

IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimization Studio Getting Started with CPLEX for MATLAB

Version 12 Release 7

Note Before you use this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page 19.					

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Chapter 1. Introduction

An overview of CPLEX® for MATLAB.

CPLEX for MATLAB is an extension to IBM® ILOG® CPLEX Optimizers that allows a user to define optimization problems and solve them within MATLAB. Thus a student or practitioner who is using MATLAB can easily solve optimization problems within that framework.

Chapter 2. Setting up CPLEX for MATLAB

Install and configure IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimization Studio before you use the CPLEX connector for MATLAB.

Install CPLEX

Before you begin to use the CPLEX connector for MATLAB, you must first install and configure CPLEX Optimization Studio and CPLEX Optimizer.

By default, the CPLEX Optimization Studio installer automatically installs the CPLEX connector for MATLAB in a standard location. For instance, the installation directory for CPLEX for MATLAB for a Windows 64-bit operating system is yourCOShome\cplex\matlab\x64_win64, where yourCOShome specifies the folder where CPLEX Optimization Studio is installed. Other platforms have similar installation directories, named appropriately.

Verify the service pack

When CPLEX Optimization Studio is installed on Windows operating systems, the appropriate Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable Package must also be installed. This package installs runtime components of Visual C++ Libraries that are required to run applications that are developed with Visual C++ on a computer that does not have Visual C++ installed. If the CPLEX Optimization Studio installer detects that this package is not already installed, the installer explains how to download the service pack manually. For more information, see the Detailed System Requirements (DSR).

Configure MATLAB

To configure MATLAB to use CPLEX, you must first add the CPLEX connector for MATLAB installation folder to your MATLAB path by using the MATLAB addpath command. For instance, the installation directory for 64-bit Windows is yourCOShome\cplex\matlab\x64_win64, where yourCOShome specifies the folder where CPLEX Optimization Studio is installed. In addition, add the folder yourCOShome\cplex\examples\src\matlab in the same manner to support navigational links to examples in the online help from within a MATLAB session.

Chapter 3. Integration with MATLAB

The menu items and windows used to solve optimization models are described.

CPLEX for MATLAB should be integrated into your MATLAB environment in order for you to take full advantage of its features.

When you have installed CPLEX for MATLAB and set the paths as described in the readme.html file, a new item is added to the Toolboxes section of the MATLAB **Start Button**. You can use the items on this menu to find more help about using CPLEX.

In addition, the online manuals for CPLEX for MATLAB have been added to the MATLAB Product Help, available from the drop down menu **Help > Product Help**.

Within the MATLAB Command Window, inline help is available for the CPLEX classes and functions. For example typing 'help cplexlp' will display information about the function cplexlp.

Chapter 4. Using CPLEX for MATLAB

Presents an overview of how to solve an optimization problem.

IBM ILOG CPLEX Optimizers provides a tool for solving optimization, or mathematical programming, problems.

The most basic mathematical programming problem is commonly referred to as Linear Programming (LP) problem. The basic form of an LP problem is:

Maximize (or Minimize) f*x

subject to

Aeq*x = beq

Aineq*x <= bineq

with these bounds $1 \le x \le u$

where Aeq and Aineq are matrices, f, beq, bineq, l and u are vectors such that the upper bounds u(i) and lower bounds l(i) may be positive infinity, negative infinity, or any real number. Both sparse and dense format can be used in all places where matrices/vectors are used.

The elements of data you provide as input for this LP problem are:

Data provided as input for an LP problem

Objective function coefficients f

Constraint coefficients

Aeq

Aineq

Righthand sides

beq

bineq

Upper and lower bounds

u

1

The optimal solution that CPLEX computes and returns is:

Variables x

CPLEX for MATLAB can also solve several extensions to LP:

- Quadratic Programming (QP) problems, where the LP objective function is expanded to include quadratic terms.
- Quadratically Constrained Programming (QCP) problems that include quadratic terms among the constraints. In fact, CPLEX can solve Second Order Cone Programming (SOCP) problems.
- Mixed Integer Programming (MIP) problems, where any or all of the LP, QP, or QCP variables are further restricted to take integer values in the optimal solution

and where MIP itself is extended to include constructs like Special Ordered Sets (SOS), semi-continuous variables, and indicator variables.

• Least Squares (LSQ) problems, where the objective is to minimize a norm. The problem can be constrained linearly or quadratically, and the variables may be restricted to take integer values in the solution.

The standard MATLAB vector and matrix format is used for the elements of data that you need to provide. For example, the CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox function cplexlp solves the problem specified by

```
min f*x
st. Aineq*x <= bineq
Aeq*x = beq
1b <= x <= ub
```

where f, bineq, beq, lb, and ub are MATLAB double vectors, and Aineq and Aeq are MATLAB double matrices.

```
The vector x returned by the function call x = cplex1p(f,Aineq,beq,Aeq,beq,lb,ub)
```

contains the optimal solution to the specified linear programming problem.

Provided in CPLEX for MATLAB is both a toolbox of functions and a class API. The toolbox contains functions for solving optimization problems, where the input matrices are provided to the function and results returned. With the class API, objects can be created, and those objects carry a state.

The benefits of using the Cplex class API include the ability to:

- build up a model by manipulating a Cplex object.
- use computation methods such as Cplex.solve() and Cplex.refineConflict() that modify the object so results can be queried as needed.
- perform restarts after manipulation.
- attach an output parser, a GUI with stop buttons, and other controls.

Chapter 5. Overview of the CPLEX for MATLAB APIs

CPLEX for MATLAB provides two APIs for solving mathematical programming problems, the toolbox functions and the Cplex class.

CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox

The toolbox provides functions for solving a variety of mathematical programming problems.

The CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox provides functions for solving a variety of mathematical programming problems. The toolbox functions are designed to take a model description as input and produce a solution as output.

For example:

```
x = cplexlp(f,Aineq,bineq,Aeq,beq,lb,ub)
```

finds the minimum of a linear programming problem specified by

```
min f*x
st. Aineq*x <= bineq
Aeq*x = beq
1b <= x <= ub
```

The toolbox provides the functions cplexlp, cplexqp and cplexbilp to solve linear programming problems (LP), quadratic programming problems (QP) and binary integer programming problems (BILP).

The toolbox provides functions that support the solution of the basic problem types handled by CPLEX are:

- cplexlp for linear programming problems (LP),
- cplexqp for quadratic programming problems (QP) and
- cplexbilp for binary integer programming problems (BILP).

Functions that support the solution of additional problem types handled by CPLEX are provided. These functions are:

- cplexqcp for quadratically constrained programming problems (QCP),
- cplexmilp for mixed integer linear programming problems (MIP),
- cplexmiqp for mixed integer quadratic programming problems (MIQP) and
- cplexmiqcp for mixed integer quadratically constrained mixed integer programming problems (MIQCP).

The solution of least square problems is supported through the functions:

- cplex1sqlin for linearly constrained least squares problems,
- cplexlsqmilp for linearly constrained mixed integer least squares problems,
- cplex1sqbilp for linearly constrained binary integer least squares problems,
- cplexlsqmiqcp for quadratically constrained mixed integer least squares problems,
- cplex1sqqcp for quadratically constrained programming problems,
- · cplex1sqnonneglin for nonnegative least squares problems,

- cplex1sqnonnegmilp for nonnegative mixed integer least squares problems,
- cplex1sqnonnegmiqcp for nonnegative quadratically constrained mixed integer least squares problems and
- cplex1sqnonnegqcp for nonnegative quadratically constrained programming problems.

The advantage of the toolbox design is that you can reuse your code where you had used MATLAB Optimization Toolbox functions to solve linear programming, quadratic programming, binary integer programming, linearly constrained least squares, and nonnegative least squares problems.

Setting and querying parameters in the CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox

Options, also called parameters, can be set to control the solution of problems. The toolbox provides two types of options input. One type corresponds to the MATLAB Optimization Toolbox options, and the other type is the CPLEX parameters. You can use either or both of these types of options. If you use both, the CPLEX parameters will override the MATLAB options.

The toolbox options are listed in the following table.

Options corresponding to the MATLAB Optimization Toolbox

Toolbox options	MATLAB Optimization Toolbox options		
Display	'off' 'on' 'iter'		
MaxIter	refer to		
	cplex.Param.simplex.limits.iterations		
Algorithm	'interior-point' 'primal' 'dual' 'auto'		
BranchStrategy	refer to		
	cplex.Param.mip.strategy.variableselect		
MaxNodes	refer to cplex.Param.mip.limits.nodes		
MaxTime	refer to cplex.Param.timelimit		
NodeDisplayInterval	refer to cplex.Param.mip.interval		
NodeSearchStrategy	refer to		
	cplex.Param.mip.strategy.nodeselect		
TolFun	refer to		
	cplex.Param.simplex.tolerances.optimality		
TolXInteger	refer to		
	cplex.Param.mip.tolerances.integrality		
TolRLPFun	refer to		
	<pre>cplex.Param.simplex.tolerances.optimality</pre>		

These options can be set using the toolbox function optimset. For example, the following code turns on the optimizer output and sets a node limit of 400, options = cplexoptimset('Display', 'on', 'MaxNodes', 400);

Alternatively, these options can be set directly on the fields of the structure. For example, the following code has the same result as the previous one.

```
options = cplexoptimset;
options.Display = 'on';
options.MaxNodes = 400;
```

The current and default values of the options can be queried with the function optimget.

If you need to use CPLEX parameters that do not correspond to the options in the MATLAB Optimization Toolbox, you can create a structure which contains all of the CPLEX parameters. For example, to set a node limit of 400 and instruct CPLEX to use traditional branch and cut style search:

```
opt = cplexoptimset('cplex');
opt.mip.limits.nodes=400;
opt.mip.strategy.search=1;
```

Tip:

If you are already familiar with the names of parameters in the Interactive Optimizer, then you quickly recognize names of parameters in CPLEX for MATLAB. For example, the command "set mip limits nodes 1" in the Interactive Optimizer corresponds to "opt.mip.limits.nodes = 1;" in the CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox where opt was created with the line "opt = optimset('cplex');"

To assist in setting parameters, auto-completion of parameter names is available in the MATLAB environment.

Cplex Class API

Describes the Cplex class

While the CPLEX for MATLAB Toolbox functions provide the ability to solve a multitude of mathematical programming problems, the toolbox design does not support restart. To enable users to use decomposition algorithms, the Cplex Class API is also provided in CPLEX for MATLAB.

The Cplex class stores the model and provides methods for the solution, analysis, manipulation and reading/writing of the model file. All of the data associated with the problem is stored in the properties of a Cplex object. These class properties are standard MATLAB data structures and can be manipulated directly within MATLAB. However, modifying the problem using methods provided in the Cplex class enforces consistency, such as ensuring that vectors are of the proper length.

The documentation of the Cplex class provides an introduction of properties and methods of the Cplex class in more detail.

The properties of the Cplex class include:

Properties of the Cplex class	Function of the properties		
Cplex.Model	stores the data of the model		
Cplex.Solution	stores the solution of the model		
Cplex.Param	stores the parameters (options) of the model		
Cplex.Start	stores the start of the LP model		
Cplex.MipStart	stores the start of the MIP model		
Cplex.InfoCallback	pointer to an informational callback		
Cplex.Conflict	stores the conflict information of a conflicted model		
Cplex.Order	stores the priority order information		
Cplex.DisplayFunc	pointer to a function which provides control of display of output		

The following informative methods are provided:

Cplex classes

Cplex.getVersion

Cplex.getProbType

Use of the Cplex classes

returns the CPLEX version

returns the problem type of the model

The following methods are provided for reading from and writing to files:

Methods for reading from and writing to files

Cplex.readModel

Cplex.writeModel

Cplex.readSolution

Cplex.writeSolution

Cplex.readBasis

Cplex.writeBasis

Cplex.readMipStart

Cplex.writeMipStart

Cplex.readParam

Cplex.writeParam

Cplex.writeConflict

The following methods are provided to solve and analyze the model, solution and mipstart:

Methods for solving and analyzing a model

Cplex.solve

Cplex.populate

Cplex.feasOpt

Cplex.refineConflict

Cplex.refineMipStartConflict

Cplex.terminate

The following methods are provided to set and query parameters:

Methods for managing parameters

Cplex.tuneParam

Cplex.setDefault

Cplex.getChgParam

Although a model can be modified by manipulating the MATLAB data structures directly, the following functions are provided to make modifications easier:

Methods for manipulating the model directory

Cplex.addCols

Cplex.addRows

Cplex.delCols

Cplex.delRows

Cplex.addSOSs

Cplex.addQCs

Cplex.addIndicators

Setting and querying parameters in the CPLEX Class API

To set parameters using the CPLEX Class API, you set the current values of the fields in the Param structure property of the Cplex class. For example, to set a node limit of 400 and instruct CPLEX to use traditional branch and cut style search:

```
cpx.Param.mip.limits.nodes.Cur=400;
cpx.Param.mip.strategy.search.Cur=1;
```

Tip:

If you are already familiar with the names of parameters in the Interactive Optimizer, then you quickly recognize names of parameters in CPLEX for MATLAB. For example, the command "set mip limits nodes 1" in the Interactive Optimizer corresponds to "cpx.Param.mip.limits.nodes.Cur = 1;" in the CPLEX Class API where cpx is an instance of the Cplex class.

To assist in setting parameters, auto-completion of parameter names is available in the MATLAB environment.

Chapter 6. Programming tips

As you model and solve mathematical programming problems, you may find it useful to refer to the documentation to find answers to your questions.

As you model and solve mathematical programming problems with CPLEX for MATLAB, you may find it useful to refer to the documentation to find answers to your questions.

Some common questions are answered in this documentation as well as the *CPLEX User's Manual* available in your CPLEX distribution.

 How do I use the MATLAB sparse matrix format with the CPLEX for MATLAB functions and classes?

Either sparse or dense format can be used in the connector in all places where double matrices and vectors are accepted as arguments.

- How do I understand and deal with my infeasible (or unbounded) model? The section *Infeasibility and unboundedness* of the *CPLEX User's Manual* documents tools to help you analyze the source of the infeasibility in a model: the preprocessing reduction parameter for distinguishing infeasibility from unboundedness, the conflict refiner for detecting minimal sets of mutually contradictory bounds and constraints, and FeasOpt for repairing infeasibilities.
- How do I obtain a pool of multiple solutions?

The section *Discrete optimization > Solution pool: generating and keeping multiple solutions* of the *CPLEX User's Manual* introduces the solution pool for storing multiple solutions to a mixed integer programming problem (MIP) and explains techniques for generating and managing those solutions.

· How do I get this difficult model to solve?

The section *Programming considerations > Tuning tool* of the *User's Manual* documents the tuning tool, a utility to aid you in improving the performance of your optimization applications, analyzes a model or a group of models and suggests a suite of parameter settings for you to use that provide better performance than the default parameter settings for your model or group of models.

How do I invoke parallel threads to solve my model faster?

The section *Advanced programming techniques* > *Parallel optimizers* of the *CPLEX User's Manual* documents the CPLEX parallel optimizers.

How do I set algorithm control parameters?

The CPLEX Parameters Reference Manual lists all of the parameters and explains their settings, and additional information about using parameters is given in Chapter 7, "Using parameters," on page 17. To learn about setting parameters when using the toolbox functions, see the function cplexoptimset. For information about setting parameters while using the Cplex class API, see Cplex.Param.

· How do I check the consistency of my data?

There is a consistency check which can be controlled by the datacheck parameter. The default value of datacheck is off (0), which can improve the performance in the case of valid model data. If the datacheck is warn (1) or

assist (2), then a detailed error message will be displayed in the case of invalid data. For information about setting parameters, see Cplex.Param and cplexoptimset.

• Can I use single precision for floating point numbers with CPLEX for MATLAB?

No. All floating arrays, vectors and other constructs must be of type double precision. Using single precision may result in undefined behavior.

Chapter 7. Using parameters

Parameters, accessible and manageable by users, control the behavior of CPLEX.

Though the default settings for CPLEX will prove sufficient to solve most problems, CPLEX offers a variety of parameters to control various algorithmic choices. The methods for accessing and setting parameters differs based on which API you are using.

In the CPLEX for MATLAB Optimization Toolbox, parameters are managed as an options structure. This structure can be passed as an argument to any of the toolbox methods for solving optimization problems. An options structure is created using the method cplexoptimset. The values of the parameters in the options structure can be accessed with the method cplexoptimset. Once the structure has been created, the parameter fields of the structure can be updated directly.

For example, to set a node limit of 400 and instruct CPLEX to use traditional branch and cut style search, you can use either of the following:

```
options = cplexoptimset('mip.limits.nodes', 400, 'mip.strategy.search', 1);
or
opt = cplexoptimset('cplex');
opt.mip.limits.nodes=400;
opt.mip.strategy.search=1;
```

In order to provide compatibility, the CPLEX for MATLAB Optimization Toolbox also accepts the parameters that are used with the MATLAB Optimization Toolbox. These "compatibility parameters" are listed in the reference manual entry for cplexoptimset; listed there are the CPLEX parameters that are equivalent to these compatibility parameters. As an example of using these parameters, to turn on the optimizer output and set a node limit of 400 using the compatibility parameters, you can write:

```
options = cplexoptimset('Display', 'on', 'MaxNodes', 400);
```

Three parameters that are available in the CPLEX for MATLAB Optimization Toolbox do not have equivalents in the other CPLEX APIs. These are:

- The parameter ExportModel (or exportmodel) takes a file name as an argument.
 The default is the empty string (""). For example, opt =
 cplexoptimset('exportmodel', 'myModel.lp'); can be used to set the name of
 the exported model.
- The parameter Display controls the level of display and takes the following values: 'off' | 'on' | 'iter'.
- The parameter Algorithm takes the values: 'interior-point' | 'primal' | 'dual' | 'auto'.

In the Cplex Class API, the structure Cplex.Param is provided for managing parameters Each parameter is a field of the Cplex.Param structure. In turn, each field is a structure with six fields, as described in the reference manual entry for Cplex.Param.

For example, to set a node limit of 400 and instruct CPLEX to use traditional branch and cut style search, you use:

cplex.Param.mip.limits.nodes.Cur=400;
cplex.Param.mip.strategy.search.Cur=1;

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