materials, metals and alloys, timber, ceramics and composites.
(Prerequisites: Structural mechanics, materials of construction, differential equations and computer literacy.)

CE 538. Pavement Analysis and Design for Highways and Airports

This course is designed for civil engineers and will provide a detailed survey of analysis and design concepts for flexible and rigid pavements for highways and airports. The materials will cover elastic and inelastic theories of stress pavement components and currently used design methods, i.e., Corps of Engineers, AASHTO, etc. The use of finite element methods for pavement stress and deformation analysis will be presented. A review of pavement rehabilitation methods and processes will be presented. (Prerequisites: Differential equations, construction materials, soil mechanics, computer literacy.)

CE 542. Geohydrology

This course addresses engineering problems associated with the migration and use of subsurface water. An emphasis is placed on the geology of water-bearing formations including the study of pertinent physical and chemical characteristics of soil and rock aquifers. Topics include principles of groundwater movement, geology of groundwater occurrence, regional groundwater flow, subsurface characterization, water well technologies, groundwater chemistry and unsaturated flow.

CE 543. Highway Design and Traffic Safety

This course is an in-depth study of highway safety as it affects the geometric design of highways.

Topics include the classification and purposes of roadway systems, developing safety design criteria, the design of safe vertical and horizontal alignments, proper selection of cross-sectional elements, providing adequate sight distance, selection of appropriate speed limits, control of speeds, and other highway design issues. While there is no formal prerequisite, the course presumes a basic knowledge of undergraduate highway design as taught in CE 3050. This course is usually offered in alternate spring semesters.

CE 544. Highway Safety Audits and Safety Management

This course is an in-depth study of highway safety audit techniques as used in Europe and Canada, and safety management as used in the United States to identify and correct hazardous locations. Students will learn safety audit techniques through class work and a semester project where they perform a safety audit on an actual roadway. Topics include hazard and risk modeling, societal cost of collisions, performing a safety audit, recommending alternative solutions, quantifying safety benefits and prioritizing improvements. While there is no formal prerequisite, the course presumes a basic knowledge of undergraduate highway design as taught in CE 3050. The material covered in CE 543 is also useful background for this course. This course is usually offered in alternate spring semesters.

CE 550. Theoretical Soil Mechanics

This course provides an advanced level study of theories of soil behavior and mechanics. The topics reviewed are physico-chemical factors affecting soil behavior, the effective stress principle, moisture migration, application of the theory of elasticity to compute stresses in soil masses, settlement analysis, consolidation theory and geothermics. Appropriate laboratory and field testing procedures are discussed. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 551. Theoretical Soil Mechanics II

A continuation of CE 550. It addresses the nature of the strength-deformation characteristics of both rapidly and slowly draining soils. Stress path methods of analysis and critical state behavior models are emphasized. Elastic and plastic material failure theories are reviewed, and modern laboratory and field testing devices are described. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 552. Earth Structures

This course provides an in-depth study of the geotechnical principles applied to design of earth structures including earth dams, waste containment facilities, soil slopes, highway cuts, embankments and slurry trenches. It includes fundamentals of analysis of flow through porous media by graphical and digital techniques, slope stability, use of geosynthetics, soil stabilization, and the design of preloads and drain installations. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 553. Advanced Foundation Engineering

This course covers advanced methods of subsurface exploration and recent developments in prediction of bearing capacity and settlement of shallow foundations. It includes design of mat foundations, analysis and design of pile and drilled shaft foundations, and discussion of case studies. The course content is determined in part by the student's interests and often also includes design of lateral support systems, reinforced earth, dewatering systems and buried structures.

CE 560. Advanced Principles of Water Treatment

Theory and practice of drinking water treatment. Water quality and regulations; physical and chemical unit processes including disinfection, coagulation, clarification, filtration, membranes, air stripping, adsorption, softening, corrosion control, and other advanced processes.

CE 561. Advanced Principles of Wastewater Treatment

Theory and practice of wastewater treatment. Natural purification of streams; screening; sedimentation; flotation, thickening; aerobic treatment methods; theory of aeration; anaerobic digestion; disposal methods of sludge including vacuum filtration, centrifugation and drying beds; wet oxidation; removal of phosphate and nitrogen compounds; and tertiary treatment methods.

CE 562. Biosystems in Environmental Engineering

Application of microbial and biochemical understanding to river and lake pollution; natural purification processes; biological conversion of important elements such as C, N, S, O and P; biological aspects of wastewater treatment; disease-producing organisms with emphasis on water-borne diseases; and quantitative methods used in indicator organism counts and disinfection.

CE 5621. Open Channel Hydraulics

This course begins with fundamentals of free surface flow, and includes engineering and environmental applications. Development of basic principles, including specific energy, momentum and critical flow. Rapidly varied, uniform and gradually varied steady flow phenomena and analysis. Density-stratified flow. Similitude considerations for hydraulic models. Optional topics: dispersion and heat transfer to atmosphere. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 563. Industrial Waste Treatment

Legislation; the magnitude of industrial wastes; effects on streams, sewers and treatment units; physical, chemical and biological characteristics; pretreatment methods; physical treatment methods; chemical treatment methods; biological treatment methods; and wastes from specific industries. Lab includes characterization and treatment of typical industrial wastes.

CE 565. Stream, Lake and Estuarine Analysis

This course provides a quantitative base for determining the fate of effluent discharged into natural waters. Models are developed to describe the transport, dispersal, and chemical/biological reaction of substances introduced in rivers, estuaries, lakes and coastal areas. The concept of conservation of mass is used to derive the general transport equation. This equation is applied to analyze BOD, DO, temperature, nutrients and plankton population dynamics. Fate of toxic pollutants is also addressed.

CE 566. Groundwater Flow and Pollution

This course provides a review of the basic principles governing ground water flow and solute transport, and examines the models available for prediction and analysis including computer models. Topics covered include mechanics of flow in porous media; development of the equations of motion and of conservation of solute mass; analytical solutions; and computer-based numerical approaches and application to seepage, well analysis, artificial recharge, groundwater pollution, salinity intrusion and regional groundwater analyses.

CE 567. Hazardous Waste: Containment, Treatment and Prevention

This course provides a survey of the areas associated with hazardous waste management. The course materials deal with identification of hazardous waste legislation, containment, storage, transport, treatment and other hazardous wastes management issues. Topics include hazardous movement and containment strategies, barrier design considerations, hazardous waste risk assessment, spill response and clean-up technologies, centralized treatment facilities, on-site treatment, *in situ* treatment, and industrial management and control measures. Design of selected containment and treatment systems, and a number of industrial case studies are also covered. This course is offered to students with varying backgrounds. Students interested in taking this course must identify a specific problem that deals with either regulation, containment of hazardous waste, treatment of hazardous waste or industrial source reduction of hazardous waste. This problem becomes the focal point for in-depth study. The arrangement of topics between the students and the instructor must be established by the third week. A knowledge of basic chemistry is assumed.

CE 570. Multiphase Contaminant Transport

Introduces concepts of transport processes in the environment with emphasis on exchanges across phase boundaries. Topics include equilibrium conditions of environmental interfaces; partitioning and distribution of contaminants in the environment; transport in surface water; dispersion, sorption and the movement of nonaqueous phase liquids in groundwater; exchanges across air-water interfaces; and the effects of reactions on the transport in the environment.
(Prerequisite: A knowledge of the material covered in ES 3004 and CE 3069 is expected.)

CE 571. Water Chemistry

This course covers the topics of chemical equilibrium, acid/base chemistry, the carbonate system, solubility of metals, complexation and oxidation-reduction reactions. These principles will be applied to understanding of the chemistry of surface waters and groundwaters, and to understanding the behavior of chemical processes used in water and wastewater treatment.

CE 572. Physical and Chemical Treatment Processes

This course presents the physical and chemical principles for the treatment of dissolved and particulate contaminants in water and wastewater. These concepts will provide an understanding of the design of commonly used unit operations in treatment systems. Applications will be discussed as well. Topics covered include water characteristics, reactor dynamics, filtration, coagulation/flocculation, sedimentation, adsorption, gas stripping, disinfection, and chemical oxidation.

CE 573. Treatment System Hydraulics

Hydraulic principles of water, domestic wastewater and industrial wastewater systems. Hydraulic analysis and design of collection, distribution and treatment systems and equipment. Topics covered include pipe and channel flow, pump characteristics and selection, friction loss, corrosion and material selection.

CE 574. Water Resources Management

This course provides an introduction to water resources engineering and management, with an emphasis on water resources protection and water supply. Course content addresses technical aspects as well as the legal, regulatory and policy aspects of water resources management. Topics include surface water hydrology and watershed protection, development of water supplies, conjunctive use of groundwater and surface water, management of reservoirs and rivers, the role of probability and statistics, systems analysis techniques, and planning of water resources projects.

CE 579. Planning and Designing for a Sustainable Built and Natural Environment

The planning and designing for a sustainable built and natural environment contrasts with the sprawl and resource use which is occurring presently. Sustainable development, whether it be an individual home, an office building, a neighborhood, a town/city, a region, or a nation, necessitates planning and designing with an understanding of social, economic and aesthetic factors, as well as impact on scarce and nonrenewable resources. A knowledge of the availability of limited resources, density assumptions and population demands, as well as future technology, and how these variables affect not only our present but also future generations—water resource availability, threatened species, global warming or infrastructure development—is critical to the civil engineer.

CE 580. Advanced Project Management

This course develops an understanding of the managerial principles and techniques used throughout a construction project as they are applied to its planning, preconstruction and construction phases. The course emphasizes the integrative challenges of the human, physical and capital resources as experienced from the owner's point of view in the preconstruction phase of a project. Through assignments and case studies, the course reviews the complex environment of the construction industry and processes, project costing and economic evaluation, project organization, value engineering, time scheduling, contracting and risk allocation alternatives, contract administration, and cost and time control techniques.

CE 581. Real Estate Development

Principles of real estate development, emphasizing the system approach to the process of conception, design, construction and operation; organization and control systems for real estate development, value and decision analysis.

CE 582. Engineering and Construction Information Systems

This course provides an understanding of the various subjects involved in the use, design, development, implementation and maintenance of computer-based information systems in the construction industry. Theoretical and hands-on review of basic building blocks of information and decision support systems including user interfaces, database management systems, object-oriented approaches and multimedia. Applications include project scheduling and cost control, budgeting, project risk analysis, construction accounting, materials management and procurement systems, project document tracking and resource management. Commercial software—such as PRIMAVERA Project Planner, TIMBERLINE, and spreadsheets and databases— is extensively used. Students are required to complete a term project reviewing an existing information system and presenting recommendations for improvement.
(Prerequisites: A knowledge of the material covered in CE 580, CE 584 and CE 585 is expected). Course may be offered by special arrangement.

CE 583. Contracts and Law for Civil Engineers

An introduction to the legal aspects of construction project management, emphasis on legal problems directly applied to the practice of project management, contracts and specifications documents, codes and zoning laws, and labor laws.

CE 584. Advanced Cost Estimating Procedures

This course examines cost estimating as a key process in planning, designing and constructing buildings. Topics include the analysis of the elements of cost estimating; database development and management, productivity, unit costs, quantity surveys and pricing, and the application of these tools in business situations; marketing, sales, bidding, negotiating, value engineering, cost control, claims management and cost history. Computerization is evaluated as an enhancement to the process.

CE 585. Information Technology in the Integration of Civil Engineering

This course provides an understanding and hands-on experience of state-of-the-art information technology and its application to the planning, design, construction and management of civil engineering projects. These technologies include integrated database management systems, electronic data interchange (EDI), electronic media for date input/output (bar coding, voice recognition, image processing), networks and knowledge-based systems. The course format includes formal lectures, computer laboratory sessions and a class project developed collaboratively by the students throughout the term. Using information technology, the class develops a package that includes drawings, specifications, cost estimate and schedule of a civil engineering project.
(Prerequisites: Basic knowledge of computers and construction project management.)

CE 586. Building Systems

This course introduces design concepts, components, materials and processes for major building projects. The topics analyze the choice of foundations, structures, building enclosures and other major building subsystems as affected by environmental and legal conditions, and market and project constraints. Consideration is given to the functional and physical interfaces among building subsystems. Emphasis is given to the processes through which design decisions are made in the evolution of a building project.

CE 590. Special Problems

2 to 4 credits
Individual investigations or studies of any phase of civil engineering as may be selected by the student and approved by the faculty member who supervises the work.

CE 591 Environmental Engineering Seminar

Participation of students in discussing topics of interest to environmental engineers.

CE 592. Constructed Facilities Seminar

Participation of students, faculty and recognized experts outside of WPI in developing modern and advanced topics of interest in the constructed facilities area.

CE 593. Advanced Project

This capstone project is intended for students completing the M.E. degree. The student is expected to identify all aspects of the M.E. curriculum and an integrative, descriptive systems approach. The project activity requires the student to describe the development, design construction, maintenance and operation process for an actual facility; to evaluate the performance of the facility with respect to functional and operational objectives; and to examine alternative solutions. Specific areas of study are selected by the student and approved by the faculty member. The work may be accomplished by individuals or small groups of students working on the same project.
(Prerequisite: Consent of instructor.)

CE 599. M.S. Thesis

Research study at the M.S. level.

CE 699. Ph.D. Thesis

Research study at the Ph.D. level.

Computer Science

CS 501. Discrete Structures/ MA 530. Discrete Mathematics

Topics from discrete mathematics relevant to computer science are presented in a way that helps the student develop a facility for dealing with abstractions and formal proofs. These topics include sets, relations, posets, graphs, digraphs, monoids, groups, discrete probability theory and propositional calculus. (Prerequisites: College math at least through calculus and some experience with recursive programming.)

*NOTE: This course is intended only for students with a limited formal computer science background and should only be taken with advisor or instructor approval.**

CS 502. Operating Systems

The design and theory of multiprogrammed operating systems, concurrent processes, process communication, input/output supervisors, memory management, resource allocation and scheduling are studied. (Prerequisites: Knowledge of computer organization and elementary data structures, and a strong programming background.)

CS 503. Foundations of Computer Science

The foundations of computer science are presented here. These form the basis for a more complete understanding of and proficiency in computer science. Topics include logic, computational models, formal languages, computability and complexity theory. (Prerequisite: Undergraduate or graduate level discrete structures such as CS 2022, CS 501 or MA 2201.)

CS 504. Analysis of Computations and Systems

The following tools for the analysis of computer programs and systems are studied: probability,

combinatorics, the solution of recurrence relations and the establishment of asymptotic bounds. A number of algorithms and advanced data structures are discussed, as well as paradigms for algorithm design. (Prerequisites: The ability to write a structured program in a recursive language and a knowledge of discrete mathematics at the undergraduate level.)

CS 505. Social Implications of Computing

This course is concerned with the effects of computer technology on society. It will explore a wide range of topics including privacy, liability, proprietary protection, the effects of artificial intelligence on humanity's view of itself and globalization. It will also consider the issues of professional ethics and professional responsibility, as well as discrimination in the workplace, in education and in user interfaces. Papers, presentations, discussions, extensive readings and a course project are possible components of this course. (Prerequisites: A college degree and either two computer science classes or a year's experience in the computer industry including sales and management.)

CS 507. Data Structures and Analysis of Algorithms

This course studies different data structures from the point of view of the operations performed upon the data, and to apply analysis and design techniques to non-numeric algorithms that act on data structures. Data structures are presented as abstract objects admitting certain operations. Choices of internal representations and algorithms to implement them are covered in some detail. The data structures covered include lists, stacks, queues, priority queues, trees, balanced trees, graphs and dictionaries. Projects and assignments will treat the development of theoretical results, the writing of programs to obtain practical results and techniques to integrate different data structures in complex algorithms that place a variety of demands upon them. (Prerequisites: The student is expected to know a recursive programming language, to have taken two years of college math and an undergraduate course in data structures, and to have exposure to formal mathematics as might be found in CS 501.)

*NOTE: This course is intended only for students with a limited formal computer science background and should only be taken with advisor or instructor approval.**

CS 509. Design of Software Systems

This course focuses on the high-level design aspects of software engineering. Included are architectural and interface design. Within architectural design, the topics covered are Yourdan structured design, Jackson structured design and object-oriented design. When possible, real-time extensions are discussed. Sufficient coverage of the areas of requirements specification and testing is given to support the above topics.

* *The course does not provide graduate credit toward a CS degree.*

(Prerequisites: Knowledge of a recursive high-level language and data structures. An undergraduate course in software engineering is desirable.)

CS 513/EE 506. Introduction to Local and Wide Area Networks

This course provides an introduction to the theory and practice of the design of computer and communications networks, including the ISO seven-layer reference model. Analysis of network topologies and protocols, including performance analysis, is treated. Current network types including local area and wide area networks are introduced, as are evolving network technologies. The theory, design and performance of local area networks are emphasized. The course includes an introduction to queueing analysis and network programming. (Prerequisites: A knowledge of the C programming language is assumed. CS 504 or EE 502 or equivalent background in probability may be taken concurrently.)

CS 514/EE 572. Advanced Systems Architecture

See EE 572 course description on page 94.

CS 525. Topics in Computer Science

A topic of current interest is covered in detail. (Prerequisites: Vary with topic.) Please consult the department for a current listing of selected topics in this area.

CS 530/EE 530. High-Performance Networks

This course is an in-depth study of the theory, design and performance of high-speed networks. Topics include specific high-performance network implementations and emerging technologies, including multimedia networks and quality of service issues. Topics associated with interconnecting networks such as bridges and routers will also be discussed. Performance analysis of networks will include basic queueing models. (Prerequisite: CS 513/EE 506.)

CS 531. System Simulation

The theory and design of discrete simulations are discussed. Other topics are random number generations, analysis of output and optimization. (Prerequisites: CS 504 or equivalent background in probability, and some background in statistics.)

CS 533/EE 581. Modeling and Performance Evaluation of Network and Computer Systems

Methods and concepts of computer and communication network modeling and system performance – evaluation. Stochastic processes; measurement techniques; monitor tools; statistical analysis of performance experiments; simulation models; analytic modeling and queueing theory; M/M, Erlang, G/M, M/G, batch arrival, bulk service and priority systems; work load characterization; performance evaluation problems. (Prerequisites: CS 504 or EE 502 or equivalent background in probability.)

CS 534. Artificial Intelligence

This course gives a broad survey of artificial intelligence. Several basic techniques such as search methods, formal proofs and knowledge representation are covered. Selected topics involving the applications of these tools are investigated. Such topics might include natural language understanding, scene understanding, game playing, learning and planning. (Prerequisites: A familiarity with data structures and a recursive high-level language. Knowledge of LISP is an advantage.)

CS 535. Advanced Topics in Operating Systems

This course discusses advanced topics in the theory, design and implementation of operating systems. Topics will be selected from such areas as performance of operating systems, distributed operating systems, operating systems for multi-processor systems and operating systems research. (Prerequisites: CS 502 and CS 504, or equivalent background in probability.)

CS 536. Programming Language Design

This course discusses the fundamental concepts and general principles underlying current programming languages and models. Topics include control and data abstractions, language processing and binding, indeterminacy and delayed evaluation, and languages and models for parallel and distributed processing. A variety of computational paradigms are discussed: functional programming, logic programming, object-oriented programming and data flow programming. (Prerequisites: Student is expected to know a recursive programming language and to have an undergraduate course in data structures.)

CS 538. Expert Systems

The course will review expert knowledge-based problem-solving systems. It will concentrate on an analysis of the architecture, knowledge and problem-solving style of each system in order to classify and compare them. For each system, an attempt will be made to evaluate its contribution to our understanding of problems that expert systems can tackle. (Prerequisite: CS 534 or equivalent, or permission of the instructor.)

CS 539. Machine Learning

The focus of this course is machine learning for knowledge-based systems. It will include reviews of work on similarity-based learning (induction), explanation-based learning, analogical and case-based reasoning and learning, and knowledge compilation. It will also consider other approaches to automated knowledge acquisition as well as connectionist learning. (Prerequisite: CS 534 or equivalent, or permission of the instructor.)

CS 540. Artificial Intelligence in Design

The main goal of this course is to obtain a deeper understanding of what "design" is, and how AI might be used to support and study it. Students will examine some of the recent AI-based work on design problem-solving. The course will be run in seminar style, with readings from the current literature and with student presentations. The domains will include electrical engineering design, mechanical engineering design, civil engineering design and software design (i.e., automatic programming). This course will be of interest to those wanting to prepare for research in design, or those wishing to increase their understanding of expert systems. Graduate students from departments other than computer science are welcome. (Prerequisite: Knowledge of artificial intelligence is required. This can only be waived with permission of the instructor).

CS 542. Database Management Systems

An introduction to the theory and design of database management systems. Topics covered include internals of database management systems, fundamental concepts in database theory, and database application design and development. In particular, logical design and conceptual modeling, physical database design strategies, relational data model and query languages, query optimization, transaction management and distributed databases. Typically there are hands-on assignments and/or a course project. Selected topics from the current database research literature may be touched upon as well. (Prerequisite: CS 504 or permission of the instructor.)

CS 543. Computer Graphics

This course examines typical graphics systems, both hardware and software; design of low-level software support for raster displays; 3-D surface and solids modeling; hidden line and hidden surface algorithms; and realistic image rendering including shading, shadowing, reflection, refraction and surface texturing. (Prerequisites: A familiarity with data structures, a recursive high-level language and linear algebra. CS 509 would be helpful.)

CS 544. Compiler Construction

A general approach to the design of language processors is presented without regard for either the source language or target machine. All phases of compilation and interpretation are investigated in order to give the student an appreciation for the overall construction of a compiler. Typical projects may include implementation of a small compiler for a recursive or special-purpose language. (Prerequisites: A knowledge of several higher-level languages and at least one assembly language. The material in CS 503 is helpful.)

CS 545/EE 545. Digital Image Processing

This course presents fundamental concepts of digital image processing and an introduction to machine vision. Image processing topics will include visual perception, image formation, imaging geometries, image transform theory and applications, enhancement, restoration, encoding and

compression. Machine vision topics will include feature extraction and representation, stereo vision, model-based recognition, motion and image flow, and pattern recognition. Students will be required to complete programming assignments in a high-level language. (Prerequisites: A working knowledge of undergraduate level signal analysis and linear algebra; familiarity with probability theory is helpful but not necessary.)

CS 546. Human-Computer Interaction

This course prepares graduate students for research in human-computer interaction. Topics include the design and evaluation of interactive computer systems, basic psychological considerations of interaction, interactive language design, interactive hardware design and special input/output techniques. Students are expected to present and review recent research results from the literature, and to complete several projects.
(Prerequisites: Students are expected to have mature programming skills. Knowledge of software engineering would be an advantage.)

CS 549. Computer Vision

This course examines current issues in the computer implementation of visual perception. Topics include image formation, edge detection, segmentation, shape-from-shading, motion, stereo, texture analysis, pattern classification and object recognition. We will discuss various representations for visual information, including sketches and intrinsic images. (Prerequisites: CS 534, CS 543, CS 545, or the equivalent of one of these courses.)

CS 552/MA 510. Numerical Methods

See MA 510 course description on page 103.

CS 553. Theory of Computability

This course investigates the principal concerns of computability theory and presents several alternate formulations of the Church-Turing Thesis. Starting where the computability portion of CS 503 leaves off, the interrelationships between mathematics and computation are explored using several different approaches. (Prerequisite: CS 503.)

CS 559. Advanced Topics in Theoretical Computer Science

This course has an instructor-dependent syllabus.

CS 561. Advanced Topics in Database Systems

This course covers modern database and information systems as well as research issues in the field. Topics and systems covered may include object-oriented, workflow, active, deductive, spatial, temporal and multimedia databases. Also discussed will be recent advances in database systems such as data mining, on-line analytical processing, data warehousing, declarative and visual query languages, multimedia database tools, web and unstructured data sources, and client-server and heterogeneous systems. The specific subset of topics for a given course offering is selected by the instructor. Research papers from recent journals and conferences are used. Group project required. (Prerequisites: CS 542 or equivalent. Expected background includes a knowledge of relational database systems.)

CS 562. Advanced Topics in Software Engineering

This course focuses on the nondesign aspects of software engineering. Topics may include requirements specification, software quality assurance, software project management and software maintenance. (Prerequisite: CS 509.)

CS 563. Advanced Topics in Computer Graphics

This course examines one or more selected current issues in the area of image synthesis. Specific topics covered are dependent on the instructor. Potential topics include: scientific visualization, computational geometry, photo-realistic image rendering and computer animation.
(Prerequisite: CS 543 or equivalent.)

CS 577/EE 537. Advanced Computer and Communications Networks

This course covers advanced topics in the theory, design and performance of computer and communications networks. Topics will be selected from such areas as local area networks, metropolitan area networks, wide area networks, queueing models of networks, routing, flow control, new technologies and protocol standards. The current literature will be used to study new networks concepts and emerging technologies. (Prerequisite: CS 513/EE 506 and CS 533/EE 581.)

CS 578/EE 578. Cryptography and Data Security

See EE 578 course description on page 95.

CS 595/EE 595. Computer and Communications Networks Internship

6 credits

This project will provide an opportunity to put into practice the principles which have been studied in previous courses. It will generally be conducted off campus and will involve a real-world networking situation. Overall conduct of the internship will be supervised by a WPI faculty member, and an on-site liaison will direct day-to-day activity. The project must include substantial analysis and/or design related to computer or communications networking, and will conclude with a substantial written report. A public oral presentation must also be made, to both the host organization and a committee consisting of the supervising faculty member, the on-site liaison and one additional WPI faculty member. Successful completion of the internship will be verified by this committee. For a student from industry, an internship may be sponsored by his or her employer. (Prerequisite: Completion of 12 credits of the CCN program.)

Electrical and Computer Engineering

EE 502. Analysis of Probabilistic Signals and Systems

Applications of probability theory and its engineering applications. Random variables, distribution and density functions. Functions of random variables, moments and characteristic functions. Sequences of random variables, stochastic convergence and the central limit theorem. Concept of a stochastic process, stationary processes and ergodicity. Correlation functions, spectral analysis and their application to linear systems. Mean square estimation. (Prerequisite: Undergraduate course in signals and systems.)

EE 503. Digital Signal Processing

Discrete-time signals and systems, frequency analysis, sampling of continuous time signals, the z-transform, implementation of discrete time systems, the discrete Fourier transform, fast Fourier transform algorithms, filter design techniques. (Prerequisites: Courses in complex variables, basic signals and systems.)

EE 504. Analysis of Deterministic Signals and Systems

Review of Fourier series and linear algebra. Fourier transforms, Laplace transforms, Z transforms and their interrelationship. State space modeling of continuous-time and discrete-time systems. Cannonical forms, solution of state equations, controllability, observability and stability of linear systems. Pole placement via state feedback, observer design, Lyapunov stability analysis.
(Prerequisite: Undergraduate course in signals and systems.)

EE 505. Computer Architecture

This course introduces the fundamentals of computer system architecture and organization. Topics include CPU structure and function, addressing modes, instruction formats, memory system organization, memory mapping and hierarchies, concepts of cache and virtual memories, storage systems, standard local buses, high-performance I/O, computer communication, basic principles of operating systems, multiprogramming, multiprocessing, pipelining and memory management. The architecture principles underlying RISC and CISC processors are presented in detail. The course also includes a number of design projects, including simulating a target machine, architecture using a high-level language (HLL).
(Prerequisites: Undergraduate course in logic circuits and microprocessor system design, as well as proficiency in assembly language and a structured high-level language such as C or Pascal.)

EE 506/CS513. Introduction to Local and Wide Area Networks

This course provides an introduction to the theory and practice of the design of computer and communications networks, including the ISO seven-

layer reference model. Analysis of network topologies and protocols, including performance analysis, is treated. Current network types and evolving network technologies are introduced, including local, metropolitan and wide area networks. The theory, design and performance of local area networks are emphasized. The course includes an introduction to queueing analysis and network programming. (Prerequisites: A knowledge of the C programming language is assumed. CS 504 or EE 502 or equivalent background in probability; may be taken concurrently. NOTE: Students who receive credit for EE 573 may not receive credit for EE 506.)

EE 508. Telecommunications Policy
This course provides an understanding of some of the major trends and issues involved in the development of U.S. telecommunications and information technology policies. The course highlights the interaction between technology and policy; it will help engineers to accept the reality that, in the introduction of new technologies, policy considerations often play a more important role than do technological advances. The course traces the historical development of U.S. telecommunications policy from supporting a regulated monopoly to the creation of the current increasingly more competitive and less regulated information marketplace. Topics explored include: the difficulties involved in assessing newly emerging technologies; regulation and deregulation of the telecommunications and information industries; the past, present and future concept of universal service; the convergence of telecommunications, computer and television technologies to create the information network of the future; current competition in local, long-distance, wireless and multimedia services; issues related to standards, interoperability and intellectual property.

EE 512. Acoustic and Ultrasound Engineering
Fundamentals of vibration. The acoustic wave equation, transmission phenomena, absorption and attenuation. Radiation from acoustic sources, dipole and line source radiation, planar piston source, radiation patterns, beam width, directivity, fields from pulsed transducers, Green's function, diffraction, reciprocity. Techniques for ultrasound modeling. Acoustic waveguides. Ultrasound transducer types and transducer modeling. Transducer characterization and calibration. Acoustic measurements techniques. (Prerequisites: EE 502 and EE 504 or equivalent, undergraduate course in modern signal theory, undergraduate course in E/M field theory, or permission of the instructor.)

EE 514 Fundamentals of RF and MW Engineering
This introductory course develops a comprehensive understanding of Maxwell's field theory as applied to high-frequency radiation, propagation and circuit phenomena. Topics include radio-frequency (RF) and microwave (MW) propagation modes, transmission line aspects, Smith Chart,

scattering parameter analysis, microwave filters, matching networks, power flow relations, unilateral and bilateral amplifier designs, stability analysis, oscillators circuits, mixers and microwave antennas for wireless communication systems. (Prerequisites: EE 501 Modern Signal Analysis, undergraduate course in electromagnetic field analysis.)

EE 523. Power Electronics
The application of electronics to energy conversion and control. Electrical and thermal characteristics of power semiconductor devices—diodes, bipolar transistors and thyristors. Magnetic components. State-space averaging and sampled-data models. Emphasis is placed on circuit techniques. Application examples include dc-dc conversion, controlled rectifiers, high-frequency inverters, resonant converters and excitation of electric machines. (Prerequisites: EE 3204 and undergraduate courses in modern signal theory and control theory; EE 504 is recommended.)

EE 524. Advanced Analog Integrated Circuit Design
This course is an introduction to the design of analog and mixed analog-digital CMOS integrated circuits for communication and instrumentation applications. An overview of the CMOS fabrication process shows the differences between discrete and integrated circuit design. The MOS transistor is reviewed with basic device physics and the development of circuit models in various operating regions. The use of SPICE simulation in the design process will be covered. Integrated MOS amplifier circuits are developed with an emphasis on understanding performance advantages and limitation in such areas as speed, noise and power dissipation. Simple circuits are combined to form the basic functional building blocks such as the op-amp, comparator, voltage reference, etc. These circuit principles will be explored in an IC design project, which may be fabricated in a commercial analog CMOS process. Examples of possible topics include sample-and-hold (S/H) amplifier, analog-to-digital (A/D) and digital-to-analog (D/A) converters, phase-locked loop (PLL), voltage-controlled oscillator, phase detector, switched capacitor and continuous-time filters, and sampled current techniques. (Prerequisite: Background in analog circuits both at the transistor and functional block [op-amp, comparator, etc.] level. Also familiarity with techniques such as small-signal modeling and analysis in the s-plane using Laplace transforms. Undergraduate course equivalent background EE 3204; EE 4902 helpful but not essential.)

EE 529. Selected Topics in Electronic System Design
Courses in this group are devoted to the study of advanced topics in electronic system design.

EE 530/CS 530. High Performance Networks
This course is an in-depth study of the theory, design and performance of high-speed networks. Topics include specific high-performance network architectures and protocols and emerging technologies including multimedia networks and quality-of-service issues. Topics associated with interconnecting networks such as bridges and routers will also be discussed. Performance analysis of networks will include basic queueing models. (Prerequisite: EE 506/CS 513.)

EE 531. Principles of Detection and Estimation Theory
Detection of signals in noise, optimum receiver principles, M-ary detection, matched filters, orthogonal signals and representations of random processes. MAP and maximum likelihood estimation. Wiener filtering and Kalman filtering. Channel considerations: pre-whitening, fading and diversity combining. (Prerequisites: EE 502 and EE 504 or equivalent.)

EE 532. Digital Communications: Modulation and Coding
Studies various modulation techniques and coding schemes for digital communications over additive white Gaussian noise channels. Overview of communication networks, and relation to link design and modem design technology. Representation of bandpass signals. Binary and M-ary signaling, basic modulation techniques: PSK, FSK, PAM, QAM and MSK. Timing and phase recovery. Introduction to information theory, source coding and channel coding. Signaling with coded waveforms, soft decision and hard decision block codes, convolutional codes and Trellis Code Modulation. Characterization of time-dispersive band-limited channels and intersymbol interference (ISI). (Prerequisite: EE 502.)

EE 533. Advances in Digital Communication
Methods for ISI reduction: linear, decision feedback, pass band and fractionally spaced equalizers; maximum likelihood sequence estimation (MLSE). Fast start-up equalization, blind equalization and echo-cancellation. Characterization of fading multipath channels such as troposcatter, HF, microwave line-of-sight, urban and indoor radio. Digital signaling over fading multipath channels. Methods to improve performance in fading multipath channels: diversity combining, coding and equalization. Introduction to spread spectrum communication: code division multiple access, performance in fading channels. Multiple access techniques in radio networks. (Prerequisite: EE 532 or equivalent).

EE 534. Adaptive Space-Time Filtering and Spectral Estimation
This course presents adaptive algorithms used in spatial beamforming and temporal filtering. It also includes algorithms used in spectral estimation.

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

Topics covered include: single-channel (single-sensor) temporal processing and multisensor/multichannel spatial-temporal processing; FFT-based, nonparametric algorithms; channel estimation, Welch's method, parametric spectral estimation, autoregressive modeling, Levinson-Durbin algorithms, Burge algorithm and maximum entropy method; lattice structures; and adaptive transversal filters. It also covers the LMS and RLS algorithm, algorithms based on parameter estimation using ML techniques, direction finding, conjugate gradient descent algorithms, Matrix decompositions, QR and SVD, and subspace tracking algorithms will also be covered. (Prerequisite: EE 502 and EE 503; 531 is recommended).

EE 535. Telecommunications Transmission Technologies

This course introduces the principal technologies used to implement the physical networking layer. These include high-speed electronic pulse shapers and receivers, optical sources, detectors, fiber media, active optical elements, RF devices and systems, and the related protocols and modulation schemes for reliable and multi-user communications (time, frequency, space and code-division multiplexing, error correction coding, spectral re-use, and so on). The course includes laboratory experiments. (Prerequisites: EE 502 or CS 504; undergraduate-level understanding of signal and circuit theory.)

EE 537/CS 577. Advanced Computer and Communications Networks

This course covers advanced topics in the theory, design and performance of computer and communication networks. Topics will be selected from such areas as local area networks, metropolitan area networks, wide area networks, queuing models of networks, routing, flow control, new technologies and protocol standards. The current literature will be used to study new networks concepts and emerging technologies. (Prerequisite: EE 506/CS 513 and EE 581/CS 533.)

EE 538. Wireless Information Networks

Overview of wireless information networks and personal communications systems: digital cellular, wireless PBX, cordless phone, wireless LAN, and mobile data, multimedia wireless and directions of the future. Radio propagation modeling for urban and indoor radio channels, coverage interface and cell size. Modulation techniques for efficient use of bandwidth resources. Methods to increase the data rate: antenna diversity and sectorization, adaptive equalization, multirate transmission and multiamplitude phase modulation. Spread spectrum for digital cellular, personal communications and wireless LAN applications. TDMA, CDMA, ALOHA, and CSMA, DECT, GSM, USDC, JDC, IEEE 802.11, WINForum, and HIPER-LAN. (Prerequisite: Background in networks. Familiarity with probability, statistics and signal processing).

EE 539. Selected Topics in Communication Theory and Signal Processing

Topics from the following: sensitivity and error analysis in linear systems; band-limited signals; the uncertainty principle; bandwidth compression, nonstationary processes; radio and inter-symbol interference. Current problems in digital and analog communications; two-dimensional Fourier analysis; pattern recognition; Fourier optics. Time-series analysis, radar signals, graph theory and information theory. The content of this course will change from year to year.

EE 539S. Mobile Data Networking

This course presents the principles of wireless data communications by introducing the state-of-the-art network architectures, standards and products, and explaining the key factors in evolution of this industry. Overview of wireless networks. Architecture of existing mobile date networks: ARDIS, Mobitex, TETHRA, Merticom, CDPD and GPRS. Wireless LAN technologies: 802.11, HIPERLAN and wireless ATM. Effects of mobility on different ISO layers. Physical layer options. MAC layer in mobile environments. Issues in mobile computing. Mobile IP, IP-v6, and DHCP. Mobility gateway technologies: MASE and eNetwork. Intertech roaming and handover for wireless data networks. (Prerequisite: Familiarity with communication networks [EE 506 or similar] is desirable.)

EE 545/CS 545. Digital Image Processing

See CS 545 course description on page 91.

EE 549. Selected Topics in Control

Courses in this group are devoted to the study of advanced topics in the formulation and solution of theoretical or practical problems in modern control.

EE 559. Selected Topics in Energy Systems

Courses in this group are devoted to the study of advanced topics in energy systems. Typical topics include optimal power flow, probability methods in power systems analysis, surge phenomena, design of electrical apparatus, transient behavior of electric machines and advanced electromechanical energy conversion.

EE 566. VLSI Design

VLSI Design introduces computer engineers and computer scientists to the techniques, methodologies and issues involved in conceptual and physical design of complex, digital integrated circuits. The course presupposes knowledge of computer systems and hardware design such as found in EE 505, but does not assume detailed knowledge of transistor circuits and physical electronics. (Prerequisite: EE 505 or equivalent.)

EE 569. Selected Topics in Solid State

Courses in this group are devoted to the study of advanced topics in solid state, for example: degenerate semiconductors, many-body theory, elastic effects and phonon conduction, and solar cells. To reflect changes in faculty research interests, these courses may be modified or new courses may be added.

EE 569A Advanced Solid-State Devices

The operation of the MOS transistor will be explored in detail, resulting in thorough understanding of observed phenomena. Device behavior will be explained using the energy band diagram and modeled for large and small signals as well as high frequencies. Sources of noise, sub-threshold operation, scaling effects, and other non-ideal behavior will also be addressed. While the MOS transistor will be the focus of the course, advanced topics in bipolar transistor design may also be included. This course is intended for students pursuing study in either integrated circuit design or device physics. (Prerequisite: undergraduate analog electronics)

EE 572/CS 514. Advanced Systems Architecture

This course covers techniques such as caching, hierarchical memory, pipelining and parallelism, that are used to enhance the performance of computer systems. It compares and contrasts different approaches to achieving high performance in machines ranging from advanced microprocessors to vector supercomputers (CRAY, CYBER). It also illustrates how these techniques are applied in massively parallel SIMD machines (DAP, Connection Machine). In each case the focus is on the combined hardware /software performance achieved and the interaction between application demands and hardware/software capabilities. (Prerequisites: This course assumes the material covered in EE 505. The student should also have a background in computer programming and operating systems (CS 502). Familiarity with basic probability and statistics such as EE 502 or MA 541 is recommended.)

EE 574. VHDL Modeling and Synthesis

This is an introductory course on the VHDL (VHSIC Hardware Description Language) for students with no background in VHDL or hardware modeling. In this course we will examine some of the important features of VHDL. The course will enable students to design, simulate, model and synthesize digital designs. The data flow, structural and behavioral modeling techniques will be discussed and related to how they are used to design combinational and sequential circuits. The use of test benches to exercise and verify the correctness of hardware models will also be described. Course projects will involve the modeling and synthesis of systems using the ECE department VHDL design tools. (Prerequisites: Logic circuits, programming in a high-level language such as C or Pascal, and a computer architecture course such as EE 505.)

EE 578/CS 578. Cryptography and Data Security

This course gives a comprehensive introduction into the field of cryptography and data security. The course begins with the introduction of the concepts of data security, where classical algorithms serve as an example. Different attacks on cryptographic systems are classified. Some pseudo-random generators are introduced. The concepts of public and private key cryptography are developed. As important representatives for secret key schemes, DES and IDEA are described. The public key schemes RSA and ElGamal, and systems based on elliptic curves are then developed. Signature algorithms, hash functions, key distribution and identification schemes are treated as advanced topics. Some advanced mathematical algorithms for attacking cryptographic schemes are discussed. Application examples will include a protocol for security in a LAN and a secure smart card system for electronic banking. Special consideration will be given to schemes which are relevant for network environments. For all schemes, implementation aspects and up-to-date security estimations will be discussed. (Prerequisites: Working knowledge of C; an interest in discrete mathematics and algorithms is highly desirable. Students interested in a further study of the underlying mathematics may register for MA 4891 [B term], where topics in modern algebra relevant to cryptography will be treated.)

EE 579. Selected Topics in Computer Engineering

Courses in this group are devoted to the study of advanced topics in computer engineering such as real-time intelligent systems, VLSI design and high-level languages.

EE 579R. Advanced Cryptography

This course provides deeper insight into areas of cryptography which are of great practical and theoretical importance. The three areas treated are detailed analysis and the implementation of crypto-algorithms, advanced protocols, and modern attacks against cryptographic schemes. The first part of the lecture focuses on public key algorithms, in particular ElGamal, elliptic curves and Diffie-Hellman key exchange. The underlying theory of Galois fields will be introduced. Implementation of performance security aspects of the algorithms will be looked at. The second part of the course deals with advanced protocols. New schemes for authentication, identification and zero-knowledge proof will be introduced. Some complex protocols for real-world application—such as key distribution in networks and for smart cards—will be introduced and analyzed. The third part will look into state-of-the-art cryptanalysis (i.e., ways to break cryptosystems). Brute force attacks based on special purpose machines, the baby-step giant-step and the Pohlig-Hellman algorithms will be discussed. (Prerequisites: EE 578/CS 578 or equivalent background.)

EE 579S. Computer Security

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the field of computer security. Security architectures and their impact on computers are examined. Critical computer security aspects are identified and examined from the standpoints of both the user and the attacker: physical security, communications security, system security and operational security. Computer system vulnerabilities are examined, and mitigating approaches are identified and evaluated. Concepts and procedures for computer and computer network risk analysis are introduced. An overview of computer security statutes and case law is presented. The course emphasizes a timely approach, maintained by using recent examples of computer attacks and the resources available to deal with the rapidly changing framework of computer security.
(Prerequisites: Working knowledge of computers, basic computer networks and a programming language.)

EE 579T. Network Security

This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the field of network security. Network architectures and protocols and their impact on security are examined. Critical network security aspects are identified and examined from standpoints of both the user and the attacker. Network vulnerabilities are examined, and mitigating approaches are identified and evaluated. Concepts and procedures for network risk analysis are introduced. Integration of network and computer security is introduced. An overview of statutes and case law affecting network security is presented. The course emphasizes a timely approach, maintained by using recent examples of network vulnerability. (Prerequisites: Working knowledge of computers, basic computer networks, computer security, and a programming language.)

EE579U Information Security Systems and Management

This course addresses the essential elements of turning individually secure workstations and networks into a secure information system. An engineering view of how overall security can be obtained in the face of individual system elements that are only partially secure will be undertaken. Risk identification, vulnerability assessment, disaster planning and recovery, continuity of operations, and interactions of large computer networks will be discussed. Essential information on pertinent laws and regulations will be included, as will an introduction to computer forensics. A viable systems security design and supporting security policy will be developed. (Prerequisites: EE579S, 579T)

EE 579V. Computer Arithmetic Circuits

Computer arithmetic is a subfield of digital computer organization. It deals with the hardware realization of arithmetic functions to support various computer architectures, as well as with arithmetic algorithms for hardware implementation. A major focus of computer arithmetic is the development of high-speed arithmetic algorithms, design of application-specific circuits to enhance the speed of numerical applications, and understanding their implementation in ASIC technology. This course consists of a detailed study of the theory, specification and design of basic arithmetic algorithms and hardware architectures used in digital systems. Topics that will be covered include: number systems and representation, redundant and residue syst;ems. Addition/subtraction circuits, multiplication, division, square-root-finding algorithms, and floating point arithmetic systems.

EE 581/CS 533. Modeling and Performance Evaluation of Network and Computer Systems

Methods and concepts of computer and communication network modeling and system performance evaluation. Stochastic processes; measurement techniques; monitor tools; statistical analysis of performance experiments; simulation models; analytic modeling and queueing theory; M/M, Erlang, G/M, M/G, batch arrival, bulk service and priority systems; work load characterization; performance evaluation problems.
(Prerequisites: CS 504 or EE 502, or equivalent background in probability.)

EE 595/CS 595. Computer and Communications Networks Internship

6 credits

This project will provide an opportunity to put into practice the principles which have been studied in previous courses. It will generally be conducted off campus and will involve a real-world networking situation. Overall conduct of the internship will be supervised by a WPI faculty member, and an on-site liaison will direct day-to-day activity. The project must include substantial analysis and/or design related to computer or communications networking, and will conclude with a substantial written report. A public oral presentation must also be made to both the host organization and a committee consisting of the supervising faculty member, the on-site liaison, and one additional WPI faculty member. Successful completion of the internship will be verified by this committee. For a student from industry, an internship may be sponsored by his or her employer. (Prerequisite: Completion of 12 credits in the program.)

EE 596A and EE 596B. Graduate Seminars

The presentations in the graduate seminar series will be of tutorial nature and will be presented by recognized experts in various fields of electrical and computer engineering. All full-time graduate students will be required to take both seminar courses, EE 596A and EE 596B, once during their graduate studies in the Electrical and Computer Engineering Department. The course will be given Pass/Fail. (Prerequisite: Graduate standing.)

EE 597. Independent Study

Approved study of a special subject or topics selected by the student to meet his or her particular requirements or interests. Can be technical in nature, or a review of electrical and computer engineering history and literature of importance and permanent value. (Prerequisite: B.S. in EE or equivalent.)

EE 598. Directed Research

Each student will work under the direct supervision of a member of the department staff on an experimental or theoretical problem which may involve an extensive literature search, experimental procedures and analysis. A comprehensive report in the style of a technical report or paper and an oral presentation are required. (A maximum of two registrations in EE 598 is permitted.) (Prerequisite: Graduate standing.)

EE599 Thesis

EE 630. Advanced Topics in Signal Processing

The course will cover a set of important topics in signal and image analysis: orthogonal signal decomposition, wavelet transforms, analytic signals, time-frequency estimation, 2D FT, Hankel transform and tomographic reconstruction. In addition, the course will each year have selected current topics in signal processing, e.g., ambiguity functions in RADAR and SONAR, coded waveforms, Fourier based beamforming for 2D arrays and single value decomposition. In place of a final exam, there will be a student project. The course is intended for students working in areas such as image analysis, NDE, ultrasound, audio, speech, RADAR, SONAR and date compression. Signal/image theory and applications will be emphasized over coding; however, Matlab-based modules for self-paced signal/image visualization and manipulation will be part of the course. (Prerequisites: EE504 Analysis of Deterministic Signals and Systems, undergraduate course in linear systems theory and vector calculus.)

EE699 Ph.D. Dissertation

Fire Protection Engineering

FPE 510. Flammability Tests, Codes and Standards

Code-related fire test standards will be presented at a level appropriate for fire-protection engineers in a format which includes background on perceived need to regulate, analysis of the value and limitation of test methodology, and effectiveness of code requirements to control combustible materials and mitigate particular fire hazards. Fire test standards selected for discussion provide data and results which relate to surface flame spread, fire penetration, smoke obscuration, toxic potency of combustion products, and rate of heat release for products and systems including interior finish, wall and floor assemblies, thermal insulation, furniture, bedding and draperies.

FPE 520. Fire Modeling

Advanced topics in fire dynamics, combustion and compartment fire behavior will be discussed within a framework of modeling fire and its effects. Topics include computer modeling of pre-flashover and post-flashover compartment fires, burning characteristics of polymers and other fuels, the effect of fire retardants, products of combustion generation, flame spread models, plume and ceiling jet models, and overall toxicity assessment. Some familiarity with computer programming is recommended. (Prerequisite: FPE 521 or permission of the instructor.)

FPE 521. Fire Dynamics I

This course introduces students to fundamentals of fire and combustion and is intended to serve as the first exposure to fire dynamics phenomena. The course includes fundamental topics in fire and combustion such as thermodynamics of combustion, fire chemistry, premixed and diffusion flames, solid and liquid burning, ignition, plumes and ceiling jets. These topics are then used to develop the basis for introducing compartment fire behavior, pre- and post-flashover conditions and smoke movement. (Prerequisites: Undergraduate chemistry, thermodynamics or physical chemistry, fluid mechanics and heat transfer.)

FPE 553. Fire Protection Systems

This course provides an introduction to automatically activated fire suppression and detection systems. A general overview is presented of relevant physical and chemical phenomena, and commonly used hardware in automatic sprinkler, gaseous agent, foam and dry chemical systems. Typical contemporary installations and current installation and approval standards are reviewed. (Prerequisites: Undergraduate courses in chemistry, fluid mechanics and either thermodynamics or physical chemistry.)

FPE 554. Advanced Fire Suppression

Advanced topics in suppression systems analysis and design are discussed with an aim toward developing a performance-based understanding of suppression technology. Automatic sprinkler systems are covered from the standpoint of predicting actuation times, reviewing numerical methods for hydraulic analyses of pipe flow networks and understanding the phenomenology involved in water spray suppression. Special suppression systems are covered from the standpoint of two-phase and non-Newtonian pipe flow and simulations of suppression agent discharge and mixing in an enclosure. (Prerequisite: FPE 553 or special permission of instructor.)

FPE 555. Detection, Alarm and Smoke Control

Principles of fire detection using flame, heat and smoke detector technology are described. Fire alarm technology and the electrical interface with fire/smoke detectors are reviewed in the context of contemporary equipment and installation standards. Smoke control systems based on buoyancy and HVAC principles are studied in the context of building smoke control for survivability and safe egress. (Prerequisites: FPE 553. Also FPE 521, which can be taken concurrently.)

FPE 563/MG 541. Operations Risk Management

See MG 541 course description on page 98.

FPE 565. Firesafety Engineering Evaluation

This course develops techniques to evaluate the firesafety performance of a variety of facilities of the built environment and to produce management plans for decision making. The framework for this course is a firesafety engineering method which decomposes the firesafety system into discrete elements suitable for quantitative evaluation using a variety of fire protection engineering and fire science materials. (Prerequisites: FPE 521, FPE 553 and FPE 570.)

FPE 570. Building Fire Safety I

This course focuses on the presentation of qualitative and quantitative means for firesafety analysis in buildings. Fire test methods, fire and building codes and standards of practice are reviewed in the context of a systematic review of firesafety in proposed and existing structures.

FPE 571. Performance-Based Design

This course covers practical applications of fire protection engineering principles to the design of buildings. Both compartmented and non-compartmented buildings will be designed for criteria of life safety, property protection, continuity of operations, operational management and cost. Modern analytical tools as well as traditional codes and standards are utilized. Interaction with architects and code officials, and an awareness of other factors in the building design process are incorporated through design exercises and a design studio. (Prerequisites: FPE 553, FPE 521 and FPE 570, or special permission of the instructor.)

FPE 572. Failure Analysis

Development of fire investigation and reconstruction as a basis for evaluating and improving firesafety design. Accident investigation theory and failure analysis techniques such as fault trees and event sequences are presented. Fire dynamics and computer modeling are applied to assess possible fire scenarios and the effectiveness of fire protection measures. The product liability aspects of failure analysis are presented. Topics include products liability law, use of standard test methods, warnings and safe product design. Application of course materials is developed through projects involving actual case studies. (Prerequisite: FPE 521, FPE 553, FPE 570 or special permission of the instructor.)

FPE 573. Industrial Fire Protection

Principles of fire dynamics, heat transfer and thermodynamics are combined with a general knowl-

edge of automatic detection and suppression systems to analyze fire protection requirements for generic industrial hazards. Topics covered include safe separation distances, plant layout, hazard isolation, smoke control, warehouse storage, and flammable liquid processing and storage. Historic industrial fires influencing current practice on these topics are also discussed.
(Prerequisites: FPE 553, FPE 521 or special permission of the instructor.)

FPE 574/CM 594. Process Safety Management

This course provides basic skills in state-of-the-art process safety management and hazard analysis techniques including hazard and operability studies (HAZOP), logic trees, failure modes and effects analysis (FMEA), and consequence analysis. Both qualitative and quantitative evaluation methods will be utilized. Following a case study format, these techniques along with current regulatory requirements will be applied through class projects addressing environmental health, industrial hygiene, hazardous materials, and fire or explosion hazard scenarios. (Prerequisite: An undergraduate engineering or physical science background.)

FPE 575. Explosion Protection

Principles of combustion explosions are taught along with explosion hazard and protection applications. Topics include a review of flammability limit concentrations for flammable gases and dusts; thermochemical equilibrium calculations of adiabatic closed-vessel deflagration pressures, and detonation pressures and velocities; pressure development as a function of time for closed vessels and vented enclosures; the current status of explosion suppression technology; and vapor cloud explosion hazards.

FPE 580. Special Problems

Individual or group studies on any topic relating to fire protection may be selected by the student and approved by the faculty member who supervises the work.

FPE 581. Seminar
0 credits
Reports on current advances in the various branches of fire protection.

FPE 587. Fire Science Laboratory

This course provides overall instruction and hands-on experience with fire-science-related experimental measurement techniques. The objective is to expose students to laboratory-scale fire experiments, standard fire tests and state-of-the-art measurement techniques. The lateral ignition and flame transport (LIFT) apparatus, state-of-the-art smoke detection systems, closed-cup flashpoint tests and gas analyzers are among the existing laboratory apparatus. Fire-related measurement techniques for temperature, pressure, flow and velocity, gas species and heat fluxes, infrared thermometry, laser doppler velocimetry (LDV) and laser-induced fluorescence (LIF) will be reviewed.
(Prerequisite: FPE 521.)

FPE 590. Thesis
Research study at the M.S. level.

FPE 592. Graduate Project

This activity requires the student to demonstrate the capability to integrate advanced firesafety science and engineering concepts into the professional practice environment. The work may be accomplished by individuals or small groups of students working on the same project. This practicum requires the student to prepare detailed, written technical reports and make oral presentations to communicate the results of their work.

FPE 690. Ph.D. Dissertation

Interdisciplinary

IDG 501. Seminar in College Teaching
2 credits

This seminar is designed to acquaint graduate students with some of the basic principles and theories of education and with instructional practices associated with effective college teaching. This information applies without regard to the particular nature of the subject matter being taught; the emphasis is on the educational process, not the disciplinary content. Course activities include readings, lectures, discussion, and individual and group projects. Topics covered include an introduction to learning theories, cognitive development and motivation for learning; effective teaching skills such as lecturing, class discussion, active and cooperative learning, and use of instructional technology; evaluating student performance; and life as a college professor. Students who have completed IDG 501 will be prepared for ISG 502 Practicum in College Teaching, which is offered as an independent study on demand.

Management

MG501. Financial Accounting
2 credits

This course is an introduction to the accounting process, its underlying concepts, and the techniques of preparing and analyzing financial statements. Students are introduced to issues in accounting for assets, liabilities and stockholders' equity, and issues in revenue and expense recognition. The course demonstrates the role of accounting information for users outside the firm, and the application of accounting numbers in financial analyses and market decisions. Where appropriate, emphasis is given to technology-oriented firms.

MG 502. Finance
2 credits

This course introduces students to the foundations of modern finance. The student is expected to gain an understanding of the time value of money, basic security valuation, investment criteria, capital market history, portfolio theory, and exchange rate risk. These topics are taught using a problem-oriented approach with an emphasis on conceptual understanding and the acquisition of the appro-

priate analytical and quantitative skills.
(Prerequisites: MG 501 or equivalent content, and a knowledge of college algebra and basic statistics.)

MG 503. Organizational Behavior
2 credits

This course introduces concepts, theories and current research in the effective management of organizations. Topics include the basics of systems thinking, as well as team and group dynamics. The role of perception and motivation in the behavior of the individual is addressed. Cases, workshops and readings are integrated in a cohesive approach to management problems.

MG 504. Operations Management
2 credits

This course provides students with a broad conceptual framework for evaluating operations management practices, and for developing useful intuition into the strategies and tactics that companies are employing to become world-class firms. Major topics are divided into two categories: (1) decisions on the design issues, including operations strategy, management of technology, process management, statistical process control, total quality management, capacity planning, facility location and facility layout; and (2) decisions on planning and controlling, such as supply chain management, forecasting, aggregate planning, inventory control, material requirements planning, just-in-time, lean manufacturing principle, scheduling, project management and others.

MG 505. Quantitative Methods
2 credits

This course provides the background by which a modern manager may understand and apply quantitative methods. Topics covered include descriptive state, probability theory, measures of dispersion and hypothesis testing, and confidence descriptions. Additional discussion focuses on correlation and regression analysis, as well as analysis of variance and time series mathematics as applied to business analysis.

MG 506. Principles of Marketing
2 credits

This course provides the background by which managers may understand consumer and industrial decision making. Topics covered include segmentation and target marketing, market research, competitor analysis and marketing information systems. Additional discussion focuses on the development of a marketing plan and positioning of the product. Attention is also paid to product management, new product development, promotion, price and distribution. Both national and global aspects of these issues are discussed.

MG 507. Management Information Systems
2 credits

This course focuses on information technology and management. Topics covered are information technology and organizations, information technology and individuals (privacy, ethics, job securi-

ty, job changes), information technology within the organization (technology introduction and implementation), business process engineering and information technology between organizations (electronic data interchange and electronic commerce).

MG 508. Economics of the Firm
2 credits

This course covers the basic concepts of supply and demand. Various forms of business organization (e.g., corporations, partnerships) are discussed. Attention is paid to both consumer behavior (e.g., utility theory) and firm behavior (including production theory and cost analysis). Alternative market structures, including output markets (e.g., competition, monopoly) and inputs (e.g., labor, capital) are addressed. Additional topics include the government regulation of markets (e.g., antitrust laws), international trade, and public and merit goods.

MG 509. Domestic and Global Economic Environment of Business
2 credits

This course addresses the role of government in the economy, including concepts of income redistribution, taxation and stabilization. The fundamentals of aggregate demand and supply are also discussed. Topics include the concept and measurement of aggregate output and input (e.g., Gross Domestic Product [GDP]); Keynesian and post-Keynesian income determination analysis; fiscal policy (including government deficits and the public debt); monetary policy, the role of the Federal Reserve, and the banking system; economic growth; international trade and exchange rate determination.

MG 511. Interpersonal and Leadership Skills for Technological Managers

This course provides a background on the new technological organization, including new employment relationships and organizational forms. Attention is focused on cultural dynamics and diversity, including national, global and ethical issues. The importance of teams and leadership in the networked organization are addressed. Assignments include case analyses, individual and group projects and presentations. (Prerequisite: MG 503 or equivalent content, or consent of instructor.)

MG 512. Creating and Implementing Strategy in Technological Organizations

This course focuses on understanding the market and the importance of market research, customer needs, competitor analysis, business environment and forecasting. The development of ethical and effective strategy is discussed, including exploiting and developing the core competencies of the organization. Promoting and developing interfunctional and international communication and cooperation are addressed. Special attention is paid to the integration of emerging technologies. Other areas

covered include assessment analysis, including controlling quality and tracking customer response. (Prerequisite: MG 506 or equivalent content, or consent of the instructor.)

MG 513. Creating Processes in Technological Organizations

This course introduces students to the critical role of processes in modern technological organizations. This course addresses organizational, technical and ethical issues related to designing, analyzing and reengineering business process. Techniques and tools for process design are covered. Key global processes such as customer service, order fulfillment, and goods/services creation and distribution processes and their enabling information technology are studied in detail. (Prerequisites: MG503, MG 504 and MG 507 or equivalent content, or consent of instructor.)

MG 514. Business Analysis for Technological Managers
4 credits

This course provides an understanding of the concepts and tools of business analysis. One major focus emphasizes how accounting information aids the planning, control, decision making and evaluation of the firm's operations, through product costing techniques, budgetary planning, control and evaluation of operations using accounting information, and analysis of how accounting information can advance a firm's goals and strategies. This course also provides an introduction to the strategic role of financial management, analysis of company performance, the impact of major corporate decisions, the relationship among major stakeholders of the firm and cash management. (Prerequisites: MG 501, MG 502, MG 505, MG 506 and MG 508 or equivalent content, or consent of instructor).

MG 515. Legal and Ethical Context of Technological Organizations
2 credits

This course introduces students to U.S. and International law, examining the structure, function and development of the areas of law most important to the conduct of business. Heavy emphasis is given to approaches to ethical analysis for decision making. Students will gain a sound understanding both of the basic areas of law (torts, contracts, property and constitutional law) and of the analytical principles that govern the application of law generally. The course will also touch on the areas of intellectual property law, business formation and organization, international business law, securities regulation, cyber law and e-commerce, antitrust law, employment law and environmental law. The course focuses on practical considerations and makes extensive use of case studies. In addition to analyzing the legal mandates that restrict and guide the conduct of business, the course discusses and debates ethical considerations that often confront managers.

MG 516. Graduate Qualifying Project in Management (GQP)
4 credits

This course integrates management theory and practice, and incorporates a number of skills and tools acquired in the M.B.A. curriculum. The medium is a major project, often for an external sponsor, that is completed individually or in teams. In addition to a written report, the project will be formally presented to members of the department, outside sponsors and other interested parties. (Prerequisites: All foundation and core courses or equivalent content, or consent of instructor.)

MG531. Managing Organizational Change

This course focuses on the design and implementation of organizational change. The course is developed around important theories of change using technology-based organizations as case studies. The course also emphasizes the roles and responsibilities of change management with particular reference to the strategists, implementers and recipients of change.

MG 532. Human Resource Management

Presents challenges and issues in the management of an organization's human resources. The course is intended for students with a general interest in management issues, not for specialists in the human resources function. It stresses case studies focusing on current problems of managing the work force due to changing technologies, environmental and social factors, strategic business considerations, and organizational and personal values.

MG 533. Negotiations

This course focuses on improving the student's understanding of the negotiation process and effectiveness as a negotiator. Emphasizes issues related to negotiating within and on behalf of organizations, the role of third parties, the sources of power within negotiation, and the impact of gender, culture and other differences. Conducted in workshop format, combining theory and practice.

MG 541/FPE 563. Operations Risk Management

Operations risk management deals with decision making under uncertainty. It is interdisciplinary, drawing upon management science, engineering economy and managerial decision making, along with material from cognitive psychology and sociology. Classic methods from risk assessment and risk evaluation are first covered and then applied, from the perspective of business process improvement, across a broad set of operations management problems. A course project is required to teach skills for integrating diverse sources of information/data (i.e., qualitative and quantitative, subjective and objective) so as to utilize all available evidence when modeling and evaluating risk. Projects are chosen by the students according to

their interest and, in the past, have addressed topics in fire protection engineering, environmental management, and project and operations management. (An introductory understanding of probability and statistics is assumed.)

MG 542. Quality Planning and Control

This course focuses on the quality aspects of product design and manufacturing. Topics include total quality management, quality function deployment, poke-yoke systems, statistical process control, capability studies, quality loss function and design of experiments (Taguchi methods). (An introductory understand of statistics is assumed.)

MG 544. Supply Chain Management and Electronic Commerce

This course provides students with a managerial background in supply chain management and its interface with electronic commerce. The major issues and strategies in supply chain management will be identified for better understanding of supply chain performance, and how e-commerce enables companies to be more efficient and flexible in their internal and external operations will be explored. The major content of the course is divided into three modules: supply chain integration, supply chain decisions, and supply chain management and control. A variety of instructional tools including lectures, case discussions, guest speakers, games, videos, and group projects and presentations are employed.

MG 545. Production Systems Design

This course focuses on the design and implementation of computer-integrated production systems. Topics include: computer-aided design, computer-aided process planning, group technology, programmable machine tools, industrial robotics, automated material handling, computer-aided quality control, computer process control, flexible manufacturing systems, computer-aided production management systems, computer databases and communications networks, and manufacturing systems engineering. (Prerequisite: MG 504 or equivalent content, or consent of instructor.)

MG 546. Managing Technological Innovation

This course studies successful innovations and how firms must enhance their ability to develop and introduce new products and processes. The course will discuss a practical model of the dynamics of industrial innovation. Cases and examples will be discussed for products in which cost and product performance are commanding factors. The important interface among R&D/manufacturing/marketing is discussed. International technology transfer and joint venture issues are also considered.

MG 548. Productivity Management

This course focuses on planning, implementing, measuring and evaluating productivity improvement efforts in both manufacturing and service organizations, including overall strategies as well as specific techniques for improving productivity. Both the technological and behavioral aspects of productivity improvement are covered.

MG 549. Strategies for Manufacturing and Service Firms

This course focuses on developing and implementing strategies for product design that will best support the overall strategy of the firm. Topics include: positioning the product and production system in the industry, making location and capacity decisions, selecting and implementing manufacturing or service technologies, planning, vertical integration, and developing organizations, cultures and policies for implementation. Case studies of manufacturing and service firms are utilized extensively. (Prerequisite: MG 504 or equivalent content, or consent of instructor.)

MG 563. Marketing of Emerging Technologies

This course focuses on the new product development process in high-tech corporations, from idea generation through launch. Topics include: understanding customer responses to innovation, engaging customers in the innovation process, developing the marketing mix for new products (product features and benefits, pricing, channel selection, communications), new product introduction timing and competitive positioning. Particular emphasis is placed on how new products can be used to generate firm growth and renewal in a dynamic environment, and on the challenges of incorporating emerging technologies in new products. Basic knowledge of marketing management is assumed.

MG 564. Global Technology Marketing

Extending technology to global markets requires an understanding of consumer behavior in different cultures, and effective management of risk and overseas infrastructures. This course addresses the issues associated with technology application in new markets and includes the following topics: consumer behavior differences in international markets and the implications for the marketing mix, cultural differences that affect business practices in new markets, managing exchange rate fluctuation, factors that affect manufacturing and research location, the impact of local government on marketing decision making, and the use of strategic alliances to acquire expertise and manage risk in global market development. Knowledge of marketing management is assumed.

MG 566. Marketing and Electronic Commerce

This course discusses the tools and techniques being used today to harness the vast marketing potential of the Internet. It examines various Web-based business models for effectively and efficiently using the net as a strategic marketing tool for new products, market research, direct and indirect distribution channels, and marketing communications. The course considers both business-to-consumer and business-to-business applications, and explores the major opportunities, limitations and issues of profiting from the Internet.

MG 567. Integrated Marketing Communications

This course provides students with an understanding of the role of integrated marketing communications in the overall marketing program and its contribution to marketing strategy. The tools of marketing communications include advertising, sales promotion, publicity, personal selling, public relations, trade shows, direct, and online marketing. Understanding the concepts and processes that organizations use in developing effective and synergistic marketing communications is useful for managers across functional disciplines. This course will also consider ethical issues of IMC.

MG568. Data Mining Business Applications

This course provides students with the key concepts and tools to turn raw data into useful business intelligence. A broad spectrum of business situations will be considered for which the tools of classical statistics and modern data mining have proven their usefulness. Problems considered will include such standard marketing research activities as customer segmentation and customer preference as well as more recent issues in credit scoring, churn management and fraud detection. Roughly half the classtime will be devoted to discussions on business situations, data mining techniques, their application and their usage. The remaining time will comprise an applications laboratory in which these concepts and techniques are used and interpreted to solve realistic business problems. Some knowledge of basic marketing principles and basic data analysis is assumed.

MG 571. Database Applications Development

Business applications are increasingly centered on databases and the delivery of high-quality data throughout the organization. This course introduces students to the theory and practice of computer-based data management. It focuses on the design of database applications that will meet the needs of an organization and its managers. The course also covers data security, data integrity and data distribution. Students will be exposed to commercially available database management systems, such as MS/Access and SQL Server. As a project during the course, students will design and implement a small database that meets the needs of some real-world business data application.

MG 572. Telecommunications Management and Electronic Commerce

Telecommunications is an integral part of the way work is done in today's business organizations. This course provides students with the technical and

managerial background of telecommunications and its applications in electronic commerce. It covers the technical fundamentals of data transmission, local area networks, local Internetworking and enterprise Internetworking. The issues involved in developing and managing an organization's telecommunications infrastructure will be discussed. This course also examines the role of telecommunications technology, especially the Internet, in electronic commerce, and surveys current topics in electronic commerce. As a course project, students will learn to use commercially available Web development tools to design and implement a small Web-based business application.

MG 573. System Design and Development

This course introduces students to the concepts and principles of systems analysis and design. It covers all aspects of the systems development life cycle, from project planning and management through requirements identification, process and data modeling, system design and implementation. Object-oriented analysis techniques will be introduced. Students will learn to use an upper level CASE (computer-aided software engineering) tool, which they will employ in completing a real-world systems analysis and design project. (Prerequisite: MG 571 or consent of the instructor.)

MG 575. Information and Decision Support Systems

This course analyzes how managers make decisions and the information they need to make these decisions. It focuses on the planning, deployment and use of information systems and technologies for delivering high-quality information to managers and for supporting their decision making. This is primarily a case-based course. The cases include examples of the design and implementation of a variety of information technologies to support organizational operations as well as managerial decision making. The information technologies covered in the cases include enterprise systems, decision support systems, expert systems, group support systems and executive information systems. Students will analyze case studies, write short papers and investigate new information technologies for ensuring that high-quality information is accessible to an organization and its managers as needed. (Prerequisite: MG 571 or consent of the instructor.)

MG 576. Project Management

This course presents the specific concepts, techniques and tools for managing projects effectively. The role of the project manager as team leader is examined, together with important techniques for controlling cost, schedules and performance parameters. Lectures, case studies and projects are combined to develop skills needed by project managers in today's environment.

MG 592. New Venture Management and Entrepreneurship

Entrepreneurship has been defined as the "pursuit of opportunity without regard to resources currently held." This course is intended to introduce students to a new way of thinking (the pursuit of opportunity) and a new set of economic relationships (without regard to resources currently held) through its requirement that they plan and launch a new e-commerce venture. Topics will include opportunity recognition and evaluation, new venture teams, the business plan, venture finance and resource requirements, and harvesting the venture.

MG 597. Internship

The internship is an elective-credit option designed to provide an opportunity to put into practice the principles which have been studied in previous courses. Internships will be tailored to the specific interests of the student. Each internship must be carried out in cooperation with a sponsoring organization, generally from off campus, and must be approved and advised by a WPI faculty member in the Department of Management. Internships may be proposed by the student or by an off-campus sponsor. The internship must include proposal, design and documentation phases. Following the internship, the student will prepare a report describing his or her internship activities and will make a presentation before a committee including the Faculty Advisor and a representative from the sponsoring organization. Students are limited to one 3-credit, semester-length internship experience. The internship may not be completed at the student's place of employment. (Prerequisite: Completion of the required component of the individual student's graduate management degree program.)

MG 598G. Special Topics: Global Operations Strategy

This course focuses on operations strategy from a global perspective. Topics such as strategy of logistics and decisions to outsource are examined. These topics will include the strategic issues concerned with firms, for example, that are doing R&D in the United States, circuit board assembly in Ireland and final assembly in Singapore. Cases are used, as well as textbooks and recent articles relating to this topic. A term paper based on actual cases is required.

MG 598S. Information Security Management

This course will introduce CERT-CC's five-step process for the management of information security, and is aimed at teaching managers how to create a solid enterprise-wide information security practice. This course is aimed at any student interested in gaining a managerial-level understanding of information security and practice. Readings, demos, lectures, case studies and real world events will be discussed with the intent of bridging theory with practice, law and ethics. The course is broken up into six sections: introduction to information security and architecture, hardening and security, preparation for an attack, detection of the attack, incident response, and security improvement. Additional topics covered include an overview of computer crimes, information warfare, cyberterrorism and protection of critical infrastructures. Upon completion of this course, the student will have an in-depth understanding of the steps required to build and maintain an information security department, and the depth of technical understanding to be able to communicate effectively with information security teams.

MG 598V. Special Topics: Virtual Teams

This course focuses primarily on helping students understand the challenges of working on virtual teams, and identify and practice more effective ways to manage those challenges. It is totally Web-based and relies on the Blackboard course management and communication tool to serve as the venue where each virtual team will meet, work and learn about the opportunities and pitfalls of virtual team participation.

MG 598S. Independent Study

Directed in-depth independent study or seminar program following one or more of the core areas of management. Independent study can focus on a major problem in manufacturing, information systems, health systems, energy, government, etc. Each student must have a designated faculty advisor who must approve the subject and methodology in advance. Before registering for independent study, students should contact the director of graduate management programs.

MG 599. Thesis
6 to 9 credits
Research study at the master's level.

Manufacturing Engineering

MFE 500. Current Topics in Manufacturing Seminar
0 credits
This seminar identifies the typical problems involved in a variety of manufacturing operations, and generic approaches for applying advanced technologies to implement operations. Topical areas of application and development such as intelligent materials processing, automated assembly, MRP and JIT scheduling, vision recognition systems, high-speed computer networks, distributed computer control of manufacturing processes and flexible manufacturing systems may be covered. This seminar is coordinated with the undergraduate program in manufacturing engineering.

MFE 510/ME 542. Control and Monitoring of Manufacturing Processes

Covers a broad range of topics centered on control and monitoring functions for manufacturing, including process control, feedback systems, data collection and analysis, scheduling, machine-computer interfacing and distributed control. Typical applications are considered with lab work.

MFE 511. Application of Industrial Robotics

(Concurrent with ME 4815) This course introduces the student to the field of industrial automation. Topics covered include robot specification and selection, control and drive methods, part presentation, economic justification, safety, implementation, product design and programming languages. The course combines the use of lecture, project work and laboratories that utilize industrial robots. Theory and application of robotic systems will be emphasized.

MFE 520/ME 543. Design and Analysis of Manufacturing

The first half of the course covers the axiomatic design method, applied to simultaneous product and process design for concurrent engineering, with the emphasis on process and manufacturing tool design. Basic design principles as well as qualitative and quantitative methods of analysis of designs are developed. The second half of the course addresses methods of engineering analysis of manufacturing processes, to support machine tool and process design. Basic types of engineering analysis are applied to manufacturing situations, including elasticity, plasticity, heat transfer, mechanics and cost analysis. Special attention will be given to the mechanics of machining (traditional, nontraditional and grinding) and the production of surfaces. Students, with the advice and consent of the professor, select the topic for their term project.

MFE 530/ME 544. Computer-Integrated Manufacturing

An overview of computer-integrated manufacturing (CIM). As the CIM concept attempts to integrate all of the business and engineering functions of a firm, this course builds on the knowledge of computer-aided design, computer-aided manufacturing, concurrent engineering, management of information systems and operations management to demonstrate the strategic importance of integration. (Prerequisites: Recommended background courses—MG 504, MG545.)

MFE 540. Design for Manufacturability

The problems of cost determination and evaluation of processing alternatives in the design-manufacturing interface. Approaches for introducing manufacturing capability knowledge into the product design process are covered, with emphasis on part and process simplification, analysis of alternative manufacturing methods based on anticipated volumes and design for automated assembly.

MFE 594. Special Topics

Theoretical and experimental studies in subjects of interest to graduate students in manufacturing engineering. (Prerequisite: Consent of instructor.)

MFE 594T. Surface Metrology: Measurement and Analysis of Surface Textures

This course examines the methods for measuring and analyzing surface texture (roughness) in order to make functional correlations between the texture and performance, and to improve the understanding of texture-dependent surface phenomena like adhesion, scattering, fracture, friction and wear. Selection of surface measurement instruments and analysis methods, including fractal-based analysis, for finding functional correlations, quality control and the design of surface textures will be discussed. Examples from a broad range of applications will be discussed, including skin, runways, thermal spray adhesion, hard disks, machining and grinding.

MFE 598. Directed Research

3 to 6 credits

MFE 599. Thesis Research

Maximum 3 credits

MFE 5822/MTE 5822. Solidification Processes

See MTE 5822 course description on page 102.

MFE 5823/MTE 5823. Particulate Processing of Materials

See MTE 5823 course description on page 102.

Materials Science and Engineering

Research—As arranged.
Additional acceptable courses, 4000 series, may be found in the Undergraduate Catalog.

MTE 510/ME 5310. Principles of Materials Science and Engineering

3 credits

This course provides a comprehensive review of the fundamental principles of materials science and engineering. The classical interplay among structure-processing-properties-performance in materials including plastics, metals, ceramics, glasses and composites will be emphasized. The structure in materials ranging from the subatomic to the macroscopic, including nano-, micro- and macromolecular structures, will be discussed to highlight bonding mechanisms, crystallinity and defect patterns. Representative thermodynamic and kinetic aspects such as diffusion, phase diagrams, nucleation and growth, and TTT diagrams will be discussed. Basics of elasticity, plastic deformation and viscoelasticity will be highlighted.

Salient aspects pertaining to the corrosion and environmental degradation of materials will be discussed. This course will provide the background for students in any engineering or science major for future course and research work in materials. (Prerequisites: senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

MTE 520. Design and Analysis of Manufacturing Processes

The first half of the course covers the axiomatic design method applied to simultaneous product and process design for concurrent engineering, with emphasis on process and manufacturing tool design. Basic design principles as well as qualitative and quantitative methods of analysis of designs are developed. The second half of the course addresses methods of engineering analysis of manufacturing processes, to support machine tool and process design. Basic types of engineering analysis are applied to manufacturing situations including elasticity, plasticity, heat transfer, mechanics and cost analysis. Special attention will be given to the mechanics of machining (traditional, nontraditional and grinding) and the production of surfaces. Students, with the advice and consent of the professor, select the topic for their term project.

MTE 525/ME 5325. Advanced Thermodynamics

3 credits

Thermodynamics of solutions—phase equilibria—Ellingham diagrams, binary and ternary phase diagrams, reactions between gasses and condensed phases, reactions within condensed phases, thermodynamics of surfaces, defects and electrochemistry. Applications to chemical thermodynamics as well as heat engines. (Prerequisites: ES 3001, ME 4850 or equivalent.) Offered each year.

MTE 530/ME 5330. Crystallography, Diffraction and Microscopy of Materials

The fundamentals of crystallography and X-ray diffraction of metals, ceramics and polymers will be presented and discussed. The techniques for the experimental determination of phase fraction and phase identification via X-ray diffraction will be highlighted. The theory and practice of optical and electron microscopy will also be included. Both scanning and transmission electron microscopy will be theoretically and experimentally investigated. (Prerequisites: ES 200 or equivalent, and senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

MTE 540/ME 5340. Analytical Methods in Materials Engineering

3 credits

Heat transfer and diffusion kinetics are applied to the solution of materials engineering problems. Mathematical and numerical methods for the solutions to Fourier's and Pick's laws for a variety of boundary conditions will be presented and discussed. The primary emphasis is given heat treat-

ment and surface modification processes. Topics to be covered include solutionizing, quenching, and carburization heat treatment. (Prerequisites: ME 4840 or MTE 510 or equivalent.) Offered each year.

MTE 550/ME 5350. Phase Transformations in Materials

3 credits

This course is intended to provide a fundamental understanding of thermodynamic and kinetic principles associated with phase transformations. The mechanisms of phase transformations will be discussed in terms of driving forces to establish a theoretical background for various physical phenomena. The principles of nucleation and growth and spinodal transformations will be described. The theoretical analysis of diffusion controlled and interface controlled growth will be presented The basic concepts of martensitic transformations will be highlighted. Specific examples will include solidification, crystallization, precipitation, sintering, phase separation and transformation toughening. (Prerequisites: MTE 510, ME 4850 or equivalent.) Offered each year.

MTE 554. Composites with Biomedical and Materials Applications

Introduction to fiber/particulate reinforced, engineered and biologic materials. This course focuses on the elastic description and application of materials that are made up of a combination of submaterials, i.e., composites. Emphasis will be placed on the development of constitutive equations that define the mechanical behavior of a number of applications including biomaterial, tissue and materials science. (Prerequisites: Understanding of stress analysis and basic continuum mechanics.)

MTE 560/ME 5360. Materials Performance and Reliability

3 credits

The failure and wear-out mechanisms for a variety of materials (metals, ceramics, polymers, composites and microelectronics) and applications will be presented and discussed. Multi-axial failure theories will be discussed. A series of case studies will be used to illustrate the basic failure mechanisms of plastic deformation, creep, fracture, fatigue, wear and corrosion. The methodology and techniques for reliability analysis will also be presented and discussed. A materials systems approach will be used. (Prerequisites: ES 2502 and ME 3023 or equivalent, and senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

MTE 570. Electronic, Magnetic and Optical Materials Science and Processing

This course discusses the fundamentals of materials science and processing for information technology devices. Optical, electrical and magnetic properties of materials will be studied. The theory and technology of integrated circuit fabrication will be presented. The focus will be on understanding the underlying physical principles of the unit process-

es which are the basis for most fabrication steps, such as bulk crystal growth, thin film deposition, lithography, metallization, ion implantation, etching, reliability, electrical behavior and materials device characterization. The emphasis of this course will be on materials-processing principles and the relationship with structure, properties and performance.

MTE 580. Materials Science and Engineering Seminar

Reports on the state-of-the-art in various areas of research and development in materials science and engineering will be presented by the faculty and outside experts. Reports on graduate student research in progress will also be required.

MTE 5811. Physical Ceramics

Examination of the interrelationships among crystal structure, microstructure, processing and properties. Fundamentals of microstructure development; nucleation, grain growth, precipitation, sintering, vitrification. Mechanical, optical, electrical, magnetic properties in various ceramic systems and their relationship to microstructure will be discussed. (Prerequisite: ME 4813.)

MTE 5822/MFE 5822. Solidification Processes

A course designed for in-depth study of industrial processes based on liquid-solid transformations. Fundamentals are developed and applied to commercial processes. The topics covered include qualitative treatment of casting processes, sand casting, die casting, investment casting, semisolid forming, various welding processes, laser welding, rapid solidification, spray forming, compocasting and other emerging technologies which utilize liquid-solid transformations. Library and laboratory work will be included. (Suggested preparation: an understanding of heat transfer, fluid flow, solid state diffusion and microscopy [ES 2001, ES 3003, ES 3004, ME 3811, ME 4840] or equivalent.) Offered in the 2000/2001 academic year and in alternate years thereafter.

MTE 5823/MFE 5823. Particulate Processing of Materials

Particulate processing is used to manufacture net-shaped components from particulate materials as in powder metallurgy (PM), metal injection molding (MIM) and the processing of ceramic and refractory materials. Processing of particulate materials is covered in detail, including atomization to produce powders, compaction, sintering and postsintering operations. Interfacial issues to control flow and final density are studied, as are the fundamentals of phase flow, compaction and densification. Industrial applications and plant trips will augment classroom experience. (Suggested background: [ES 2001, ME 2820, ME 3811, ME 4840] or equivalent.) Offered in the 1999/2000 academic year and alternate years thereafter.

MTE 5841. Surface Metrology and Tribology

This course examines the methods for measuring and analyzing surface texture (roughness) in order to make functional correlations between the texture and performance, and to improve the understanding of texture-dependent surface phenomena like adhesion, scattering, fracture, friction and wear. Tribology, the study of friction, lubrication and wear, will be reviewed in the context of surface texture. Selection of surface measurement instruments and analysis methods, including fractal-based analysis, for finding functional correlations, for quality control and for the design of surface textures will be discussed. Examples from a broad range of applications will be discussed, including skin, runways, thermal spray adhesion, hard disks, machining and grinding.

MTE 5842. Corrosion and Corrosion Control

Advanced topics in corrosion. Stress corrosion cracking and hydrogen effects on metals. High-temperature oxidation, carburization and sulfidation. Discussions focus on current corrosive engineering problems and research. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

MTE 594. Special Topics—As arranged.

Theoretical or experimental studies in subjects of interest to graduate students in materials science and engineering.

Mathematical Sciences

MA 4451. Boundary Value Problems

Science and engineering majors often encounter partial differential equations in the study of the flow, vibrations, electric circuits and similar areas. Solution techniques for these types of problems will be emphasized in this course. Topics covered include derivation of partial differential equations as models of prototype problems in the areas mentioned above, solution of linear partial differential equations by separation of variables, Fourier integrals and a study of Bessel functions. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of ordinary differential equations is assumed.)

MA 501. Engineering Mathematics

This course develops mathematical techniques used in the engineering disciplines. Preliminary concepts will be reviewed as necessary, including vector spaces, matrices and eigenvalues. The principle topics covered will include vector calculus, Fourier transforms, fast Fourier transforms and Laplace transformations. Applications of these techniques for the solution of boundary value and initial value problems will be given. The problems treated and solved in this course are typical of those seen in the applications and include the problems of heat conduction, mechanical vibrations and wave propagation. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of ordinary differential equations, linear algebra and multivariable calculus is assumed.)

MA 503-504. Analysis I and II

Topics covered include open and closed sets, compactness, continuity, upper and lower semicontinuity, Lebesque measure, integration, functions of bounded variation, absolute continuity, the fundamental theorem of calculus for Lebesque integrals, Banach spaces, classical L^p spaces, the Holder and Minkowski inequalities, the Riesz-Fischer theorem, and the Riesz representation theorem. (Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of undergraduate analysis is assumed.)

MA 505. Complex Analysis

This course will provide a rigorous and thorough treatment of the theory of functions of one complex variable. The topics to be covered include, complex numbers, complex differentiation, the Cauchy Riemann equations, analytic functions, Cauchy's theorem, complex integration, the Cauchy integral formula, Liouville's theorem, Gauss mean value theorem, maximum modules theorem, Rouche's theorem, Poisson integral formula, Taylor-Laurant expansions, singularity theory, conformal mapping with applications, analytic continuation, Schwarz's reflection principle and elliptic functions. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of advanced calculus.)

MA 508. Mathematical Modeling

This course introduces mathematical model building using dimensional analysis, perturbation theory and variational principles. Models are selected from the natural and social sciences according to the interests of instructor and students. Examples are: planetary orbit, spring-mass systems, fluid flow, isomers in organic chemistry, biological competition, biochemical kinetics and physiological flow. Computer simulation of these models will also be considered. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of ordinary differential equations and of analysis at the level of MA 501 is assumed.)

MA 509. Stochastic Modeling

This course gives students a background in the theory and methods of probability, stochastic processes and statistics for applications. The course begins with a brief review of basic probability, discrete and continuous random variables, expectations, conditional probability and basic statistical inference. Topics covered in greater depth include generating functions, limit theorems, basic stochastic processes, discrete and continuous time Markov chains, and basic queuing theory including M/M/1 and M/G/1 queues. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of basic probability at the level of MA 2631 and statistics at the level of MA 2612 is assumed.)

MA 510/CS 522. Numerical Methods

This course is an introduction to modern numerical techniques. It is suitable for both mathematics majors and students from other departments. It covers material not treated in either MA 512 or MA 514, and it introduces the main ideas of those two courses. Topics covered include interpolation by polynomials, roots of nonlinear equations, approximation by various types of polynomials, orthogonal polynomials, least-squares approximation, trigonometric polynomials and fast Fourier transforms, piecewise polynomials and splines, numerical differentiation and integration, unconstrained optimization including Newton's method and the conjugate direction method, and an introduction to the solution of systems of linear equations and initial value problems for ordinary differential equations. Both theory and practice are examined. Error estimates, rates of convergence and the consequences of finite precision arithmetic are also discussed. Other topics may include integral equations or an introduction to boundary value problems. In the course of analyzing some of the methods, topics from elementary functional analysis will be introduced. These include the concept of a function space, norms and inner products, operators and projections. (Prerequisite: Knowledge of undergraduate linear algebra and differential equations, and a higher-level programming language is assumed.)

MA 512. Numerical Differential Equations

This course begins where MA 510 ends in the study of the theory and practice of the numerical solution of differential equations. Central topics include a review of initial value problems, including Euler's method, Runge-Kutta methods, multi-step methods, implicit methods and predictor-corrector methods; the solution of two-point boundary value problems by shooting methods and by the discretization of the original problem to form systems of nonlinear equations; numerical stability; existence and uniqueness of solutions; and an introduction to the solution of partial differential equations by finite differences. Other topics might include finite element or boundary element methods, Galerkin methods, collocation, or variational methods. (Prerequisites: Graduate or undergraduate numerical analysis. Knowledge of a higher-level programming language is assumed.)

MA 514. Numerical Linear Algebra

This course provides students with the skills necessary to develop, analyze and implement computational methods in linear algebra. The central topics include vector and matrix algebra, vector and matrix norms, the singular value decomposition, the LU and QR decompositions, Householder transformations and Given rotations, and iterative methods for solving linear systems including Jacobi, Gauss-Seidel, SOR and conjugate gradient methods; and eigenvalue problems. Applications to such problem areas as least squares and optimization will be discussed. Other topics might include: special linear systems, such as symmetric, positive definite, banded or sparse systems; preconditioning; the Cholesky decomposition; sparse tableau and other least-square methods; or algorithms for parallel architectures. (Prerequisite: Basic knowledge of linear algebra or equivalent background. Knowledge of a higher-level programming language is assumed.)

MA 519. Optimization

This course provides a basic foundation for students interested in mathematical programming. This course introduces the concepts of convex analysis, optimality conditions, Lagrangian duality, algorithms for unconstrained and constrained optimization, convergence properties and computational complexity of algorithms. Topics covered include search methods, Newton's method and steepest descent method, trust region methods, penalty/barrier functions, interior point methods, finite element techniques and applications to special nonlinear programming problems arising in such areas as structural optimization using finite element formulations. May be taught by special arrangement. (Prerequisite: Knowledge of graduate or undergraduate numerical analysis, basic linear algebra and a higher-level programming language are assumed.)

MA 525. Optimal Control and Design with Composite Materials I

Modern technology involves a wide application of materials with internal structure adapted to environmental demands. This, the first course in a two-semester sequence, will establish a theoretical basis for identifying structures that provide optimal response to prescribed external factors. Material covered will include basics of the calculus of variations: Euler equations; transversality conditions; Weierstrass-Erdmann conditions for corner points; Legendre, Jacobi and Weierstrass conditions; Hamiltonian form of the necessary conditions; and Noether's theorem. Pontryagin's maximum principle in its original lumped parameter form will be put forth as well as its distributed parameter extension. Chattering regimes of control and relaxation through composites will be introduced at this point. May be offered by special arrangement.

MA 526. Optimal Control and Design with Composite Materials II

Topics presented will include basics of homogenization theory. Bounds on the effective properties of composites will be established using the translation method and Hashin-Shtrikman variational principles. The course concludes with a number of examples demonstrating the use of the theory in producing optimal structural designs. The methodology given in this course turns the problem of optimal design into a problem of rigorous mathematics. This course can be taken independently or as the sequel to MA 525.

MA 530. Discrete Mathematics/ CS 501. Discrete Structures

This course provides the student of mathematics or computer science with an overview of discrete structures and their applications, as well as the basic methods and proof techniques in combinatorics. Topics covered include sets, relations, posets, enumeration, graphs, digraphs, monoids, groups, discrete probability theory and propositional calculus. (Prerequisites: College math at

least through calculus. Experience with recursive programming is helpful, but not required.)

MA 533. Discrete Mathematics II

This course is designed to provide an in-depth study of some topics in combinatorial mathematics and discrete optimization. Topics may vary from year to year. Topics covered include, as time permits, partially ordered sets, lattices, matroids, matching theory, Ramsey theory, discrete programming problems, computational complexity of algorithms, branch and bound methods.

MA 540/4631. Probability and Mathematical Statistics I

Intended for advanced undergraduates and beginning graduate students in the mathematical sciences, and for others intending to pursue the mathematical study of probability and statistics. This course begins by covering the material of MA 3613 at a more advanced level. Additional topics covered are: one-to-one and many-to-one transformations of random variables; sampling distributions, order statistics, and limit theorems. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 2531 and MA 3831/3832 is assumed.)

MA 541/4632. Probability and Mathematical Statistics II

This course is designed to provide background in principles of statistics. Topics covered include point and interval estimation; sufficiency, completeness, efficiency, consistency; the Rao-Blackwell theorem and the Cramer-Rao bound; minimum variance unbiased estimators, maximum likelihood estimators and Bayes estimators; tests of hypotheses including uniformly most powerful, likelihood ratio, minimax and Bayesian tests. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 540 is assumed.)

MA 542. Applied Regression Analysis

Regression analysis is a statistical tool that utilizes the relation between a response variable and one or more predictor variables for the purposes of description, prediction and/or control. Successful use of regression analysis requires an appreciation of both the theory and the practical problems that often arise when the technique is employed with real-world data. The widespread availability of computers and software has contributed greatly to the expanding use of regression in scientific and industrial work. Topics will be selected from: simple linear regression and correlation, measures of model adequacy, simultaneous inferences, multiple regression, polynomial regression, indicator variables, variable selection and model building, multicollinearity and influential observations, generalized and weighted least squares and robust regression, nonlinear regression, and validation of regression models. Application of theory to real-world problems will be emphasized using statistical computer packages. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of statistics at the level of MA 2611 is assumed.)

MA 544. Statistical Response Surface Analysis

Response surface methodology is a collection of statistical techniques for analyzing the relationship between a set of independent variables or operating conditions and a response variable. It is commonly used in scientific and industrial work to (1) describe and explain this relationship, (2) choose operating conditions to achieve desired specification, and (3) search for optimal operating conditions. Topics covered include review of basic probability and statistics, least squares, response surface designs, steepest ascent, and the fitting and analysis of second order models. As time permits, additional topics will be chosen from transformations, ridge systems and variance-optimal designs. Emphasis will be on the application of the theory to real data using statistical computer packages. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of statistics at the level of MA 2611 is assumed.)

MA 546. The Statistical Design and Analysis of Scientific and Industrial Experiments

The goal of the statistical design and analysis of experiments is to (1) identify the factors which most affect a given process or phenomenon; (2) identify the ways in which these factors affect the process or phenomenon, both individually and in combination; (3) accomplish goals 1 and 2 with minimum cost and maximum efficiency while maintaining the validity of the results. Topics covered include, as time permits, the implementation and analysis of completely randomized, randomized complete block, nested and nested factorial, split plot type, Latin square type and other incomplete block designs; factorial designs and fractional factorial designs, and their relation to the Taguchi methodology. Emphasis will be on the application of the theory to real data using statistical computer packages. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of basic statistics at the level of MA 2611 is assumed.)

MA 548. Reliability and Quality Control

This course provides the student with the basic statistical tools needed to (1) evaluate the quality and reliability of manufactured products, and (2) design products and production processes to insure a desired level of quality and reliability. Topics covered include the philosophy and implementation of continuous quality improvement methods, acceptance sampling, control charts, cumulative sum charts, reliability models, censoring, the identification and fitting of reliability models to data, inference from reliability models. Special emphasis will be placed on realistic applications of the theory using statistical computer packages available. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of basic probability and statistics, at the level of MA 2611 is assumed.)

MA 550. Time Series Analysis and Forecasting

Time series are collections of observations made sequentially in time. Examples occur in a variety of fields, ranging from economics to engineering, and methods of analyzing time series constitute an important area of statistics. There are several objectives in analyzing a time series which can be classified as description, explanation, prediction and control. This course provides students with the basic knowledge of time series both in the frequency domain and in the time domain. Topics covered include, as time permits, autocorrelation, elements of spectral analysis, ARMA models, ARIMA models, Box-Jenkins methodology, fitting, forecasting, seasonal adjustment. Additional topics will be chosen from: Kalman filter, exponential smoothing, Holt-Winters procedures. Applications of the theory to real data using statistical computer packages will be emphasized. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 541 is assumed or may be taken concurrently.)

MA 552. Nonparametric and Robust Statistical Methods

Nonparametric statistical methods do not require modeling a population in terms of a specific parametric family of distributions. Robust statistical methods are methods which retain much of the sensitivity of parametric methods when model assumptions are satisfied, but which are relatively insensitive to departures from these assumptions. Topics covered include, as time permits, order statistics and ranks; distribution free tests and associated interval and point estimators including the sign test, rank sum tests, Mann-Whitney-Wilcoxon tests and Kruskal-Wallis tests; the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test; permutation methods; M, L and R estimation and applications; computer techniques and programs; discussion and comparison with standard parametric methods. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 541 is assumed or may be taken concurrently.)

MA 554. Multivariate Analysis

This course is an introduction to statistical methods for analyzing multivariate data. Topics covered are multivariate sampling distributions, tests and estimation of multivariate normal parameters, multivariate ANOVA, correlation and regression, discriminant analysis, factor analysis and principal components. Additional topics covered as time permits include multivariate discrete analysis: log-linear and logit regression models. Students will be required to analyze real data using one of the standard packages available. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 541 is assumed or may be taken concurrently.)

MA 556. Decision Theory and Applied Bayesian Statistics

This course is an introduction to Decision Theory and Applied Bayesian Statistics. Decision theory is concerned with the ways that data can be used to make decisions. The Bayesian approach allows the synthesis of current data with past information to aid decision making. Topics covered include decision theory, Bayes estimation and hypothesis-testing. Standard normal-theory inference prob-

lems such as K-sample problems, regression and one-way ANOVA are emphasized. Numerical computation of posterior densities, e.g., Hermite, Laplace approximation and Monte Carlo integration, is also covered. Applications of decision-theoretic and Bayesian methods to such areas as survey sampling theory, reliability theory, time series analysis and categorical data analysis will be discussed. (Prerequisite: A knowledge of MA 541 is assumed or may be taken concurrently.)

MA 558. Statistical Consulting
After suitable preparation through readings and practice consulting sessions, the student will serve as a statistical consultant, under the supervision of statistics faculty, to clients from academia, business and industry. There are no formal prerequisites, but knowledge of a range of statistical methodology will be required for admission.

MA 560. Graduate Seminar
0 credits
Designed to introduce graduate students to study of original papers and afford them opportunity to give account of their work by talks in the seminar.

MA 571. Financial Mathematics I
Introduction to arbitrage-based pricing of derivative securities, and their uses for hedging and risk management. Topics include securities markets, futures, options, swaps and other derivatives; arbitrage and risk-neutral pricing; binomial trees, martingales, stochastic difference equations; Black-Scholes formula and partial differential equation via limit transition; pricing of American options, convertible bonds, options on dividend-paying stock and on futures; sensitivity measures ("greeks"), implied and estimated volatilities; use of derivatives for hedging and risk management.

MA 572. Financial Mathematics II
This course introduces the advanced mathematical concepts and terminology used at the professional quantitative financial workplace and in the literature, and provides students with the background necessary to work in the rapidly expanding fixed income securities sector. The first part of the course is devoted to the concepts, terminology and methods of continuous-time mathematical finance. Topics include Brownian motion, continuous-time martingales. Stochastic differential equations, Ito calculus; risk-neutral valuation in terms of equivalent martingale measures. The power of the new tools is demonstrated on the derivation of the Black-Scholes and foreign exchange option pricing formulas.

The second part of the course is devoted to fixed income securities and the term-structure of interest rates. Topics covered in this part include fixed income markets, instruments, risks and the term structure of interest rates; yield curve models, calibration and fitting; pricing of interest rate derivatives using models based on short rates (Vasicek, Cox-Ingersoll-Ross), and on the static and dynamic term-structure of interest rates (Ho-Lee, Black-Derman-Toy, Hull-White and Heath-Jarrow-

Morton); pricing of corporate bonds, mortgage-backed securities and insurance-linked bonds; implementation of pricing models; derivative strategies for hedging and risk management in the fixed income sector. (Prerequisites: MA 503, MA 540 and MA 571.)

MA 573. Computational Methods of Financial Mathematics
Most realistic financial derivatives models are too complex to allow explicit analytic solutions. The computational techniques used to implement those models fall into two broad categories: finite difference methods for the solution of partial differential equations (PDEs) and Monte Carlo simulation. Accordingly, the course consists of two 7-week blocks covering the following topics.

Part I: parabolic PDEs, Black-Scholes PDE for European and American options; binomial and trinomial trees; explicit, implicit and Crank-Nicholson finite difference methods; far boundary conditions, convergence, stability, variance bias; early exercise and free boundary conditions; parabolic PDEs arising from fixed income derivatives; implied trees for exotic derivatives, adapted trees for interest rate derivatives.

Part II: Random number generation and testing; evaluation of expected payoff by Monte Carlo simulation; variance reduction techniques—antithetic variables, importance sampling, martingale control variables; stratification, low-discrepancy sequences and quasi-Monte Carlo methods; efficient evaluation of sensitivity measures; methods suitable for multifactor and term-structure dependent models. (Prerequisites: MA 571, undergraduate level familiarity with numerical methods and basic programming skills.)

MA 574. Portfolio Valuation and Risk Management
Balancing returns vs. risks is one of the fundamental tasks of quantitative financial management. This course presents the most important mathematical concepts, methods and models used to value assets; select, maintain and optimize portfolios; and to manage risks. Topics covered include the following: returns, risks and utilities; quantification of risk—variance, shortfall risk, value at risk; portfolio analysis, diversification, correlations, principal components, sensitivity measures ("greeks"); asset valuation and pricing methods as capital markets theory, capital asset pricing model, efficient frontiers, arbitrage pricing theory, consumption/accumulation and equilibrium models; risk management techniques—diversification, immunization, insurance/reinsurance, hedging; optimal asset allocation, portfolio optimization and dynamic delta hedging. The quantitative techniques covered in this course are used to support decisions by trading desk managers, corporate investment strategists, mutual companies, utilities, and of companies with commodities or foreign exchange risk exposures. (Prerequisite: MA 571.)

MA 562 A and B. Professional Master's Seminar
0 credits
This seminar will introduce professional master's students to topics related to general writing, presentation, group communication and interviewing skills, and will provide the foundations to successful cooperation within interdisciplinary team environments. All full-time students will be required to take both components A and B of the seminar during their professional master's. studies.

MA 598. Professional Master's Project
1 or more credits
This project will provide the opportunity to apply and extend the material studied in the course work to the study of a real-world problem originating in the industry. The project will be a capstone integrating industrial experience with the previously acquired academic knowledge and skills. The topic of the project will come from a problem generated in industry, and could originate from prior internship or industry experience of the student. The student will prepare a written project report and make a presentation before a committee including the faculty advisor, at least one additional WPI faculty member and representatives of a possible industrial sponsor. The advisor of record must be a faculty member of the WPI Mathematical Sciences Department. The student must submit a written project proposal for approval by the Graduate Committee prior to registering for the project.

MA 590. Special Topics
Courses on special topics are offered under this number. Contact the Mathematical Sciences Department for current offerings.

MA 595. Independent Study
1 to 3 credits
Supervised independent study of a topic of mutual interest to the instructor and the student.

MA 599. Thesis
1 or more credits
Research study at the master's level.

Mathematics for Educators

MME 518. Geometrical Concepts
This course focuses primarily on the foundations and applications of Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometries. The rich and diverse nature of the subject also implies the need to explore other topics, for example, chaos and fractals. The course incorporates collaborative learning and the investigation of ideas through group projects. Possible topics include geometrical software and computer graphics, tiling and tessellations, two- and three-dimensional geometry, inversive geometry, graphical representations of functions, model construction, fundamental relationship between algebra and

geometry, applications of geometry, geometry transformations and projective geometry, and convexity.

MME 522. Applications of Calculus
2 credits

There are three major goals for this course: to establish the underlying principles of calculus, to reinforce students' calculus skills through investigation of applications involving those skills, and to give students the opportunity to develop projects and laboratory assignments for use by first-year calculus students. The course will focus heavily on the use of technology to solve problems involving applications of calculus concepts. In addition, MME students will be expected to master the mathematical rigor of these calculus concepts so that they will be better prepared to develop their own projects and laboratory assignments. For example, if an MME student chose to develop a lab on convergence of sequence, he/she would be expected to understand the rigorous definition of convergence and how to apply it to gain sufficient and/or necessary conditions for convergence. The process of developing these first-year calculus assignments will enable the MME students to increase their own mathematical understanding of concepts while learning to handle mathematical and computer issues which will be encountered by their own calculus students. Their understanding of the concepts and applications of calculus will be further reinforced through computer laboratory assignments and group projects. Applications might include exponential decay of drugs in the body, optimal crankshaft design, population growth, or development of cruise control systems.

MME 523. Analysis with Applications
2 credits

This course introduces students to mathematical analysis and its use in modeling. It will emphasize topics of calculus (including multidimensional) in a rigorous way. These topics will be motivated by their usefulness for understanding concepts of the calculus and for facilitating the solutions of engineering and science problems. Projects involving applications and appropriate use of technology will be an essential part of the course. Topics covered may include dynamical systems and differential equations; growth and decay; equilibrium; probabilistic dynamics; optimal decisions and reward; applying, building and validating models; functions on Rn vectors; properties of functions; parametric equations; series; applications such as pendulum problems; electromagnetism; vibrations; electronics; transportation; gravitational fields; and heat loss.

MME 524-25. Probability, Statistics and Data Analysis I, II
4 credits

This course introduces students to probability, the mathematical description of random phenomena, and to statistics, the science of data. Students in this course will acquire the following knowledge and skills:

- Probability models—mathematical models used to describe and predict random phenomena. Students will learn several basic probability models and their uses, and will obtain experience in modeling random phenomena.

- Data analysis—the art/science of finding patterns in data and using those patterns to explain the process which produced the data. Students will be able to explore and draw conclusions about data using computational and graphical methods. The iterative nature of statistical exploration will be emphasized.

- Statistical inference and modeling—the use of data sampled from a process and the probability model of that process to draw conclusions about the process. Students will attain proficiency in selecting, fitting and criticizing models, and in drawing inference from data.

- Design of experiments and sampling studies—The proper way to design experiments and sampling studies so that statistically valid inferences can be drawn. Special attention will be given to the role of experiments and sampling studies in scientific investigation.

Through lab and project work, students will obtain practical skills in designing and analyzing studies and experiments. Course topics will be motivated whenever possible by applications and reinforced by experimental and computer lab experiences. One in-depth project per semester involving design, data collection, and statistical or probabilistic analysis will serve to integrate and consolidate student skills and understanding. Students will be expected to learn and use a statistical computer package such as MINITAB.

MME 526-27. Linear Models I, II
4 credits

This two-course sequence imparts computational skills, particularly those involving matrices; to deepen understanding of mathematical structure and methods of proof; and includes discussion on a variety of applications of the material developed, including linear optimization. Topics in this sequence may include systems of linear equations, vector spaces, linear independence, bases, linear transformations, determinants, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, systems of linear inequalities, linear programming problems, basic solutions, duality and game theory. Applications may include economic models, computer graphics, least squares approximation, systems of differential equations, graphs and networks, and Markov processes.

MME 528. Mathematical Modeling and Problem Solving
2 credits

This course introduces students to the process of developing mathematical models as a means for solving real problems. The course will encompass several different modeling situations that utilize a variety of mathematical topics. The mathematical fundamentals of these topics will be discussed, but with continued reference to their use in finding the solutions to problems. Problems to be covered include balance in small group behavior, traffic

flow, air pollution flow, group decision making, transportation, assignment, project planning and the critical path method, genetics, inventory control and queueing.

MME 529. Numbers, Polynomials and Algebraic Structures
2 credits

This course enables secondary mathematics teachers to see how commonly taught topics such as number systems and polynomials fit into the broader context of algebra. The course will begin with treatment of arithmetic, working through Euclid's algorithm and its applications, the fundamental theorem of arithmetic and its applications, multiplicative functions, the Chinese remainder theorem and the arithmetic of Z/n. This information will be carried over to polynomials in one variable over the rational and real numbers, culminating in the construction of root fields for polynomials via quotients of polynomial rings. Arithmetic in the Gaussian integers and the integers in various other quadratic fields (especially the field of cube roots of unity) will be explored through applications such as the generation of Pythagorean triples and solutions to other Diophantine equations (like finding integer-sided triangles with a 60 degree angle). The course will then explore cyclotomy, and the arithmetic in rings of cyclotomic integers. This will culminate in Gauss' construction of the regular 5-gon and 17-gon and the impossibility of constructing a 9-gon or trisecting a 60-degree angle. Finally, solutions of cubics and quartics by radicals will be studied. All topics will be based on the analysis of explicit calculations with (generalized) numbers. The proposed curriculum covers topics that are part of the folklore for high school mathematics (the impossibility of certain ruler and compass constructions), but that many teachers know only as facts. There are also many applications of the ideas that will allow the teachers to use results and ideas from abstract algebra to construct for their students problems that have manageable solutions.

MME 531. Discrete Mathematics

This course deals with concepts and methods which emphasize the discrete nature in many problems and structures. The rapid growth of this branch of mathematics has been inspired by its wide range of applicability to diverse fields such as computer science, management, and biology. The essential ingredients of the course are:

Combinatorics —
The Art of Counting. Topics include basic counting principles and methods such as recurrence relations, generating functions, the inclusion-exclusion principle and the pigeonhole principle. Applications may include block designs, latin squares, finite projective planes, coding theory, optimization and algorithmic analysis.

Graph Theory. This includes direct graphs and networks. Among the parameters to be examined are traversibility, connectivity, planarity, duality and colorability.

MME 562. Seminar: Issues in Mathematics

2 credits

This course gives students an opportunity to participate in focused discussions on various topics in mathematics and mathematics education. Students will research current literature in mathematics and mathematics education. Invited speakers will address issues relevant to a broad understanding of mathematics and its applications in our society. Students will be required to synthesize and critique course materials through written papers and formal presentations. The course will emphasize teachers as professionals and educational innovators. The content of the course will vary depending on the interests of the participants. However, topics may include careers in mathematics; mathematics in industry; historical perspectives and the motivation of mathematical development; critical thinking skills; impact of the NCTM curriculum and evaluation standards; mathematics on the national scene, including the roles of MSEB, NSF, NCTM, AMS, MAA, AMATYC; mathematics reform: then and now; mathematics anxiety; issues in the teaching of developmental mathematics; women and minorities in mathematics; technical writing in mathematics; funding sources for mathematics reform; and assessment in mathematics, including the SAT, the AP Calculus Exam and ideas on alternative forms of assessment; textbooks and other resources in mathematics.

MME 592. Project Preparation
(Part of a 3-course sequence with MME 594 and MME 596)

2 credits (ISG)

Students will research and develop a mathematical topic or pedagogical technique. The project will typically lead to classroom implementation; however, a project involving mathematical research at an appropriate level of rigor will also be acceptable. Preparation will be completed in conjunction with at least one faculty member from the Mathematical Sciences Department and will include exhaustive research on the proposed topic. The course will result in a detailed proposal that will be presented to the MME Project Committee for approval; continuation with the project is contingent upon this approval.

MME 594. Project Implementation

2 credits (ISG)

Students will implement and carry out the project developed during the project preparation course. Periodic contact and/or observations will be made by the project advisor (see MME 592 Project Preparation) in order to provide feedback and to ensure completion of the proposed task. Data for the purpose of evaluation will be collected by the students throughout the term, when appropriate. If the project includes classroom implementation, the experiment will last for the duration of a semester.

Mechanical Engineering
Fluids Engineering

ME 511. Incompressible Fluid Dynamics

An introduction to graduate level fluid dynamics including dimensional analysis, Eulerian and Lagrangian descriptions, flowlines, conservation equations, governing equations of viscous fluid motion, exact solutions of Navier-Stokes and Euler equations, unsteady flows, laminar boundary layer theory, turbulence, separation, Stokes flow, vorticity dynamics, potential flow and surface flows. (Prerequisites: Fundamentals of thermodynamics and mechanics, knowledge of advanced mathematics, undergraduate courses in fluid mechanics.)

ME 512. Gas Dynamics and Real Gas Effects

Kinetic theory of gases including equilibrium and nonequilibrium gas properties, macroscopic equations, binary and inelastic collisions, chemical reactions. Equilibrium flows including steady and unsteady shock waves, nozzle flow, Prandtl-Meyer flow, theory of characteristics, effects of head addition and friction, linearized compressible flow and acoustics. Compressible flows with vibrational, chemical or translational nonequilibrium including variable transport properties, nozzle flow and shock waves. (Prerequisites: Background in fluid dynamics (incompressible and compressible), thermodynamics, and basic undergraduate physics and chemistry.)

ME 513. Thermodynamics

Review of the zeroth, first and second laws of thermodynamics and systems control volume. Applications of the laws to heat engines and their implications regarding the properties of materials. Equations of state and introduction to chemical thermodynamics.

ME 515. Computational Methods for PDEs in Engineering Science

This course is devoted to the numerical solution of partial differential equations encountered in engineering sciences. Finite difference and finite element methods are introduced and developed in a logical progression of complexity. These numerical strategies are used to solve actual problems in heat flow, diffusion, wave propagation, vibrations, fluid mechanics, hydrology and solid mechanics. Weekly computer exercises are required to illustrate the concepts discussed in class.

ME 516. Heat Transfer

Review of governing differential equations and boundary conditions for heat transfer analysis. Multidimensional and unsteady conduction, including effects of variable material properties. Analytical and numerical solution methods. Forced and free convection with laminar and tur-

bulent flow in internal and external flows. Characteristics of radiant energy spectra and radiative properties of surfaces. Radiative heat transfer in absorbing and emitting media. Systems with combined conduction, convection and radiation. Condensation, evaporation, and boiling phenomena. (Prerequisite: Background in thermodynamics, fluid dynamics, ordinary and partial differential equations, and basic undergraduate physics.)

ME 611. Turbulence

Material to be covered: introduction and motivation, statistical techniques for analysis, mean flow dynamics (Reynolds decomposition), Kolmogorov's theory, instrumentation, classical turbulent flows—shear layers, jets, wakes, boundary layers—and pipe flow.
(Prerequisites: Fundamentals of mechanics and thermodynamics, graduate level course in fluid mechanics and knowledge of advanced mathematics.)

ME 612. Computational Fluid Dynamics

Computational methods for incompressible and compressible viscous flows. Navier Stokes equations in general coordinates and grid generation techniques. Finite volume techniques including discretization, stability analysis, artificial viscosity, explicit and implicit methods, flux-vector splitting, TVD schemes and multigrid methods. Finite elements. Concepts of vectorization and parallel computing. Applications are drawn from internal, external flows, materials processing. (Prerequisite: Fluid dynamics and introductory course in numerical methods.)

ME 613. Transport Phenomena

Conservation laws, with an emphasis on the similarities between the different mechanisms for the transport of heat, mass and momentum. Theory of molecular transport. Diffusion phenomena in stationary, flowing and unsteady processes. Mass diffusion in chemically reacting, multiphase and multicomponent systems. Computational techniques. Selected special topics and applications may include turbulent convective flows, combustion and materials processing.

Dynamics and Controls

ME 522. Mechanical Vibrations

Vibration analysis for both discrete and continuous linear systems. Start with an enhanced review of the fundamentals of single-degree-of-freedom vibration analysis. Both Newton-D'Alembert's vectorial approach and Lagrangian equations are discussed. General properties of related stiffness, mass and damping matrices are addressed. Modal analysis for linear systems is emphasized. Computational methods in vibration analysis are introduced. Applications include vehicles traveling on a rough surface, multistory buildings subjected to seismic and wind loading, and vibration analysis of bars, beams and plates.

COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

ME 523. Applied Linear Control

Modeling of complex systems used in various areas of engineering. Analytical description of dynamic physical systems, time and frequency domain representations. System characteristics such as controllability, observability and stability. Design of feedback controllers using state-space methods including pole placement and optimal control. State observers and introduction to Kalman filters. Performance limitation of control systems and trade-offs in control design. Design of control synthesis is performed using Matlab/Simulink. Term projects focus on design, analysis and implementation of current engineering control problems. (Prerequisites: Differential equation and fundamentals of linear algebra.)

ME 527. Dynamics

Basic concepts and general principles of classical kinematics and dynamics of particles, system of particles, and rigid and deformable bodies are presented. Particle motion along arbitrary trajectories is discussed in general coordinate systems. The governing equations of motion are derived by both Newton-D'Alembert's vectorial approach and Lagrange-Hamilton's variational approach. Applications include central-force orbital motion, binary collisions, motion in noninertial reference frames, rigid body motion, vibration of continuous systems and dynamic stability.

ME 621. Dynamics and Signal Analysis

A laboratory-based course which applies Fourier and cepstral signal analysis techniques to mechanical engineering problems. The theory and application of the Fourier series, Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) and the cepstrum to the analysis of mechanical and acoustical systems is presented. Digital sampling theory, windowing, aliasing, filtering, noise averaging and deconvolution are discussed. Limitations of and errors in implementation of these techniques are demonstrated. Students will perform weekly experiments in the Structural Dynamics and Vibration Laboratory, which reinforce the theories presented in lectures. Application will include structures, acoustics, rotating machinery and cams.

ME 622. Advanced Dynamics and Vibrations

The course presents advanced topics in dynamics and vibrations of machines and structures. Depending of the instructor, the course will include a selection of the following topics: extended discussion of vibration analysis of linear systems with distributed parameters, an introduction to vibration of nonlinear systems, numerical methods for vibration analysis, random vibrations, stability of dynamic systems, flow induced vibrations and rotordynamics.

ME 623. Applied Nonlinear Control

Introduction to the analysis and design of nonlinear control systems. Stability analysis using Lyapunov, input-output and asymptotic methods. Design of stabilizing controllers using a variety of methods: linearization, absolute stability, sliding modes, adaptive, and feedback linearization. Applications include control design for robot systems (position and trajectory control), flexible structures (vibration control), spacecraft attitude control, manufacturing systems. Case studies for systems with smart actuators/sensors (Piezo, SMA, Magnetrostrictive), deadzones and hysteresis, etc. Design of control synthesis is performed using Matlab/Simulink. Term projects will focus on design, analysis and implementation of current engineering control problems. (Prerequisites: Differential equations and fundamentals of linear algebra.)

ME 624. Random Vibration and Mechanical Signature Analysis

Probabilistic methods in dynamics are described, as they are used to predict systems' response to highly irregular or random loadings, such as that of civil engineering structures to earthquakes, of aircraft structures to turbulent gusts, and of ships and off-shore structures to ocean waves. Applications of random vibration analyses for reliability predictions and for mechanical signature analysis (MSA) will be illustrated, where MSA means on-line condition monitoring for an operating machine or structure by using proper processing of its measured response signal. The course contains brief introduction into theory of probability and theory of random processes, which makes it self-contained.

Structures and Materials

ME 531. Applied Elasticity

This course is intended for students with undergraduate backgrounds in mechanics of materials. It includes two- and three-dimensional states of stress, linear and nonlinear measures of strain, and generalized Hooke's Law. Also covered are exact solutions for bending and torsion: thick-walled pressure vessels, rotating disks, stress functions for two- and three-dimensional problems and bending and torsion of unsymmetric beams.

ME 5310/MTE 510. Principles of Materials Science and Engineering

3 credits

This course provides a comprehensive review of the fundamental principles of materials science and engineering. The classical interplay among structure-processing-properties-performance in materials including plastics, metals, ceramics, glasses and composites will be emphasized. The structure in materials ranging from the subatomic to the macroscopic, including nano-, micro- and macromolecular structures, will be discussed to highlight bonding mechanisms, crystallinity and defect patterns. Representative thermodynamic and kinetic aspects such as diffusion, phase diagrams, nucleation and growth, and TTT diagrams will be discussed. Basics of elasticity, plastic deformation and viscoelasticity will be highlighted.

Salient aspects pertaining to the corrosion and environmental degradation of materials will be discussed. This course will provide the background for students in any engineering or science major for future course and research work in materials. (Prerequisites: senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

ME 532. Continuum Mechanics

Emphasis on the distinction between general principles that apply to all deforming materials and the specific constitutive assumptions that are made when modeling material behavior. The course includes a brief review of the necessary mathematics and then proceeds to the kinematics of deformable media, the concepts of stress and stress transformations, and the general balance laws. The remainder of the course deals with general constitutive theory and constitutive relations for selected materials that have relevance to structural, fluid dynamics, materials processing and materials handling.

ME 5325/MTE 525. Advanced Thermodynamics

3 credits

Thermodynamics of solutions—phase equilibria—Ellingham diagrams, binary and ternary phase diagrams, reactions between gasses and condensed phases, reactions within condensed phases, thermodynamics of surfaces, defects and electrochemistry. Applications to chemical thermodynamics as well as heat engines. (Prerequisites: ES 3001, ME 4850 or equivalent.) Offered each year.

ME 533/CE 524. Finite Element Method and Applications

This course serves as an introduction to the basic theory of the finite element method. Topics covered include matrix structural analysis variation form of differential equations, Ritz and weighted residual approximations, and development of the discretized domain solution. Techniques are developed in detail for the one- and two-dimensional equilibrium problem. Examples focus on elasticity and heat flow with reference to broader applications. Students are supplied microcomputer programs and gain experience in solving real problems. (Prerequisites: Elementary differential equations, solid mechanics and heat flow.)

ME 5330/MTE 530. Crystallography, Diffraction and Microscopy of Materials

The fundamentals of crystallography and X-ray diffraction of metals, ceramics and polymers will be presented and discussed. The techniques for the experimental determination of phase fraction and phase identification via X-ray diffraction will be highlighted. The theory and practice of optical and electron microscopy will also be included. Both scanning and transmission electron microscopy will be theoretically and experimentally investigated. (Prerequisites: ES 200 or equivalent, and senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

ME 534. Laser Engineering Science and Applications

In this course, a unified account of the present-day knowledge of lasers and their applications in varied professional and industrial fields will be given through a series of in-class lectures and laboratory demonstration. Special attention will be given to factors that must be evaluated when a laser system is being devised for a specific application. Course coverage will include types of lasers and their characteristics, shaping of laser beams, measurement of laser beam parameters, transmission of laser beams, interaction of laser beams with materials, mathematical modeling of laser processes, laser processing of materials, fiber-optic applications of lasers, laser metrology and related topics.

ME 5340/MTE 540. Analytical Methods in Materials Engineering

3 credits

Heat transfer and diffusion kinetics are applied to the solution of materials engineering problems. Mathematical and numerical methods for the solutions to Fourier's and Pick's laws for a variety of boundary conditions will be presented and discussed. The primary emphasis is given heat treatment and surface modification processes. Topics to be covered include solutionizing, quenching, and carburization heat treatment. (Prerequisites: ME 4840 or MTE 510 or equivalent.) Offered each year..

ME 5350/MTE 550. Phase Transformations in Materials

3 credits

This course is intended to provide a fundamental understanding of thermodynamic and kinetic principles associated with phase transformations. The mechanisms of phase transformations will be discussed in terms of driving forces to establish a theoretical background for various physical phenomena. The principles of nucleation and growth and spinodal transformations will be described. The theoretical analysis of diffusion controlled and interface controlled growth will be presented The basic concepts of martensitic transformations will be highlighted. Specific examples will include solidification, crystallization, precipitation, sintering, phase separation and transformation toughening. (Prerequisites: MTE 510, ME 4850 or equivalent.) Offered each year.

ME 5360/MTE 560. Materials Performance and Reliability

3 credits

The failure and wear-out mechanisms for a variety of materials (metals, ceramics, polymers, composites and microelectronics) and applications will be presented and discussed. Multi-axial failure theories will be discussed. A series of case studies will be used to illustrate the basic failure mechanisms of plastic deformation, creep, fracture, fatigue, wear and corrosion. The methodology and techniques for reliability analysis will also be presented

and discussed. A materials systems approach will be used. (Prerequisites: ES 2502 and ME 3023 or equivalent, and senior or graduate standing in engineering or science.) Offered each year.

ME 631. Advanced Mechanics of Solids

This course is a continuation of ME 531. Depending on the instructor, it will include a selection of the following topics: exact solutions for three-dimensional problems using vector potentials, Hertz contact solution, energy methods, elastic stability, an overview of plates and shells, and an introduction to plasticity and viscoelasticity theory.

ME 632. Dynamics of Composite Structures

The course covers topics related to dynamics of composite structures, including introduction to composite materials, fiber-reinforced composites, governing equations of motion of composite beams, plates and shells, vibration of thick composite plates and shell, and response of composite structures due to impact.

ME 633/CE 526. Advanced Finite Element Methods

Second course in the theory of the finite element method. Topics to be covered include alternate variational methods for formulating the finite element equations, methods for treating material and geometric nonlinearities, methods for transient analysis, plate and shell analysis, and an introduction to the boundary element method. (Prerequisite: ME 533. Helpful, but not mandatory to have a background in elasticity, dynamics and vibrations.)

ME 634. Holographic Numerical Analysis

Recent advances in holographic analysis of body deformations are discussed. Included in the course are topics covering sandwich holography, opto-electronic fringe interpolation technique, theory of fringe localization, use of projection matrices and the fringe tensor theory of holographic strain analysis. The application of interactive computer programs for holographic analysis of engineering and biological systems will be outlined. Lectures are supplemented by laboratory demonstrations and experiments. (Prerequisites: Matrix algebra, vector calculus and consent of instructor.)

Manufacturing and Design

ME 542/MFE 510. Control and Monitoring of Manufacturing Processes

Covers a broad range of topics centered on control and monitoring functions for manufacturing, including process control, feedback systems, data collection and analysis, scheduling, machine-computer interfacing, and distributed control. Typical applications are considered with lab work.

ME 543/MFE 520. Design and Analysis of Manufacturing Processes

The first half of the course covers the axiomatic design method, applied to simultaneous product and process design for concurrent engineering, with the emphasis on process and manufacturing tool design. Basic design principles as well as qualitative and quantitative methods of analysis of designs are developed. The second half of the course addresses methods of engineering analysis of manufacturing processes, to support machine tool and process design. Basic types of engineering analysis are applied to manufacturing situations, including elasticity, plasticity, heat transfer, mechanics and cost analysis. Special attention will be given to the mechanics of machining (traditional, nontraditional and grinding) and the production of surfaces. Students, with the advice and consent of the professor, select the topic for their term project.

ME 544/MFE 530. Computer-Integrated Manufacturing

An overview of computer-integrated manufacturing (CIM). As the CIM concept attempts to integrate all of the business and engineering functions of a firm, this course builds on the knowledge of computer-aided design, computer-aided manufacturing, concurrent engineering, management of information systems and operations management, to demonstrate the strategic importance of integration.

ME 545. Computer-Aided Design and Geometric Modeling

This course covers topics in computer-aided geometric design and applications in mechanical engineering. The objectives of the course are to familiarize the students with complex geometric modeling and analytical techniques used in contemporary computer-aided design systems. Topics to be covered may include complex curve and surface generation, Boolean algebra and solid modeling, transformations, computational and analytic geometry, automatic mesh generation, tool path generation, offsets and intersections of complex shapes, graphics standards and data transfer, rendering techniques, parametric design and geometric optimization, numerical methods for geometric analysis and graphics design programming. (Prerequisites: calculus, linear algebra, computer programming, and some familiarity with a CAD system.)

ME 641. Cam Design

Basic and advanced methods of cam design for high-speed production machinery and automotive applications will be addressed. Classical as well as polynomial and spline-based methods will be used to design cam contours. Issues of cam manufacturing and vibrations as related to cam dynamic behavior will be discussed. Practical aspects of cam design will be exercised through projects and laboratory assignments. (Recommended background: Undergraduate level courses in kinematics and

vibrations. Familiarity with the techniques of dynamic signal analysis [ME 621] would be helpful.)

Biomechanical Engineering

ME/BE 550. Tissue Engineering

This biomaterials course focuses on the selection, processing, testing and performance of materials used in biomedical applications with special emphasis upon tissue engineering. Topics include material selection and processing, mechanisms and kinetics of material degradation, cell-material interactions and interfaces; effect of construct architecture on tissue growth; and transport through engineered tissues. Examples of engineering tissues for replacing cartilage, bone, tendons, ligaments, skin and liver will be presented. (Recommended preparation: A first course in biomaterials equivalent to ME/BE 4814 and a basic understanding of physiology and cell biology.)

ME/BE 552. Tissue Mechanics

This biomechanics course focuses on advanced techniques for the characterization of the structure and function of hard and soft tissues, and their relationship to physiological processes. Applications include tissue injury, wound healing, the effect of pathological conditions upon tissue properties and design of medical devices and prostheses. (Recommended preparation: A first course in biomechanics equivalent to ME/BE 4504.)

ME/BE 554. Composites with Biomedical and Materials Applications

Introduction to fiber/particulate reinforced, engineered and biologic materials. This course focuses on the elastic description and application of materials that are made up of a combination of submaterials, i.e., composites. Emphasis will be placed on the development of constitutive equations that define mechanical behavior of a number of applications including: biomaterial, tissue, and material science. (Prerequisites: Understanding of stress analysis and basic continuum mechanics.)

ME/BE 558. Biofluids and Biotransport

The emphasis of this course is on modeling fluid flow within the cardiovascular and pulmonary systems, and the transport processes that take place in these systems. Applications include artificial heart valves, atherosclerosis, arterial impedance matching, clinical diagnosis, respiration, aerosol and particle deposition. Depending upon class interest, additional topics may include reproductive fluids, animal propulsion in air and water, and viscoelastic testing.
(Recommended preparation: A first course in biofluids equivalent to ME/BE 4606.)

Other Activities

ME 591. Graduate Seminar

0 credit
Seminars on current issues related to various areas of mechanical engineering are presented by authorities in their fields. All full-time mechanical engineering students are required to register.

ME 593. Special Topics

Arranged by individual faculty with special expertise, these courses survey fundamentals in areas that are not covered by the regular mechanical engineering course offerings. Exact course descriptions are disseminated by the Mechanical Engineering Department well in advance of the offering. (Prerequisite: Consent of instructor.)

ME 598. Directed Research

For M.S. students wishing to gain research experience peripheral to their thesis topic, or for doctoral students wishing to obtain research credit prior to admission to candidacy.

ME 599. Thesis Research

For master's students wishing to obtain research credit toward their thesis. (Prerequisite: Consent of Thesis Advisor.)

ME 693. Advanced Special Topics

Arranged by individual faculty with special expertise, these courses cover advanced topics that are not covered by the regular mechanical engineering course offerings. Exact course descriptions are disseminated by the Mechanical Engineering Department well in advance of the offering. (Prerequisite: Consent of instructor.)

ME 698. Predissertation Research

Intended for doctoral students wishing to obtain research credit prior to admission to candidacy. (Prerequisite: Consent of Dissertation Advisor.)

ME 699. Dissertation Research

Intended for doctoral students admitted to candidacy wishing to obtain research credit toward their dissertations. (Prerequisite: Consent of Dissertation Advisor.)

Physics

PH 501. Mathematical Methods of Physics I

Vector calculus, special functions, calculus of variations, linear transformation theory, Green's functions, complex variables and integral equations. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

PH 502. Mathematical Methods of Physics II

Probability theory, harmonic analysis, integral equations and functions of a complex variable. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

PH 503. Group Theory

Theory of group representations; point groups and continuous groups of physical interest; applications to molecular vibrations, crystal properties, quantum mechanics and particle physics. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

PH 511. Classical Mechanics

Lagrangian and Hamiltonian formulations. Rigid body motion. Poisson brackets, Hamilton-Jacobi theory. (Prerequisite: B.S. in physics or equivalent.)

PH 514. Quantum Mechanics I

Schrodinger wave equation, potential wells and barriers, harmonic oscillator, hydrogen atom, angular momentum and spin. (Prerequisite: B.S. in physics or equivalent.)

PH 515. Quantum Mechanics II

Perturbation theory, scattering theory, Born approximation, quantum theory of radiation, the Dirac equation. (Prerequisite: PH 514.)

PH 522. Thermodynamics and Statistical Mechanics

Ensemble theory; canonical, microcanonical and grand canonical ensembles. Quantum statistical mechanics, Bose-Einstein and Fermi-Dirac statistics. (Prerequisite: PH 511.)

PH 533. Advanced Electromagnetic Theory

Classical electrodynamics including boundary-value problems using Green's functions. Maxwell's equations, electromagnetic properties of matter, wave propagation and radiation theory. (Prerequisite: B.S. in physics or equivalent.)

PH 542. Modern Optics

Geometrical optics, scalar diffraction theory, coherence and Fourier optics. Holography and laser physics.

PH 554. Solid-State Physics

Phonons and specific heat of solids; electronic conductivity and band theory of solids; Fermi and Bose gases; magnetic interactions. (Prerequisite: PH 514.)

PH 597. Special Topics

Credits as arranged
Titles of recently offered courses include Superlattices and Semiconductor Heterostructures, Numerical Methods in Physics, Topics in 20th Century Physics, Excitations and Wave Interactions, and Wave Interactions in Crystals.

PH 597P. Special Topics: Photonics

Fiber optics, lasers, light emitting diodes, photodetectors, planar optical waveguides, fiber lasers and fiber amplifiers. (Prerequisite: a B.S. degree in physics or equivalent.)

PH 616. Quantum Mechanics III

Quantum theory of radiation and introduction to quantum field theory. Course may be offered by special arrangement.(Prerequisite: PH 515.)

PH 634. Electrodynamics

Classical electron theory, retarded potentials, radiation. Course may be offered by special arrangement. (Prerequisite: PH 533.)

PH 644. Seminar in the Interaction of Radiation and Matter

Quantum theory of radiation, interacting systems, magnetic resonance, laser models and relaxation phenomena. Course may be offered by special arrangement.

PH 656. Quantum Theory of Solids

Advanced topics in the quantum theory of solids. Course may be offered by special arrangement.(Prerequisite: PH 554.)

Directed Research

Varies

A directed and coherent program of research that, in most cases, will eventually lead to thesis or dissertation research.

M.S. Thesis Research

Varies

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Massachusetts Academy of Math & Science is located at Gateway Park, 89 Prescott St., Worcester

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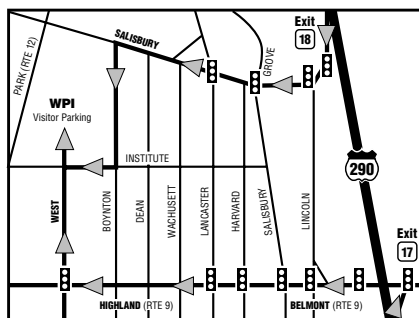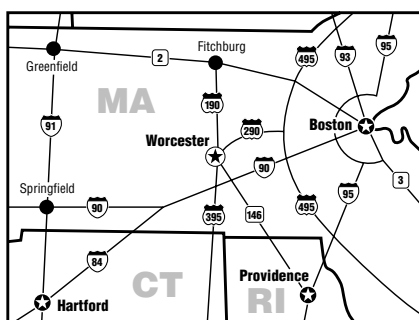
To WPI's Worcester Campus
100 Institute Road, Worcester, MA

The top map will guide you to I-290. Exit at 17 if eastbound or 18 if westbound. Using the map to the left, follow the arrows to the WPI campus.

To WPI's MetroWest Campus
225 Turnpike Road, Rt. 9
Southborough, MA

Located on the Westbound side of Route 9, two miles east of Route 495.

To WPI's Waltham Campus
60 Hickory Drive, Waltham, MA

From the North: From Route 128 take Exit 27B (Winter Street). Bear right off exit. Follow directions below.

From the South: From Route 128 take Exit 27B (Winter Street). Bear right off exit. At the light, turn right. Bear right at next inter-section crossing the 128 overpass. Follow directions below.

Go through set of lights, staying in left lane. At next light, make a U-turn, following signs for Bear Hill Road. Double Tree Guest Suites will be on your right. Bear right at fork onto Second Avenue. Second Avenue will turn into Bear Hill Road. At top of hill turn left onto Hickory Drive.

The University of
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Graduate Studies and Enrollment

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