

Name \_\_\_\_\_

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# Lesson 9: Perimeter and Area of Triangles in the Cartesian plane

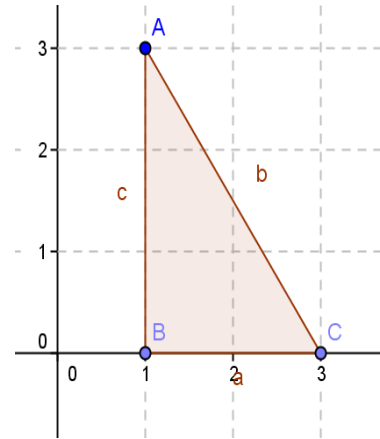
## Learning Targets

- I can find the perimeter of a triangle in the coordinate plane using the distance formula or Pythagorean theorem
- I can apply the formula to find the area of any triangle on the coordinate grid

## Opening Exercises (5 minutes)

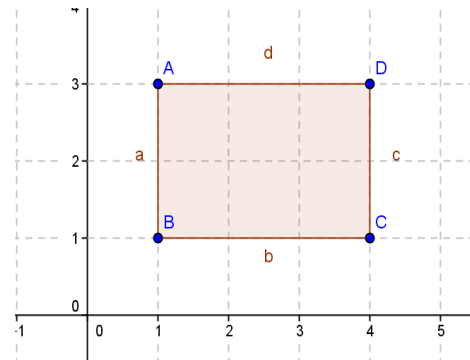
Find the **perimeter** of triangle  $\triangle ABC$  that goes through  $A(1,3)$ ,  $B(1,0)$  and  $C(3,0)$

Find the **area** of  $\triangle ABC$







Find the **perimeter** of rectangle  $ABCD$  that goes through points  $A(1,3)$ ,  $B(1,1)$ ,  $C(4,1)$  and  $D(4,3)$

Find the area of rectangle  $ABCD$




## Formulas To Remember (others given on formula sheet)

### Area Formulas (Cover)

- Area of  or  -- multiply length times width  $A = Lw$
- Area of  -- multiply radius squared ( $r^2$ ) times  $\pi$   $A = \pi r^2$   
\*\*if you only need part of the circle then divide
- Area of  -- multiply the base times the height then divide by 2  $A = \frac{bh}{2}$

**Perimeter/Circumference (around the outside)** For  or  add up the sides on the outside and

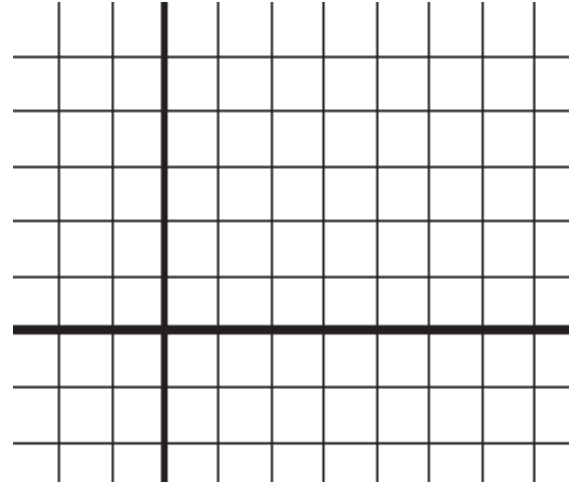
for  multiply the radius by 2 and then times by  $\pi$ .  $C = 2r\pi$

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**Example 1.** Consider a triangular region in the plane with vertices  $O(0,0)$ ,  $A(5,2)$ , and  $B(3,4)$ .

- a. What is the perimeter of the triangular region?



- b. What is the area of the triangular region?

*The steps below show how....*

Step 1.	Step 2.	Step 3
Draw a rectangle enclosing the given triangle $\triangle OAB$ , find the area of the rectangle	Find the area of the three triangles inside the rectangle, number the triangles ①, ②, and ③	Find the area of triangle $\triangle OAB$ by subtracting the areas of triangles ①, ②, & ③ from the area of the rectangle.

**Word Bank**

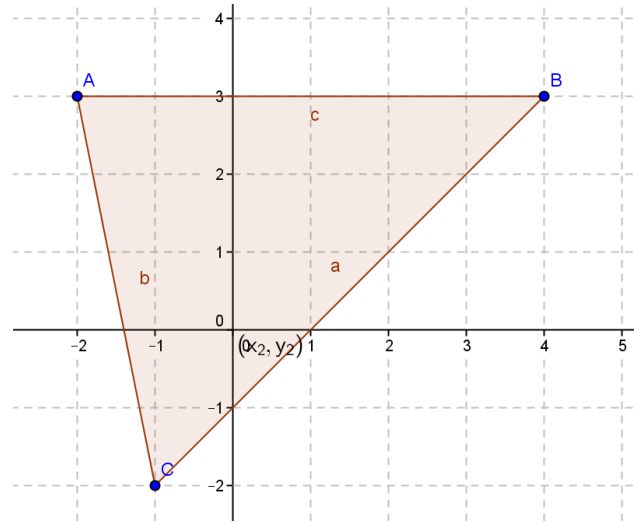
area, rectangle, surrounding, triangles, subtracting

We can find the \_\_\_\_\_ of triangles by finding the area of the \_\_\_\_\_ enclosing the triangle and then \_\_\_\_\_ the areas of \_\_\_\_\_ triangles. This method is called **decomposing** or **box method**.

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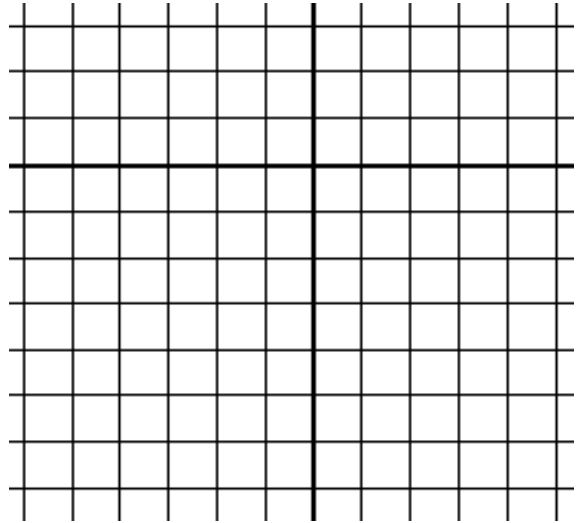
**Example 2.** Given the triangle below with vertices  $A(-2, 3)$ ,  $B(4, 4)$ , and  $C(-1, -2)$ . Calculate its area.



**Example 3.** Draw a rectangle with vertices  $A(-1, 1)$ ,  $B(3, -3)$ ,  $C(0, -6)$ , and  $D(-4, -2)$ .

a. Find the perimeter of rectangle  $ABCD$

b. Find the area of rectangle  $ABCD$



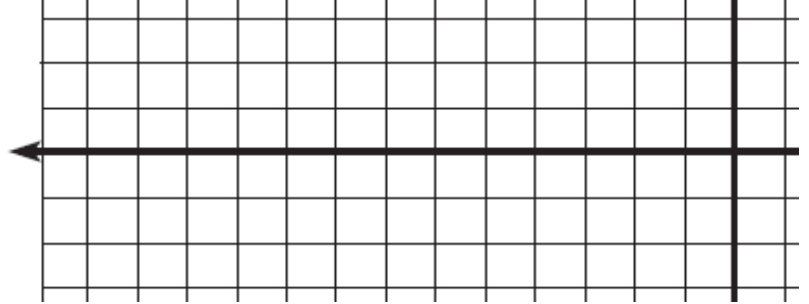
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**On your own**

1. Draw Triangle  $\triangle VEX$  that has vertices  $V(-5, 2)$ ,  $E(-11, -1)$  and  $X(-3, -1)$ .

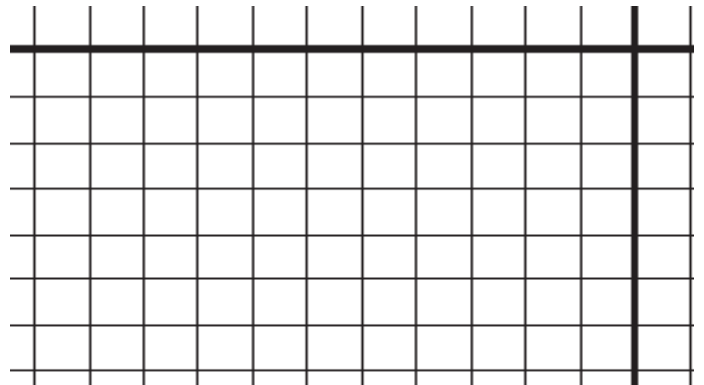
- a. Find the perimeter of  $\triangle VEX$



- b. Find the area of  $\triangle VEX$

2. Draw the polygon that has vertices at  $A(-7, -2)$ ,  $B(-4, -4)$ ,  $C(-6, -6)$  and  $D(-9, -6)$ .

- a. Find the perimeter of the polygon in the simplest radical form



- b. Find the area of the polygon

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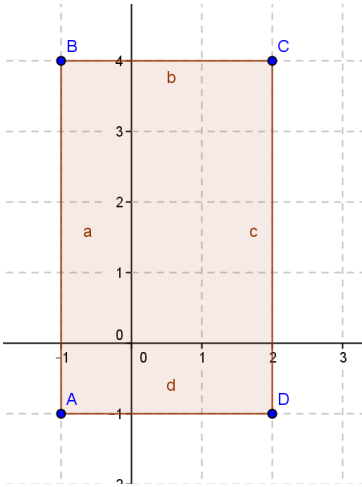
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## Lesson 9: Perimeter and Area of Triangles in the Cartesian plane

### Classwork

1. \* Use coordinates to compute the perimeter and area of each polygon.

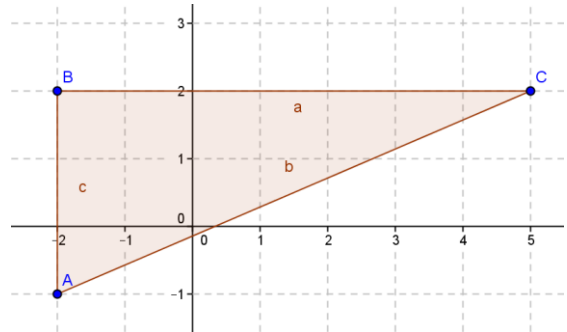
a)



Perimeter:

Area:

b)

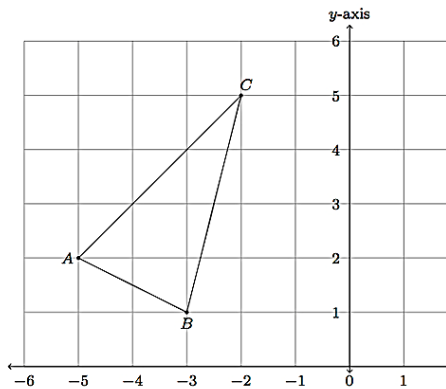


Perimeter:

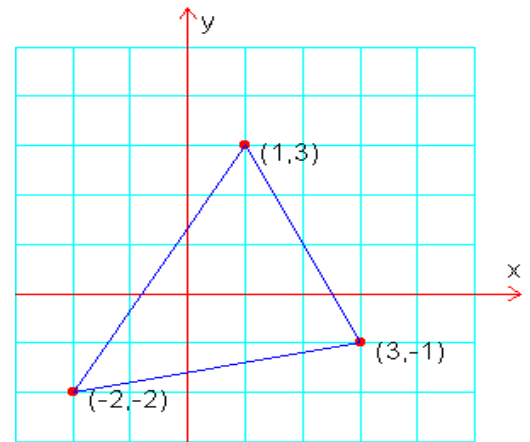
Area:

2. \* Determine the **areas** of the following triangles

a)



b)

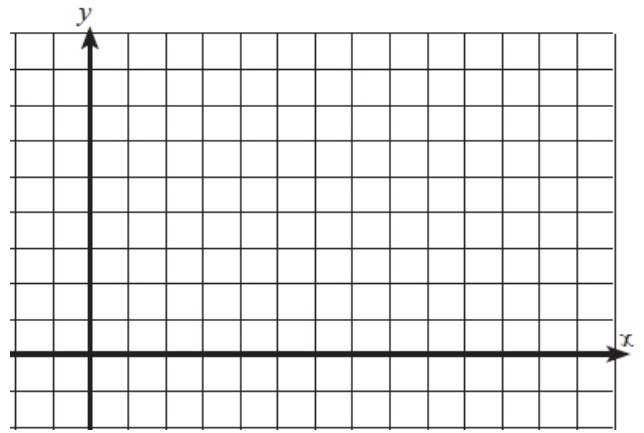


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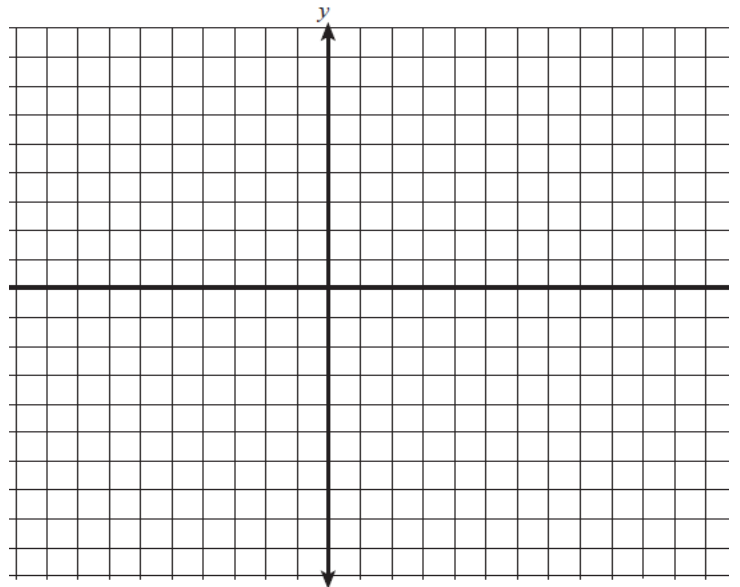
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3. \*\* A polygon has vertices at  $A(2, 5)$ ,  $B(5, 3)$ ,  $C(5, 3)$  and  $D(0, 4)$ . Find the perimeter of the polygon in the simplest radical form

4. \*\* Triangle  $\triangle ABC$  has the vertices at  $A(6, 5)$ ,  $B(12, 3)$  and  $C(6, 1)$ . Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$



5. \*\*\* Rectangle  $ABCD$  has an area of 50 units squared. If the coordinates of  $A$  are  $(1, 1)$  and the coordinates of  $B$  are  $(5, -2)$ , what are possible coordinates of  $C$  and  $D$ , respectively

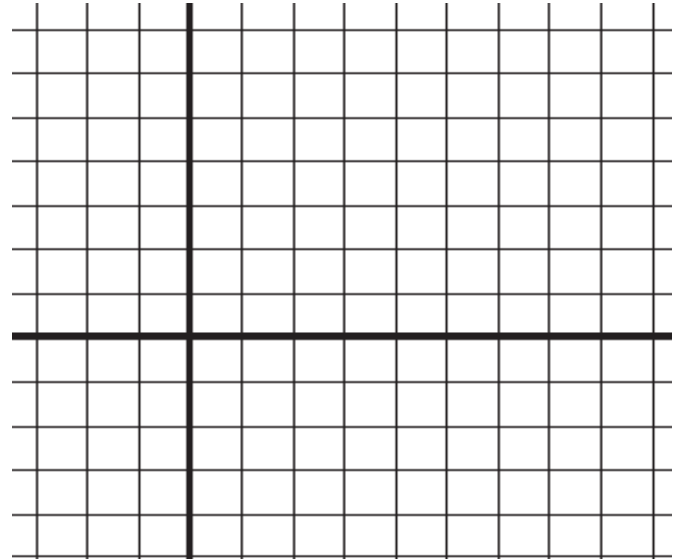


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6. \*\*\* A textbook has a picture of a triangle with vertices  $(3, 6)$  and  $(5, 2)$ . Something happened in printing the book and the coordinates of the third vertex are listed as  $(-1, \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$ . The answers in the back of the book give the area of the triangle as 6 square units.

What is the  $y$ -coordinate of the third vertex?



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## Lesson 9: Perimeter and Area of Triangles in the Cartesian plane

### Homework

The use of a coordinate grid is optional on all the questions

1. What is the perimeter of triangle  $\triangle ABC$  with vertices  $A(-1, -2)$ ,  $B(2, -6)$ ,  $C(-3, -6)$ ? Give your answer in the simplest radical form

(1)  $\sqrt{5}$       (2)  $10 + 5\sqrt{5}$       (3)  $10 + 2\sqrt{5}$       (4)  $30\sqrt{5}$

2. The coordinates of triangle  $\triangle ABC$  are  $A(6, 5)$ ,  $B(9, 1)$ ,  $C(3, 1)$ . What is the perimeter of triangle  $\triangle ABC$ ?

(1) 8 units      (2) 16 units      (3) 20 units      (4) 32 units

3. The coordinates of triangle  $\triangle ABC$  are  $A(0, 5)$ ,  $B(6, 8)$ ,  $C(3, -1)$ . What is the perimeter of triangle  $\triangle ABC$  to the nearest tenth of a unit?

(1) 13.4      (2) 22.9      (3) 25.6      (4) 27.0

4. What is the perimeter of a parallelogram with vertices at  $A(3, -2)$ ,  $B(7, -4)$ ,  $C(5, -6)$  and  $D(1, -4)$

(1)  $\sqrt{56}$  units      (3)  $8\sqrt{2}$  units  
 (2)  $4\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{2}$  units      (4)  $8\sqrt{5}$  units

5. Plot the coordinates of the triangles with vertices listed  $O(0, 0)$ ,  $A(1, 6)$ ,  $B(4, 3)$

Find the perimeter of  $\triangle OAB$

Find the area of  $\triangle OAB$

