

International Standard Classification of Occupations

Structure, group definitions and correspondence tables



INTERNATIONAL STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS

ISCO-08

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ISCO-08

VOLUME 1

STRUCTURE, GROUP DEFINITIONS AND CORRESPONDENCE TABLES

First published 2012

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International Standard Classification of Occupations: ISCO-08 / International Labour Office. – Geneva: ILO, 2012

1 v

ISBN 978-92-2-125952-7 (print) ISBN 978-92-2-125953-4 (web pdf)

International Labour Office

ISCO / occupational classification / occupational description

13.11.1

ILO Cataloguing in Publication Data

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PREFACE

This volume presents the structure and definitions of all groups in the International Standard Classification of Occupations 2008 (ISCO-08). It also includes correspondence tables showing the relationship of these groups with those in the previous version of the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-88), which it supersedes. Volume 2 provides an updated and expanded index of occupational titles and associated ISCO-08 and ISCO-88 codes.

ISCO-08 was adopted as a resolution of a tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics on updating the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO), held 3–6 December 2007. This meeting was convened by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office (ILO) in accordance with a resolution, in 2003, of the Seventeenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS). The resolution of the Meeting of Experts was endorsed by the Governing Body in March 2008.

ISCO-08, like its predecessors, has been developed to facilitate international comparison of occupational statistics and to serve as a model for countries developing or revising their national occupational classifications. It is fully supported by the international community as an accepted standard for international labour statistics.

The development of ISCO-08 benefited from accumulated national and international experience. David Hunter, of the ILO Department of Statistics, coordinated the project in collaboration with experts from many countries and agencies.

The ILO is grateful for the invaluable advice and guidance provided by these experts, including members of the United Nations Expert Group on International Economic and Social Classifications, the tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics and the Seventeenth ICLS. Special thanks should go to members of the Technical Expert Group for Updating ISCO and the agencies in which they are employed, for the high level of advice, support and direct assistance provided.

Thanks are also due to the many ILO staff in the Department of Statistics and elsewhere who contributed to the completion of this volume, in particular to Adriana Mata-Greenwood who initiated the project.

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INTRODUCTORY AND METHODOLOGICAL NOTES

1. NATURE, OBJECTIVES AND DEVELOPMENT OF ISCO-08

1.1 Overview of ISCO-08

- 1. The International Standard Classification of Occupations 2008 (ISCO-08) provides a system for classifying and aggregating occupational information obtained by means of statistical censuses and surveys, as well as from administrative records. It is a revision of the International Standard Classification of Occupations 1988 (ISCO-88), which it supersedes.
- 2. ISCO-08 is a four-level hierarchically structured classification that allows all jobs in the world to be classified into 436 unit groups. These groups form the most detailed level of the classification structure and are aggregated into 130 minor groups, 43 sub-major groups and 10 major groups, based on their similarity in terms of the skill level and skill specialization required for the jobs. This allows the production of relatively detailed internationally comparable data as well as summary information for only 10 groups at the highest level of aggregation.
- 3. The classification was adopted by a tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics on updating the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO) held from 3 to 6 December 2007. This meeting was convened by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office in accordance with a resolution, in 2003, of the Seventeenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians (ICLS). In this resolution, endorsed by the Governing Body in March 2004, the International Labour Office (ILO) was requested to update ISCO by late 2007 and convene a tripartite Meeting of Experts to adopt the classification and make appropriate recommendations to the Governing Body (ILO, 2004; the full text of the resolution is provided in Annex 1).
- 4. The resolution of the Meeting of Experts was endorsed by the Governing Body in March 2008. It was also presented to both the United Nations Statistical Commission at its 39th session in February 2008, and the Eighteenth ICLS held from 24 November to 5 December 2008. ISCO-08 is thus fully supported by the international community as an accepted standard for international labour statistics.
- 5. Each group in the classification is designated by a title and code number and is associated with a definition that specifies the scope of the group. The definitions also summarize the main tasks and duties performed in occupations included in the group, and provide a list of the occupational groups included or, in the case of unit groups, examples of the occupations. The ISCO-08 hierarchical structure, comprising the group titles and codes, is presented in Part II. Part III presents the complete definitions of all ISCO-08 unit groups, minor groups, sub-major groups and major groups.
- 6. This introduction describes the ISCO-08 development process, its history, conceptual basis, structure and other methodological considerations. General advice is also provided on the application of ISCO-08 in data collection activities in national contexts, including discussion on some of the more difficult distinctions made between categories.
- 7. The main differences between ISCO-08 and ISCO-88, and the reasons for these differences, are summarized in Chapter 3 below. A detailed specification of the correspondence between the old and new classifications is provided in Part IV, which comprises correspondence tables in ISCO-88 code order and ISCO-08 code order.
- 8. Volume 2, *Index of occupational titles*, provides supplementary information on the occupations included in each group, linking real job titles used in the world of work with the categories in the classification structure. It may also serve as a model to assist in the development or adaptation of national indexes of occupation titles where alignment with ISCO-08 is required. Volume 2 is a replacement for the index of occupational titles presented at the back of the ISCO-88 publication and includes 4-digit ISCO-08 and ISCO-88 codes for each occupational descriptor.
- 9. All of the information contained in Volumes 1 and 2 is available on the ISCO website: http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/index.htm. It is planned that this information will be supplemented by an ISCO-08 *Implementation guide* that will provide advice and guidance on adapting ISCO-08 for national use and for the production of internationally comparable information.

1.2 Main objectives of ISCO

- 10. Globalization of the labour market has increased the demand for internationally comparable occupational data for both statistical and administrative purposes. ISCO-08 aims to satisfy this demand by providing:
- (a) a contemporary and relevant basis for the international reporting, comparison and exchange of statistical and administrative information about occupations;
- (b) a useful model for the development of national and regional classifications of occupations; and
- (c) a system that can be used directly in countries that have not developed their own national classifications.
- 11. ISCO seeks to facilitate international communication about occupations by providing statisticians with a framework to make internationally comparable occupational data available, and by allowing international occupational data to be produced in a form that can be useful for research as well as for specific decision-making and action-oriented activities, such as those connected with international migration or job placement.
- 12. It should be emphasized that, while serving as a model, ISCO-08 is not intended to replace any existing national classification of occupations, as the occupation classifications of individual countries should fully reflect both the structure of the national labour market and information needs for nationally relevant purposes. However, countries whose occupational classifications are aligned to ISCO-08 in concept and structure will find it easier to develop the procedures to make their occupational statistics internationally comparable.
- 13. Therefore, the ideal situation is that countries develop national classifications that are tailored to meet both national and international requirements (see Chapter 5). It is recognized, however, that some countries may not have the capacity to develop national classifications in the short to medium term. In these circumstances it is advisable for countries initially to focus limited resources on the development of tools to support implementation of ISCO in the national context, for example a national index of occupational titles.
- 14. Classifications of occupations are used in national contexts for the collection and dissemination of statistics from sources such as population censuses, labour force surveys and other household surveys, employer surveys and other sources. They are also used by governments and companies in activities such as matching jobseekers with job vacancies, educational planning, reporting of industrial accidents, administration of workers' compensation, and the management of employment-related migration.
- 15. In order to satisfy the full range of user requirements implied by the applications outlined above, many countries will wish to provide, in their national classifications, finer structural and definitional details than those contained in ISCO-08. In national classifications based on ISCO this can be achieved either by dividing some unit groups into two or more smaller unit groups, or by providing more detailed occupational groups at a fifth hierarchical level in the national classification. In certain cases, countries may also wish to include descriptive or coded information on job content, skill requirements, linkages to national competency frameworks, and detailed occupational descriptions. This type of information may be of interest for wage settlements, vocational guidance and training, development of vocational training programmes, job placement services, or analysis of occupation-specific morbidity and mortality, but is beyond the scope of ISCO-08.
- 16. It is important to note that, although useful in facilitating the provision of standard information for decision-making on occupational issues, ISCO-08 is not a framework for administrative regulation of occupations. The designations employed and the presentation of descriptive and definitional material in ISCO do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the International Labour Office concerning the legal or regulatory status of any occupational group.

1.3 Historical background

- 17. The development of the International Standard Classification of Occupations goes back many decades and has always been closely connected with the work of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians, which meets under the auspices of the International Labour Organization. The need for an international standard classification of occupations was discussed as early as 1921, at the first ICLS (ILO, 1923 and 1924, Resolution 1, para. 1).
- 18. Work to develop ISCO was initiated in 1947 at the Sixth ICLS and the first positive step towards its establishment was the adoption of a provisional classification of nine major groups by the Seventh ICLS in 1949. In 1952 the ILO published the International Classification of Occupations for Migration and Employment Placement, with detailed descriptions of 1,727 occupations based on the national classifications of eight industrialized countries. At the Eighth ICLS (1954) a provisional list of minor groups was approved. The Ninth ICLS (1957) completed the work by endorsing the major, minor and unit groups of the first ISCO, which was published by the ILO in 1958 and hence is known as ISCO-58. It had been recognized at the Ninth ICLS that ISCO-58 would need to be revised after a certain time. The Eleventh ICLS considered and adopted a revised edition of ISCO (ISCO-68).
- 19. ISCO-68 was superseded by ISCO-88, adopted in 1987 by the Fourteenth ICLS. ISCO-88 represented a significant break from the two previous versions, in that it used the concepts of skill level and skill specialization as criteria to arrange similar occupations into progressively larger groups. The previous versions of ISCO, as well as many national classifications at that time, did not use the concept of skill level to distinguish between groups at the most aggregate level of the classification. Occupation classifications at the time had a stronger focus on the goods and services produced and were frequently quite similar in structure to industrial classifications of economic activities.
- 20. Since its adoption ISCO-88 has been widely used as the basis for development of national and multinational classifications and for the dissemination of international data classified by occupation. Early in the first decade of the 21st century, it became clear, however, that there was a need to update ISCO-88 to reflect changes in the occupational structure of the workforce, as well as to address a number of problems that had been identified during its use in statistical and other applications. There were particular concerns about the need to reflect changes resulting from the impact of developments in information and communications technology on the workforce.
- 21. At the 34th Session of the United Nations Statistical Commission in March 2003, the ILO was asked to develop a timetable for the updating of ISCO-88 that would allow sufficient time for the updated classification, or national adaptations of it, to be available for use in the 2010 round of national population censuses (UN, 2003). In December 2003 the Seventeenth ICLS also discussed the timing of the work to update ISCO-88, as well as the nature and scope of the work to be done, and requested (ILO, 2004) the Governing Body of the ILO to:
 - ensure that the ILO, as the custodian of the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-88), will have the capacity to:
 - (1) undertake the research and consultations necessary to formulate the modifications and updates of ISCO-88 that are necessary to ensure that it can continue to serve as a good model for national occupational classifications to be used for statistics as well as for client-related applications;
 - (2) complete this work not later than the end of 2007 for the results to be taken into account in national preparations for the majority of population censuses that are to be undertaken in the 2010 round.¹

¹ The full text of the resolution is reproduced in Annex 1.

1.4 Overview of the updating process and consultations

- 22. In conducting the work to update ISCO, the ILO consulted as widely as possible with stakeholders and interested parties. The mandate from the ICLS to proceed with the updating of ISCO-88 was informed by a report commissioned by the ILO presenting arguments for and against different paths based on recent experiences with national occupational classifications in a number of countries (Budlender, 2003). Many of the issues raised in this report were further explored, along with others, by means of two questionnaires that were sent to all countries through their ministries of labour, national statistical institutes, employment services, vocational training institutes, and employers' and workers' organizations. Successive drafts of the updated classification structure were sent for comment. The ILO also consulted with a range of specialized agencies, workers' and employers' organizations, and stakeholders with an interest in those occupational areas where most updating was needed.
- 23. An important component of the work was the establishment of a Technical Expert Group for Updating ISCO (TEG/ISCO), to provide the ILO with advice on and assistance with the updating work. This group, comprising experts in occupation classification from all regions of the world and experts from a number of relevant international agencies, met six times during the development of ISCO-08. These meetings were supplemented by the use of ongoing electronic discussions.
- 24. The major issues that were addressed in the updating work included but were not restricted to:
 - the impact of information and communications technology (ICT) on the occupational structure of the labour market;
 - the need for improved coverage of health occupations;
 - user requests for more detail in agricultural, forestry and fisheries occupations;
 - the need to improve the groupings for managerial occupations;
 - concerns that ISCO-88 was very detailed for some technical and manufacturing occupations but had much less detail, especially at intermediate levels of aggregation, for clerical and services-related occupations where a large percentage of employed persons were female;
 - concerns about the existence of parallel groups at different skill levels for occupations that involved the performance of similar or identical tasks;
 - the need for improved coverage of occupations that predominate in the informal sector and of occupations with low skill requirements;
 - the development of thematic (or alternative) views of the classification based primarily on the goods or services produced, independently of skill level;
 - the need to refresh and update definitions of all categories; and
 - the need for the ISCO index of occupational titles to be improved and updated.
- 25. The first, exploratory questionnaire on updating ISCO-88 sought advice on a number of conceptual issues as well as on the treatment of specific occupational groups. The replies to this questionnaire were analysed by the ILO and summarized in a paper that formed the basis for discussions about ISCO at the meeting of the United Nations Expert Group on International Economic and Social Classifications held in New York in June 2005 (ILO, 2005). Following the inaugural meeting of the TEG/ISCO in November 2005, the ILO developed an updated draft classification structure. Detailed examination of this draft by both the ILO and members of the TEG/ISCO led to the identification of a number of new concerns about the ISCO-88 structure and to a series of further proposals for change. A further updated draft classification structure was developed and the ILO sought the views of countries on the draft, and on a range of outstanding issues, through a second questionnaire circulated in August 2006.
- 26. On the basis of the responses to the second questionnaire and of advice provided by the TEG/ISCO, the ILO prepared a "close-to-final" draft classification structure which was made available for comment on the ILO website in February 2007. Comments on this draft were sought from all countries, together with a summary of the main changes. The United Nations Expert Group on International Economic and Social Classifications reviewed the draft at its meeting in April 2007 and discussed a number of areas where significant changes to ISCO-88

were proposed. The ILO then prepared a final draft ISCO-08 structure which was presented as an Annex to the draft resolution concerning updating the International Standard Classification of Occupations, for consideration at the Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics held in December 2007. At this meeting a small number of amendments to the draft were made and the amended classification structure was adopted as the International Standard Classification of Occupations, 2008 (see ILO, 2008).

1.5 Scope of the updating work

- 27. The resolution of the Seventeenth ICLS on ISCO requested the updating and overall improvement of ISCO-88 with the objective of making available a more effective classification, which could be used by countries in the next round of population censuses, as well as in national employment services and other client-oriented applications. It also imposed some limitations on the nature and extent of the revisions that could be made by specifying that:
 - ... the basic principles and main structure of ISCO-88 should not be changed, but that nevertheless modifications are necessary in some areas, both to make improvements in light of experience gained in many countries using ISCO-88-based classifications, and as a consequence of developments in the world of work over the last 15 years ...
- 28. Within the framework of this general restriction the ILO determined, in consultation with the TEG/ISCO and the UN Expert Group on International Economic and Social Classifications, that the nature of the structural and methodological changes that might be made to ISCO-88 would be limited to the following specific types of change:
 - The classification was to be reviewed from the point of view of the relative size and diversity of groups at different levels but, because of the wide differences in national circumstances, it would not be possible to impose strict guidelines on the size of groups.
 - Occupations with the same job content but with different formal education requirements in different countries were to be classified in a single unit group, thus eliminating the need for "parallel groups".
 - The ISCO-88 major groups were to be merged, deleted or otherwise changed only in exceptional circumstances. In practice the 10 major groups were not fundamentally changed although some occupations were moved from one major group to another and the names of some major groups were changed to improve clarity.
 - There was a need for more comprehensive explanatory and methodological notes than those provided with ISCO-88.
 - Sub-major and minor groups should be split or merged only if there had been significant growth or decline in the numbers of people employed in them, and/or where groups at a lower level were split or merged. Sub-major groups should, however, contain sufficiently large numbers to allow the production of meaningful summary statistics. The total number of sub-major groups should not decrease dramatically or grow beyond about 40.
 - Unit groups could be split or merged and new groups could be created to reflect occupational change and newly identified requirements. Unit groups could also be split, where necessary, to support aggregation of data according to a set of proposed thematic views (see section 2.6 below).
 - Unit groups were not to be created for occupations that were very small in numbers of workers, or that existed only in a small number of countries. Such occupations are included as part of a unit group containing similar occupations, or in a suitable "not elsewhere classified" category.
 - The content of residual (not elsewhere classified) groups was to be reviewed. Where such groups were unavoidable, the main occupations classified there were to be listed as part of the definition of the group and in the index.
- 29. In addition to changes of this type, it was recognized that there would be a need to develop definitions of all groups in the classification that were new or modified, to update and refresh the definitions of those groups that had not changed, to update the index of occupation titles, and to provide correspondence tables showing the relationship between ISCO-88 and ISCO-08.

1.6 Definitions of groups

- 30. The process of developing the ISCO-08 structure resulted in the splitting or merging of a number of ISCO-88 unit groups. In some cases, completely new unit groups were created. There was also structural change at the minor and sub-major group levels, including both splitting and merging of groups and movement of unit groups from one part of the classification to another. These changes created the need for definitions of new groups to be developed and of other groups to be reviewed, to make sure they adequately reflected the content of the group.
- 31. The definitions of those groups that were not changed were also reviewed and updated, as the ISCO-88 definitions were almost 20 years old, and there had been significant change in both technology and the organization of work tasks within occupations since the late 1980s.
- 32. At its meeting in April 2007, the TEG/ISCO agreed on a set of principles for developing or updating definitions of ISCO categories. In particular it was agreed that the overall structure of the definitions should be similar to that used in ISCO-88. Some problems were, nevertheless, identified with the structure and content of ISCO-88 definitions, including the following.
 - Notes, footnotes and references to the definitions of categories were used to explain the boundaries and differences between other categories, meaning that some definitions were not capable of standing on their own.
 - Some definitions of unit groups in ISCO-88 Major Group 2 focused excessively on research and theoretical work, with insufficient reference to practical tasks.
 - There was repetition in many definitions of similar phrases that added little in the way
 of descriptive information and made it difficult to identify the key differences between
 groups.
 - There was a lack of clarity about whether the task statements were meant to characterize the main tasks typically performed in an occupational group, or whether all tasks were to be performed in all jobs classified in the group.
- 33. The ILO worked closely with TEG/ISCO members and others to develop up-to-date definitions of all ISCO-08 classification categories. To the extent possible, definitions of categories in recently revised national occupation classifications were used as source material. The use of single-source material was avoided and cross-checking was undertaken wherever possible to avoid the risk of producing descriptions that were biased towards those countries with the most developed occupational information systems.
- 34. Draft definitions of all groups were made available on the Internet for comment, particularly by countries that were in the process of updating national classifications to facilitate comparability with ISCO-08. This consultation process provided the opportunity to improve both the quality and clarity of the definitions.

1.7 Index of occupational titles

- 35. The entries in the ISCO-08 *Index of occupational titles* (Volume 2) include a text description for a wider variety of terms used to describe occupations than is possible in the classification structure. It provides a map between "real world" terms used to describe jobs and the formally named titles of groups defined in the classification structure. Similar indexes are used in national settings as tools to assign classification codes to responses to questions (coding) on occupation in statistical and administrative data collections. It is important to note that national indexes of occupations need to be based on terms used in response to questions in data collections in the national context.
- 36. In considering requirements for an updated index of occupational titles, the TEG/ISCO concluded that the main purposes and likely uses of the ISCO-08 index were the following:
 - to clarify the occupational content of each ISCO unit group;
 - to help users of ISCO to find particular categories in the classification and determine where particular occupations are classified;

- to assist in understanding the relationship between categories in old and new versions of the classification;
- to serve as a model for, and act as a starting point in, the development of national indexes of occupations, for national classifications based on ISCO;
- to be used directly to assign responses in statistical collections to ISCO in situations where no national index exists, and where countries are not able to develop a national index in advance of data processing.²
- 37. The ISCO-88 index did not fully support these uses for a number of reasons. For example, many commonly used occupational titles did not appear in the index. The ILO agreed with the TEG/ISCO on a process to address these concerns and produce an index for ISCO-08, using the ISCO-88 index as a starting point but drawing on terms used in a range of national indexes of occupations. Each entry includes a text descriptor as well as the most appropriate ISCO-08 and ISCO-88 codes. The entries are organized as in the ISCO-88 index, with keywords appearing first, allowing qualifying information to be specified in a structured manner when occupation titles alone relate to more than one ISCO unit group.
- 38. The ISCO-08 *Index of occupational titles* is published as ISCO-08, Volume 2, in alphabetical order and in code order for both ISCO-88 and ISCO-08. It may be obtained in electronic form on the ISCO website: http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/index.htm, or by sending an email to: ISCO@ilo.org. It may be used as a starting point in the development of national coding indexes without breach of ILO copyright.

² As there are wide variations in the usage and meaning of occupational terminology, even between countries that speak the same language, it is strongly recommended that countries develop national indexes based on words that are actually given, or are likely to be given, in response to questions on occupation in the national context.

2. CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK, DESIGN, STRUCTURE AND CONTENT OF ISCO-08

2.1 Underlying concepts

- 39. The framework and the concepts underpinning ISCO-08 are essentially unchanged from those used in ISCO-88. The definitions of these concepts have been updated and guidelines for their application to the design of the classification have been strengthened and clarified, where necessary, to address deficiencies in ISCO-88.
- 40. The framework used for the design and construction of ISCO-08 is based on two main concepts: the concept of *job*, and the concept of *skill*.

Definitions of job and occupation

- 41. A *job* is defined in ISCO-08 as "a set of tasks and duties performed, or meant to be performed, by one person, including for an employer or in self employment".
- 42. Occupation refers to the kind of work performed in a job. The concept of occupation is defined as a "set of jobs whose main tasks and duties are characterized by a high degree of similarity". A person may be associated with an occupation through the main job currently held, a second job, a future job or a job previously held.

Skill level and skill specialization

- 43. *Skill* is defined as the ability to carry out the tasks and duties of a given job. For the purposes of ISCO-08, two dimensions of skill are used to arrange occupations into groups. These are *skill level* and *skill specialization*.
- 44. *Skill level* is defined as a function of the complexity and range of tasks and duties to be performed in an occupation. Skill level is measured operationally by considering one or more of:
 - the nature of the work performed in an occupation in relation to the characteristic tasks and duties defined for each ISCO-08 skill level;
 - the level of formal education defined in terms of the International Standard Classification of Education (ISCED-97) (UNESCO, 1997) required for competent performance of the tasks and duties involved; and
 - the amount of informal on-the-job training and/or previous experience in a related occupation required for competent performance of these tasks and duties.
- 45. The concept of skill level is applied mainly at the top (major group) level of the classification, giving more emphasis to the first of these operational measures, the nature of the work performed, than to the formal and informal education and training requirements.
- 46. Bearing in mind the international character of the classification, only four broad skill levels are defined. As a result, eight of the ten major groups in ISCO-08 contain occupations only at one of four skill levels. For example, ISCO Major Group 2: Professionals includes only occupations at the highest ISCO skill level, Skill Level 4. All groups below the major group level contain occupations at only one skill level.
- 47. Skill specialization is considered in terms of four concepts:
 - the field of knowledge required;
 - the tools and machinery used;
 - the materials worked on or with; and
 - the kinds of goods and services produced.
- 48. Within each major group, occupations are arranged into unit groups, minor groups and sub-major groups, primarily on the basis of aspects of skill specialization. In the case of ISCO-08 Major Group 1: Managers, and Major Group 0: Armed Forces Occupations, the concept of skill level is applied primarily at the second hierarchical level.

2.2 Definitions of the four ISCO skill levels

- 49. Definitions of each of the four ISCO-08 skill levels are provided below. These definitions do not change the boundaries between the skill levels used in ISCO-88. They serve to clarify these boundaries and to deal with cases where formal educational requirements may not be the most suitable method of measuring the skill level of a particular occupation. Each definition provides examples of:
 - the typical or characteristic tasks performed at each skill level;
 - the types of skill required (in broad terms); and
 - the typical occupations classified at that skill level.

Skill Level 1

- 50. Occupations at Skill Level 1 typically involve the performance of simple and routine physical or manual tasks. They may require the use of hand-held tools, such as shovels, or of simple electrical equipment, such as vacuum cleaners. They involve tasks such as cleaning; digging; lifting and carrying materials by hand; sorting, storing or assembling goods by hand (sometimes in the context of mechanized operations); operating non-motorized vehicles; and picking fruit and vegetables.
- 51. Many occupations at Skill Level 1 may require physical strength and/or endurance. For some jobs basic skills in literacy and numeracy may be required. If required these skills would not be a major part of the work.
- 52. For competent performance in some occupations at Skill Level 1, completion of primary education or the first stage of basic education (ISCED-97 Level 1) may be required. A short period of on-the-job training may be required for some jobs.
- 53. Occupations classified at Skill Level 1 include office cleaners, freight handlers, garden labourers and kitchen assistants.

Skill Level 2

- 54. Occupations at Skill Level 2 typically involve the performance of tasks such as operating machinery and electronic equipment; driving vehicles; maintenance and repair of electrical and mechanical equipment; and manipulation, ordering and storage of information.
- 55. For almost all occupations at Skill Level 2 the ability to read information such as safety instructions, to make written records of work completed, and to accurately perform simple arithmetical calculations is essential. Many occupations at this skill level require relatively advanced literacy and numeracy skills and good interpersonal communication skills. In some occupations these skills are required for a major part of the work. Many occupations at this skill level require a high level of manual dexterity.
- 56. The knowledge and skills required for competent performance in occupations at Skill Level 2 are generally obtained through completion of the first stage of secondary education (ISCED-97 Level 2). Some occupations require the completion of the second stage of secondary education (ISCED-97 Level 3), which may include a significant component of specialized vocational education and on-the-job training. Some occupations require completion of vocation-specific education undertaken after completion of secondary education (ISCED-97 Level 4). In some cases experience and on-the-job training may substitute for the formal education.
- 57. Occupations classified at Skill Level 2 include butchers, bus drivers, secretaries, accounts clerks, sewing machinists, dressmakers, shop sales assistants, police officers, hairdressers, building electricians and motor vehicle mechanics.

Skill Level 3

- 58. Occupations at Skill Level 3 typically involve the performance of complex technical and practical tasks that require an extensive body of factual, technical and procedural knowledge in a specialized field. Examples of specific tasks performed include: ensuring compliance with health, safety and related regulations; preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for specific projects; coordinating, supervising, controlling and scheduling the activities of other workers; and performing technical functions in support of professionals.
- 59. Occupations at this skill level generally require a high level of literacy and numeracy and well-developed interpersonal communication skills. These skills may include the ability to understand complex written material, prepare factual reports and communicate verbally in difficult circumstances.
- 60. The knowledge and skills required for competent performance in occupations at Skill Level 3 are usually obtained as the result of study at a higher educational institution for a period of 1–3 years following completion of secondary education (ISCED-97 Level 5b). In some cases extensive relevant work experience and prolonged on-the-job training may substitute for the formal education.
- 61. Occupations classified at Skill Level 3 include shop managers, medical laboratory technicians, legal secretaries, commercial sales representatives, diagnostic medical radiographers, computer support technicians, and broadcasting and recording technicians.

Skill Level 4

- 62. Occupations at Skill Level 4 typically involve the performance of tasks that require complex problem-solving, decision-making and creativity based on an extensive body of theoretical and factual knowledge in a specialized field. The tasks performed typically include analysis and research to extend the body of human knowledge in a particular field, diagnosis and treatment of disease, imparting knowledge to others, and design of structures or machinery and of processes for construction and production.
- 63. Occupations at this skill level generally require extended levels of literacy and numeracy, sometimes at a very high level, and excellent interpersonal communication skills. These skills usually include the ability to understand complex written material and communicate complex ideas in media such as books, images, performances, reports and oral presentations.
- 64. The knowledge and skills required for competent performance in occupations at Skill Level 4 are usually obtained as the result of study at a higher educational institution for a period of 3–6 years leading to the award of a first degree or higher qualification (ISCED-97 Level 5a or higher). In some cases extensive experience and on-the-job training may substitute for the formal education, or may be required in addition to formal education. In many cases appropriate formal qualifications are an essential requirement for entry to the occupation.
- 65. Occupations classified at Skill Level 4 include sales and marketing managers, civil engineers, secondary school teachers, medical practitioners, musicians, operating theatre nurses and computer systems analysts.

2.3 Application of the four skill levels to the ISCO-08 major groups

66. The relationship between the ten ISCO-08 major groups and the four skill levels is summarized in table 1. Within Major Group 1, occupations in Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers are at Skill Level 3. All other occupations in Major Group 1 are at Skill Level 4. Within Major Group 0: Armed Forces Occupations, each of the three sub-major groups is at a different skill level.

Table 1. Mapping of ISCO-08 major groups to skill levels

ISCO-08 major groups	Skill level
1 Managers	3 + 4
2 Professionals	4
3 Technicians and Associate Professionals	3
 4 Clerical Support Workers 5 Services and Sales Workers 6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers 7 Craft and Related Trades Workers 8 Plant and Machine Operators, and Assemblers 	2
9 Elementary Occupations	1
0 Armed Forces Occupations	1 + 2 + 4

67. In those cases where formal education and training requirements are used as part of the measurement of the skill level of an occupation, these requirements are defined in terms of ISCED-97. A mapping between ISCO skill levels and levels of education in ISCED-97 is provided in table 2.

Table 2. Mapping of the four ISCO-08 skill levels to ISCED-97 levels of education³

ISCO-08 skill level	ISCED-97 groups
4	6 Second stage of tertiary education (leading to an advanced research qualification) 5a First stage of tertiary education, 1st degree (medium duration)
3	5b First stage of tertiary education (short or medium duration)
2	 4 Post-secondary, non-tertiary education 3 Upper secondary level of education 2 Lower secondary level of education
1	1 Primary level of education

- 68. The use of ISCED categories to assist in defining the four skill levels does not imply that the skills necessary to perform the tasks and duties of a given job can be acquired only through formal education. The skills may be, and often are, acquired through informal training and experience. In addition, it should be emphasized that the focus in ISCO-08 is on the skills required to carry out the tasks and duties of an occupation and not on whether a worker employed in a particular occupation is more or less skilled than another worker in the same occupation.
- 69. Formal education and training requirements are thus only one component of the measurement of skill level and should be seen as indicative. The most important determinant of skill level is the nature of the tasks performed in a particular occupation in relation to the characteristic tasks defined for each skill level. In considering these tasks, however, it should be noted that the level of generic skills (those skills that are not specific to a particular occupational group and are required for many jobs) may differ significantly between occupations due to the nature of the job. For example, insurance representatives classified at Skill Level 3 may require a higher level of interpersonal communication skills than software developers at Skill Level 4, mainly due to differences in nature of the work performed.
- 70. Since the entity classified is the job, not the person who holds the job, it is not relevant to consider the skills or qualifications held by the person in order to classify the job. It is not necessary for a person to hold qualifications at a particular level in order for their job to be classified at a particular ISCO-08 skill level. Thus, for example, a person who is employed in a job that requires the performance of the tasks of a bricklayer should be classified in Unit Group 7112: Bricklayers and Related Workers, whether or not that person holds formal qualifications as a bricklayer or is a good, bad or indifferent bricklayer. Similarly, a person who

³ At the time of publication it is understood that the revision of ISCED-97 may be completed in 2011. Whilst this would not imply any change in the boundaries between ISCO-08 skill levels, the ILO will provide information about the relationship between any new ISCED levels of education and ISCO-08 skill levels.

is employed in a job that requires the performance of the tasks of a veterinarian should be classified in Unit Group 2250: Veterinarians, whether or not that person holds formal qualifications as a veterinarian or is competent to perform these tasks.

71. Finally, it should be noted that the concept of skill level is applied by considering the level of skill required for competent performance of the tasks required for *entry*-level jobs in a particular occupational group. Some individuals employed in occupations classified at a particular skill level may therefore possess higher or lower skills. The level of skill required for more senior jobs in a particular occupation may also be higher than that required for the occupation as a whole.

2.4 Occupations for which formal education requirements differ between countries

- 72. A particularly significant change in the application of the concept of skill level to the design of ISCO-08 reflects the principle that occupations that involve the performance of the same tasks should always be classified in the same place, even if the formal educational qualifications required or held may differ from one country to another.
- 73. A major problem identified by users of ISCO-88 related to occupations that required the performance of similar tasks and duties (or content) but had a different (higher or lower) skill level requirement, as measured in particular countries based on formal educational qualifications. This is because, given differences in national education systems, the same occupation requiring performance of broadly the same set of tasks and duties can be undertaken by individuals with different levels of formal education, without affecting the level of skill required for competent performance of the tasks.⁴
- 74. The ISCO-88 guidelines recommended that occupations with higher or lower skill requirements, in the national context, than those assigned in ISCO-88 be classified to the major group corresponding to the skill level that was required for such jobs in the country concerned. This approach tended to reduce international comparability, as occupations with similar content in terms of the tasks performed were classified in different ISCO-88 major groups depending on the country. This was particularly the case when skill level was interpreted primarily in terms of the level of formal education and training required in the national context.
- 75. Two of the most obvious cases where this was a problem in ISCO-88 related to the treatment of *nurses* and *primary and pre-primary school teachers*. In some countries, nurses and teachers require a university degree while in others they do not. At the time ISCO-88 was adopted, this situation was resolved by assigning these occupations to parallel minor groups, in Major Groups 2 and 3. These occupational groups were to be used alternatively, that is, countries were to classify all teachers and all nurses either in Major Group 2 or in Major Group 3, except in cases where there were real differences within the country in the tasks and duties performed. Given that ISCO-88 descriptions for teachers and nurses were identical in both major groups, it is understandable that a number of countries made the distinction between professional and associate professional workers on the basis of the educational level of the job holder, or of the typical educational requirements in the country, and not on the basis of the tasks and duties actually performed.
- 76. For ISCO-08, this problem is addressed by giving job content (i.e. tasks and duties) priority over national education and training requirements. In other words, occupations that involve the performance of broadly the same sets of tasks and duties are always classified in the same category in ISCO-08, even in cases where national skill level requirements measured in terms of formal education are different. It is hoped that this will lead to an improvement in international comparability.
- 77. A set of principles and guidelines was developed to help decide what skill level should be assigned to occupations when education and training requirements differ among countries.

⁴ It may be assumed, nevertheless, that more highly qualified or experienced individuals might perform the same tasks with a higher level of competence than those who are less qualified.

These principles are outlined below and were applied *in order of precedence* in helping to determine where in the ISCO-08 structure certain occupations are classified.

- (a) The complexity and range of the tasks and duties involved in the occupation was considered in relation to the definitions for each skill level, with particular reference to the characteristic tasks and duties associated with each skill level.
- (b) Where the formal education requirements were different in only a small number of countries, the skill level was determined on the basis of the requirements that applied in a large majority of countries.
- (c) Where consideration of (a) and (b) above was inconclusive in distinguishing between Skill Levels 1 and 2, occupations that required, in some countries, completion of the first stage of secondary education (ISCED-97 Level 2) and, in other countries, completion of primary education only (ISCED-97 Level 1) were classified at Skill Level 1. This approach was taken because, in many highly industrialized countries, completion of the first stage of secondary education is more or less universal. In such circumstances those who have not completed the first stage of secondary education may not be able to find employment in even the most unskilled of jobs.
- (d) Where consideration of (a), (b) and (c) above was inconclusive, the situation that prevailed in industrialized countries was generally used to determine the skill level of an occupation, but only where there was a consistent approach across a clear majority of these countries. For example, if a degree was required for entry to an occupation for less than half of the countries that are members of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), but a two-year diploma was required in most other countries, then it may have been appropriate to assign the occupation to Skill Level 3. The size of countries as well as the number of countries was also taken into consideration in making judgements of this type. The reason for adopting this approach was that the prevailing situation in industrialized countries was considered likely to eventually become the norm in other countries. Moreover, the higher level of qualification was likely to be a requirement for many occupational migration purposes.

2.5 Classification structure and code scheme

- 78. ISCO-08 is designed so that occupations are arranged into one of 436 unit groups at the most detailed level of the classification hierarchy. It is intended that all jobs in the world can be assigned to one (and only one) of these unit groups. In general, each unit group is made up of several "occupations" that have a high degree of similarity in terms of skill level and skill specialization. Unit groups are in turn arranged into minor groups, minor groups into sub-major groups, and sub-major groups into major groups based on the concept of skill level and on successively broader applications of the concept of skill specialization.
- 79. All but two of the ISCO-08 major groups contain occupations at only one of the four ISCO skill levels. All 43 of the sub-major groups contain occupations at only one skill level. This means that data classified at sub-major, minor or unit group level of ISCO-08 can be aggregated by skill level only, if desired. This is achieved by creating three sub-major groups in Major Group 0: Armed Forces Occupations, for commissioned officers, non-commissioned officers and "other ranks"; and by arranging occupations in Major Group 1: Managers, so that all occupations not at Skill Level 4 are in a single sub-major group, at Skill Level 3. This is a departure from ISCO-88 in which occupations in Major Group 1: Legislators, Senior Officials and Managers, and Major Group 0: Armed Forces, were not assigned a skill level.
- 80. Looking at the hierarchical structure of ISCO-08 from the top down, each of the ten major groups is made up of two or more sub-major groups, which in turn are made up of one or more minor groups. Each of the 130 minor groups is made up of one or more unit groups. Each major group is denoted by a 1-digit code. Each sub-major group is denoted by a 2-digit code, comprising the major group code plus one digit. In the same way, minor groups are denoted by 3-digit codes and unit groups by 4-digit codes comprising the higher level code plus one digit in each case. This convention is illustrated by the following example:

Major Group	5	Services and Sales Workers
Sub-major Group	51	Personal Services Workers
Minor Group	511	Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides
Unit Groups	5111	Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards
	5112	Transport Conductors
	5113	Travel Guides

- 81. Other code conventions used in ISCO-88 have also been adopted in ISCO-08. In particular, where a minor group contains only one unit group the last digit in the unit group code is "0". Where a unit group is a residual group it has the same name as the minor group followed by the words "not elsewhere classified" and its final digit is 9.
- 82. It is important to note that, while some ISCO-88 categories have not been changed, the code for a particular category may or may not have changed because of structural changes around it. Similarly the same code may refer to quite different categories in ISCO-88 and ISCO-08. All conversion or comparison of data between the two classification versions should, therefore, be undertaken by referring to the correspondence tables provided in Part IV.

2.6 Thematic views

- 83. In addition to the main classification structure, a set of standard "thematic groupings" or "views" of ISCO-08 is being developed for certain groups of occupations, where there is a need for a standardized approach towards the aggregation of occupational data according to a particular theme. These occupations are not grouped together in the ISCO-08 main structure because skill level takes precedence. Thematic views are thus a standard alternative way of aggregating occupational data classified at the 4-digit level of ISCO-08, according to aspects of skill specialization, primarily the goods and services produced. They are intended to provide guidance for classifying occupations according to these themes, in order to facilitate the compilation of internationally comparable statistics.
- 84. The thematic views are not intended to be mutually exclusive or jointly exhaustive. Some unit groups may therefore be listed in more than one thematic view, and some unit groups may not be included in any thematic view.
- 85. Thematic views, once finalized, will be released electronically on the ISCO website. It is proposed to develop thematic views of occupations in the areas listed below. The need for these particular groupings has been taken into account in the design of the ISCO-08 structure. Should the need for further thematic views arise these will be provided as required.
 - Agriculture
 - Construction
 - Education
 - Health
 - Information and communication technology
 - Tourism

2.7 Definitions of groups

Purpose of the definitions

86. The main purpose of the definitions of the groups in ISCO-08 is to concisely define the content of each group, so that countries can determine as consistently as possible where in the ISCO structure a particular occupational group should be classified. It is hoped that this will promote the accuracy and international comparability of data in statistical and administrative applications. A supplementary purpose is to provide general descriptive information about the nature of the work performed in the group of occupations concerned. There was no intention

to create an occupational "dictionary" with detailed specifications of work to be performed in particular occupations.

87. To the extent possible, definitions of ISCO-08 groups are intended to be able to stand alone. In other words, the essence of a group should be able to be understood without making reference to the definitions of other categories.

Structure and content of the definitions

- 88. The overall structure of the definitions is the same as that used in ISCO-88, except that the use of both notes and footnotes as addenda to definitions has been replaced by an optional field for each definition called "Notes" (see para. 96 below).
- 89. All definitions therefore begin with a lead statement, which is followed by a statement of tasks performed and a list of inclusions and, where necessary, exclusions and notes. A similar approach is adopted for groups at all levels of the classification, although there are some differences in format and wording conventions.
- 90. The lead statement summarizes the scope and basic nature of the group and usually comprises one or two sentences. In general, the most important or key aspect of the work performed, that distinguishes the group concerned from other groups, is mentioned first. In some cases a sentence is added that refers only to some of the occupations classified in the group. It is not necessary for all jobs classified in a group to perform all kinds of work identified in the lead statement.
- 91. Statements of tasks performed indicate the main tasks typically, or usually, performed in occupations classified in the group. The statement does not generally include all tasks performed in all jobs classified in the group, but may include some tasks that are important in only some of the jobs classified there. In general, lists of tasks contain between five and ten items, but there are some cases where more or fewer items are required.
- 92. Tasks that are unique to a particular occupation within a group are included as separate items only if they are a particularly important component of the occupation concerned, and cannot be incorporated in a more general statement that also applies to other occupations. For example, the definition of Unit Group 2263: Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals includes the following tasks that are specific to occupational health and safety advisers, because these are particularly important elements of the work of that occupation:
- (a) recording and investigating injuries and equipment damage, and reporting safety performance;
- (b) coordinating arrangements for the compensation, rehabilitation and return to work of injured workers.
- 93. When a sub-major or minor group contains only one group at the next level down in the hierarchy, the substantive content of the lead statement and task statement is identical for both groups.
- 94. For major, sub-major and minor groups, the list of tasks performed is followed by a list of the groups included at the next level down in the classification hierarchy. For unit groups the list of tasks is followed by a list of "examples of the occupations classified here". These lists aim to give an indication of the occupations and job titles included in the group. They do not define a fifth hierarchical level of the classification. The occupations listed are not exhaustive and in some cases are simply commonly occurring occupational titles, which may in reality refer to the same or very similar occupations. More comprehensive information about the detailed content of each unit group is provided in the *Index of occupational titles*, sorted in code order. The purpose of the list of included occupations is informative rather than prescriptive, and it should be borne in mind that the usage of occupational titles in some countries may differ from the usage implied in ISCO-08.
- 95. An optional list of "related occupations classified elsewhere" is included where there is a potential for confusion between occupations with similar titles or work content.

96. Some definitions of groups contain additional "Notes". The notes are used primarily to clarify the boundaries between related groups where this may not be entirely clear based on the descriptive material, where there is potential for confusion, or if there is a need for a comment about a particular occupational group. In general, similar or identical text appears in the notes added to all of the groups mentioned in a particular note, so that the definition of each group may stand alone.

3. MAJOR CHANGES BETWEEN ISCO-88 AND ISCO-08

3.1 Summary of changes and the reasons for them

- 97. Although the conceptual model used to guide the development of ISCO-08 has not been fundamentally changed from that used in ISCO-88, there are significant differences in the treatment of some occupational groups. These differences reflect the need to address concerns about specific difficulties experienced in the use of ISCO-88, as well as the need to reflect occupational change in the 20-year period since its development.
- 98. The overall system of major groups, sub-major groups, minor groups and unit groups used in ISCO-88 has been retained in ISCO-08. The ten major groups at the top level of the ISCO-88 structure can still be found in ISCO-08. The names of some of the major groups have been changed slightly so as to more clearly indicate their content, and some occupational groups have been moved from one major group to another. As a result, conversion of data directly from ISCO-88 major groups to ISCO-08 major groups is not possible.
- 99. A number of completely new sub-major groups, minor groups and unit groups have been introduced to ISCO-08, and several ISCO-88 groups at these levels have been merged with other groups or split into several groups.
- 100. These changes imply a break in series between statistics based on ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 at all levels in the classification hierarchy, although there is a one-to-one correspondence between some specific groups below the major group level. Full tables showing all correspondences at unit group level between ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 are provided in Part IV. The tables are presented in both ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 order.
- 101. Many of the changes address concerns that ISCO-88 was seriously out of date in some areas, most notably as a result of the impact of developments in technology on professional, technical and clerical work associated with the use of computers and telecommunications. Some categories in ISCO-88 have therefore been merged, split or moved to reflect occupational and technological change in the labour market. New categories have been created to allow for the identification of new or emerging occupational groups. To assist time series analysis, ISCO-88 unit groups have not been split and joined to parts of other ISCO-88 unit groups, except where this was unavoidable.
- 102. In addition, there are some changes in the way the ISCO conceptual model is applied to the design of the classification. Most notably, the nature of the work performed has been given more emphasis than formal education and training requirements in determining the skill level of an occupation.
- 103. Other changes in the classification structure respond to concerns that ISCO-88 was excessively detailed in some areas and inadequately detailed in others, and that there was a wide variation in the size of some sub-major and minor groups. Wherever possible, efforts have been made to ensure that the level of detail provided in ISCO-08 is appropriate and useful considering its main purposes. It is intended that these changes will make it easier to produce estimates from sample surveys for ISCO-08 sub-major and minor groups than was the case with ISCO-88. Given the nature of the occupational distribution of the labour market at the international level, and the variety of uses of ISCO, these concerns about the size of groups and about differing levels of detail in different parts of the classification were important but not overriding considerations.
- 104. In some cases there were concerns that it was not feasible to make distinctions between certain categories in ISCO-88 on a consistent basis internationally, especially considering the kind of data that it is possible to collect in a census or in surveys. In such cases, for example the treatment of managerial occupations in agriculture, adjustments have been made in ISCO-08 to improve both consistency of reporting and international comparability.
- 105. Some of the more significant changes are summarized below.
 - The sections of the classification dealing with managerial occupations have been reorganized so as to overcome problems experienced by users of ISCO-88.
 - Some additional unit groups and one new minor group have been created for selected supervisory occupations, but only in areas where supervisors commonly perform significantly different tasks from the workers they supervise.

- Occupations associated with information and communication technology have been updated and expanded, allowing for the identification of professional and associate professional occupations in this field as sub-major groups.
- ISCO-88 included parallel groups appearing in different major groups to cater for cases where the education and training requirements for a particular occupational group differed between countries because of differences in responsibilities and degree of supervision. Parallel groups do not appear in ISCO-08 when the tasks performed are essentially the same.
- Occupations concerned with the provision of health services have been expanded, in order to provide sufficient detail to allow ISCO-08 to be used as the basis for the international reporting of data on the health workforce. These occupations have been grouped together, where possible, to provide two sub-major groups and a separate minor group devoted to occupations in health services.
- The section of the classification dealing with office clerks has been reorganized to reflect the increasing impact of information and communications technology and to provide more meaningful detail for occupations in which large numbers of women are employed.
- The aggregate groups for sales and service workers has been reorganized, including the provision of new sub-major groups for personal services workers, personal care workers and protective services workers.
- More detailed categories and greater clarity are provided for some occupational groups involved in agriculture.
- More detailed categories are provided for occupations involved in the provision of information and services to clients, including those related to tourism.
- The groups for plant and machine operators have been restructured and reorganized in response to concerns that this part of ISCO-88 was excessively detailed and out-of-date in some areas.
- The coverage and visibility of occupations that are significant in informal employment⁵ have been improved, leading to an associated increase in the number of sub-major groups in ISCO-08 Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations, compared to ISCO-88.

106. The result of these changes is a modest increase in detail at each level of the classification except at the top level. These changes are not distributed evenly across the classification structure however. Table 3 shows that the number of unit groups in Major Group 2: Professionals, and Major Group 5: Services and Sales Workers, has increased significantly, whereas the number of unit groups in Major Group 8: Plant and Machine Operators, and Assemblers has significantly decreased.

Table 3. Numbers of groups at each level of ISCO-08

Major group	Sub-major groups	Minor groups	Unit groups
1 Managers	4 (3)	11 (8)	31 (33)
2 Professionals	6 (4)	27 (18)	92 (55)
3 Technicians and Associate Professionals	5 (4)	20 (21)	84 (73)
4 Clerical Support Workers	4(2)	8 (7)	29 (23)
5 Services and Sales Workers	4(2)	13 (9)	40 (23)
6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers	3 (2)	9 (6)	18 (17)
7 Craft and Related Trades Workers	5 (4)	14 (16)	66 (70)
8 Plant and Machine Operators, and Assemblers	3	14 (20)	40 (70)
9 Elementary Occupations	6 (3)	11 (10)	33 (25)
0 Armed Forces Occupations	3 (1)	3 (1)	3(1)
Total ISCO-08 (ISCO-88)	43 (28)	130 (116)	436 (390)

Note: Numbers for ISCO-88 are shown in brackets where different.

⁵ For information on the definition of informal employment see *Guidelines concerning the statistical definition of informal employment* adopted by the Seventeenth ICLS in 2003, in ILO, 2004.

3.2 Managerial and supervisory occupations

Managers, senior officials and legislators

- 107. Managerial occupations classified in Major Group 1 were reorganized to overcome problems with the distinction between "corporate" managers and "general" managers experienced by users of ISCO-88. These changes address problems caused by the use, in ISCO-88, of categories based on classifications of industrial activities as well as a number of other technical and practical concerns.
- 108. In ISCO-08 managerial occupations are organized along functional rather than industrial lines. This means that managers with specialist functions such as human resources or manufacturing production are identifiable, irrespective of the industry they work in or of whether they manage a department in a large enterprise or manage a small enterprise whose business is to provide that function.
- 109. ISCO-88 Minor Group 121: Directors and Chief Executives appears in ISCO-08 as Minor Group 112: Managing Directors and Chief Executives. It was grouped with ISCO-88 Submajor Group 11: Legislators and Senior Officials to form ISCO-08 Sub-major Group 11: Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators. All jobs that require leadership and management of large and complex organizations, that typically have a hierarchy of managers, are thus classified in a single sub-major group, with more detailed breakdowns at minor and unit group levels.
- 110. The remainder of ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 12: Corporate Managers, and Sub-major Group 13: General Managers, are replaced by three new sub-major groups resulting in the following sub-major group structure for ISCO-08 Major Group 1: Managers:
 - 11 Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators
 - 12 Administrative and Commercial Managers
 - 13 Production and Specialized Services Managers
 - 14 Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers
- 111. Jobs in both Sub-major Groups 12 and 13 generally require high levels of skill in specific fields, typically acquired as the result of an extended university education and several years of experience in a related occupation classified in Major Group 2: Professionals. These occupations are associated (along with those in Sub-major Group 11) with the highest ISCO skill level (Level 4). Occupations in Sub-major Group 14 are associated with ISCO Skill Level 3.
- 112. Sub-major Group 12: Administrative and Commercial Managers includes the managers of organizational units that typically provide services or support functions across organizations. They may be managers of departments within companies or government departments, or the managers of small companies that provide these services to other organizations. The recruitment manager of a large corporation and the manager of a small company that provides recruitment services to other organizations are both classified in ISCO-08 Unit Group 1212: Human Resource Managers, as they have primary skills in common. In ISCO-88 the former would have been classified in Sub-major Group 12: Corporate Managers, and the latter in Sub-major Group 13: General Managers. Managerial occupations that require high levels of skill in administrative, financial or commercial matters are thus now classified in a single sub-major group and are identifiable at unit group level according to the particular professional and technical skills required.
- 113. Sub-major Group 13: Production and Specialized Services Managers is for managers responsible for management of the production of the goods or services provided by the organization that they work in. Managers of departments in large organizations or managers of small organizations focused on the production of goods, or of specialized services (except administrative and commercial services), are thus included in a single sub-major group and organized into minor groups or unit groups according to the type of specialized production or service provision.
- 114. ISCO-88 Unit Group 1221: Production and Operations Department Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing has been replaced with a new minor group containing

two unit groups, as shown below. This group is restricted to those who manage production in large-scale enterprises such as ranches and plantations that typically have a hierarchy of managers.

131 Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

1311 Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers

1312 Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers

115. ISCO-88 Unit Group 1311: General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing has been removed from Major Group 1. The occupations included within this category were moved to ISCO-08 Sub-major Group 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers, or to Sub-major Group 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers. They were merged with the relevant groups of skilled agricultural, hunting, forestry or fishery workers. The reason for this change is that the distinction, in ISCO-88, between this group and farmers that do not have a significant management function is not feasible in a number of countries. This led to significant inconsistencies in the international reporting of data.

116. Jobs in Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers generally, although not exclusively, involve management of relatively small organizations that do not have a hierarchy of managers. They do not normally require formal educational qualifications at professional level. It should be noted, however, that managers of large retail and hospitality establishments, such as large supermarkets, department stores or hotels, are also classified in the relevant unit groups in Sub-major Group 14. Although some such establishments may have a hierarchy of managers, it is neither practical nor useful to classify managers of very large supermarkets or hotels separately from the managers of medium-sized and small ones. Chief executive officers and specialized managers of hotel management companies, retail chains and hotel chains are nevertheless classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Groups 11, 12 or 13, if they are responsible for activities of groups of hotels or sales outlets.

117. It is also important to note that owner-operators and employee-operators of businesses are only classified in Major Group 1 if management tasks are a significant component of the work. Definitional notes are provided to make it clear that operators of shops, guest houses, cafés, restaurants, bars and similar establishments, for whom management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work, are classified elsewhere, usually in Major Group 5: Services and Sales Workers. Although this distinction is not conceptually different from the approach adopted under ISCO-88, the absence of explicit advice about the treatment of this group may have led, in some national applications or adaptations of ISCO-88, to the inclusion of relatively large numbers of operators of small business in ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 13: General Managers.

118. A new Unit Group 5221: Shopkeepers is provided for the particularly important group of workers who own and operate retail shops either independently or with support from a small number of others. Operators of guest houses, restaurants, cafés and similar establishments are classified according to the main tasks performed, for example as domestic housekeepers, cooks or waiters.

Supervisory occupations

119. In ISCO-88 supervisors were generally classified in the same unit group as the workers they supervised. Many countries, however, consider it important to distinguish supervisors from other workers, including managers, in specific sectors where supervisors do not mainly perform the same tasks as the workers supervised. To reflect this concern, unit groups for supervisory occupations are included in ISCO-08 for selected supervisory occupational groups.

120. Due to the additional skill level requirements for some supervisory jobs, a new Minor Group 312: Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors was created in Sub-major Group 31: Science and Engineering Associate Professionals. For similar reasons, a unit group for office supervisors is included in Minor Group 334: Administrative and Specialized Secretaries.

- 121. The supervisory unit groups in ISCO-08 are:
 - 3121 Mining Supervisors
 - 3122 Manufacturing Supervisors
 - 3123 Construction Supervisors
 - 3341 Office Supervisors
 - 5151 Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments
 - 5222 Shop Supervisors
- 122. All other supervisory occupations are classified in the same unit group as the most skilled workers supervised. Definitional material is provided for relevant categories, to ensure that the distinctions between managerial, supervisory and other occupations in ISCO-08 are as clear as possible.

3.3 Professional and technical occupations

Information and communications technology (ICT)

123. Technological change over the 20-year period since ISCO-88 was developed meant that ISCO-88 was particularly out of date with respect to occupations involved in the provision of goods and services related to information and communications technology (ICT). The significant update and expansion of categories for these occupations allows the identification in ISCO-08 of professional and associate professional occupations in ICT as sub-major groups at the second level of the classification, as shown below.

25 Information and Communications Technology Professionals

- 251 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
 - 2511 Systems Analysts
 - 2512 Software Developers
 - 2513 Web and Multimedia Developers
 - 2514 Applications Programmers
 - 2519 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified
- 252 Database and Network Professionals
 - 2521 Database Designers and Administrators
 - 2522 Systems Administrators
 - 2523 Computer Network Professionals
 - 2529 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

35 Information and Communications Technicians

- 351 Information and Communications Technology Operations and User Support Technicians
 - 3511 Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians
 - 3512 Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians
 - 3513 Computer Network and Systems Technicians
 - 3514 Web Technicians
- 352 Telecommunications and Broadcasting Technicians
 - 3521 Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians
 - 3522 Telecommunications Engineering Technicians
- 124. The proposed thematic view for ICT occupations will include all of the occupations in Sub-major Groups 25 and 35 listed above, as well as a number of other unit groups that primarily involve the production of ICT goods and services such as:
 - 1330 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers
 - 2152 Electronics Engineers
 - 2153 Telecommunications Engineers

2166 Graphic and Multimedia Designers

2356 Information Technology Trainers

2434 Information and Communications Technology Sales Professionals

7422 Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers

125. The growing convergence between information and telecommunications technologies is reflected by including unit groups that are specific to telecommunications (including broadcasting) in the same minor groups as other occupations in ICT. In addition, some unit groups cover both information and telecommunications technologies where there is convergence in the skills required in the labour market including, for example, Unit Group 7422: Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers.

126. ISCO-08 includes many occupations that involve specialized skills in the use of ICT as a tool, or where the use of these technologies is a major component of the work. These occupations are not included in the two sub-major groups mentioned above, nor is it intended to include them in the proposed thematic view, as they do not primarily involve the production of ICT goods and services. Examples of ISCO-08 unit groups where the use of ICT as a tool is an important defining characteristic include the following:

3211 Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians

4222 Contact Centre Information Clerks

5244 Contact Centre Salespersons

Health services occupations

127. The coverage of health services occupations has been extended to provide sufficient detail to allow ISCO-08 to be used as the basis for the international reporting of data on the health workforce to the World Health Organization (WHO).⁶ The changes also seek to address problems of comparability between countries caused by difficulties in distinguishing between certain occupational groups, particularly in nursing.

128. To improve the visibility of statistics on the health workforce, new sub-major groups for health occupations have been created in Major Groups 2 and 3. The structure of the new Sub-major Groups 22: Health Professionals and 32: Health Associate Professionals is presented below:

22 Health Professionals

221 Medical Doctors

2211 Generalist Medical Practitioners

2212 Specialist Medical Practitioners

222 Nursing and Midwifery Professionals

2221 Nursing Professionals

2222 Midwifery Professionals

223 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals2230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals

224 Paramedical Practitioners

2240 Paramedical Practitioners

225 Veterinarians

2250 Veterinarians

226 Other Health Professionals

2261 Dentists

2262 Pharmacists

2263 Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals

⁶ For a discussion on the use of classification schemes in health workforce analysis see Hunter, Dal Poz and Kunjumen, 2009.

- 2264 Physiotherapists
- 2265 Dieticians and Nutritionists
- 2266 Audiologists and Speech Therapists
- 2267 Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians
- 2269 Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

32 Health Associate Professionals

- 321 Medical and Pharmaceutical Technicians
 - 3211 Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians
 - 3212 Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians
 - 3213 Pharmaceutical Technicians and Assistants
 - 3214 Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians
- 322 Nursing and Midwifery Associate Professionals
 - 3221 Nursing Associate Professionals
 - 3222 Midwifery Associate Professionals
- 323 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals3230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals
- 324 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
 - 3240 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
- 325 Other Health Associate Professionals
 - 3251 Dental Assistants and Therapists
 - 3252 Medical Records and Health Information Technicians
 - 3253 Community Health Workers
 - 3254 Dispensing Opticians
 - 3255 Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants
 - 3256 Medical Assistants
 - 3257 Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates
 - 3258 Ambulance Workers
 - 3259 Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

129. A number of other points of difference between ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 should be noted in the treatment of professional and associate professional occupations in health. In ISCO-08:

- Separate unit groups are provided for generalist and specialist medical practitioners.
- Separate unit groups are provided for nursing and midwifery occupations at both professional and associate professional level.
- The distinction between professional and associate professional nurses and midwives is made on the basis of the type of work performed and not on the basis of the qualifications held (or typically held) by individuals in the country concerned. The differences in the tasks performed have been made clear in the definitions of these categories.
- A new Minor Group 224: Paramedical Practitioners has been created. Jobs that were classified to ISCO-88 Unit Group 3221: Medical Assistants should be classified in this minor group, if they involve the provision of advisory, diagnostic, curative and preventive care services either working autonomously or under limited supervision of medical doctors.
- Veterinarians and veterinary technicians and assistants are included in the sub-major
 groups for health professionals and associate professionals respectively, because of the
 strong similarity with human health occupations in the field of knowledge required and
 tasks performed. They are identified at minor group level so that data on occupations
 that involve the provision of human health services can be compiled, by exclusion, from
 data reported at this level.
- Ambulance workers are classified in Sub-major Group 32, whereas in ISCO-88 they were included in Major Group 5: Service Workers and Shop and Market Sales Workers.
- Emergency paramedics are classified in the same unit group as ambulance officers, as it is difficult to distinguish them from ambulance workers in statistical collections in some countries.

• Medical and dental prosthetic and related technicians have been moved from ISCO-88 Major Group 7: Craft and Related Trades Workers to ISCO-08 Sub-major Group 32.

130. The changes in the classification of practitioners of traditional and complementary medicine are particularly significant. Practitioners of traditional medicine exist at professional level (ISCO Skill Level 4) in large numbers in many Asian countries, and are increasing in number in North America and Europe. These occupations generally require extensive formal education in both traditional and modern (allopathic) medicine. Minor groups were therefore created for traditional and complementary medicine professionals, and for traditional and complementary medicine associate professionals, replacing the single unit group in Major Group 3 provided in ISCO-88. A discussion on the boundaries between these two groups can be found in section 4.4 below.

131. In addition to the changes made for professional and associate professional occupations in health, a separate Sub-major Group 53: Personal Care Workers is also provided. This group replaces ISCO-88 Minor Group 513: Personal Care and Related Workers. Those involved in the provision of health services are identified separately at the minor group level from those involved in child care, as follows:

53 Personal Care Workers

531 Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides

5311 Child Care Workers

5312 Teachers' Aides

532 Personal Care Workers in Health Services

5321 Health Care Assistants

5322 Home-based Personal Care Workers

5329 Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified

132. It is intended that the occupations involved in the provision of human health services in Sub-major Groups 21, 31 and 53 (that is, excluding those minor groups relating to veterinary care and child care) will be included in the proposed thematic view for health occupations. A number of other unit groups that were not separately identified in ISCO-88 may also be included, in particular:

1342 Health Services Managers

1343 Aged Care Services Managers

3344 Medical Secretaries

Teachers

133. In ISCO-88, primary school teachers and pre-primary school teachers were classified in either Major Group 2: Professionals or Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals. The intention was that the distinction should depend on the specific tasks and degree of responsibility in executing them, as well as on the national education and training requirements. In practice the distinction was often based on the qualifications held by individuals, or on the qualifications predominantly held in a particular country. This approach is not consistent with the principle adopted for ISCO-08 that occupations that require the performance of similar tasks should be classified in the same group. Although in a number of countries these teachers do not require the same level of education and training as secondary school teachers, it was agreed that they should all be classified in Major Group 2. This reflects both the nature of the work performed and the requirement in many countries that primary and pre-primary school teachers should be educated at least to university degree level.

134. Categories have also been provided for vocational education teachers and for some specialized categories of teacher. Those who teach vocational subjects that prepare students for employment in a particular occupational group are classified in Unit Group 2320: Vocational Education Teachers, whether they work in a general secondary school or in a vocational or technical school or college.

Arts, entertainment, design and sports occupations

135. Occupations in arts, entertainment, design and sport were classified in ISCO-88 in Minor Groups 245: Writers and Creative or Performing Artists and 347: Artistic, Entertainment and Sports Associate Professionals. This meant that musicians and dancers, for example, were classified in different major groups depending on whether or not they performed in classical or less formal settings. This does not reflect the reality of contemporary employment in arts and entertainment.

136. In response to this and to a range of other concerns about the treatment of these occupations in ISCO-88, the following changes have been made in ISCO-08:

- (a) The arts- and media-related unit groups in ISCO-88 Minor Group 347 have been merged, where possible, with the equivalent unit groups from ISCO-88 Minor Group 245.
- (b) A new Minor Group 264: Authors, Journalists and Linguists has been created. This allows the separate identification at unit group level of authors and related writers; journalists; and translators, interpreters and other linguists.
- (c) The remaining arts workers are classified in a new Minor Group 265: Creative and Performing Artists, where additional detail is provided at unit group level by identifying actors separately from film, stage and related directors and producers.
- (d) ISCO-88 Unit Group 3471: Decorators and Commercial Designers has been split to form three new unit groups:
 - 2163 Product and Garment Designers
 - 2166 Graphic and Multimedia Designers
 - 3432 Interior Designers and Decorators
- (e) A new Minor Group 216: Architects, Planners, Surveyors and Designers has been created in recognition that building, graphic, multimedia and other design occupations all require a combination of functional, creative and artistic skills.
- (f) A new Minor Group 342: Sports and Fitness Workers has been created.
- (g) Photographers are separately identified from other image and sound recording equipment operators (who are classified in Sub-major Group 35: Information and Communications Technicians).
- (h) A new Minor Group 343: Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals has been created and contains the new unit groups for photographers; interior designers and decorators; gallery, museum and library technicians; chefs; and a residual category.

Engineering professionals

137. ISCO-88 Minor Group 214: Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals has been split. This allows the inclusion of architects, cartographers, surveyors and town and traffic planners in the new Minor Group 216 mentioned above. A new Minor Group 215: Electrotechnology Engineers includes separate unit groups for electrical, electronics and telecommunications engineers. Industrial and production engineers, and environmental engineers, are now separately identified as unit groups in Minor Group 214: Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology) along with the remaining unit groups from ISCO-88 Minor Group 214.

Specialized administrative occupations

138. New minor groups and unit groups are provided in Major Groups 1, 2 and 3 to allow for the better identification of occupations that involve the development, implementation and administration of government and corporate policy, and of administrative occupations requiring highly specialized skills. These include but are not restricted to:

- 121 Business Services and Administration Managers
 - 1211 Finance Managers
 - 1212 Human Resource Managers
 - 1213 Policy and Planning Managers
 - 1219 Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

- 122 Sales, Marketing and Development Managers
 - 1221 Sales and Marketing Managers
 - 1222 Advertising and Public Relations Managers
 - 1223 Research and Development Managers
- 242 Administration Professionals
 - 2421 Management and Organization Analysts
 - 2422 Policy Administration Professionals
 - 2423 Personnel and Careers Professionals
 - 2424 Training and Staff Development Professionals
- 334 Administrative and Specialized Secretaries
 - 3341 Office Supervisors
 - 3342 Legal Secretaries
 - 3343 Administrative and Executive Secretaries
 - 3344 Medical Secretaries
- 139. These changes are aimed, in part, at addressing concerns that ISCO-88 catered inadequately for administrative occupations in government service. Whilst all of the occupations listed above are relevant for both the public and private sectors, some of them are particularly relevant for the public sector, most notably Unit Groups 1213: Policy and Planning Managers and 2422: Policy Administration Professionals.
- 140. With the exception of some very specific groups, such as those occupations included in Minor Group 335: Government Regulatory Associate Professionals, ISCO-08 makes no distinction between administrative occupations in the public sector and the private sector. Almost all ISCO-08 unit groups may therefore include jobs in both sectors. In determining the most appropriate ISCO-08 code for jobs in the civil service, therefore, it is important to consider the nature of the work performed rather than classifying jobs based only on the civil service grade or job title.

Sub-major and minor group structures for professional and technical occupations

141. The changes discussed in the sections above, combined with the provision of additional detail in a number of other areas of the classification, necessitated a significant reorganization of the structures of Major Group 2: Professionals and Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals. This reorganization was also guided by a desire to avoid retaining groups at the second and third levels of the classification hierarchy that were excessively small in terms of the total number of jobs counted in each group. The sub-major group structures for Major Groups 2 and 3 of ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 are compared in tables 4 and 5.

Table 4	Sub-major groups	in Major Group	2. Professionals	ISCO-88 and ISCO-08

ISCO-88 code	ISCO-88 title	ISCO-08 code	ISCO-08 title
21	Physical, Mathematical and Engineering Science Professionals	21	Science and Engineering Professionals
22	Life Science and Health Professionals	22	Health Professionals
23	Teaching Professionals	23	Teaching Professionals
24	Other Professionals	24	Business and Administration Professionals
		25	Information and Communications Technology Professionals
		26	Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals

ISCO-8 code	88 ISCO-88 title	ISCO-08 code	ISCO-08 title
31	Physical and Engineering Science Associate Professionals	31	Science and Engineering Associate Professionals
32	Life Science and Health Associate Professionals	32	Health Associate Professionals
33	Teaching Associate Professionals	33	Business and Administration Associate Professionals
34	Other Associate Professionals	34	Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals
		35	Information and Communications Technicians

Table 5. Sub-major groups in Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, ISCO-88 and ISCO-08

3.4 Clerical, sales and services occupations

Office clerks

142. ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 41: Office Clerks has been split into three sub-major groups to reflect the impact of developments in ICT on the organization of work, and to provide more meaningful detail for occupations in which large numbers of women are employed. Sub-major Group 42: Customer Services Clerks has been retained. ISCO-08 Major Group 4: Clerical Support Workers thus comprises four sub-major groups:

- 41 General and Keyboard Clerks
- 42 Customer Services Clerks
- 43 Numerical and Material Recording Clerks
- 44 Other Clerical Support Workers
- 143. Other changes affecting office clerks include:
 - a new minor group for general office clerks (411), in line with practice in a number of national occupation classifications;
 - splitting ISCO-88 Minor Group 411: Secretaries and Keyboard-operating Clerks, to provide separate minor groups for those clerks who primarily operate keyboards and for general secretaries;
 - the merging of four ISCO-88 unit groups into two ISCO-08 unit groups for keyboard operators 4131: Typists and Word Processing Operators, and 4132: Data Entry Clerks;
 - the separate identification of library clerks from filing and copying clerks; and
 - a new unit group for personnel clerks.

Occupations involved in the provision of information and services to clients

144. The scope of ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 42: Customer Services Clerks has not been changed significantly, with the notable exception that ISCO-88 Unit Group 4211: Cashiers and Ticket Clerks has been moved to ISCO-08 Sub-major Group 52: Sales Workers, because of the close relationship of the work performed in many jobs in this unit group with that performed by sales assistants. The group is also represented as a minor group, so as to improve its visibility in summary statistics.

145. More detailed categories are provided for occupations involved in the provision of information and services to clients, including those related to tourism. The number of unit groups in Minor Group 422: Client Information Workers (Client Information Clerks in ISCO-88) has, as a result, increased from 3 to 8.

422 Client Information Workers

4221 Travel Consultants and Clerks

4222 Contact Centre Information Clerks

4223 Telephone Switchboard Operators

4224 Hotel Receptionists

4225 Enquiry Clerks

4226 Receptionists (general)

4227 Survey and Market Research Interviewers

4229 Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

146. ISCO-88 Unit Group 3414: Travel Consultants and Organisers has been merged with Unit Group 4221: Travel Agency and Related Clerks, on the basis that the distinction between these groups was not clear. The resulting ISCO-08 Unit Group 4221: Travel Consultants and Clerks includes those who make travel and accommodation bookings, issue travel tickets, and/or provide advice and information on local attractions and accommodation. Workers who register passengers for check-in and departure at airports and other transportation facilities are also included in Unit Group 4221 as they require similar skills to travel agency clerks in issuing tickets, rearranging itineraries and so on, and are not distinguishable in practice from airline employees who sell and issue tickets.

147. Tour operators, who plan, design and organize package and group tours, and make bulk travel and accommodation bookings, were included in ISCO-88 Unit Group 3414. They have not been included in ISCO-08 Unit Group 4221 and are explicitly listed as an occupation included in Unit Group 3339: Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified.

Sales workers

148. The number of unit groups in Sub-major Group 52 has increased from 3 to 13 and the minor group structure of the group has been modified. This increase is in part a result of the movement to Sub-major Group 52 of street food vendors (5212: Street Food Salespersons in ISCO-08) and door-to-door and telephone sales persons from Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations; and the movement of cashiers and ticket salespersons from Major Group 4: Clerks. Additional detail is also provided through the separate identification of the following unit groups:

5221 Shopkeepers

5222 Shop Supervisors

5223 Shop Sales Assistants

5242 Sales Demonstrators

5243 Door-to-door Salespersons

5244 Contact Centre Salespersons⁷

5245 Service Station Attendants

5246 Food Service Counter Attendants

5249 Sales Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Personal and protective services workers

149. In addition to the creation of a separate sub-major group for personal care workers mentioned above in the discussion on health services occupations, ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 51: Personal and Protective Services Workers has been further subdivided to allow the creation of separate sub-major groups for personal services workers and for protective services workers. Additional detail is also provided at minor and unit group levels. These changes are illustrated in table 6 which compares the sub-major group and minor group structures of Major Group 5 in ISCO-88 and ISCO-08.

150. The need for information about workers who provide sexual services on a commercial basis differs from country to country. In a number of countries there is a demand for data about this group, who may operate lawfully and be regulated by government authorities.

⁷ Includes Internet salespersons.

In many countries, however, it is unlawful to pay for or receive money for sexual services, and there may be no requirement for information about those who provide such services. In ISCO-88 such workers were tacitly included in Unit Group 5149: Other Personal Service Workers Not Elsewhere Classified. In ISCO-08, a note has been added to the definition of Unit Group 5169: Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified, explaining that in countries where there is a requirement for the collection of data on sex workers they should be included in this unit group. Where separate identification of this group of workers is required at the unit group level, a Unit Group code 5168 is recommended for this purpose in national adaptations of ISCO-08 that follow the ISCO-08 code structure.

Table 6. Sub-major and minor groups in Major Group 5, ISCO-88 and ISCO-08

ISCO-88 code	ISCO-88 title	ISCO-08 code	ISCO-08 title
5	Service Workers and Shop and Market Sales Workers	5	Services and Sales Workers
51	Personal and Protective Services Workers	51	Personal Services Workers
511	Travel Attendants and Related Workers	511	Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides
512	Housekeeping and Restaurant Services Workers	512	Cooks
513	Personal Care and Related Workers	513	Waiters and Bartenders
514	Other Personal Services Workers	514	Hairdressers, Beauticians and Related Workers
515	Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers	515	Building and Housekeeping Supervisors
516	Protective Services Workers	516	Other Personal Services Workers
52	Models, Salespersons and Demonstrators	52	Sales Workers
521	Fashion and Other Models	521	Street and Market Salespersons
522	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	522	Shop Salespersons
523	Stall and Market Salespersons	523	Cashiers and Ticket Clerks
		524	Other Sales Workers
		53	Personal Care Workers
		531	Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides
		532	Personal Care Workers in Health Services
		54	Protective Services Workers
		541	Protective Services Workers

Chefs, cooks and food preparation assistants

9412 Kitchen Helpers

151. ISCO-88 Unit Group 5122: Cooks included a wide range of occupations involved in the preparation of meals including chefs, cooks, short order cooks and fast food preparers. Kitchen helpers were classified in ISCO-88 Unit Groups 9131: Domestic Helpers and Cleaners, and 9132: Helpers and Cleaners in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments. ISCO-08 provides two minor groups and additional detail at the unit group level for these occupations, as outlined below. Chefs are identified as a separate unit group in Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, reflecting the higher skill level requirements. The definitional notes provide guidance on the boundaries between the relevant groups

```
343 Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals
... ...
3434 Chefs
512 Cooks
5120 Cooks
941 Food Preparation Assistants
9411 Fast Food Preparers
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3.5 Occupations in agriculture, forestry and fisheries

- 152. A number of changes have been introduced to ISCO-08 with respect to occupations in agriculture, forestry and fisheries. The main changes can be summarized as follows:
 - market-oriented agricultural workers are identified in a separate sub-major group from forestry and fishery workers;
 - virtually all farmers are classified in Major Group 6, whereas ISCO-88 classified some farmers in Major Group 1;
 - more detailed categories are provided for subsistence workers;
 - more detailed categories are provided for agricultural, forestry and fishery labourers.
- 153. In Major Group 6: Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers, ISCO-08 has three sub-major groups instead of the two included in ISCO-88. ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural and Fishery Workers has been split to allow skilled agricultural workers to be identified at the second level of the classification, separately from market-oriented forestry and fishery workers.
- 154. Most jobs classified in ISCO-88 Unit Group 1311: General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing are now included in the relevant categories in ISCO-08 Submajor Group 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers, or in Sub-major Group 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers. The reason for this is that the distinction between these groups was not feasible in a number of countries. This led to significant inconsistencies in international reporting of data, as indicated above in the discussion on managerial occupations.
- 155. With respect to subsistence workers, there was extensive debate during the development of ISCO-08 about whether or not ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 62: Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers should be retained. On the one hand there was concern that the boundary between subsistence and market-oriented activity could be difficult to draw, both in concept and from a practical point of view in statistical collections, as most subsistence farming involves the sale of a surplus. It was felt that the accurate collection of data on subsistence workers may require additional questions in censuses and surveys. In many countries employment in subsistence activity is very small or non-existent.
- 156. On the other hand, in many countries subsistence farming represents a large proportion of total employment and is seen as being qualitatively quite different from other types of employment. Whilst some experts felt that subsistence activity may be better identified in other international statistical standards such as the International Classification of Status in Employment, the removal of this group from ISCO would mean that this type of employment would no longer be identified in any current international statistical standard.
- 157. The group has therefore been retained as Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers. The single minor and unit group provided in ISCO-88 has been replaced in ISCO-08 with separate minor and unit groups for those producing crops only, livestock only, mixed crops and livestock, and for subsistence fishers, hunters, trappers and gatherers.

63 Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers

- 631 Subsistence Crop Farmers6310 Subsistence Crop Farmers
- 632 Subsistence Livestock Farmers 6320 Subsistence Livestock Farmers
- 633 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers6330 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers
- 634 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers 6340 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers
- 158. The definitional material for this group and for Sub-major Groups 61, 62 and 92 (Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers) has been improved to make it clear that:

- (a) workers engaged in agricultural, forestry and fisheries activities should be classified in Sub-major Group 63 if the main aim of the production is to provide goods (mainly food) for consumption by the worker's own household;
- (b) those who perform only simple tasks requiring little judgement or experience should nevertheless be classified in Sub-major Group 92;
- (c) subsistence hunters, trappers and gatherers should be classified in Sub-major Group 63.
- 159. For countries and regions in which subsistence activities are virtually non-existent, Submajor Group 63 can be excluded from national and regional adaptations of ISCO-08 without loss of international comparability.
- 160. More detailed categories have also been created in Minor Group 921: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers. These categories reflect the minor group structure used in Submajor Group 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers, and in Sub-major Group 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers. In this way, those working on crop farms, livestock farms, and mixed crop and livestock farms can be identified separately, regardless of any national variations in practice for coding farm jobs as skilled or elementary in Major Groups 6 and 9 respectively. A separate unit group is also provided for garden and horticultural labourers. Hunting and trapping labourers are no longer included in the same unit group as forestry labourers, on the basis that they cannot easily be distinguished from skilled hunters and trappers.

92 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers

921 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers

9211 Crop Farm Labourers

9212 Livestock Farm Labourers

9213 Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers

9214 Garden and Horticultural Labourers

9215 Forestry Labourers

9216 Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers

161. A new Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors is also provided in ISCO-08. Although many water collectors are employed in agricultural settings, this unit group is included in Minor Group 962: Other Elementary Workers, as the activity does not necessarily involve agricultural production. Jobs in this unit group are common in urban as well as agricultural settings.

3.6 Occupations in crafts, repair and operation of machinery

Electrical and electronics trades workers

162. A new Sub-major Group 74: Electrical and Electronics Trades Workers has been created for ISCO-08. It comprises those jobs classified in ISCO-88 Minor Group 724: Electrical and Electronic Equipment Mechanics and Fitters and Unit Group 7137: Building and Related Electricians. Separate minor groups are provided for electrical and for electronics equipment installers and repairers. The unit groups reflect the growing convergence between computer and telecommunications technologies, and aim to provide a clear distinction between those working with high tension and low tension equipment.

Handicraft workers

163. The new ISCO-08 Minor Group 731: Handicraft Workers comprises most of the occupations included in ISCO-88 Minor Groups 731: Precision Workers in Metal and Related Materials; 732: Potters, Glass-makers and Related Trades Workers; and 733: Handicraft Workers in Wood, Textile, Leather and Related Materials. It also includes ISCO-88 Unit Groups 7424: Basketry Weavers, Brush Makers and Related Workers; 7431: Fibre Preparers; and 7432: Weavers, Knitters and Related Workers. Some of the unit groups moved to the new minor group have

been merged, due to the very small numbers employed in many of these occupations and the difficulty in distinguishing between occupations such as "handicraft worker, reed weaving" and "basket maker".

Printing occupations

164. The groups for printing occupations specified in Major Groups 7 and 8 in ISCO-88 had become outdated due to developments in printing technology. In particular, the distinction between machine operators and trades workers was no longer seen as meaningful. ISCO-08 provides a simplified arrangement, involving only three unit groups: pre-press technicians, printers, and print finishing and binding workers. These unit groups form a single Minor Group 732: Printing Trades Workers. This minor group is grouped with the new Minor Group 731: Handicraft Workers to form Sub-major Group 73: Handicraft and Printing Workers, reflecting the combination of manual dexterity, use of specialized tools, and artistic skill involved in both groups.

Plant and machine operators

165. The groups for plant and machine operators have been significantly rationalized and reorganized in response to concerns that this part of ISCO-88 was excessively detailed and out of date in some areas. There was also difficulty in distinguishing reliably between stationary plant operators and machine operators. Some occupations have been classified at a higher skill level due to technological developments and the automation of industrial processes controlled by technicians from a central control room or console.

166. The main features of the changes introduced to address these concerns are:

- (a) ISCO-88 Sub-major Groups 81: Stationary-Plant and Related Operators, and 82: Machine Operators and Assemblers have been replaced by two new sub-major groups:
 - 81 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
 - 82 Assemblers
- (b) some minor groups have been merged where there were parallel groups in related fields in ISCO-88 for stationary plant operators and machine operators;
- (c) a new Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians has been created and a number of unit groups, or parts of unit groups, have been moved into this new group from ISCO-88 Sub-major Group 81: Stationary-Plant and Machine Operators, reflecting the need for these occupations to be classified at a higher skill level; and
- (d) a number of unit groups have been merged where there was concern that the categories in ISCO-88 were too detailed.

167. In addition, some groups in Major Group 8 have been merged with groups of related occupations in Major Group 7, where the distinction between craft and related trades workers on the one hand, and plant and machine operators on the other, was no longer meaningful. This was the case, for example, for printing occupations, mining occupations and for some machine tool setters and operators.

3.7 Improved identification of elementary occupations and of occupations predominant in informal employment

168. The need to identify occupations that are common in informal employment was taken into consideration in ISCO-88 primarily through the delineation of specific unit groups considered to be important in the informal sector. There was widespread concern, however, that coverage of such occupations remained inadequate. Statistics about employment in many of these occupations were not visible in internationally comparable data, as they were separately identified only at detailed levels of ISCO-88. For example, ISCO-88 included two unit groups for street vendors, an occupational group that is very commonly associated with informal employment. These two unit groups were included in the same minor group, however, as doorto-door and telephone salespersons, more frequently associated with formal employment.

- 169. The coverage of occupations that are predominant in informal employment has been extended in ISCO-08. Where possible, such occupations have been aggregated into minor groups and sub-major groups, to allow them to be more easily visible in internationally reported data. This is reflected, for example, in the creation of Minor Group 731: Handicraft Workers, mentioned above, and in a number of changes in the structure of Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations, discussed below.
- 170. Although jobs in informal employment can be found in all ISCO major groups, the structure of Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations has been significantly affected by the changes mentioned above. In particular, there has been an increase from 3 to 6 in the number of sub-major groups in Major Group 9, including the creation of Sub-major Group 95: Street and Related Sales and Services Workers.⁸
- 171. The ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 sub-major and minor group structures for Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations are compared in table 7.

Table 7. Sub-major and minor groups in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations, ISCO-88 and ISCO-08

ISCO-88 code	ISCO-88 title	ISCO-08 code	ISCO-08 title
91	Sales and Services Elementary Occupations	91	Cleaners and Helpers
911	Street Vendors and Related Workers	911	Domestic, Hotel and Office Cleaners and Helpers
912	Shoe Cleaning and Other Street Services Elementary Occupations	912	Vehicle, Window, Laundry and Other Hand Cleaning Workers
913	Domestic and Related Helpers, Cleaners and Launderers		
914	Building Caretakers, Window and Related Cleaners		
915	Messengers, Porters, Doorkeepers and Related Workers		
916	Garbage Collectors and Related Labourers		
92	Agricultural, Fishery and Related Labourers	92	Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
921	Agricultural, Fishery and Related Labourers	921	Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
93	Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport	93	Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport
931	Mining and Construction Labourers	931	Mining and Construction Labourers
932	Manufacturing Labourers	932	Manufacturing Labourers
933	Transport Labourers and Freight Handlers	933	Transport and Storage Labourers
		94	Food Preparation Assistants
		941	Food Preparation Assistants
		95	Street and Related Sales and Services Workers
		951	Street and Related Services Workers
		952	Street Vendors (excluding Food)
		96	Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers
		961	Refuse Workers
		962	Other Elementary Workers

⁸ Street food vendors are classified in ISCO-08 Unit Group 5212: Street Food Salespersons.

- 172. ISCO-88 Minor Group 914: Building Caretakers, Window and Related Cleaners has been split. Building caretakers are identified in ISCO-08 as a unit group in Minor Group 515: Building and Housekeeping Supervisors. Separate unit groups are provided in ISCO-08 Minor Group 912 for hand launderers and pressers, vehicle cleaners, window cleaners and other cleaning workers.
- 173. With respect to ISCO-88 Minor Group 915: Messengers, Porters, Doorkeepers and Related Workers, the bulk of occupations classified in Unit Group 9152: Doorkeepers, Watchpersons and Related Workers are now included in ISCO-08 Unit Group 5414: Security Guards. The remaining unit groups in this minor group are now included in Minor Group 962: Other Elementary Workers.

4. NOTES ON SPECIFIC ISSUES AND BOUNDARY PROBLEMS

4.1 Purpose of these notes

174. Chapter 4 discusses and clarifies areas of ISCO-08 where the boundaries between related groups may be difficult to delimit consistently in national contexts. It discusses cases where practice and boundaries have changed between ISCO-88 and ISCO-08 and provides advice on a number of other situations where the process of determining the most appropriate ISCO-08 code for a particular job or occupation may be difficult. In all of these cases special care may need to be taken to ensure consistent interpretation in national adaptations and applications of ISCO-08.

175. The information presented here relates primarily to the conceptual boundaries between categories in the classification, in situations where all information about the occupations concerned can be known. In statistical and administrative data collection activities it is frequently the case, however, that only a limited amount of information is available about the work performed. Some information is provided, therefore, about the evidence that may be needed to differentiate between some of the more difficult groups. It is hoped that those responsible for the development of tools to support the implementation of ISCO and related national classifications will be able to use this information to help make decisions about how best to assign classification codes to commonly occurring occupation titles associated with these difficult cases.

176. ISCO-08 has been designed so that, for most statistical purposes, the responses to questions about (a) the occupation or job title and (b) the main tasks or duties usually performed by the worker should be sufficient to assign a 4-digit ISCO code. Chapter 6 provides general guidance on the design of questions and on the procedures that may need to be adopted to ensure sufficiently consistent and accurate assignment of occupation codes, based on the evidence that might be available in particular statistical and administrative contexts. These issues will be covered more comprehensively in the proposed ISCO-08 *Implementation guide*.

4.2 Boundary issues affecting a broad spectrum of occupations

Occupations with a broad range of tasks and duties

177. Occupational classifications – national as well as international – define occupations and occupational groups by reference to the most common combinations of tasks and duties. Problems may arise therefore when, in the case of some jobs, the range of tasks and duties performed does not correspond exactly to those specified in the classification. In such cases application of the following rules is suggested, in the order of precedence given below, when implementing ISCO-08 and related classifications.

- (a) In cases where the tasks and duties performed require skills usually obtained through different levels of training and experience, jobs should be classified in accordance with those tasks and duties which require the highest level of skills. For instance, a job which consists of driving a van, loading and unloading it and delivering goods by hand should be classified in Unit Group 8322: Car, Taxi and Van Drivers.
- (b) In cases where the tasks and duties are connected with different stages of the production and distribution of goods process, tasks and duties related to the production stage should take priority over associated ones, such as those related to the sales and marketing of the same goods, their transportation or the management of the production process. For example, a baker who bakes bread and pastries and also sells these products should not be classified as a salesperson, but as a baker, which means, in ISCO-08 terms, Unit Group 7512: Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers.

⁹ If there is a need to distinguish accurately between occupations classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers, and other skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers, a separate question on subsistence activity may also be advisable.

(c) Where the tasks and duties performed are both at the same skill level and at the same stage of production, jobs should be classified according to the predominant tasks performed. For example a "fire door installer" may assemble and install doors, door frames and fittings and also install and connect electrical wiring systems so that the door will close automatically in the event of a fire alarm. In this case, the job requires skills both as a carpenter and as an electrician, but the most time-consuming part of the work relates to carpentry. It should therefore be classified in Unit Group 7115: Carpenters and Joiners, rather than in Unit Group 7411: Building and Related Electricians.

Apprentices and trainees

- 178. In ISCO-08 apprentices and trainees are classified according to the occupation they are training for, if they are employed in the capacity of apprentice or trainee.¹⁰
- 179. The ISCO-88 introduction (p. 11) stated: "Apprentices and trainees are classified according to the tasks and duties actually performed, and not, as is the case with some occupational classifications, according to their future occupation." Most apprentices and trainees, however, perform the same tasks as those performed by fully qualified workers, but do so under varying degrees of supervision. Moreover, most data sources would not provide sufficient detail to allow us to determine whether the apprentice performs the same tasks or different tasks from those performed in the occupation for which he or she is training.
- 180. ISCO-08 therefore classifies workers in a formal learning status with an employer who instructs them in an occupation in the same way throughout the classification. Apprentice carpenters and apprentice electricians, for example, are classified as carpenters and electricians. Medical and legal interns are similarly classified as doctors and lawyers. Where trainees also have jobs in a related occupation, these jobs should be classified according to the work required to be performed, such as when medical or legal students, for example, are employed as ward attendants, medical assistants or legal clerks.
- 181. It should also be noted that responses in statistical collections frequently do not contain information about apprentice or trainee status, unless specific questions are asked to identify this group. If information about apprentice or trainee status is required, it may be more effective to treat this as a separate variable, with a separate question, rather than to attempt to identify apprentices and trainees as separate occupations in a national occupation classification.

4.3 Managers, supervisors and operators of businesses

Managers and supervisors

- 182. The distinction between managers and supervisors may frequently cause difficulties. This problem existed in ISCO-88 but is highlighted in ISCO-08 where some supervisory occupations are identified separately from the occupations they supervise. The critical difference is that supervisors are responsible only for supervision of the activities of other workers, whereas those classified in Major Group 1: Managers have overall responsibility for the operations of a business or an organizational unit.
- 183. Both managers and supervisors plan, organize, coordinate, control and direct the work done by others. In addition, managers usually have responsibility for and make decisions about:
- (a) the overall strategic and operational direction of a business or organizational unit (for example about the kinds, quantity and quality of goods to be produced);

¹⁰ Where students are undertaking work practice not as part of an employment arrangement, they are not classified according to economic activity status as employed, and their learning activity would therefore not normally be classified by occupation. As this situation may be fairly common in educational programmes for particular occupational groups, care should be taken to check economic activity status when considering occupational titles such as "student teacher" or "pupil nurse" in statistical collections.

- (b) budgets (how much money is to be spent and for what purposes); and
- (c) the selection, appointment and dismissal of staff.
- 184. It is not a necessary condition that managers have responsibility for all three of strategic and operational direction, budgets and staff selection and dismissal. The degree of autonomy they exercise may also vary.
- 185. Supervisors may provide advice and assistance to managers on these matters, especially in relation to staff selection and dismissal, but do not have authority to make decisions. They usually have experience as workers in one or more of the occupations they supervise, and do not usually supervise the activities of workers employed in a wide range of occupations.
- 186. Managers do not necessarily know how to perform the work of all of the staff employed in the units they manage, although in some circumstances they may. It is frequently the case that managers plan, coordinate and control the activities of workers employed in a wide range of occupations.

Managers and operators of small businesses

187. Self-employed workers, who operate their own business either independently or with assistance from a small number of others, frequently perform some management and administrative tasks as part of their normal activity. In ISCO-08 such jobs are only classified in Major Group 1: Managers if there is evidence that management, including supervision of staff, is the major component of the work performed. For example, a motor vehicle mechanic who owns and operates his or her own workshop and employs a small number of other mechanics, a receptionist and a cleaner, but spends most of the time repairing vehicles and/or supervising the work of the other mechanics, is classified in Unit Group 7231: Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers.

188. It is important to note that ISCO-08, like its predecessor, does not take into consideration whether a worker is a working proprietor or not, as this and similar attributes of the labour force, such as being an employer or an employee, reflect status in employment and not the tasks and duties of the worker. It is better therefore to treat this characteristic of jobs as a separate variable, classified according to a classification such as the International Classification of Status in Employment (ICSE-93). Information related to status in employment should not generally be taken into consideration in assigning jobs to ISCO-08 categories. The fact that a worker is, for example, an owner of the business in which he or she is employed may have little or no relationship to the kind of work performed.

Size of the organization

189. There is an evident relationship between the size of the organization in which a worker is employed and categories in ISCO-08 related to management. For example, those occupations classified in Minor Group 112: Managing Directors and Chief Executives are usually senior managers in organizations that are large enough to have a hierarchy of managers. Similarly, most occupations classified in Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers are the managers of relatively small organizations that do not usually have hierarchies of managers. Workers classified in Sub-major Groups 12: Administrative and Commercial Managers and 13: Production and Specialized Services Managers may be employed in large hierarchical organizations or in relatively small organizations that provide specialist services to other organizations.

190. Despite these relationships, information about the size of the organization in which an individual manager is employed is not generally relevant to decisions about the most appropriate

¹¹ See ILO, 1993. Current guidelines on the International Classification of Status in Employment can be found on the ILO website at: http://www.ilo.org/global/statistics-and-databases/statistics-overview-and-topics/status-in-employment/current-guidelines/lang--en/index.htm.

ISCO-08 code. This is because ISCO-08 Major Group 1 is organized according to functional specialization and not according to the size of the organization managed.

191. Although most shop managers, for example, are responsible for relatively small establishments, the managers of large supermarkets and department stores are still shop managers. They are classified with other shop managers in Unit Group 1420: Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers. Taking another example, the key characteristics of chief executives, classified in Minor Group 112, are that they coordinate and direct the activities of other managers who have a range of specialized functions, and that they report to a board of directors. This is a result, primarily, of the way in which management and governance of the organization is arranged, and reflects the complexity of the organization's functions as much as its size.

192. It is therefore not recommended to use information about the size of the organization in which a worker is employed, measured in terms of number of employees or turnover, or about the number of staff supervised, to differentiate between managers classified in the different sub-major groups of Major Group 1. Similarly, information about organization size should not be used to differentiate managers from operators of small businesses classified in other major groups. The most reliable way to make these distinctions in statistical and administrative collections is likely to be to collect information about both the occupation or job title and the main tasks or duties performed.

4.4 Related occupations at different skill levels

General principles

- 193. There are many cases, in both ISCO-88 and ISCO-08, where occupations that are relatively similar in terms of aspects of skill specialization are classified in different major groups because of differences in skill level. Whilst the distinctions between such occupations are frequently clear cut and well understood, there are some cases where care needs to be taken to ensure that specific occupational groups in the national context are mapped appropriately to ISCO-08 categories. In general, the following principles should be applied in making decisions about where in ISCO-08 to classify particular occupations with respect to skill level.
- (a) Decisions should be made on the basis of the tasks actually performed, rather than on the level of qualifications required in a particular country, or on the extent to which the occupations concerned are formally regulated. In this way, occupations that involve performance of the same tasks are always classified in the same ISCO-08 group, regardless of differences in national training or regulation.
- (b) The actual qualifications held by the person holding a particular job should not be taken into consideration.
- (c) Jobs held by experienced or highly qualified individuals are classified in the same group as those held by less well qualified individuals when the tasks performed are essentially the same, even though the more qualified individuals may sometimes perform more difficult or complex tasks. For example, master carpenters, senior carpenters, junior carpenters and apprentice carpenters, who build structures using wood and other materials, are all classified in Unit Group 7115: Carpenters and Joiners. Skill level is determined on the basis of the requirements for entry-level jobs for fully qualified workers.
- 194. The boundaries between occupations classified in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations and those that are related in terms of skill specialization but classified in Major Groups 6, 7 and 8 may cause particular difficulty when occupation titles such as "farm hand", "construction worker", "process worker" or "factory worker" are used. The general principle to be adopted is that occupations classified in Major Group 9 typically involve the performance of simple and routine manual and physical tasks that require limited training and no more than basic skills in numeracy, literacy and interpersonal communication. Whilst the operation of complex machinery is not involved, the use of hand-held mechanical tools may be required.
- 195. Where boundary issues are of particular concern, guidelines are provided in the notes included with the ISCO-08 group definitions. Examples of occupation titles included in each

group are also given. Where it is known, however, that the same or similar terms are used in different countries to refer to occupations classified in different occupation groups, these terms have not generally been listed in either the list of included occupations or in the *Index of occupational titles* (ISCO-08, Volume 2). In these and other cases, decisions will need to be made in the national context, based on the nature of the work performed. The examples discussed below may require particular attention and may serve to illustrate the points made above.

Nursing professionals, associate professionals and personal care workers

196. Occupations whose titles contain the word "nurse" or "nursing" may be found in Unit Groups 2221: Nursing Professionals and 3221: Nursing Associate Professionals, as well as in Minor Group 532: Personal Care Workers in Health Services.

197. The boundaries between these groups in terms of the tasks performed are defined in the group definitions and associated notes. In summary, nursing professionals assume responsibility for the planning and management of the care of patients, working autonomously or in teams with medical doctors and others. Nursing associate professionals provide basic nursing and personal care and generally work under the supervision or in support of medical, nursing or other health professionals. Personal care workers provide personal care and assistance with mobility and activities of daily living but do not provide nursing care beyond assisting patients with oral medications and changing dressings.

198. Occupational titles such as "nursing sister", "registered nurse", "charge nurse", "enrolled nurse", "assistant nurse", "nursing assistant", "auxiliary nurse" and "nurse aide" need to be mapped to the appropriate ISCO-08 unit group or minor group, based on the usage of these terms in the national context. Although some of these occupation titles are listed in the ISCO-08 group definitions and index, the scope of practice for such titles may vary between countries and within countries over time. It is necessary, therefore, to consider the tasks that workers in jobs with these titles are competent or authorized to perform in the national context, and to compare these tasks with those listed in the ISCO-08 group definitions, in order to determine where in the classification each title will be classified. In this way all relevant terms can be appropriately included in the national index of occupational titles.

Early childhood educators and child care workers

199. Occupations involved in the care and development of children below primary school age may be classified in Unit Group 2342: Early Childhood Educators; 5311: Child Care Workers; or 5312: Teachers' Aides.

200. Jobs classified in Unit Group 2342 differ from those included in the other two unit groups in that they plan, organize and conduct educational and play activities that are intended to promote the development of children below primary school age. Although it is not advisable to consider the formal qualifications held by individuals, it should be noted that tertiary qualifications in education and early childhood development are normally required.

201. Child care workers provide care and supervision for children. Teachers' aides perform similar duties and also perform a range of other non-teaching duties to assist teaching staff. Neither of these two groups generally plans and organizes structured play or educational activities, although they may assist in the provision of these activities.

Traditional and complementary medicine professionals and associate professionals

202. The distinction between occupations classified in Unit Group 2230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals, and 3230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals, has the potential to be a source of uncertainty, especially in countries where this type of practice is not part of mainstream health service provision.

203. A key point is that traditional and complementary medicine professionals develop and implement treatment plans for human ailments by applying knowledge, skills and practices for which

competent performance requires extensive study of theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures. Those occupations whose practice requires a less extensive understanding based on relatively short periods of formal or informal education and training, or acquired informally through the traditions and practices of the communities where they originated, are included in Unit Group 3230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals.

204. A comprehensive list of the occupational titles included in each of these groups is included in the unit group definitions and in the ISCO-08 *Index of occupational titles* available on the ISCO website. Care should be taken, however, in interpreting these occupational titles in national contexts, as the scope of practice and nature of the tasks performed by individuals using these and similar occupation titles may vary from country to country. In some countries there may be a limited framework for the recognition of qualifications in the field of complementary medicine, or the regulatory framework may not allow the performance of certain tasks. As with other occupational groups, the distinction between these two groups should be made on the basis of the tasks performed in these occupations in the national setting, rather than on the qualifications held by individuals. For example, it may be appropriate to classify practitioners who administer treatments within the framework of a treatment plan established by others in Unit Group 3230 rather than in Unit Group 2230.

Occupations in food preparation

205. Occupations that mainly involve the preparation, assembly and presentation of food for immediate consumption may be classified in one of the following unit groups:

3434 Chefs

5120 Cooks

9411 Fast Food Preparers

9412 Kitchen Helpers

206. In determining the boundaries between these groups the following points are of particular relevance.

- (a) Chefs, classified in Unit Group 3434, plan and develop recipes and menus, create dishes and oversee the planning, organization, preparation and cooking of meals.
- (b) Whilst cooks, classified in Unit Group 5120, plan, organize, prepare and cook a range of dishes, they do so according to recipes or under the supervision of chefs. They do not generally develop menus or create new dishes.
- (c) Fast food preparers, classified in Unit Group 9411, prepare and cook to order a **limited** range of foods or beverages involving simple preparation processes and a small number of ingredients. The key point is that they prepare foods and beverages for which extensive training in food preparation is not required.
- (d) Kitchen helpers, classified in Unit Group 9412, mainly provide support to cooks, chefs and waiters by keeping kitchens and food service areas clean and tidy and assisting with basic food preparation tasks.
- (e) Jobs that combine simple preparation of food with a significant element of client service should normally be classified in one of the following unit groups as appropriate:

5131 Waiters

5212 Street Food Salespersons

5246 Food Service Counter Attendants

In this case the higher level of skill required for client service takes precedence over the simple food preparation tasks, in line with priority rule (a) specified in section 4.2 above.

- (f) Chefs and cooks who prepare more complex dishes and also provide direct service to clients should be classified as chefs or cooks, in line with priority rule (b) specified in section 4.2 above.
- 207. Although the boundaries between these groups are relatively clear conceptually, it may be more difficult in practice to establish national rules on how to classify particular jobs based on limited information, such as the occupation title and a short task description. Occupation

titles like "chef" and "head cook" may generally be coded with confidence to Unit Group 3434: Chefs.¹² The term "cook" without further qualification or information would generally be coded to 5120: Cooks.

208. When the type of food cooked is specified it may be necessary to consider the cooking process used and whether, in the national context, such items are generally cooked according to a simple predefined process. For example, occupation titles such as "hamburger cook" would generally be coded to Unit Group 9411: Fast Food Preparers. In many cases information about the employer may be helpful in determining the most appropriate code. For example, it may be appropriate to consider "cooks" employed by certain well-known fast food chains, specializing in hamburgers or fried chicken, as fast food preparers.

209. Those cooks who specialize in preparing dishes according to a particular national or regional cuisine and generally prepare a wide range of dishes should be classified in Unit Group 5120: Cooks, even if the food is served in a fast food or take-away outlet.

Domestic housekeepers and domestic cleaners

210. Domestic Housekeepers, classified in Unit Group 5152, and Domestic Cleaners and Helpers, classified in Unit Group 9111, have a number of tasks in common. The key difference is that domestic housekeepers take responsibility for the organization and supervision of housekeeping functions in private households, as well as carrying out some or all of these functions themselves. Domestic cleaners and helpers, on the other hand, carry out these functions under the supervision either of a person employed as a domestic housekeeper or of a member of the household who takes responsibility for the organization of housekeeping functions.

4.5 Boundaries between occupational groups in agriculture, forestry and fisheries

- 211. In classifying occupations in agriculture, forestry and fisheries, particular attention may need to be paid to the boundaries between the following groups:
 - agricultural production managers, farmers and farm managers;
 - mixed producers of both crops and animals, and specialist producers of crops or animals;
 - occupations classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers and those classified in the "market-oriented" Sub-major Groups 61 and 62;
 - skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers classified in Major Group 6 and labourers, classified in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations.

Agricultural production managers, farmers and farm managers

- 212. Minor Group 131: Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries is restricted to those who manage production in large-scale agricultural, horticultural, forestry, aquaculture and fishery operations. Such operations would include large plantations, large ranches, collective farms and cooperatives. Typically such enterprises have a hierarchy of managers and the production manager reports to a managing director.
- 213. "Farmers" on the other hand generally own and operate their own farm. They perform a range of management tasks as well as tasks directly associated with agricultural production. They are classified in the appropriate unit group in Major Group 6: Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers, depending on the type of farm they operate.
- 214. Whilst the distinction between these two groups is conceptually quite straightforward, it may be difficult, in practice, to determine whether a job with an occupation title like "Farm manager" should be classified in Major Group 1 or Major Group 6. Such terms may most

¹² In some contexts terms such as "chef" and "cook" may be used more or less interchangeably. In such cases alternative approaches adapted to national requirements may need to be considered.

commonly be used in situations where the owner of a farm has engaged an employee to operate the farm. This employee effectively performs the same tasks as a farmer who owns and operates the farm and should be classified in Major Group 6. The distinction between the farmer and farm manager in such cases is primarily a function of status in employment (ILO, 1993) rather than occupation, defined in terms of the type of work performed, and is not generally relevant for determining the most appropriate ISCO-08 code to information about specific jobs (see section 4.3 above).

215. There may be cases, however, where occupation titles such as "farm manager" and "ranch manager" may refer to the management of production in large-scale enterprises with hierarchies of managers. When this is the case, it may be necessary to consider the way in which agricultural production is organized at the national level, as well as the use of occupational titles in the national context, in order to develop suitable national approaches to the coding of such occupation titles.

Mixed and specialist crop and animal producers

- 216. The notes provided with the definition of Unit Group 6130: Mixed Crop and Animal Producers state that agricultural workers whose tasks predominantly involve either raising animals or growing crops, but also involve some incidental activity in crop growing or tending animals, respectively, should not be included there. In statistical collections the boundaries between mixed producers and specialist producers may, however, pose some problems.
- 217. In some cases the occupation title used will be sufficient. For example, if the response to a survey question on occupation stated that someone was a "fruit and vegetable grower" or a "shepherd", it should not be necessary to seek additional evidence. In many cases information about the main tasks performed will also provide satisfactory evidence. For example, a "farmer" whose main tasks are "raising sheep and growing wheat" or "operating a livestock and wheat farm" would be coded to Unit Group 6130: Mixed Crop and Animal Producers.
- 218. If information about the occupation title and tasks performed is inconclusive, information about the kind of economic activity (industry) of the establishment in which the person is employed may be helpful but should be treated with caution. For example, it would be reasonable to assume that a skilled farm worker on a livestock farm should be classified to Unit Group 6121: Livestock and Dairy Producers. It is possible, however, that some individual workers on mixed farms may specialize in either animal production or crop production. Mixed farms may, for example, employ both shepherds and tree pruners.
- 219. Information about the kind of economic activity may be found either in the form of written information provided in response to questions about the establishment in which the person is employed, or in the form of information coded to a classification of economic activities. Particular care needs to be taken when using coded information on the kind of economic activity of agricultural establishments to help assign occupation codes for workers. This is because precedence rules used to determine the predominant activity, for the purposes of economic statistics, may not be compatible with the purposes of an occupation classification based on the kind of work performed, defined in terms of skill requirements. For example, the current version of the International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities (ISIC Rev. 4) specifies that "if either production of crops or animals in a given unit exceeds 66 per cent or more of standard gross margins, the combined activity should not be included" in Class 0150: Mixed Farming but allocated to crop or animal farming (UN, 2008, p. 72). Workers who specialize in crop or animal farming may thus be employed on mixed farms that have been classified to ISIC categories associated with crop or animal production.
- 220. Whilst it is not possible here to prescribe strict rules that could be applied in all situations and national contexts, it should be clear from the above that information about economic activity of the establishment should not normally take precedence over information given about occupation title and tasks performed in the job. The important point is that the skills required for performance in the job are the main consideration in determining the most appropriate occupation code. Thus, if skills associated with both animal raising and crop production are essential requirements, then the job should be classified as mixed crop and animal production.

Market-oriented and subsistence workers

- 221. Special attention may need to be given to the distinction between subsistence farmers and fishers and those working in market-oriented enterprises. As discussed in section 3.5 above, workers should be classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers, if the main aim of production is to provide food, shelter and other goods for consumption by members of the worker's own household.
- 222. In most cases of subsistence activity some goods are sold to provide a minimum of cash income. If no cash income or bartering is involved, all production of goods for own consumption should be counted as employment and treated as subsistence production. Similarly, if a large surplus is produced, and more goods are sold than consumed, but the main aim of production was for own consumption, the jobs should nevertheless be classified in Sub-major Group 63. Jobs should only be classified as market-oriented agricultural forestry, fishery or hunting if the main aim of the activity is to produce goods for the market.
- 223. In some (mainly industrialized) countries, subsistence farming may be rare or even non-existent, in which case there would be no need to make special provision or even to include a group for subsistence activities in national adaptations of ISCO-08. In many countries, however, subsistence farming represents a large proportion of rural employment and the distinction between market-oriented and subsistence activity may be important for a wide range of purposes associated with social, economic and labour market policies.
- 224. In countries where separate job titles are used for subsistence workers and market-oriented workers, these titles should be included in the national index of occupation titles, along with the appropriate classification codes. Where this is not the case, it is unlikely that information about the tasks performed would provide sufficient information to reliably identify subsistence workers, as they have many tasks in common with market-oriented workers. If subsistence farming is a significant concern, it may be necessary, therefore, to consider an additional question asking whether or not production is mainly for sale or mainly for own or family/household use. This question may be asked in the context of other questions on occupation (title and tasks) or in association with questions on economic activity and status in employment. Whenever such a question is included in a household survey or census, it is important to ensure that the responses are used in the occupation coding or editing process.
- 225. Suggestions for the design and testing of questions related to subsistence farming are included in Chapter 6.

Skilled farm workers (Major Group 6) and farm labourers (Major Group 9)

- 226. Workers in Sub-major Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers perform a limited range of simple and routine manual tasks requiring limited training or experience. Those classified in Major Group 6: Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers generally perform a wide range of tasks, typically involving skills acquired through extensive experience and/or training. It should be noted that routine manual tasks may involve the use of mechanized hand-held tools, for which limited training is required.
- 227. In some cases the occupation title alone may be sufficient to distinguish between skilled and elementary farm workers. For example, occupation titles where the key noun is "farmer", "grower", "shepherd", "pruner" or "shearer" would all indicate occupations that involve the performance of a wide range of tasks, or highly specialized skills requiring considerable training or experience, and are classified in Major Group 6. Similarly, occupation titles such as "farm labourer", "fruit picker" or "cane cutter" would indicate routine or repetitive tasks requiring limited training or initiative.
- 228. Occupation titles such as "farm worker" or "farm hand", however, may require more consideration, as they refer to the fact that the worker is an employee on a farm, rather than to the level of skill or responsibility required. In such cases it is necessary to consider the use of terminology in the national context and in particular agricultural settings. For example, the term "stock hand" may be used in some countries to refer to a worker who looks after the

care and well-being of animals on a livestock farm, classified in Unit Group 6121: Livestock and Dairy Producers. An "orchard hand", however, may be more likely to refer to someone who picks fruit and performs other routine manual tasks than to someone who prunes trees, checks crops for disease and ensures that fruit-bearing trees are healthy and productive.

229. The combination of occupation title with task information or other qualifying information may therefore be useful. For example a "dairy farm worker" who milks cows should be classified in Unit Group 6121: Livestock and Dairy Producers, whilst a "dairy farm hand" who cleans animal enclosures should be classified in Unit Group 9212: Livestock Farm Labourers. Where a combination of tasks is performed including some that involve higher skills or initiative, then Major Group 6 would be more appropriate.

230. It is also important to note that some elementary occupations that commonly occur in rural or farm settings also occur in non-agricultural settings and do not require direct involvement with animals or crops. Such occupations are classified in relevant groups outside Submajor Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers. For example, ditch digging labourers are classified in Unit Group 9312: Civil Engineering Labourers, and water carriers are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors.

Operation of farm and forestry machinery

231. Finally, it should be noted that many skilled agriculture and forestry workers operate specialized machinery such as tractors and drive motorized vehicles as part of their normal duties. Jobs that require operation of machinery combined with a range of other skilled farm work are classified in Major Group 6. Workers such as harvester operators, who specialize in the operation of machinery but may perform other farm or forestry duties incidentally, should be classified in the appropriate unit group for the type of machinery operated. In most cases this would be Unit Group 8341: Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators.

5. ADAPTING ISCO-08 FOR NATIONAL USE AND FOR THE PRODUCTION OF INTERNATIONALLY COMPARABLE DATA

5.1 Scenarios for the adaptation of ISCO-08 for national use

- 232. Depending on national circumstances there are three main ways in which ISCO-08 may be adopted or adapted for national use:
 - adopting ISCO-08 directly for national purposes (not recommended in most circumstances);
 - development or review of a national classification based on ISCO-08;
 - an existing national classification, different from ISCO-08, is mapped to ISCO-08 to facilitate the production of internationally comparable data.
- 233. This chapter provides general guidance on the use of ISCO-08 following each of these scenarios. More detailed advice will be provided in the proposed ISCO-08 *Implementation guide*.¹³
- 234. As outlined in Chapter 1, the ideal situation is that countries develop national classifications that are tailored to meet national requirements whilst also facilitating the provision of internationally comparable information. This means that the development work should take into consideration requirements for international comparability, as well as reflect specific national requirements based on the occupational structure of the workforce and national priorities for information to support policy debate. As these requirements may not always be fully compatible with each other, difficult decisions may sometimes need to be made in weighing national priorities against the need for international comparability.

5.2 Adopting ISCO-08 directly for national purposes

- 235. In situations where countries do not have the resources, capacity or time to develop a national occupation classification (NOC) designed to suit the country's own realities and requirements, there may be little choice other than to adopt ISCO-08 with minimal change, at least in the short to medium term. This approach is far from ideal, as the occupational structure of the national labour market, as well as national policy concerns, will vary greatly between countries. It is unlikely, therefore, that ISCO-08 without modification would fully satisfy the range of national requirements for occupational statistics and information.
- 236. Adopting ISCO-08 in this way does, nevertheless, involve a significant amount of preparation on the part of agencies wishing to use ISCO to collect data on occupations. This might include translating ISCO-08 into the national language or languages where necessary. It would also be necessary to determine where in ISCO-08 particular occupational groups in the country should be classified.
- 237. Countries would need to decide, for example, whether nursing occupations should be classified in Major Group 2: Professionals, in Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, or whether some nursing jobs should be classified in one and some in the other of these groups. The decision would need to be based on knowledge about the nature of the work performed by different types of nurse in the country, and would therefore require some research on the part of those responsible for adopting and using ISCO in national applications.
- 238. There may also be some occupations in the country that do not commonly exist in other countries and are consequently not separately listed in ISCO-08. Countries would therefore need to collect information about the nature of the work performed in these occupations and their skill requirements, in order to identify the most appropriate ISCO-08 group in which to include them.

¹³ See also Embury et al., 1997.

- 239. The most important task, where resources are limited, is to develop a national index of occupation titles, coded to ISCO-08 (and/or to the national adaptation of it). The purpose of this exercise is to accurately map terms used to describe occupations in national data collections to the standard occupation classification. Either the ISCO-08 index or an existing national index may be used as a starting point (see section 6.4 below).
- 240. The ISCO-08 index provides some common combinations of occupation titles, tasks performed and other qualifying information that may be of assistance in adapting ISCO-08 for national use. The use of these terms in the national context would need to be verified, however, by those developing national indexes of occupational titles. Terms used to describe occupations in the national context would need to be added to the ISCO index, following determination of the appropriate ISCO code.

5.3 Development or review of a national classification based on ISCO-08

- 241. The development or review of a NOC based on ISCO-08 may typically include, in addition to the items mentioned in section 5.2 above, the deletion or merging of categories that are either non-existent or unimportant in the country. It may also include the specification of nationally specific occupational groups, and of groups that are adapted to suit national circumstances. In all cases investigation is required to understand, firstly, the occupational structure of the national labour market and, secondly, the nature of the occupational data required to inform deliberations on nationally important policy issues.
- 242. This information is likely to be obtained in part through consultation with key users and producers of occupational information and in part through detailed analysis of existing data classified by occupation. This information is used to determine the extent to which the categories and structure of ISCO-08 reflect the reality of national circumstances and requirements. It may be necessary to split some ISCO-08 categories to provide more detail in some areas, or to create an additional more detailed hierarchical level, to satisfy some needs.
- 243. If the national classification is to be used in administrative or client-oriented activities such as matching jobseekers with job vacancies, as well as in statistical applications, the specific and potentially conflicting operational needs of agencies such as the national employment service and the national statistical office need to be taken into consideration. Employment services may typically require more detailed and more frequently updated information than is practical for use in statistical surveys. Those responsible for designing the classification need to collaborate closely, therefore, with the various national agencies that will use it.
- 244. Collaboration among those agencies that need to use occupational classifications for the production of data, for operational purposes and for policy analysis, may lead to a commitment among the agencies concerned to adopt a nationally consistent approach. Such collaboration may facilitate the provision of integrated occupational information, based on comparable quantitative and qualitative data from a range of statistical and administrative sources, if a single classificatory framework is used in all applications. Alternatively, a close linkage between different but complementary classification systems can be established. In either case, significant value can be added to the information collected if it is able to be integrated or compared meaningfully with data from other sources.
- 245. Where it is found necessary to merge ISCO-08 unit groups or higher level groups it should be borne in mind that this may impose limitations on the capacity of countries to map national data to ISCO-08. For example it may be possible to map data only from a detailed level of the NOC to a higher level of ISCO.
- 246. Where there is an existing NOC that is different from ISCO-08 it may, nevertheless, be desirable to review that classification to improve international comparability of national data, and to determine whether any of the features of the international standard may be useful for national purposes.

5.4 Mapping national occupation classifications to ISCO

- 247. Unless ISCO-08 is used directly at national level, the comparison of occupational information among countries or regions normally requires that national occupational statistics be converted to the international standard. This may be achieved by mapping the national occupational categories to ISCO-08 or by coding directly to the international classification, as described in section 5.5 below.
- 248. Mapping one classification into another is equivalent to coding each group in the first classification to the most appropriate group in the second. The validity and accuracy of the mapping will increase with the level detail at which the mapping is done. The mapping should be carried out, therefore, at the lowest possible level of aggregation of each of the two classifications, i.e. NOC and ISCO-08 (see Hoffmann, 1994). The mapping is generally represented in a correspondence table that shows the relationship between the categories in one classification and those in another.
- 249. In the process of mapping, the following three situations are the most frequently encountered:
- (a) The NOC group belongs unambiguously to one of the ISCO-08 unit groups. This is, of course, the simplest situation and, if the NOC is based on a conceptual model similar to that of ISCO-08, it is likely to be the most usual situation.
- (b) The NOC group, at the lowest level of aggregation, differs in occupational content from the most relevant ISCO-08 unit group, but the difference in the content does not prevent the NOC group from being validly mapped into an ISCO-08 group at one of the higher levels of aggregation. For example: the NOC classifies mobile farm, forestry and earthmoving plant operators in the same lowest level group, while ISCO-08 classifies these occupations in two separate unit groups, but in both classifications subsequent aggregation of these occupations is carried out in the same manner.
- (c) The way of grouping certain occupations is different in the NOC from that applied in ISCO-08, and, as a result, an existing NOC group cannot validly be mapped into any of the ISCO-08 groups. For example: at the lowest level of aggregation, the NOC classifies livestock farmers and livestock farm labourers in a single group, whereas ISCO-08 classifies these occupations in two separate unit groups belonging to different minor, sub-major and major groups.
- 250. If internationally available occupational statistics have to be produced at the minor group level of ISCO-08, or at any of the higher levels of aggregation, then few problems are likely to arise in the situation described under (b) above. If the information has to be produced at the level corresponding to ISCO-08 unit groups, and the situation described under (b) and (c) above applies, then the following rules, originally developed for ISCO-88, may also be applied for mapping to ISCO-08 in the order of priority given below.
- (a) The numerical dominance rule, according to which, on the basis of the additional information available from economic and other statistics, or from sectoral experts, estimates or judgement should be made concerning the relative importance of the occupations classified in the NOC group. If approximately 80 per cent or more of the jobs classified in the NOC group belong to a particular ISCO-08 group, then the whole NOC group should be classified in this ISCO-08 group.
- (b) The skill level rule, according to which the occupational mix of the NOC group should be analysed on the basis of the ISCO-08 skill-level concept. The mapping into an ISCO-08 group should then be carried out on the basis of the occupations found to be the most skilled.
- (c) The production rule, according to which, for the purposes of mapping into ISCO-08, in the occupational mix of a NOC group production occupations will have priority over sales or managerial occupations.
- 251. Use of the rules (a), (b) and (c) specified above for mapping categories in national classifications to ISCO-08 will inevitably have a negative impact on the accuracy of any exercise to convert national occupational data to ISCO-08. This may impose significant limitations on the validity of international comparisons. If this type of mapping is necessary it may be worth considering coding national occupational data directly to ISCO-08, as discussed below in section 5.5.

5.5 Coding to both the national occupation classification and ISCO

- 252. International comparability of occupational statistics can be achieved most accurately by coding the original responses to questions on occupation directly to the international classification system (Hoffmann, 1994, pp. 208–9). If this involves the recoding of census or survey responses that have already been coded to the national classification, the costs may be prohibitive. If, however, the coding index includes both ISCO-08 codes and NOC codes, then it is possible to assign codes for both classification systems. This allows dual coding to be done in a cost-effective manner using a single coding process at the time the survey or census data are originally processed. Where coding is done manually, this is likely to involve the relatively modest additional expense of key entering two sets of codes instead of one. Where computer-assisted or automatic coding is used, the additional costs are likely to be minimal.
- 253. The complexity of dual coding operations of this type will depend on how different the NOC is from ISCO-08. For example, if the NOC is closely based on ISCO-08 and uses a similar conceptual model, it may be relatively easy to assign both NOC and ISCO-08 codes to coding index entries.
- 254. If the two classifications have very different conceptual approaches, it is likely to be more difficult to design index entries that assign codes to both classifications. Additional index entries may need to be developed, for example to allow for the distinctions between categories in both classification systems to be made. It is precisely in this situation, however, that mapping from the national classification to ISCO-08 using a correspondence table may be least feasible. In such cases the extra effort involved in designing an index that will assign codes to both classifications may be the only effective way of producing valid internationally comparable data.

6. COLLECTION AND CODING OF DATA FOR CLASSIFICATIONS BASED ON ISCO-08

255. This chapter provides an overview of considerations involved in the collection of data on occupation. It also summarizes the procedures for assigning the responses to questions on occupation to classifications based on ISCO-08. These procedures are referred to as "coding".

256. More detailed information about collecting and coding data on occupation can be found in *Measuring the economically active in population censuses: A handbook*, published jointly by the United Nations and the ILO in 2010. Much of the information provided in this handbook is relevant for household and other surveys as well as for censuses. Further advice will also be provided in the proposed ISCO-08 *Implementation guide*.

6.1 Information needed for coding

- 257. For accurate coding to any level of ISCO-08 and related national classifications, information is needed on the following:
 - Name or title of occupation
 - Main tasks or duties usually performed in the job
- 258. The following information may also be useful:
 - The type of economic activity of the establishment (industry)
 - Whether or not the main aim of the activity is own consumption (subsistence)
- 259. Information about the kind of economic activity (or industry) of the establishment in which a person is employed, and even the name of the establishment, may be helpful in some instances, when used in support of information about occupation title and/or tasks performed. Information on the industry of the establishment in which a person is employed is not normally useful, on its own, in assigning occupation codes.
- 260. If subsistence farming or fishing is significant in the country, or is a major policy concern, it may also be necessary to collect information about whether or not the worker produces goods mainly for the market or mainly for own household consumption.
- 261. Information about the level of skill or the formal qualifications held by an individual is not necessary and not useful. It is frequently the case that individuals hold higher qualifications than those required for the job in which they are employed or, conversely, that they do not hold any formal qualifications relevant to the job. The use of such information for occupation coding could therefore lead to error and introduce a bias in the relationship between data on occupation and level of education.

6.2 Types of question on occupation

- 262. Three types of question on occupation have typically been used in national censuses and household surveys:
 - One or two pre-coded (tick box) questions on the jobs that the individuals held (not recommended)
 - One write-in question to obtain occupation-relevant information about individuals' jobs
 - Two or more write-in questions: a basic question on the title of the position held with follow-up on main tasks performed by the individual in the job
- 263. In establishment surveys and administrative data collections, a job description or duty statement may be coded directly to the occupation classification, using both the coding index and detailed text descriptions of the classification groups. The nature and detail of the information available from these sources may be quite different from the information provided in household-based collections.

Pre-coded auestions

264. Closed-ended pre-coded questions have limited accuracy, as the names for groups in occupation classifications do not usually equate with "real world" terms used to describe jobs. In addition, since these questions are necessarily limited to a small number of categories they do not provide sufficient detail to meet the needs of most data users, even though they take up a large amount of space on census and survey forms.

265. The principal advantage of closed-ended questions on occupation is that responses can be processed quickly and at a low cost. If this approach is unavoidable due to cost limitations, separate response categories can be provided for high-priority groups. Accuracy can also be improved through testing and refinement of questions. It is important to note that the names of categories from broad classification groups should not usually appear on the questionnaire.

Open-ended questions

266. Open-ended questions, if designed well, can provide sufficient information to accurately assign a 4-digit ISCO-08 code. Adequate space must be provided for a written response of several words, and the question or questions should collect information about both the job title and the main tasks or duties performed. Examples of suitably detailed responses should be provided where possible, especially on self-enumerated questionnaires. Where data are collected by telephone or personal interview, good interviewer training is essential to ensure that responses are adequate.

267. The obvious disadvantage of using open-ended questions is that responses have to be assigned classification codes using an index of occupation titles (a coding index). This can be a costly process but is the only way of obtaining accurate and reliable statistical and administrative data on occupation. Relatively quick and cost-effective coding methods are possible, but are likely to require significant development effort.

268. A single question has frequently been asked in surveys and censuses such as:

- What is the main occupation of (the person) in this workplace?
- What kind of work does (the person) do?

269. This approach may provide adequate information from some but not all respondents. This type of question is likely, however, to yield responses such as "manager", "consultant" or "farm work". Such responses may not be able to be coded reliably to any level of ISCO-08. If this type of question is used, interviewers need to be trained thoroughly to probe when the information initially provided is insufficient.

270. The use of separate questions on job title and tasks performed is increasingly used by statistical offices and is the recommended approach for household surveys and censuses. The use of two questions generally assures that sufficient detail is provided. Asking for two different types of information will help the respondent to respond fully and to give more detail in the second question, for example:

Title: Sales managerTasks: Selling used cars

• Title: Customer services consultant

• Tasks: Selling used cars

6.3 Suggested questions recommended for testing and further development

271. Questions for use in statistical collections need to be tested for suitability in a particular data collection setting and in the national context. Testing should generally involve attempting to assign classification codes to the responses to survey questions (test coding), as well as conducting follow-up interviews with data collectors and respondents. The test coding process is also a useful method of developing, testing and refining the coding index.

272. The following questions are suggested as a starting point in the development of a national approach towards the collection of occupation data.

1. In the main job held last week what was your work or occupation	?				
Please give full job title and be specific. For example:					
- Fruit picker					
 Legal secretary 					
 Restaurant manager 					
 Secondary school teacher 					
 Cattle farmer 					
- Registered nurse					
Occupation:					
 2. What are your main tasks or duties in that job? Please give details. For example: Picking and carrying oranges and peaches Preparing legal documents Managing the operations of a restaurant Teaching mathematics Managing a cattle farm Caring for the sick and administering medications 					
Main tasks or duties:					
73. Special attention may need to be given to subsistence farming plicy concern, or is thought to represent a significant proportion of emsable to ask an additional question to improve accuracy. The following	ployment, it may be ad-				
3. Do you produce goods mainly for sale or mainly for your own or	family use?				

- □ Only for sale
 □ Mainly for sale but partly for own or family use
 □ Mainly for own or family use but partly for sale
 □ Only for own or family use
- 274. This question can generally be asked as a closed-ended question with response categories that ensure a clean separation between those who produce goods mainly for sale and mainly for family use. The four closed-ended response categories suggested above require the respondent to decide whether production is mainly for sale or mainly for own consumption. Selection of the third or fourth response categories would imply that an ISCO-08 code in Submajor Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers may be appropriate.
- 275. If information on subsistence activity is collected as part of a set of questions on status in employment or economic activity status, the responses should also be used in the occupation coding or editing process and adapted, if necessary, to ensure they are sufficiently consistent with the definition of ISCO-08 Sub-major Group 63.

6.4 Assigning classification codes to survey responses (coding)

276. Responses to open-ended questions have to be assigned to the appropriate category in an occupation classification. Whether or not the occupation classification is based on ISCO-08 this is not usually a simple process. Responses to questions on occupation (title and tasks), industry and name and address of workplace are relevant to the occupation coding process. Responses to any questions that collect data on subsistence activity should also be taken into consideration.

- 277. It is advisable to prepare three documents in advance of coding responses to open-ended questions on occupation. These are: (1) coding instructions specifying the procedures the coder is to follow; (2) a coding index; and (3) query resolution procedures, specifying how to deal with responses that cannot be coded using the index and the standard coding procedures specified in (1).
- 278. The coding index is the key instrument for matching responses to questions with ISCO-08 codes. It can take the form of a durable printed publication, a loose-leaf binder, computer printout, or a machine-readable file within a computer system. The same index can be used in all of these forms in manual, computer-assisted and automatic coding operations.
- 279. The index is needed because the formal names for classification categories (e.g. Education Manager) are not usually the same as terms normally used to describe jobs in natural language (e.g. head teacher, school principal, university dean, headmistress).
- 280. The index entries usually include a code for one or more classification systems, and one or more words based on responses given in censuses and surveys. Various devices such as slashes, underlining and italics may be used to indicate whether specific words can be matched with information given as the occupation title, tasks performed or other supplementary information such as industry. The index is searched alphabetically but can also be sorted in code order for updating and query resolution.
- 281. In the absence of any national index or any other useful source to assess completeness of a national index, the ISCO-08 *Index of occupational titles*, published as ISCO-08, Volume 2, may be a good starting point to develop a national index. The national index, however, needs to reflect language as used in survey responses in the country concerned.
- 282. The ISCO-08 *Index of occupational titles* can be found in electronic form on the ISCO website: http://www.ilo.org/public/english/bureau/stat/isco/index.htm, or by sending an email to: ISCO@ilo.org, and may be used as a starting point in the development of national coding indexes without breach of ILO copyright.
- 283. In some statistical collections there has been a tendency to code data on occupation only to a particular aggregate level of the classification structure (e.g. the 3-digit level of ISCO). One argument for this is the perceived cost of coding to a larger number of categories in terms of errors and staff hours required. There may also be concern that the responses would not support coding to more detailed categories or that the detailed results may not be publishable due to sampling considerations.
- 284. The experience of many statistical agencies has shown, however, that the marginal costs of coding to a larger number of ISCO categories are small. Error rates do not significantly increase and may improve for aggregate groups. Many responses support detailed coding, while some do not. Coding to an arbitrary specific level of the classification may therefore involve unnecessary loss of information. With respect to sampling considerations, it is important to note that occupation classifications, including ISCO-08, are not generally designed so that categories at a particular hierarchical level are even in size. Some groups at detailed levels of classification may be larger than others at higher levels. Coding at a higher level will limit options for tabulation, international reporting, and for the production of flexible non-standard aggregations.

6.5 Coding of vague and inadequate responses

- 285. Whatever level of detail of the classification is used, some responses may be too vague and imprecise to allow the coder to determine to which category the job belongs. Such responses should be coded to the level in the classification structure supported by the information provided on the questionnaire. They should not be forced into any particular detailed category where only a small proportion of the jobs would fall if the responses were adequate. It is particularly important to ensure that residual groups (Not Elsewhere Classified) are not used for vague responses.
- 286. A common method of dealing with this type of response is to provide entries in the coding index for commonly occurring vague responses. Such responses are assigned the code

for the relevant higher category, followed by trailing zeros. Alternatively, such codes can be assigned by specially trained coding staff or coding supervisors as part of a query resolution process. For example, if the only information available is that the person is a manager, the response can be assigned the code for Major Group 1: Managers, followed by three zeros and represented as: "1000: Managers Not Further Defined".

287. A similar approach can be adopted when data can be coded only to the sub-major group level. If, for example, the only information is the job title "teacher", it can be coded only to Sub-major Group 23: Teaching Professionals. The response can be assigned a code for what is effectively an artificial unit group (2300: Teaching Professionals Not Further Defined) by adding two trailing zeros.

288. When data can be coded only at the minor group level, a single trailing zero can be added to the 3-digit minor group code. If the only information is that somebody is a medical doctor, for example, it may not be possible to determine whether the response refers to a generalist medical practitioner (Unit Group 2211) or to a specialist medical practitioner (Unit Group 2212). The response can reliably be coded to Minor Group 221: Medical Doctors, and assigned code 2210: Medical Doctors Not Further Defined. Looking at another example, in the case of the response "engineer" with no other useful information, it may be appropriate to assign a code 2140: Engineering Professionals Not Further Defined.

289. In statistical outputs there are two main ways of dealing with these responses. One option is to allocate them proportionally to the more detailed categories in a transparent manner. Alternatively, they can be released in tables labelled as: (Group Name) Not Further Defined. For example, if 15 per cent of all responses coded to ISCO-08 Major Group 1 provide no more detailed information than:

Occupation title: Manager

Tasks and duties performed: Management and supervision of staff

it may be appropriate to represent these data in statistical output as Managers Not Further Defined with an ISCO-08 code 1000. In aggregate output, these vague responses are automatically included with data for the relevant aggregate group.

290. The use of codes with trailing zeros entails the creation of supplementary codes (and labels) for data processing and output. Although they are not substantive categories in the classification they need to be specified as valid codes for data storage and processing purposes, in advance of data processing along with other supplementary codes such as those for "inadequately described", "not stated" and "not applicable" responses.

ANNEX 1

SEVENTEENTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF LABOUR STATISTICIANS: RESOLUTION III

RESOLUTION CONCERNING FURTHER WORK ON THE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS

The Seventeenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians,

Having examined the report to the Conference of the International Labour Office's work with classifications,

Recognizing the valuable work that the International Labour Office (ILO) has carried out over the years to develop the current version of the *International Standard Classification* of Occupations (ISCO-88) and to advise on its use as a model for national occupational classifications as well as on their effective and reliable use for statistics and in client-related applications,

Recognizing that some countries have national occupational classifications that differ significantly from ISCO-88 to well reflect their national circumstances,

Concluding that the basic principles and main structure of ISCO-88 should not be changed, but that nevertheless modifications are necessary in some areas, both to make improvements in light of experience gained in many countries using ISCO-88-based classifications, and as a consequence of developments in the world of work over the last 15 years,

Observing that the custodians of national standard occupational classifications as well as the users of such classifications and of occupational statistics significantly benefit from the technical advisory services that the ILO is uniquely qualified to provide, and

Recalling the request made by the Statistical Commission of the United Nations at its 34th session (March 2003) that the timetable for the revision of ISCO should meet the needs of the 2010 round of population and housing censuses;

Requests the Governing Body of the International Labour Organization to:

- (a) ensure that the ILO, as the custodian of the *International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO-88)*, will have the capacity to:
 - (1) undertake the research and consultations necessary to formulate the modifications and updates of ISCO-88 that are necessary to ensure that it can continue to serve as a good model for national occupational classifications to be used for statistics as well as for client-related applications;
 - (2) complete this work not later than the end of 2007 for the results to be taken into account in national preparations for the majority of population censuses that are to be undertaken in the 2010 round;
- (b) develop and implement mechanisms for this work to be done in cooperation and consultation with representatives of custodians of national occupational classifications as well as other experts and interested parties;
- (c) convene an ILO meeting of experts to evaluate and make appropriate recommendations on the results to the Governing Body; and
- (d) ensure that the ILO will have the capacity to provide the technical advisory services that will be needed particularly by the developing countries to ensure that national occupational classifications can be developed or improved correspondingly and be used effectively and reliably.

ANNEX 2

RESOLUTION CONCERNING UPDATING THE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS

The Tripartite Meeting of Experts on Labour Statistics on Updating the International Standard Classification of Occupations (ISCO),

Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the ILO and having met from 3 to 6 December 2007;

Recalling the Resolution of the Fourteenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians, made on 6 November 1987, endorsing the International Standard Classification of Occupations, 1988 (ISCO-88);

Recalling the request made by the Statistical Commission of the United Nations at its 34th session (March 2003) that the timetable for the revision of ISCO should meet the needs of the 2010 round of population and housing censuses; and

Concurring that, whilst the basic principles and main structure of ISCO-88 remain valid, significant modifications reflecting experience gained in many countries using ISCO-88-based classifications and new developments in the world of work are necessary to allow ISCO to continue to be a useful model for the development of national classifications and a basis for international comparison and exchange of information classified by occupation;

Recalling the recommendation adopted by the Seventeenth International Conference of Labour Statisticians in 2003 for the meeting to evaluate the work of the ILO to update ISCO-88 and to make appropriate recommendations on the results to the Governing Body; and

Having examined the report to the Meeting describing the work of the International Labour Office on updating ISCO-88;

Adopts, this sixth day of December 2007, the following resolution:

- 1. The occupational classification system of major, sub-major, minor and unit groups shown in the Annex to this resolution is endorsed by the Meeting of Experts in Labour Statistics and is designated the International Standard Classification of Occupations, 2008 (ISCO-08).
- 2. ISCO classifies jobs. A *Job* is defined for the purposes of ISCO-08 as a set of tasks and duties performed, or meant to be performed, by one person, including for an employer or in self employment.
- 3. An occupation is defined as a set of jobs whose main tasks and duties are characterized by a high degree of similarity. A person may be associated with an occupation through the main job currently held, a second job or a job previously held.
- 4. Jobs are classified by occupation with respect to the type of work performed, or to be performed. The basic criteria used to define the system of major, sub-major, minor and unit groups are the "skill level" and "skill specialization" required to competently perform the tasks and duties of the occupations.
- 5. In collecting and processing statistics classified by occupation (e.g. for use in fields such as labour market analysis, educational planning, human resource planning, occupational health and safety analysis, wages analysis, etc.), each country should endeavour to compile data that can be converted to the ISCO-08 system, to facilitate the international use and comparison of occupational information.
- 6. Countries should provide information to the ILO about how the groups defined in the classification (or classifications) of occupations used for national purposes can best be related to ISCO-08.
- 7. The Meeting of Experts notes that the ILO plans to:
- (a) publish ISCO-08 including definitions of the major, sub-major, minor and unit groups and an index of occupations in English, French and Spanish;

- (b) provide a manual and training material on how to adapt ISCO-08 for use in national and regional settings; and provide training on a regional basis through a series of regional workshops;
- (c) ensure that, as the custodian of the *International Standard Classification of Occupations* (ISCO-08), it will have the capacity to provide the technical advisory services that will be needed particularly by the developing countries to ensure that national occupational classifications can be developed or improved correspondingly and be used effectively and reliably.

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PART II

STRUCTURE OF THE INTERNATIONAL STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS (ISCO-08)

MAJOR GROUPS

- 1 Managers
- 2 Professionals
- 3 Technicians and Associate Professionals
- 4 Clerical Support Workers
- 5 Services and Sales Workers
- 6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers
- 7 Craft and Related Trades Workers
- 8 Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers
- 9 Elementary Occupations
- **O Armed Forces Occupations**

MAJOR AND SUB-MAJOR GROUPS

1 Managers

- 11 Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators
- 12 Administrative and Commercial Managers
- 13 Production and Specialized Services Managers
- 14 Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers

2 Professionals

- 21 Science and Engineering Professionals
- 22 Health Professionals
- 23 Teaching Professionals
- 24 Business and Administration Professionals
- 25 Information and Communications Technology Professionals
- 26 Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals

3 Technicians and Associate Professionals

- 31 Science and Engineering Associate Professionals
- 32 Health Associate Professionals
- 33 Business and Administration Associate Professionals
- 34 Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals
- 35 Information and Communications Technicians

4 Clerical Support Workers

- 41 General and Keyboard Clerks
- 42 Customer Services Clerks
- 43 Numerical and Material Recording Clerks
- 44 Other Clerical Support Workers

5 Services and Sales Workers

- 51 Personal Services Workers
- 52 Sales Workers
- 53 Personal Care Workers
- 54 Protective Services Workers

6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers

- 61 Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers
- 62 Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers
- 63 Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers

7 Craft and Related Trades Workers

- 71 Building and Related Trades Workers (excluding Electricians)
- 72 Metal, Machinery and Related Trades Workers
- 73 Handicraft and Printing Workers
- 74 Electrical and Electronic Trades Workers
- 75 Food Processing, Woodworking, Garment and Other Craft and Related Trades Workers

8 Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers

- 81 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
- 82 Assemblers
- 83 Drivers and Mobile Plant Operators

9 Elementary Occupations

- 91 Cleaners and Helpers
- 92 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
- 93 Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport
- 94 Food Preparation Assistants
- 95 Street and Related Sales and Services Workers
- 96 Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers

O Armed Forces Occupations

- 01 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 02 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 03 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

MAJOR, SUB-MAJOR AND MINOR GROUPS

1 Managers

- 11 Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators
 - 111 Legislators and Senior Officials
 - 112 Managing Directors and Chief Executives
- 12 Administrative and Commercial Managers
 - 121 Business Services and Administration Managers
 - 122 Sales, Marketing and Development Managers
- 13 Production and Specialized Services Managers
 - 131 Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
 - 132 Manufacturing, Mining, Construction and Distribution Managers
 - 133 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers
 - 134 Professional Services Managers
- 14 Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers
 - 141 Hotel and Restaurant Managers
 - 142 Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers
 - 143 Other Services Managers

2 Professionals

- 21 Science and Engineering Professionals
 - 211 Physical and Earth Science Professionals
 - 212 Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians
 - 213 Life Science Professionals
 - 214 Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology)
 - 215 Electrotechnology Engineers
 - 216 Architects, Planners, Surveyors and Designers

22 Health Professionals

- 221 Medical Doctors
- 222 Nursing and Midwifery Professionals
- 223 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals
- 224 Paramedical Practitioners
- 225 Veterinarians
- 226 Other Health Professionals

23 Teaching Professionals

- 231 University and Higher Education Teachers
- 232 Vocational Education Teachers
- 233 Secondary Education Teachers
- 234 Primary School and Early Childhood Teachers
- 235 Other Teaching Professionals

24 Business and Administration Professionals

- 241 Finance Professionals
- 242 Administration Professionals
- 243 Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals
- 25 Information and Communications Technology Professionals
 - 251 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
 - 252 Database and Network Professionals
- 26 Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals
 - 261 Legal Professionals
 - 262 Librarians, Archivists and Curators
 - 263 Social and Religious Professionals

- 264 Authors, Journalists and Linguists
- 265 Creative and Performing Artists

3 Technicians and Associate Professionals

- 31 Science and Engineering Associate Professionals
 - 311 Physical and Engineering Science Technicians
 - 312 Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors
 - 313 Process Control Technicians
 - 314 Life Science Technicians and Related Associate Professionals
 - 315 Ship and Aircraft Controllers and Technicians
- 32 Health Associate Professionals
 - 321 Medical and Pharmaceutical Technicians
 - 322 Nursing and Midwifery Associate Professionals
 - 323 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals
 - 324 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
 - 325 Other Health Associate Professionals
- 33 Business and Administration Associate Professionals
 - 331 Financial and Mathematical Associate Professionals
 - 332 Sales and Purchasing Agents and Brokers
 - 333 Business Services Agents
 - 334 Administrative and Specialized Secretaries
 - 335 Government Regulatory Associate Professionals
- 34 Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals
 - 341 Legal, Social and Religious Associate Professionals
 - 342 Sports and Fitness Workers
 - 343 Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals
- 35 Information and Communications Technicians
 - 351 Information and Communications Technology Operations and User Support Technicians
 - 352 Telecommunications and Broadcasting Technicians

4 Clerical Support Workers

- 41 General and Keyboard Clerks
 - 411 General Office Clerks
 - 412 Secretaries (general)
 - 413 Keyboard Operators
- 42 Customer Services Clerks
 - 421 Tellers, Money Collectors and Related Clerks
 - 422 Client Information Workers
- 43 Numerical and Material Recording Clerks
 - 431 Numerical Clerks
 - 432 Material Recording and Transport Clerks
- 44 Other Clerical Support Workers
 - 441 Other Clerical Support Workers

5 Services and Sales Workers

- 51 Personal Services Workers
 - 511 Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides
 - 512 Cooks
 - 513 Waiters and Bartenders
 - 514 Hairdressers, Beauticians and Related Workers
 - 515 Building and Housekeeping Supervisors
 - 516 Other Personal Services Workers

52 Sales Workers

- 521 Street and Market Salespersons
- 522 Shop Salespersons
- 523 Cashiers and Ticket Clerks
- 524 Other Sales Workers

53 Personal Care Workers

- 531 Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides
- 532 Personal Care Workers in Health Services
- 54 Protective Services Workers
 - 541 Protective Services Workers

6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers

- 61 Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers
 - 611 Market Gardeners and Crop Growers
 - 612 Animal Producers
 - 613 Mixed Crop and Animal Producers
- 62 Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers
 - 621 Forestry and Related Workers
 - 622 Fishery Workers, Hunters and Trappers
- 63 Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers
 - 631 Subsistence Crop Farmers
 - 632 Subsistence Livestock Farmers
 - 633 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers
 - 634 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

7 Craft and Related Trades Workers

- 71 Building and Related Trades Workers (excluding Electricians)
 - 711 Building Frame and Related Trades Workers
 - 712 Building Finishers and Related Trades Workers
 - 713 Painters, Building Structure Cleaners and Related Trades Workers
- 72 Metal, Machinery and Related Trades Workers
 - 721 Sheet and Structural Metal Workers, Moulders and Welders, and Related Workers
 - 722 Blacksmiths, Toolmakers and Related Trades Workers
 - 723 Machinery Mechanics and Repairers
- 73 Handicraft and Printing Workers
 - 731 Handicraft Workers
 - 732 Printing Trades Workers
- 74 Electrical and Electronic Trades Workers
 - 741 Electrical Equipment Installers and Repairers
 - 742 Electronics and Telecommunications Installers and Repairers
- 75 Food Processing, Woodworking, Garment and Other Craft and Related Trades Workers
 - 751 Food Processing and Related Trades Workers
 - 752 Wood Treaters, Cabinet-makers and Related Trades Workers
 - 753 Garment and Related Trades Workers
 - 754 Other Craft and Related Workers

8 Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers

- 81 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
 - 811 Mining and Mineral Processing Plant Operators
 - 812 Metal Processing and Finishing Plant Operators
 - 813 Chemical and Photographic Products Plant and Machine Operators
 - 814 Rubber, Plastic and Paper Products Machine Operators
 - 815 Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators

- 816 Food and Related Products Machine Operators
- 817 Wood Processing and Papermaking Plant Operators
- 818 Other Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
- 82 Assemblers
 - 821 Assemblers
- 83 Drivers and Mobile Plant Operators
 - 831 Locomotive Engine Drivers and Related Workers
 - 832 Car, Van and Motorcycle Drivers
 - 833 Heavy Truck and Bus Drivers
 - 834 Mobile Plant Operators
 - 835 Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

9 Elementary Occupations

- 91 Cleaners and Helpers
 - 911 Domestic, Hotel and Office Cleaners and Helpers
 - 912 Vehicle, Window, Laundry and Other Hand Cleaning Workers
- 92 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
 - 921 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
- 93 Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport
 - 931 Mining and Construction Labourers
 - 932 Manufacturing Labourers
 - 933 Transport and Storage Labourers
- 94 Food Preparation Assistants
 - 941 Food Preparation Assistants
- 95 Street and Related Sales and Services Workers
 - 951 Street and Related Services Workers
 - 952 Street Vendors (excluding Food)
- 96 Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers
 - 961 Refuse Workers
 - 962 Other Elementary Workers

O Armed Forces Occupations

- 01 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
 - 011 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 02 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
 - 021 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 03 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks
 - 031 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

MAJOR, SUB-MAJOR, MINOR AND UNIT GROUPS

1 Managers

- 11 Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators
 - 111 Legislators and Senior Officials
 - 1111 Legislators
 - 1112 Senior Government Officials
 - 1113 Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages
 - 1114 Senior Officials of Special-interest Organizations
 - 112 Managing Directors and Chief Executives
 - 1120 Managing Directors and Chief Executives
- 12 Administrative and Commercial Managers
 - 121 Business Services and Administration Managers
 - 1211 Finance Managers
 - 1212 Human Resource Managers
 - 1213 Policy and Planning Managers
 - 1219 Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 122 Sales, Marketing and Development Managers
 - 1221 Sales and Marketing Managers
 - 1222 Advertising and Public Relations Managers
 - 1223 Research and Development Managers
- 13 Production and Specialized Services Managers
 - 131 Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
 - 1311 Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers
 - 1312 Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers
 - 132 Manufacturing, Mining, Construction and Distribution Managers
 - 1321 Manufacturing Managers
 - 1322 Mining Managers
 - 1323 Construction Managers
 - 1324 Supply, Distribution and Related Managers
 - 133 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers
 - 1330 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers
 - 134 Professional Services Managers
 - 1341 Child Care Services Managers
 - 1342 Health Services Managers
 - 1343 Aged Care Services Managers
 - 1344 Social Welfare Managers
 - 1345 Education Managers
 - 1346 Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers
 - 1349 Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified
- 14 Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers
 - 141 Hotel and Restaurant Managers
 - 1411 Hotel Managers
 - 1412 Restaurant Managers
 - 142 Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers
 - 1420 Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers
 - 143 Other Services Managers
 - 1431 Sports, Recreation and Cultural Centre Managers
 - 1439 Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

2 Professionals

- 21 Science and Engineering Professionals
 - 211 Physical and Earth Science Professionals
 - 2111 Physicists and Astronomers
 - 2112 Meteorologists

- 2113 Chemists
- 2114 Geologists and Geophysicists
- 212 Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians
 - 2120 Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians
- 213 Life Science Professionals
 - 2131 Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals
 - 2132 Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers
 - 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals
- 214 Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology)
 - 2141 Industrial and Production Engineers
 - 2142 Civil Engineers
 - 2143 Environmental Engineers
 - 2144 Mechanical Engineers
 - 2145 Chemical Engineers
 - 2146 Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals
 - 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified
- 215 Electrotechnology Engineers
 - 2151 Electrical Engineers
 - 2152 Electronics Engineers
 - 2153 Telecommunications Engineers
- 216 Architects, Planners, Surveyors and Designers
 - 2161 Building Architects
 - 2162 Landscape Architects
 - 2163 Product and Garment Designers
 - 2164 Town and Traffic Planners
 - 2165 Cartographers and Surveyors
 - 2166 Graphic and Multimedia Designers

22 Health Professionals

- 221 Medical Doctors
 - 2211 Generalist Medical Practitioners
 - 2212 Specialist Medical Practitioners
- 222 Nursing and Midwifery Professionals
 - 2221 Nursing Professionals
 - 2222 Midwifery Professionals
- 223 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals
 - 2230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals
- 224 Paramedical Practitioners
 - 2240 Paramedical Practitioners
- 225 Veterinarians
 - 2250 Veterinarians
- 226 Other Health Professionals
 - 2261 Dentists
 - 2262 Pharmacists
 - 2263 Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals
 - 2264 Physiotherapists
 - 2265 Dieticians and Nutritionists
 - 2266 Audiologists and Speech Therapists
 - 2267 Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians
 - 2269 Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

23 Teaching Professionals

- 231 University and Higher Education Teachers
 - 2310 University and Higher Education Teachers
- 232 Vocational Education Teachers
 - 2320 Vocational Education Teachers
- 233 Secondary Education Teachers
 - 2330 Secondary Education Teachers

- 234 Primary School and Early Childhood Teachers
 - 2341 Primary School Teachers
 - 2342 Early Childhood Educators
- 235 Other Teaching Professionals
 - 2351 Education Methods Specialists
 - 2352 Special Needs Teachers
 - 2353 Other Language Teachers
 - 2354 Other Music Teachers
 - 2355 Other Arts Teachers
 - 2356 Information Technology Trainers
 - 2359 Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

24 Business and Administration Professionals

- 241 Finance Professionals
 - 2411 Accountants
 - 2412 Financial and Investment Advisers
 - 2413 Financial Analysts
- 242 Administration Professionals
 - 2421 Management and Organization Analysts
 - 2422 Policy Administration Professionals
 - 2423 Personnel and Careers Professionals
 - 2424 Training and Staff Development Professionals
- 243 Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals
 - 2431 Advertising and Marketing Professionals
 - 2432 Public Relations Professionals
 - 2433 Technical and Medical Sales Professionals (excluding ICT)
 - 2434 Information and Communications Technology Sales Professionals

25 Information and Communications Technology Professionals

- 251 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
 - 2511 Systems Analysts
 - 2512 Software Developers
 - 2513 Web and Multimedia Developers
 - 2514 Applications Programmers
 - 2519 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified
- 252 Database and Network Professionals
 - 2521 Database Designers and Administrators
 - 2522 Systems Administrators
 - 2523 Computer Network Professionals
 - 2529 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

26 Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals

- 261 Legal Professionals
 - 2611 Lawyers
 - 2612 Judges
 - 2619 Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified
- 262 Librarians, Archivists and Curators
 - 2621 Archivists and Curators
 - 2622 Librarians and Related Information Professionals
- 263 Social and Religious Professionals
 - 2631 Economists
 - 2632 Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals
 - 2633 Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists
 - 2634 Psychologists
 - 2635 Social Work and Counselling Professionals
 - 2636 Religious Professionals
- 264 Authors, Journalists and Linguists
 - 2641 Authors and Related Writers
 - 2642 Journalists
 - 2643 Translators, Interpreters and Other Linguists

- 265 Creative and Performing Artists
 - 2651 Visual Artists
 - 2652 Musicians, Singers and Composers
 - 2653 Dancers and Choreographers
 - 2654 Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers
 - 2655 Actors
 - 2656 Announcers on Radio, Television and Other Media
 - 2659 Creative and Performing Artists Not Elsewhere Classified

3 Technicians and Associate Professionals

- 31 Science and Engineering Associate Professionals
 - 311 Physical and Engineering Science Technicians
 - 3111 Chemical and Physical Science Technicians
 - 3112 Civil Engineering Technicians
 - 3113 Electrical Engineering Technicians
 - 3114 Electronics Engineering Technicians
 - 3115 Mechanical Engineering Technicians
 - 3116 Chemical Engineering Technicians
 - 3117 Mining and Metallurgical Technicians
 - 3118 Draughtspersons
 - 3119 Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 312 Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors
 - 3121 Mining Supervisors
 - 3122 Manufacturing Supervisors
 - 3123 Construction Supervisors
 - 313 Process Control Technicians
 - 3131 Power Production Plant Operators
 - 3132 Incinerator and Water Treatment Plant Operators
 - 3133 Chemical Processing Plant Controllers
 - 3134 Petroleum and Natural Gas Refining Plant Operators
 - 3135 Metal Production Process Controllers
 - 3139 Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 314 Life Science Technicians and Related Associate Professionals
 - 3141 Life Science Technicians (excluding Medical)
 - 3142 Agricultural Technicians
 - 3143 Forestry Technicians
 - 315 Ship and Aircraft Controllers and Technicians
 - 3151 Ships' Engineers
 - 3152 Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots
 - 3153 Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals
 - 3154 Air Traffic Controllers
 - 3155 Air Traffic Safety Electronics Technicians

32 Health Associate Professionals

- 321 Medical and Pharmaceutical Technicians
 - 3211 Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians
 - 3212 Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians
 - 3213 Pharmaceutical Technicians and Assistants
 - 3214 Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians
- 322 Nursing and Midwifery Associate Professionals
 - 3221 Nursing Associate Professionals
 - 3222 Midwifery Associate Professionals
- 323 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals
 - 3230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals
- 324 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
 - 3240 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
- 325 Other Health Associate Professionals
 - 3251 Dental Assistants and Therapists
 - 3252 Medical Records and Health Information Technicians

- 3253 Community Health Workers
- 3254 Dispensing Opticians
- 3255 Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants
- 3256 Medical Assistants
- 3257 Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates
- 3258 Ambulance Workers
- 3259 Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

33 Business and Administration Associate Professionals

- 331 Financial and Mathematical Associate Professionals
 - 3311 Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers
 - 3312 Credit and Loans Officers
 - 3313 Accounting Associate Professionals
 - 3314 Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals
 - 3315 Valuers and Loss Assessors
- 332 Sales and Purchasing Agents and Brokers
 - 3321 Insurance Representatives
 - 3322 Commercial Sales Representatives
 - 3323 Buyers
 - 3324 Trade Brokers
- 333 Business Services Agents
 - 3331 Clearing and Forwarding Agents
 - 3332 Conference and Event Planners
 - 3333 Employment Agents and Contractors
 - 3334 Real Estate Agents and Property Managers
 - 3339 Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified
- 334 Administrative and Specialized Secretaries
 - 3341 Office Supervisors
 - 3342 Legal Secretaries
 - 3343 Administrative and Executive Secretaries
 - 3344 Medical Secretaries
- 335 Government Regulatory Associate Professionals
 - 3351 Customs and Border Inspectors
 - 3352 Government Tax and Excise Officials
 - 3353 Government Social Benefits Officials
 - 3354 Government Licensing Officials
 - 3355 Police Inspectors and Detectives
 - 3359 Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

34 Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals

- 341 Legal, Social and Religious Associate Professionals
 - 3411 Legal and Related Associate Professionals
 - 3412 Social Work Associate Professionals
 - 3413 Religious Associate Professionals
- 342 Sports and Fitness Workers
 - 3421 Athletes and Sports Players
 - 3422 Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials
 - 3423 Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders
- 343 Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals
 - 3431 Photographers
 - 3432 Interior Designers and Decorators
 - 3433 Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians
 - 3434 Chefs
 - 3435 Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals

35 Information and Communications Technicians

- 351 Information and Communications Technology Operations and User Support Technicians
 - 3511 Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians
 - 3512 Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians
 - 3513 Computer Network and Systems Technicians

3514 Web Technicians

352 Telecommunications and Broadcasting Technicians

3521 Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians

3522 Telecommunications Engineering Technicians

4 Clerical Support Workers

41 General and Keyboard Clerks

411 General Office Clerks

4110 General Office Clerks

412 Secretaries (general)

4120 Secretaries (general)

413 Keyboard Operators

4131 Typists and Word Processing Operators

4132 Data Entry Clerks

42 Customer Services Clerks

421 Tellers, Money Collectors and Related Clerks

4211 Bank Tellers and Related Clerks

4212 Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers

4213 Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders

4214 Debt Collectors and Related Workers

422 Client Information Workers

4221 Travel Consultants and Clerks

4222 Contact Centre Information Clerks

4223 Telephone Switchboard Operators

4224 Hotel Receptionists

4225 Inquiry Clerks

4226 Receptionists (general)

4227 Survey and Market Research Interviewers

4229 Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

43 Numerical and Material Recording Clerks

431 Numerical Clerks

4311 Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks

4312 Statistical, Finance and Insurance Clerks

4313 Payroll Clerks

432 Material Recording and Transport Clerks

4321 Stock Clerks

4322 Production Clerks

4323 Transport Clerks

44 Other Clerical Support Workers

441 Other Clerical Support Workers

4411 Library Clerks

4412 Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks

4413 Coding, Proofreading and Related Clerks

4414 Scribes and Related Workers

4415 Filing and Copying Clerks

4416 Personnel Clerks

4419 Clerical Support Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

5 Services and Sales Workers

51 Personal Services Workers

511 Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides

5111 Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards

5112 Transport Conductors

5113 Travel Guides

512 Cooks

5120 Cooks

- 513 Waiters and Bartenders
 - 5131 Waiters
 - 5132 Bartenders
- 514 Hairdressers, Beauticians and Related Workers
 - 5141 Hairdressers
 - 5142 Beauticians and Related Workers
- 515 Building and Housekeeping Supervisors
 - 5151 Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments
 - 5152 Domestic Housekeepers
 - 5153 Building Caretakers
- 516 Other Personal Services Workers
 - 5161 Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers
 - 5162 Companions and Valets
 - 5163 Undertakers and Embalmers
 - 5164 Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers
 - 5165 Driving Instructors
 - 5169 Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

52 Sales Workers

- 521 Street and Market Salespersons
 - 5211 Stall and Market Salespersons
 - 5212 Street Food Salespersons
- 522 Shop Salespersons
 - 5221 Shopkeepers
 - 5222 Shop Supervisors
 - 5223 Shop Sales Assistants
- 523 Cashiers and Ticket Clerks
 - 5230 Cashiers and Ticket Clerks
- 524 Other Sales Workers
 - 5241 Fashion and Other Models
 - 5242 Sales Demonstrators
 - 5243 Door-to-door Salespersons
 - 5244 Contact Centre Salespersons
 - 5245 Service Station Attendants
 - 5246 Food Service Counter Attendants
 - 5249 Sales Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

53 Personal Care Workers

- 531 Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides
 - 5311 Child Care Workers
 - 5312 Teachers' Aides
- 532 Personal Care Workers in Health Services
 - 5321 Health Care Assistants
 - 5322 Home-based Personal Care Workers
 - 5329 Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified

54 Protective Services Workers

- 541 Protective Services Workers
 - 5411 Firefighters
 - 5412 Police Officers
 - 5413 Prison Guards
 - 5414 Security Guards
 - 5419 Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

6 Skilled Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Workers

- 61 Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers
 - 611 Market Gardeners and Crop Growers
 - 6111 Field Crop and Vegetable Growers
 - 6112 Tree and Shrub Crop Growers

- 6113 Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers
- 6114 Mixed Crop Growers
- 612 Animal Producers
 - 6121 Livestock and Dairy Producers
 - 6122 Poultry Producers
 - 6123 Apiarists and Sericulturists
 - 6129 Animal Producers Not Elsewhere Classified
- 613 Mixed Crop and Animal Producers
 - 6130 Mixed Crop and Animal Producers

62 Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers

- 621 Forestry and Related Workers
 - 6210 Forestry and Related Workers
- 622 Fishery Workers, Hunters and Trappers
 - 6221 Aquaculture Workers
 - 6222 Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers
 - 6223 Deep-sea Fishery Workers
 - 6224 Hunters and Trappers

63 Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers

- 631 Subsistence Crop Farmers
 - 6310 Subsistence Crop Farmers
- 632 Subsistence Livestock Farmers
 - 6320 Subsistence Livestock Farmers
- 633 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers 6330 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers
- 634 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers 6340 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

7 Craft and Related Trades Workers

- 71 Building and Related Trades Workers (excluding Electricians)
 - 711 Building Frame and Related Trades Workers
 - 7111 House Builders
 - 7112 Bricklayers and Related Workers
 - 7113 Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers
 - 7114 Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers
 - 7115 Carpenters and Joiners
 - 7119 Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 712 Building Finishers and Related Trades Workers
 - 7121 Roofers
 - 7122 Floor Layers and Tile Setters
 - 7123 Plasterers
 - 7124 Insulation Workers
 - 7125 Glaziers
 - 7126 Plumbers and Pipe Fitters
 - 7127 Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics
 - 713 Painters, Building Structure Cleaners and Related Trades Workers
 - 7131 Painters and Related Workers
 - 7132 Spray Painters and Varnishers
 - 7133 Building Structure Cleaners

72 Metal, Machinery and Related Trades Workers

- 721 Sheet and Structural Metal Workers, Moulders and Welders, and Related Workers
 - 7211 Metal Moulders and Coremakers
 - 7212 Welders and Flame Cutters
 - 7213 Sheet Metal Workers
 - 7214 Structural Metal Preparers and Erectors
 - 7215 Riggers and Cable Splicers
- 722 Blacksmiths, Toolmakers and Related Trades Workers
 - 7221 Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forging Press Workers

- 7222 Toolmakers and Related Workers
- 7223 Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators
- 7224 Metal Polishers, Wheel Grinders and Tool Sharpeners
- 723 Machinery Mechanics and Repairers
 - 7231 Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers
 - 7232 Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Repairers
 - 7233 Agricultural and Industrial Machinery Mechanics and Repairers
 - 7234 Bicycle and Related Repairers

73 Handicraft and Printing Workers

- 731 Handicraft Workers
 - 7311 Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers
 - 7312 Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners
 - 7313 Jewellery and Precious Metal Workers
 - 7314 Potters and Related Workers
 - 7315 Glass Makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers
 - 7316 Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers
 - 7317 Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials
 - 7318 Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials
 - 7319 Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified
- 732 Printing Trades Workers
 - 7321 Pre-press Technicians
 - 7322 Printers
 - 7323 Print Finishing and Binding Workers

74 Electrical and Electronics Trades Workers

- 741 Electrical Equipment Installers and Repairers
 - 7411 Building and Related Electricians
 - 7412 Electrical Mechanics and Fitters
 - 7413 Electrical Line Installers and Repairers
- 742 Electronics and Telecommunications Installers and Repairers
 - 7421 Electronics Mechanics and Servicers
 - 7422 Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers

75 Food Processing, Woodworking, Garment and Other Craft and Related Trades Workers

- 751 Food Processing and Related Trades Workers
 - 7511 Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers
 - 7512 Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers
 - 7513 Dairy Products Makers
 - 7514 Fruit, Vegetable and Related Preservers
 - 7515 Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders
 - 7516 Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers
- 752 Wood Treaters, Cabinet-makers and Related Trades Workers
 - 7521 Wood Treaters
 - 7522 Cabinet-makers and Related Workers
 - 7523 Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators
- 753 Garment and Related Trades Workers
 - 7531 Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters
 - 7532 Garment and Related Patternmakers and Cutters
 - 7533 Sewing, Embroidery and Related Workers
 - 7534 Upholsterers and Related Workers
 - 7535 Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers
 - 7536 Shoemakers and Related Workers
- 754 Other Craft and Related Workers
 - 7541 Underwater Divers
 - 7542 Shotfirers and Blasters
 - 7543 Product Graders and Testers (excluding Foods and Beverages)
 - 7544 Fumigators and Other Pest and Weed Controllers
 - 7549 Craft and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

8 Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers

- 81 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
 - 811 Mining and Mineral Processing Plant Operators
 - 8111 Miners and Quarriers
 - 8112 Mineral and Stone Processing Plant Operators
 - 8113 Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers
 - 8114 Cement, Stone and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators
 - 812 Metal Processing and Finishing Plant Operators
 - 8121 Metal Processing Plant Operators
 - 8122 Metal Finishing, Plating and Coating Machine Operators
 - 813 Chemical and Photographic Products Plant and Machine Operators
 - 8131 Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators
 - 8132 Photographic Products Machine Operators
 - 814 Rubber, Plastic and Paper Products Machine Operators
 - 8141 Rubber Products Machine Operators
 - 8142 Plastic Products Machine Operators
 - 8143 Paper Products Machine Operators
 - 815 Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators
 - 8151 Fibre Preparing, Spinning and Winding Machine Operators
 - 8152 Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators
 - 8153 Sewing Machine Operators
 - 8154 Bleaching, Dyeing and Fabric Cleaning Machine Operators
 - 8155 Fur and Leather Preparing Machine Operators
 - 8156 Shoemaking and Related Machine Operators
 - 8157 Laundry Machine Operators
 - 8159 Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 816 Food and Related Products Machine Operators
 - 8160 Food and Related Products Machine Operators
 - 817 Wood Processing and Papermaking Plant Operators
 - 8171 Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators
 - 8172 Wood Processing Plant Operators
 - 818 Other Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
 - 8181 Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators
 - 8182 Steam Engine and Boiler Operators
 - 8183 Packing, Bottling and Labelling Machine Operators
 - 8189 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified

82 Assemblers

- 821 Assemblers
 - 8211 Mechanical Machinery Assemblers
 - 8212 Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers
 - 8219 Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified

83 Drivers and Mobile Plant Operators

- 831 Locomotive Engine Drivers and Related Workers
 - 8311 Locomotive Engine Drivers
 - 8312 Railway Brake, Signal and Switch Operators
- 832 Car, Van and Motorcycle Drivers
 - 8321 Motorcycle Drivers
 - 8322 Car, Taxi and Van Drivers
- 833 Heavy Truck and Bus Drivers
 - 8331 Bus and Tram Drivers
 - 8332 Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers
- 834 Mobile Plant Operators
 - 8341 Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators
 - 8342 Earthmoving and Related Plant Operators
 - 8343 Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators

8344 Lifting Truck Operators

835 Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

8350 Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

9 Elementary Occupations

- 91 Cleaners and Helpers
 - 911 Domestic, Hotel and Office Cleaners and Helpers
 - 9111 Domestic Cleaners and Helpers
 - 9112 Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments
 - 912 Vehicle, Window, Laundry and Other Hand Cleaning Workers
 - 9121 Hand Launderers and Pressers
 - 9122 Vehicle Cleaners
 - 9123 Window Cleaners
 - 9129 Other Cleaning Workers
- 92 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
 - 921 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
 - 9211 Crop Farm Labourers
 - 9212 Livestock Farm Labourers
 - 9213 Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers
 - 9214 Garden and Horticultural Labourers
 - 9215 Forestry Labourers
 - 9216 Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers
- 93 Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport
 - 931 Mining and Construction Labourers
 - 9311 Mining and Quarrying Labourers
 - 9312 Civil Engineering Labourers
 - 9313 Building Construction Labourers
 - 932 Manufacturing Labourers
 - 9321 Hand Packers
 - 9329 Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified
 - 933 Transport and Storage Labourers
 - 9331 Hand and Pedal Vehicle Drivers
 - 9332 Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery
 - 9333 Freight Handlers
 - 9334 Shelf Fillers

94 Food Preparation Assistants

- 941 Food Preparation Assistants
 - 9411 Fast Food Preparers
 - 9412 Kitchen Helpers

95 Street and Related Sales and Services Workers

- 951 Street and Related Services Workers
 - 9510 Street and Related Services Workers
- 952 Street Vendors (excluding Food)
 - 9520 Street Vendors (excluding Food)

96 Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers

- 961 Refuse Workers
 - 9611 Garbage and Recycling Collectors
 - 9612 Refuse Sorters
 - 9613 Sweepers and Related Labourers
- 962 Other Elementary Workers
 - 9621 Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters
 - 9622 Odd-job Persons
 - 9623 Meter Readers and Vending-machine Collectors
 - 9624 Water and Firewood Collectors
 - 9629 Elementary Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

O Armed Forces Occupations

- 01 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
 - O11 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
 O110 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 02 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
 - 021 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers 0210 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 03 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks
 - O31 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks
 O310 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

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DEFINITIONS OF MAJOR GROUPS, SUB-MAJOR GROUPS, MINOR GROUPS AND UNIT GROUPS

Major Group 1

MANAGERS

Managers plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the overall activities of enterprises, governments and other organizations, or of organizational units within them, and formulate and review their policies, laws, rules and regulations. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level, except for Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers, for which skills at the third ISCO skill level are generally required.

Tasks performed by managers usually include: formulating and advising on the policy, budgets, laws and regulations of enterprises, governments and other organizational units; establishing objectives and standards and formulating and evaluating programmes and policies and procedures for their implementation; ensuring appropriate systems and procedures are developed and implemented to provide budgetary control; authorizing material, human and financial resources to implement policies and programmes; monitoring and evaluating performance of the organization or enterprise and of its staff; selecting or approving the selection of staff; ensuring compliance with health and safety requirements; planning and directing daily operations; representing and negotiating on behalf of the government, enterprise or organizational unit managed in meetings and other forums.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 11 Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators
- 12 Administrative and Commercial Managers
- 13 Production and Specialized Services Managers
- 14 Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers

Notes

In distinguishing between managers classified in Major Group 1: Managers, and supervisors, classified in other major groups, it should be noted that both managers and supervisors may plan, organize, coordinate, control and direct the work done by others. In addition, managers usually have responsibility for and make decisions about: the overall strategic and operational direction of a business or organizational unit (for example about the kinds, quantity and quality of goods to be produced); budgets (how much money is to be spent and for what purposes); and the selection, appointment and dismissal of staff. Supervisors may provide advice and assistance to managers on these matters, especially in relation to staff selection and dismissal, but do not have authority to make decisions.

It should be noted that it is not a necessary condition that managers have responsibility for all three of strategic and operational direction, budgets and staff selection and dismissal. The degree of autonomy they exercise may also vary. The critical difference is that supervisors are responsible only for the supervision of the activities of other workers, whereas managers have overall responsibility for the operations of an organizational unit.

Sub-major Group 11

Chief Executives, Senior Officials and Legislators

Chief executives, senior officials and legislators formulate and review the policies, and plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the overall activities, of enterprises, governments and other organizations with the support of other managers. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: presiding over or participating in the proceedings of legislative bodies, boards of directors and committees; formulating and advising on the policy budgets, laws and regulations of enterprises, governments and other organizations; establishing objectives for enterprises, government departments or agencies and other organizations; formulating or approving and evaluating programmes and policies and procedures for their implementation; ensuring appropriate systems and procedures are developed and implemented to provide budgetary control; authorizing material, human and financial resources to implement policies and programmes; monitoring and evaluating performance of the organization or enterprise; selecting or approving the selection of senior staff; performing ceremonial duties and representing the enterprise, government, organization or community at official occasions and in meetings, negotiations, conventions and public hearings.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 111 Legislators and Senior Officials
- 112 Managing Directors and Chief Executives

Minor Group 111

Legislators and Senior Officials

Legislators and senior officials determine, formulate, advise on and direct the implementation of policies of national, state, regional or local governments or communities, and of special-interest organizations. They make, ratify, amend or repeal laws, public rules and regulations, and plan, organize, direct, control and evaluate the overall activities of government departments and agencies, traditional communities and special-interest organizations.

Tasks performed usually include: presiding over or participating in the proceedings of legislative bodies and administrative councils of governments, legislative assemblies, local communities and special-interest organizations; serving on government administrative boards or official committees; investigating matters of concern to the public and promoting the interests of constituents; formulating and advising on government policy, budgets, laws and regulations; establishing objectives for organizations and formulating or approving and evaluating programmes and policies and procedures for their implementation; recommending, reviewing, evaluating and approving documents, briefs and reports submitted; ensuring appropriate systems and procedures are developed and implemented to provide budgetary control; allocating the use of communal land and other resources; performing ceremonial duties and representing the government, organization or community at official occasions and in meetings, negotiations, conventions and public hearings.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1111 Legislators
- 1112 Senior Government Officials
- 1113 Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages
- 1114 Senior Officials of Special-interest Organizations

Unit Group 111

Legislators

Legislators determine, formulate and direct policies of national, state, regional or local governments and international governmental agencies, and make, ratify, amend or repeal laws, public rules and regulations. They include elected and non-elected members of parliaments, councils and governments.

Tasks include -

- (a) presiding over or participating in the proceedings of legislative bodies and administrative councils of national, state, regional or local governments or legislative assemblies;
- (b) determining, formulating and directing policies of national, state, regional or local governments;
- (c) making, ratifying, amending or repealing laws, public rules and regulations within a statutory or constitutional framework;
- (d) serving on government administrative boards or official committees:
- (e) investigating matters of concern to the public and promoting the interests of the constituencies which they represent;
- (f) attending community functions and meetings to provide service to the community, understand public opinion and provide information on government plans;
- (g) negotiating with other legislators and representatives of interest groups in order to reconcile differing interests, and to create policies and agreements;
- (h) as members of the government, directing senior administrators and officials of government departments and agencies in the interpretation and implementation of government policies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- City councillor
- Government minister
- Mayor
- Member of parliament
- President (government)
- Secretary of state
- Senator
- State governor

Unit Group 1112

Senior Government Officials

Senior government officials advise governments on policy matters, oversee the interpretation and implementation of government policies and legislation by government departments and agencies, represent their country abroad and act on its behalf, or carry out similar tasks in intergovernmental organizations. They plan, organize, direct, control and evaluate the overall activities of municipal or local, regional and national government departments, boards, agencies or commissions in accordance with legislation and policies established by government and legislative bodies.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising national, state, regional or local governments and legislators on policy matters;
- (b) advising on the preparation of government budgets, laws and regulations, including amendments;
- (c) establishing objectives for government departments or agencies in accordance with government legislation and policy;
- (d) formulating or approving and evaluating programmes and procedures for the implementation of government policies in conjunction or consultation with government;
- (e) recommending, reviewing, evaluating and approving documents, briefs and reports submitted by middle managers and senior staff members;
- (f) ensuring appropriate systems and procedures are developed and implemented to provide budgetary control;
- (g) coordinating activities with other senior government managers and officials;
- (h) making presentations to legislative and other government committees regarding policies, programmes or budgets;
- (i) overseeing the interpretation and implementation of government policies and legislation by government departments and agencies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Ambassador
- City administrator
- Civil service commissioner
- Consul-general
- Director-general (government department)
- Director-general (intergovernmental organization)
- Fire commissioner
- Inspector-general (police)
- Permanent head (government department)
- Police chief constable
- Police commissioner
- Secretary-general (government administration)
- Under-secretary (government)

Note

Chief executives of government-owned enterprises are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Unit Group 1113

Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages

Traditional chiefs and heads of villages perform a variety of legislative, administrative and ceremonial tasks and duties, determined by ancient traditions as well as by the division of rights and responsibilities between village chiefs and the local, regional and national authorities.

Tasks include -

- (a) allocating the use of communal land and other resources among households in the community or village;
- (b) collecting and distributing surplus production of the community or village;
- (c) settling disputes between members of the community or village;
- (d) disciplining members of the community or village for violation of rules and customs;
- (e) performing ceremonial duties in connection with births, marriages, deaths, harvests and other important occasions;
- (f) representing the community or village on local or regional councils;
- (g) informing the community or village about government rules and regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Village chief
- · Village head

Unit Group 1114

Senior Officials of Special-interest Organizations

Senior officials of special-interest organizations determine, formulate and direct the implementation of policies of special-interest organizations, such as political-party organizations, trade unions, employers' organizations, trade and

industry associations, humanitarian or charity organizations, or sports associations, and represent their organizations and act on their behalf.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining and formulating the policies, rules and regulations of the organization;
- (b) planning, directing and coordinating the general functioning of the organization;
- (c) reviewing the operations and results of the organization and reporting to boards of directors and governing bodies, the organization's membership and funding agencies;
- (d) negotiating on behalf of the organization, its members and relevant special-interest groups;
- (e) promoting the interests of the organization, its members and relevant special-interest groups before the legislature, government or general public;
- (f) planning, organizing and directing sections charged with implementing the organization's policies, programmes, rules and regulations;
- (g) ensuring appropriate systems and procedures are developed and implemented to provide budgetary control;
- (h) monitoring and evaluating performance of the organization or enterprise against established objectives and policies;
- (i) representing the organization at official occasions and board meetings, in negotiations and at conventions, public hearings and forums.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chairperson, trade union
- Director-general, employers' organization
- Leader, political party
- President, political party
- Secretary-general, environment protection organization
- Secretary-general, human rights organization

Minor Group 112

Managing Directors and Chief Executives

Managing directors and chief executives formulate and review the policies, and plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the overall activities, of enterprises or organizations (except special-interest organizations and government departments) with the support of other managers, usually within guidelines established by a board of directors or a governing body to whom they are answerable for the operations undertaken and results.

Tasks performed usually include: planning, directing and coordinating the general functioning of an enterprise or organization; reviewing the operations and results of the enterprise or organization, and reporting to boards of directors and governing bodies; determining objectives, strategies, policies and programmes for the enterprise or organization; providing overall direction and management to organizations; establishing and managing budgets, controlling

expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources; authorizing material, human and financial resources to implement organizational policies and programmes; monitoring and evaluating performance of the organization or enterprise against established objectives and policies; consulting with senior subordinate staff and reviewing recommendations and reports; representing the organization at official occasions, in negotiations and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums; selecting or approving the selection of senior staff; ensuring the organization complies with relevant legislation and regulations.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

1120 Managing Directors and Chief Executives

Unit Group 1120

Managing Directors and Chief Executives

Managing directors and chief executives formulate and review the policies, and plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the overall activities, of enterprises or organizations (except special-interest organizations and government departments) with the support of other managers, usually within guidelines established by a board of directors or a governing body to whom they are answerable for the operations undertaken and results. Tasks include –

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating the general functioning of an enterprise or organization;
- (b) reviewing the operations and results of the enterprise or organization and reporting to boards of directors and governing bodies;
- (c) determining objectives, strategies, policies and programmes for the enterprise or organization;
- (d) providing overall leadership and management to the enterprise or organization;
- (e) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (f) authorizing material, human and financial resources to implement organizational policies and programmes;
- (g) monitoring and evaluating performance of the organization or enterprise against established objectives and policies;

- (h) consulting with senior subordinate staff and reviewing recommendations and reports;
- representing the organization at official occasions and board meetings, in negotiations and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums;
- (j) selecting or approving the selection of senior staff:
- (k) ensuring the organization complies with relevant legislation and regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chief executive
- Managing director
- · Regional manager

Note

Regional managers and other senior managers who coordinate and supervise the activities of subordinate managers who have a diverse range of functional responsibilities are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives. Managers responsible for specialized functions within a specific geographic area are excluded from this unit group. For example, regional sales managers are classified in Unit Group 1221: Sales and Marketing Managers. Jobs whose principal responsibility is to participate as a member of the board of directors of one or more enterprises or organizations are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives. Chief executives of government-owned enterprises are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Sub-major Group 12

Administrative and Commercial Managers

Administrative and commercial managers plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate the financial, administrative, human resource, policy, planning, research and development, advertising, public relations, and sales and marketing activities of enterprises and organizations, or of enterprises that provide such services to other enterprises and organizations. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: formulating and administering policy advice and strategic and financial planning; establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures; implementing, monitoring and evaluating strategies and policies; providing advice to senior managers; directing the development of initiatives for new products, marketing, public relations and advertising campaigns; determining and directing sales activities, product mix and customer service standards; setting prices and credit arrangements; ensuring compliance with relevant legislation, regulations and standards; controlling selection, training and performance of staff; preparing budgets and overseeing financial operations; consulting with the chief executive and with managers of other departments or sections; controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources; representing the enterprise or organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 121 Business Services and Administration Managers
- 122 Sales, Marketing and Development Managers

Note

Specialized qualifications and extensive experience relevant to one or more occupations classified in Major Group 2: Professionals, or Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, are usually required. Regional managers and other senior managers who coordinate and supervise the activities of subordinate managers who have a diverse range of functional responsibilities are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Minor Group 121

Business Services and Administration Managers

Business services and administration managers plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate the financial, administrative, human resource, policy and planning activities of organizations, or of enterprises that provide such services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks performed usually include: formulating and administering policy advice and strategic and financial planning; establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures; implementing, monitoring and evaluating strategies and policies; providing advice to senior managers and board members on financial, administrative, strategic, policy, programme and legislative issues; ensuring compliance with relevant legislation, regulations and standards; controlling selection, training and performance of staff; preparing budgets and overseeing financial operations; consulting with the chief executive and with managers of other departments or sections; controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources; representing the organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1211 Finance Managers
- 1212 Human Resource Managers
- 1213 Policy and Planning Managers
- 1219 Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 1211

Finance Managers

Finance managers plan, direct and coordinate the financial operations of an enterprise or organization, in consultation with senior managers and with managers of other departments or sections, or of enterprises that provide financial services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating the financial operations of an enterprise or organization;
- (b) assessing the financial situation of the enterprise or organization, preparing budgets and overseeing financial operations;
- (c) consulting with the chief executive and with managers of other departments or sections;
- (d) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (e) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (f) planning and directing daily operations;
- (g) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff;
- (h) representing the enterprise or organization in dealings with outside bodies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Company secretary
- Finance manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Financial institution branch manager 1346
- Financial controller 2411
- Management accountant 2411

Unit Group 1212

Human Resource Managers

Human resource managers plan, direct and coordinate policies concerning the personnel, industrial relations and occupational health and safety activities of an enterprise or organization, or of enterprises that provide human resource services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating the personnel and industrial relations activities, policies and practices of an enterprise or organization;
- (b) planning and organizing procedures for recruitment, training, promotion, transfer and dismissal of staff;
- (c) planning and organizing negotiations and procedures for determination of wage

- structures and level and for consultation with workers on conditions of employment;
- (d) overseeing safety, health and related programmes and activities;
- (e) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (f) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (g) overseeing the development and implementation of management information systems;
- (h) ensuring compliance with standards and legislation relating to employees' rights, health and safety, equal opportunity and related concerns;
- (i) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff for the entire enterprise or organization;
- (j) consulting with senior management and with managers of other departments;
- (k) representing the enterprise or organization in dealings with outside bodies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Industrial relations manager
- Personnel manager
- Recruitment manager

Unit Group 1213

Policy and Planning Managers

Policy and planning managers plan, organize, direct and coordinate policy advice and strategic planning activities within government or for non-government organizations and private sector agencies, or manage the activities of enterprises that provide policy and strategic planning services.

Tasks include -

- (a) developing, implementing and monitoring strategic plans, programmes, policies, processes, systems and procedures to achieve goals, objectives and work standards;
- (b) developing, directing, administering and participating in policy research and analysis;
- (c) coordinating the implementation of policies and practices;
- (d) establishing activity measures and measurements of accountability;
- (e) planning and directing daily operations;
- (f) leading and managing the activities of policy development and strategic planning staff;
- (g) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff;
- (h) consulting with senior management and with managers of other departments;

(i) representing the enterprise or organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Corporate planning manager
- Policy manager
- Strategic planning manager

Unit Group 1219

Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers business services and administration managers not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 121: Business Services and Administration Managers. For instance, the group includes occupations such as facilities manager, cleaning services manager and administrative services manager employed either as the manager of a department of a large enterprise and organization, or of an enterprise that provides such services to other enterprises and organizations.

In such cases tasks would include –

(a) providing administrative, strategic planning and operational support, research and advice to senior management on matters such as the management of building facilities and administrative services;

- (b) developing and managing the organization's administrative and physical resources;
- (c) developing and implementing administrative and procedural statements and guidelines for use by staff in the organization;
- (d) analysing complex resource management issues and initiatives that affect the organization, and preparing associated reports, correspondence and submissions;
- (e) providing information and support for the preparation of financial reports and budgets;
- (f) leading, managing and developing administrative staff to ensure smooth business operations and the provision of accurate and timely information;
- (g) representing the enterprise or organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums;
- (h) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (i) planning and directing daily operations;
- (j) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Administrative services manager
- Cleaning services manager
- Corporate services manager
- Facilities manager

Minor Group 122

Sales, Marketing and Development Managers

Sales, marketing and development managers plan, organize, direct, control and coordinate the advertising, public relations, research and development, and sales and marketing activities of enterprises and organizations, or of enterprises that provide such services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks performed usually include: formulating and implementing policies and plans for advertising, public relations, product development, sales and marketing in consultation with other managers; directing the development of initiatives for new products or scientific research, marketing, public relations and advertising campaigns; determining and directing sales activities, product mix, customer service standards and merchandising methods and distribution policy; setting prices and credit arrangements; establishing and managing budgets and controlling expenditure to ensure the efficient use of resources; overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff; representing the enterprise or organization at conventions, trade exhibitions and other forums.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1221 Sales and Marketing Managers
- 1222 Advertising and Public Relations Managers
- 1223 Research and Development Managers

Unit Group 1221

Sales and Marketing Managers

Sales and marketing managers plan, direct and coordinate the sales and marketing activities of an enterprise or organization, or of enterprises that provide sales and marketing services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning and organizing special sales and marketing programmes based on sales records and market assessments;
- (b) determining price lists, discount and delivery terms, sales promotion budgets, sales methods, special incentives and campaigns;
- (c) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures related to sales and marketing activities;
- (d) leading and managing the activities of sales and marketing staff;
- (e) planning and directing daily operations;
- establishing and managing budgets and controlling expenditure to ensure the efficient use of resources;
- (g) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff;
- (h) representing the enterprise or organization at sales and marketing conventions, trade exhibitions and other forums.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Marketing manager
- · Sales manager

Unit Group 1222

Advertising and Public Relations Managers

Advertising and public relations managers plan, direct and coordinate the advertising, public relations and public information activities of enterprises and organizations or of enterprises that provide related services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating the advertising and public relations activities of an enterprise or organization;
- (b) negotiating advertising contracts with clients or with newspapers, radio and television stations, sports and cultural organizations and advertising agencies;
- (c) planning and managing information programmes to inform legislators, the mass

- media and the general public about the plans, accomplishments and points of view of the enterprise or organization;
- (d) leading and managing the activities of advertising and public relations staff;
- (e) establishing and managing budgets and controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (f) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (g) planning and directing daily operations;
- (h) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Advertising manager
- Public relations manager

Unit Group 1223

Research and Development Managers

Research and development managers plan, direct and coordinate the research and development activities of an enterprise or organization or of enterprises that provide related services to other enterprises and organizations.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating research and development activities, in-house or commissioned from external research organizations, to develop new or improved technical processes, products, knowledge, or utilization of materials;
- (b) planning the overall research and development programme of an enterprise or organization, specifying goals and budgetary requirements;
- (c) leading and managing the activities of research and development staff;
- (d) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (e) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (f) planning and directing daily operations;
- (g) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff;
- (h) representing the enterprise or organization at conventions, seminars and conferences.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Product development manager
- Research manager

Sub-major Group 13

Production and Specialized Services Managers

Production and specialized services managers plan, direct and coordinate the production of the goods and the provision of the specialized professional and technical services provided by an enterprise or organization, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers. They are responsible for manufacturing, mining, construction, logistics and information and communications technology operations for large-scale agricultural, forestry and fisheries operations, and for the provision of health, education, social welfare, banking, insurance and other professional and technical services. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: planning details of activities in terms of output, services provided, quality, quantity, cost, timeliness and labour requirements; setting standards and objectives; controlling the operation of plant and of procedures; assuring quality of the goods produced and services provided; preparing tenders and contract bids; establishing and managing budgets, monitoring costs, and adjusting activities, procedures and resources to minimize costs; overseeing the acquisition and installation of new plant and equipment; coordinating the implementation of health and safety requirements; planning and directing daily operations; overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff; preparing, or arranging for the preparation of, reports, budgets and forecasts; representing the enterprise or organization in negotiations with other agencies, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 131 Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries
- 132 Manufacturing, Mining, Construction and Distribution Managers
- 133 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers
- 134 Professional Services Managers

Note

Specialized qualifications and extensive experience relevant to one or more occupations classified in Major Group 2: Professionals, or Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, are usually required. Regional managers and other senior managers who coordinate and supervise the activities of subordinate managers who have a diverse range of functional responsibilities are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Minor Group 131

Production Managers in Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries

Production managers in agriculture, forestry and fisheries plan, direct and coordinate production in large-scale agricultural, horticultural, forestry aquaculture and fishery operations such as plantations, large ranches, collective farms and cooperatives, to grow and harvest crops, breed and raise livestock, fish and shellfish and to catch and harvest fish and other forms of aquatic life.

Tasks performed usually include: monitoring market activity and planning production to meet contract requirements and market demand; establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, recording information such as farm and fisheries management practices, and preparing financial and operational reports; conferring with buyers to arrange for the sale of crops, catch and stock; contracting with farmers, skippers or independent owners for production of produce and management of production; planning the type, intensity and sequence of operations; purchasing machinery, equipment and supplies; identifying and controlling environmental toxins, weeds, pests and diseases; organizing operations such as maintaining buildings, water supply systems and equipment; overseeing the selection, training and performance of workers and contractors.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

1311 Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers

1312 Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers

Unit Group 1311

Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers

Agricultural and forestry production managers plan, direct and coordinate production in large-scale agricultural, horticultural and forestry operations such as plantations, large ranches, collective farms and agricultural cooperatives to grow and harvest crops, and breed and raise livestock.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring agricultural and forestry market activity and planning production to meet contract requirements and market demand;
- (b) establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, recording information such as farm management practices, and preparing financial and operational reports;
- (c) conferring with buyers to arrange for the sale of crops and livestock;
- (d) contracting with farmers or independent owners for production of crops and livestock, or for management of production;
- (e) planning the type, intensity and sequence of farm operations (e.g. determining the best times for planting, spraying and harvesting);
- (f) analysing soil to determine types and quantities of fertilizer required for maximum production;
- (g) purchasing machinery, equipment and supplies such as tractors, seed, fertilizer and chemicals;
- (h) identifying and controlling agricultural and forest environmental toxins, weeds, pests and diseases:
- (i) organizing farming operations such as maintaining buildings, water supply systems and equipment;
- (j) directing and coordinating activities such as planting, irrigation, chemical application, harvesting and grading;
- (k) inspecting plantations and fields to determine maturity dates of crops, or to estimate potential crop damage from weather;
- (l) overseeing the selection, training and performance of agricultural and forestry workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Forestry manager
- Plantation manager
- Ranch manager

Unit Group 1312

Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers

Aquaculture and fisheries production managers plan, direct and coordinate production in large-scale aquaculture and fishery operations to catch and harvest fish and shellfish, and to grow fish, shellfish or other forms of aquatic life as cash crops or for release into freshwater or saltwater.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring aquaculture and fishery market activity and planning production and fishing activities to meet contract requirements and market demand;
- (b) establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, recording information such as fisheries management practices, and preparing financial and operational reports;
- (c) conferring with buyers to arrange for the sale of produce and catches;
- (d) contracting with fishing skippers or owners of vessels and aquaculture farms for fishing and aquaculture operations, or for management of production;
- (e) conducting and organizing aquaculture or fishery stock examinations in order to identify diseases or parasites;
- (f) devising and coordinating activities to improve fish hatching and growth rates, and to prevent disease in hatcheries;
- (g) monitoring environments to maintain or improve conditions for aquatic life:
- (h) directing and monitoring trapping and spawning of fish, egg incubation and fry rearing, applying knowledge of management and fish culturing techniques;
- (i) coordinating the selection and maintenance of brood stock;
- (j) directing and monitoring the transfer of mature fish to lakes, ponds, streams or commercial tanks;
- (k) purchasing machinery, equipment and supplies such as vessels and nets;
- (l) organizing operations such as maintenance of ships, boats and equipment;
- (m) overseeing the selection, training and performance of aquaculture or fishery workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aquaculture production manager
- Fishing operations manager

- Shore captain (fishing)
- Trawler manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Fish farmer – 6221

- Fish hatchery manager 6221
- Oyster farmer 6221
- Seafood farmer 6221
- Fishing vessel skipper (coastal waters) 6222
- Fishing master (deep sea) 6223

Minor Group 132

Manufacturing, Mining, Construction and Distribution Managers

Manufacturing, mining, construction and distribution managers plan, organize and coordinate the manufacturing, mineral extraction, construction, supply, storage and transportation operations, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks performed usually include: planning details of activities in terms of output quality and quantity, cost, timeliness and labour requirements; controlling the operation of plant and quality procedures through planning of maintenance, designation of operating hours and supply of equipment; preparing tenders and contract bids; establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, and adjusting processes and resources to minimize costs; overseeing the acquisition and installation of new plant and equipment; controlling the preparation of production records and reports; coordinating the implementation of health and safety requirements; planning and directing daily operations; overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1321 Manufacturing Managers
- 1322 Mining Managers
- 1323 Construction Managers
- 1324 Supply, Distribution and Related Managers

Unit Group 1321

Manufacturing Managers

Manufacturing managers plan, direct and coordinate activities concerned with the production of goods, the production and distribution of electricity, gas and water, and the collection, treatment and disposal of waste. They may manage the production departments of large enterprises or be the managers of small manufacturing companies.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining, implementing and monitoring production strategies, policies and plans;
- (b) planning details of production activities in terms of output quality and quantity, cost, time available and labour requirements;
- (c) controlling the operation of production plant and quality procedures through planning of maintenance, designation of operating hours and supply of parts and tools;
- (d) establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, and adjusting processes and resources to minimize costs;
- (e) consulting with and informing other managers about production matters;

- (f) overseeing the acquisition and installation of new plant and equipment;
- (g) controlling the preparation of production records and reports;
- (h) coordinating the implementation of occupational health and safety requirements;
- (i) identifying business opportunities and determining products to be manufactured;
- (j) researching and implementing regulatory and statutory requirements affecting manufacturing operations and the environment;
- (k) overseeing the provision of quotations for the manufacture of specialized goods and establishing contracts with customers and suppliers;
- (l) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Manufacturer
- Manufacturing manager
- Production and operations manager (manufacturing)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

 Production supervisor (manufacturing) – 3122

Unit Group 1322

Mining Managers

Mining managers plan, direct and coordinate the production activities of mining, quarrying and oil and gas extraction operations, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) conferring with other managers to set production quotas, plan extraction sites and develop policies for the removal of raw materials;
- (b) evaluating efficiency of production sites to determine adequacy of personnel, equipment and technologies used, and make changes to work schedules or equipment when necessary;
- (c) planning details of production activities in terms of output quality and quantity, cost, time available and labour requirements;
- (d) controlling the operation of plant and quality procedures through planning of maintenance, designation of operating hours and supply of equipment;
- (e) establishing and managing budgets, monitoring production output and costs, and adjusting processes and resources to minimize costs;
- (f) overseeing the acquisition and installation of new plant and equipment;
- (g) controlling the preparation of production records and reports;
- (h) coordinating the implementation of health and safety requirements:
- (i) researching and implementing regulatory and statutory requirements affecting mineral extraction operations and the environment;
- (j) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Mine manager
- Production manager (mine)
- Production manager (oil and gas extraction)
- Production manager (quarry)
- · Quarry manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Mine deputy 3121
- Mine supervisor 3121
- Mine under-manager 3121
- Quarry supervisor 3121

Unit Group 1323

Construction Managers

Construction managers plan, direct and coordinate the construction of civil engineering projects, buildings and dwellings, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) interpreting architectural drawings and specifications;
- (b) coordinating labour resources and procurement and delivery of materials, plant and equipment;
- (c) negotiating with building owners, property developers and subcontractors involved in the construction process to ensure projects are completed on time and within budget;
- (d) preparing tenders and contract bids;
- (e) operating and implementing coordinated work programmes for sites;
- ensuring adherence to building legislation and standards of performance, quality, cost and safety;
- (g) arranging submission of plans to local authorities;
- (h) building under contract, or subcontracting specialized building services;
- (i) arranging building inspections by relevant authorities;
- (j) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (k) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff and subcontractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Civil engineering project manager
- Construction project manager
- Project builder

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building construction supervisor 3123
- House builder 7111

Unit Group 1324

Supply, Distribution and Related Managers

Supply, distribution and related managers plan, direct and coordinate passenger transportation systems and facilities and the supply, transportation, storage and distribution of goods, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining, implementing and monitoring purchasing, storage and distribution strategies, policies and plans;
- (b) preparing and implementing plans to maintain required stock levels at minimum cost;
- (c) negotiating contracts with suppliers to meet quality, cost and delivery requirements;
- (d) monitoring and reviewing storage and inventory systems to meet supply requirements, and control stock levels;
- (e) overseeing the dispatch of road vehicles, trains, vessels or aircraft;
- (f) operating recording systems to track all movements of goods, and ensuring reordering and restocking at optimal times;
- (g) liaising with other departments and customers concerning requirements for outward goods and associated forwarding transportation;
- (h) overseeing the recording of purchase, storage and distribution transactions;
- establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;

- (j) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (k) planning and directing daily operations;
- (l) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bus station manager
- Logistics manager
- Purchasing manager
- Railway station manager
- Railway station master
- Supply and distribution manager
- Supply chain manager
- Transport company manager
- Urban transit system manager
- Warehouse manager

Note

Chief executives of major airports, railway companies, urban transit systems and other transportation corporations that have hierarchies of managers are included in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Minor Group 133

Information and Communications Technology Services Managers

Information and communications technology services managers plan, direct and coordinate the acquisition, development, maintenance and use of computer and telecommunication systems, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks performed usually include: consulting with users, management, vendors and technicians to assess computing needs and system requirements, and specifying technology to meet those needs; formulating and directing information and communication technology (ICT) strategies, policies and plans; directing the selection and installation of ICT resources and the provision of user training; directing ICT operations, analysing workflow, establishing priorities, developing standards and setting deadlines; overseeing the security of ICT systems; assigning, reviewing, managing and leading the work of systems analysts, programmers and other computer-related workers; evaluating the organization's technology use and needs and recommending improvements such as hardware and software upgrades; establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources; establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures; overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff; representing the enterprise or organization at ICT-related conventions, seminars and conferences.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

1330 Information and Communications Technology Services Managers

Unit Group 1330

Information and Communications Technology Services Managers

Information and communications technology services managers plan, direct and coordinate the acquisition, development, maintenance and use of computer and telecommunication systems, either as the manager of a department or as the general manager of an enterprise or organization that does not have a hierarchy of managers.

Tasks include -

 (a) consulting with users, management, vendors and technicians to assess computing needs

- and system requirements, and specifying technology to meet those needs;
- (b) formulating and directing information and communication technology (ICT) strategies, policies and plans;
- (c) directing the selection and installation of ICT resources and the provision of user training;
- (d) directing ICT operations, analysing workflow, establishing priorities, developing standards and setting deadlines;
- (e) overseeing the security of ICT systems;
- (f) assigning, reviewing, managing and leading the work of systems analysts, programmers and other computer-related workers;
- (g) evaluating the organization's technology use and needs and recommending improvements such as hardware and software upgrades;
- (h) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;

- establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;
- (j) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff;
- (k) representing the enterprise or organization at ICT-related conventions, seminars and conferences.

- Application development manager
- Chief information officer
- Data operations manager
- Data processing manager
- ICT development manager
- Information systems director
- Information technology manager (IT manager)
- Internet service provider
- Network manager

Minor Group 134

Professional Services Managers

Professional services managers plan, direct and coordinate the provision of child care, health, welfare, education and other professional services, and manage the branches of institutions providing financial and insurance services.

Tasks performed usually include: formulating policies and plans for the provision of services and operation of establishments; setting standards and objectives; developing and implementing programmes and services to meet the needs of clients; directing and coordinating the allocation of resources; liaising with parents, boards, funding bodies, the community representatives and related agencies to discuss areas of cooperation and coordination; monitoring and controlling expenditure; overseeing the selection, development and performance of staff; preparing, or arranging for the preparation of, reports, budgets and forecasts; representing the organization in negotiations with other agencies, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1341 Child Care Services Managers
- 1342 Health Services Managers
- 1343 Aged Care Services Managers
- 1344 Social Welfare Managers
- 1345 Education Managers
- 1346 Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers
- 1349 Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

Note

Professional services managers are responsible for planning, directing and coordinating the provision of specialized professional and technical services. Specialized qualifications and extensive experience relevant to one or more occupations classified in Major Group 2: Professionals, or Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, are usually required.

Unit Group 1341

Child Care Services Managers

Child care services managers plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the provision of care for children in before-school, after-school, vacation and day care centres and services.

Tasks include -

- (a) developing and implementing programmes to enhance the physical, social, emotional and intellectual development of young children;
- (b) establishing and monitoring budgets and determining allocation of funds for staff, supplies, materials, equipment and maintenance;
- (c) overseeing and coordinating the provision of care for children in before-school, after-school, day and vacation care centres;
- (d) directing and supervising child carers in providing care and supervision for young children;
- (e) managing physical facilities and making sure all buildings and equipment are maintained to ensure the centre is a safe area for children, staff and visitors:
- (f) reviewing and interpreting government codes, and developing procedures to meet codes (e.g. concerning safety and security);
- (g) monitoring children's progress and conferring with parents or guardians;
- (h) preparing and maintaining records and accounts for a child care centre;
- (i) recruiting and evaluating staff and coordinating their professional development.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Child care centre manager

Unit Group 1342

Health Services Managers

Health services managers plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the provision of clinical and community health care services in hospitals, clinics, public health agencies and similar organizations.

Tasks include –

- (a) providing overall direction and management for the service, facility, organization or centre;
- (b) directing, supervising and evaluating the work activities of medical, nursing, technical, clerical, service, maintenance and other personnel;
- (c) establishing objectives and evaluative or operational criteria for units they manage;
- (d) directing or conducting recruitment, hiring and training of personnel;

- (e) developing, implementing and monitoring procedures, policies and performance standards for medical, nursing, technical and administrative staff;
- (f) monitoring the use of diagnostic services, inpatient beds, facilities and staff to ensure effective use of resources, and assess the need for additional staff, equipment and services;
- (g) controlling administrative operations such as budget planning, report preparation, and expenditure on supplies, equipment and services;
- (h) liaising with other health and welfare service providers, boards and funding bodies to coordinate the provision of services;
- (i) advising government bodies about measures to improve health and welfare services and facilities;
- representing the organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chief public health officer
- Clinical director
- Community health care coordinator
- Director of nursing
- Health facility administrator
- Hospital matron
- Medical administrator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Aged care services manager – 1343

Unit Group 1343

Aged Care Services Managers

Aged care services managers plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the provision of residential and personal care services for individuals and families who are in need of such services due to the effects of ageing.

Tasks include –

- (a) providing overall direction and management for a service, facility, organization or centre;
- (b) directing, supervising and evaluating the work activities of medical, nursing, technical, clerical, service, maintenance and other personnel;
- (c) establishing objectives and evaluative or operational criteria for units they manage;
- (d) directing or conducting recruitment, hiring and training of personnel;
- (e) developing, implementing and monitoring procedures, policies and performance standards for nursing, personal care, technical and administrative staff;

- (f) coordinating and administering welfare programmes and care services for the elderly;
- (g) controlling administrative operations such as budget planning, report preparation, and expenditure on supplies, equipment and services;
- (h) liaising with other health and welfare providers, boards and funding bodies to coordinate the provision of services;
- (i) advising government bodies about measures to improve health and welfare services and facilities:
- (j) representing the organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums.

- Aged care home director
- Community aged care coordinator
- Nursing home director
- Retirement village coordinator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Health services manager – 1342

Unit Group 1344

Social Welfare Managers

Social welfare managers plan, direct and coordinate the provision of social and community service programmes such as income support, family assistance, children's services and other community programmes and services.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing overall direction and management for a service, facility, organization or centre;
- (b) developing, implementing and monitoring procedures, policies and standards for staff;
- (c) monitoring and evaluating resources devoted to the provision of welfare, housing and other social services;
- (d) controlling administrative operations such as budget planning, report preparation, and expenditure on supplies, equipment and services;
- (e) liaising with other welfare and health services providers, boards and funding bodies to discuss areas of health and welfare service cooperation and coordination;
- (f) advising government bodies about measures to improve welfare services and facilities;
- (g) representing the organization in negotiations, and at conventions, seminars, public hearings and forums;
- (h) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (i) establishing and directing operational and administrative procedures;

(j) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Community centre manager
- Family services manager
- Housing services manager
- Welfare centre manager

Unit Group 1345

Education Managers

Education managers plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the educational and administrative aspects of education services, primary and secondary schools, colleges and faculties and departments in universities and other educational institutions.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining educational programmes based on frameworks established by education authorities and governing bodies;
- (b) implementing systems and procedures to monitor school performance and student enrolments;
- (c) directing administrative and clerical activities concerning student admissions and educational services;
- (d) controlling administrative operations such as budget planning, report preparation, and expenditure on supplies, equipment and services;
- (e) providing leadership and guidance to teaching, academic and administrative staff as well as to students;
- (f) evaluating the work of teachers and lecturers by visiting classrooms, observing teaching methods, reviewing instructional objectives and examining learning materials;
- (g) promoting the educational programme, and representing the service or institution in the wider community;
- (h) supervising the maintenance of educational facilities:
- (i) developing and enforcing a disciplinary code to create a safe and conducive environment for students and teachers;
- (j) organizing and implementing methods of raising additional funds in conjunction with parent and community groups and sponsors;
- (k) controlling selection, training and supervision of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- College director
- Dean (university)
- Head teacher
- School principal

Unit Group 1346

Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers

Financial and insurance services branch managers plan, direct and coordinate the branches of institutions that provide financial and insurance services, such as banks, building societies, credit unions and insurance companies. They provide advice and assistance to clients on financial and insurance matters.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning, directing and coordinating the activities of staff in the branch;
- (b) establishing and maintaining relationships with individual and business customers;
- (c) providing advice and assistance to customers on their financial and insurance needs and on matters such as changes in law that may affect customers;
- (d) examining, evaluating and processing loan and insurance applications;
- (e) monitoring credit extension decisions;
- (f) conducting financial investigations;
- (g) overseeing the flow of cash and financial instruments, and the preparation of financial and regulatory reports;
- (h) approving or rejecting, or coordinating the approval or rejection of, lines of credit for commercial, real estate and personal loans;
- (i) coordinating cooperation with other branches of the company;
- (j) managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (k) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bank manager
- Building society manager
- Credit union manager
- Financial institution branch manager
- Insurance agency manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Finance manager 1211
- Credit and loans officers 3312
- Insurance agent 3321

Unit Group 1349

Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers managers who plan, direct, coordinate and evaluate the provision of specialized professional and technical services and are not classified in Minor Group 121: Business Services and Administration Managers, or elsewhere in Minor Group 134: Professional Services Managers. For instance, managers responsible for the provision of policing, correctional, library, legal and fire services are classified here.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) providing overall direction and management for a service, facility, organization or centre;
- (b) developing, implementing and monitoring procedures, policies and standards for staff;
- (c) directing, supervising and evaluating the work activities of professional, technical, clerical, service, maintenance and other personnel:
- (d) monitoring and evaluating resources devoted to the provision of services;
- (e) controlling administrative operations such as budget planning, report preparation, and expenditure on supplies, equipment and services;
- (f) planning, directing and coordinating the provision of services;
- (g) coordinating cooperation with other service provision agencies in the same or related fields;
- (h) managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (i) overseeing the selection, training and performance of staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Archives manager
- Art gallery manager
- Correctional services manager
- Legal service manager
- Library manager
- Museum manager
- Police superintendent
- Prison governor

Note

Professional services managers are responsible for planning, directing and coordinating the provision of specialized professional and technical services. Specialized qualifications and extensive experience relevant to one or more occupations classified in Major Group 2: Professionals, or Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals, are usually required.

Sub-major Group 14

Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers

Hospitality, retail and other services managers plan, organize and direct the operations of establishments which provide accommodation, hospitality, retail and other services. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: planning and organizing special functions, sporting, gaming and entertainment activities and the range and mix of products, stock levels and service standards; promoting and selling goods and services; observing liquor, gaming, health and other laws and regulations; developing and reviewing policies, programmes and procedures concerning customer relations and goods and services provided; promoting facilities for conferences, conventions and trade shows to potential customers; organizing the purchase and maintenance of transport vehicles, equipment and fuel, and transporting goods; controlling the selection, training and supervision of staff; ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 141 Hotel and Restaurant Managers
- 142 Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers
- 143 Other Services Managers

Notes

Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers is for managers of establishments that provide services directly to the public, usually in organizations that are too small to have hierarchies of managers. Managers responsible for planning, directing and coordinating the provision of specialized professional and technical services that usually require specialized qualifications are classified in various unit groups in Sub-major Groups 12: Administrative and Commercial Managers and 13: Production and Specialized Services Managers.

Operators of small shops, guest houses, cafés, restaurants and bars for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Groups 51: Personal Services Workers or 52: Sales Workers, depending on the main tasks performed.

Minor Group 141

Hotel and Restaurant Managers

Hotel and restaurant managers plan, organize and direct the operations of establishments that provide accommodation, meals, beverages and other hospitality services.

Tasks performed usually include: planning and organizing special functions and sporting, gaming and entertainment activities; directing and overseeing reservation, reception, room service and housekeeping activities; observing liquor, gaming, health and other laws and regulations; monitoring quality at all stages of preparation and presentation of food and services; controlling the selection, training and supervision of staff; ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 1411 Hotel Managers
- 1412 Restaurant Managers

Unit Group 1411

Hotel Managers

Hotel managers plan, organize and direct the operations of hotels, motels and similar establishments to provide guest accommodation and other services.

Tasks include -

- (a) directing and overseeing reservation, reception, room service and housekeeping activities;
- (b) supervising security arrangements and garden and property maintenance;
- (c) planning and supervising bar, restaurant, function and conference activities;
- (d) observing liquor, gaming and other laws and regulations;
- (e) assessing and reviewing customer satisfaction;
- (f) overseeing accounting and purchasing activities;
- (g) undertaking budgeting for the establishment;
- (h) controlling selection, training and supervision of staff;
- (i) ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations;
- (j) providing guests with local tourism information, and arranging tours and transportation.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hotel manager
- Motel manager
- Youth hostel manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Bed and breakfast operator – 5152

Notes

Operators of small establishments, such as some bed and breakfast establishments and small guest houses that provide accommodation and limited meal services to clients effectively as paying guests in private households, and for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work, are classified in Unit Group 5152: Domestic Housekeepers.

Chief executive officers and specialized managers of hotel management companies or hotel chains are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Groups 11 and 12.

Unit Group 1412

Restaurant Managers

Restaurant managers plan, organize and direct the operations of cafés, restaurants and related establishments to provide dining and catering services.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning menus in consultation with chefs and cooks;
- (b) planning and organizing special functions;
- (c) arranging the purchasing and pricing of goods according to budget;
- (d) maintaining records of stock levels and financial transactions;
- (e) ensuring that dining, kitchen and food storage facilities comply with health regulations and are clean, functional and of suitable appearance;
- (f) conferring with customers to assess their satisfaction with meals and service;
- (g) selecting staff, setting staff work schedules, and training and supervising waiting and kitchen staff;
- (h) taking reservations, greeting guests and assisting in taking orders;
- negotiating arrangements with clients and suppliers;
- (j) ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Café manager
- Catering manager
- Restaurant manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Chef - 3434

Note

Operators of small cafés, restaurants and bars for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Groups 5120: Cooks, 5131: Waiters or 5132: Bartenders, depending on the main tasks performed.

Minor Group 142

Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers

Retail and wholesale trade managers plan, organize, coordinate and control the operations of establishments that sell goods on a retail or wholesale basis. They are responsible for the budgets, staffing and strategic and operational direction of shops, or of organizational units within shops that sell particular types of product.

Tasks performed usually include: determining product mix, stock levels and service standards; formulating and implementing purchasing and marketing policies, and setting prices; promoting and advertising the establishment's goods and services; maintaining records of

stock levels and financial transactions; undertaking budgeting for the establishment; controlling selection, training and supervision of staff; ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

1420 Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers

Notes

Retail and wholesale trade managers are frequently employed in relatively small establishments that do not have a hierarchy of managers. The managers of large retail establishments such as supermarkets and department stores, however, should also be classified in this group, although such establishments may have a hierarchy of managers and supervisors. General managers of groups of establishments such as supermarket or department store chains are classified, however, in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives.

Operators of small shops for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Group 5221: Shopkeepers.

Staff who control and direct the activities of shop sales assistants, checkout operators and other workers, but who do not take responsibility for determining product mix, overall setting of prices, budgets and staffing levels, selection and recruitment, are classified in Unit Group 5222: Shop Supervisors.

Unit Group 1420

Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers

Retail and wholesale trade managers plan, organize, coordinate and control the operations of establishments that sell goods on a retail or wholesale basis. They are responsible for the budgets, staffing and strategic and operational direction of shops, or of organizational units within shops that sell particular types of product. Tasks include –

- (a) determining product mix, stock levels and service standards;
- (b) formulating and implementing purchasing and marketing policies, and setting prices;
- (c) promoting and advertising the establishment's goods and services;
- (d) maintaining records of stock levels and financial transactions;
- (e) undertaking budgeting for the establishment;
- (f) controlling selection, training and supervision of staff;
- (g) ensuring compliance with occupational health and safety regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Grocery manager
- Retail manager

- Shop manager
- Supermarket manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Sales manager 1221
- Shopkeeper 5221
- Shop supervisor 5222
- Shop sales assistant 5223

Notes

Retail and wholesale trade managers are frequently employed in relatively small establishments that do not have a hierarchy of managers. The managers of large retail establishments such as supermarkets and department stores, however, should generally also be classified in this group, although such establishments may have a hierarchy of managers and supervisors. General managers of groups of establishments such as supermarket or department store chains are classified, however, in Unit Group 1120: Managing Directors and Chief Executives

Operators of small shops for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Group 5221: Shopkeepers.

Staff who control and direct the activities of shop sales assistants, checkout operators and other workers, but who do not take responsibility for determining product mix, overall setting of prices, budgets and staffing levels, selection and recruitment, are classified in Unit Group 5222: Shop Supervisors.

Minor Group 143

Other Services Managers

Other services managers plan, organize and control the operations of establishments that provide sporting, cultural, recreational, travel, customer contact and other amenity services.

Tasks performed usually include: planning and organizing the range and mix of services or activities provided; ensuring that facilities are kept clean and in good condition; keeping abreast

of new trends and developments relevant to the service provided; advising on the facilities available and promoting publicity; checking and keeping custody of all cash receipts and making regular stock checks; establishing and managing budgets; controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources; planning and directing daily operations; controlling the selection, supervision and performance of staff; ensuring compliance with health and safety requirements.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

1431 Sports, Recreation and Cultural Centre Managers 1439 Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 1431

Sports, Recreation and Cultural Centre Managers

Sports, recreation and cultural centre managers plan, organize and control the operations of establishments that provide sporting, artistic, theatrical and other recreational and amenity services.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning and organizing the range and mix of entertainment, attractions, cultural activities and sports and fitness programmes to be offered by the centre;
- (b) ensuring that facilities are kept clean and in good condition;
- (c) keeping abreast of new trends and developments in the creative arts and arranging theatrical productions and performances by bands and orchestras;
- (d) advising on the facilities available and promoting publicity in relation to events, shows and activities;
- (e) checking and keeping custody of all cash receipts and making regular stock checks;
- (f) establishing and managing budgets, controlling expenditure and ensuring the efficient use of resources;
- (g) planning and directing daily operations;
- (h) controlling the selection, supervision and performance of staff;
- (i) ensuring compliance with health and safety regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Amusement park manager
- Billiards or pool hall manager
- Casino manager
- Cinema manager
- Leisure centre manager
- Riding school manager
- Sports centre manager
- Theatre manager
- Theme park manager

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Art gallery manager 1349
- Library manager 1349
- Museum manager 1349

Unit Group 1439

Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers managers that plan, direct and coordinate the provision of services and are not classified in Sub-major Group 13: Production and Specialized Services Managers or elsewhere in Sub-major Group 14: Hospitality, Retail and Other Services Managers. For instance, managers of travel agencies, conference centres, contact centres and shopping centres are classified here.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Camp site manager
- Caravan park manager
- Conference centre manager
- Contact centre manager
- Shopping centre manager
- Travel agency manager

Note

Excluded from this unit group are occupations that involve managing the provision of specialized professional and technical services and require specialized qualifications and experience relevant to one or more occupations classified in Major Group 2: Professionals or in Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals. These managerial occupations are classified in various unit groups in Sub-major Groups 12: Administrative and Commercial Managers and 13: Production and Specialized Services Managers.

Major Group 2

PROFESSIONALS

Professionals increase the existing stock of knowledge; apply scientific or artistic concepts and theories; teach about the foregoing in a systematic manner; or engage in any combination of these activities. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by professionals usually include: conducting analysis and research, and developing concepts, theories and operational methods; advising on or applying existing knowledge related to physical sciences, mathematics, engineering and technology, life sciences, medical and health services, social sciences and humanities; teaching the theory and practice of one or more disciplines at different educational levels; teaching and educating persons with learning difficulties or special needs; providing various business, legal and social services; creating and performing works of art; providing spiritual guidance; preparing scientific papers and reports. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 21 Science and Engineering Professionals
- 22 Health Professionals
- 23 Teaching Professionals
- 24 Business and Administration Professionals
- 25 Information and Communications Technology Professionals
- 26 Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals

Sub-major Group 21

Science and Engineering Professionals

Science and engineering professionals conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; or apply scientific knowledge relating to fields such as physics, astronomy, meteorology, chemistry, geophysics, geology, biology, ecology, pharmacology, medicine, mathematics, statistics, architecture, engineering, design and technology. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: conducting research, enlarging, advising on or applying scientific knowledge obtained through the study of structures and properties of physical matter and phenomena, chemical characteristics and processes of various substances, materials and products, all forms of human, animal and plant life and of mathematical and statistical concepts and methods; advising on, designing and directing construction of buildings, towns and traffic systems, or civil engineering and industrial structures, as well as machines and other equipment; advising on and applying mining methods and ensuring their optimum use; surveying land and sea and making maps; studying and advising on technological aspects of particular materials, products and processes, and on efficiency of production and work organization; preparing scientific papers and reports. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 211 Physical and Earth Science Professionals
- 212 Mathematicians. Actuaries and Statisticians
- 213 Life Science Professionals
- 214 Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology)
- 215 Electrotechnology Engineers
- 216 Architects, Planners, Surveyors and Designers

Minor Group 211

Physical and Earth Science Professionals

Physical and earth science professionals conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; or apply scientific knowledge relating to physics, astronomy, meteorology, chemistry, geology and geophysics.

Tasks performed usually include: enlarging scientific knowledge through research and experiments related to mechanics, thermodynamics, optics, sonics, electricity, magnetism, electronics, nuclear physics, astronomy, various branches of chemistry, atmospheric conditions and the physical nature of the Earth; advising on or applying this knowledge in such fields as manufacturing, agriculture, medicine, navigation, space exploration, oil, gas, water and mineral exploitation, telecommunications and other services, or civil engineering; preparing scientific papers and reports.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2111 Physicists and Astronomers
- 2112 Meteorologists
- 2113 Chemists
- 2114 Geologists and Geophysicists

Unit Group 2111

Physicists and Astronomers

Physicists and astronomers conduct research and improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods concerning matter, space, time, energy, forces and fields and the interrelationship between these physical phenomena. They apply scientific knowledge relating to physics and astronomy in industrial, medical, military or other fields.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting research and improving or developing concepts, theories, instrumentation, software and operational methods related to physics and astronomy;
- (b) conducting experiments, tests and analyses on the structure and properties of matter in fields such as mechanics, thermodynamics, electronics, communications, power generation and distribution, aerodynamics, optics and lasers, remote sensing, medicine, sonics, magnetism and nuclear physics;
- (c) evaluating results of investigations and experiments and expressing conclusions, mainly using mathematical techniques and models;
- (d) applying principles, techniques and processes to develop or improve industrial, medical, military and other practical applications of the principles and techniques of physics or astronomy;
- (e) ensuring the safe and effective delivery of radiation (ionizing and non-ionizing) to patients to achieve a diagnostic or therapeutic result as prescribed by a medical practitioner;
- (f) ensuring the accurate measurement and characterization of physical quantities used in medical applications;
- (g) testing, commissioning and evaluating equipment used in applications such as imaging, medical treatment and dosimetry;
- (h) advising and consulting with medical practitioners and other health care professionals in optimizing the balance between the beneficial and deleterious effects of radiation;
- (i) observing, analysing and interpreting celestial phenomena and developing methods, numerical models and techniques to extend knowledge of fields such as navigation, satellite communication, space exploration, celestial bodies and cosmic radiation;
- (j) developing, implementing and maintaining standards and protocols for the measurement of physical phenomena and for the use of nuclear technology in industrial and medical applications;
- (k) preparing scientific papers and reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Astronomer
- Medical physicist
- Nuclear physicist
- Physicist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Radiation oncologist 2212
- Radiologist 2212
- Specialist physician (nuclear medicine) 2212
- Radiographer 3211

Note

It should be noted that, while they are appropriately classified in this unit group with other physicists, medical physicists are considered to be an integral part of the health workforce alongside those occupations classified in Sub-major Group 22: Health Professionals and others classified in a number of other unit groups in Major Group 2: Professionals.

Unit Group 2112

Meteorologists

Meteorologists prepare short-term or long-term weather forecasts used in aviation, shipping, agriculture and other areas and for the information of the general public. They conduct research related to the composition, structure and dynamics of the atmosphere.

Tasks include –

- (a) investigating direction and speed of air movements, pressures, temperatures, humidity, physical and chemical transformation of pollutants and other phenomena such as cloud formation and precipitation, electrical disturbances or solar radiation;
- (b) studying data collected from meteorological stations, radar and satellite imagery and computer model output to plot and forecast weather conditions;
- (c) preparing and reporting short-term or longterm weather maps, forecasts and warnings relating to atmospheric phenomena such as cyclones, storms and other hazards to life and property, and disseminating information about atmospheric conditions through a variety of media including radio, television, print and the Internet;
- (d) conducting experiments in fog dispersal, cloud seeding, rain enhancement and other types of weather modification programmes;
- developing and testing mathematical computer models of weather and climate for experimental or operational use;

- (f) participating in studies of the effect of weather on the environment;
- (g) analysing the impact of industrial projects and human activity on the climate and quality of the air, and working with the social science, engineering and economic communities to develop appropriate mitigation strategies;
- (h) engaging in the design and development of new equipment and procedures for meteorological data collection and remote sensing, or for related applications;
- (i) conducting research on and improving or developing concepts, theories and operational methods related to the composition, structure and dynamics of the atmosphere, and preparing scientific papers and reports on the outcome of this research.

- Climatologist
- Hydrometeorologist
- Meteorologist
- Weather forecaster

Unit Group 2113

Chemists

Chemists conduct research, improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods, or apply scientific knowledge relating to chemistry, to develop new knowledge or products and for quality and process control.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting research and improving or developing concepts, instruments, theories and operational methods related to chemistry;
- (b) conducting experiments, tests and analyses to investigate chemical composition and energy and chemical changes in various natural or synthetic substances, materials and products;
- (c) developing procedures for environmental control, quality control and various other procedures for manufacturers or users;
- (d) conducting programmes of sample and data collection and analysis to identify and quantify environmental toxicants;
- (e) participating in interdisciplinary research and development projects working with chemical engineers, biologists, microbiologists, agronomists, geologists or other professionals:
- (f) using micro-organisms to convert substances into new compounds;
- (g) determining ways to strengthen or combine materials or develop new materials.

- (h) reproducing and synthesizing naturally occurring substances and creating new artificial substances;
- (i) preparing scientific papers and reports.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Chemist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Biochemist 2131
- Pharmacologist 2131
- Pharmacist 2262

Unit Group 2114

Geologists and Geophysicists

Geologists and geophysicists conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; or apply scientific knowledge relating to geology and geophysics in such fields as oil, gas and mineral exploration and extraction, water conservation, civil engineering, telecommunications and navigation, and assessment and mitigation of the effects of development and waste disposal projects on the environment.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting research and improving or developing concepts, theories and operational methods related to geology and geophysics;
- (b) studying composition and structure of the Earth's crust, examining rocks, minerals, fossils and other materials to determine processes affecting the development of the Earth, trace evolution of past life, establish the nature and chronology of geological formations and assess their commercial applications;
- (c) interpreting research data and preparing geological reports, maps, charts and diagrams, reports and papers;
- (d) applying geological knowledge to problems encountered in civil engineering projects such as the construction of dams, bridges, tunnels and large buildings, and land reclamation projects;
- (e) using various remote sensing programmes to investigate and measure seismic, gravitational, electrical, thermal and magnetic forces affecting the Earth;
- (f) estimating weight, size and mass of the Earth and composition and structure of its interior, and studying the nature, activity and predictability of volcanoes, glaciers and earthquakes;
- (g) charting the Earth's magnetic field and applying this and other collected data for broadcasting, navigation and other purposes;

- (h) studying and measuring physical properties of seas and the atmosphere and their interrelationship, such as the exchange of thermal energy;
- (i) locating and determining the nature and extent of oil, gas and mineral deposits using seismological, gravimetric, magnetic, electrical or radiometric methods;
- (j) identifying deposits of construction materials and determining their characteristics and suitability for use as concrete aggregates, road fill or for other applications;
- (k) researching the movement, distribution and physical properties of ground and surface waters;
- (l) advising in areas such as waste management, route and site selection and the restoration of contaminated sites.

- Geological oceanographer
- Geologist
- Geophysical oceanographer
- Geophysicist
- Geoscientist

Minor Group 212

Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians

Mathematicians, actuaries and statisticians conduct research; improve or develop mathematical, actuarial and statistical concepts, theories and operational models and techniques; and apply this knowledge to a wide range of tasks in such fields as engineering, business and social and other sciences.

Tasks performed usually include: studying, improving and developing mathematical, actuarial and statistical theories and techniques; advising on or applying mathematical principles, models and techniques to a wide range of tasks in the fields of engineering, natural, social or life sciences; conducting logical analyses of management problems, especially in terms of input—output effectiveness, and formulating mathematical models of each problem usually for programming and solution by computer; designing and putting into operation pension schemes and life, health, social and other types of insurance systems; applying mathematics, statistics, probability and risk theory to assess potential financial impacts of future events; planning and organizing surveys and other statistical collections, and designing questionnaires; evaluating, processing, analysing and interpreting statistical data and preparing them for publication; advising on or applying various data collection methods and statistical methods and techniques, and determining reliability of findings, especially in such fields as business or medicine as well as in other areas of natural, social or life sciences; preparing scientific papers and reports; supervising the work of mathematical, actuarial and statistical assistants and statistical clerks.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2120 Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians

Unit Group 2120

Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians

Mathematicians, actuaries and statisticians conduct research and improve or develop mathematical, actuarial and statistical concepts, theories and operational methods and techniques and advise on or engage in their practical application in such fields as engineering, business and social and other sciences.

Tasks include -

- (a) studying, improving and developing mathematical, actuarial and statistical theories and techniques;
- (b) advising on or applying mathematical principles, models and techniques to a wide range

- of tasks in the fields of engineering, natural, social or life sciences;
- (c) conducting logical analyses of management problems, especially in terms of input—output effectiveness, and formulating mathematical models of each problem usually for programming and solution by computer;
- (d) designing and putting into operation pension schemes and life, health, social and other types of insurance systems;
- (e) applying mathematics, statistics, probability and risk theory to assess potential financial impacts of future events;
- (f) planning and organizing surveys and other statistical collections, and designing questionnaires;

- (g) evaluating, processing, analysing and interpreting statistical data and preparing them for publication;
- (h) advising on or applying various data collection methods and statistical methods and techniques, and determining reliability of findings, especially in such fields as business or medicine as well as in other areas of natural, social or life sciences;
- (i) preparing scientific papers and reports;
- (j) supervising the work of mathematical, actuarial and statistical assistants and statistical clerks.

- Actuary
- Demographer
- Mathematician
- Operations research analyst
- Statistician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Information systems analyst 2511
- Actuarial assistant 3314
- Mathematical assistant 3314
- Statistical assistant 3314
- Actuarial clerk 4312
- Statistical clerk 4312

Minor Group 213

Life Science Professionals

Life science professionals apply knowledge gained from research into human, animal and plant life and their interactions with each other and the environment to develop new knowledge, improve agricultural and forestry production, and solve human health and environmental problems.

Tasks performed usually include: collecting, analysing and evaluating experimental and field data to identify and develop new processes and techniques; providing advice and support to governments, organizations and businesses about ecological sustainable development of natural resources.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2131 Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals
- 2132 Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers
- 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals

Unit Group 2131

Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals

Biologists, botanists, zoologists and related professionals study living organisms and their interactions with each other and with the environment, and apply this knowledge to solving human health and environmental problems. They work in diverse fields such as botany, zoology, ecology, marine biology, genetics, immunology, pharmacology, toxicology, physiology, bacteriology and virology.

Tasks include -

(a) undertaking research in laboratories and in the field to increase scientific knowledge of living organisms, to discover new information, to test hypotheses, to solve problems in areas such as the environment, agriculture and health, and to develop new products, processes and techniques for pharmaceutical, agricultural and environmental use;

- (b) designing and conducting experiments and tests;
- (c) gathering human, animal, insect and plant specimens and data, and studying their origin, development, chemical and physical form, structure, composition, and life and reproductive processes;
- (d) examining living organisms using a variety of specialized equipment, instruments, technologies and techniques such as electron microscopes, telemetry, global positioning systems, biotechnology, satellite imaging, genetic engineering, digital imaging analysis, polymerase chain reaction and computer modelling;
- (e) identifying, classifying, recording and monitoring living organisms and maintaining databases;
- (f) writing scientific papers and reports detailing research and any new findings which are then made available to the scientific community in scientific journals or at conferences for scrutiny and further debate;

- (g) designing and carrying out environmental impact assessments to identify changes caused by natural or human factors;
- (h) providing advice to governments, organizations and businesses in areas such as conservation, management of natural resources, and the effects of climate change and pollution.

- Animal behaviourist
- Bacteriologist
- Biochemist
- Biologist
- Biomedical researcher
- Biotechnologist
- Botanist
- Cell geneticist
- Marine biologist
- Microbiologist
- Molecular biologist
- Molecular geneticist
- Pharmacologist
- Zoologist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Ecologist – 2133

Note

Medical research professionals who participate in biomedical research using living organisms and do not undertake clinical practice are classified in Unit Group 2131: Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals. Those who also undertake clinical practice are classified in Minor Group 221: Medical Doctors.

Unit Group 2132

Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers

Farming, forestry and fisheries advisers study and provide assistance and advice on farm, forestry and fisheries management, including cultivation, fertilization, harvesting, soil erosion and composition, disease prevention, nutrition, crop rotation and marketing. They develop techniques for increasing productivity, and study and develop plans and policies for land and fisheries management.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting and analysing data and samples related to produce, feed, soil, water quality and other factors affecting farm, forest or fishery production;
- (b) advising on techniques for improving the production of crops, livestock and fish, and alternative production options;
- (c) advising on livestock and crop disease, control of pests and weeds, soil improvement, animal husbandry and feeding programmes;

- (d) studying the environmental factors affecting commercial crop production, pasture growth, animal breeding, fish stocks and the growth and health of forest trees;
- (e) studying the effects of cultivation techniques, soils, insects, diseases and fisheries practices on animal, crop, forestry and fisheries yield;
- studying fish migration, growth, feeding and spawning, and devising methods of collecting, fertilizing, incubating and hatching fish eggs;
- (g) researching into characteristics, use capability and productivity of soils, and applying findings to development of improved agricultural, horticultural and forestry practices;
- (h) developing procedures and techniques for solving agricultural problems and improving the efficiency of production;
- (i) managing forest and fisheries resources to maximize their long-term commercial, recreational and environmental benefits;
- (j) studying the propagation and culture of forest trees, methods for improving the growth of stock, and the effects of thinning on forest yields;
- (k) investigating, planning and implementing management procedures to cope with the effects of fires, floods, droughts, soil erosion, pests and diseases;
- preparing scientific reports and conducting advisory information sessions and lectures for farming, forestry and fishing communities and other groups.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Agronomist
- Fisheries adviser
- Forestry adviser
- Forestry scientist
- Horticultural scientist
- Silviculturist
- Soil scientist

Unit Group 2133

Environmental Protection Professionals

Environmental protection professionals study and assess the effects on the environment of human activity such as air, water and noise pollution, soil contamination, climate change, toxic waste and depletion and degradation of natural resources. They develop plans and solutions to protect, conserve, restore, minimize and prevent further damage to the environment.

Tasks include -

(a) conducting research, performing tests, collecting samples, performing field and

- laboratory analysis to identify sources of environmental problems, and recommending ways to prevent, control and remediate the impact of such problems;
- (b) assessing the likely impact that potential or proposed activities, projects and developments may have on the environment, and recommending whether such developments should proceed;
- (c) developing and coordinating the implementation of environmental management systems to enable organizations to identify, monitor and control the impact of their activities, products and services on the environment;
- (d) conducting audits to evaluate the environmental impact of existing activities, processes, wastes, noises and substances;
- (e) assessing an organization's compliance with government and internal environmental regulations and guidelines, identifying violations and determining appropriate remedial action:

- (f) providing technical advice and support services to organizations on how best to deal with environmental problems in order to reduce environmental damage and minimize financial loss;
- (g) developing conservation plans.

- Air pollution analyst
- Conservation officer
- Conservation scientist
- Ecologist
- Environmental adviser
- Environmental auditor
- Environmental consultant
- Environmental research scientist
- Environmental scientist
- Park ranger
- Water quality analyst

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Environmental engineer – 2143

Minor Group 214

Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology)

Engineering professionals (excluding electrotechnology) design, plan and organize the testing, construction, installation and maintenance of structures, machines and their components, and production systems and plants; and plan production schedules and work procedures to ensure that engineering projects are undertaken safely, efficiently and in a cost-effective manner.

Tasks performed usually include: planning and designing chemical process systems, civil engineering projects, mechanical equipment and systems, mining and drilling operations, and other engineering projects; specifying and interpreting drawings and plans, and determining construction methods; supervising the construction of structures, water and gas supply and transportation systems, and the manufacture, installation, operation and maintenance of equipment, machines and plant; organizing and managing project labour and the delivery of materials, plant and equipment; estimating total costs and preparing detailed cost plans and estimates as tools for budgetary control; resolving design and operational problems in the various fields of engineering through the application of engineering technology.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2141 Industrial and Production Engineers
- 2142 Civil Engineers
- 2143 Environmental Engineers
- 2144 Mechanical Engineers
- 2145 Chemical Engineers
- 2146 Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals
- 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2141

Industrial and Production Engineers

Industrial and production engineers conduct research and design, organize and oversee the construction, operation and maintenance of industrial production processes and installations. They establish programmes for the coordination of manufacturing activities and assess cost effectiveness and safety. Tasks include -

- (a) studying functional statements, organizational charts and project information to determine functions and responsibilities of workers and work units and to identify areas of duplication;
- (b) establishing work measurement programmes and analysing work samples to develop standards for labour utilization;
- (c) analysing workforce utilization, facility layout, operational data and production schedules and costs to determine optimum worker and equipment efficiencies;
- (d) developing specifications for manufacture, and determining materials, equipment, piping, material flows, capacities and layout of plant and systems;
- (e) organizing and managing project labour and the delivery of materials, plant and equipment;
- (f) establishing standards and policies for installation, modification, quality control, testing, inspection and maintenance according to engineering principles and safety regulations;
- (g) inspecting plant to improve and maintain performance;
- (h) directing the maintenance of plant buildings and equipment, and coordinating the requirements for new designs, surveys and maintenance schedules;
- (i) advising management on new production methods, techniques and equipment;
- (j) liaising with materials buying, storing and controlling departments to ensure a steady flow of supplies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Industrial efficiency engineer
- Industrial engineer
- Industrial plant engineer
- Production engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Manufacturing production manager – 1321

Unit Group 2142

Civil Engineers

Civil engineers conduct research; advise on, design and direct construction; manage the operation and maintenance of civil engineering structures; or study and advise on technological aspects of particular materials.

Tasks include –

(a) conducting research and developing new or improved theories and methods related to civil engineering;

- (b) advising on and designing structures such as bridges, dams, docks, roads, airports, railways, canals, pipelines, waste-disposal and flood-control systems, and industrial and other large buildings;
- (c) determining and specifying construction methods, materials and quality standards, and directing construction work;
- (d) establishing control systems to ensure efficient functioning of structures as well as safety and environmental protection;
- (e) organizing and directing maintenance and repair of existing civil engineering structures;
- (f) analysing the behaviour of soil and rock when placed under pressure by proposed structures and designing structural foundations;
- (g) analysing the stability of structures and testing the behaviour and durability of materials used in their construction.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Civil engineer
- Geotechnical engineer
- Structural engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Civil engineering project manager 1323
- Geoscientist 2114
- Metallurgist 2146
- Mining engineer 2146
- Town and traffic planners 2164

Unit Group 2143

Environmental Engineers

Environmental engineers conduct research and advise on, design and direct implementation of solutions to prevent, control or remedy negative impacts of human activity on the environment utilizing a variety of engineering disciplines. They conduct environmental assessments of construction and civil engineering projects and apply engineering principles to pollution control, recycling and waste disposal.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting research and assessing and reporting on the environmental impact of existing and proposed construction, civil engineering and other activities;
- (b) inspecting industrial and municipal facilities and programmes to evaluate operational effectiveness and ensure compliance with environmental regulations;
- designing and overseeing the development of systems, processes and equipment for control,

- management or remediation of water, air or soil quality;
- (d) providing environmental engineering assistance in network analysis, regulatory analysis, and planning or reviewing database development;
- (e) obtaining, updating and maintaining plans, permits and standard operating procedures;
- (f) providing engineering and technical support for environmental remediation and litigation projects, including remediation system design and determination of regulatory applicability;
- (g) monitoring progress of environmental improvement programmes;
- (h) advising corporations and government agencies of procedures to follow in cleaning up contaminated sites to protect people and the environment;
- (i) collaborating with environmental scientists, planners, hazardous waste technicians, engineers from other disciplines and specialists in law and business to address environmental problems.

- Air pollution control engineer
- Environmental analyst
- Environmental engineer
- Environmental remediation specialist
- Wastewater process engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Environmental scientist 2133
- Radiation protection expert 2263

Unit Group 2144

Mechanical Engineers

Mechanical engineers conduct research; advise on, design and direct production of machines, aircraft, ships, machinery and industrial plant, equipment and systems; advise on and direct their functioning, maintenance and repair; or study and advise on mechanical aspects of particular materials, products or processes.

Tasks include –

- (a) advising on and designing machinery and tools for manufacturing, mining, construction, agricultural and other industrial purposes;
- (b) advising on and designing steam, internal combustion and other non-electric motors and engines used for propulsion of railway locomotives, road vehicles or aircraft, or for driving industrial or other machinery;

- (c) advising on and designing: hulls, superstructures and propulsion systems of ships; mechanical plant and equipment for the release, control and utilization of energy; heating, ventilation and refrigeration systems, steering gear, pumps and other mechanical equipment;
- (d) advising on and designing airframes, undercarriages and other equipment for aircraft as well as suspension systems, brakes, vehicle bodies and other components of road vehicles;
- (e) advising on and designing non-electrical parts of apparatus or products such as word processors, computers, precision instruments, cameras and projectors;
- (f) establishing control standards and procedures to ensure efficient functioning and safety of machines, machinery, tools, motors, engines, industrial plant, equipment or systems:
- (g) ensuring that equipment, operation and maintenance comply with design specifications and safety standards.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aeronautical engineer
- Engine designer
- Marine architect
- Marine engineer
- Mechanical engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Ships' engineer – 3151

Unit Group 2145

Chemical Engineers

Chemical engineers conduct research and develop, advise on and direct commercial-scale chemical processes and production of various substances and items such as crude oil, petroleum derivatives, food and drink products, medicines or synthetic materials. They direct maintenance and repair of chemical plant and equipment and study and advise on chemical aspects of particular materials, products or processes.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting research and advising on, and developing, commercial-scale chemical processes to refine crude oil and other liquids or gases, and to produce substances and items such as petroleum derivatives, explosives, food and drink products, medicines or synthetic materials;
- (b) specifying chemical production methods, materials and quality standards and ensuring that they conform to specifications;

- (c) establishing control standards and procedures to ensure safety and efficiency of chemical production operations and safety of workers' operating equipment or of those working in close proximity to ongoing chemical reactions;
- (d) designing chemical plant equipment and devising processes for manufacturing chemicals and products;
- (e) performing tests throughout stages of production to determine degree of control over variables, including temperature, density, specific gravity and pressure;
- (f) developing safety procedures to be employed;
- (g) preparing estimates of production costs and production progress reports for management;
- (h) performing laboratory studies of steps in the manufacture of new products and testing proposed processes in small-scale operations such as a pilot plant.

- Chemical engineer
- Fuel technologist
- Plastics technologist
- Refinery process engineer

Unit Group 2146

Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals

Mining engineers, metallurgists and related professionals conduct research on, design, develop and maintain commercial-scale methods of extracting metals from their ores, or minerals, water, oil or gas from the earth, and of developing new alloys, ceramic and other materials, or study and advise on mining or metallurgical aspects of particular materials, products or processes.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining the location and planning the extraction of coal, metallic ores, non-metallic minerals, and building materials such as stone and gravel;
- (b) determining the most suitable methods of efficient mining and extraction and types of machinery to be used, planning layout and directing construction of shafts and tunnels;
- (c) determining drilling sites and devising methods of controlling the flow of water, oil or gas from wells;
- (d) planning and directing storage, initial treatment and transportation of water, oil or gas;
- (e) establishing safety standards and procedures and first-aid facilities, especially underground;

- (f) conducting research, developing methods of extracting metals from their ores and advising on their application;
- (g) investigating properties of metals and alloys, developing new alloys and advising on and supervising technical aspects of metal and alloy manufacture and processing;
- (h) maintaining technical liaison and consultancy with other relevant specialists such as geologists and geophysicists;
- examining deposits or mines to evaluate profitability.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Extractive metallurgist
- Mining engineer
- Petroleum and natural gas extraction engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Geologist 2114
- Geophysicist 2114

Unit Group 2149

Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers engineering professionals not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 214: Engineering Professionals (excluding Electrotechnology) or in Minor Group 215: Electrotechnology Engineers. For instance, the group includes those who conduct research and advise on or develop engineering procedures and solutions concerning workplace safety, biomedical engineering, optics, materials, nuclear power generation and explosives.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) applying knowledge of engineering to the design, development and evaluation of biological and health systems and products such as artificial organs, prostheses and instrumentation;
- (b) designing devices used in various medical procedures and imaging systems such as magnetic resonance imaging, and devices for automating insulin injections or controlling body functions;
- (c) designing components of optical instruments such as lenses, microscopes, telescopes, lasers, optical disc systems and other equipment that utilize the properties of light;
- (d) designing, testing and coordinating the development of explosive ordnance material to meet military procurement specifications;
- (e) designing and overseeing the construction and operation of nuclear reactors and power

- plants and nuclear fuels reprocessing and reclamation systems;
- (f) designing and developing nuclear equipment such as reactor cores, radiation shielding and associated instrumentation and control mechanisms:
- (g) assessing damage and providing calculations for marine salvage operations;
- (h) studying and advising on engineering aspects of particular manufacturing processes, such as those related to glass, ceramics, textiles, leather products, wood and printing;
- (i) identifying potential hazards and introducing safety procedures and devices.

- Biomedical engineer
- Explosive ordnance engineer
- Marine salvage engineer

- Materials engineer
- Nuclear power generation engineer
- Optical engineer
- Quantity surveyor
- Safety engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Industrial and production engineers 2141
- Environmental engineer 2143
- Surveyor 2165

Note

It should be noted that, while they are appropriately classified in this unit group with other engineering professionals, biomedical engineers are considered to be an integral part of the health workforce alongside those occupations classified in Sub-major Group 22: Health Professionals, and others classified in a number of other unit groups in Major Group 2: Professionals.

Minor Group 215

Electrotechnology Engineers

Electrotechnology engineers conduct research on and design, advise, plan and direct the construction and operation of electronic, electrical and telecommunications systems, components, motors and equipment. They organize and establish control systems to monitor the performance and safety of electrical and electronic assemblies and systems.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting research and advising on and directing the maintenance and repair of electrical, electronic and telecommunications products and systems; advising on and designing power stations and systems that generate, transmit and distribute electrical power; establishing control standards to monitor performance and safety of electrical, electronic and telecommunications systems and equipment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2151 Electrical Engineers
- 2152 Electronics Engineers
- 2153 Telecommunications Engineers

Unit Group 2151

Electrical Engineers

Electrical engineers conduct research and advise on, design and direct the construction and operation of electrical systems, components, motors and equipment, and advise on and direct their functioning, maintenance and repair, or study and advise on technological aspects of electrical engineering materials, products and processes.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising on and designing power stations and systems which generate, transmit and distribute electrical power;
- (b) supervising, controlling and monitoring the operation of electrical generation, transmission and distribution systems;

- (c) advising on and designing systems for electrical motors, electrical traction and other equipment, or electrical domestic appliances;
- (d) specifying electrical installation and application in industrial and other buildings and objects;
- (e) establishing control standards and procedures to monitor performance and safety of electrical generating and distribution systems, motors and equipment;
- (f) determining manufacturing methods for electrical systems, as well as maintenance and repair of existing electrical systems, motors and equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Electrical engineer

- Electric power generation engineer
- Electromechanical engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Nuclear power generation engineer 2149
- Electronics engineer 2152
- Broadcast engineer 2153
- Telecommunications engineer 2153

Unit Group 2152

Electronics Engineers

Electronics engineers conduct research on, design and direct the construction functioning, maintenance and repair of electronic systems, and study and advise on technological aspects of electronic engineering materials, products or processes.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising on and designing electronic devices or components, circuits, semi-conductors and systems;
- (b) specifying production or installation methods, materials and quality standards, and directing production or installation work of electronic products and systems;
- (c) establishing control standards and procedures to ensure efficient functioning and safety of electronic systems, motors and equipment;
- (d) organizing and directing maintenance and repair of existing electronic systems and equipment;
- (e) designing electronic circuits and components for use in fields such as aerospace guidance and propulsion control, acoustics, or instruments and controls;
- (f) researching and advising on radar, telemetry and remote control systems, microwaves and other electronic equipment;
- (g) designing and developing signal processing algorithms and implementing these through appropriate choice of hardware and software;
- (h) developing apparatus and procedures to test electronic components, circuits and systems.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Computer hardware engineer

- Electronics engineer
- Instrumentation engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Telecommunications engineer – 2153

Unit Group 2153

Telecommunications Engineers

Telecommunications engineers conduct research and advise on, design and direct the construction, functioning, maintenance and repair of telecommunication systems and equipment. They study and advise on technological aspects of telecommunication engineering materials, products or processes.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising on and designing telecommunications devices or components, systems, equipment and distribution centres;
- (b) specifying production or installation methods, materials and quality and safety standards, and directing production or installation work of telecommunications products and systems;
- (c) organizing and directing maintenance and repair of existing telecommunication systems, motors and equipment;
- (d) researching and advising on telecommunications equipment;
- (e) planning and designing communications networks based on wired, fibre optical and wireless communication media;
- designing and developing signal processing algorithms and implementing these through appropriate choice of hardware and software;
- (g) designing telecommunications networks and radio and television distribution systems, including both cable and over the air.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Broadcast engineer
- Telecommunications engineer
- Telecommunications engineering technologist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Electronics engineer – 2152

Minor Group 216

Architects, Planners, Surveyors and Designers

Architects, planners, surveyors and designers plan and design landscapes, building exteriors and interiors, products for manufacture, and visual and audiovisual content for the communication of information. They conduct survey work to precisely position geographical features;

design, prepare and revise maps; and develop and implement plans and policies for controlling the use of land.

Tasks performed usually include: determining the objectives and constraints of the design brief by consulting with clients and stakeholders; formulating design concepts and plans that harmonize aesthetic considerations with technical, functional, ecological and production requirements; preparing sketches, diagrams, illustrations, animations, plans, maps, charts, samples and models to communicate design concepts and other information; analysing photographs, satellite imagery, survey documents and data, maps, records, reports and statistics; undertaking research and analysing functional, spatial, commercial, cultural, safety, environmental and aesthetic requirements.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2161 Building Architects
- 2162 Landscape Architects
- 2163 Product and Garment Designers
- 2164 Town and Traffic Planners
- 2165 Cartographers and Surveyors
- 2166 Graphic and Multimedia Designers

Unit Group 2161

Building Architects

Building architects design commercial, industrial, institutional, residential and recreational buildings and plan and monitor their construction, maintenance and rehabilitation.

Tasks include -

- (a) developing new or improved architectural theories and methods;
- (b) inspecting sites and consulting clients, management and other stakeholders to determine type, style and size of proposed buildings and alterations to existing buildings;
- (c) providing information regarding designs, materials and estimated building times;
- (d) preparing project documentation, including sketches and scale drawings, and integrating structural, mechanical and aesthetic elements in final designs;
- (e) writing specifications and contract documents for use by builders and calling tenders on behalf of clients;
- (f) making necessary contacts to ensure feasibility of projects regarding style, cost, timing and compliance with regulations;
- (g) identifying and finding best solutions for problems regarding function and quality of interior environments of buildings and making necessary designs, drawings and plans;
- (h) monitoring construction or rehabilitation work to ensure compliance with specifications and quality standards;
- (i) maintaining technical liaison and consultancy with other relevant specialists.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building architect
- Interior architect

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Landscape architect 2162
- Interior decorator 3432
- Interior designer 3432

Unit Group 2162

Landscape Architects

Landscape architects plan and design landscapes and open spaces for projects such as parks, schools, institutions, roads and external areas for commercial, industrial and residential sites, and plan and monitor their construction, maintenance and rehabilitation.

Tasks include -

- (a) developing new or improved theories and methods and providing advice on policy related to landscape architecture;
- (b) inspecting sites and consulting clients, management and other stakeholders to determine type, style and size of proposed buildings, parks, roads and other open spaces;
- (c) compiling and analysing site and community data about geographical and ecological features, landforms, soils, vegetation, site hydrology, visual characteristics and humanmade structures, to formulate land use and development recommendations, feasibility studies and environmental impact statements;
- (d) preparing reports, strategic plans, site plans, working drawings, specifications and cost

- estimates for land development, showing location and details of proposals, including ground modelling, structures, vegetation and access;
- (e) writing specifications and contract documents for use by builders and civil engineering contractors and calling tenders on behalf of clients;
- (f) making necessary contacts to ensure feasibility of projects regarding style, cost, timing and compliance with regulations;
- (g) identifying and finding best solutions for problems regarding function and quality of exterior environments and making necessary designs, drawings and plans;
- (h) monitoring construction or rehabilitation work to ensure compliance with specifications and quality standards;
- (i) maintaining technical liaison and consultancy with other relevant specialists.

Landscape architect

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building architect 2161
- Urban planner 2164

Unit Group 2163

Product and Garment Designers

Product and garment designers design and develop products for manufacture and prepare designs and specifications of products for mass, batch and one-off production.

Tasks include –

- (a) determining the objectives and constraints of the design brief by consulting with clients and stakeholders;
- (b) formulating design concepts for clothing, textiles, industrial, commercial and consumer products, and jewellery;
- (c) harmonizing aesthetic considerations with technical, functional, ecological and production requirements;
- (d) preparing sketches, diagrams, illustrations, plans, samples and models to communicate design concepts;
- (e) negotiating design solutions with clients, management, and sales and manufacturing staff;
- (f) selecting, specifying and recommending functional and aesthetic materials, production methods and finishes for manufacture;
- (g) detailing and documenting the selected design for production;
- (h) preparing and commissioning prototypes and samples;

(i) supervising the preparation of patterns, programmes and tooling, and of the manufacturing process.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Costume designer
- Fashion designer
- Industrial designer
- Jewellery designer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Engine designer 2144
- Building architect 2161
- Landscape architect 2162
- Interior designer 3432

Unit Group 2164

Town and Traffic Planners

Town and traffic planners develop and implement plans and policies for the controlled use of urban and rural land and for traffic systems. They conduct research and provide advice on economic, environmental and social factors affecting land use and traffic flows.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning layout and coordinating development of urban areas;
- (b) compiling and analysing data on economic, legal, political, cultural, demographic, sociological, physical and environmental factors affecting land use;
- (c) conferring with government authorities, communities and specialists in fields such as architecture, planning, social science, the environment and the law;
- (d) devising and recommending use and development of land, and presenting narrative and graphic plans, programmes and designs to groups and individuals;
- (e) advising governments, companies and communities on urban and regional planning issues and proposals;
- (f) reviewing and evaluating environmental impact reports;
- (g) planning and coordinating the development of land areas for parks, schools, institutions, airports, roadways and related projects, and for commercial, industrial and residential sites;
- (h) planning and advising on routing and control of road traffic and public transportation systems for efficiency and safety.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Land planner
- Traffic planner
- Urban planner

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building architect 2161
- Landscape architect 2162

Unit Group 2165

Cartographers and Surveyors

Cartographers and surveyors determine the exact position of, or prepare and revise digital, graphic and pictorial maps, charts or other visual representation of, natural and constructed features and boundaries of land, seas, underground areas and celestial bodies, applying scientific and mathematical principles.

Tasks include -

- (a) surveying, measuring and describing land surfaces, mines, underground surfaces and sea, river and lake beds;
- (b) noting exact position of various features and recording survey data in digital form;
- (c) making charts and maps to be used in determining navigable waters and channels and in planning construction of marine structures;
- (d) planning and conducting aerial photographic surveys;
- (e) designing, compiling and revising maps and charts using aerial and other photographs, satellite imagery, survey documents and data, existing maps and records, reports and statistics;
- (f) undertaking research and development of surveying and photogrammetric measurement systems, cadastral systems and land information systems;
- (g) studying and advising on technical, aesthetic and economic aspects of map production;
- (h) maintaining technical liaison and consultancy with other relevant specialists.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aerial surveyor
- Cadastral surveyor
- Cartographer
- Hydrographic surveyor
- Land surveyor
- Mine surveyor
- Photogrammetrist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Quantity surveyor 2149
- Building surveyor 3112
- Marine surveyor 3115

Unit Group 2166

Graphic and Multimedia Designers

Graphic and multimedia designers design visual and audiovisual content for the communication of information using print, film, electronic, digital and other forms of visual and audio media. They create graphics, special effects, animation or other visual images for use in computer games, movies, music videos, print media and advertisements.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining the objectives and constraints of the design brief by consulting with clients and stakeholders;
- (b) undertaking research and analysing functional communication requirements;
- (c) formulating design concepts for the subject to be communicated;
- (d) preparing sketches, diagrams, illustrations and layouts to communicate design concepts;
- (e) designing complex graphics and animation to satisfy functional, aesthetic and creative requirements of the design brief;
- (f) creating two-dimensional and three-dimensional images depicting objects in motion or illustrating a process, using computer animation or modelling programmes;
- (g) negotiating design solutions with clients, management and sales and production staff;
- (h) selecting, specifying or recommending functional and aesthetic materials and media for publication, delivery or display;
- (i) detailing and documenting the selected design for production;
- (j) supervising or carrying out production in the chosen media.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Animator
- Commercial artist
- Computer games designer
- Digital artist
- Graphic designer
- Illustrator
- Multimedia designer
- Publication designer
- Website designer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Interior architect 2161
- Multimedia developer 2513
- Web developer 2513
- Visual artist 2651
- Interior designer 3432

Sub-major Group 22

Health Professionals

Health professionals conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; and apply scientific knowledge relating to medicine, nursing, dentistry, veterinary medicine, pharmacy, and promotion of health. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: conducting research and obtaining scientific knowledge through the study of human and animal disorders and illnesses and ways of treating them; advising on or applying preventive and curative measures, or promoting health; preparing scientific papers and reports. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 221 Medical Doctors
- 222 Nursing and Midwifery Professionals
- 223 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals
- 224 Paramedical Practitioners
- 225 Veterinarians
- 226 Other Health Professionals

Note

In using ISCO in applications that seek to identify, describe or measure the health workforce, it should be noted that a number of professions considered to be a part of the health workforce are classified in groups other than Sub-major Group 22: Health Professionals. Such occupations include but are not restricted to: addictions counsellors, biomedical engineers, clinical psychologists and medical physicists.

Minor Group 221

Medical Doctors

Medical doctors (physicians) study, diagnose, treat and prevent illness, disease, injury and other physical and mental impairments in humans through the application of the principles and procedures of modern medicine. They plan, supervise and evaluate the implementation of care and treatment plans by other health care providers, and conduct medical education and research activities.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status; ordering diagnostic tests and analysing findings; prescribing and administering curative treatments and preventive measures; performing surgery and other clinical procedures; monitoring patients' progress and response to treatment; advising on health, nutrition and lifestyle behaviours which aid prevention or treatment of disease and disorders; identifying and managing complications before, during and after childbirth; planning, managing and implementing referral plans for patients in need of specialized, long-term or other types of health care services; exchanging medical information with other health professionals to ensure continuing and comprehensive care; reporting births, deaths and notifiable diseases to government authorities; conducting research into human disorders and illnesses and preventive or curative methods.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2211 Generalist Medical Practitioners

2212 Specialist Medical Practitioners

Unit Group 2211

Generalist Medical Practitioners

Generalist medical practitioners (including family and primary care doctors) diagnose, treat and prevent illness, disease, injury and other physical and mental impairments and maintain general health in humans through application of the principles and procedures of modern medicine. They do not limit their practice to certain disease categories or methods of treatment, and may assume responsibility for the provision of continuing and comprehensive medical care to individuals, families and communities.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status;
- (b) ordering laboratory tests, X-rays and other diagnostic procedures and analysing findings to determine the nature of disorders or illnesses;
- (c) providing continuing medical care for patients including prescribing, administering, counselling on and monitoring curative treatments and preventive measures;
- (d) performing surgery and other clinical procedures;
- (e) advising individuals, families and communities on health, nutrition and lifestyle which aid prevention or treatment of disease and disorders;
- (f) providing referrals to patients and families for specialized care in hospitals, rehabilitation centres or other types of health care centres;
- (g) identifying, managing and providing referrals for complications before, during and after childbirth;
- (h) recording patients' medical information and history and exchanging information with specialist practitioners and other health workers as required for continuing medical care:
- (i) reporting births, deaths and notifiable diseases to government authorities to meet legal and professional requirements;
- (j) conducting research in human health and medical services and disseminating the findings such as through scientific reports;
- (k) planning and participating in programmes designed to prevent the occurrence and spread of common diseases.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- District medical doctor–therapist
- Family medical practitioner
- General practitioner
- Medical doctor (general)

- Medical officer (general)
 - Physician (general)
 - Primary health care physician
 - Resident medical officer specializing in general practice

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Psychiatrist 2212
- Specialist physician 2212
- Surgeon 2212
- Clinical officer (paramedical) 2240
- Feldscher 2240

Note

Occupations included in this unit group require completion of a university-level degree in basic medical education plus postgraduate clinical training or equivalent for competent performance. Medical interns or residents who have completed their university education in basic medical education and are undertaking postgraduate clinical training in general medicine without any area of specialization are included here. Although in some countries "general practice" and "family medicine" may be considered as medical specializations, these occupations should always be classified here.

Unit Group 2212

Specialist Medical Practitioners

Specialist medical practitioners (medical doctors) diagnose, treat and prevent illness, disease, injury and other physical and mental impairments in humans, using specialized testing and diagnostic, medical, surgical, physical and psychiatric techniques through application of the principles and procedures of modern medicine. They specialize in certain disease categories, types of patient or methods of treatment and may conduct medical education and research in their chosen areas of specialization.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status;
- (b) considering medical information provided by a referring doctor or other health care provider;
- (c) ordering specialized diagnostic tests to determine the nature of disorders or illnesses;
- (d) prescribing, administering and monitoring patients' responses to treatments, medications, anaesthetics, psychotherapies, physical rehabilitation programmes and other preventive and curative measures;
- (e) performing surgery of a general or specialized nature:
- (f) managing complications before, during and after childbirth;

- (g) recording patients' medical information and exchanging information with other health professionals to ensure the provision of comprehensive care;
- (h) reporting births, deaths and notifiable diseases to government authorities to meet legal and professional requirements;
- (i) providing information to patients and families and communities about preventive measures, treatment and care for specific ailments;
- (j) performing autopsies to determine cause of death;
- (k) conducting research into specific human disorders and illnesses and preventive or curative methods and disseminating the findings such as through scientific reports;
- (l) planning and participating in programmes designed to prevent the occurrence and spread of specific diseases.

- Anaesthetist
- Cardiologist
- Emergency medicine specialist
- Gynaecologist
- Obstetrician
- Ophthalmologist
- Paediatrician
- Pathologist
- Preventive medicine specialist
- Psychiatrist
- Radiation oncologist

- Radiologist
- Resident medical officer in specialist training
- Specialist medical practitioner (public health)
- Specialist physician (internal medicine)
- Specialist physician (nuclear medicine)
- Surgeon

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Biomedical researcher 2131
- General practitioner 2211
- Resident medical officer specializing in general practice – 2211
- Dental practitioner 2261
- Dental surgeon 2261
- Oral and maxillofacial surgeon 2261
- Clinical psychologist 2634

Notes

Occupations included in this unit group require completion of a university-level degree in basic medical education plus postgraduate clinical training in a medical specialization (except general practice) or equivalent. Resident medical officers and interns training as specialist practitioners (except general practice) are included here. Although in some countries "stomatology" may be considered as a medical specialization, stomatologists should be included in Unit Group 2261: Dentists.

Medical research professionals who participate in biomedical research using living organisms and do not undertake clinical practice are classified in Unit Group 2131: Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals.

Minor Group 222

Nursing and Midwifery Professionals

Nursing and midwifery professionals provide treatment and care services for people who are physically or mentally ill, disabled or infirm, and others in need of care due to potential risks to health including before, during and after childbirth. They assume responsibility for the planning, management and evaluation of the care of patients, including the supervision of other health care workers, working autonomously or in teams with medical doctors and others in the practical application of preventive and curative measures.

Tasks performed usually include: assessing, planning, providing and evaluating nursing and midwifery care for patients according to the practice and standards of modern nursing and midwifery; coordinating the care of patients in consultation with other health professionals and members of health teams; developing and implementing care plans, treatments and therapies, including administering medications; monitoring and alleviating pain and discomfort experienced by patients using a variety of therapies, including the use of pain-killing drugs; monitoring patients' health condition, including progress of pregnancy and responses to curative treatment; providing information to patients, families and communities about a range of health issues, including prevention of illness, treatment and care, pregnancy and childbirth and other topics; supervising and coordinating the work of other health care workers; conducting research on nursing and midwifery practice and preparing scientific papers and reports.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2221 Nursing Professionals

2222 Midwifery Professionals

Note

The distinctions between nursing and midwifery professionals and associate professionals should be made on the basis of the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition and in the relevant unit group definitions. The qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country are not the main factor in making this distinction, as training arrangements for nurses and midwives vary widely between countries and have varied over time within countries.

Unit Group 2221

Nursing Professionals

Nursing professionals provide treatment, support and care services for people who are in need of nursing care due to the effects of ageing, injury, illness or other physical or mental impairment, or potential risks to health. They assume responsibility for the planning and management of the care of patients, including the supervision of other health care workers, working autonomously or in teams with medical doctors and others in the practical application of preventive and curative measures.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning, providing and evaluating nursing care for patients according to the practice and standards of modern nursing;
- (b) coordinating the care of patients in consultation with other health professionals and members of health teams;
- (c) developing and implementing care plans for the biological, social and psychological treatment of patients in collaboration with other health professionals;
- (d) planning and providing personal care, treatments and therapies including administering medications, and monitoring responses to treatment or care plan;
- (e) cleaning wounds and applying surgical dressings and bandages;
- (f) monitoring pain and discomfort experienced by patients and alleviating pain using a variety of therapies, including the use of painkilling drugs;
- (g) planning and participating in health education programmes, health promotion and nurse education activities in clinical and community settings;
- (h) answering questions from patients and families and providing information about prevention of ill-health, treatment and care;
- supervising and coordinating the work of other nursing, health and personal care workers;
- (j) conducting research on nursing practices and procedures and disseminating findings such as through scientific papers and reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clinical nurse consultant
- District nurse
- Nurse anaesthetist
- Nurse educator
- Nurse practitioner
- Operating theatre nurse
- Professional nurse
- Public health nurse
- Specialist nurse

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Professional midwife 2222
- Paramedical practitioner 2240
- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Associate professional nurse 3221
- Associate professional midwife 3222
- Nursing aide (clinic or hospital) 5321

Notes

The distinction between professional and associate professional nurses should be made on the basis of the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition. The qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country are not the main factor in making this distinction, as training arrangements for nurses vary widely between countries and have varied over time within countries.

Nurses who combine nursing education or research with clinical nursing practice are classified in Unit Group 2221: Nursing Professionals. Nursing researchers who participate in biomedical research using living organisms and do not undertake clinical nursing practice are classified in Unit Group 2131: Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals.

Unit Group 2222

Midwifery Professionals

Midwifery professionals plan, manage, provide and evaluate midwifery care services before, during and after pregnancy and childbirth. They provide delivery care for reducing health risks to women and newborn children, working autonomously or in teams with other health care providers. Tasks include -

- (a) planning, providing and evaluating care and support services for women and babies before, during and after pregnancy and childbirth according to the practice and standards of modern midwifery care;
- (b) providing advice to women and families and conducting community education on health, nutrition, hygiene, exercise, birth and emergency plans, breastfeeding, infant care, family planning and contraception, lifestyle and other topics related to pregnancy and childbirth:
- (c) assessing progress during pregnancy and childbirth, managing complications and recognizing warning signs requiring referral to a medical doctor with specialized skills in obstetrics;
- (d) monitoring the health status of newborns, managing complications and recognizing warning signs requiring referral to a medical doctor with specialized skills in neonatology;
- (e) monitoring pain and discomfort experienced by women during labour and delivery and alleviating pain using a variety of therapies, including the use of painkilling drugs;
- (f) reporting births to government authorities to meet legal and professional requirements;

- (g) conducting research on midwifery practices and procedures and disseminating findings such as through scientific papers and reports;
- (h) planning and conducting midwifery education activities in clinical and community settings.

Example of the occupations classified here:

Professional midwife

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Professional nurse 2221
- Associate professional nurse 3221
- Associate professional midwife 3222
- Nursing aide (clinic or hospital) 5321

Notes

The distinctions between nursing and midwifery professionals and associate professionals should be made on the basis of the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition. The qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country are not the main factor in making this distinction, as training arrangements for nurses and midwives vary widely between countries and have varied over time within countries.

Midwives who combine midwifery education or research with clinical midwifery practice are classified in Unit Group 2222: Midwifery Professionals.

Minor Group 223

Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals

Traditional and complementary medicine professionals examine patients; prevent and treat illness, disease, injury and other physical and mental impairments; and maintain general health in humans by applying knowledge, skills and practices acquired through extensive study of the theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status; developing and implementing treatment plans for physical, mental and psychosocial ailments using applications such as acupuncture, ayurvedic, homeopathic and herbal medicine; evaluating and documenting patients' progress through treatment plans; providing health, nutrition and lifestyle advice to individuals, families and communities; prescribing and preparing traditional medicines, such as herbal, plant, mineral and animal extracts, to stimulate the body's capacity for self-healing; exchanging information about patients with other health care workers as needed to ensure continuing and comprehensive health care; conducting research into traditional and complementary medicines and treatments and disseminating findings such as through scientific papers and reports.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals

Unit Group 2230

Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals

Traditional and complementary medicine professionals examine patients, prevent and treat illness, disease, injury and other physical and mental impairments and maintain general health in humans by applying knowledge, skills and practices acquired through extensive study of the theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status;
- (b) developing and implementing treatment plans for physical, mental and psychosocial ailments using applications such as acupuncture, ayurvedic, homeopathic and herbal medicine;
- (c) evaluating and documenting patients' progress through treatment plans;
- (d) providing health, nutrition and lifestyle advice to individuals, families and communities;
- (e) prescribing and preparing traditional medicines, such as herbal, plant, mineral and animal extracts, to stimulate the body's capacity for self-healing;
- (f) exchanging information about patients with other health care workers as needed to ensure continuing and comprehensive health care;
- (g) conducting research into traditional and complementary medicines and treatments and disseminating findings such as through scientific papers and reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Acupuncturist

- Ayurvedic practitioner
- Chinese herbal medicine practitioner
- Homeopath
- Naturopath
- Unani practitioner

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chiropractor 2269
- Osteopath 2269
- Acupuncture technician 3230
- Ayurvedic technician 3230
- Herbalist 3230
- Homeopathy technician 3230
- Scraping and cupping therapist 3230
- Village healer 3230
- Witch doctor 3230
- Acupressure therapist 3255
- Hydrotherapist 3255
- Shiatsu therapist 3255
- Faith healer 3413

Note

Occupations in traditional and complementary medicine for which competent performance requires an extensive understanding of the benefits and applications of traditional and complementary therapies, developed as the result of extended formal study of these techniques as well as human anatomy and elements of modern medicine, are classified in Unit Group 2230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals. Those occupations whose practice requires a less extensive understanding based on relatively short periods of formal or informal education and training, or informally through the traditions and practices of the communities where they originated, are included in Unit Group 3230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals. Practitioners working in the singular application of approaches to herbal medicines, spiritual therapies or manual therapeutic techniques are excluded from Unit Group 2230.

Minor Group 224

Paramedical Practitioners

Paramedical practitioners provide advisory, diagnostic, curative and preventive medical services more limited in scope and complexity than those carried out by medical doctors. They work autonomously or with limited supervision of medical doctors, and apply advanced clinical procedures for treating and preventing diseases, injuries and other physical or mental impairments common to specific communities.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status and recording patients' medical information; performing basic or more routine medical and surgical procedures, including prescribing and administering treatments, medications and other preventive or curative measures, especially for common diseases and disorders; administering or ordering diagnostic tests, such as X-ray, electrocardiogram and laboratory tests; performing therapeutic procedures such as injections, immunizations, suturing and wound care, and infection management; assisting medical doctors with complex surgical procedures; monitoring patients' progress and response

to treatment, and identifying signs and symptoms requiring referral to medical doctors; advising patients and families on diet, exercise and other habits which aid prevention or treatment of disease and disorders; identifying and referring complex or unusual cases to medical doctors, hospitals or other places for specialized care; reporting births, deaths and notifiable diseases to government authorities to meet legal and professional reporting requirements.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2240 Paramedical Practitioners

Unit Group 2240

Paramedical Practitioners

Paramedical practitioners provide advisory, diagnostic, curative and preventive medical services more limited in scope and complexity than those carried out by medical doctors. They work autonomously, or with limited supervision of medical doctors, and apply advanced clinical procedures for treating and preventing diseases, injuries and other physical or mental impairments common to specific communities.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting physical examinations of patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status, and recording patients' medical information;
- (b) performing basic or more routine medical and surgical procedures, including prescribing and administering treatments, medications and other preventive or curative measures, especially for common diseases and disorders:
- (c) administering or ordering diagnostic tests, such as X-ray, electrocardiogram and laboratory tests;
- (d) performing therapeutic procedures such as injections, immunizations, suturing and wound care, and infection management;
- (e) assisting medical doctors with complex surgical procedures;

- (f) monitoring patients' progress and response to treatment, and identifying signs and symptoms requiring referral to medical doctors;
- (g) advising patients and families on diet, exercise and other habits which aid prevention or treatment of disease and disorders;
- (h) identifying and referring complex or unusual cases to medical doctors, hospitals or other places for specialized care;
- (i) reporting births, deaths and notifiable diseases to government authorities to meet legal and professional reporting requirements.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Advanced care paramedic
- Clinical officer (paramedical)
- Feldscher
- Primary care paramedic
- Surgical technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- General practitioner 2211
- Surgeon 2212
- Medical assistant 3256
- Emergency paramedic 3258

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require completion of tertiary-level training in theoretical and practical medical services. Workers providing services limited to emergency treatment and ambulance practice are classified in Unit Group 3258: Ambulance Workers.

Minor Group 225

Veterinarians

Veterinarians diagnose, prevent and treat diseases, injuries and dysfunctions of animals. They may provide care to a wide range of animals; specialize in the treatment of a particular animal group or in a particular area of specialization; or provide professional services to commercial firms producing biological and pharmaceutical products.

Tasks performed usually include: determining the presence and nature of abnormal conditions by physical examination, laboratory testing and through diagnostic imaging techniques including radiography and ultrasound; treating animals medically and surgically, and administering and prescribing drugs, analgesics, and general and local anaesthetics; performing surgery, dressing wounds and setting broken bones; rendering obstetric services to animals; participating in programmes designed to prevent the occurrence and spread of animal diseases; inoculating animals against, and testing for, infectious diseases and notifying authorities

of outbreaks of infectious animal diseases; performing autopsies to determine cause of death; advising clients on health, nutrition and feeding, hygiene, breeding and care of animals.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2250 Veterinarians

Unit Group 2250

Veterinarians

Veterinarians diagnose, prevent and treat diseases, injuries and dysfunctions of animals. They may provide care to a wide range of animals or specialize in the treatment of a particular animal group or in a particular speciality area, or provide professional services to commercial firms producing biological and pharmaceutical products.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining the presence and nature of abnormal conditions by physical examination, laboratory testing and through diagnostic imaging techniques including radiography and ultrasound;
- (b) treating animals medically and surgically, and administering and prescribing drugs, analgesics, and general and local anaesthetics;
- (c) performing surgery, dressing wounds and setting broken bones;

- (d) rendering obstetric and dental services to animals:
- (e) participating in programmes designed to prevent the occurrence and spread of animal diseases;
- inoculating animals against, and testing for, infectious diseases and notifying authorities of outbreaks of infectious animal diseases;
- (g) performing autopsies to determine cause of death;
- (h) advising clients on health, nutrition and feeding, hygiene, breeding and care of animals:
- (i) providing euthanasia services for animals.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Animal pathologist
- Veterinarian
- Veterinary epidemiologist
- Veterinary intern
- Veterinary surgeon

Minor Group 226

Other Health Professionals

Other health professionals provide health services related to dentistry, pharmacy, environmental health and hygiene, occupational health and safety, physiotherapy, nutrition, hearing, speech, vision and rehabilitation therapies. This minor group includes all human health professionals except doctors, traditional and complementary medicine practitioners, nurses, midwives and paramedical professionals.

Tasks performed may include: assessing patients or clients to determine the nature of the disorder, illness or problem; developing and implementing treatment plans and evaluating and documenting patients' progress; diagnosing and treating diseases, injuries and malformations of the teeth, mouth, jaws and associated tissues; storing, preserving, compounding, testing and dispensing medicinal products and counselling on their proper use and adverse effects; assessing, planning and implementing programmes to recognize, monitor and control environmental factors that can potentially affect human health, to improve or restore human motor functions, maximize movement ability, relieve pain syndromes, or to enhance the impact of food and nutrition on human health; diagnosing, managing and treating physical disorders affecting human hearing, communication or swallowing, or disorders of the eyes and visual system; advising clients about continued treatment and care and providing or arranging rehabilitation services; referring clients to or conferring with other health professionals or associate professionals if required.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2261 Dentists

2262 Pharmacists

2263 Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals

2264 Physiotherapists

2265 Dieticians and Nutritionists

2266 Audiologists and Speech Therapists 2267 Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians 2269 Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2261

Dentists

Dentists diagnose, treat and prevent diseases, injuries and abnormalities of the teeth, mouth, jaws and associated tissues by applying the principles and procedures of modern dentistry. They use a broad range of specialized diagnostic, surgical and other techniques to promote and restore oral health.

Tasks include –

- (a) diagnosing diseases, injuries, irregularities and malformations of teeth and associated structures in the mouth and jaw using a range of methods such as radiographs, salivary tests and medical histories;
- (b) providing preventative oral health care such as periodontal treatments, fluoride applications and oral health promotion;
- (c) administering anaesthetics to limit the amount of pain experienced by patients during procedures;
- (d) prescribing medication for relief of ongoing pain after procedures;
- (e) providing restorative oral care such as implants, complex crown and bridge restorations and orthodontics, and repairing damaged and decayed teeth;
- (f) providing surgical treatments such as extraction of teeth and biopsy of tissue, and performing orthodontic treatment;
- (g) measuring and taking impressions of patients' jaws and teeth in order to determine the shape and size of dental prostheses;
- (h) designing, making and fitting prosthodontic appliances such as space maintainers, bridges and dentures, or writing fabrication instructions or prescriptions for dental prosthetic technicians;
- (i) restoring oral function with removable and fixed oral prostheses;
- (j) assisting in diagnosing general diseases having oral manifestations such as diabetes;
- (k) educating patients and families on dental hygiene, nutrition and other measures to take care of oral health;
- (l) supervising dental hygienists, dental assistants and other staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dental practitioner
- Dental surgeon

- Dentist
- Endodontist
- Oral and maxillofacial surgeon
- Oral pathologist
- Orthodontist
- Paedodontist
- Periodontist
- Prosthodontist
- Stomatologist

Note

Occupations included in this category normally require completion of university-level training in theoretical and practical dentistry or a related field. Although in some countries "stomatology" and "dental, oral and maxillofacial surgery" may be considered as medical specializations, occupations in these fields should always be classified here.

Unit Group 2262

Pharmacists

Pharmacists store, preserve, compound and dispense medicinal products and counsel on the proper use and adverse effects of drugs and medicines following prescriptions issued by medical doctors and other health professionals. They contribute to researching, testing, preparing, prescribing and monitoring medicinal therapies for optimizing human health.

Tasks include -

- (a) receiving prescriptions for medicinal products from medical doctors and other health professionals, checking patients' medicine histories, and ensuring proper dosage and methods of administration and drug compatibility before dispensing;
- (b) preparing or supervising the preparation and labelling of liquid medicines, ointments, powders, tablets and other medications to fill prescriptions;
- (c) providing information and advice to prescribers and clients regarding drug interactions, incompatibility and contraindications, side effects, dosage and proper medication storage;
- (d) collaborating with other health care professionals to plan, monitor, review and evaluate the quality and effectiveness of the medicine therapy of individual patients, and the effectiveness of particular drugs or therapies;

- (e) maintaining prescription files and recording the issue of narcotics, poisons and habitforming drugs in accordance with legal and professional requirements;
- (f) storing and preserving vaccines, serums and other drugs subject to deterioration;
- (g) advising clients on and supplying non-prescription medicines and diagnostic and therapeutic aids for common conditions;
- (h) supervising and coordinating the work of pharmacy technicians, pharmacy interns and pharmacy sales assistants;
- (i) conducting research to develop and improve pharmaceuticals, cosmetics and related chemical products;
- (j) conferring with chemists, engineering professionals and other professionals about manufacturing techniques and ingredients;
- (k) testing and analysing drugs to determine their identity, purity and strength in relation to specified standards;
- (l) evaluating labels, packaging and advertising of drug products;
- (m) developing information and risks of particular drugs.

- Dispensing chemist
- Hospital pharmacist
- Industrial pharmacist
- Retail pharmacist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pharmacologist 2131
- Pharmaceutical technician 3213

Unit Group 2263

Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals

Environmental and occupational health and hygiene professionals assess, plan and implement programmes to recognize, monitor and control environmental factors that can potentially affect human health, to ensure safe and healthy working conditions and to prevent disease or injury caused by chemical, physical, radiological and biological agents or ergonomic factors.

Tasks include -

- (a) developing, implementing and reviewing programmes and policies to minimize potential environmental and occupational risks to health and safety;
- (b) preparing and implementing plans and strategies for the safe, economic and suitable disposal of commercial, industrial, medical and household wastes;

- (c) implementing prevention programmes and strategies for communicable diseases, food safety, wastewater treatment and disposal systems, recreation and domestic water quality, and contaminated and hazardous substances;
- (d) identifying, reporting and documenting hazards, and assessing and controlling risks in the environment and workplace and advising on compliance with relevant law and regulations;
- (e) developing, implementing and monitoring programmes to minimize workplace and environmental pollution involving chemical, physical and biological hazards;
- (f) advising on methods to prevent, eliminate, control or reduce the exposure of workers, students, the public and the environment to radiological and other hazards;
- (g) promoting ergonomic principles within the workplace such as matching furniture, equipment and work activities to the needs of employees;
- (h) providing education, information, training and advice to persons at all levels on aspects of occupational hygiene and environmental health:
- recording and investigating injuries and equipment damage, and reporting safety performance:
- (j) coordinating arrangements for the compensation, rehabilitation and return to work of injured workers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Environmental health officer
- Occupational health and safety adviser
- · Occupational hygienist
- Radiation protection expert

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Environmental protection professional 2133
- Specialist medical practitioner (public health) 2212
- Specialist nurse (public health) 2221
- Occupational therapist 2269
- Health inspector 3257
- Occupational health and safety inspector
 3257
- Sanitarian 3257
- Sanitary inspector 3257

Note

Professionals who assess, plan and implement programmes to monitor or control the impact of human activities on the environment are classified in Unit Group 2133: Environmental Protection Professionals.

Unit Group 2264

Physiotherapists

Physiotherapists assess, plan and implement rehabilitative programmes that improve or restore human motor functions, maximize movement ability, relieve pain syndromes, and treat or prevent physical challenges associated with injuries, diseases and other impairments. They apply a broad range of physical therapies and techniques such as movement, ultrasound, heating, laser and other techniques.

Tasks include -

- (a) administering muscle, nerve, joint functional ability and other tests to identify and assess physical problems of patients;
- (b) establishing treatment goals with patients and designing treatment programmes to reduce physical pain, strengthen muscles, improve cardiothoracic, cardiovascular and respiratory functions, restore joint mobility and improve balance and coordination;
- (c) developing, implementing and monitoring programmes and treatments using the therapeutic properties of exercise, heat, cold, massage, manipulation, hydrotherapy, electrotherapy, ultraviolet and infra-red light and ultrasound in the treatment of patients;
- (d) instructing patients and their families in procedures to be continued outside clinical settings;
- (e) recording information on patients' health status and responses to treatment in medical record-keeping systems, and sharing information with other health professionals as required to ensure continuing and comprehensive care;
- (f) developing and implementing programmes for screening and prevention of common physical ailments and disorders;
- (g) supervising the work of physiotherapy assistants and others.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Geriatric physical therapist
- Manipulative therapist
- Orthopaedic physical therapist
- Paediatric physical therapist
- Physical therapist
- Physiotherapist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chiropractor 2269
- Occupational therapist 2269
- Osteopath 2269
- Podiatrist 2269
- Acupressure therapist 3255
- Hydrotherapist 3255

- Massage therapist 3255
- Physiotherapy technician 3255
- Shiatsu therapist 3255

Unit Group 2265

Dieticians and Nutritionists

Dieticians and nutritionists assess, plan and implement programmes to enhance the impact of food and nutrition on human health.

Tasks include -

- (a) instructing individuals, families and communities on nutrition, the planning of diets and preparation of food to maximize health benefits and reduce potential risks to health;
- (b) planning diets and menus, supervising the preparation and serving of meals, and monitoring food intake and quality to provide nutritional care in settings offering food services:
- (c) compiling and assessing data relating to health and nutritional status of individuals, groups and communities based on nutritional values of food served or consumed;
- (d) planning and conducting nutrition assessments, intervention programmes, and education and training to improve nutritional levels among individuals and communities;
- (e) consulting with other health professionals and care providers to manage the dietary and nutritional needs of patients;
- (f) developing and evaluating food and nutrition products to meet nutritional requirements;
- (g) conducting research on nutrition and disseminating the findings at scientific conferences and in other settings.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clinical dietician
- Food service dietician
- Nutritionist
- Public health nutritionist
- Sports nutritionist

Unit Group 2266

Audiologists and Speech Therapists

Audiologists and speech therapists evaluate, manage and treat physical disorders affecting human hearing, speech, communication and swallowing. They prescribe corrective devices or rehabilitative therapies for hearing loss, speech disorders and related sensory and neural problems, and provide counselling on hearing safety and communication performance.

Tasks include -

- (a) evaluating hearing, speech and language performance in patients to determine the nature of hearing and communication disorders;
- (b) administering hearing or speech/language tests or other examinations using specialized diagnostic instruments and equipment, and interpreting test results alongside other medical, social and behavioural diagnostic data to determine appropriate courses of treatment;
- (c) planning, directing and participating in counselling, screening, speech rehabilitation and other programmes related to hearing and communication;
- (d) prescribing hearing aids and other assistive devices according to patients' needs and instructing them in their use;
- (e) planning and conducting treatment programmes to manage physical disorders affecting speech and swallowing;
- (f) counselling and guiding hearing and/or language-impaired individuals, their families, teachers and employers;
- (g) referring patients and families to additional medical or educational services if needed.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Audiologist
- Language therapist
- Speech pathologist
- Speech therapist

Unit Group 2267

Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians

Optometrists and ophthalmic opticians provide diagnosis, management and treatment services for disorders of the eyes and visual system. They counsel on eye care and prescribe optical aids or other therapies for visual disturbance.

Tasks include –

- (a) examining patients' eyes and conducting diagnostic tests to assess ocular health and determine the nature and extent of vision problems and abnormalities;
- (b) testing visual function using specialized instruments and equipment for measuring visual acuity and refractive error, function of visual pathways, visual fields, eye movements, freedom of vision and intraocular pressure;
- (c) detecting, diagnosing and managing eye disease, including prescribing medications for treatment;
- (d) consulting with and referring patients to ophthalmologists or other health professionals if additional medical treatment is necessary;

- (e) detecting and diagnosing eye movement disorders and defects of binocular function, and planning and managing treatment programmes, including counselling patients in eye exercises to coordinate movement and focusing of eyes;
- (f) prescribing corrective eyeglasses, contact lenses and other vision aids, and checking optical devices for performance, safety, comfort and lifestyle;
- (g) advising on visual health matters such as contact lens care, vision care for the elderly, optics, visual ergonomics, and occupational and industrial eye safety.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Ophthalmic optician
- Optometrist
- Orthoptist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ophthalmologist 2212
- Dispensing optician 3254

Unit Group 2269

Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers health professionals not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 22: Health Professionals. For instance, the group includes occupations such as podiatrist, occupational therapist, recreational therapist, chiropractor, osteopath and other professionals providing diagnostic, preventive, curative and rehabilitative health services.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) interviewing patients and conducting diagnostic tests to determine their health status, functional limitations, and the nature of physical or mental disorders, illnesses or other health problems;
- (b) developing and implementing treatment plans for injuries, illnesses and other physical and mental impairments;
- (c) evaluating and documenting patients' progress through treatment plans, and referring patients and families to medical doctors or other health care providers for specialized, rehabilitative or other care services as needed:
- (d) administering therapeutic care and treatment to patients, including through application of manual and physical chiropractic and osteopathic techniques;
- (e) recommending environmental adaptations in the home, leisure, work and school

- environments on an individual or group basis to enable individuals with functional limitations to perform their daily activities and occupations;
- (f) planning and implementing therapeutic programmes on an individual and group basis for improving and maintaining physical, cognitive, emotional and social functioning, including through the use of arts and crafts, dance and movement, music and other recreational activities;
- (g) identifying and prescribing treatments for conditions affecting the foot, ankle and related structures of the leg due to illness, disease or other physical impairment, and prescribing corrective footwear and advising on foot care to manage foot ailments;

(h) performing minor surgical procedures such as on the foot and ankles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Arts therapist
- Chiropractor
- Dance and movement therapist
- Occupational therapist
- Osteopath
- Podiatrist
- Recreational therapist

Note

Although in some jurisdictions chiropractic and osteopathy are considered to have the attributes of medical specializations, practitioners in these disciplines should always be classified here.

Sub-major Group 23

Teaching Professionals

Teaching professionals teach the theory and practice of one or more disciplines at different educational levels; conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods pertaining to their particular discipline; and prepare scholarly papers and books. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: conducting classes, courses or tutorials at a particular educational level for educational and vocational purposes, including private lessons; conducting adult literacy programmes; teaching and educating persons with learning difficulties or special needs; designing and modifying curricula; inspecting and advising on teaching methods and aids; participating in decisions concerning the organization of teaching and related activities at schools and universities; conducting research in particular subjects to improve or develop concepts, theories or operational methods for application in industrial and other fields; preparing scholarly papers and books. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 231 University and Higher Education Teachers
- 232 Vocational Education Teachers
- 233 Secondary Education Teachers
- 234 Primary School and Early Childhood Teachers
- 235 Other Teaching Professionals

Minor Group 231

University and Higher Education Teachers

University and higher education teachers prepare and deliver lectures and conduct tutorials in one or more subjects within a prescribed course of study at a university or other higher educational institution. They conduct research, and prepare scholarly papers and books.

Tasks performed usually include: designing and modifying curricula and preparing courses of study in accordance with requirements; preparing and delivering lectures and conducting tutorials, seminars and laboratory experiments; stimulating discussion and independent thought among students; supervising, where appropriate, experimental and practical work undertaken by students; administering, evaluating and marking examination papers and tests; directing research of postgraduate students or other members of department; researching into and developing concepts, theories and operational methods for application in industrial and other fields; preparing scholarly books, papers or articles; participating in departmental and faculty meetings and in conferences and seminars.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2310 University and Higher Education Teachers

Unit Group 2310

University and Higher Education Teachers

University and higher education teachers prepare and deliver lectures and conduct tutorials in one or more subjects within a prescribed course of study at a university or other higher educational institution. They conduct research, and prepare scholarly papers and books.

- (a) designing and modifying curricula and preparing courses of study in accordance with requirements;
- (b) preparing and delivering lectures and conducting tutorials, seminars and laboratory experiments;
- (c) stimulating discussion and independent thought among students;

- (d) supervising, where appropriate, experimental and practical work undertaken by students;
- (e) administering, evaluating and marking examination papers and tests;
- (f) directing research of postgraduate students or other members of department;
- (g) researching into and developing concepts, theories and operational methods for application in industrial and other fields;
- (h) preparing scholarly books, papers or articles;
- participating in departmental and faculty meetings and in conferences and seminars.

- Higher education lecturer
- Professor
- University lecturer
- University tutor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University chancellor 1120
- Dean (university) 1345
- Higher education faculty head 1345
- Vocational education teacher 2320

Minor Group 232

Vocational Education Teachers

Vocational education teachers teach or instruct vocational or occupational subjects in adult and further education institutions and to senior students in secondary schools and colleges. They prepare students for employment in specific occupations or occupational areas for which university or higher education is not normally required.

Tasks performed usually include: developing curricula and planning course content and methods of instruction; determining training needs of students or workers and liaising with individuals, industry and other education sectors to ensure provision of relevant education and training programmes; presenting lectures and conducting discussions to increase students' knowledge and competence; instructing and monitoring students in the use of tools, equipment and materials and the prevention of injury and damage; observing and evaluating students' work to determine progress, provide feedback and make suggestions for improvement; administering oral, written or performance tests to measure progress, evaluate training effectiveness and assess competency; preparing reports and maintaining records such as student grades, attendance rolls and training activity details; supervising independent or group projects, field placements, laboratory work or other training; providing individualized instruction and tutorial or remedial instruction; conducting on-the-job training sessions to teach and demonstrate principles, techniques, procedures or methods of designated subjects.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2320 Vocational Education Teachers

Unit Group 2320

Vocational Education Teachers

Vocational education teachers teach or instruct vocational or occupational subjects in adult and further education institutions and to senior students in secondary schools and colleges. They prepare students for employment in specific occupations or occupational areas for which university or higher education is not normally required.

- (a) developing curricula and planning course content and methods of instruction;
- (b) determining training needs of students or workers and liaising with individuals, industry and other education sectors to ensure provision of relevant education and training programmes;

- (c) presenting lectures and conducting discussions to increase students' knowledge and competence;
- (d) instructing and monitoring students in the use of tools, equipment and materials and the prevention of injury and damage;
- (e) observing and evaluating students' work to determine progress, provide feedback and make suggestions for improvement;
- (f) administering oral, written or performance tests to measure progress, evaluate training effectiveness and assess competency;
- (g) preparing reports and maintaining records such as student grades, attendance rolls and training activity details;
- (h) supervising independent or group projects, field placements, laboratory work or other training;

- providing individualized instruction and tutorial or remedial instruction;
- (j) conducting on-the-job training sessions to teach and demonstrate principles, techniques, procedures or methods of designated subjects.

- Automotive technology instructor
- Cosmetology instructor
- Vocational education teacher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• School principal – 1345

• Secondary education teacher – 2330

Note

Those who teach vocational subjects that are intended to prepare students for employment in a particular occupational group should be classified in Unit Group 2320: Vocational Education Teachers, whether they work in a general secondary school or in a vocational or technical school or college. Those who teach, at secondary education level, subjects such as mathematics that do not aim to prepare students for employment in a specific occupational area should be classified in Unit Group 2330: Secondary Education Teachers, even if they are employed in a vocational or technical college.

Minor Group 233

Secondary Education Teachers

Secondary education teachers teach one or more subjects at secondary education level, excluding subjects intended to prepare students for employment in specific occupational areas.

Tasks performed usually include: designing and modifying curricula and preparing educational courses of study in accordance with curriculum guidelines; establishing and enforcing rules for behaviour and procedures for maintaining order among students; preparing and giving lessons, discussions and demonstrations in one or more subjects; establishing clear objectives for all lessons, units and projects and communicating those objectives to students; preparing materials and classrooms for class activities; adapting teaching methods and instructional materials to meet students' varying needs and interests; observing and evaluating students' performance and behaviour; preparing, administering and marking tests, assignments and examinations to evaluate pupils' progress; preparing reports about pupils' work and conferring with other teachers and parents; participating in meetings concerning the school's educational or organizational policies; planning, organizing and participating in school activities such as excursions, sporting events and concerts.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

2330 Secondary Education Teachers

Unit Group 2330

Secondary Education Teachers

Secondary education teachers teach one or more subjects at secondary education level, excluding subjects intended to prepare students for employment in specific occupational areas.

Tasks include -

- (a) designing and modifying curricula and preparing educational courses of study in accordance with curriculum guidelines;
- (b) establishing and enforcing rules for behaviour and procedures for maintaining order among students;
- (c) preparing and giving lessons, discussions and demonstrations in one or more subjects;
- (d) establishing clear objectives for all lessons, units and projects and communicating those objectives to students;
- (e) preparing materials and classrooms for class activities;

- (f) adapting teaching methods and instructional materials to meet students' varying needs and interests;
- (g) observing and evaluating students' performance and behaviour;
- (h) preparing, administering and marking tests, assignments and examinations to evaluate pupils' progress;
- (i) preparing reports about pupils' work and conferring with other teachers and parents;
- (j) participating in meetings concerning the school's educational or organizational policies;
- (k) planning, organizing and participating in school activities such as excursions, sporting events and concerts.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- High school teacher
- Secondary school teacher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Head teacher 1345
- School principal 1345
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Schools inspector 2351
- Literacy tutor (private tuition) 2359
- Mathematics coach (private tuition) –
 2359
- School counsellor 2359

Note

Those who teach vocational subjects that are intended to prepare students for employment in a particular occupational group should be classified in Unit Group 2320: Vocational Education Teachers, whether they work in a general secondary school or in a vocational or technical school or college. Those who teach, at secondary education level, subjects such as mathematics that do not aim to prepare students for employment in a specific occupational area should be classified in Unit Group 2330: Secondary Education Teachers, even if they are employed in a vocational or technical college.

Minor Group 234

Primary School and Early Childhood Teachers

Primary school and early childhood teachers teach a range of subjects at the primary level of education and organize educational activities for children below primary school age.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing programmes of learning and giving instruction in a range of subjects at the primary education level; planning and organizing activities designed to facilitate children's development of language, physical and social skills; preparing reports. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2341 Primary School Teachers 2342 Early Childhood Educators

Unit Group 2341

Primary School Teachers

Primary school teachers teach a range of subjects at the primary education level.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing daily and longer term lesson plans in accordance with curriculum guidelines;
- (b) instructing children individually and in groups, using various teaching methods and materials (e.g. computers, books, games), adapting to children's varying needs;
- (c) maintaining discipline and good working habits in the classroom;
- (d) planning and conducting activities with the children such as sporting activities, concerts and excursions;
- (e) assigning and grading class work and homework;
- (f) preparing, administering and grading tests and assignments to evaluate children's progress;
- (g) observing and evaluating children's performance and behaviour;
- (h) supervising children during classes and at other times in the school day, including the playground during breaks;
- (i) participating in staff meetings and other sessions, and conferring with other teachers concerning educational issues;

(j) preparing for and attending parent meetings to discuss children's progress and problems.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Primary school teacher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Head teacher 1345
- School principal 1345
- Schools inspector 2351

Unit Group 2342

Early Childhood Educators

Early childhood educators promote the social, physical and intellectual development of children below primary school age through the provision of educational and play activities.

- (a) planning and organizing individual and group activities designed to facilitate the development of children's motor, cooperative and social skills, confidence and understanding;
- (b) promoting language development through storytelling, role play, songs, rhymes and informal conversations and discussions;
- (c) leading children in activities that provide opportunities for creative expression through

- the media of art, dramatic play, music and physical fitness;
- (d) observing children in order to evaluate progress and to detect signs of developmental, emotional or health-related problems;
- (e) observing and assessing nutritional health, welfare and safety needs of students and identifying factors which may impede students' progress;
- (f) supervising children's activities to ensure safety and resolve conflicts;
- (g) guiding and assisting children in the development of proper eating, dressing and toilet habits:

- (h) discussing progress or problems of children with parents and other staff members and identifying appropriate actions and referrals to other services;
- (i) establishing and maintaining collaborative relationships with other service providers working with young children.

- Early childhood educator
- Pre-school teacher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Child care centre manager 1341
- Child care worker 5311

Minor Group 235

Other Teaching Professionals

Other teaching professionals conduct research and advise on teaching methods; teach people with learning difficulties or special needs; teach non-native languages for migration and related purposes; give private tuition; teach arts, information technology and other subjects outside the mainstream primary, secondary and higher education systems; and provide other teaching services not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 23: Teaching Professionals.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting research and developing or advising on teaching methods, courses and aids; teaching physically handicapped children, young persons or adults or those with learning difficulties or other special needs; teaching non-native languages for migration purposes; teaching students in practice, theory and performance of music, drama, dance, visual and other arts; developing, scheduling and conducting training programmes and courses for information technology users.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2351 Education Methods Specialists

2352 Special Needs Teachers

2353 Other Language Teachers

2354 Other Music Teachers

2355 Other Arts Teachers

2356 Information Technology Trainers

2359 Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2351

Education Methods Specialists

Education methods specialists conduct research and develop or advise on teaching methods, courses and aids. They review and examine teachers' work, the functioning of educational institutions and the results achieved, and recommend changes and improvements.

Tasks include -

(a) researching into current developments in curricula, teaching methods and other educational practices, and advising on necessary changes and possible improvements;

- (b) evaluating and advising on contents of courses and methods of examination;
- (c) researching into audiovisual and other teaching aids and advising on, planning and organizing their introduction in educational establishments;
- (d) documenting subjects and courses developed, and evaluating new courses;
- (e) providing ongoing professional development, training and consultative services to teachers;
- (f) organizing and conducting workshops and conferences to train teachers in new programmes and methods;

- (g) developing the structure, content and objectives of new educational courses and programmes;
- (h) visiting schools periodically and conferring with administrative and teaching staff on questions relating to curricula, teaching methods, equipment and other matters;
- (i) visiting classrooms to observe teaching techniques and to evaluate teachers' performance and scholastic results obtained;
- (j) preparing reports and making recommendations to educational authorities concerning possible changes and improvements in curricula, teaching methods, and other matters.

- Curriculum coordinator
- Curriculum developer
- Education methods specialist
- Schools inspector
- Teaching aids specialist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- School counsellor 2359
- Student adviser 2359
- Educational psychologist 2634

Unit Group 2352

Special Needs Teachers

Special needs teachers teach physically or mentally handicapped children, young persons or adults, or those with learning difficulties or other special needs. They promote the social, emotional, intellectual and physical development of their students.

Tasks include –

- (a) assessing students' abilities and limitations with regard to intellectual, physical, social and emotional impairments, exceptional intellectual gifts, or other special situations;
- (b) designing or modifying curricula and preparing and delivering programmes, lessons and activities adapted to students' abilities and needs;
- giving instruction on an individual or group basis using special techniques or aids appropriate to students' needs;
- (d) employing special educational strategies and techniques during instruction to improve the development of sensory- and perceptual-motor skills, language, cognition and memory;
- (e) establishing and enforcing rules for behaviour and policies and procedures to maintain order among students;

- (f) teaching academic subjects and practical and self-help skills to students with hearing, sight and other impairments;
- (g) stimulating and developing students' confidence, interests, abilities, manual skills and coordination:
- (h) conferring with other staff members to plan and schedule lessons for special needs students:
- (i) preparing and maintaining student data and other records and submitting reports;
- (j) administering various forms of assessment and evaluating progress of each student;
- (k) conferring with students, parents, head teachers and other relevant professionals involved in the students' care to develop individual educational plans designed to promote students' development.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Learning disabilities special education teacher
- Learning support teacher
- Remedial teacher
- Teacher of gifted children
- Teacher of the hearing impaired
- Teacher of the sight impaired

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341

Unit Group 2353

Other Language Teachers

Other language teachers teach non-native languages to adults and children who are learning a language for reasons of migration, to fulfil employment requirements or opportunities, to facilitate participation in educational programmes delivered in a foreign language, or for personal enrichment. They work outside the mainstream primary, secondary and higher education systems, or in support of students and teachers within those systems.

- (a) assessing the level of ability and the extent of language difficulties of students, and establishing students' needs and learning goals;
- (b) planning, preparing and delivering lessons and workshops for groups and individuals, with content and rate of progression adapted to students' abilities and needs;
- (c) designing and producing teaching materials and adapting existing materials;
- (d) assessing students' progress;

- (e) assisting students in classroom settings where subjects are taught in a language other than the students' native language;
- (f) providing assistance to other teachers by designing special teaching programmes for students still learning the main language of instruction;
- (g) assigning and correcting work, and preparing and grading exams;
- (h) assessing, recording and reporting on students' progress.

- Intensive language teacher
- Migrant education teacher
- Practical language teacher
- Second language teacher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341

Unit Group 2354

Other Music Teachers

Other music teachers teach students in the practice, theory and performance of music outside the mainstream primary, secondary and higher education systems, but may provide private or small group tuition as an extracurricular activity in association with mainstream educational institutions.

Tasks include -

- (a) assessing the students' level of ability and determining needs and learning goals;
- (b) planning, preparing and delivering programmes of study, lessons and workshops for individual students and groups;
- (c) preparing and presenting material on the theory and interpretation of music;
- (d) instructing and demonstrating practical aspects of singing or of playing a particular instrument;
- (e) teaching students to read and write musical notation;
- (f) assigning exercises and teaching pieces of music relevant to students' level of ability, interests and talents;
- (g) assessing students and offering advice, criticism and encouragement;
- (h) revising curricula, course content, course materials and methods of instruction;
- preparing students for examinations, performances and assessments;

- (j) arranging visits and tours to musical performances:
- (k) organizing and assisting in auditions or performances of students' work.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Guitar teacher (private tuition)
- Piano teacher (private tuition)
- Singing teacher (private tuition)
- Violin teacher (private tuition)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341

Note

Regular secondary and primary school teachers who teach music are classified in Unit Groups 2330: Secondary Education Teachers and 2341: Primary School Teachers respectively.

Unit Group 2355

Other Arts Teachers

Other arts teachers teach students in the practice, theory and performance of dance, drama and visual and other arts (excluding music) outside the mainstream primary, secondary and higher education systems, but may provide private or small group tuition as an extracurricular activity in association with mainstream educational institutions.

- (a) assessing the students' level of ability and determining learning needs;
- (b) planning, preparing and delivering programmes of study, lessons and workshops for individual students and groups;
- (c) preparing and presenting material on the theory of the subject area being studied;
- (d) instructing and demonstrating practical aspects of drama, dance and visual or other arts;
- (e) assigning exercises and work relevant to students' level of ability, interests and talents;
- (f) assessing students and offering advice, criticism and encouragement;
- (g) revising curricula, course content, course materials and methods of instruction;
- (h) preparing students for examinations, performance and assessments;
- (i) arranging visits and tours to exhibitions and performances;
- (j) organizing and assisting in performances or exhibitions of students' work.

- Dance teacher (private tuition)
- Drama teacher (private tuition)
- Painting teacher (private tuition)
- Sculpture teacher (private tuition)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341
- Private music teacher 2354

Note

Regular secondary and primary school teachers who teach arts subjects are classified in Unit Groups 2330: Secondary Education Teachers and 2341: Primary School Teachers respectively.

Unit Group 2356

Information Technology Trainers

Information technology trainers develop, schedule and conduct training programmes and courses for computer and other information technology users outside the mainstream primary, secondary and higher education systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) identifying the information technology training needs and requirements of individual users and organizations;
- (b) preparing and developing instructional training material and aids such as handbooks, visual aids, online tutorials, demonstration models and supporting training reference documentation;
- (c) designing, coordinating, scheduling and conducting training and development programmes that can be delivered in the form of individual and group instruction, and facilitating workshop meetings, demonstrations and conferences;
- (d) monitoring and performing ongoing evaluation and assessment of training quality and effectiveness, and reviewing and modifying training objectives, methods and course deliverables;
- (e) gathering, investigating and researching background materials to gain a full understanding of the subject matter and systems;
- (f) keeping up to date with new product version releases, advances in software and general information technology trends, and writing end user products and materials such as user training, tutorial and instruction manuals, online help, and operating and maintenance instructions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Computer trainer
- Software trainer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341
- Staff development officer 2424

Unit Group 2359

Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers teaching professionals not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 23: Teaching Professionals. For instance, the group includes those who provide private tuition in subjects other than foreign languages and the arts, and those who provide educational counselling to students.

In such cases tasks performed would include –

- (a) assessing students' level of ability and determining learning needs;
- (b) planning, preparing and delivering programmes of study, lessons and workshops for individual students and groups;
- (c) preparing and presenting material on the theory of the subject area being studied;
- (d) instructing and demonstrating practical aspects of the subject area being studied;
- (e) assigning exercises and work relevant to students' level of ability, interests and aptitude;
- (f) assessing students and offering advice, criticism and encouragement;
- (g) revising curricula, course content, course materials and methods of instruction;
- (h) preparing students for examinations and assessments;
- (i) counselling students regarding educational issues such as course and programme selection, class scheduling, school adjustment, truancy, study habits and career planning;
- (j) counselling students to help them understand and overcome personal, social or behavioural problems affecting their education;
- (k) preparing students for later educational experiences by encouraging them to explore learning opportunities and to persevere with challenging tasks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Literacy tutor (private tuition)
- Mathematics coach (private tuition)
- School counsellor
- Student adviser

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- University lecturer 2310
- Vocational education teacher 2320
- Secondary school teacher 2330
- Primary school teacher 2341
- Intensive language teacher 2353
- Migrant education teacher 2353
- Music teacher (private tuition) 2354

- Dance teacher (private tuition) 2355
- Drama teacher (private tuition) 2355
- Painting teacher (private tuition) 2355
- Sculpture teacher (private tuition) 2355
- Educational psychologist 2634
- Family counsellor 2635
- Social worker 2635

Sub-major Group 24

Business and Administration Professionals

Business and administration professionals perform analytical, conceptual and practical tasks to provide services in financial matters, human resource development, public relations, marketing and sales in the technical, medical, information and communications technology areas; and conduct reviews of organizational structures, methods and systems as well as quantitative analyses of information affecting investment programmes. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: collecting, analysing and interpreting information on the financial viability, cost structures and trading effectiveness of organizations; conducting audits, preparing financial statements and controlling treasury systems for organizations; developing and reviewing financial plans and strategies, executing buy and sell orders, and negotiating the purchase and sale of commodities; developing, implementing and evaluating staff recruitment, training and development programmes; researching, developing and implementing marketing and public relations campaigns; studying and developing methods and policies to improve and promote government and business operations and effectiveness; acquiring and updating knowledge of employers' and competitors' goods and services, and of market conditions; assessing customers' needs and explaining and demonstrating goods and services to them.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 241 Finance Professionals
- 242 Administration Professionals
- 243 Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals

Minor Group 241

Finance Professionals

Finance professionals plan, develop, organize, administer, invest, manage and conduct quantitative analyses of either financial accounting systems or funds for individuals, establishments and public or private institutions.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing and organizing financial statements for an organization; reviewing financial materials of an organization; providing financial advice to individuals and organizations; preparing analytic reports concerning segments of the economy and the economy as a whole.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2411 Accountants
- 2412 Financial and Investment Advisers
- 2413 Financial Analysts

Unit Group 2411

Accountants

Accountants plan, organize and administer accounting systems for individuals and establishments. Some occupations classified here examine and analyse the accounting and financial records of individuals and establishments to ensure accuracy and compliance with established accounting standards and procedures.

- (a) advising on, planning and installing budgetary, accounts controlling and other accounting policies and systems;
- (b) preparing and certifying financial statements for presentation to management, shareholders and statutory or other bodies;
- (c) preparing tax returns, advising on taxation problems and contesting disputed claims before tax officials;
- (d) preparing or reporting on profit forecasts and budgets;

- (e) conducting financial investigations in such matters as suspected fraud, insolvency and bankruptcy;
- (f) auditing accounts and bookkeeping records;
- (g) conducting investigations and advising management on financial aspects of productivity, stockholdings, sales, new products, etc.;
- (h) devising and controlling systems to determine unit cost of products and services.

- Accountant
- Auditor
- Certified accountant
- Chartered accountant
- Financial controller
- Insolvency trustee
- Management accountant
- Tax accountant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Finance manager 1211
- Accounting assistant 3313
- Bookkeeper 3313

Unit Group 2412

Financial and Investment Advisers

Financial and investment advisers develop financial plans for individuals and organizations, and invest and manage funds on their behalf.

Tasks include -

- (a) building and maintaining a client base;
- (b) interviewing clients to determine financial status and objectives, risk tolerance and other information needed to develop financial plans and investment strategies;
- (c) setting financial objectives, and developing and implementing strategies for achieving them;
- (d) arranging to buy and sell stocks and bonds for clients;
- (e) monitoring investment performance, and reviewing and revising investment plans based on modified needs and changes in markets;
- (f) recommending and arranging insurance cover for clients.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Estate planner
- Financial planner
- Investment adviser

Unit Group 2413

Financial Analysts

Financial analysts conduct quantitative analyses of information affecting investment programmes of public or private institutions.

Tasks include -

- (a) analysing financial information to produce forecasts of business, industry and economic conditions for use in making investment decisions:
- (b) maintaining knowledge and staying abreast of developments in the fields of industrial technology, business, finance and economic theory;
- (c) interpreting data affecting investment programmes such as price, yield, stability, future trends in investment risks and economic influences;
- (d) monitoring economic, industrial and corporate developments through analysis of information obtained from financial publications and services, investment banking firms, government agencies, trade publications, company sources and personal interviews;
- (e) recommending investments and investment timing to companies, investment firm staff or the investing public;
- (f) determining the prices at which securities should be syndicated and offered to the public;
- (g) preparing plans of action for investment based on financial analyses;
- (h) evaluating and comparing the relative quality of various securities in a given industry;
- (i) presenting oral and written reports on general economic trends, individual corporations and entire industries.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bond analyst
- Investment analyst
- Securities consultant

Minor Group 242

Administration Professionals

Administration professionals apply various concepts and theories related to improving the effectiveness of organizations and the individuals within the organization.

Tasks performed usually include: evaluating the structure of organizations and suggesting areas of improvement; ensuring that the operational activities of an organization are consistent

with the policy objectives of the organization; recruiting, training, developing and counselling personnel within an organization.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2421 Management and Organization Analysts
- 2422 Policy Administration Professionals
- 2423 Personnel and Careers Professionals
- 2424 Training and Staff Development Professionals

Unit Group 2421

Management and Organization Analysts

Management and organization analysts assist organizations to achieve greater efficiency and solve organizational problems. They study organizational structures, methods, systems and procedures.

Tasks include -

- (a) assisting and encouraging the development of objectives, strategies and plans aimed at achieving customer satisfaction and the efficient use of organizations' resources;
- (b) analysing and evaluating current systems and structures;
- (c) discussing current systems with staff and observing systems at all levels of organization;
- (d) directing clients towards more efficient organization and developing solutions to organizational problems;
- (e) undertaking and reviewing work studies by analysing existing and proposed methods and procedures such as administrative and clerical procedures;
- (f) recording and analysing organizations' workflow charts, records, reports, manuals and job descriptions;
- (g) preparing and recommending proposals to revise methods and procedures, alter work flows, redefine job functions and resolve organizational problems;
- (h) assisting in implementing approved recommendations, issuing revised instructions and procedure manuals and drafting other documentation;
- reviewing operating procedures and advising of departures from procedures and standards.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Business consultant
- Management consultant
- Organization and methods analyst

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Business analyst (IT) – 2511

Unit Group 2422

Policy Administration Professionals

Policy administration professionals develop and analyse policies guiding the design, implementation and modification of government and commercial operations and programmes.

Tasks include -

- (a) liaising and consulting with programme administrators and other interested parties to identify policy needs;
- (b) reviewing existing policies and legislation to identify anomalies and out-of-date provisions:
- (c) researching social, economic and industrial trends, and client expectations of programmes and services provided;
- (d) formulating and analysing policy options, preparing briefing papers and recommendations for policy changes and advising on preferred options;
- (e) assessing impacts, financial implications, interactions with other programmes and political and administrative feasibility of policies;
- (f) conducting threat and risk assessments and developing responses;
- (g) reviewing operations and programmes to ensure consistency with policies of the organization.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Intelligence officer
- Policy analyst
- Political adviser

Unit Group 2423

Personnel and Careers Professionals

Personnel and careers professionals provide professional business services related to personnel policies such as employee recruitment or development, occupational analysis and vocational guidance.

Tasks include -

(a) advising on and performing personnel functions relating to employee recruitment,

- placement, training, promotion, compensation and employee—management relations or other areas of personnel policy;
- (b) studying and analysing jobs performed in an establishment by various means, including interviews with workers, supervisors and management, and writing detailed position, job or occupation descriptions from information obtained;
- (c) preparing occupational information or working on occupational classification systems;
- (d) advising and working on the foregoing and other aspects of job and occupational analysis in such fields as personnel administration, workforce research and planning, training or occupational information and vocational guidance;
- (e) studying and advising individuals on employment opportunities, career choices and further education or training that may be desirable.

- Careers adviser
- Human resource expert
- Job analyst
- Occupational analyst
- Outplacement expert
- Personnel specialist
- Recruitment officer
- Vocational guidance counsellor

Unit Group 2424

Training and Staff Development Professionals

Training and staff development professionals plan, develop, implement and evaluate training and development programmes to ensure management and staff acquire the skills and develop the competencies required by organizations to meet organizational objectives.

Tasks include -

- (a) identifying training needs and requirements of individuals and organizations;
- (b) setting human resource development objectives and evaluating learning outcomes;
- (c) preparing and developing instructional training material and aids such as handbooks, visual aids, online tutorials, demonstration models and supporting training reference documentation;
- (d) designing, coordinating, scheduling and conducting training and development programmes that can be delivered in the form of individual and group instruction, and facilitating workshops, meetings, demonstrations and conferences;
- (e) liaising with external training providers to arrange delivery of specific training and development programmes;
- (f) promoting internal and external training and development, and evaluating these promotional activities;
- (g) monitoring and performing ongoing evaluation and assessment of internal and external training quality and effectiveness, and reviewing and modifying training objectives, methods and course deliverables;
- (h) gathering, investigating and researching background materials to gain an understanding of various subject matters and systems.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Staff development officer
- Training officer
- Workforce development specialist

Minor Group 243

Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals

Sales, marketing and public relations professionals plan, develop, coordinate and implement programmes of information dissemination to promote organizations, goods and services; and represent companies in selling a range of technical, industrial, medical, pharmaceutical and ICT goods and services.

Tasks performed usually include: commissioning and undertaking market research, analysing the findings and planning advertising, marketing and public relations activities; supporting business growth and development through the preparation and execution of marketing objectives, policies and programmes; planning and organizing publicity campaigns; appraising and selecting material submitted by writers, photographers, illustrators and others to create favourable publicity; acquiring and updating knowledge of employers' and competitors' goods and services, and of market conditions; assessing customers' needs and explaining and

demonstrating goods and services to them; visiting regular and prospective client businesses to establish and act on marketing opportunities; quoting and negotiating prices and credit terms, and completing contracts.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2431 Advertising and Marketing Professionals
- 2432 Public Relations Professionals
- 2433 Technical and Medical Sales Professionals (excluding ICT)
- 2434 Information and Communications Technology Sales Professionals

Unit Group 2431

Advertising and Marketing Professionals

Advertising and marketing professionals develop and coordinate advertising strategies and campaigns, determine the market for new goods and services, and identify and develop market opportunities for new and existing goods and services.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning, developing and organizing advertising policies and campaigns to support sales objectives;
- (b) advising managers and clients on strategies and campaigns to reach target markets, creating consumer awareness and effectively promoting the attributes of goods and services;
- (c) writing advertising copy and media scripts, and arranging television and film production and media placement;
- (d) collecting and analysing data regarding consumer patterns and preferences;
- (e) interpreting and predicting current and future consumer trends;
- (f) researching potential demand and market characteristics for new goods and services;
- (g) supporting business growth and development through the preparation and execution of marketing objectives, policies and programmes:
- (h) commissioning and undertaking market research to identify market opportunities for new and existing goods and services;
- (i) advising on all elements of marketing such as product mix, pricing, advertising and sales promotion, selling and distribution channels.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Advertising specialist
- Marketing specialist
- Market research analyst

Unit Group 2432

Public Relations Professionals

Public relations professionals plan, develop, implement and evaluate information and communication strategies that create an understanding and a favourable view of businesses and other organizations, their goods and services, and their role in the community.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning and organizing publicity campaigns and communication strategies;
- (b) advising executives on the public relations implications of their policies, programmes and practices, and preparing and controlling the issue of news and press releases;
- (c) undertaking and commissioning public opinion research, analysing the findings and planning public relations and promotional campaigns;
- (d) organizing special events, seminars, entertainment, competitions and social functions to promote goodwill and favourable publicity;
- (e) representing organizations and arranging interviews with publicity media;
- (f) attending business, social and other functions to promote the organization;
- (g) commissioning and obtaining photographs and other illustrative material;
- (h) selecting, appraising and revising material submitted by publicity writers, photographers, illustrators and others to create favourable publicity.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Press liaison officer
- Publicity agent
- Public relations copy writer
- Public relations officer

Unit Group 2433

Technical and Medical Sales Professionals (excluding ICT)

Technical and medical sales professionals (excluding ICT) represent companies in selling a range of industrial, medical and pharmaceutical goods and services to industrial, business, professional and other establishments.

Tasks include –

- (a) compiling lists of prospective client businesses by using directories and other sources;
- (b) acquiring and updating knowledge of employers' and competitors' goods and services, and of market conditions;
- (c) visiting regular and prospective client businesses to establish and act on selling opportunities;
- (d) assessing clients' needs and resources and recommending appropriate goods or services;
- (e) providing input to product design where goods or services must be tailored to suit clients' needs;
- (f) developing reports and proposals as part of sales presentations to demonstrate benefits from the use of goods or services;
- (g) estimating costs of installing and maintaining equipment or service;
- (h) monitoring customers' changing needs and competitor activity, and reporting these developments to sales management;
- (i) quoting and negotiating prices and credit terms, and preparing and administering sales contracts;
- (j) arranging delivery of goods, installation of equipment and the provision of services;
- (k) reporting to sales management on sales made and the marketability of goods and services;
- (l) consulting with clients after sale to ensure a satisfactory resolution of any problems, and provide ongoing support.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Sales representative (industrial products)
- Sales representative (medical and pharmaceutical products)
- Technical sales representative

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Sales representative (communications technology) 2434
- Sales representative (computers) 2434
- Commercial sales representative 3322

Unit Group 2434

Information and Communications Technology Sales Professionals

Information and communications technology (ICT) sales professionals sell, at the wholesale level, a range of computer hardware, software and other information and communications technology goods and services including installations, and provide specialized information as required.

Tasks include -

- (a) soliciting orders and selling goods to retail, industrial, wholesale and other establishments;
- (b) selling technical equipment, supplies and related services to business establishments or individuals;
- (c) discussing the needs of new and existing customers and providing specialized information about how particular equipment, supplies and services meet those needs;
- (d) quoting and negotiating prices and credit terms, and completing contracts and recording orders;
- (e) updating customer records and preparing sales reports;
- (f) arranging delivery of goods, installation of equipment and the provision of services;
- (g) reporting customers' reactions and requirements to manufacturers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Sales representative (communications technology)
- Sales representative (computers)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Shop sales assistant – 5223

Sub-major Group 25

Information and Communications Technology Professionals

Information and communications technology professionals conduct research; plan, design, write, test, provide advice and improve information technology systems, hardware, software and related concepts for specific applications; develop associated documentation including principles, policies and procedures; and design, develop, control, maintain and support databases and other information systems to ensure optimal performance and data integrity and security.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: researching information technology use in business functions; identifying areas for improvement and researching the theoretical aspects and operational methods for the use of computers; evaluating, planning and designing hardware or software configurations for specific applications including for Internet, Intranet and multimedia systems; designing, writing, testing and maintaining computer programs; designing and developing database architecture and database management systems; developing and implementing security plans and data administration policy, and administering computer networks and related computing environments; analysing, developing, interpreting and evaluating complex system design and architecture specifications, data models and diagrams in the development, configuration and integration of computer systems.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 251 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts
- 252 Database and Network Professionals

Minor Group 251

Software and Applications Developers and Analysts

Software and applications developers and analysts conduct research and plan, design, write, test, provide advice on and improve information technology systems such as hardware, software and other applications to meet specific requirements. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed usually include: researching information technology use in business functions and identifying areas in which improvements could be made to maximize effectiveness and efficiency; conducting research into the theoretical aspects of and operational methods for the use of computers; evaluating, planning and designing hardware or software configurations for specific applications; designing, writing, testing and maintaining computer programs for specific requirements; evaluating, planning and designing Internet, Intranet and multimedia systems.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2511 Systems Analysts
- 2512 Software Developers
- 2513 Web and Multimedia Developers
- 2514 Applications Programmers
- 2519 Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2511

Systems Analysts

Systems analysts conduct research, analyse and evaluate client information technology requirements, procedures or problems, and develop and implement proposals, recommendations and plans to improve current or future information systems.

- (a) consulting with users to formulate document requirements and with management to ensure agreement on systems principles;
- (b) identifying and analysing business processes, procedures and work practices;
- (c) identifying and evaluating inefficiencies and recommending optimal business practices and system functionality and behaviour;

- (d) taking responsibility for deploying func- Software designer tional solutions, such as creating, adopting and implementing system test plans;
- (e) developing functional specifications for use by systems developers;
- (f) expanding or modifying systems to improve workflow or serve new purposes;
- (g) coordinating and linking the computer systems within an organization to increase compatibility.

- Business analyst (IT)
- Computer scientist
- Information systems analyst
- Systems consultant
- Systems designer (IT)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Systems administrator (computers) 2522
- Communications analyst (computers) 2523
- Network analyst 2523

Unit Group 2512

Software Developers

Software developers research, analyse and evaluate requirements for existing or new software applications and operating systems, and design, develop, test and maintain software solutions to meet these requirements.

Tasks include -

- (a) researching, analysing and evaluating requirements for software applications and operating systems;
- (b) researching, designing and developing computer software systems;
- (c) consulting with engineering staff to evaluate interfaces between hardware and software;
- (d) developing and directing software testing and validation procedures;
- (e) modifying existing software to correct errors, to adapt it to new hardware or to upgrade interfaces and improve performance;
- (f) directing software programming and development of documentation;
- (g) assessing, developing, upgrading and documenting maintenance procedures for operating systems, communications environments and applications software;
- (h) consulting with customers concerning maintenance of software systems.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Programmer analyst

- - Software developer
 - Software engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Applications programmer – 2514

Unit Group 2513

Web and Multimedia Developers

Web and multimedia development professionals combine design and technical knowledge to research, analyse, evaluate, design, program and modify websites and applications that draw together text, graphics, animations, imaging, audio and video displays and other interactive media.

Tasks include –

- (a) analysing, designing and developing Internet sites by applying a mixture of artistry and creativity with software programming and scripting languages and interfacing with operating environments;
- (b) designing and developing digital animations, imaging, presentations, games, audio and video clips and Internet applications using multimedia software, tools and utilities, interactive graphics and programming languages:
- (c) communicating with network specialists regarding web-related issues such as security and hosting websites, to control and enforce Internet and web server security, space allocation, user access, business continuity, website backup and disaster recovery planning;
- (d) designing, developing and integrating computer code with other specialized inputs such as image files, audio files and scripting languages, to produce, maintain and support websites:
- (e) assisting in analysing, specifying and developing Internet strategies, web-based methodologies and development plans.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Animation programmer
- Computer games programmer
- Internet developer
- Multimedia programmer
- Website architect
- Website developer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Website designer 2166
- Webmaster 3514
- Website administrator 3514
- Website technician 3514

Unit Group 2514

Applications Programmers

Applications programmers write and maintain programmable code outlined in technical instructions and specifications for software applications and operating systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) writing and maintaining program code outlined in instructions and specifications in accordance with quality accredited standards;
- (b) revising, repairing or expanding existing programs to increase operating efficiency or adapt to new requirements;
- (c) conducting trial runs of programs and software applications to confirm that they will produce the desired information;
- (d) compiling and writing documentation of program development;
- (e) identifying and communicating technical problems, processes and solutions.

Example of the occupations classified here:

Applications programmer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Programmer analyst 2512
- Software developer 2512
- Multimedia programmer 2513

Unit Group 2519

Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers software and applications developers and analysts not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 251: Software and Applications Developers and Analysts. For instance, the group includes those professionals specializing in quality assurance, including software testing.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) developing and documenting software testing plans;
- (b) installing software and hardware and configuring operating system software in preparation for testing;
- (c) verifying that programs function according to user requirements and established guidelines:
- (d) executing, analysing and documenting results of software application tests and information and telecommunication systems tests;
- (e) developing and implementing software and information system testing policies, procedures and scripts.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Quality assurance analyst (computers)
- Software tester
- Systems tester

Minor Group 252

Database and Network Professionals

Database and network professionals design, develop, control, maintain and support the optimal performance and security of information technology systems and infrastructure, including databases, hardware and software, networks and operating systems.

Tasks performed usually include: designing and developing database architecture, data structures, dictionaries and naming conventions for information systems projects; designing, constructing, modifying, integrating, implementing and testing database management systems; developing and implementing security plans, data administration policy, documentation and standards; maintaining and administering computer networks and related computing environments; analysing, developing, interpreting and evaluating complex system design and architecture specifications, data models and diagrams in the development, configuration and integration of computer systems.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2521 Database Designers and Administrators

2522 Systems Administrators

2523 Computer Network Professionals

2529 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2521

Database Designers and Administrators

Database designers and administrators design, develop, control, maintain and support the optimal performance and security of databases.

Tasks include -

- (a) designing and developing database architecture, data structures, tables, dictionaries and naming conventions for information systems projects;
- (b) designing, constructing, modifying, integrating, implementing and testing database management systems;
- (c) conducting research and providing advice on the selection, application and implementation of database management tools;
- (d) developing and implementing data administration policy, documentation, standards and models;
- (e) developing policies and procedures for database access and usage and for the backup and recovery of data;
- (f) performing the operational establishment and preventive maintenance of backups and recovery procedures, and enforcing security and integrity controls.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Data administrator
- Database administrator
- Database analyst
- Database architect

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Network administrator 2522
- Systems administrator (computers) 2522
- Webmaster 3514
- Website administrator 3514

Unit Group 2522

Systems Administrators

Systems administrators develop, control, maintain and support the optimal performance and security of information technology systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) maintaining and administering computer networks and related computing environments, including computer hardware, systems software, applications software and all configurations;
- (b) recommending changes to improve systems and network configurations, and determining hardware or software requirements related to such changes;

- (c) diagnosing hardware and software problems;
- (d) performing data backups and disaster recovery operations;
- (e) operating master consoles to monitor the performance of computer systems and networks, and to coordinate computer network access and use.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Network administrator
- Systems administrator (computers)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Database administrator 2521
- Network analyst 2523
- Webmaster 3514
- Website administrator 3514
- Website technician 3514

Unit Group 2523

Computer Network Professionals

Computer network professionals research, analyse, design, test and recommend strategies for network architecture and development. They implement, manage, maintain and configure network hardware and software, and monitor, troubleshoot and optimize performance.

- (a) analysing, developing, interpreting and evaluating complex system design and architecture specifications, data models and diagrams in the development, configuration and integration of computer systems;
- (b) researching, analysing, evaluating and monitoring network infrastructure to ensure that networks are configured to operate at optimal performance;
- (c) assessing and recommending improvements to network operations and integrated hardware, software, communications and operating systems;
- (d) providing specialist skills in supporting and troubleshooting network problems and emergencies;
- (e) installing, configuring, testing, maintaining and administering new and upgraded networks, software database applications, servers and workstations;
- (f) preparing and maintaining procedures and documentation for network inventory, and recording diagnosis and resolution of network faults, enhancements and modifications to networks and maintenance instructions;
- (g) monitoring network traffic and activity, capacity and usage to ensure continued integrity and optimal network performance.

- Communications analyst (computers)
- Network analyst

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Systems analyst 2511
- Network administrator 2522

Unit Group 2529

Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group includes database and network professionals not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 252: Database and Network Professionals. For instance, the group includes information and communications technology security specialists. In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) developing plans to safeguard computer files against accidental or unauthorized modification, destruction or disclosure and to meet emergency data processing needs;
- (b) training users and promoting security awareness to ensure system security and to improve server and network efficiency;

- (c) conferring with users to discuss issues such as computer data access needs, security violations and programming changes;
- (d) monitoring current reports of computer viruses to determine when to update virus protection systems;
- (e) modifying computer security files to incorporate new software, correct errors or change individual access status;
- (f) monitoring use of data files and regulate access to safeguard information in computer files;
- (g) performing risk assessments and executing tests of data processing system to ensure functioning of data processing activities and security measures;
- (h) encrypting data transmissions and erecting firewalls to conceal confidential information as it is being transmitted and to keep out tainted digital transfers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Data miner
- Digital forensic specialist
- Security specialist (ICT)

Sub-major Group 26

Legal, Social and Cultural Professionals

Legal, social and cultural professionals conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; or apply knowledge relating to the law, storage and retrieval of information and artefacts, psychology, social welfare, politics, economics, history, religion, languages, sociology, other social sciences, and arts and entertainment. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: conducting research on legal problems; drafting laws and regulations; advising clients on legal cases; pleading and conducting cases in a court of law; presiding over judicial proceedings in a court of law; developing and maintaining library and gallery collections of archives; conducting research, improving or developing concepts, theories and operational methods or applying knowledge relating to the field of social sciences; conceiving, creating and performing in literary and artistic works; interpreting and communicating news, ideas, impressions and facts.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 261 Legal Professionals
- 262 Librarians, Archivists and Curators
- 263 Social and Religious Professionals
- 264 Authors, Journalists and Linguists
- 265 Creative and Performing Artists

Minor Group 261

Legal Professionals

Legal professionals conduct research on legal problems, advise clients on legal aspects of problems, plead cases or conduct prosecutions in courts of law, preside over judicial proceedings in courts of law and draft laws and regulations.

Tasks performed usually include: giving clients legal advice; undertaking legal business on clients' behalf and conducting litigation when necessary; presiding over judicial proceedings and pronouncing judgement in courts of law. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2611 Lawyers
- 2612 Judges
- 2619 Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2611

Lawyers

Lawyers give clients legal advice on a wide variety of subjects, draw up legal documents, represent clients before administrative boards or tribunals and plead cases or conduct prosecutions in courts of justice, or instruct barristers to plead in higher courts of justice.

- (a) giving clients legal advice on a wide variety of subjects and undertaking legal business on clients' behalf;
- (b) researching legal principles, statutes and previous court decisions related to specific cases;

- (c) gathering evidence to formulate a defence or to initiate legal actions, by such means as interviewing clients and witnesses to ascertain the facts of a case;
- (d) evaluating findings and developing strategies and arguments in preparation for presentation of cases;
- (e) pleading clients' cases before courts of law, tribunals and administrative boards or instructing barristers to plead in higher courts of justice:
- (f) accepting briefs and pleading in the higher court:
- (g) acting as prosecutor on behalf of the government;

- (h) negotiating settlements in matters which involve legal disputes;
- (i) drafting legislation and preparing government regulations based on existing laws;
- (j) drawing up legal documents such as contracts, real estate transactions and wills and preparing statements of legal opinions.

- Attorney
- Barrister
- Lawyer
- Prosecutor
- Solicitor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Notary 2619
- Conveyancing clerk 3411
- Law clerk 3411

Unit Group 2612

Judges

Judges preside over civil and criminal proceedings in courts of law.

Tasks include -

- (a) presiding over trials and hearings;
- (b) interpreting and enforcing rules of procedure and making rulings regarding the admissibility of evidence;
- (c) determining the rights and obligations of the parties involved, and in cases tried by jury;
- (d) instructing the jury on points of law that are applicable to the case;
- (e) weighing and considering evidence in nonjury trials and deciding legal guilt or innocence or degree of liability of the accused or defendant;

- (f) passing sentence on persons convicted in criminal cases, determining damages or other appropriate remedy in civil cases and issuing court orders;
- (g) researching legal issues and writing opinions on the issues.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chief justice
- Judge
- Magistrate

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Court clerk 3411
- Justice of the peace 3411

Unit Group 2619

Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers legal professionals not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 261: Legal Professionals. For instance, the group includes those who perform legal functions other than pleading or prosecuting cases or presiding over judicial proceedings.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) giving advice on legal aspects of various personal, business and administrative problems;
- (b) drawing up legal documents and contracts;
- (c) arranging property transfers;
- (d) determining, by inquest, the causes of any death not obviously due to natural causes.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Coroner
- Jurist (except lawyer or judge)
- Notary

Minor Group 262

Librarians, Archivists and Curators

Librarians, archivists and curators develop and maintain the collections of archives, libraries, museums, art galleries and similar establishments.

Tasks performed usually include: appraising or developing and organizing the contents of archives and artefacts of historical, cultural and artistic interest, and ensuring their safekeeping and preservation; organizing the collections of and exhibitions at museums, art galleries and similar establishments; developing and maintaining the systematic collection of recorded and published material and making it available to users in libraries and related institutions; preparing scholarly papers and reports; conducting research.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2621 Archivists and Curators

2622 Librarians and Related Information Professionals

Unit Group 2621

Archivists and Curators

Archivists and curators collect, appraise and ensure the safekeeping and preservation of the contents of archives, artefacts and records of historical, cultural, administrative and artistic interest, and of art and other objects. They plan, devise and implement systems for the safekeeping of records and historically valuable documents.

Tasks include -

- (a) evaluating and preserving records for administrative, historical, legal, evidential and other purposes;
- (b) directing or carrying out the preparation of indexes, bibliographies, microfilm copies and other reference aids to the collected material and making them available to users;
- (c) researching the origin, distribution and use of materials and objects of cultural and historical interest;
- (d) organizing, developing and maintaining collections of artistic, cultural, scientific or historically significant items;
- (e) directing or undertaking classification and cataloguing of museum and art gallery collections and organizing exhibitions;
- (f) researching into, appraising, organizing and preserving historically significant and valuable documents such as government papers, private papers, photographs, maps, manuscripts and audiovisual materials;
- (g) preparing scholarly papers and reports;
- (h) planning and implementing the computerized management of archives and electronic records;
- (i) organizing exhibitions at museums and art galleries, publicizing exhibits and arranging special displays for general, specialized or educational interest;
- (j) appraising and acquiring archival materials to build and develop an archival collection for research purposes.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Archivist

- Art gallery curator
- Museum curator
- Records manager

Unit Group 2622

Librarians and Related Information Professionals

Librarians and related information professionals collect, select, develop, organize and maintain library collections and other information repositories, organize and control other library services and provide information for users.

Tasks include -

- (a) organizing, developing and maintaining a systematic collection of books, periodicals and other printed or audiovisually and digitally recorded material;
- (b) selecting and recommending acquisitions of books and other printed or audiovisually and digitally recorded material;
- (c) organizing, classifying and cataloguing library material;
- (d) managing library borrowing and interlibrary loan facilities and information networks;
- (e) retrieving material and providing information to business and other users based on the collection itself or on library and information-network systems;
- (f) conducting research and analysing or modifying library and information services in accordance with changes in users' needs;
- (g) devising and implementing schemes and conceptual models for the storage, organization, classification and retrieval of information;
- (h) preparing scholarly papers and reports;
- (i) performing manual, online and interactive media reference searches, making interlibrary loans and performing other functions to assist users in accessing library materials.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bibliographer
- Cataloguer
- Librarian

Minor Group 263

Social and Religious Professionals

Social and religious professionals conduct research; improve or develop concepts, theories and operational methods; apply knowledge relating to philosophy, politics, economics, sociology, anthropology, history, psychology and other social sciences; or provide social services to meet the needs of individuals and families in a community.

Tasks performed usually include: formulating and applying solutions to present or projected economic, political or social problems; researching into and analysing past events and activities

and tracing the origin and evolution of the human race; studying mental processes and behaviour of individuals and groups; providing social services; preparing scholarly papers and reports. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 2631 Economists
- 2632 Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals
- 2633 Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists
- 2634 Psychologists
- 2635 Social Work and Counselling Professionals
- 2636 Religious Professionals

Unit Group 2631

Economists

Economists conduct research, monitor data, analyse information and prepare reports and plans to resolve economic and business problems and develop models to analyse, explain and forecast economic behaviour and patterns. They provide advice to business, interest groups and governments to formulate solutions to present or projected economic and business problems.

Tasks include -

- (a) forecasting changes in the economic environment for short-term budgeting, long-term planning and investment evaluation;
- (b) formulating recommendations, policies and plans for the economy, corporate strategies and investment, and undertaking feasibility studies for projects;
- (c) monitoring economic data to assess the effectiveness, and advise on the appropriateness, of monetary and fiscal policies;
- (d) forecasting production and consumption of specific products and services based on records of past production and consumption and general economic and industry-specific conditions;
- (e) preparing forecasts of income and expenditure, interest rates and exchange rates;
- (f) analysing factors that determine labour force participation, employment, wages, unemployment and other labour market outcomes;
- (g) applying mathematical formulae and statistical techniques to test economic theories and devise solutions to economic problems;
- (h) compiling, analysing and interpreting economic data using economic theory and a variety of statistical and other techniques;
- (i) evaluating the outcome of political decisions concerning public economy and finances, and advising on economic policy and possible courses of action in the light of past, present and projected economic factors and trends;

- (j) preparing scholarly papers and reports;
- (k) examining problems related to the economic activities of individual companies;
- conducting research on market conditions in local, regional or national areas to set sales and pricing levels for goods and services, to assess market potential and future trends and to develop business strategies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Econometrician
- Economic adviser
- Economic analyst
- Economist
- Labour economist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Statistician – 2120

Unit Group 2632

Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals

Sociologists, anthropologists and related professionals investigate and describe the structure, origin and evolution of societies and the interdependence between environmental conditions and human activities. They provide advice on the practical application of their findings in the formulation of economic and social policies.

- (a) conducting research on the origin, development, structure, social patterns, organizations and interrelationships of human society;
- (b) tracing the origin and evolution of humanity through the study of changing characteristics and cultural and social institutions;
- (c) tracing the development of humanity through the material remains of its past, such as dwellings, temples, tools, pottery, coins, weapons or sculpture;

- (d) studying physical and climatic aspects of areas and regions, and correlating these findings with economic, social and cultural activities:
- (e) developing theories, models and methods to interpret and describe social phenomena;
- (f) evaluating the outcome of political decisions concerning social policy;
- (g) analysing and evaluating social data;
- (h) advising on the practical application of findings in the formulation of economic and social policies for population groups and regions, and for the development of markets;
- (i) preparing scholarly papers and reports.

- Anthropologist
- Archaeologist
- Criminologist
- Ethnologist
- Geographer
- Sociologist

Unit Group 2633

Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists

Philosophers, historians and political scientists conduct research into the nature of human experience and existence, phases or aspects of human history, and political structures, movements and behaviour. They document and report on findings to inform and guide political and individual actions.

Tasks include -

- (a) researching, including by reasoning, into the general causes, principles and meanings of the world, human actions, experience and existence, and interpreting and developing philosophical concepts and theories;
- (b) consulting and comparing primary sources such as original or contemporary records of past events, and secondary sources such as archaeological or anthropological findings;
- (c) extracting relevant material, checking its authenticity, and researching into and describing the history of a particular period, country or region, or a particular facet – for example economic, social or political – of its history;
- (d) conducting research in such fields as political philosophy, or past and present theory and practice of political systems, institutions or behaviour;
- (e) observing contemporary political institutions and opinions, and collecting data on them from various sources, including interviews

- with government and political party officials and other relevant persons;
- (f) developing theories, models and methods to interpret and describe the nature of human experience and historical and political events and behaviour;
- (g) presenting findings and conclusions for publication or use by government, political parties or other organizations and interested persons;
- (h) preparing scholarly papers and reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Genealogist
- Historian
- Philosopher
- Political scientist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Political adviser – 2422

Unit Group 2634

Psychologists

Psychologists research into and study the mental processes and behaviour of human beings as individuals or in groups, and apply this knowledge to promote personal, social, educational or occupational adjustment and development.

- (a) planning and carrying out tests to measure mental, physical and other characteristics such as intelligence, abilities, aptitudes, potentialities, etc., interpreting and evaluating results, and providing advice;
- (b) analysing the effect of heredity, social, occupational and other factors on individual thought and behaviour;
- (c) conducting counselling or therapeutic interviews with individuals and groups and providing follow-up services;
- (d) maintaining required contacts, such as those with family members, educational authorities or employers, and recommending possible solutions to, and treatment of, problems;
- (e) studying psychological factors in the diagnosis, treatment and prevention of mental illnesses and emotional or personality disorders, and conferring with related professionals:
- (f) preparing scholarly papers and reports;
- (g) formulating achievement, diagnostic and predictive tests for use by teachers in planning methods and content of instruction;
- (h) conducting surveys and research studies on job design, work groups, morale, motivation, supervision and management;

(i) developing theories, models and methods to interpret and describe human behaviour.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clinical psychologist
- Educational psychologist
- Organizational psychologist
- Psychotherapist
- Sports psychologist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Psychiatrist – 2212

Unit Group 2635

Social Work and Counselling Professionals

Social work and counselling professionals provide advice and guidance to individuals, families, groups, communities and organizations in response to social and personal difficulties. They assist clients to develop skills and access resources and support services needed to respond to issues arising from unemployment, poverty, disability, addiction, criminal and delinquent behaviour, and marital and other problems.

Tasks include -

- (a) interviewing clients individually, in families or in groups, to assess their situation and problems and determine the types of services required;
- (b) analysing the client's situation and presenting alternative approaches to resolving problems;
- (c) compiling case records or reports for courts and other legal proceedings;
- (d) providing counselling, therapy and mediation services, and facilitating group sessions to assist clients to develop skills and insights needed to deal with and resolve their social and personal problems;
- (e) planning and implementing programmes of assistance for clients, including crisis intervention and referral to agencies that provide financial assistance, legal aid, housing, medical treatment and other services;
- (f) investigating cases of abuse or neglect and taking action to protect children and other persons at risk;
- (g) working with offenders during and after sentence to help them to integrate into the community and to change attitudes and behaviour in order to reduce further offending;
- (h) providing advice to prison governors and to probation and parole review boards that helps determine whether, and under what conditions, an offender should be incarcerated, released from prison or undergo alternative correctional measures;

- acting as advocates for client groups in the community and lobbying for solutions to problems affecting them;
- (j) developing prevention and intervention programmes to meet community needs;
- (k) maintaining contact with other social service agencies, educational institutions and health care providers involved with clients to provide information and obtain feedback on clients' overall situation and progress.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Addictions counsellor
- Bereavement counsellor
- Child and youth counsellor
- District social welfare officer
- Family counsellor
- Marriage counsellor
- Parole officer
- Probation officer
- Sexual assault counsellor
- Social worker
- Women's welfare organizer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Psychologist 2634
- Welfare support worker 3412

Unit Group 2636

Religious Professionals

Religious professionals function as perpetuators of sacred traditions, practices and beliefs. They conduct religious services, celebrate or administer the rites of a religious faith or denomination, provide spiritual and moral guidance and perform other functions associated with the practice of a religion.

- (a) perpetuating sacred traditions, practices and beliefs;
- (b) conducting religious services, rites and ceremonies;
- (c) undertaking various administrative and social duties, including participating in committees and meetings of religious organizations:
- (d) providing spiritual and moral guidance in accordance with the religion professed;
- (e) propagating religious doctrines in own country or abroad;
- (f) preparing and presenting religious sermons;
- (g) developing and directing study courses and religious education programmes;
- (h) counselling individuals regarding interpersonal, health, financial and religious problems;

 scheduling and participating in special events such as camps, conferences, seminars and retreats.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bonze
- Imam
- Minister of religion
- Poojari
- Priest
- Rabbi

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Lay preacher 3413
- Monk 3413
- Nun 3413

Note

Members of religious orders whose work involves performing the tasks of other occupations, for example as teachers, nurses or welfare support workers, should be classified according to the main tasks and duties performed in the job.

Minor Group 264

Authors, Journalists and Linguists

Authors, journalists and linguists conceive and create literary works; interpret and communicate news and public affairs through the media; and translate or interpret from one language into another.

Tasks performed usually include: writing literary works; appraising merits of literary and other works of art; collecting information about current affairs and writing about them; researching, investigating, interpreting and communicating news and public affairs through newspapers, television, radio and other media; translating written material from one language to another; simultaneously translating from one language to another.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2641 Authors and Related Writers

2642 Journalists

2643 Translators, Interpreters and Other Linguists

Unit Group 2641

Authors and Related Writers

Authors and related writers plan, research and write books, scripts, storyboards, plays, essays, speeches, manuals, specifications and other non-journalistic articles (excluding material for newspapers, magazines and other periodicals) for publication or presentation.

Tasks include -

- (a) conceiving, writing and editing novels, plays, scripts, poetry and other material for publication or presentation;
- (b) conducting research to establish factual content and to obtain other necessary information;
- (c) writing scripts and continuities and preparing programmes for stage, film, radio and television productions;
- (d) analysing material, such as specifications, notes and drawings, and creating manuals, instructions for use, user guides and other documents to explain clearly and concisely the installation, operation and maintenance of software, electronic, mechanical and other equipment;

- (e) writing brochures, handbooks and similar technical publications;
- (f) selecting material for publication, checking style, grammar and accuracy of content, arranging for any necessary revisions and checking proof copies before printing.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Author
- Book editor
- Essavist
- Indexer
- Interactive media writer
- Novelist
- Playwright
- Poet
- Script writer
- Speech writer
- Technical communicator
- Technical writer
- Writer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Advertising copy writer 2431
- Public relations copy writer 2432
- Journalist 2642
- Newspaper editor 2642

Unit Group 2642

Journalists

Journalists research, investigate, interpret and communicate news and public affairs through newspapers, television, radio and other media.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting local, national and international news through interviews, investigation and observation, attending public events, seeking out records, reviewing written work and attending film and stage performances;
- (b) collecting, reporting and commenting on news and current affairs for publication in newspapers and periodicals, or for broadcasting by radio, television or webcast media;
- (c) receiving, analysing and verifying news and other copy for accuracy;
- (d) interviewing politicians and other public figures at press conferences and on other occasions, including individual interviews recorded for radio, television or webcast media;
- (e) researching and reporting on developments in specialized fields such as medicine, science and technology;
- (f) writing editorials and commentaries on topics of current interest to stimulate public interest and express the views of a publication or broadcasting station;
- (g) writing critical reviews of literary, musical and other artistic works based on knowledge, judgement and experience for newspapers, television, radio and other media;
- (h) selecting material for publication, checking style, grammar, accuracy and legality of content and arranging for any necessary revisions;
- (i) liaising with production staff in checking final proof copies immediately prior to printing;
- (j) selecting, assembling and preparing publicity material about business or other organizations for issue through press, radio, television and other media.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Journalist
- Newspaper editor
- Newspaper reporter
- Sports writer
- Sub editor
- TV/radio news producer
- TV/radio news reporter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Public relations officer 2432
- Author 2641
- Book editor 2641

- Photo journalist 3431
- Camera operator 3521

Unit Group 2643

Translators, Interpreters and Other Linguists

Translators, interpreters and other linguists translate or interpret from one language into another and study the origin, development and structure of languages.

Tasks include -

- (a) studying relationships between ancient parent languages and modern language groups, tracing the origin and evolution of words, grammar and language forms, and presenting findings;
- (b) advising on or preparing language classification systems, grammars, dictionaries and similar materials:
- (c) translating from one language into another and ensuring that the correct meaning of the original is retained, that legal, technical or scientific works are correctly rendered, and that the phraseology and terminology of the spirit and style of literary works are conveyed as far as possible;
- (d) developing methods for the use of computers and other instruments to improve productivity and quality of translation;
- (e) interpreting from a spoken or a signed language into another spoken or signed language, in particular at conferences, meetings and similar occasions, and ensuring that the correct meaning and, as far as possible, the spirit of the original are transmitted;
- (f) revising and correcting translated material.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Interpreter
- Lexicographer
- Philologist
- Sign language interpreter
- Subtitler
- Translator
- Translator-reviser

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Author 2641
- Book editor 2641
- Journalist 2642

Minor Group 265

Creative and Performing Artists

Creative and performing artists communicate ideas, impressions and facts in a wide range of media to achieve particular effects; interpret a composition such as a musical score or a script to perform or direct the performance; and host the presentation of such performance and other media events.

Tasks performed usually include: conceiving and creating visual art forms; conceiving and writing original music; devising, directing, rehearsing and performing in music, dance, theatrical and film productions; assuming creative, financial and organizational responsibilities in the production of television programmes, films and stage presentations; studying script, play or book and preparing and rehearsing interpretation; selecting and introducing music, videos and other entertainment material for broadcast and making commercial and public service announcements.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

2651 Visual Artists

2652 Musicians, Singers and Composers

2653 Dancers and Choreographers

2654 Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers

2655 Actors

2656 Announcers on Radio, Television and Other Media

2659 Creative and Performing Artists Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 2651

Visual Artists

Visual artists create and execute works of art by sculpting, painting, drawing, creating cartoons, engraving or using other techniques.

Tasks include -

- (a) conceiving and developing ideas, designs and styles for paintings, drawings and sculptures;
- (b) arranging objects, positioning models, and selecting landscapes and other visual forms according to chosen subject matter;
- (c) selecting artistic media, method and materials:
- (d) creating representational or abstract three-dimensional or relief forms by shaping, carving and working and combining materials such as wood, stone, clay, metal, ice or paper;
- (e) creating representational or abstract drawings and paintings using pencils, ink, chalk, oil paints and water colours or through the application of other techniques;
- (f) creating drawings and engraving or etching them on metal, wood or other materials;
- (g) creating cartoons to depict persons and events, often in caricature;
- (h) restoring damaged, soiled and faded paintings and other art objects.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Cartoonist

- Ceramic artist
- Illustrator
- Picture restorer
- Portrait painter
- Sculptor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Industrial designer 2163
- Graphic designer 2166
- Painting teacher (private tuition) 2355
- Potter 7314
- Decorative painter 7316

Unit Group 2652

Musicians, Singers and Composers

Musicians, singers and composers write, arrange, conduct and perform musical compositions.

- (a) creating melodic, harmonic and rhythmic structures to express ideas and emotions in musical form;
- (b) translating ideas and concepts into standard musical signs and symbols for reproduction and performance;
- (c) adapting or arranging music for particular instrumental or vocal groups, instruments or occasions;
- (d) conducting instrumental or vocal groups;

- (e) selecting music for performances and assigning instrumental parts to musicians;
- (f) playing one or more musical instruments as a soloist or as a member of an orchestra or a musical group;
- (g) singing as a soloist or as a member of a vocal group or other band;
- (h) practising and rehearsing to maintain a high standard of performance.

- Band leader
- Composer
- Instrumentalist
- Music conductor
- Night club musician
- Night club singer
- Orchestrator
- Singer
- Street musician
- Street singer

Unit Group 2653

Dancers and Choreographers

Dancers and choreographers conceive and create or perform dances.

Tasks include –

- (a) conceiving and creating dances, which often convey a story, theme, idea or mood, by a pattern of steps, movements and gestures;
- (b) performing dances as a soloist, with a partner or as a member of a dancing group before live audiences or for film, television or other visual media:
- (c) training, exercising and attending dance classes to maintain the required levels of ability and fitness;
- (d) directing and participating in rehearsals to practise dance steps and techniques required for a performance;
- (e) auditioning for dance roles or for membership in dance companies;
- (f) coordinating the production music with the music directors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Choreographer
- Ballet dancer
- Night-club dancer
- Street dancer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Dance teacher – 2355

Unit Group 2654

Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers

Film, stage and related directors and producers oversee and control the technical and artistic aspects of motion pictures, television or radio productions and stage shows.

Tasks include -

- (a) choosing writers, studying scripts to determine artistic interpretation, and instructing actors on acting methods;
- (b) directing all aspects of dramatic productions on stage, television, radio or in motion pictures, including choice of actors, and final decisions concerning costumes, set designs and sound or lighting effects;
- (c) planning, organizing and controlling the various stages and scheduling involved in the production of presentations, motion pictures, television shows and radio programmes;
- (d) engaging and supervising all technical personnel, and determining the treatment, scope and scheduling of production;
- (e) maintaining production archives and negotiating royalties;
- (f) creating, planning or writing scripts for recording, videotaping and editing programmes;
- (g) supervising the positioning of scenery, props and lighting and sound equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Documentary director
- Film editor
- Motion picture director
- Photography director
- Stage director
- Technical director
- Technical television or radio director
- Theatre producer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- TV/radio news producer 2642
- Stage manager 3435
- Broadcasting technician 3521
- Lighting technician 3521
- Sound technician 3521
- Video technician 3521

Unit Group 2655

Actors

Actors portray roles in motion pictures, television or radio productions and stage shows.

Tasks include -

(a) learning lines and cues and playing parts in dramatic productions on stage, commercials, television, radio or in motion pictures;

- (b) assuming characters created by a playwright or author and communicating this to an audience;
- (c) telling stories or reading literary works aloud to educate or entertain listeners;
- (d) attending auditions and casting calls in order to audition for roles;
- (e) preparing for performances through rehearsals under the instruction and guidance of production directors;
- (f) reading scripts and undertaking research to gain understanding of parts, themes and characteristics;
- (g) acting parts and portraying roles as developed in rehearsals in film, television, radio and stage productions.

- Actor
- Mime artist
- Storyteller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Stunt artist 3435
- Walker-on 3435

Unit Group 2656

Announcers on Radio, Television and Other Media

Announcers on radio, television and other media read news bulletins, conduct interviews, and make other announcements or introductions on radio and television, and in theatres and other establishments or media.

Tasks include -

- (a) reading news bulletins and making other announcements on radio or television;
- (b) introducing performing artists or persons being interviewed, and making related announcements on radio and television, or in theatres, night clubs and other establishments;
- (c) interviewing persons in public, especially on radio and television;

- (d) studying background information in order to prepare for programmes or interviews;
- (e) commenting on music and other matters, such as weather or traffic conditions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- News anchor
- Radio announcer
- Sports announcer
- Talk show host/hostess
- Television announcer
- Traffic reporter
- Weather reporter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Journalist – 2642

Unit Group 2659

Creative and Performing Artists Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers all creative and performing artists not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 265: Creative and Performing Artists. For instance, the group includes clowns, magicians, acrobats and other performing artists.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) performing amusing antics and telling funny stories;
- (b) performing tricks of illusion and sleight of hand, and feats of hypnotism;
- (c) performing difficult and spectacular acrobatics, and gymnastic or juggling feats;
- (d) training and performing with animals.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Acrobat
- Aerialist
- Clown
- Hypnotist
- Magician
- PuppeteerStand-up comedian
- Ventriloquist

Major Group 3

TECHNICIANS AND ASSOCIATE PROFESSIONALS

Technicians and associate professionals perform technical and related tasks connected with research and the application of scientific or artistic concepts and operational methods, and government or business regulations. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by technicians and associate professionals usually include: undertaking and carrying out technical work connected with research and the application of concepts and operational methods in the fields of physical sciences including engineering and technology, life sciences including the medical profession, and social sciences and humanities; initiating and carrying out various technical services related to trade, finance and administration including administration of government laws and regulations, and to social work; providing technical support for the arts and entertainment; participating in sporting activities; executing some religious tasks. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 31 Science and Engineering Associate Professionals
- 32 Health Associate Professionals
- 33 Business and Administration Associate Professionals
- 34 Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals
- 35 Information and Communications Technicians

Sub-major Group 31

Science and Engineering Associate Professionals

Science and engineering associate professionals perform technical tasks connected with research and operational methods in science and engineering. They supervise and control technical and operational aspects of mining, manufacturing, construction and other engineering operations, and operate technical equipment including aircraft and ships. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: setting up, monitoring and operating instruments and equipment; conducting and monitoring experiments and tests of systems; collecting and testing samples; recording observations and analysing data; preparing, revising and interpreting technical drawings and diagrams; coordinating, supervising, controlling and scheduling the activities of other workers; operating and monitoring switchboards, computerized control systems, and multi-function process control machinery; performing technical functions to ensure safe and efficient movement and operations in ships, aircraft and other equipment.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 311 Physical and Engineering Science Technicians
- 312 Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors
- 313 Process Control Technicians
- 314 Life Science Technicians and Related Associate Professionals
- 315 Ship and Aircraft Controllers and Technicians

Minor Group 311

Physical and Engineering Science Technicians

Physical and engineering science technicians perform technical tasks to aid in research on and the practical application of concepts, principles and operational methods particular to physical sciences including such areas as engineering, technical drawing or economic efficiency of production processes.

Tasks performed usually include: undertaking and carrying out technical work related to chemistry, physics, geology, meteorology, astronomy, engineering or technical drawing; setting up, operating and maintaining laboratory instruments and equipment; monitoring experiments, making observations, and calculating and recording results; preparing materials for experimentation; conducting tests of systems; collecting and testing samples; recording observations and analysing data; preparing, revising and interpreting technical drawings, wiring diagrams, circuit board assembly diagrams or layout drawings.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3111 Chemical and Physical Science Technicians
- 3112 Civil Engineering Technicians
- 3113 Electrical Engineering Technicians
- 3114 Electronics Engineering Technicians
- 3115 Mechanical Engineering Technicians
- 3116 Chemical Engineering Technicians
- 3117 Mining and Metallurgical Technicians
- 3118 Draughtspersons
- 3119 Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified

Chemical and Physical Science Technicians

Chemical and physical science technicians perform technical tasks to aid in research in chemistry, physics, geology, geophysics, meteorology and astronomy, and in the development of industrial, medical, military and other practical applications of research results.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting samples and preparing materials and equipment for experiments, tests and analyses;
- (b) carrying out routine laboratory tests and performing a variety of technical support functions to assist chemical and physical scientists in research, development, analysis and testing;
- (c) controlling the quality and quantity of laboratory supplies by testing samples and monitoring usage and preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for projects, according to the specifications given;
- (d) setting up, operating and maintaining laboratory instruments and equipment, monitoring experiments, making observations, and calculating and recording results;
- (e) preparing materials for experimentation such as freezing and slicing specimens and mixing chemicals;
- (f) collecting and testing earth and water samples, recording observations and analysing data in support of geologists or geophysicists.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chemistry technician
- Geology technician
- Meteorology technician
- Physics technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chemical engineering technician 3116
- Chemical process technician 3133
- Life science technician 3141

Unit Group 3112

Civil Engineering Technicians

Civil engineering technicians perform technical tasks in civil engineering research and in the design, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of buildings and other structures such as water supply and wastewater treatment systems, bridges, roads, dams and airports.

Tasks include -

- (a) performing or assisting with field and laboratory tests of soils and construction materials;
- (b) providing technical assistance connected with the construction of buildings and other structures, and with surveys or the preparation of survey reports;
- (c) ensuring compliance with design specifications, relevant legislation and regulations, and maintenance of desired standards of materials and work;
- (d) applying technical knowledge of building and civil engineering principles and practices in order to identify and solve problems arising;
- (e) assisting with the preparation of detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for projects, according to the specifications given;
- (f) organizing maintenance and repairs;
- (g) inspecting buildings and structures during and after construction to ensure that they comply with building, grading, zoning and safety laws and approved plans, specifications and standards, as well as with other rules concerning quality and safety of buildings;
- (h) inspecting industrial plant, hotels, cinemas and other buildings and structures to detect fire hazards and advise on how they can be removed;
- (i) advising on the installation of fire detectors and sprinkler systems and the use of materials in the construction of buildings, and means of transportation to reduce risk of fire and extent of damage and danger if fire occurs.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building inspector
- Building surveyor
- Civil engineering technician
- Clerk of works
- Fire inspector
- Fire prevention specialist
- Geotechnical technician
- Surveying technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Quantity surveyor 2149
- Marine surveyor 3115
- Fire investigator 3119

Unit Group 3113

Electrical Engineering Technicians

Electrical engineering technicians perform technical tasks to aid in electrical engineering research and in the design, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, maintenance and repair

of electrical equipment, facilities and distribution systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing technical assistance in research on and development of electrical equipment and facilities, or testing prototypes;
- (b) designing and preparing blueprints of electrical installations and circuitry according to the specifications given;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for manufacture and installation, according to the specifications given;
- (d) monitoring technical aspects of the manufacture, installation, utilization, maintenance and repair of electrical systems and equipment to ensure satisfactory performance and compliance with specifications and regulations:
- (e) planning installation methods, checking completed installations for safety and controls or undertaking the initial running of the new electrical equipment or systems;
- (f) assembling, installing, testing, calibrating, modifying and repairing electrical equipment and installations to conform with regulations and safety requirements.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Electrical engineering technician
- Electric power transmission engineering technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Electronics engineering technician 3114
- Power production plant operator 3131
- Electrical mechanic 7412

Unit Group 3114

Electronics Engineering Technicians

Electronics engineering technicians perform technical tasks to aid in electronic research and in the design, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of electronic equipment.

Tasks include –

- (a) providing technical assistance in research and development of electronic equipment, or testing prototypes;
- (b) designing and preparing blueprints of electronic circuitry according to the specifications given;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for the manufacture and installation of electronic

- equipment, according to the specifications given;
- (d) monitoring technical aspects of the manufacture, utilization, maintenance and repair of electronic equipment to ensure satisfactory performance and ensure compliance with specifications and regulations;
- (e) assisting in the design, development, installation, operation and maintenance of electronic systems;
- (f) planning installation methods, checking completed installations for safety and controls or undertaking the initial running of the new electronic equipment or system;
- (g) conducting tests of electronic systems, collecting and analysing data, and assembling circuitry in support of electronics engineers.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Electronics engineering technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Electrical engineering technician 3113
- Telecommunications engineering technician 3522
- Electronics mechanic 7421
- Electronic equipment assembler 8212

Unit Group 3115

Mechanical Engineering Technicians

Mechanical engineering technicians perform technical tasks to aid in mechanical engineering research and in the design, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of machines, components and mechanical equipment.

- (a) providing technical assistance in research on and development of machines and mechanical installations, facilities and components, or testing prototypes;
- (b) designing and preparing layouts of machines and mechanical installations, facilities and components, according to the specifications given;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for manufacture and installation, according to the specifications given;
- (d) monitoring technical aspects of manufacture, utilization, maintenance and repair of machines and mechanical installations, facilities and components to ensure satisfactory performance and compliance with specifications and regulations;

- (e) developing and monitoring the implementation of safety standards and procedures for marine survey work in relation to ships' hulls, equipment and cargoes;
- (f) assembling and installing new and modified mechanical assemblies, components, machine tools and controls, and hydraulic power systems;
- (g) conducting tests of mechanical systems, collecting and analysing data, and assembling and installing mechanical assemblies in support of mechanical engineers;
- (h) ensuring that mechanical engineering designs and finished work are within specifications, regulations and contract provisions.

- Aeronautics engineering technician
- Marine engineering technician
- Marine surveyor
- Mechanical engineering estimator
- Mechanical engineering technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Industrial machinery mechanic 7233
- Mechanical machinery assembler 8211

Unit Group 3116

Chemical Engineering Technicians

Chemical engineering technicians perform technical tasks to aid in chemical engineering research and in the design, manufacture, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of chemical plant.

Tasks include –

- (a) assisting in research on and development of industrial chemical processes, plant and equipment, or testing prototypes;
- (b) designing and preparing layouts of chemical plants according to the specifications given;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for manufacture and installation, according to the specifications given;
- (d) monitoring technical aspects of the construction, installation, operation, maintenance and repair of chemical plants to ensure satisfactory performance and compliance with specifications and regulations;
- (e) conducting chemical and physical laboratory tests to assist scientists and engineers in making qualitative and quantitative analyses of solids, liquids and gaseous materials.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chemical engineering estimator
- Chemical engineering technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chemical technician 3111
- Chemical process technician 3133

Unit Group 3117

Mining and Metallurgical Technicians

Mining and metallurgical technicians perform technical tasks to assist in research and experiments related to metallurgy, in improving methods of extracting solid minerals, oil and gas, and in the design, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of mines and mine installations, of systems for transporting and storing oil and natural gas, and for extraction of metals from ores.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing technical assistance to aid in research on and development of processes to determine the properties of metals and new alloys;
- (b) providing technical assistance in geological and topographical surveys and in the design and layout of oil, natural gas and mineral ore extraction and transportation systems, and processing and refining plants for minerals and metals;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for mineral, oil and natural gas exploration, extraction, processing and transport projects;
- (d) monitoring technical, regulatory and safety aspects of the construction, installation, operation, maintenance and repair of mineral ore, oil and natural gas exploration, extraction, transport and storage installations and mineral processing plants;
- (e) helping plan and design mines, mine shafts, tunnels and underground first-aid facilities;
- (f) collecting and preparing rock, mineral and metal samples, performing laboratory tests to determine properties, analysing and reporting test results and maintaining testing equipment;
- (g) using microscopes, electromagnetic irradiation machines, spectrometers, spectrographs, densitometers and tension testing machines;
- (h) assisting scientists in the use of electrical, sonic or nuclear measuring instruments in both laboratory and production activities to obtain data indicating potential sources of metallic ore, gas or petroleum.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Metallurgical technician
- Mine inspector
- Mining engineering technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Geology technician 3111
- Miner 8111
- Mining plant operator 8111
- Quarrier 8111

Unit Group 3118

Draughtspersons

Draughtspersons prepare technical drawings, maps and illustrations from sketches, measurements and other data, and copy final drawings and paintings onto printing plates.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing and revising working drawings from sketches and specifications prepared by engineers and designers for the manufacture, installation and erection of machinery and equipment or for the construction, modification, maintenance and repair of buildings, dams, bridges, roads and other architectural and civil engineering projects;
- (b) operating computer-aided design and draughting equipment to create, modify and generate hard-copy and digital representations of working drawings;
- (c) operating digitizing table or similar equipment to transfer hard-copy representation of working drawings, maps and other curves to digital form;
- (d) preparing and revising illustrations for reference works, brochures and technical manuals dealing with the assembly, installation, operation, maintenance and repair of machinery and other equipment and goods;
- (e) copying drawings and paintings onto stone or metal plates for printing;
- (f) preparing wiring diagrams, circuit board assembly diagrams and layout drawings used for manufacture, installation and repair of electrical equipment in factories, power plants and buildings;
- (g) creating detailed working diagrams of machinery and mechanical devices, including dimensions, fastening methods and other engineering information;
- (h) arranging for completed drawings to be reproduced for use as working drawings.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Draughtsperson
- Technical illustrator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cartographer 2165
- Surveyor 2165

Unit Group 3119

Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers physical and engineering science technicians not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 311: Physical and Engineering Science Technicians. For instance, the unit group includes those who assist scientists and engineers engaged in developing procedures or conducting research on safety in biomedical, environmental or industrial and production engineering.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) collecting data and providing technical assistance regarding: efficient, safe and economic utilization of personnel, material and equipment; methods of work and sequence of operations and supervision of their implementation; and efficient layout of plant or establishment;
- (b) aiding in the identification of potential hazards and introducing safety procedures and devices;
- (c) modifying and testing equipment and devices used in the prevention, control and remediation of environmental pollution, in site remediation and land reclamation;
- (d) assisting in the development of environmental pollution remediation devices under the direction of an engineer;
- (e) assisting engineers in testing and designing robotics equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Engineering technician (production)
- Fire investigator
- Forensic science technician
- Quantity surveying technician
- Robotics technician
- Time and motion study technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Production engineer 2141
- Quantity surveyor 2149
- Aeronautics engineering technician 3115

Minor Group 312

Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors

Mining, manufacturing and construction supervisors coordinate, supervise, control and schedule the activities of workers in manufacturing, mining and construction operations.

Tasks performed usually include: overseeing, supervising and coordinating the activities of tradespersons, process control technicians, machine operators, assemblers, labourers and other workers; organizing and planning daily work; preparing cost estimates, records and reports; identifying shortages of staff or supplies; ensuring safety of workers; instructing and training new staff.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3121 Mining Supervisors
- 3122 Manufacturing Supervisors
- 3123 Construction Supervisors

Notes

Jobs classified in Minor Group 312: Mining, Manufacturing and Construction Supervisors mainly involve planning, organizing, coordinating, controlling and directing the work done by others. Most of the time workers employed in these jobs do not perform the tasks performed by those they supervise, although they frequently have extensive experience in performance of these tasks. Those who carry out the tasks and duties of the jobs they supervise, in addition to controlling the technical quality of the work done by others, should be classified with the workers they supervise. These supervisory jobs often are called "foremen/women" or "team leaders".

In distinguishing between managers classified in Major Group 1: Managers, and supervisors, classified in other major groups, it should be noted that both managers and supervisors may plan, organize, coordinate, control and direct the work done by others. In addition, managers usually have responsibility for and make decisions about: the overall strategic and operational direction of a business or organizational unit (for example about the kinds, quantity and quality of goods to be produced); budgets (how much money is to be spent and for what purposes); and the selection, appointment and dismissal of staff. Supervisors may provide advice and assistance to managers on these matters, especially in relation to staff selection and dismissal, but do not have authority to make decisions.

It should be noted that it is not a necessary condition that managers have responsibility for all three of strategic and operational direction, budgets and staff selection and dismissal. The degree of autonomy they exercise may also vary. The critical difference is that supervisors are responsible only for the supervision of the activities of other workers, whereas managers have overall responsibility for the operations of an organizational unit.

Unit Group 3121

Mining Supervisors

Mining supervisors oversee mining and quarrying operations and directly supervise and coordinate the activities of miners working in underground and surface mines and quarries.

Tasks include -

- (a) supervising and coordinating the activities of workers who extract minerals and other natural deposits from the earth, and who operate underground conveyances or heavy equipment in surface mines and quarries;
- (b) establishing methods to meet work schedules and recommending measures to mining managers to improve productivity;
- (c) working with managerial and technical personnel, other departments and contractors to resolve operational problems and coordinate activities;

- (d) providing reports and other information to mining managers about all aspects of mining or quarrying operations;
- (e) determining staffing and material needs for the mine or quarry.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Mine deputy
- Mine supervisor
- Mine under-manager
- Quarry supervisor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Mine manager 1322
- Mine inspector 3117
- Miner 8111
- Quarrier 8111

Manufacturing Supervisors

Manufacturing supervisors coordinate and supervise the activities of process control technicians, machine operators, assemblers and other manufacturing labourers.

Tasks include -

- (a) coordinating and supervising the activities of process control technicians, machine operators, assemblers and other manufacturing labourers;
- (b) organizing and planning the daily work with regard to plans, economy, staff and environment;
- (c) preparing cost estimates, records and reports;
- (d) identifying shortage of staff or components;
- (e) ensuring safety of workers;
- (f) instructing and training new staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Area coordinator (manufacturing)
- Assembly supervisor
- Finishing supervisor
- Production supervisor (manufacturing)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Manufacturing manager – 1321

Unit Group 3123

Construction Supervisors

Construction supervisors coordinate, supervise and schedule the activities of workers engaged in the construction and repair of buildings and structures.

Tasks include -

- (a) reading specifications to determine construction requirements and planning procedures;
- (b) organizing and coordinating the material and human resources required to complete jobs;
- (c) examining and inspecting work progress;
- (d) examining equipment and construction sites to ensure that health and safety requirements are met:
- (e) supervising construction sites and coordinating work with other construction projects;
- (f) supervising the activities of building trades workers, labourers and other construction workers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building construction supervisor
- Site manager (construction)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Construction project manager 1323
- Project builder 1323
- Clerk of works 3112

Minor Group 313

Process Control Technicians

Process control technicians operate and monitor switchboards, computerized control systems and multi-function process control machinery; and maintain processing units in electrical power generation and distribution, wastewater, sewage treatment and waste disposal plants, chemical, petroleum and natural gas refineries, in metal processing and other multiple process operations.

Tasks performed usually include: operating electronic or computerized control panels from a central control room to monitor and optimize processes; controlling process start-up and shut-down; operating and monitoring switchboards and related equipment; monitoring and inspecting equipment and systems to detect malfunctions; taking readings from charts, meters and gauges at established intervals; troubleshooting and taking corrective action as necessary; maintaining records, logs and reports; communicating with other personnel to assess equipment operating status; cleaning and maintaining equipment; supervising plant and machine operators, assemblers and other workers.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3131 Power Production Plant Operators
- 3132 Incinerator and Water Treatment Plant Operators
- 3133 Chemical Processing Plant Controllers
- 3134 Petroleum and Natural Gas Refining Plant Operators
- 3135 Metal Production Process Controllers
- 3139 Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified

Notes

In some jobs, the work of process control technicians may be combined with supervision of staff in other occupations, such as plant and machine operators and assemblers. These jobs should be classified in Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians, unless supervision of other workers is the clearly predominant element of the work and the process control activities are relatively simple. For example, a chemical processing plant controller who operates and monitors chemical processing units and equipment from a central control room, and also supervises the activities of chemical products plant and machine operators, should be classified in Unit Group 3133: Chemical Processing Plant Controllers. A supervisor of assemblers, however, who is also responsible for start-up and shut-down of a partially automated assembly line is classified in Unit Group 3122: Manufacturing Supervisors.

Operators of single process plant and machines, or of machinery that does not involve automated control of multiple processes, are not included in Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians. Such occupations are mainly classified in Major Group 8: Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers.

All mining plant operators are classified in Unit Group 8111: Miners and Quarriers.

Unit Group 3131

Power Production Plant Operators

Power production plant operators operate, monitor and maintain switchboards and related equipment in electrical control centres which control the production and distribution of electrical or other power in transmission networks. The equipment operated includes reactors, turbines, generators and other auxiliary equipment in electrical power-generating stations.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating, monitoring and inspecting various types of energy-generating power plants;
- (b) operating and controlling power-generating systems and equipment including boilers, turbines, generators, condensers and reactors in hydro, thermal, coal, oil, natural gas and nuclear power plants to generate and distribute electrical power;
- (c) controlling start-up and shut-down of power plant equipment, controlling switching operations, regulating water levels and communicating with systems operators to regulate and coordinate transmission loads, frequency and line voltages;
- (d) taking readings from charts, meters and gauges at established intervals, troubleshooting and performing corrective action as necessary;
- (e) completing and maintaining station records, logs and reports, and communicating with other plant personnel to assess equipment operating status;
- (f) cleaning and maintaining equipment such as generators, boilers, turbines, pumps and compressors in order to prevent equipment failure or deterioration.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Distribution control operator
- Electric power plant operator
- Generating station operator

- Hydroelectric power plant operator
- Nuclear power plant operator
- Power system operator
- Solar power plant operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Steam engine and boiler operators – 8182

Unit Group 3132

Incinerator and Water Treatment Plant Operators

Incinerator and water treatment plant operators monitor and operate computerized control systems and related equipment in solid and liquid waste treatment plants to regulate the treatment and disposal of sewage and wastes, and in water filtration and treatment plants to regulate the treatment and distribution of water.

- (a) operating and monitoring computerized control systems, machinery and related equipment in wastewater treatment, sewage treatment and liquid waste plants to regulate flow, treatment and disposal of sewage and wastes, and in water filtration and treatment plants to regulate the treatment and distribution of water for human consumption and for later disposal into natural water systems;
- (b) controlling the operation of multiple-hearth incinerator furnaces and related equipment to burn sludge and solid waste in waste treatment plants;
- (c) inspecting equipment and monitoring operating conditions, meters, filters, chlorinators and gauges in central control rooms to determine load requirements, to verify that flows, pressures and temperatures are within specification, and to detect malfunctions;
- (d) monitoring and adjusting controls of auxiliary equipment such as exhaust emissions, scrubbers and incinerator heat recovery units;

- (e) collecting and testing water and sewage samples for chemical and bacterial content, using test equipment and colour analysis standards;
- (f) analysing test results to make adjustments to plant equipment and systems to disinfect and deodorize water and other liquids;
- (g) performing security and safety checks in plant and on grounds;
- (h) completing and maintaining plant logs and reports.

- Incinerator operator
- Liquid waste process operator
- Pumping-station operator
- Sewage plant operator
- Wastewater operator
- Water treatment plant operator

Unit Group 3133

Chemical Processing Plant Controllers

Chemical processing plant controllers operate and monitor chemical plants and related multi-function process control machinery, and adjust and maintain processing units and equipment which distil, filter, separate, heat or refine chemicals.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating electronic or computerized control panels from a central control room to monitor and optimize physical and chemical processes for several processing units;
- (b) adjusting equipment, valves, pumps, controls and process equipment:
- (c) controlling the preparation, measuring and feeding of raw materials and processing agents such as catalysts and filtering media into plant;
- (d) controlling process start-up and shut-down, troubleshooting and monitoring outside process equipment;
- (e) verifying equipment for malfunctions, carrying out routine operating tests and arranging for maintenance;
- (f) analysing sample products, performing tests, recording data and writing production logs.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chemical filtering and separating equipment operator
- Chemical heat treating plant operator
- Chemical process technician
- Chemical still and reactor operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

 Petroleum and natural gas refining plant operator – 3134 • Chemical products plant and machine operator – 8131

Unit Group 3134

Petroleum and Natural Gas Refining Plant Operators

Petroleum and natural gas refining plant operators operate and monitor plants and adjust and maintain processing units and equipment which refine, distil and treat petroleum, petroleumbased products and by-products, or natural gas.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating electronic or computerized control panels from a central control room to monitor and optimize physical and chemical processes for several processing units:
- (b) adjusting equipment, valves, pumps, controls and process equipment;
- (c) controlling process start-up and shut-down, troubleshooting and monitoring outside process equipment;
- (d) verifying equipment for malfunctions, testing well pipes for leaks and fractures and arranging for maintenance;
- (e) analysing sample products, performing tests, recording data and writing production logs.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Blender operator (petroleum and natural gas refining)
- Gas plant operator
- Paraffin plant operator
- Petroleum process operator
- Refinery process technician
- Still operator (petroleum and natural gas refining)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chemical processing plant controller 3133
- Chemical products plant and machine operator 8131

Unit Group 3135

Metal Production Process Controllers

Metal production process controllers operate and monitor multi-function process control machinery and equipment to control the processing of metal converting and refining furnaces, metalrolling mills and metal heat-treating or metalextrusion plants.

- (a) coordinating and monitoring the operation of a particular aspect of metal processing production through control panels, computer terminals or other control systems, usually from a central control room;
- (b) operating multi-function central process control machinery to grind, separate, filter, melt, roast, treat, refine or otherwise process metals;
- (c) observing computer printouts, video monitors and gauges to verify specified processing conditions and to make necessary adjustments;
- (d) coordinating and supervising production crew such as machine and process operators, assistants and helpers;
- (e) starting up and shutting down the production system in cases of emergency or as required by schedule;
- (f) providing and organizing training for members of production crews;
- (g) maintaining shift logs of production and other data and preparing production and other reports.

- Blast furnace operator
- Central control caster
- Rolling mill control operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ladle pourer 8121
- Steel roller 8121
- Metal finishing machine operator 8122

Unit Group 3139

Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers process control technicians not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians. For instance, the unit group includes those who operate multiple process control equipment in manufacturing assembly lines and paper and pulp production.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Automated assembly line operator
- Industrial robot controller
- Panel board operator (pulp and paper)
- Paper pulp refinery operator
- Pulping control operator
- Pulping technician

Note

All mining plant operators are classified in Unit Group 8111: Miners and Quarriers.

Minor Group 314

Life Science Technicians and Related Associate Professionals

Life science technicians and related associate professionals perform a variety of technical tasks to support life science professionals with their research, development, management, conservation and protection work, in areas such as biology, botany, zoology, biotechnology and biochemistry, and to agriculture, fisheries and forestry.

Tasks performed usually include: conducting tests, experiments, laboratory analyses, field research and surveys to collect information by using accepted scientific methods; keeping records; assisting in analysing data and preparing reports; operating and maintaining equipment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3141 Life Science Technicians (excluding Medical)

3142 Agricultural Technicians

3143 Forestry Technicians

Unit Group 3141

Life Science Technicians (excluding Medical)

Life science technicians (excluding medical) provide technical support to life science professionals undertaking research, analysis and testing of living organisms, and development and application of products and processes resulting from research in areas such as natural resource

management, environmental protection, plant and animal biology, microbiology, and cell and molecular biology.

- (a) assisting in designing, setting up and conducting experiments;
- (b) setting up, calibrating, operating and maintaining laboratory instruments and equipment;

- (c) collecting and preparing specimens and samples, chemical solutions and slides and growing cultures for use in experiments;
- (d) performing routine field and laboratory tests;
- (e) monitoring experiments to ensure adherence to correct laboratory quality control procedures and health and safety guidelines;
- (f) making observations of tests and analysing, calculating, recording and reporting test results using appropriate scientific methods;
- (g) preserving, classifying and cataloguing specimens and samples;
- (h) keeping detailed logs of work performed;
- (i) using computers to develop models and analyse data;
- (j) using complex and high-powered equipment to perform work;
- (k) participating in the research, development and manufacture of products and processes;
- (l) ordering and stocking laboratory supplies;
- (m) maintaining relevant databases.

- Bacteriology technician
- Biochemistry technician
- Herbarium technician
- Pharmacology technician
- Serology technician
- Tissue culture technician
- Zoology technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Forensic science technician 3119
- Medical laboratory technician 3212
- Pathology laboratory technician 3212
- Pharmaceutical technician 3213

Unit Group 3142

Agricultural Technicians

Agricultural technicians perform tests and experiments, and provide technical and scientific support to agricultural scientists, farmers and farm managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing materials and equipment for experiments, tests and analyses;
- (b) collecting and preparing specimens such as soils, plant or animal cells, tissues or parts of animal organs for experiments, tests and analyses;
- (c) assisting with and performing experiments, tests and analyses applying methods and techniques such as microscopy, histochemistry, chromatography, electrophoresis and spectroscopy;

- (d) identifying pathogenic micro-organisms and insects, parasites, fungi and weeds harmful to crops and livestock, and assisting in devising methods of control;
- (e) analysing produce to set and maintain standards of quality;
- (f) conducting or supervising operational programmes such as fish hatchery, greenhouse and livestock production programmes;
- (g) analysing samples of seeds for quality, purity and germination rating;
- (h) collecting data and estimating quantities and costs of materials and labour required for projects;
- (i) organizing maintenance and repairs of research equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dairy technician
- Field crop technician
- Herd tester
- Horticultural technician
- Poultry technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Artificial inseminator 3240
- Veterinary technician 3240

Unit Group 3143

Forestry Technicians

Forestry technicians perform technical and supervisory functions in support of forestry research and forest management, harvesting, resource conservation and environmental protection.

- (a) conducting forest inventories, surveys and field measurements following accepted scientific and operational procedures;
- (b) assisting in and performing technical functions in the preparation of forest management and harvest plans using photogrammetric and mapping techniques and computerized information systems;
- (c) assisting in planning and supervision of construction of access routes and forest roads;
- (d) implementing, supervising and performing technical functions in silvicultural operations involving site preparation, planting, and tending of tree crops;
- (e) coordinating activities such as timber scaling, forest fire suppression, disease or insect control or pre-commercial thinning of forest stands;
- (f) supervising and performing technical functions in forest harvesting operations;

- (g) ensuring adherence to regulations and policies concerning environmental protection, resource utilization, fire safety and accident prevention;
- (h) supervising forest tree nursery operations;
- (i) providing technical support to forestry research programmes in areas such as tree improvement, seed orchard operations, insect
- and disease surveys or experimental forestry and forest engineering research;
- (j) preparing forest cultivation and cutting plans.

- Forestry technician
- Silviculture technician

Minor Group 315

Ship and Aircraft Controllers and Technicians

Ship and aircraft controllers and technicians command and navigate ships and aircraft; perform technical functions to ensure safe and efficient movement and operations; and develop electrical, electromechanical and computerized air control systems.

Tasks performed usually include: controlling the operation of mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment on board ship or on aircraft; commanding and navigating ships or aircraft, directing the movements of ships or aircraft; developing electrical, electromechanical and computerized air control systems.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3151 Ships' Engineers

3152 Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots

3153 Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals

3154 Air Traffic Controllers

3155 Air Traffic Safety Electronics Technicians

Unit Group 3151

Ships' Engineers

Ships' engineers control and participate in the operation, maintenance and repair of mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment and machinery on board ship, or perform related supporting functions on shore.

Tasks include -

- (a) controlling and participating in the operation, maintenance and repair of mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment and machinery on board ship;
- (b) ordering fuel and other engine-room department stores and maintaining records of operations;
- (c) performing technical supervision of the installation, maintenance and repair of ships' machinery and equipment to ensure compliance with specifications and regulations;
- (d) inspecting and conducting maintenance and emergency repairs to engines, machinery and auxiliary equipment;
- (e) standing engine room watch, monitoring and noting performance of engines, machinery and auxiliary equipment.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Ships' engineer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Marine engineer – 2144

Unit Group 3152

Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots

Ships' deck officers and pilots command and navigate ships and similar vessels, and perform related functions on shore.

- (a) commanding and navigating ship or similar vessel at sea or on inland waterways;
- (b) controlling and participating in deck and bridge watch activities;
- (c) navigating vessels into and out of ports and through channels, straits and other waters where special knowledge is required;
- (d) ensuring safe loading and unloading of cargo and observance of safety regulations and procedures by crew and passengers;

- (e) performing technical supervision of maintenance and repair of ships to ensure compliance with specifications and regulations;
- (f) applying knowledge of principles and practices relating to ships' operation and navigation in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (g) ordering ships' stores, recruiting crew as required and maintaining records of operations;
- (h) transmitting and receiving routine and emergency information with shore stations and other ships.

- Pilot (ship)
- Ships' captain
- Skipper (yacht)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Coastal fishery skipper 6222
- Trawler skipper 6223
- Sailor 8350

Unit Group 3153

Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals

Aircraft pilots and related associate professionals control the operation of mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment, in order to navigate aircraft for transporting passengers, mail and freight, and perform related pre-flight and in-flight tasks.

Tasks include -

- (a) flying and navigating aircraft in accordance with established control and operating procedures;
- (b) preparing and submitting flight plans or examining standard flight plans;
- (c) controlling the operation of mechanical, electrical and electronic equipment and ensuring that all instruments and controls work properly;
- (d) applying knowledge of principles and practices of flying in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (e) examining maintenance records and conducting inspections to ensure that aircraft are mechanically sound, maintenance has been performed and that all equipment is operational;
- (f) signing necessary certificates and maintaining official records of flight;
- (g) obtaining briefings and clearances before flights and maintaining contact with air traffic or flight control during flight.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aerial crop sprayer
- Flight engineer
- Flying instructor
- Navigator (flight)
- Pilot (aircraft)

Unit Group 3154

Air Traffic Controllers

Air traffic controllers direct aircraft movements in airspace and on the ground, using radio, radar and lighting systems, and provide information relevant to the operation of aircraft.

Tasks include -

- (a) directing and controlling aircraft approaching and leaving airport and their movement on the ground;
- (b) directing and controlling aircraft operating in designated airspace sectors;
- (c) examining and approving flight plans;
- (d) informing flight crew and operations staff about weather conditions, operational facilities, flight plans and air traffic;
- (e) applying knowledge of principles and practices of air traffic control in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (f) initiating and organizing emergency, search and rescue services and procedures;
- (g) directing activities of all aircraft and service vehicles on or near airport runways;
- (h) maintaining radio and telephone contact with adjacent control towers, terminal control units and other control centres, and coordinating the movement of aircraft into adjoining areas.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Air traffic controller

Unit Group 3155

Air Traffic Safety Electronics Technicians

Air traffic safety electronics technicians perform technical tasks concerning the design, installation, management, operation, maintenance and repair of air traffic control and air navigation systems.

Tasks include –

(a) carrying out technical duties related to the development of electronic and computerized air navigation systems and equipment, and testing prototypes;

- (b) providing technical help in the design and layout of specific interface circuitry of air navigation and aircraft detection tracking systems;
- (c) preparing and contributing to the preparation of cost estimates and technical and training specifications for air traffic control and safety equipment;
- (d) providing or assisting with the technical supervision of construction, installation and operation of ground-based air navigation equipment and its maintenance and repair to ensure that standards and specifications are met;
- (e) applying the knowledge and skills of air traffic safety engineering principles and practices in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (f) developing, modifying and debugging system software;
- (g) modifying existing ground-based air navigation systems and equipment to adapt them to new air traffic control procedures, in order to

- improve capability, reliability and integrity, or to facilitate air traffic control procedures and airspace designation;
- (h) controlling, monitoring and certifying communication navigation and surveillance air traffic management equipment, and calibrating the ground-based air navigation system to ensure maximum accuracy and safety of flight, take-off and landing operations;
- (i) providing technical training and supervising other workers.

- Air traffic safety engineer
- Air traffic safety technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Aeronautical engineer 2144
- Electronics engineer 2152
- Aeromechanic 7232
- Aircraft maintenance engineer (avionics)
 7421
- Avionics technician 7421

Sub-major Group 32

Health Associate Professionals

Health associate professionals perform technical and practical tasks to support diagnosis and treatment of illness, disease, injuries and impairments in humans and animals, and to support implementation of health care, treatment and referral plans usually established by medical, veterinary, nursing and other health professionals. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in the sub-major group usually include: testing and operating medical imaging equipment and administering radiation therapy; performing clinical tests on specimens of bodily fluids and tissues; preparing medications and other pharmaceutical compounds under the guidance of pharmacists; designing, fitting, servicing and repairing medical and dental devices and appliances; providing nursing and personal care and midwifery support services; using herbal and other therapies based on theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 321 Medical and Pharmaceutical Technicians
- 322 Nursing and Midwifery Associate Professionals
- 323 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals
- 324 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants
- 325 Other Health Associate Professionals

Minor Group 321

Medical and Pharmaceutical Technicians

Medical and pharmaceutical technicians perform technical tasks to assist in diagnosis and treatment of illness, disease, injuries and impairments.

Tasks performed usually include: testing and operating radiographic, ultrasound and other medical imaging equipment; administering radiopharmaceuticals or radiation to patients to detect or treat diseases; performing clinical tests on specimens of bodily fluids and tissues; preparing medications and other pharmaceutical compounds under the guidance of pharmacists; designing, fitting, servicing and repairing medical and dental devices and appliances.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3211 Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians
- 3212 Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians
- 3213 Pharmaceutical Technicians and Assistants
- 3214 Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians

Unit Group 3211

Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians

Medical imaging and therapeutic equipment technicians test and operate radiographic, ultrasound and other medical imaging equipment to produce images of body structures for the diagnosis and treatment of injury, disease and other impairments. They may administer radiation treatments to patients under the supervision of a radiologist or other health professional.

- (a) operating or overseeing operation of radiologic, ultrasound and magnetic imaging equipment to produce images of the body for diagnostic purposes;
- (b) explaining procedures, observing and positioning patients, and using protection devices to ensure safety and comfort during examination, scan or treatment;
- (c) positioning imaging or treatment equipment, monitoring video displays, and adjusting settings and controls according to technical specifications;

- (d) reviewing and evaluating developed X-rays, videotape or computer-generated information to determine if images are satisfactory for diagnostic purposes, and recording results of procedures;
- (e) monitoring patients' conditions and reactions, and reporting abnormal signs to a medical practitioner;
- (f) measuring and recording radiation dosage or radiopharmaceuticals received and used for patients, following prescriptions issued by a medical practitioner;
- (g) administering, detecting and mapping radiopharmaceuticals or radiation in patients' bodies, using radioisotope, camera or other equipment for diagnosing and treating diseases;
- (h) recording and disposing of radioactive materials and storing radiopharmaceuticals, following radiation safety procedures.

- Diagnostic medical radiographer
- Magnetic resonance imaging technologist
- Mammographer
- Medical radiation therapist
- Nuclear medicine technologist
- Radiographer
- Sonographer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Medical physicist 2111
- Radiologist 2212
- Radiation protection expert 2263
- Medical imaging assistant 5329

Unit Group 3212

Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians

Medical and pathology laboratory technicians perform clinical tests on specimens of bodily fluids and tissues in order to obtain information about the health of a patient or cause of death.

Tasks include -

- (a) conducting chemical analysis of body fluids, including blood, urine and spinal fluid, to determine presence of normal and abnormal components;
- (b) operating, calibrating and maintaining equipment used in quantitative and qualitative analysis, such as spectrophotometers, calorimeters, flame photometers and computer-controlled analysers;
- (c) entering data from analysis of laboratory tests and clinical results into record-keeping systems, and reporting results to medical practitioners and other health professionals;

- (d) analysing samples of biological material for chemical content or reaction;
- (e) setting up, cleaning and maintaining laboratory equipment;
- (f) analysing laboratory findings to check the accuracy of the results;
- (g) establishing and monitoring programmes to ensure the accuracy of laboratory results, and developing, standardizing, evaluating and modifying procedures, techniques and tests used in the analysis of specimens;
- (h) obtaining specimens and cultivating, isolating and identifying microorganisms for analysis;
- examining cells stained with dye to locate abnormalities;
- (j) inoculating fertilized eggs, broths or other bacteriological media with organisms.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Blood-bank technician
- Cytology technician
- Medical laboratory technician
- Pathology laboratory technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pathologist 2212
- Forensic science technician 3119
- Veterinary technician 3240
- Phlebotomist 5329

Unit Group 3213

Pharmaceutical Technicians and Assistants

Pharmaceutical technicians and assistants perform a variety of tasks associated with dispensing medicinal products under the guidance of a pharmacist or other health professional.

- (a) preparing medications and other pharmaceutical compounds under the guidance of a pharmacist or other health professional;
- (b) dispensing medicines and drugs to clients and giving written and oral instructions on their use, as prescribed by medical doctors, veterinarians or other health professionals;
- (c) receiving prescriptions or refill requests from health professionals and verifying that information is complete and accurate according to medical record-keeping standards;
- (d) maintaining proper storage and security conditions for drugs;
- (e) filling and labelling containers with prescribed medications;
- (f) assisting clients by answering questions, locating items or referring them to a pharmacist for medication information;

- (g) pricing and filing prescriptions that have been filled and establishing and maintaining patient records, including lists of medications taken by individual patients;
- (h) ordering, labelling and counting stocks of medications, chemicals and supplies, and entering inventory data into record-keeping systems;
- (i) cleaning and preparing equipment and containers used to prepare and dispense medicines and pharmaceutical compounds.

- Dispensing technician
- Pharmaceutical assistant
- Pharmaceutical technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pharmacist 2262
- Pharmacology technician 3141
- Pharmacy aide 5329

Unit Group 3214

Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians

Medical and dental prosthetic technicians design, fit, service and repair medical and dental devices and appliances following prescriptions or instructions established by a health professional. They may service a wide range of support instruments to correct physical medical or dental problems, such as neck braces, orthopaedic splints, artificial limbs, hearing aids, arch supports, dentures, and dental crowns and bridges.

Tasks include -

- (a) examining, interviewing and measuring patients in order to determine their appliance needs, and to identify factors that could affect appliance fit;
- (b) conferring with medical and dental practitioners in order to formulate specifications and prescriptions for devices and appliances;
- (c) interpreting prescriptions or specifications to determine the type of product or device to be

- fabricated, and the materials and tools that will be required;
- (d) making or receiving casts or impressions of patients' torsos, limbs, mouths or teeth for use as fabrication patterns;
- (e) designing and making orthotic and prosthetic devices using materials such as thermoplastic and thermosetting materials, metal alloys and leather, and hand and power tools;
- (f) fitting appliances and devices to patients, testing and evaluating them, and making adjustments for proper fit, function and comfort:
- (g) repairing, modifying and maintaining medical and dental prosthetic and supportive devices, according to specifications;
- (h) bending, forming and shaping fabric or material so that it conforms to prescribed contours needed to fabricate structural components;
- (i) fabricating full and partial dentures and constructing mouth guards, crowns, metal clasps, inlays, bridgework and other aids;
- (j) instructing patients in the use and care of prosthetic or orthotic devices.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dental mechanic
- Dental technician
- Denturist
- Orthopaedic appliance maker
- Orthotic technician
- Orthotist
- Prosthetic technician
- Prosthetist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Dental aide 5329
- Surgical instrument maker 7311

Note

Occupations included in this unit normally require some medical, dental and anatomical and engineering knowledge obtained through formal training. Technicians who construct and repair precision medical and surgical instruments are not included here.

Minor Group 322

Nursing and Midwifery Associate Professionals

Nursing and midwifery associate professionals provide basic nursing and personal care for people who are physically or mentally ill, disabled or infirm, and for others in need of care due to potential risks to health including before, during and after childbirth. They generally work under the supervision of, and in support of, implementation of health care, treatment and referral plans established by medical, nursing, midwifery and other health professionals.

Tasks performed usually include: providing nursing and personal care, treatment and advice to patients according to care plans established by health professionals; assisting professional nurses, midwives and medical doctors in administering medication and treatments; cleaning wounds and applying surgical dressings; providing advice to individuals, families and communities on topics related to health, contraception, pregnancy and childbirth; assessing progress during pregnancy and childbirth, providing or assisting in delivery care and recognizing signs and symptoms requiring referral to a health professional; providing care and support to women and newborns following childbirth.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3221 Nursing Associate Professionals3222 Midwifery Associate Professionals

Note

The distinctions between nursing and midwifery professionals and associate professionals should be made on the basis of the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition and in the relevant unit group definitions. The qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country are not the main factor in making this distinction, as training arrangements for nurses and midwives vary widely between countries and have varied over time within countries.

Unit Group 3221

Nursing Associate Professionals

Nursing associate professionals provide basic nursing and personal care for people in need of such care due to effects of ageing, illness, injury or other physical or mental impairment. They generally work under the supervision of, and in support of, implementation of health care, treatment and referral plans established by medical, nursing and other health professionals.

Tasks include –

- (a) providing nursing and personal care and treatment and health advice to patients according to care plans established by health professionals;
- (b) administering medications and other treatments to patients, monitoring patients' condition and responses to treatment, and referring patients and their families to a health professional for specialized care as needed;
- (c) cleaning wounds and applying surgical dressings;
- (d) updating information on patients' condition and treatments received in record-keeping systems;
- (e) assisting in planning and managing the care of individual patients;
- (f) assisting in giving first-aid treatment in emergencies.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Assistant nurse
- Associate professional nurse
- Enrolled nurse
- Practical nurse

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Clinical nurse consultant 2221
- Professional nurse 2221
- Specialist nurse 2221
- Professional midwife 2222
- Associate professional midwife 3222
- Nursing aide (clinic or hospital) 5321
- Nursing aide (home) 5322

Note

The distinction between professional and associate professional nurses should be made on the basis of the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition. The qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country are not the main factor in making this distinction, as training arrangements for nurses vary widely between countries and have varied over time within countries.

Unit Group 3222

Midwifery Associate Professionals

Midwifery associate professionals provide basic health care and advice before, during and after pregnancy and childbirth. They implement care, treatment and referral plans usually established by medical, midwifery and other health professionals.

- (a) providing advice to women, families and communities on health, nutrition, hygiene, exercise, birth and emergency plans, breastfeeding, infant care, family planning and contraception, lifestyle and other topics related to pregnancy and childbirth;
- (b) assessing progress during pregnancy and childbirth, and recognizing signs and symptoms requiring referral to a health professional;

- (c) providing delivery care, usually only in the absence of identified potential complications, or assisting medical doctors or midwifery professionals with delivery care;
- (d) providing care and support to women and newborns following childbirth, monitoring their health status, and identifying signs and symptoms requiring referral to a health professional.

- Assistant midwife
- Traditional midwife

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Clinical nurse consultant 2221
- Professional nurse 2221
- Specialist nurse 2221

- Professional midwife 2222
- Birth assistant 5321

Notes

This unit group includes occupations for which competent performance requires knowledge and skills in routine and emergency midwifery care acquired through formal or informal training. The criteria for inclusion of individuals in this unit group should be based on the nature of the work performed in relation to the tasks specified in this definition, and not the qualifications held by individuals or that predominate in the country. Traditional and lay midwives, who provide basic pregnancy and birthing care and advice based primarily on experience and knowledge acquired informally through the traditions and practices of the communities where they originated, are classified here.

Birth assistants, who provide emotional support and general care and advice to women and families during pregnancy and labour, are classified in Minor Group 532: Personal Care Workers in Health Services.

Minor Group 323

Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals

Traditional and complementary medicine associate professionals prevent, care for and treat human physical and mental illnesses, disorders and injuries using herbal and other therapies based on theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures. They administer treatments using traditional techniques and medicaments, either acting independently or according to therapeutic care plans established by a traditional medicine or other health professional.

Tasks performed usually include: examining patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status and the nature of physical or mental disorders or illnesses or other ailments; recommending and providing care and treatment for illnesses and other ailments using traditional techniques and medicaments, such as physical manipulation and exercises, blood-letting using natural vessels, and preparations using herbs, plants, insects and animal extracts; administering treatments such as acupuncture and ayurvedic, homeopathic and herbal medicine according to therapeutic care plans and procedures usually developed by a traditional medicine or other health professional; providing care and treatment for physical injuries such as setting and healing fractured and dislocated bones using traditional methods of physical manipulation and herbal therapies; advising individuals, families and the community on health, nutrition, hygiene, lifestyle and other issues to maintain or improve health and well-being; referring patients to, and exchanging information with, other health care providers to ensure comprehensive and continuing care.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

3230 Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals

Unit Group 3230

Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals

Traditional and complementary medicine associate professionals prevent, care for and treat human physical and mental illnesses, disorders and injuries using herbal and other therapies based on theories, beliefs and experiences originating in specific cultures. They administer treatments using traditional techniques and

medicaments, either acting independently or according to therapeutic care plans established by a traditional medicine or other health professional.

- (a) examining patients and interviewing them and their families to determine their health status and the nature of physical or mental disorders or illnesses or other ailments;
- (b) recommending and providing care and treatment for illnesses and other ailments using

traditional techniques and medicaments, such as physical manipulation and exercises, blood-letting using natural vessels, and preparations using herbs, plants, insects and animal extracts:

- (c) administering treatments such as acupuncture and ayurvedic, homeopathic and herbal medicine according to therapeutic care plans and procedures usually developed by a traditional medicine or other health professional;
- (d) providing care and treatment for physical injuries such as setting and healing fractured and dislocated bones using traditional methods of physical manipulation and herbal therapies;
- (e) advising individuals, families and the community on health, nutrition, hygiene, lifestyle and other issues to maintain or improve health and well-being;
- (f) referring patients to, and exchanging information with, other health care providers to ensure comprehensive and continuing care.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Acupuncture technician
- Ayurvedic technician
- Bonesetter
- Herbalist
- Homeopathy technician
- Scraping and cupping therapist
- Village healer
- Witch doctor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Acupuncturist 2230
- Ayurvedic practitioner 2230
- Chinese herbal medicine practitioner 2230
- Homeopath 2230

- Naturopath 2230
- Chiropractor 2269
- Osteopath 2269
- Traditional midwife 3222
- Acupressure therapist 3255
- Hydrotherapist 3255
- Faith healer 3413

Notes

Occupations in traditional and complementary medicine for which competent performance requires an extensive understanding of the benefits and applications of traditional and complementary therapies, developed as the result of extended formal study of these techniques as well as human anatomy and elements of modern medicine, are classified in Unit Group 2230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals. Those occupations whose practice requires a less extensive understanding, based on relatively short periods of formal or informal education and training, or informally through the traditions and practices of the communities where they originated, are included in Unit Group 3230: Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals. Practitioners working in the singular application of approaches to herbal medicines, spiritual therapies or manual therapeutic techniques are excluded from Unit

Faith healers who treat human ailments through spiritual therapies, without using herbal therapies or other medicaments or physical treatments, are included in Unit Group 3413: Religious Associate Professionals.

Occupations that provide therapy using traditional forms of massage and the application of pressure, such as acupressure and shiatsu therapists, are classified in Unit Group 3255: Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants.

Traditional and lay midwives, who provide basic pregnancy and birthing care and advice based primarily on experience and knowledge acquired informally through the traditions and practices of the communities where they originated, are classified in Unit Group 3222: Midwifery Associate Professionals.

Minor Group 324

Veterinary Technicians and Assistants

Veterinary technicians and assistants carry out advisory, diagnostic, preventive and curative veterinary tasks more limited in scope and complexity than those carried out by veterinarians. They care for animals under treatment and in temporary residence at veterinary facilities and assist veterinarians to perform procedures and operations.

Tasks performed usually include: advising communities and individuals on the treatment of animals and their diseases and injuries; conducting examinations of animals to make diagnoses or refer more difficult cases to veterinarians when needed; treating ill or injured animals, especially for common diseases and disorders; cleaning and sterilizing examination tables and instruments and preparing materials used in the examination and treatment of animals; carrying out technical tasks connected with artificial insemination of animals; getting animals ready for examination or treatment and restraining or holding them during treatment; assisting veterinarians to administer anaesthetics and oxygen during treatment; placing animals in cages for recovery from operations and monitoring their condition.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

3240 Veterinary Technicians and Assistants

Veterinary Technicians and Assistants

Veterinary technicians and assistants carry out advisory, diagnostic, preventive and curative veterinary tasks more limited in scope and complexity than those carried out by, and with the guidance of, veterinarians. They care for animals under treatment and in temporary residence at veterinary facilities, perform routine procedures and assist veterinarians to perform procedures and operations.

Tasks include –

- (a) advising communities and individuals on the treatment of animals and their diseases and injuries;
- (b) conducting examinations of animals to make diagnoses or refer more difficult cases to veterinarians when needed;
- (c) treating ill or injured animals, especially for common diseases and disorders;
- (d) cleaning and sterilizing examination tables and instruments and preparing materials used in the examination and treatment of animals;
- (e) carrying out technical tasks connected with artificial insemination of animals;

- getting animals ready for examination or treatment and restraining or holding them during treatment;
- (g) assisting veterinarians to administer anaesthetics and oxygen during treatment;
- (h) placing animals in cages for recovery from operations and monitoring their condition;
- producing radiographs, collecting samples and performing other laboratory tests to assist in diagnosis of animal health problems;
- (j) performing routine animal dental procedures and assisting veterinarians with animal dentistry.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Artificial inseminator
- Veterinary assistant
- Veterinary nurse
- Veterinary vaccinator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Veterinarian 2250
- Animal attendant 5164
- Veterinary aide 5164

Minor Group 325

Other Health Associate Professionals

Other health associate professionals perform technical tasks and provide support services in dentistry, medical records administration, community health, the correction of reduced visual acuity, physiotherapy, environmental health, emergency medical treatment and other activities to support and promote human health.

Tasks performed usually include: providing basic care services for the prevention and treatment of diseases and disorders of the teeth and mouth; advising communities and individuals on hygiene, diet and other preventive measures to reduce potential risks to health; compiling and maintaining patients' medical records to document condition and treatment and to provide data for research, billing, cost control and care improvement; assisting families to develop the necessary skills and resources to improve their health status; providing advice and education on sanitation and hygiene to limit the spread of infectious diseases; fitting and dispensing optical lenses; investigating the implementation of rules and regulations relating to environmental and occupational factors that may potentially affect human health; massaging the soft tissues of the body; showing patients to examination rooms and preparing them for examination; attending and responding to accidents and emergencies and to requests for medical assistance.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3251 Dental Assistants and Therapists
- 3252 Medical Records and Health Information Technicians
- 3253 Community Health Workers
- 3254 Dispensing Opticians
- 3255 Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants
- 3256 Medical Assistants
- 3257 Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates
- 3258 Ambulance Workers
- 3259 Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Dental Assistants and Therapists

Dental assistants and therapists provide basic dental care services for the prevention and treatment of diseases and disorders of the teeth and mouth, according to care plans and procedures established by a dentist or other oral health professional.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising communities and individuals on dental hygiene, diet and other preventive measures to reduce potential risks to oral health;
- (b) conducting visual and physical examinations of patients' mouths, teeth and related structures to assess oral health status;
- (c) identifying cases of patients with poor oral health or oral disease requiring referral to a dentist or other health professional;
- (d) assisting dentists during complex dental procedures;
- (e) providing fluoride treatments, cleaning and removing deposits from teeth, preparing cavities and placing fillings, administering local anaesthesia, and performing other types of basic or routine clinical dental procedures;
- (f) preparing, cleaning and sterilizing dental instruments, equipment and materials used in the examination and treatment of patients;
- (g) getting patients ready for examination or treatment, including explaining procedures and correct positioning;
- (h) taking impressions of the mouth and dental radiographs to support diagnosis and fitting of dental prosthetics.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dental assistant
- Dental hygienist
- Dental therapist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Dentist 2261
- Dental mechanic 3214
- Dental prosthetist 3214
- Dental technician 3214
- Dental aide 5329

Unit Group 3252

Medical Records and Health Information Technicians

Medical records and health information technicians develop, maintain and implement health records processing, storage and retrieval systems in medical facilities and other health care settings to meet the legal, professional, ethical and administrative record-keeping requirements of health services delivery.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning, developing, maintaining and operating a variety of health record indexes and storage and retrieval systems to collect, classify, store and analyse information;
- (b) transcribing, compiling and processing patient medical records, admission and discharge documents and other medical reports into record-keeping systems to provide data for patient monitoring and referral, epidemiological monitoring, research, billing, cost control and care improvement;
- (c) reviewing records for completeness, accuracy and compliance with regulations;
- (d) translating narrative descriptions and numeric information from medical records and other documents on health services delivery into codes associated with standard classification systems;
- (e) protecting the security of medical records to ensure that confidentiality is maintained, and releasing information to authorized persons and agencies in accordance with regulations;
- (f) supervising clerical and administrative workers involved in the maintenance of medical records.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clinical coder
- Disease registry technician
- Health information clerk
- Medical records analyst
- Medical records clerk
- Medical records technician
- Medical records unit supervisor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Medical secretary 3344
- Data entry clerk 4132
- Filing clerk 4415

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require knowledge of medical terminology, legal aspects of health information, health data standards and computeror paper-based data management as obtained through formal education and/or on-the-job training.

Community Health Workers

Community health workers provide health education, referral and follow-up, case management, basic preventive health care and home visiting services to specific communities. They provide support and assistance to individuals and families in navigating the health and social services system.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing information to families and communities on a range of health issues including nutrition, hygiene, infant and child care, immunizations, family planning, risk factors and prevention of common infectious diseases, poisoning prevention, first aid for treatment of simple and common ailments, substance abuse, domestic violence and other topics;
- (b) visiting families in their homes to provide information on the health, social and other services available and support them in gaining access to these services;
- (c) visiting families who do not usually access medical establishments to monitor on a regular basis certain conditions such as progress with pregnancy, child growth and development, and environmental sanitation;
- (d) distributing to households medical supplies for the prevention and treatment of endemic diseases such as malaria, pneumonia and diarrhoeal diseases, and instructing family and community members in the use of these products;
- (e) conducting outreach efforts to groups who do not usually access medical establishments with information and basic medical supplies for prevention and management of certain health conditions for which they are most at risk, such as HIV/AIDS and other communicable diseases;
- (f) collecting data from households and communities who do not usually access medical establishments for purposes of patient monitoring and referral and reporting to meet health regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Community health aide
- Community health promoter
- Community health worker
- Village health worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Traditional midwife 3222
- Village healer 3230
- Home care aide 5322

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require formal or informal training and supervision recognized by the health and social services authorities. Providers of routine personal care and traditional medicine practitioners are not included here.

Unit Group 3254

Dispensing Opticians

Dispensing opticians design, fit and dispense optical lenses based on a prescription from an ophthalmologist or optometrist for the correction of reduced visual acuity. They service corrective eyeglasses, contact lenses, low-vision aids and other optical devices.

Tasks include -

- (a) examining and taking facial and eye measurements of clients for fitting of eyeglasses and other optical devices;
- (b) providing advice to clients on selection and maintenance of eyeglasses and frames, types of contact lenses and other optical devices for performance, safety, comfort and lifestyle;
- (c) interpreting optical prescriptions and preparing work orders for optical laboratories for grinding and mounting of lenses in frames, preparation of contact lenses and other required work;
- (d) verifying exactness of finished optical appliances and devices to the original prescription and fit of clients.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Contact lens optician
- Dispensing optician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ophthalmologist 2212
- Ophthalmic optician 2267
- Optometrist 2267
- Orthoptist 2267

Unit Group 3255

Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants

Physiotherapy technicians and assistants provide physical therapeutic treatments to patients in circumstances where functional movement is threatened by injury, disease or impairment. Therapies are usually provided according to rehabilitative plans established by a physiotherapist or other health professional.

Tasks include -

- (a) administering manual treatments such as massage therapy or pressure point therapy;
- (b) administering electrical modality treatments, ultrasound and other physical therapies using specialized techniques and equipment;
- (c) instructing, motivating, safeguarding and assisting patients as they practise physical exercises, relaxation techniques and functional activities;
- (d) conferring with physiotherapists or other health care providers to evaluate patient information for planning, modifying and coordinating treatment;
- (e) monitoring and recording patients' progress during treatment, including measuring their range-of-joint motion and vital signs;
- (f) fitting patients for orthopaedic braces, prostheses and other physical support devices such as crutches, and instructing patients in the use of such devices.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Acupressure therapist
- Electrotherapist
- Hydrotherapist
- Massage therapist
- Physical rehabilitation technician
- Physiotherapy technician
- Shiatsu therapist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Physiotherapist 2264
- Chiropractor 2269
- Occupational therapist 2269
- Podiatrist 2269

Unit Group 3256

Medical Assistants

Medical assistants perform basic clinical and administrative tasks to support patient care under the direct supervision of a medical practitioner or other health professional.

Tasks include -

- (a) interviewing patients and their families to obtain information on their health status and medical history;
- (b) assisting medical doctors and other health professionals to examine and treat patients, including measuring and recording vital signs, administering medications and performing routine clinical procedures such as giving injections and removing sutures;
- (c) getting patients ready for examination and treatment, including explaining procedures and showing them to examination rooms;

- (d) preparing and handling medical instruments and supplies, including sterilizing instruments and disposing of contaminated supplies in accordance with safety procedures;
- (e) collecting blood, tissue or other specimens, and preparing them for laboratory testing;
- (f) providing information to patients and families on health care topics including medications prescribed by a medical doctor or other health professional;
- (g) providing prescription and drug refill information to pharmacies;
- (h) maintaining cleanliness of patient waiting and examination rooms;
- recording information on patients' medical history, diagnostic testing and treatment procedures and results, and other information in medical record-keeping systems;
- (j) scheduling appointments with patients, and preparing documentation required for billing, reporting and insurance purposes.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clinical assistant
- Medical assistant
- Ophthalmic assistant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Clinical officer (paramedical) 2240
- Medical prosthetic technician 3214
- Dental assistant 3251
- Physiotherapy assistant 3255
- Medical secretary 3344
- Medical imaging assistant 5329

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require formal training in health services provision. Clinical care providers with advanced training and skills to provide independent medical diagnostic and treatment services are classified in Unit Group 2240: Paramedical Practitioners.

Unit Group 3257

Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates

Environmental and occupational health inspectors and associates investigate the implementation of rules and regulations relating to environmental factors that may affect human health, safety in the workplace, and safety of processes for the production of goods and services. They may implement and evaluate programmes to restore or improve safety and sanitary conditions under the supervision of a health professional.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising employers' and workers' representatives on the implementation of governmental and other rules and regulations concerning occupational safety and the working environment;
- (b) inspecting places of work to ensure that the working environment, machinery and equipment conform to governmental and other rules, regulations and standards related to sanitation and/or occupational and environmental health and safety;
- (c) giving advice on environmental sanitary problems and techniques;
- (d) inspecting places of work and, by interviews, observations and other means, obtaining information about work practices and accidents to determine compliance with safety rules and regulations;
- (e) inspecting areas of production, processing, transport, handling, storage and sale of products to ensure conformity with governmental and other rules, regulations and standards;
- (f) advising enterprises and the general public on the implementation of governmental and other rules and regulations concerning hygiene, sanitation, purity and grading of primary products, food, drugs, cosmetics and similar goods;
- (g) inspecting establishments to ensure that they conform to governmental and other rules and regulations concerning emission of pollutants and disposal of dangerous wastes;
- (h) initiating action to maintain or improve hygiene and prevent pollution of water, air, food or soil;
- (i) promoting preventive and corrective measures such as control of disease-carrying organisms and of harmful substances in the air, hygienic food handling, proper disposal of waste and cleaning of public places;
- (j) estimating quantities and costs of materials and labour required for health, safety and sanitation remediation projects.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Food sanitation and safety inspector
- Health inspector
- Occupational health and safety inspector
- Pollution inspector
- Product safety inspector
- Sanitarian
- Sanitary inspector

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Environmental health officer 2263
- Occupational health and safety adviser 2263
- Occupational hygienist 2263
- Radiation protection expert 2263

Unit Group 3258

Ambulance Workers

Ambulance workers provide emergency health care to patients who are injured, sick, infirm or otherwise physically or mentally impaired prior to and during transport to medical facilities.

Tasks include -

- (a) assessing the health status of persons involved in accidents, natural disasters and other emergency situations, and determining needs for immediate and specialized medical assistance:
- (b) performing medical procedures and administering drugs and other therapies according to protocol for emergency medical treatment, including resuscitating and defibrillating patients and operating life-support equipment;
- (c) monitoring changes in the health status of patients during transport to and from medical, rehabilitation and other health care facilities;
- (d) providing information and training to community groups and essential service workers in first aid for initial care of an illness or injury;
- (e) attending and/or patrolling large-scale public gatherings and other events where health emergencies are more likely to occur;
- (f) recording information on patients' conditions and treatments provided in medical record-keeping systems.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Ambulance officer
- Ambulance paramedic
- Emergency medical technician
- Emergency paramedic

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Paramedical practitioner 2240
- Ambulance driver 8322

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require formal training in emergency medical treatment, patient transport, ambulance principles and practice, or a related field. Ambulance drivers who do not provide health care are classified in Unit Group 8322: Car, Taxi and Van Drivers.

Unit Group 3259

Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers health associate professionals not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 32: Health Associate Professionals. For instance, the group includes occupations such as

HIV counsellor, family planning counsellor and other health associate professionals.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) interviewing and examining patients to obtain information on their health status and the nature and extent of injury, illness or other physical or mental health condition;
- (b) providing information and counselling to patients and families about certain health conditions, prevention and treatment options, treatment adherence, and personal behaviours that can affect health outcomes;
- (c) administering therapeutic care and treatment to patients;
- (d) performing certain basic clinical procedures such as administration of HIV antibody tests or insertion of intrauterine devices;
- (e) dispensing and advising on dietary supplements, antiretroviral and prophylaxis medications, and other health care products;

- (f) monitoring patients' progress through treatment plans, and identifying signs and symptoms requiring referral to a medical doctor or other health professional;
- (g) recording information on patients' health status and responses to treatment in medical record-keeping systems;
- (h) sharing information with other health care providers when required to ensure continuing and comprehensive care.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Anaesthesia technician
- Family planning counsellor
- HIV counsellor
- Respiratory therapy technician

Note

Occupations included in this unit group normally require formal training in health services provision.

Sub-major Group 33

Business and Administration Associate Professionals

Business and administration associate professionals perform mostly technical tasks connected with the practical application of knowledge relating to financial accounting and transaction matters, mathematical calculations, human resource development, selling and buying financial instruments, specialized secretarial tasks, and enforcing or applying government rules. Also included are workers who provide business services such as customs clearance, conference planning, job placements, buying and selling real estate or bulk commodities, and serving as agents for performers such as athletes and artists. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: recording and transmitting buy and sell orders for securities, stocks, bonds or other financial instruments and for foreign exchange for future or immediate delivery; submitting credit and loan applications to management with recommendations for approval or rejection; approving or rejecting applications within authorized limits ensuring that credit standards of the institution are respected; maintaining complete records of all financial transactions of an undertaking according to general bookkeeping principles, with guidance from accountants; assisting in planning and performing mathematical, statistical, actuarial, accounting and related calculations; selling and buying financial instruments.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 331 Financial and Mathematical Associate Professionals
- 332 Sales and Purchasing Agents and Brokers
- 333 Business Services Agents
- 334 Administrative and Specialized Secretaries
- 335 Government Regulatory Associate Professionals

Minor Group 331

Financial and Mathematical Associate Professionals

Financial and mathematical associate professionals place a value on various items and property; maintain records of financial transactions; analyse loan application information and render a decision; buy and sell financial instruments; and perform mathematical and related calculations.

Tasks performed usually include: recording and transmitting buy and sell orders for securities, stocks, bonds or other financial instruments and for foreign exchange for future or immediate delivery; submitting credit and loan applications to management with recommendations for approval or rejection; approving or rejecting applications within authorized limits ensuring that credit standards of the institution are respected; maintaining complete records of all financial transactions of an undertaking according to general bookkeeping principles, with guidance from accountants; assisting in planning and performing mathematical, statistical, actuarial, accounting and related calculations.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3311 Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers
- 3312 Credit and Loans Officers
- 3313 Accounting Associate Professionals
- 3314 Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals
- 3315 Valuers and Loss Assessors

Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers

Securities and finance dealers and brokers buy and sell securities, stocks, bonds and other financial instruments, and deal on the foreign exchange, on spot or on futures markets, on behalf of their own company or for customers on a commission basis. They recommend transactions to clients or senior management.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining information about the financial circumstances of customers and companies in which investments may be made;
- (b) analysing market trends for securities, bonds, stocks and other financial instruments, including foreign exchange;
- (c) informing prospective customers about market conditions and prospects;
- (d) advising on and participating in the negotiation of terms for, and organization of, loans and placement of stocks and bonds in the financial market to raise capital for customers;
- (e) recording and transmitting buy and sell orders for securities, stocks, bonds or other financial instruments and for foreign exchange for future or immediate delivery.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Foreign exchange broker
- Foreign exchange dealer
- Securities broker
- Stocks and shares broker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Bond analyst 2413
- Commodities broker 3324
- Commodity futures dealer 3324
- Securities clerk 4312

Unit Group 3312

Credit and Loans Officers

Credit and loans officers analyse and evaluate financial information on applications for credit and loans and determine approval or disapproval of the client for the credit or loan, or recommend to management approval or disapproval.

Tasks include -

- (a) interviewing applicants for personal, mortgage, student and business loans;
- (b) researching and evaluating loan applicants' financial status, references, credit and ability to repay the loan;
- (c) submitting credit and loan applications to management with recommendations for approval or rejection;

- (d) approving or rejecting loan applications within authorized limits ensuring that credit standards of the institution are respected;
- (e) keeping records of payments, preparing routine letters requesting payment for overdue accounts and forwarding these for legal action;
- (f) completing credit and loan documentation.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Loans officer
- Mortgage officer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Financial institution branch manager – 1346

Unit Group 3313

Accounting Associate Professionals

Accounting associate professionals maintain complete records of financial transactions of an undertaking and verify accuracy of documents and records relating to such transactions.

Tasks include -

- (a) maintaining complete records of all financial transactions of an undertaking according to general bookkeeping principles, with guidance from accountants;
- (b) verifying accuracy of documents and records relating to payments, receipts and other financial transactions;
- (c) preparing financial statements and reports for specified periods;
- (d) applying knowledge of bookkeeping principles and practices in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (e) using standard computer software packages to perform accounting and related calculations:
- (f) supervising the work of accounts and bookkeeping clerks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Accounting assistant
- Bookkeeper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Accountant 2411
- Actuarial assistant 3314
- Bookkeeping clerk 4311

Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals

Statistical, mathematical and related associate professionals assist in planning the collection, processing and presentation of statistical, mathematical or actuarial data and in carrying out these operations, usually working under the guidance of statisticians, mathematicians and actuaries.

Tasks include -

- (a) assisting in planning and performing statistical, mathematical, actuarial and related calculations;
- (b) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for statistical census and survey operations;
- (c) performing technical tasks connected with establishing, maintaining and using registers and sampling frames for census and survey operations;
- (d) performing technical tasks connected with data collection and quality control operations in censuses and surveys;
- (e) using standard computer software packages to perform mathematical, actuarial, statistical, accounting and related calculations;
- (f) preparing statistical, mathematical, actuarial, accounting and other results for presentation in graphical or tabular form;
- (g) applying knowledge of statistical, mathematical, actuarial, accounting and related principles and practices in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work;
- (h) supervising the work of statistical clerks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Actuarial assistant
- Mathematical assistant
- Statistical assistant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Actuary 2120
- Mathematician 2120
- Statistician 2120
- Accounting assistant 3313
- Statistical clerk 4312

Unit Group 3315

Valuers and Loss Assessors

Valuers and loss assessors value property and various goods and assess losses covered by insurance policies.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining the quality or value of raw materials, real estate, industrial equipment, personal and household effects, works of art, gems and other objects;
- (b) assessing the extent of damage or loss and liabilities of insurance companies and underwriters for losses covered by insurance policies;
- (c) obtaining records of sales and value of similar items or property;
- (d) inspecting items or property to evaluate condition, size and construction;
- (e) preparing reports of value, outlining the estimation factors and methods used.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Appraiser
- Claims assessor
- Claims inspector
- Insurance assessor
- Real estate appraiser
- Valuer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Auctioneer – 3339

Minor Group 332

Sales and Purchasing Agents and Brokers

Sales and purchasing agents and brokers represent companies, governments and other organizations to buy and sell commodities, goods, insurance, shipping and other services to industrial, professional, commercial or other establishments, or act as independent agents to bring together buyers and sellers of commodities and services.

Tasks performed usually include: obtaining information about employers' and competitors' goods and services; monitoring and analysing market trends and conditions; obtaining information about clients' needs and identifying suitable products and services; explaining and demonstrating products and services to clients; negotiating prices, contracts, terms, conditions and shipping arrangements for purchase or sale of goods, services or commodities.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3321 Insurance Representatives

3322 Commercial Sales Representatives

3323 Buyers

3324 Trade Brokers

Note

Sales managers are classified in Minor Group 122: Sales, Marketing and Development Managers. Technical, medical and ICT sales professionals are classified in Minor Group 243: Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals. Securities and finance dealers are classified in Minor Group 331: Financial and Mathematical Associate Professionals.

Unit Group 3321

Insurance Representatives

Insurance representatives advise on and sell life, accident, automobile, liability, endowment, fire, marine and other types of insurance to new and established clients.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining information about customers' circumstances necessary to determine appropriate type of insurance and conditions;
- (b) negotiating with customers to determine type and degree of risk for which insurance is required;
- (c) explaining details of insurance and conditions, risk coverage premiums and benefits to customers;
- (d) assisting clients to determine the type and level of coverage required, calculating premiums and establishing method of payment;
- (e) negotiating and placing reinsurance contracts;
- (f) advising on, negotiating terms for and placing insurance contracts for large or special types of projects, installations or risks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Insurance agent
- Insurance broker
- Insurance underwriter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Insurance agency manager 1346
- Securities broker 3311
- Insurance assessor 3315
- Insurance clerk 4312

Unit Group 3322

Commercial Sales Representatives

Commercial sales representatives represent companies to sell various goods and services to businesses and other organizations and provide product-specific information as required. Tasks include -

- (a) soliciting orders and selling goods to retail, industrial, wholesale and other establishments;
- (b) selling equipment, supplies and related services to business establishments or individuals;
- (c) obtaining and updating knowledge of market conditions and of employer's and competitors' goods and services;
- (d) providing prospective customers with information about the characteristics and functions of the products and equipment for sale, and demonstrating its use or qualities;
- (e) quoting prices and credit terms, recording orders and arranging deliveries;
- (f) reporting customers' reactions and requirements to suppliers and manufacturers;
- (g) following up clients to ensure satisfaction with products purchased.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- After-sales service adviser
- Canvasser
- Commercial traveller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Sales manager 1221
- Medical sales representative 2433
- Technical sales representative 2433
- Information and communications technology sales professional – 2434
- Shop sales assistant 5223
- Door-to-door sales representative 5243

Unit Group 3323

Buyers

Buyers buy goods and services for use or resale on behalf of industrial, commercial, government or other establishments and organizations.

Tasks include -

 (a) determining or negotiating contract terms and conditions, awarding supplier contracts

- or recommending contract awards for the purchase of equipment, raw materials, products, services and merchandise for resale;
- (b) obtaining information about requirements and stock and developing specifications for quantity and quality to be purchased, costs, delivery dates and other contract conditions;
- (c) purchasing general and specialized equipment, materials or business services for use or for further processing by their establishment;
- (d) inviting tenders, consulting with suppliers and reviewing quotations;
- (e) purchasing merchandise for resale by retail or wholesale establishments;
- (f) studying market reports, trade periodicals and sales promotion materials and visiting trade shows, showrooms, factories and product design events;
- (g) selecting the merchandise or products that best fit the establishment's requirements;
- (h) interviewing suppliers and negotiating prices, discounts, credit terms and transportation arrangements;
- (i) overseeing distribution of merchandise to outlets and maintaining adequate stock levels;
- (j) establishing delivery schedules, monitoring progress and contacting clients and suppliers to resolve problems.

- Buyer
- Procurement officer
- Purchasing agent
- Purchasing merchandiser
- Supply officer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Commodities broker – 3324

Unit Group 3324

Trade Brokers

Trade brokers buy and sell commodities and shipping services, usually in bulk, on behalf of their own company or for customers on a commission basis.

Tasks include -

- (a) establishing contact between buyers and sellers of commodities;
- (b) discussing buying or selling requirements of clients and giving advice accordingly;
- (c) buying and selling cargo space on ships;
- (d) negotiating purchase or sale of commodities and commodity futures;
- (e) finding cargo and/or storage space for commodities and negotiating freight, shipping and storage charges;
- (f) monitoring and analysing market trends and other factors affecting the supply and demand for commodities and shipping services.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Commodities broker
- Commodity futures dealer
- Shipping broker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Finance broker 3311
- Finance dealer 3311
- Securities broker 3311
- Securities dealer 3311
- Insurance dealer 3321

Minor Group 333

Business Services Agents

Business services agents establish contacts to sell various business services such as advertising space in the media; carry out customs clearance activities ensuring that necessary documents are in order; match jobseekers with vacancies; find workers for employers; arrange contracts for the performance of athletes, entertainers and artists, as well as for the publication of books, the production of plays, or the recording, performance and sale of music; and plan and organize conferences and similar events.

Tasks performed usually include: carrying out customs clearance procedures for exports or imports; arranging and coordinating conference and event services, such as conference facilities, catering, signage, displays, audiovisual and computer equipment, accommodation, transport and social events for participants; matching jobseekers with vacancies; finding workers for vacant posts for employers; showing real estate properties to be sold or leased to prospective buyers or tenants and explaining terms of sale or conditions of rent or lease; selling by auction various kinds of property, cars, commodities, livestock, art, jewellery and other objects; arranging contracts for performers and performances.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3331 Clearing and Forwarding Agents
- 3332 Conference and Event Planners
- 3333 Employment Agents and Contractors
- 3334 Real Estate Agents and Property Managers
- 3339 Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 3331

Clearing and Forwarding Agents

Clearing and forwarding agents carry out customs clearance procedures and ensure that insurance, export/import licences and other formalities are in order.

Tasks include -

- (a) carrying out customs clearance procedures for exports or imports;
- (b) ensuring that insurance is in order;
- (c) ensuring that export/import licences and other formalities are in order;
- (d) signing and issuing bills of lading;
- (e) checking import/export documentation to determine cargo contents, and classifying goods into different fee or tariff groups, using a tariff coding system.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clearing agent
- Forwarding agent
- Shipping agent

Unit Group 3332

Conference and Event Planners

Conference and event planners organize and coordinate services for conferences, events, functions, banquets and seminars.

Tasks include -

- (a) promoting conferences, conventions and trade shows to potential customers;
- (b) responding to inquiries concerning services provided and costs for room and equipment hire, catering and related services;
- (c) meeting with clients to discuss their needs and outlining package options to meet these needs:
- (d) arranging and coordinating services such as conference facilities, catering, signage, displays, audiovisual and computer equipment, accommodation, transport and social events for participants, and logistical arrangements for presenters;
- (e) organizing registration of participants;

- (f) negotiating the type and costs of services to be provided within budget;
- (g) overseeing work by contractors and reporting on variations to work orders.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Conference and event organizer
- Conference planner
- Wedding planner

Unit Group 3333

Employment Agents and Contractors

Employment agents and contractors match jobseekers with vacancies, find workers for employers and contract labour for particular projects at the request of enterprises and other organizations including government and other institutions, or find places for jobseekers for a commission.

Tasks include -

- (a) matching jobseekers with vacancies;
- (b) finding workers for vacant posts against a commission from the employer or worker;
- (c) discussing with employers the skills and other characteristics required of the workers to be employed or contracted;
- (d) finding workers with appropriate skills, and undertaking the necessary formalities according to national or international regulations and requirements;
- (e) ensuring that the employment contracts meet legal requirements and signing them;
- (f) advising on training schemes.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Employment agent
- Job placement officer
- Labour contractor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Careers adviser 2423
- Occupational analyst 2423
- Literary agent 3339
- Musical performance agent 3339
- Sports agent 3339
- Theatrical agent 3339

Real Estate Agents and Property Managers

Real estate agents and property managers arrange the sale, purchase, rental and lease of real estate and property, usually on behalf of clients and on a commission basis.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining information about properties to be sold or leased, the circumstances of their owner and the needs of prospective buyers or tenants;
- (b) showing properties to be sold or leased to prospective buyers or tenants and explaining terms of sale or conditions of rent or lease;
- (c) facilitating negotiations with tenants and owners on rents and fees;
- (d) drawing up leasing and sale agreements and estimating costs;
- (e) arranging signing of lease agreements and transfer of property rights;
- (f) collecting rent and bond monies on behalf of owners and inspecting properties before, during and after tenancies;
- (g) ensuring the availability of workers to perform maintenance of the properties.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Estate agent
- Property manager
- Realtor
- Salesperson (real estate)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

Mortgage clerk – 4312

Unit Group 3339

Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers business services agents not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 333: Business Services Agents. For instance, the group includes those who establish business contacts, sell business services such as advertising space in the media, arrange contracts for performances of athletes, entertainers and artists, for the publication of books, the production of plays, or the recording, performance and sale of music, sell property and goods by auction and who design and organize package and group tours.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) obtaining information about services to be sold and needs of prospective buyers;
- (b) negotiating contracts on behalf of seller or buyer and explaining terms of sale and payment to client:
- (c) signing agreements on behalf of seller or buyer and ensuring that the contract is honoured;
- (d) making sure that the business service purchased is made available to the buyer in the agreed format at the agreed time;
- (e) selling by auction various kinds of property, cars, commodities, livestock, art, jewellery and other objects;
- (f) organizing group tours for business or vacation travel and making bulk travel and accommodation bookings.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Advertising salesperson
- Auctioneer
- Literary agent
- Musical performance agent
- Sports agent
- Theatrical agent
- Tour operator

Minor Group 334

Administrative and Specialized Secretaries

Administrative and specialized secretaries provide organizational, communication and documentation support services, utilizing specialized knowledge of the business activity of the organization in which they are employed. They take supervisory responsibility for office clerks in the organization.

Tasks performed usually include: coordinating, assigning and reviewing the work of clerical support workers; desktop publishing; preparing and processing legal documents and papers such as deeds, wills, affidavits and briefs; implementing and supporting the communication, documentation and internal managerial coordination activities of an organizational unit, on some occasions utilizing specialized knowledge of the business activity of the organization;

scheduling and confirming meetings and appointments and communicating messages for clients; compiling, recording and reviewing legal and medical records, reports, documents and correspondence.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3341 Office Supervisors

3342 Legal Secretaries

3343 Administrative and Executive Secretaries

3344 Medical Secretaries

Unit Group 3341

Office Supervisors

Office supervisors supervise and coordinate the activities of workers in Major Group 4: Clerical Support Workers.

Tasks include -

- (a) coordinating, assigning and reviewing the work of clerks engaged in the following duties: word processing, record keeping and filing, operating telephones and switchboards, data entry, desktop publishing and other activities involving general office and administrative skills;
- (b) establishing work schedules and procedures and coordinating activities with other work units or departments;
- (c) resolving work-related problems and preparing and submitting progress and other reports;
- (d) training and instructing employees in job duties, safety procedures and company policies, or arranging for training to be provided;
- (e) evaluating employees' job performance and conformity with regulations, and recommending appropriate personnel action;
- (f) assisting in recruitment, interviewing and selection of employees.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Clerical supervisor
- Data entry supervisor
- Filing clerks supervisor
- Personnel clerks supervisor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Medical records unit supervisor – 3252

Note

Workers who supervise the activities of clerical support workers in law offices and legal departments are classified in Unit Group 3342: Legal Secretaries. Those who supervise the activities of clerical support workers in health facilities where the work requires specialist knowledge related to health and medicine, such as processing medical records and hospital admission details,

are classified in Unit Group 3344: Medical Secretaries. Those who provide direct secretarial and administrative support to a manager or professional (except legal and health professionals) and also supervise the activities of clerical support workers are classified in Unit Group 3343: Administrative and Executive Secretaries.

Unit Group 3342

Legal Secretaries

Legal secretaries apply specialized knowledge of legal terminology and procedures in providing support to legal professionals with communication, documentation and internal managerial coordination activities, in law offices, legal departments of large firms and governments.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing and processing legal documents and papers, such as deeds, wills, affidavits and briefs;
- (b) reviewing and proofreading documents and correspondence to ensure compliance with legal procedures;
- (c) mailing, faxing or arranging for delivery of legal correspondence to clients, witnesses and court officials;
- (d) organizing and maintaining documents, case files and law libraries;
- (e) screening requests for meetings, and scheduling and organizing meetings;
- (f) assisting in the preparation of budgets, monitoring of expenditures, drafting of contracts and purchasing or acquisition orders;
- (g) supervising the work of office support workers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Legal practice manager
- Legal secretary

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

Legal assistant – 3411

Administrative and Executive Secretaries

Administrative and executive secretaries perform liaison, coordination and organizational tasks in support of managers and professionals and/or prepare correspondence, reports and records of proceedings and other specialized documentation.

Tasks include –

- (a) drafting administrative correspondence and minutes;
- (b) obtaining, proposing and monitoring deadlines and follow-up dates;
- (c) screening requests for meetings, and scheduling and organizing meetings and travel arrangements;
- (d) assisting in the preparation of budgets, monitoring of expenditures, drafting of contracts and purchasing or acquisition orders;
- (e) liaising with other staff about a range of matters relating to the organization's operations;
- (f) writing and answering business or technical letters and other similar correspondence;
- (g) preparing verbatim reports of proceedings in legislative assemblies, courts of law or other places, using shorthand or specialized office equipment;
- (h) supervising the work of clerical support workers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Administrative secretary
- Correspondence assistant
- Court reporter
- Executive assistant
- Personal assistant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Medical transcriptionist 3344
- Secretary (general) 4120

Unit Group 3344

Medical Secretaries

Medical secretaries, using specialized knowledge of medical terminology and health care delivery procedures, assist health professionals and other workers by performing a variety of communication, documentation, administrative and internal coordination functions, to support health workers in medical facilities and other health care related organizations.

Tasks include -

- (a) scheduling and confirming medical appointments and communicating messages for medical staff and patients;
- (b) compiling, recording and reviewing medical charts, reports, documents and correspondence:
- (c) interviewing patients to complete forms, documents and case histories;
- (d) completing insurance and other claims forms;
- (e) maintaining medical files and records and technical library;
- (f) preparing financial statements and billing procedures;
- (g) assisting in the preparation of budgets, drafting of contracts and purchasing or acquisition orders;
- (h) supervising the work of office support workers and other office staff.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dental secretary
- Hospital ward secretary
- Medical insurance billing secretary
- Medical laboratory secretary
- · Medical office administrative assistant
- Medical practice manager
- Medical secretary
- Medical stenographer
- Medical transcriptionist
- Pathology secretary
- Patient care secretary

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Medical records technician 3252
- Medical assistant 3256
- Secretary (general) 4120
- Medical office receptionist 4226

Minor Group 335

Government Regulatory Associate Professionals

Government regulatory associate professionals administer, enforce or apply relevant government rules and regulations relating to national borders, taxes and social benefits; investigate facts and circumstances relating to crimes; and issue or examine applications for licences or authorizations in connection with travel, exports and imports of goods, establishment of businesses, erection of buildings and other activities subject to government regulations.

Tasks performed usually include: patrolling national borders and checking persons and vehicles, travel and transport documents and goods transported across the border to ensure enforcement of government rules and regulations; examining tax returns to determine taxes payable by persons and businesses; examining and deciding on applications for social benefits; examining and deciding on applications for government authorizations and licences necessary to travel, export or import goods, erect buildings, establish businesses or undertake other activities subject to government regulations; monitoring the application of price, wage or weights and measures regulations; obtaining and verifying evidence; interviewing witnesses and suspects; and analysing documents and computer files. They may receive guidance from senior government officials or managers. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3351 Customs and Border Inspectors
- 3352 Government Tax and Excise Officials
- 3353 Government Social Benefits Officials
- 3354 Government Licensing Officials
- 3355 Police Inspectors and Detectives
- 3359 Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 3351

Customs and Border Inspectors

Customs and border inspectors check persons and vehicles crossing national borders to administer and enforce relevant government rules and regulations.

Tasks include -

- (a) patrolling national borders and coastal waters to stop persons from illegally entering or leaving the country and from illegally importing or exporting currency or goods;
- (b) checking travel documents of persons crossing national borders to ensure that they have the necessary authorizations and certificates;
- (c) inspecting the luggage of persons crossing national borders to ensure that it conforms to government rules and regulations concerning import or export of goods and currencies:
- (d) examining transport documents and freight of vehicles crossing national borders to ensure conformity with government rules and regulations concerning goods in transit and the import and export of goods, and to verify that necessary payments have been made:
- (e) detaining persons and seizing prohibited and undeclared goods found to be in violation of immigration and customs laws;
- (f) coordinating and cooperating with other agencies involved in law enforcement, deportation and prosecution;
- (g) performing related administrative tasks to record findings, transactions, violations and determinations;

(h) when necessary, testifying in a court of law about the circumstances and results of investigations carried out.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Border inspector
- Customs inspector
- Customs officer
- Immigration officer
- Passport checking officer

Unit Group 3352

Government Tax and Excise Officials

Government tax and excise officials examine tax returns, bills of sale and other documents to determine the type and amount of taxes, duties and other types of fees to be paid by individuals or businesses, referring exceptional or important cases to accountants, senior government officials or managers.

- (a) advising organizations, enterprises and the public on government laws, rules and regulations concerning the determination and payment of taxes, duties and other government fees, and on the public's rights and obligations;
- (b) examining tax returns, bills of sale and other relevant documents to determine types and amounts of taxes, duties and other types of fees to be paid;
- (c) investigating filed tax returns and accounting records, systems and internal controls of organizations to ensure compliance with taxation laws and regulations;

(d) performing related administrative tasks to document findings, maintain records and report on actions taken for cases.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Excise officer
- Taxation inspector
- Tax officer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Accountant 2411
- Auditor 2411

Unit Group 3353

Government Social Benefits Officials

Government social benefits officials examine applications for government, financial or service programmes to determine eligibility and amount of benefit or appropriate services, referring exceptional or important cases to senior government officials or managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising individuals and organizations on government laws, rules and regulations concerning government benefit programmes and the determination and disbursement of payments or referral to services, as well as on the public's rights and obligations;
- (b) examining applications and other relevant documents to determine types and amounts of benefit which individuals are eligible to receive;
- (c) assessing documentation and interviewing benefit recipients to ensure eligibility for continuing benefits or services;
- (d) performing related administrative tasks to maintain client records and prepare reports on determinations regarding eligibility, referral decisions, termination of benefits and abuse or fraud.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Pensions officer
- Social benefits officer
- Social security claims officer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Counselling professional 2635
- Social worker 2635

Unit Group 3354

Government Licensing Officials

Government licensing officials examine applications for licences to export or import goods, set up businesses, build houses or other structures or to obtain passports, determine eligibility of applications for issuing licences or passports, and identify specific conditions or restrictions to be attached to licences issued, referring exceptional or important cases to senior government officials or managers.

Tasks include -

- (a) advising individuals on government laws and regulations concerning the type of licence required and the conditions attached to such licences, and on the public's rights and obligations;
- (b) examining applications and relevant documents and determining whether a licence can be granted and the conditions which should be attached;
- (c) examining applications and approving the issue of passports;
- (d) performing related administrative tasks to process applications, document activities, evaluations and determinations, and to prepare correspondence to inform applicants of licensing decisions;
- (e) administering and scoring tests required to license applicants.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building permit (licensing) officer
- Business permit (licensing) officer
- Licensing officer
- Passport officer (issuing)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building inspector 3112
- Fire inspector 3112

Unit Group 3355

Police Inspectors and Detectives

Police inspectors and detectives investigate facts and circumstances relating to crimes committed in order to identify suspected offenders and obtain information not readily available or apparent concerning establishments or the circumstances and behaviour of persons, mostly in order to prevent crimes.

Tasks include -

(a) establishing contacts and sources of information about crimes planned or committed, in order to prevent crimes or identify suspected offenders;

- (b) obtaining and verifying evidence by examining crime and accident scenes for clues and physical evidence, interviewing witnesses and suspects and analysing documents and computer files;
- (c) analysing evidence in order to solve crimes, identify criminal activity and gather information for court cases;
- (d) establishing contacts and sources of information not readily available or apparent concerning establishments or the circumstances and behaviour of persons, usually with the aim of preventing a crime;
- (e) making arrests;
- (f) testifying in courts of law or reporting to superiors about circumstances and results of investigations.

- Police detective
- Police inquiry agent
- Police inspector

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Police commissioner 1112
- Police inspector-general 1112
- Police superintendent 1349
- Private detective 3411
- Police officer 5412

Unit Group 3359

Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers government regulatory associate professionals not classified elsewhere. For instance, the group includes agricultural, fisheries, forestry, prices, wages and weights and measures inspectors.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) examining places of business to ensure the use of correct weights and measures in trade;
- (b) monitoring price regulations to assess appropriateness of costs for goods and services to protect consumer interests;
- (c) monitoring wage regulations to ensure appropriate levels of pay for work performed and to assess compliance with employment standards legislation;
- (d) performing related investigative and administrative tasks to record findings, document compliance problems or inappropriate business practices and to prepare reports and correspondence.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Agricultural inspector
- Fisheries inspector
- Forestry inspector
- Prices inspector
- Wage inspector
- Weights and measures inspector

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Fire inspector 3112
- Health inspector 3257
- Occupational health and safety inspector – 3257
- Pollution inspector 3257
- Sanitary inspector 3257

Legal, Social, Cultural and Related Associate Professionals

Legal, social, cultural and related associate professionals perform technical tasks connected with the practical application of knowledge relating to legal services, social work, culture, food preparation, sport and religion. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: providing technical and practical services and support functions in legal processes and investigations, social and community assistance programmes, and religious and cultural activities; participating and adjudicating in sporting events; developing and delivering sports coaching, fitness and recreational programmes; combining creative and technical skills in a variety of artistic, cultural and culinary activities; creating dishes and menus and overseeing the preparation of meals.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 341 Legal, Social and Religious Associate Professionals
- 342 Sports and Fitness Workers
- 343 Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals

Minor Group 341

Legal, Social and Religious Associate Professionals

Legal, social and religious associate professionals provide technical and practical services and support functions in legal processes and investigations, social and community assistance programmes and religious activities.

Tasks performed usually include: assisting and supporting legal, social work and religious professionals; obtaining and analysing evidence, preparing legal documents and serving court orders; administering and implementing social assistance programmes and community services; assisting clients to deal with personal and social problems; providing practical assistance, guidance and moral support to individuals and communities.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3411 Legal and Related Associate Professionals
- 3412 Social Work Associate Professionals
- 3413 Religious Associate Professionals

Unit Group 3411

Legal and Related Associate Professionals

Legal and related associate professionals perform support functions in courts of law or in law offices, provide services related to such legal matters as insurance contracts, the transferring of property and the granting of loans and other financial transactions, or conduct investigations for clients.

- (a) documenting court proceedings and judgements;
- (b) serving statements of claims, summonses, warrants, subpoenas and other court orders;
- (c) maintaining order in court and hearing rooms:
- (d) preparing legal documents including trial briefs, pleadings, appeals, wills and contracts,

- and preparing papers summarizing legal positions or setting out conditions of loans or insurance:
- (e) investigating facts, assembling evidence and researching relevant statutes, decisions and other legal documents to prepare cases;
- (f) advising clients on legal matters;
- (g) examining documentation such as mortgages, liens, judgements, easements, contracts and maps in order to verify properties' legal descriptions and ownership;
- (h) preparing documents relating to transfer of real estate, stocks or other matters requiring formal registration;
- (i) investigating possible cases of theft of goods, money or information from business establishments and of other possible cases of unlawful behaviour by customers or employees;

 (j) investigating establishments or the circumstances and behaviour of persons on behalf of clients.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bailiff
- Conveyancing clerk
- Court clerk
- · Judge's clerk
- Justice of the peace
- Law clerk
- Legal assistant
- Paralegal
- Private detective
- Title searcher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Lawyer 2611
- Judge 2612
- Notary 2619
- Legal secretary 3342

Unit Group 3412

Social Work Associate Professionals

Social work associate professionals administer and implement social assistance programmes and community services and assist clients to deal with personal and social problems.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting information relevant to clients' needs and assessing their relevant skills, strengths and deficits;
- (b) helping persons with disabilities or the elderly to obtain services and to improve their ability to function in society;
- (c) assisting clients to identify options and develop plans of action, while providing necessary support and assistance;
- (d) assisting clients to identify and access community resources including legal, medical and financial assistance, housing, employment, transportation, assistance with moves, day care and other referral services;
- (e) counselling clients living in group homes and half-way houses, supervising their activities and assisting in pre-release and release planning;
- (f) participating in the selection and admission of clients to appropriate programmes;
- (g) providing crisis intervention and emergency shelter services;
- (h) implementing life skills workshops, substance abuse treatment programmes, behaviour management programmes, youth services programmes and other community and social

- service programmes under the supervision of social work or health care professionals;
- (i) assisting in evaluating the effectiveness of interventions and programmes by monitoring and reporting on clients' progress;
- (j) maintaining contact with other social service agencies, schools and health care providers involved with clients to provide information and obtain feedback on clients' overall situation and progress.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Community development worker
- Community services worker
- Crisis intervention worker
- Disability services worker
- Family services worker
- Life skills instructor
- Mental health support worker
- Welfare support worker
- Women's shelter supervisor
- Youth services worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Marriage counsellor 2635
- Parole officer 2635
- Probation officer 2635
- Social worker 2635

Unit Group 3413

Religious Associate Professionals

Religious associate professionals provide support to ministers of religion or to a religious community, undertake religious works, preach and propagate the teachings of a particular religion and endeavour to improve well-being through the power of faith and spiritual advice.

Tasks include -

- (a) undertaking religious works;
- (b) preaching and propagating the teachings of a particular religious faith;
- (c) assisting at services of public worship and religious rites;
- (d) providing religious education, spiritual guidance and moral support to individuals and communities;
- (e) administering and participating in programmes to provide food, clothing and shelter to those in need;
- (f) advising communities and individuals on proper behaviour and faith to preserve or improve well-being.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Faith healer

- Lay preacher
- Monk
- Nun

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Bonze 2636
- Imam 2636

- Minister of religion 2636
- Poojari 2636
- Priest 2636
- Rabbi 2636
- Herbalist 3230
- Village healer 3230
- Witch doctor 3230

Minor Group 342

Sports and Fitness Workers

Sports and fitness workers prepare for and compete in sporting events for financial gain; train amateur and professional sportsmen and women to enhance performance; promote participation and standards in sport; organize and officiate sporting events; and provide instruction, training and supervision for various forms of exercise and other recreational activities.

Tasks performed usually include: participating in competitive sporting events; conducting sports training to develop ability in and knowledge of the sport; compiling rules concerning the conduct of sporting competitions, and controlling the progress of these events; planning, organizing and conducting practice sessions; developing and designing fitness programmes; delivering group exercise classes and personal tuition in a variety of fitness activities; promoting sports and sports skills development; overseeing the participation of young people in sport.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3421 Athletes and Sports Players
- 3422 Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials
- 3423 Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders

Unit Group 3421

Athletes and Sports Players

Athletes and sport players participate in competitive sporting events. They train and compete, either individually or as part of a team, in their chosen sport.

Tasks include –

- (a) participating in competitive sporting events;
- (b) participating in regular practice and training sessions and undertaking private training to maintain the required standard of fitness and skill;
- (c) undertaking sports promotional activities and media interviews;
- (d) maintaining a high degree of expertise in a particular sport;
- (e) deciding on strategies in consultation with coaches;
- (f) assessing other competitors and conditions at venues;
- (g) competing in sporting events;
- (h) adhering to the rules and regulations associated with a specific sport.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Athlete

- Bicycle racer
- Boxer
- Chess player
- Footballer
- Golfer
- Hockey player
- Jockey
- Poker player
- Racing driver
- Skier
- Tennis player
- Wrestler

Unit Group 3422

Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials

Sports coaches, instructors and officials work with amateur and professional sportspersons to enhance performance and encourage greater participation in sport, and organize and officiate in sporting events according to established rules.

- (a) identifying strengths and weaknesses of athletes or teams;
- (b) planning, developing and implementing training and practice sessions;

- (c) developing, planning and coordinating competitive schedules and programmes;
- (d) motivating and preparing athletes or teams for competitive events or games;
- (e) formulating competitive strategy, developing game plans and directing athletes and players during games or athletic events;
- (f) analysing and evaluating athletes' or teams' performances and modifying training programmes;
- (g) monitoring and analysing technique and performance, and determining how future improvements can be made;
- (h) officiating at sporting events or athletic competitions to maintain standards of play and to ensure that game rules and safety regulations are observed;
- (i) recording lapsed time and keeping score during events or competitions;
- (j) judging the performance of competitors, awarding points, imposing penalties for infractions and determining results;
- (k) compiling scores and other athletic records.

- Referee
- Ski instructor
- Sports coach
- Sports official
- Swimming instructor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Fitness instructor 3423
- Horse riding instructor 3423

Unit Group 3423

Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders

Fitness and recreation instructors and programme leaders lead, guide and instruct groups and individuals in recreational, fitness or outdoor adventure activities.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning and carrying out recreational and fitness activities;
- (b) monitoring recreational, sports or fitness activities to ensure safety and provide emergency or first aid assistance when required;
- (c) evaluating and monitoring clients' abilities and fitness and recommending activities;
- (d) demonstrating and teaching body movements, concepts and skills used in fitness routines and recreational activities;
- (e) instructing in the use of equipment;
- (f) explaining and enforcing safety procedures, rules and regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aerobics instructor
- Fitness instructor
- Horse riding instructor
- Outdoor adventure guide
- Personal trainer
- Sailing instructor
- Underwater diving instructor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ski instructor 3422
- Swimming instructor 3422

Minor Group 343

Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals

Artistic, cultural and culinary associate professionals combine creative skills and technical and cultural knowledge in taking and processing still photographs; design and decoration of theatre sets, shop displays and the interiors of homes; preparation of objects for display; maintenance of library and gallery collections, records and cataloguing systems; creation of menus and preparation and presentation of food; provision of support for stage, film and television production; and in other areas of artistic and cultural endeavour.

Tasks performed usually include: operating still cameras to photograph people, events, scenes, materials, products and other subjects; applying artistic techniques to product design, interior decoration and sales promotion; mounting and preparing objects for display; designing and arranging exhibit furnishings, display cases and display areas; designing menus and overseeing the preparation of food; assisting directors and performers with the staging of theatrical, motion picture, television or commercial productions.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3431 Photographers

3432 Interior Designers and Decorators

3433 Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians

3434 Chefs

3435 Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals

Photographers

Photographers operate still cameras to photograph people, events, scenes, materials, products and other subjects.

Tasks include -

- (a) taking photographs for advertising or other commercial, industrial or scientific purposes and to illustrate stories and articles in newspapers, magazines and other publications;
- (b) taking portrait photographs of persons and groups of persons;
- (c) studying requirements of a particular assignment and decide on type of camera, film, lighting and background accessories to be used;
- (d) determining picture composition, and making technical adjustments to equipment and photograph subject;
- (e) operating scanners to transfer photographic images to computers;
- (f) operating computers to manipulate photographic images;
- (g) adapting existing photographic images to create new digitized images to be included in multimedia products;
- (h) using airbrush, computer or other techniques to create the desired visual effect.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aerial photographer
- Commercial photographer
- Industrial photographer
- Photographer
- Photo journalist
- Portrait photographer
- Scientific photographer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Film camera operator 3521
- Video camera operator 3521
- Photographic equipment repairer 7311
- Photogravure photographer 7321
- Photolithographer 7321
- Electronics mechanic 7421

Unit Group 3432

Interior Designers and Decorators

Interior designers and decorators plan and design commercial, industrial, public, retail and residential building interiors to produce an environment tailored to a purpose, taking into consideration factors that enhance living and working environments and sales promotion. They coordinate and participate in their construction and decoration. Tasks include -

- (a) determining the objectives and constraints of the design brief by consulting with clients and stakeholders;
- (b) researching and analysing spatial, functional, efficiency, safety and aesthetic requirements;
- (c) formulating design concepts for the interiors of buildings;
- (d) preparing sketches, diagrams, illustrations and plans to communicate design concepts;
- (e) negotiating design solutions with clients, management, suppliers and construction staff;
- (f) selecting, specifying and recommending functional and aesthetic materials, furniture and products for interiors;
- (g) detailing and documenting selected design for construction;
- (h) coordinating the construction and the decoration of interiors;
- (i) designing and painting stage scenery;
- (j) designing and decorating show windows and other display areas to promote products and services.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Display decorator
- Interior decorator
- Set designer
- Visual merchandiser
- Window dresser

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Interior architect – 2161

Unit Group 3433

Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians

Gallery, museum and library technicians prepare artworks, specimens and artefacts for collections, arrange and construct gallery exhibits, and assist librarians to organize and operate systems for handling recorded material and files.

- (a) mounting and preparing objects for display;
- (b) designing and arranging exhibit furnishings, display cases and display areas;
- (c) assisting in setting up lighting and display equipment;
- (d) receiving, shipping, packing and unpacking exhibits;
- (e) ordering new library materials and maintaining library records and circulation systems;
- (f) cataloguing printed and recorded material;
- (g) entering data into databases and editing computer records;

- (h) operating audiovisual and reprographic equipment;
- (i) searching and verifying bibliographic data.

- Gallery technician
- Library technician
- Museum technician
- Taxidermist

Unit Group 3434

Chefs

Chefs design menus, create dishes and oversee the planning, organization, preparation and cooking of meals in hotels, restaurants and other eating places, on board ships, on passenger trains and in private households.

Tasks include –

- (a) planning and developing recipes and menus, estimating food and labour costs, and ordering food supplies;
- (b) monitoring quality of dishes at all stages of preparation and presentation;
- (c) discussing food preparation issues with managers, dieticians and kitchen and waiting staff;
- (d) supervising and coordinating the activities of cooks and other workers engaged in food preparation;
- (e) inspecting supplies, equipment and work areas to ensure conformity with established standards;
- (f) determining how food should be presented, and creating decorative food displays:
- (g) instructing cooks and other workers in the preparation, cooking, garnishing and presentation of food;
- (h) participating in the recruitment of kitchen staff and monitoring their performance;
- (i) preparing, seasoning and cooking speciality foods and complex dishes;
- (j) explaining and enforcing hygiene and food safety regulations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Chef
- Executive chef
- Head chef
- Pastry chef
- Saucier
- Sous-chef

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cook 5120
- Fast food preparer 9411

Unit Group 3435

Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals

This unit group covers artistic and cultural associate professionals not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 343: Artistic, Cultural and Culinary Associate Professionals. For instance, those who assist directors or actors with staging of theatrical, motion picture, television or commercial productions are classified here.

- Body artist
- Floor manager (broadcasting)
- Lighting technician
- Programme coordinator (broadcasting)
- Prompter
- Property master (broadcasting)
- Script-girl/boy
- Special effects technician
- Stage manager
- Stage technician
- Stunt artist
- Stunt coordinator
- Tattooist
- Theatre technician
- Theatrical dresser
- Walker-on

Information and Communications Technicians

Information and communications technicians provide support for the day-to-day running of computer systems, communications systems and networks, and perform technical tasks related to telecommunications, broadcast image and sound as well as other types of telecommunications signals on land, sea or in aircraft. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the third ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: providing assistance to information and communications systems users; installing new programs and equipment; establishing, operating and maintaining network and other data communications systems; installing, monitoring and supporting Internet and Intranet websites or web server hardware or software, modifying web pages and performing web server backup and recovery operations; controlling equipment to record sound and edit and mix image and sound recordings; controlling and maintaining transmitting and broadcast systems and satellite systems for radio and television programmes; controlling and maintaining radio communications systems, satellite services and multiplex systems on land, sea or in aircraft; providing technical assistance connected with research and development of computer systems and telecommunications equipment, or testing prototypes; designing and preparing blueprints of circuitry according to the specifications given; providing technical supervision of the manufacture, utilization, maintenance and repair of telecommunications systems.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

351 Information and Communications Technology Operations and User Support Technicians

352 Telecommunications and Broadcasting Technicians

Minor Group 351

Information and Communications Technology Operations and User Support Technicians

Information technology operations and user support technicians provide support for the day-to-day running of communications systems, computer systems and networks, and provide technical assistance to users.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and controlling peripheral and related computer equipment; monitoring systems for equipment failure or errors in performance; loading peripheral equipment, such as printers, with selected materials for operating runs, or overseeing loading of peripheral equipment by peripheral equipment operators; answering user inquiries regarding software or hardware operation to resolve problems; installing and performing minor repairs to hardware, software or peripheral equipment, following design or installation specifications; overseeing the daily performance of systems; setting up equipment for employee use and performing or ensuring proper installation of cables, operating systems or appropriate software; establishing, operating and maintaining network and other data communications systems; installing, monitoring and supporting the reliability and usability of Internet and Intranet websites or web server hardware or software; modifying web pages; performing web server backup and recovery operations.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 3511 Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians
- 3512 Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians
- 3513 Computer Network and Systems Technicians
- 3514 Web Technicians

Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians

Information and communications technology operations technicians support the day-to-day processing, operation and monitoring of information and communications technology systems, peripherals, hardware, software and related computer equipment to ensure optimal performance and identify any problems.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and controlling peripheral and related computer equipment;
- (b) entering commands, using computer terminals and activating controls on computer and peripheral equipment to integrate and operate equipment;
- (c) monitoring systems for equipment failure or errors in performance;
- (d) notifying supervisors or maintenance technicians of equipment malfunctions;
- (e) responding to program error messages by finding and correcting problems, escalating the problem to other staff or terminating the program;
- (f) reading job set-up instructions to determine equipment to be used, order of use, material such as disks and paper to be loaded, and to control settings;
- (g) retrieving, separating and sorting program output as needed, and sending data to specified users;
- (h) loading peripheral equipment, such as printers, with selected materials for operating runs, or overseeing loading of peripheral equipment by peripheral equipment operators.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Computer operator
- Computer peripheral equipment operator
- High-speed computer printer operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Computer network technician – 3513

Unit Group 3512

Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians

Information and communications technology user support technicians provide technical assistance to users, either directly or by telephone, email or other electronic means, including diagnosing and resolving issues and problems with software, hardware, computer peripheral equipment,

networks, databases and the Internet, and providing guidance and support in the deployment, installation and maintenance of systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) answering user inquiries regarding software or hardware operation to resolve problems;
- (b) entering commands and observing system functioning to verify correct operations and detect errors;
- (c) installing and performing minor repairs to hardware, software or peripheral equipment, following design or installation specifications;
- (d) overseeing the daily performance of communications and computer systems;
- (e) setting up equipment for employee use and performing or ensuring proper installation of cables, operating systems or appropriate software:
- (f) maintaining records of daily data communication transactions, problems and remedial actions taken, or installation activities;
- (g) emulating or reproducing technical problems encountered by users;
- (h) consulting user guides, technical manuals and other documents to research and implement solutions;
- (i) assisting applications programmers, systems developers and other ICT professionals to develop and test ICT products and services.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Communications assistant (ICT)
- Computer database assistant
- Computer help desk operator
- Computer programming assistant
- Computer systems analysis assistant

Unit Group 3513

Computer Network and Systems Technicians

Computer network and systems technicians establish, operate and maintain network and other data communications systems.

- (a) operating, maintaining and troubleshooting network systems;
- (b) operating and maintaining data communications systems other than networks;
- (c) assisting users with network and data communications problems;
- (d) identifying areas needing upgraded equipment and software;
- (e) installing computer hardware, network software, operating system software and applications software;

(f) performing start up and close down as well as backup and disaster recovery operations for computer networks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Computer network technician
- Network support technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Network administrator 2522
- Network analyst 2523
- Computer operator 3511
- Web technician 3514

Unit Group 3514

Web Technicians

Web technicians maintain, monitor and support the optimal functioning of Internet and Intranet websites and web server hardware and software. Tasks include –

 (a) installing, monitoring and supporting the reliability and usability of Internet and Intranet websites or web server hardware or software;

- (b) developing and maintaining documentation, policies and instructions, recording operational procedures and system logs;
- (c) developing, coordinating, implementing and monitoring security measures;
- (d) analysing and making recommendations to enhance performance, including upgrading and acquiring new systems;
- (e) liaising with, and providing guidance to, clients and users;
- (f) creating and modifying web pages;
- (g) performing web server backup and recovery operations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Webmaster
- Website administrator
- Website technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Computer games designer 2166
- Website designer 2166
- Systems analyst (computers) 2511
- Computer software designer 2512
- Website developer 2513
- Computer systems administrator 2522
- Network administrator 2522

Minor Group 352

Telecommunications and Broadcasting Technicians

Telecommunications and broadcasting technicians control technical functioning of equipment to record and edit images and sound and for transmitting radio and television broadcasts of images and sounds, as well as other types of telecommunication signals on land, sea or in aircraft; and perform technical tasks connected with telecommunications engineering research and with the design, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of telecommunications systems.

Tasks performed usually include: controlling equipment to record sound and edit and mix image and sound recordings; controlling and maintaining transmitting and broadcast systems and satellite systems for radio and television programmes; controlling and maintaining radio communications systems, satellite services and multiplex systems on land, sea or in aircraft; providing technical assistance connected with research and the development of telecommunications equipment, or testing prototypes; designing and preparing blueprints of circuitry according to the specifications given; providing technical supervision of the manufacture, utilization, maintenance and repair of telecommunications systems.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

3521 Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians

3522 Telecommunications Engineering Technicians

Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians

Broadcasting and audiovisual technicians control technical functioning of equipment to record and edit images and sound and for transmitting radio and television broadcasts of images and sounds, as well as other types of telecommunication signals on land, sea or in aircraft.

Tasks include -

- (a) controlling equipment to record sound;
- (b) controlling equipment to edit and mix image and sound recordings to ensure satisfactory quality and to create special image and sound effects;
- (c) applying knowledge of principles and practices of image and sound recording and editing in order to identify and solve problems;
- (d) controlling transmitting and broadcast systems and satellite systems for radio and television programmes;
- (e) controlling radio communications systems, satellite services and multiplex systems on land, sea or in aircraft;
- (f) applying knowledge of principles and practices of broadcasting, telecommunications terminals and transmissions systems in order to identify and solve problems;
- (g) making emergency repairs to equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Audiovisual operator
- Broadcasting equipment operator
- Broadcasting technician
- Camera operator (motion picture)
- Camera operator (video)
- Production assistant (media)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Photographer – 3431

Unit Group 3522

Telecommunications Engineering Technicians

Telecommunications engineering technicians perform technical tasks connected with telecommunications engineering research, as well as with the design, manufacture, assembly, construction, operation, maintenance and repair of telecommunications systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing technical assistance connected with research and the development of telecommunications equipment, or testing prototypes;
- (b) studying technical material such as blueprints and sketches to determine the method of work to be adopted;
- (c) preparing detailed estimates of quantities and costs of materials and labour required for the manufacture and installation of telecommunications equipment, according to the specifications given;
- (d) providing technical supervision of the manufacture, utilization, maintenance and repair
 of telecommunications systems to ensure satisfactory performance and compliance with
 specifications and regulations;
- (e) applying technical knowledge of telecommunications engineering principles and practices in order to identify and solve problems arising in the course of their work.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Engineering technician (telecommunications)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Engineering technician (electronics) 3114
- Computer hardware installer 7422
- Telecommunications equipment repairer
 7422
- Telephone installer 7422

Major Group 4

CLERICAL SUPPORT WORKERS

Clerical support workers record, organize, store, compute and retrieve information, and perform a number of clerical duties in connection with money-handling operations, travel arrangements, requests for information, and appointments. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by clerical support workers usually include: stenography, typing, and operating word processors and other office machines; entering data into computers; carrying out secretarial duties; recording and computing numerical data; keeping records relating to stocks, production and transport; keeping records relating to passenger and freight transport; carrying out clerical duties in libraries; filing documents; carrying out duties in connection with mail services; preparing and checking material for printing; assisting persons who cannot read or write with correspondence; performing money-handling operations; dealing with travel arrangements; supplying information requested by clients and making appointments; operating a telephone switchboard. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 41 General and Keyboard Clerks
- 42 Customer Services Clerks
- 43 Numerical and Material Recording Clerks
- 44 Other Clerical Support Workers

General and Keyboard Clerks

General and keyboard clerks record, organize, store and retrieve information and perform a wide range of clerical and administrative tasks according to established procedures. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: recording, preparing, sorting, classifying and filing information; sorting, opening and sending mail; preparing reports and correspondence of a routine nature; photocopying and faxing documents; operating personal computers, word processors or typewriters to record, input and process text and data; proofreading and correcting copy; preparing invoices and checking figures.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 411 General Office Clerks
- 412 Secretaries (general)
- 413 Keyboard Operators

Minor Group 411

General Office Clerks

General office clerks perform a range of clerical and administrative tasks according to established procedures.

Tasks performed usually include: recording, preparing, sorting, classifying and filing information; sorting, opening and sending mail; photocopying and faxing documents; preparing reports and correspondence of a routine nature; recording issue of equipment to staff; responding to telephone or electronic inquiries or forwarding to appropriate persons; checking figures, preparing invoices and recording details of financial transactions made; transcribing information onto computers, and proofreading and correcting copy.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

4110 General Office Clerks

Unit Group 4110

General Office Clerks

General office clerks perform a range of clerical and administrative tasks according to established procedures.

Tasks include -

- (a) recording, preparing, sorting, classifying and filing information;
- (b) sorting, opening and sending mail;
- (c) photocopying and faxing documents;
- (d) preparing reports and correspondence of a routine nature;
- (e) recording issue of equipment to staff;
- (f) responding to telephone or electronic inquiries or forwarding to appropriate person;
- (g) checking figures, preparing invoices and recording details of financial transactions made;

(h) transcribing information onto computers, and proofreading and correcting copy.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- General office clerk
- · Office clerk

Note

In distinguishing the work of general office clerks from that of workers classified in Unit Group 4120: Secretaries (general), it should be noted that the work of secretaries is primarily concerned with the transcription, formatting and processing of correspondence and other documentation. Whilst general office clerks may perform some work of this nature, the transcription and processing of documentation is not the main focus of the work.

Minor Group 412

Secretaries (general)

Secretaries (general) use typewriters, personal computers or other word processing equipment to transcribe correspondence and other documents, check and format documents prepared by other staff, deal with incoming and outgoing mail, screen requests for meetings or appointments, and perform a variety of administrative support tasks.

Tasks performed usually include: checking, formatting and transcribing correspondence, minutes and reports from dictation, electronic documents or written drafts to conform to office standards, using typewriters, personal computers or other word processing equipment; using various computer software packages, including spreadsheets, to provide administrative support; dealing with incoming or outgoing mail; scanning, recording and distributing mail, correspondence and other documents; screening requests for meetings or appointments and helping to organize meetings; screening and recording staff members' leave and other entitlements; organizing and supervising filing systems; dealing with routine correspondence on their own initiative.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

4120 Secretaries (general)

Unit Group 4120

Secretaries (general)

Secretaries (general) use typewriters, personal computers or other word processing equipment to transcribe correspondence and other documents, check and format documents prepared by other staff, deal with incoming and outgoing mail, screen requests for meetings or appointments, and perform a variety of administrative support tasks.

Tasks include -

- (a) checking, formatting and transcribing correspondence, minutes and reports from dictation, electronic documents or written drafts to conform to office standards, using typewriter, personal computer or other word processing equipment;
- (b) using various computer software packages including spreadsheets to provide administrative support;

- (c) dealing with incoming or outgoing mail;
- (d) scanning, recording and distributing mail, correspondence and other documents;
- (e) screening requests for meetings or appointments and helping to organize meetings;
- (f) screening and recording staff members' leave and other entitlements;
- (g) organizing and supervising filing systems;
- (h) dealing with routine correspondence on their own initiative.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Secretary
- Typing secretary
- Word processing secretary

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Legal secretary 3342
- Administrative secretary 3343
- Executive assistant 3343
- Medical secretary 3344

Minor Group 413

Keyboard Operators

Keyboard operators input and process text and data, and prepare, edit and generate documents for storage, processing, publication and transmission.

Tasks performed usually include: entering data and codes required to process information; retrieving, confirming and updating data in storage and keeping records of data input; taking records of proceedings in rapid shorthand using computerized equipment and shorthand-writing machines; transcribing information recorded in shorthand and on sound recording equipment, and proofreading and correcting copy; reproducing the spoken word, environmental sounds and song lyrics as captions for cinema and television programming.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

4131 Typists and Word Processing Operators

4132 Data Entry Clerks

Typists and Word Processing Operators

Typists and word processing operators type, edit and print text using typewriters, personal computers or other word processors, and record oral or written matter in shorthand.

Tasks include –

- (a) typing written material from rough drafts, corrected copies, voice recordings or shorthand using a computer, word processor or typewriter;
- (b) checking completed work for proper spelling, grammar, punctuation and formatting;
- (c) gathering and arranging the material to be typed, following instructions;
- (d) filing and storing completed documents on computer hard drive or disk, or maintaining a computer filing system to store, retrieve or update documents;
- (e) taking dictation and recording other matter in shorthand;
- (f) reproducing the spoken word, environmental sounds and song lyrics as captions for cinema and television programming;
- (g) transcribing information recorded in shorthand and on sound recording equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Shorthand typist
- Stenographer
- Typist
- Word processor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Court reporter 3343
- Medical transcriptionist 3344

Unit Group 4132

Data Entry Clerks

Data entry clerks enter coded, statistical, financial and other numerical data into electronic equipment, computerized databases, spreadsheets or other data repositories using a keyboard, mouse, optical scanner, speech recognition software or other data entry tools. They enter data into mechanical and electronic devices to perform mathematical calculations.

Tasks include -

- (a) receiving and registering invoices, forms, records and other documents for data capture;
- (b) entering numerical data, codes and text from source material into computer-compatible storage and processing devices;
- (c) verifying accuracy and completeness of data and correcting entered data, if needed;
- (d) operating bookkeeping and calculating machines;
- (e) importing and exporting data between different database systems and software.

- Data entry operator
- Data input clerk
- Payment entry clerk

Customer Services Clerks

Customer services clerks deal with clients in connection with money-handling operations, travel arrangements, requests for information, making appointments, operating telephone switchboards, and interviewing for surveys or to complete applications for eligibility for services. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: performing money-handling operations in banks, post offices and betting and gambling establishments, or dealing with travel arrangements; supplying information requested by clients and making appointments; operating telephone switchboards; greeting and receiving visitors; interviewing survey respondents; interviewing applicants for services.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

421 Tellers, Money Collectors and Related Clerks

422 Client Information Workers

Minor Group 421

Tellers, Money Collectors and Related Clerks

Tellers, money collectors and related clerks perform money-handling operations in establishments relating to banking, postal services, betting or gambling, pawning and debt collecting.

Tasks performed usually include: dealing with clients of banks or post offices in connection with money operations or postal services; receiving and paying off bets on results of sporting events; conducting gambling games; lending money against articles deposited or other securities; collecting debts and other payments.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 4211 Bank Tellers and Related Clerks
- 4212 Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers
- 4213 Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders
- 4214 Debt Collectors and Related Workers

Unit Group 4211

Bank Tellers and Related Clerks

Bank tellers and related clerks deal directly with clients of banks or post offices in connection with receiving, changing and paying out money, or providing mail services.

Tasks include -

- (a) processing customer cash deposits and withdrawals, cheques, transfers, bills, credit card payments, money orders, certified cheques and other related banking transactions;
- (b) crediting and debiting clients' accounts;
- (c) paying bills and making money transfers on clients' behalf;
- (d) receiving mail, selling postage stamps and conducting other post office counter business such as bill payments, money transfers and related business;
- (e) changing money from one currency to another, as requested by clients;

(f) making records of all transactions and reconciling them with cash balance.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bank teller
- Money changer
- Post office counter clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Cashier - 5230

Unit Group 4212

Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers

Bookmakers and croupiers and related gaming workers determine odds and receive and pay off bets on results of sporting or other events, or conduct games of chance in gambling establishments. Tasks include -

- (a) determining risks to decide odds and to hedge or refuse bets;
- (b) preparing and issuing lists of approximate odds:
- (c) distributing cards, rolling dice or spinning a roulette wheel;
- (d) explaining and interpreting operating rules of a gambling establishment;
- (e) announcing winning numbers, paying winners and collecting payments from losers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bookmaker
- Croupier

Unit Group 4213

Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders

Pawnbrokers and money-lenders lend money against articles deposited as pledges, or against property or other security.

Tasks include -

- (a) evaluating articles offered as pledges, calculating interest, and lending money;
- (b) returning articles when the loan is paid or, in the event of non-payment, selling pledged articles;
- (c) lending money as personal loans against success of future harvest and other similar undertakings;

- (d) collecting loans when the pledge involved the success of future harvest and other similar undertakings;
- (e) keeping a record of items received and money distributed and received.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Money-lender
- Pawnbroker

Unit Group 4214

Debt Collectors and Related Workers

Debt collectors and related workers collect payments on overdue accounts and bad cheques and collect charity payments.

Tasks include -

- (a) tracing and locating debtors;
- (b) telephoning, visiting or writing to customers to collect money or arrange for later payments;
- (c) preparing reports including amounts collected, and maintaining records and files related to collection work;
- (d) recommending legal action or discontinuation of service when payment cannot be otherwise obtained;
- (e) asking for and collecting charity payments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bill and account collector
- Charity collector
- Debt collector

Minor Group 422

Client Information Workers

Client information workers provide or obtain information in person, by telephone or electronic means such as email in connection with making travel arrangements, describing the products or services of an organization, registering and greeting guests and visitors, making appointments, connecting telephone calls and collecting information from survey respondents or applicants for services.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing itineraries and making travel and hotel reservations for clients; greeting and receiving clients and visitors; registering accommodation guests; providing information concerning the goods, services or policies of an organization; making appointments; operating a telephone switchboard; interviewing survey respondents and applicants for eligibility.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 4221 Travel Consultants and Clerks
- **4222 Contact Centre Information Clerks**
- 4223 Telephone Switchboard Operators
- **4224 Hotel Receptionists**
- 4225 Inquiry Clerks
- 4226 Receptionists (general)
- 4227 Survey and Market Research Interviewers
- 4229 Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Travel Consultants and Clerks

Travel consultants and clerks provide information about travel destinations, arrange travel itineraries, obtain travel and accommodation reservations and register passengers at check-in and departure.

Tasks include –

- (a) obtaining information about the availability, cost and convenience of different types of transport and accommodation, ascertaining customers' requirements and advising them on travel arrangements;
- (b) providing information about local and regional attractions, sightseeing tours, restaurants, arts and entertainment, and providing maps and brochures;
- (c) preparing itineraries;
- (d) making and confirming reservations for travel, tours and accommodation;
- (e) issuing tickets, boarding passes and vouchers;
- (f) helping customers in obtaining necessary travel documents such as visas;
- (g) verifying travel documentation and registering passengers and luggage at check-in and departure;
- (h) preparing bills and receiving payments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Airline ticket agent
- Check-in attendant
- Ticket issuing clerk (travel)
- Tourism information clerk
- Travel agency clerk
- Travel consultant
- Travel desk clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Travel agency manager 1439
- Conference and event planner 3332
- Tour operator 3339
- Tour escort 5113
- Tourist guide 5113
- Ticket issuing clerk (entertainment and sporting events) – 5230

Unit Group 4222

Contact Centre Information Clerks

Contact centre information clerks provide advice and information to clients, respond to queries regarding a company's or an organization's goods, services or policies, and process financial transactions using the telephone or electronic communications media such as email. They are located in premises that may be remote from clients or other operations of the organizations or companies about whom information is provided.

Tasks include -

- (a) dealing with incoming calls and messages from clients, whether to answer queries, handle calls for service or sort out complaints;
- (b) identifying requirements and entering events into a computer system;
- (c) dispatching tasks to other units, when relevant;
- (d) invoicing or handling payments, where necessary;
- (e) sending letters, information sheets and other documents to clients:
- (f) advising clients of additional products or services.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Customer contact centre information clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Telephone operator 4223
- Market research interviewer 4227
- Call centre salesperson 5244
- Customer contact centre salesperson 5244
- Telemarketing salesperson 5244

Only workers who respond to requests for information and/or handle straightforward transactions are classified in Unit Group 4222: Contact Centre Information Clerks. Those who provide specialized services, such as travel consultants, are classified in the relevant specialized group whether or not they are located in customer contact centres.

Unit Group 4223

Telephone Switchboard Operators

Telephone switchboard operators operate telephone communications switchboards and consoles to establish telephone connections, receive caller inquiries, service problem reports, and record and relay messages to staff or clients.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating switchboards and consoles to connect, hold, transfer and disconnect telephone calls;
- (b) making connections for outgoing calls;
- (c) dealing with telephone inquiries and recording messages;
- (d) forwarding messages to staff or clients;
- (e) investigating operating system problems and informing repair services.

- Answering service operator
- Telephone switchboard operator

Hotel Receptionists

Hotel receptionists welcome and register guests in hotels and other establishments that provide accommodation services. They assign rooms, issue keys, provide information concerning the services provided, make room reservations, keep a record of rooms available for occupancy, present statements of charges to departing guests and receive payment.

Tasks include -

- (a) maintaining an inventory of rooms available for occupancy, reservations and room assignments;
- (b) registering arriving guests, assigning rooms, verifying customers' credit and issuing room keys;
- (c) providing information regarding hotel services and services available in the community;
- (d) providing information about availability of accommodation and making room reservations;
- (e) responding to guests' requests for housekeeping and maintenance services as well as to complaints;
- (f) contacting housekeeping or maintenance services when guests report problems;
- (g) compiling and checking guest accounts for charges using computerized or manual systems;
- (h) receiving and forwarding messages in person or using telephones or telephone switchboards;
- (i) reviewing statements of charges to departing guests and receiving payment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hotel front desk clerk
- Hotel receptionist

Unit Group 4225

Inquiry Clerks

Inquiry clerks respond to personal, written and electronic mail as well as telephone inquiries and complaints about the organization's goods, services and policies, provide information and refer people to other sources. They are employed in locations which put them in direct contact with clients or with the production of the goods and services provided.

Tasks include -

 (a) answering inquiries about goods, services and policy and providing information about

- their availability, location, price and related issues:
- (b) responding to inquiries about problems and providing advice, information and assistance;
- (c) recording information about inquiries and complaints;
- (d) referring complex inquiries to team leaders or expert advisers;
- (e) issuing relevant forms, information kits and brochures to interested parties.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Counter inquiries clerk
- Information clerk

Unit Group 4226

Receptionists (general)

Receptionists (general) receive and welcome visitors, clients or guests and respond to inquiries and requests including arranging for appointments.

Tasks include –

- (a) receiving and welcoming visitors, guests or clients;
- (b) making appointments for clients;
- (c) dealing with telephone requests for information or appointments;
- (d) directing clients to appropriate location or person:
- (e) supplying information pamphlets, brochures or forms.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Medical office receptionist
- Receptionist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Medical secretary 3344
- Hotel receptionist 4224

Unit Group 4227

Survey and Market Research Interviewers

Survey and market research interviewers interview people and record their responses to survey and market research questions on a range of topics.

- (a) contacting individuals by telephone or in person and explaining the purpose of the interview.
- (b) asking questions following the outlines of questionnaires and surveys;

- (c) recording responses on paper or entering responses directly into a computer database through computer-assisted interviewing systems;
- (d) identifying and resolving inconsistencies in responses;
- (e) providing feedback to survey sponsors concerning problems in obtaining valid data.

- Market research interviewer
- Public opinion interviewer
- Survey interviewer

Unit Group 4229

Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group includes client information workers not included elsewhere in Minor Group 422: Client Information Workers. For instance, it includes workers who obtain and process information from clients needed to determine eligibility for services.

In such cases tasks would include -

- (a) interviewing patients to obtain and process information required to provide hospital services:
- (b) interviewing applicants for public assistance to gather information pertinent to their application;
- (c) verifying the accuracy of information provided;
- (d) initiating procedures to grant, modify, deny or terminate assistance;
- (e) providing information and answering questions concerning benefits and claims procedures:
- (f) referring patients or applicants to other organizations if they are ineligible for services.

- Eligibility interviewer
- Eligibility specialist
- Hospital admissions clerk

Numerical and Material Recording Clerks

Numerical and material recording clerks obtain, compile and compute accounting, book-keeping, statistical, financial and other numerical data, and take charge of cash transactions incidental to business matters. Some occupations classified here keep records of goods produced, purchased, stocked and dispatched, and of materials needed at specified production dates, or keep records of operational aspects and coordinate the timing of passenger and freight transport. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: helping with accounting and bookkeeping records and computations; calculating unit production costs; calculating wages and in some cases preparing wage packets and paying wages; taking charge of cash transactions incidental to the business; obtaining, compiling and computing statistical or actuarial data; performing clerical tasks relating to the financial transactions of an insurance establishment, bank or similar establishment; recording produced, stocked, ordered and dispatched goods; recording production materials received, put into stock or issued; computing quantities of the production materials required at specified dates and helping with preparation and checking of production operation schedules; keeping records of operational aspects and coordinating the timing of passenger and freight transport.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

431 Numerical Clerks

432 Material Recording and Transport Clerks

Minor Group 431

Numerical Clerks

Numerical clerks obtain, compile and compute accounting, bookkeeping, statistical, financial and other numerical data, and take charge of cash transactions incidental to business matters.

Tasks performed usually include: helping with accounting and bookkeeping records and computations; calculating unit production costs; calculating wages and in some cases preparing wage packets and paying wages; taking charge of cash transactions incidental to the business; obtaining, compiling and computing statistical or actuarial data; performing clerical tasks relating to the financial transactions of an insurance establishment, bank or similar establishment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

4311 Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks

4312 Statistical, Finance and Insurance Clerks

4313 Payroll Clerks

Unit Group 4311

Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks

Accounting and bookkeeping clerks compute, classify and record numerical data to keep financial records complete. They perform any combination of routine calculating, posting and verifying duties to obtain primary financial data for use in maintaining accounting records.

Tasks include -

(a) checking figures, postings and documents for correct entry, mathematical accuracy and proper codes;

- (b) operating computers programmed with accounting software to record, store and analyse information;
- (c) classifying, recording and summarizing numerical and financial data to compile and keep financial records, using journals and ledgers or computers;
- (d) calculating, preparing and issuing bills, invoices, account statements and other financial statements according to established procedures;
- (e) compiling statistical, financial, accounting or auditing reports and tables pertaining to

such matters as cash receipts, expenditures, accounts payable and receivable, and profits and losses.

Examples of the occupations included here:

- Accounts clerk
- Bookkeeping clerk
- Cost computing clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Accounting assistant 3313
- Bookkeeper 3313

Unit Group 4312

Statistical, Finance and Insurance Clerks

Statistical, finance and insurance clerks obtain, compile and compute statistical or actuarial data or perform clerical tasks relating to the transactions of insurance establishments, banks and other financial establishments.

Tasks include -

- (a) processing insurance enrolments, cancellations, claims transactions, policy changes and payments;
- (b) obtaining and compiling statistical or actuarial data based on routine or special sources of information;
- (c) calculating totals, averages, percentages and other details and presenting them in the required tabular form;
- (d) preparing financial documents, and calculating interest or brokerage charges and stamp duties payable;
- (e) maintaining records of bonds, shares and other securities bought or sold on behalf of clients or employers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Actuarial clerk
- Brokerage clerk
- Finance clerk
- · Insurance clerk
- Mortgage clerk

- Securities clerk
- Statistical clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Stocks and shares broker 3311
- Accounting assistant 3313
- Statistical assistant 3314
- Trade broker 3324
- Accounts clerk 4311
- Bookkeeping clerk 4311

Unit Group 4313

Payroll Clerks

Payroll clerks collect, verify and process payroll information and compute pay and benefit entitlements for employees within a department, company or other establishment.

Tasks include –

- (a) maintaining records of employee attendance, leave and overtime to calculate pay and benefit entitlements, using manual or computerized systems;
- (b) preparing and verifying statements of earnings for employees, indicating gross and net salaries and deductions such as taxes, union dues, garnishments and insurance and pension plans;
- (c) preparing employee payments and benefit payments by cheque or electronic transfer;
- (d) reviewing time sheets, work charts, wage computation and other information to detect and reconcile payroll discrepancies;
- (e) verifying attendance, hours worked and pay adjustments, and posting information into designated records.

Example of the occupations included here:

Wages clerk

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Accounting assistant 3313
- Bookkeeper 3313
- Accounts clerk 4311
- Bookkeeping clerk 4311

Minor Group 432

Material Recording and Transport Clerks

Material recording and transport clerks keep records of goods produced, purchased, stocked and dispatched, and of materials needed at specified production dates, or keep records of operational aspects and coordinate the timing of passenger and freight transport.

Tasks performed usually include: recording goods produced, stocked, ordered and dispatched; recording production materials received, put into stock or issued; computing quantities of the

production materials required at specified dates and helping with preparation and checking of production operation schedules; keeping records of operational aspects and coordinating the timing of passenger and freight transport.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

4321 Stock Clerks

4322 Production Clerks

4323 Transport Clerks

Unit Group 4321

Stock Clerks

Stock clerks maintain records of goods produced and production materials received, weighed, issued, dispatched or put into stock.

Tasks include -

- (a) arranging and controlling receipt and dispatch of goods and keeping relevant records;
- (b) maintaining stock records, verifying issue of goods, estimating needs and making requisitions of new stocks;
- (c) receiving, storing and issuing tools, spare parts or various equipment, and maintaining relevant records;
- (d) weighing goods received or produced, or for issue or dispatch, and maintaining relevant records;
- (e) compiling inventories of furniture and other items received for storage.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dispatch clerk (stock)
- Freight clerk
- Stock clerk
- Storeroom clerk
- Weighing clerk

Unit Group 4322

Production Clerks

Production clerks compute quantities of materials required at specified dates for manufacturing, construction and similar production programmes, and prepare and check production operation schedules.

Tasks include –

- (a) computing quantities, qualities and types of materials required by production programmes;
- (b) preparing production requirements schedules, ensuring that materials are available when needed, and keeping relevant records;

- (c) preparing or assisting in the preparation of production operation schedules on the basis of customers' orders and production capacity and performance;
- (d) verifying stocks, arranging deliveries and investigating delays;
- (e) recording and coordinating the flow of work and materials between departments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Production clerk
- Schedule clerk (materials)

Unit Group 4323

Transport Clerks

Transport clerks keep records of operational aspects and coordinate the timing of train, road and air passenger and freight transport, and prepare reports for management.

Tasks include -

- (a) keeping records of operational aspects and coordinating the timing of passenger and freight transport;
- (b) directing train routings within a division or zone of a railway system and keeping related records;
- (c) directing, controlling and keeping records of freight handling at a railway yard;
- (d) coordinating and keeping records of operational activities concerning road transport, such as allocation and scheduling of vehicles and drivers, loading and unloading of vehicles, and storage of goods in transit;
- (e) coordinating and keeping records of operational activities concerning air transport of passengers and freight, such as passenger lists and freight manifests;
- (f) preparing reports for management.

- Clerical controller (transport service)
- Clerical dispatcher (transport service)

Other Clerical Support Workers

Other clerical support workers sort and deliver mail, file documents, prepare information for processing, maintain personnel records, check material for consistency with original source material, assist persons who cannot read or write, and perform various other specialized clerical duties. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: recording information regarding acquisition, issue and return of library books; classifying and filing various documents and other records; maintaining personnel records; sorting, recording and delivering mail from post offices, as well as from or within an enterprise; coding; correcting proofs; performing a range of miscellaneous clerical duties; writing on behalf of persons who are unable to read or write.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

441 Other Clerical Support Workers

Minor Group 441

Other Clerical Support Workers

Other clerical support workers sort and deliver mail, file documents, prepare information for processing, maintain personnel records, check material for consistency with original source material, assist persons who cannot read or write, and perform various other specialized clerical duties.

Tasks performed usually include: recording information regarding acquisition, issue and return of library books; classifying and filing various documents and other records; maintaining personnel records; sorting, recording and delivering mail from post offices, as well as from or within an enterprise; coding; correcting proofs; performing a range of miscellaneous clerical duties; writing on behalf of persons who are unable to read or write.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 4411 Library Clerks
- 4412 Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks
- 4413 Coding, Proofreading and Related Clerks
- 4414 Scribes and Related Workers
- 4415 Filing and Copying Clerks
- 4416 Personnel Clerks
- 4419 Clerical Support Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 4411

Library Clerks

Library clerks issue and receive library materials, sort and shelve books, sound and vision recordings, periodicals, journals, magazines and newspapers and provide general library information to library users.

Tasks include -

- (a) issuing and receiving library books and other materials;
- (b) placing books and other library materials on shelves:

- (c) performing clerical activities such as manual and electronic filing, word processing and occasional typing;
- (d) maintaining journal subscriptions;
- (e) assisting library users in accessing basic library materials and making interlibrary loans;
- (f) maintaining library records relating to the acquisition, issue and return of books and other materials.

- Library clerk
- Library filer

Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks

Mail carriers and sorting clerks perform sorting, recording, delivery and other duties in connection with mail services from post offices or related organizations, as well as from or within an establishment.

Tasks include -

- (a) performing mail-handling duties in public post offices or privately owned delivery establishments;
- (b) sorting and delivering mail to private houses and businesses;
- (c) providing delivery confirmation records when requested by the client;
- (d) sorting and keeping simple records of incoming and outgoing correspondence and dispatching outgoing mail in various establishments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Mail clerk
- Post carrier
- Postman/woman

Unit Group 4413

Coding, Proofreading and Related Clerks

Coding, proofreading and related clerks convert information into codes, verify and correct proofs, and perform a number of miscellaneous clerical duties.

Tasks include -

- (a) converting information into codes and classifying information by codes for data-processing purposes;
- (b) comparing proofs of texts and related material prepared for printing with original material, correcting errors and marking texts for the printer according to the established rules;
- (c) sorting forms and marking them with identification numbers;
- (d) sorting documents for filing or to collate sets of pages;
- (e) addressing circulars and envelopes by hand.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Coding clerk
- Proofreading clerk

Unit Group 4414

Scribes and Related Workers

Scribes and related workers write letters and complete forms on behalf of persons who are unable to read or write.

Tasks include -

- (a) reading letters and other written matter to persons who are unable to read or write and providing necessary interpretation and information;
- (b) writing letters and completing forms on behalf of others;
- (c) offering advice to individuals and interpreting and helping with the completion of government and other official forms.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Scribe

Unit Group 4415

Filing and Copying Clerks

Filing and copying clerks file correspondence, cards, invoices, receipts and other records in alphabetical or numerical order or according to the filing system used. They locate and remove material from file when requested and photocopy, scan or fax documents.

Tasks include -

- (a) sorting or classifying materials according to guidelines such as content, purpose, user criteria, or chronological, alphabetical or numerical order;
- (b) filing material in drawers, cabinets and storage boxes;
- (c) locating and removing materials from files when requested;
- (d) keeping records of materials filed and removed:
- (e) photocopying, scanning or faxing documents.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Copying clerk
- Filing clerk

Unit Group 4416

Personnel Clerks

Personnel clerks maintain and update personnel records such as information on transfers and promotions, performance evaluations, employee leave taken and accumulated, salaries, qualifications and training.

Tasks include –

- (a) updating information on employment history, salaries, performance evaluations, qualifications and training, and leave taken and accumulated;
- (b) initiating records for newly appointed workers and checking records for completeness:
- (c) processing applications for employment and promotions and advising applicants of results;
- (d) receiving and answering inquiries about employment entitlements and conditions;
- (e) sending out job applications and announcements of job openings and job examinations;
- (f) maintaining and updating manual and computerized filing and registration systems, and compiling and preparing reports and documents relating to personnel activities;
- (g) storing and retrieving personnel records and files on request.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Human resource assistant
- Human resource clerk

Unit Group 4419

Clerical Support Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers clerical support workers not classified elsewhere in Major Group 4: Clerical Support Workers. For instance, the group includes correspondence clerks, press clippers and publication clerks.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) receiving customers' orders for classified advertising, writing and editing copy, calculating advertising rates and billing customers;
- (b) writing business and government correspondence such as replies to requests for information and assistance, damage claims, credit and billing inquiries and service complaints;
- (c) assisting in the preparation of periodicals, advertisements, catalogues, directories and other material for publication;
- (d) reading newspapers, magazines, press releases and other publications to locate and file articles of interest to staff and clients.

- Advertising clerk
- Correspondence clerk
- Directory compiler
- Press clipper
- Publication clerk

Major Group 5

SERVICES AND SALES WORKERS

Services and sales workers provide personal and protective services related to travel, house-keeping, catering, personal care, protection against fire and unlawful acts; or demonstrate and sell goods in wholesale or retail shops and similar establishments, as well as at stalls and on markets. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by services and sales workers usually include: organizing and providing services during travel; housekeeping; preparing and serving of food and beverages; caring for children; providing personal and basic health care at homes or in institutions, as well as hairdressing, beauty treatment and companionship; telling fortunes; embalming and arranging funerals; providing security services and protecting individuals and property against fire and unlawful acts; enforcing of law and order; posing as models for advertising, artistic creation and display of goods; selling goods in wholesale or retail establishments, as well as at stalls and on markets; and demonstrating goods to potential customers. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 51 Personal Services Workers
- 52 Sales Workers
- 53 Personal Care Workers
- **54 Protective Services Workers**

Personal Services Workers

Personal services workers provide personal services related to travel, housekeeping, catering and hospitality, hairdressing and beauty treatment, animal care grooming and training, companionship and other services of a personal nature. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: organizing and providing services in connection with travel and sightseeing; housekeeping; preparing and serving food and beverages; hairdressing and beauty treatment; telling fortunes; embalming and arranging funerals; grooming, caring for and training animals; teaching people to drive motor vehicles; providing companionship and other personal services. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 511 Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides
- 512 Cooks
- 513 Waiters and Bartenders
- 514 Hairdressers, Beauticians and Related Workers
- 515 Building and Housekeeping Supervisors
- 516 Other Personal Services Workers

Minor Group 511

Travel Attendants, Conductors and Guides

Travel attendants, conductors and guides provide various personal services in connection with travelling by aircraft, train, ship, bus or other vehicle, and escorting individuals and groups on travel tours, sightseeing visits and excursions.

Tasks performed usually include: ensuring the comfort and safety of passengers; serving food and refreshments; providing information and answering questions in connection with travel; collecting or issuing tickets on board public transport; accompanying individuals or groups on sightseeing tours or excursions and describing points of interest.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 5111 Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards
- **5112 Transport Conductors**
- 5113 Travel Guides

Unit Group 5111

Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards

Travel attendants and travel stewards ensure the comfort and safety of passengers, serve meals and beverages and render personal services, usually on aircraft and on board ships. They may plan and coordinate housekeeping and social activities on ships.

- (a) greeting passengers entering aircraft or ships, checking tickets or boarding passes, and directing passengers to their seats or berths;
- (b) announcing, explaining and demonstrating safety and emergency procedures such as the use of oxygen masks, seat belts and life jackets;

- (c) assembling and serving pre-prepared meals and beverages;
- (d) selling duty-free and other goods;
- (e) taking care of general needs and comfort of passengers, answering inquiries, and keeping cabins clean and tidy;
- (f) directing and assisting passengers and following prescribed procedures in the event of an emergency, such as evacuating an aircraft following an emergency landing;
- (g) verifying that first aid kits and other emergency equipment are in working order;
- (h) administering first aid to passengers in distress;
- (i) attending pre-flight briefings concerning weather, altitudes, routes, emergency

- procedures, crew coordination, lengths of flights, food and beverage services offered, and numbers of passengers;
- (j) preparing passengers and aircraft for takeoff and landing;
- (k) determining special assistance needs of passengers such as small children, the elderly or disabled persons.

- Cabin attendant
- Flight attendant
- Ship's steward

Unit Group 5112

Transport Conductors

Transport conductors check and issue tickets and ensure the safety and comfort of passengers on trains, trams, buses and other public transport vehicles.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting and issuing tickets, passes or fares, and checking the validity of tickets issued previously;
- (b) attending to sleeping-cars and their occupants on passenger trains;
- (c) providing assistance with boarding, seating and luggage as required, especially to elderly, sick or injured people;
- (d) opening and closing doors for passengers;
- (e) performing equipment safety checks prior to departure;
- (f) signalling to drivers to stop or proceed;
- (g) greeting passengers boarding transportation equipment, and announcing routes and stops;
- (h) ensuring that safety regulations are respected;
- responding to passengers' requests and complaints and providing information about stops and connections;
- (j) taking appropriate action in case of emergencies or accidents.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Bus conductor

- Cable car conductor
- Ticket inspector (public transport)
- Train conductor
- Tram conductor

Unit Group 5113

Travel Guides

Travel guides accompany individuals or groups on trips, sightseeing tours and excursions and on tours of places of interest such as historical sites, industrial establishments and theme parks. They describe points of interest and provide background information on interesting features.

Tasks include -

- (a) escorting and guiding tourists on cruises and sightseeing tours;
- (b) escorting visitors through places of interest such as museums, exhibitions, theme parks, factories and other industrial establishments;
- (c) describing and providing information on points of interest and exhibits and responding to questions;
- (d) conducting educational activities for schoolchildren;
- (e) monitoring visitors' activities to ensure compliance with establishment or tour regulations and safety practices;
- (f) greeting and registering visitors and tour participants, and issuing any required identification badges or safety devices;
- (g) distributing brochures, showing audiovisual presentations, and explaining procedures and operations at tour sites;
- (h) providing for physical safety of groups, and performing activities such as providing first aid and directing emergency evacuations;
- (i) resolving any problems with tour itineraries, service or accommodation.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Art gallery guide
- Tour escort
- Tourist guide

Minor Group 512

Cooks

Cooks plan, organize, prepare and cook meals, according to recipes or under the supervision of chefs, in hotels, restaurants and other eating places, on board ships, on passenger trains and in private households.

Tasks performed usually include: planning meals; preparing and cooking foodstuffs; planning, supervising and coordinating the work of kitchen helpers; checking the quality of food; weighing, measuring and mixing ingredients according to recipes and personal judgement;

regulating the temperature of ovens, grills, roasters and other cooking equipment; inspecting and cleaning the kitchen, kitchen equipment, serving areas, etc. to ensure safe and sanitary food handling practices; and operating large-volume cooking equipment such as grills, deepfat fryers or griddles.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

5120 Cooks

Unit Group 5120

Cooks

Cooks plan, organize, prepare and cook meals, according to recipes or under the supervision of chefs, in hotels, restaurants and other eating places, on board ships, on passenger trains and in private households.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning meals and preparing and cooking foodstuffs:
- (b) planning, supervising and coordinating the work of kitchen helpers;
- (c) checking the quality of food;
- (d) weighing, measuring and mixing ingredients according to recipes and personal judgement:
- (e) regulating the temperature of ovens, grills, roasters and other cooking equipment;

- inspecting and cleaning the kitchen, kitchen equipment and serving areas to ensure safe and sanitary food handling practices;
- (g) operating large-volume cooking equipment such as grills, deep-fat fryers or griddles.

Example of the occupations classified here:

Cook

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Café manager 1412
- Restaurant manager 1412
- Chef 3434
- Fast food preparer 9411

Note

Operators of small cafés, restaurants and bars for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Groups 5120: Cooks, 5131: Waiters or 5132: Bartenders, depending on the main tasks performed.

Minor Group 513

Waiters and Bartenders

Waiters and bartenders serve food and beverages in commercial dining and drinking places, clubs, institutions and canteens, on board ships and on passenger trains.

Tasks performed usually include: assisting in keeping the bar properly stocked; washing used glassware and cleaning the bar area; serving alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks at a bar; setting tables with clean linen, cutlery, crockery and glassware; serving food and beverages; advising on the choice of wines and serving them; taking orders for food and/or drinks and passing the orders to the kitchen; presenting bills and accepting payment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5131 Waiters

5132 Bartenders

Unit Group 5131

Waiters

Waiters serve food and beverages at tables in dining and drinking places, clubs, institutions and canteens, on board ships and on passenger trains.

Tasks include –

- (a) setting tables with clean linen, cutlery, crockery and glassware;
- (b) greeting customers and presenting them with menus and beverage lists;
- (c) advising on food and beverage choices;
- (d) taking orders for food and drinks and passing orders to kitchen or bar staff;
- (e) serving food and beverages to clients at tables:
- (f) clearing tables and returning dishes and cutlery to the kitchen;

(g) presenting bills, accepting payment and operating point-of-sales machines and cash registers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Sommelier
- Waiter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Café manager 1412
- Restaurant manager 1412
- Bartender 5132

Note

Operators of small cafés, restaurants and bars for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Groups 5120: Cooks, 5131: Waiters or 5132: Bartenders, depending on the main tasks performed.

Unit Group 5132

Bartenders

Bartenders prepare, mix and serve alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks directly to customers over a bar or counter, or through waiters.

Tasks include -

- (a) taking beverage orders from serving staff or directly from patrons;
- (b) preparing and serving alcoholic and non-alcoholic drinks at a bar;

- (c) washing used glassware, and cleaning and maintaining bar service areas, tea- and coffeemaking areas and equipment such as espresso machines;
- (d) collecting payment for sales, operating cash registers and balancing cash receipts;
- (e) tapping kegs and attaching supply lines;
- (f) assisting in keeping the bar properly stocked and arranging bottles and glasses;
- (g) checking identification of customers to verify age requirements for purchase of alcohol;
- (h) taking steps to limit problems related to excessive drinking, such as persuading customers to stop drinking, declining further service or ordering transportation;
- (i) mixing ingredients to prepare cocktails and other drinks;
- (j) serving snacks or other food items to customers at the bar.

Example of the occupations classified here:

Bartender

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Café manager 1412
- Restaurant manager 1412
- Waiter 5131

Note

Operators of small cafés, restaurants and bars for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Groups 5120: Cooks, 5131: Waiters or 5132: Bartenders, depending on the main tasks performed.

Minor Group 514

Hairdressers, Beauticians and Related Workers

Hairdressers, beauticians and related workers cut and dress hair, shave and trim beards, give beauty treatments, apply cosmetics and make-up and give other kinds of treatment to individuals in order to improve their appearance.

Tasks performed usually include: discussing customers' requirements; cutting and dressing hair; shaving and trimming beards; giving beauty treatments; applying cosmetics and makeup; shaping and polishing finger- and toenails and treating minor ailments of the human foot; attending clients taking baths and administering elementary massage.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5141 Hairdressers

5142 Beauticians and Related Workers

Unit Group 5141

Hairdressers

Hairdressers cut, style, colour, straighten and permanently wave hair, shave or trim facial hair and treat scalp conditions.

- (a) cutting, washing, tinting and waving hair;
- (b) shaving or trimming beards and moustaches;
- (c) giving scalp treatments;
- (d) fitting wigs according to customers' requirements;

- (e) providing advice on hair care, beauty products and hairstyles;
- (f) styling hair into dreadlocks and braids and adding hair extensions;
- (g) arranging appointments and collecting payments:
- (h) cleaning work areas and sanitizing instruments.

- Barber
- Hair care specialist
- Hairdresser
- Hairstylist

Unit Group 5142

Beauticians and Related Workers

Beauticians and related workers give facial and body beauty treatments, apply cosmetics and make-up and give other kinds of treatment to individuals in order to improve their appearance.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning and applying creams, lotions and related products to face and other parts of the body;
- (b) giving facial and body massage;
- (c) applying make-up to clients of a beauty parlour or to actors and other performers;
- (d) cleaning, shaping and polishing finger- and toenails and treating ailments of the human foot such as corns, calluses or deformed toenails:
- (e) attending to clients taking baths and administering elementary massage;
- (f) using waxing, sugaring and depilation techniques to remove unwanted bodily hair;
- (g) advising clients on diet and exercise to assist in weight loss and slimming;
- (h) arranging appointments and collecting payments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bath attendant
- Beautician
- Make-up artist
- Manicurist
- Pedicurist
- Slimming consultant

Minor Group 515

Building and Housekeeping Supervisors

Building and housekeeping supervisors coordinate, schedule and supervise the work of cleaners and other housekeeping staff in commercial, industrial and residential premises. They take responsibility for housekeeping and caretaking functions in hotels, offices, apartments, houses and private dwellings.

Tasks performed usually include: assigning tasks and inspecting building areas to see that cleaning, housekeeping and maintenance work has been done properly; issuing of supplies and equipment and inventory stocks to ensure that the supplies on hand are adequate; screening and hiring job applicants; training both new and experienced employees; recommending promotions, transfers or dismissals; performing some cleaning, housekeeping and maintenance tasks.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 5151 Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments
- 5152 Domestic Housekeepers
- 5153 Building Caretakers

Unit Group 5151

Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments

Cleaning and housekeeping supervisors in offices, hotels and other establishments organize, supervise and carry out housekeeping functions in order to keep clean and tidy the interiors, fixtures and facilities in these establishments.

- (a) engaging, training, discharging, organizing and supervising helpers, cleaners and other housekeeping staff;
- (b) purchasing or controlling the purchase of supplies;
- (c) controlling storage and issue of supplies;
- (d) supervising general welfare and conduct of individuals in institutions;

- (e) sweeping, vacuum-cleaning, washing and polishing floors, furniture and other fixtures;
- (f) making beds, cleaning bathrooms and supplying towels, soap and related items;
- (g) cleaning kitchens and generally helping with kitchen work, including dishwashing;
- (h) restocking mini-bars and replenishing items such as drinking glasses and writing equipment.

- Housekeeper (hotel)
- Matron (housekeeping)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Hotel manager 1411
- Bed and breakfast operator 5152
- Domestic housekeeper 5152
- Building caretaker 5153
- Domestic cleaner 9111

Unit Group 5152

Domestic Housekeepers

Domestic housekeepers organize, supervise and carry out housekeeping functions in private households and small accommodation establishments with or without the support of subordinate staff.

Tasks include –

- (a) supervising workers employed in households as domestic staff;
- (b) purchasing or controlling the purchase of supplies;
- (c) controlling storage and issue of supplies;
- (d) assisting in cases of minor injury or illness by performing tasks such as taking temperature, giving medicine and putting on bandages;
- (e) sweeping, vacuum-cleaning, washing and polishing floors, furniture and other fixtures.
- (f) making beds, cleaning bathrooms and supplying towels, soap and related items;
- (g) taking care of household pets and plants, receiving visitors, answering telephones, delivering messages and shopping for groceries;
- (h) preparing and cooking meals, setting and clearing tables and serving food and beverages;
- (i) cleaning kitchens and generally helping with kitchen work, including dishwashing.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Bed and breakfast operator

- Butler
- Domestic housekeeper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Hotel manager 1411
- Domestic helper 9111

Note

Operators of small accommodation establishments, such as some bed and breakfast establishments and small guest houses that provide accommodation and limited meal services to clients effectively as paying guests in private households, and for whom the management and supervision of staff is not a significant component of the work, are classified in Unit Group 5152: Domestic Housekeepers.

Unit Group 5153

Building Caretakers

Building caretakers take care of apartment houses, hotels, offices, churches and other buildings and maintain them and associated grounds in a clean and orderly condition. They may supervise other workers and contractors depending on the size and nature of the building concerned.

Tasks include -

- (a) supervising the work of cleaning, housekeeping and building maintenance staff and contractors;
- (b) participating in cleaning, simple repairs and maintenance of building interiors;
- (c) tending furnaces and boilers to ensure provision of heat and hot water:
- (d) regulating conduct of tenants and visitors in such matters as noise abatement or misuse of property;
- (e) providing small services to absent tenants such as accepting deliveries on their behalf or providing requested information to callers;
- (f) notifying management and owners of buildings of the need for major repairs;
- (g) patrolling buildings to ensure security is maintained;
- (h) filling out registration forms and providing tenants with copies of rules.

- Caretaker
- Concierge (building)
- Janitor
- Sexton

Minor Group 516

Other Personal Services Workers

Other personal services workers recount past and predict future events in persons' lives, provide companionship and other personal services, groom, train and care for animals, provide embalming and funeral services and train people to drive vehicles.

Tasks performed usually include: casting horoscopes; providing companionship or valet services and other personal services to clients; providing embalming and funeral services; feeding, handling, training and grooming animals; instructing students under actual driving conditions.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 5161 Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers
- 5162 Companions and Valets
- 5163 Undertakers and Embalmers
- 5164 Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers
- 5165 Driving Instructors
- 5169 Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 5161

Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers

Astrologers, fortune-tellers and related workers recount past and predict future events in persons' lives by practising astrology, on the basis of characteristics of the clients' palms, samples of playing cards drawn or other techniques.

Tasks include -

- (a) casting horoscopes of individuals at birth or later to recount past and forecast future events and conditions of their lives;
- (b) interpreting characteristics of clients' palms, samples of playing cards, position of tea leaves or coffee remnants in a cup, shapes and patterns of bones of dead animals, etc.;
- (c) forecasting future events on the basis of these interpretations;
- (d) determining auspicious times for various human activities such as inaugurations, marriages, journeys and religious and other ceremonies;
- (e) giving warnings and advice on possible courses of action;
- (f) advising individuals on precautions to be taken to avoid evil influences.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Astrologer
- Fortune-teller
- Numerologist
- Palmist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Witch doctor 3230
- Faith healer 3413

Unit Group 5162

Companions and Valets

Companions and valets provide companionship and attend to various needs of the client or employer.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing companionship to the employer by accompanying him/her to various places, reading, conversing and participating in activities such as sports;
- (b) assisting in entertaining visitors in the employer's home;
- (c) keeping wardrobe and personal effects of the employer in good order.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Companion
- Personal maid
- Valet

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Butler 5152
- Dancing partner 5169
- Social escort 5169

Unit Group 5163

Undertakers and Embalmers

Undertakers and embalmers arrange funerals and perform various tasks in the disposal of human remains.

Tasks include -

(a) making arrangements for and conducting funerals, cremations and burials;

- (b) embalming human remains to retard or arrest the process of decay;
- (c) conforming to health and sanitation and ensuring that legal requirements concerning embalming are met;
- (d) incising and closing incisions on various parts of the body and reshaping or reconstructing disfigured or maimed human remains when necessary;
- (e) dressing human bodies and placing them in caskets;
- (f) conducting interviews to arrange for preparation of obituary notices, to assist with the selection of caskets or urns, and to determine the location and time of burials or cremations.

- Embalmer
- Undertaker

Unit Group 5164

Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers

Pet groomers and animal care workers feed, handle, train and groom animals and assist veterinarians, animal health technologists and technicians in veterinary facilities, animal shelters, breeding and boarding kennels, zoos, laboratories, retail pet shops, riding schools, dog training schools and pet grooming and similar establishments.

Tasks include –

- (a) bathing and feeding animals;
- (b) leading or carrying animals to treatment rooms and holding them during treatment;
- (c) cleaning and sterilizing veterinary surgical instruments;
- (d) labelling drugs, chemicals and other pharmaceutical preparations and replenishing stock:
- (e) sterilizing bottles, beakers and other equipment;
- (f) cleaning, organizing and disinfecting animal quarters such as pens, stables, cages and yards, and animal equipment such as saddles and bridles;
- (g) collecting and recording animal information such as weight, size, physical condition, treatments received, medications given and food intake;
- (h) training animals to develop and maintain desired behaviours for competition, entertainment, obedience, security, riding and other activities;
- (i) grooming animals by performing tasks such as washing, brushing, clipping and trimming coats, cutting nails and cleaning ears.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Animal attendant
- Dog trainer
- Horse breaker
- Veterinary aide
- Zoo keeper

Unit Group 5165

Driving Instructors

Driving instructors teach people how to drive motor vehicles.

Tasks include -

- (a) instructing students under actual driving conditions, and explaining and demonstrating the operation of brakes, clutch, gear selection, automatic transmission, signals and lights;
- (b) teaching road traffic regulations;
- (c) teaching road craft and road safety;
- (d) advising students when they are ready to undergo driving examination;
- (e) advising on and teaching advanced driving techniques required for emergency situations;
- (f) illustrating and explaining handling and mechanical operation of motor vehicles and driving techniques, using blackboard diagrams and audiovisual aids.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Driving instructor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Flying instructor – 3153

Unit Group 5169

Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers personal service workers not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 51: Personal Services Workers. For instance, those who provide services and companionship as dancing partners, social escorts and night-club hostesses or hosts are classified here.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) accompanying clients to restaurants and other outings;
- (b) acting as a dancing partner;
- (c) welcoming clients to a night-club and ensuring that they are entertained well.

- Club host
- Club hostess
- Dancing partner
- Social escort

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Companion – 5162

Note

Countries that have a requirement to compile statistics on those who provide sexual services to clients on a commercial basis should include them in Unit Group 5169: Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified. If there is a need, in national adaptations of ISCO-08, to identify this group separately from other occupations included in Unit Group 5169, use of Unit Group code 5168 is recommended for this purpose.

Sub-major Group 52

Sales Workers

Sales workers sell and demonstrate goods in wholesale or retail shops, at stalls and markets, door-to-door, via telephone or customer contact centres. They may record and accept payment for goods and services purchased, and may operate small retail outlets. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: selling goods in whole-sale or retail establishments, at street or market stalls, door-to-door, via telephone or customer contact centres; demonstrating and displaying goods to potential customers; selling and serving food for immediate consumption at counters and in the street; buying or contracting a regular supply of products to be sold; stacking and displaying goods for sale and wrapping or packing goods sold; determining product mix, stock and price levels for goods to be sold; operating cash registers, optical price scanners, computers or other equipment to record and accept payment for the purchase of goods and services. Supervision of other workers may be required in some occupations classified here.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 521 Street and Market Salespersons
- 522 Shop Salespersons
- 523 Cashiers and Ticket Clerks
- 524 Other Sales Workers

Note

Shop managers and sales managers are classified in Major Group 1: Managers. Technical, medical and information and communications technology sales professionals are classified in Major Group 2: Professionals. Commercial sales and insurance representatives, and finance and trade brokers, are classified in Major Group 3: Technicians and Associate Professionals. Street vendors (excluding food) are classified in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations.

Minor Group 521

Street and Market Salespersons

Street and market salespersons sell goods from stalls on markets or in streets and prepare and sell hot or cold food and beverages ready for immediate consumption in streets and public places.

Tasks performed usually include: obtaining permission to set up a stand at a particular place in streets, markets or other open spaces or to sell food and drinks on the street; buying or contracting a regular supply of products to be sold; erecting and dismantling stalls and stands; transporting, storing, loading and unloading products for sale; stacking, displaying and selling goods, food and drinks and accepting payment; wrapping and packing goods sold; preparing food and drinks for sale; pushing, pedalling or carrying handcarts, trucks, trays or baskets to bring food and drinks to the desired place in the street, or to public places such as stations or cinemas; keeping accounts and maintaining a record of stock levels.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5211 Stall and Market Salespersons

5212 Street Food Salespersons

Note

Vendors in streets and public places of non-food items (or of pre-packaged non-perishable food items such as confectionery) from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Minor Group 952: Street Vendors (excluding Food).

Stall and Market Salespersons

Stall and market salespersons sell various goods from stalls in open-air or covered markets or from stalls in streets or other open spaces.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining permission to set up a stand at a particular place in streets, markets or other open spaces;
- (b) determining product mix, stock and price levels for goods to be sold;
- buying or contracting a regular supply of goods to be sold from wholesale suppliers or directly from producers;
- (d) erecting and dismantling stalls and stands, and transporting, storing, loading and unloading goods for sale;
- (e) demonstrating and selling goods and accepting payment;
- (f) stacking and displaying goods for sale, and wrapping and packing goods sold;
- (g) keeping accounts and maintaining a record of stock levels.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Kiosk salesperson
- Market stallholder
- Market vendor
- Street stall sales assistant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Street food vendor 5212
- Shopkeeper 5221
- Shop sales assistant 5223
- Food service counter attendant 5246
- Street vendor (excluding food) 9520

Notes

Vendors from street and market stalls of fresh food products not intended for immediate consumption (such as fruit, vegetables, meat and dairy products) are classified in Unit Group 5211: Stall and Market Salespersons. Vendors from street and market stalls of a variety of prepared meals and food items for immediate consumption are classified in Unit Group 5246: Food Service Counter Attendants. Vendors in streets and public places of food and beverages for immediate consumption from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 5212: Street Food Salespersons. Vendors in streets and public places of non-food items (or of pre-packaged non-perishable food items such as confectionery) from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 9520: Street Vendors (excluding Food). Workers who prepare simple food items for immediate consumption, such as hamburger cooks, but have limited direct contact with clients, are classified in Unit Group 9411: Fast Food Preparers.

If adapting these categories to national circumstances please note that the aim of separately identifying vendors of food items for immediate consumption is to ensure that jobs that require skills in service, basic preparation and hygienic handling of food are visible. Food service counter attendants generally serve a wider range of more elaborate products and meals than street food salespersons and do not generally transport food using, or sell food from, equipment such as handcarts, bicycles or baskets.

Unit Group 5212

Street Food Salespersons

Street food salespersons prepare and sell, or sell previously prepared, hot or cold foods and beverages ready for immediate consumption in streets and public places such as stations, cinemas or theatres.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining permission or a licence, where required, to sell food and drinks on the street or in a public place;
- (b) obtaining food and drinks for sale;
- (c) preparing, either beforehand or on the spot, food and drinks for sale;
- (d) loading and unloading, pushing, pedalling or carrying handcarts, trucks, trays or baskets to bring food and drinks to the desired place in the street, or to public places such as stations or cinemas;
- (e) displaying and selling food and drinks and accepting payment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hawker (food)
- Street food vendor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cook 5120
- Food service counter attendant 5246
- Fast food preparer 9411
- Street vendor (excluding food) 9520

Notes

Vendors from street and market stalls of fresh food products not intended for immediate consumption (such as fruit, vegetables, meat and dairy products) are classified in Unit Group 5211: Stall and Market Salespersons. Vendors from street and market stalls of a variety of prepared meals and food items for immediate consumption are classified in Unit Group 5246: Food Service Counter Attendants. Vendors in streets and public places of food and beverages for immediate consumption from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 5212: Street Food Salespersons. Vendors in streets and public places of non-food items (or of pre-packaged non-perishable food items such as confectionery) from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 9520: Street Vendors (excluding Food). Workers

who prepare simple food items for immediate consumption, such as hamburger cooks, but have limited direct contact with clients, are classified in Unit Group 9411: Fast Food Preparers.

If adapting these categories to national circumstances please note that the aim of separately identifying vendors of food items for immediate consumption is to ensure that jobs that require skills in service, basic preparation and hygienic handling of food are identified. Food service counter attendants generally serve a wider range of more elaborate products and meals than street food salespersons and do not generally transport food using, or sell food from, equipment such as handcarts, bicycles or baskets

Minor Group 522

Shop Salespersons

Shop salespersons sell a range of goods and services directly to the public or on behalf of retail and wholesale establishments. They explain the functions and qualities of these goods and services, and may operate small shops or supervise the activities of shop sales assistants and cashiers.

Tasks performed usually include: determining customer requirements and advising on product range, price, delivery, warranties and product use and care; demonstrating, explaining and selling goods and services to customers; accepting payment for goods and services by a variety of payment methods, and preparing sales invoices; undertaking or assisting with the ongoing management of stock such as product inventories, and participating in stock takes; stacking and displaying goods for sale, and wrapping and packing goods sold; determining product mix, stock and price levels for goods to be sold; supervising and coordinating the activities of shop sales assistants, checkout operators and other workers in supermarkets and department stores.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5221 Shopkeepers

5222 Shop Supervisors

5223 Shop Sales Assistants

Unit Group 5221

Shopkeepers

Shopkeepers operate small retail shops either independently or with support from a small number of others.

Tasks include -

- (a) determining product mix, stock and price levels for goods to be sold;
- (b) purchasing and ordering goods for sale from markets, wholesalers and other suppliers;
- (c) budgeting and maintaining records of stock levels and financial transactions;
- (d) determining prices and displaying goods for sale;
- (e) selling goods to customers and advising them on product use;
- (f) examining returned goods and deciding on appropriate action;
- (g) taking inventory of goods in stock.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Grocer
- Newsagent
- Shopkeeper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Shop manager 1420
- Market stallholder 5211

Note

Only operators of small shops for whom the management and supervision of staff are not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Group 5221: Shopkeepers. Operators of shops where management tasks and supervision of staff are significant and frequent elements of the work are classified in Unit Group 1420: Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers. Staff who control and direct the activities of shop sales assistants, checkout operators and other workers, but who do not take responsibility for determining product mix, overall setting of prices, budgets, staffing levels, selection and recruitment, are classified in Unit Group 5222: Shop Supervisors.

Unit Group 5222

Shop Supervisors

Shop supervisors supervise and coordinate the activities of shop sales assistants, checkout operators and other workers in retail and whole-sale shops such as supermarkets and department stores.

Tasks include -

- (a) planning and preparing work schedules and assigning staff to specific duties;
- (b) instructing staff on sales procedures, including how to handle difficult or complex cases:
- (c) ensuring that customers receive prompt service;
- (d) participating in and providing advice to managers on interviewing, hiring, training, evaluating, promoting and dismissing staff, and resolving staff grievances;
- (e) examining returned goods and deciding on appropriate action;
- (f) taking inventory of goods for sale and ordering new stock;
- (g) ensuring that goods and services are correctly priced and displayed;
- (h) ensuring that safety procedures are enforced.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Checkout supervisor
- Supermarket supervisor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Shop manager 1420
- Street stall salesperson 5211
- Shopkeeper 5221

Note

Operators of small shops for whom the management and supervision of staff are not a significant component of the work are classified in Unit Group 5221: Shopkeepers. Shop managers who, in addition to supervision of staff, perform management tasks such as determining product mix, overall setting of prices, budgeting and making decisions on staff levels, selection and recruitment are classified in Unit Group 1420: Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers.

Unit Group 5223

Shop Sales Assistants

Shop sales assistants sell a range of goods and services directly to the public or on behalf of retail and wholesale establishments, and explain the functions and qualities of these goods and services.

Tasks include –

- (a) determining customer requirements and advising on product range, price, delivery, warranties and product use and care;
- (b) demonstrating and explaining to customers the establishment's goods and services;
- (c) selling goods and services, accepting payment by a variety of payment methods, preparing sales invoices and recording sales using cash registers;
- (d) assisting with the ongoing management of stock such as product inventories, and participating in stock takes;
- (e) stacking and displaying goods for sale, and wrapping and packing goods sold.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Salesperson (retail establishment)
- Salesperson (wholesale establishment)
- Shop assistant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Shop manager 1420
- Kiosk salesperson 5211
- Market salesperson 5211
- Street stall salesperson 5211
- Street food vendor 5212
- Shopkeeper 5221
- Checkout operator 5230
- Food service counter attendant 5246

Minor Group 523

Cashiers and Ticket Clerks

Cashiers and ticket clerks operate cash registers, optical price scanners, computers or other equipment to record and accept payment for the purchase of goods, services and admissions in settings such as stores, restaurants and ticket offices.

Tasks performed usually include: receiving and verifying payment by cash, cheque, credit card or automatic debit in stores, ticket offices or similar establishments; giving change and issuing receipts; issuing tickets at ticket offices and taking corresponding payments; counting and recording money received or paid out and balancing against cash register sales records; receiving incoming cash, checking it against sales slips and other documents, and preparing it for deposit at a bank; operating cash registers to calculate totals to be paid from or to clients; scanning, weighing and recording prices of goods; wrapping and placing merchandise in bags.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

5230 Cashiers and Ticket Clerks

Cashiers and Ticket Clerks

Cashiers and ticket clerks operate cash registers, optical price scanners, computers or other equipment to record and accept payment for the purchase of goods, services and admissions in settings such as stores, restaurants and ticket offices.

Tasks include –

- (a) receiving and verifying payment by cash, cheque, credit card or automatic debit in stores, ticket offices or similar establishments;
- (b) giving change and issuing receipts;
- (c) issuing tickets for attendance at sporting and cultural events;
- (d) counting and recording money received or paid out and balancing against cash register sales records;
- (e) receiving incoming cash, checking it against sales slips and other documents, and preparing it for deposit at a financial institution

- (f) operating cash registers to calculate totals to be paid from or to clients;
- (g) scanning, weighing and recording prices of goods;
- (h) wrapping and placing merchandise in bags.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Checkout operator
- Service station cashier
- Service station console operator
- Store cashier
- Ticket issuing clerk (entertainment and sporting events)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ticket issuing clerk (travel) 4221
- Checkout supervisor 5222
- Shop sales assistant 5223
- Service station attendant 5245

Minor Group 524

Other Sales Workers

Other sales workers display, demonstrate and sell goods, food and services, usually to the general public, in contexts other than sales in markets, streets and shops. This group includes sales workers not classified in Minor Groups 521: Street and Market Salespersons, 522: Shop Salespersons and 523: Cashiers and Ticket Clerks.

Tasks performed may include: displaying and demonstrating items for sale; posing for photographs, film and video, advertising, still photography or for artistic creation; answering questions and offering advice on the use of goods and services; taking orders and making arrangements for payment, delivery and collection of goods or for provision of services; selling goods and services and soliciting business by approaching potential customers by going from door to door or using the telephone or other electronic communications media; selling fuel, lubricants and other automotive products at service stations; providing services such as fuelling, cleaning, lubricating and performing minor repairs to motor vehicles.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 5241 Fashion and Other Models
- 5242 Sales Demonstrators
- 5243 Door-to-door Salespersons
- **5244 Contact Centre Salespersons**
- 5245 Service Station Attendants
- **5246 Food Service Counter Attendants**
- 5249 Sales Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Note

Sales managers are classified in Minor Group 122: Sales, Marketing and Development Managers. Technical, medical and ICT sales professionals are classified in Minor Group 243: Sales, Marketing and Public Relations Professionals. Commercial sales and insurance representatives are classified in Minor Group 332: Sales and Purchasing Agents and Brokers.

Fashion and Other Models

Fashion and other models wear and display clothing and accessories and pose for photographs, film and video, advertising, still photography or for artistic creation.

Tasks include -

- (a) dressing in sample apparel of new or current styles or of type wanted by customer;
- (b) walking, turning and posing to demonstrate, to best advantage, style and characteristics of garments, fashion accessories and other merchandise;
- (c) posing as subject for sculpture, painting and other types of visual art;
- (d) posing for still photography for magazines and other advertising media;
- (e) posing for television, video and cinema commercials and other productions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Advertising model
- Artist's model
- Fashion model

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Actor – 2655

Unit Group 5242

Sales Demonstrators

Sales demonstrators demonstrate goods at commercial premises, exhibitions and private homes.

Tasks include –

- (a) setting up displays and demonstrating articles for sale to inform customers about their characteristics and mode of use, as well as to stimulate buying interest;
- (b) answering questions and offering advice on the use of goods;
- (c) selling goods or directing customers to sales staff:
- (d) taking orders and making arrangements for payment, delivery and collection of goods;
- (e) offering sample goods and distributing catalogues and advertising material.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Demonstrator
- Sales merchandiser

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Market salesperson 5211
- Street stall salesperson 5211
- Door-to-door salesperson 5243

Unit Group 5243

Door-to-door Salespersons

Door-to-door salespersons describe, demonstrate and sell goods and services and solicit business for establishments by approaching or visiting potential customers, usually residents in private homes, by going from door to door.

Tasks include –

- (a) giving details of various goods or services and of terms of sale by visiting clients and potential clients in private homes;
- (b) demonstrating or describing goods or services on offer;
- (c) recording orders and transactions and placing orders received with suppliers;
- (d) preparing invoices and sales contracts and accepting payment;
- (e) distributing letters, information sheets and other documents to clients;
- (f) compiling lists of prospective clients and calling on them to obtain new business;
- (g) travelling between sales areas and clients and transporting samples or goods for sale.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Door-to-door salesperson
- Door-to-door sales representative
- Party plan salesperson

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Commercial sales representative 3322
- Street vendor 9520

Unit Group 5244

Contact Centre Salespersons

Contact centre salespersons contact existing and prospective customers, using the telephone or other electronic communications media, to promote goods and services, obtain sales and arrange sales visits. They may work from a customer contact centre or from non-centralized premises.

Tasks include -

- (a) promoting goods and services by telephone or electronic mail, following scripts and working from lists of contacts;
- (b) creating interest in goods and services, and seeking a sale or an agreement to see sales representatives;
- (c) arranging processing and dispatch of goods and services, information kits and brochures to customers:
- (d) arranging appointments for sales representatives;

- (e) recording notes for follow-up action and updating marketing databases to reflect changes to the status of each customer;
- (f) reporting competitor activities and issues raised by contacts for attention by managers;
- (g) maintaining statistics of calls made and successes achieved;
- (h) submitting periodic reports on telemarketing activities and results.

- Call centre salesperson
- Customer contact centre salesperson
- Internet salesperson
- Telemarketer
- Telemarketing salesperson

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Contact centre information clerk – 4222

Unit Group 5245

Service Station Attendants

Service station attendants sell fuel, lubricants and other automotive products and provide services such as fuelling, cleaning, lubricating and performing minor repairs to motor vehicles.

Tasks include -

- (a) filling fuel tanks and containers to level specified by customer;
- (b) checking and replenishing air pressure in vehicle tyres, oil and other vehicle fluid levels;
- (c) washing vehicle windscreens and windows;
- (d) performing minor repair work to vehicles such as replacing tyres, light bulbs and windscreen wiper blades;
- (e) maintaining and operating automatic car wash facilities;
- (f) collecting payments from customers for purchases;
- (g) cleaning petrol pumps and surrounding driveways, shops and facilities;
- (h) undertaking stock control and preparing reports on fuel, oil, accessories and other items sold.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Marina attendant
- Service station attendant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Shop sales assistant 5223
- Service station cashier 5230
- Food service counter attendant 5246

Note

Workers who accept payment or sell goods in shops at service stations but do not provide forecourt services such as assistance with fuel, lubricants, cleaning and maintenance are excluded from Unit Group 5245: Service Station Attendants

Unit Group 5246

Food Service Counter Attendants

Food service counter attendants serve customers at food counters and finish preparation of simple food items in restaurants, cafés, hotels, fast food outlets, cafeterias, hospitals and other settings.

Tasks include –

- (a) serving food to customers at counters;
- (b) ascertaining the products desired by customers, assisting them in making choices and taking orders;
- (c) cleaning, peeling, slicing and trimming foodstuffs, using manual and electric appliances;
- (d) preparing simple food items and reheating prepared meals;
- (e) portioning and wrapping food or placing it directly on plates for service to patrons;
- (f) packaging takeaway food;
- (g) stocking refrigerators and salad and buffet bars and keeping records of the quantities of food used:
- (h) receiving payment for food items purchased.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cafeteria counter attendant
- Salad bar attendant

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cook 5120
- Waiter 5131
- Bartender 5132
- Kiosk salesperson 5211
- Market salesperson 5211
- Street stall salesperson 5211
 Fast food preparer 9411

Notes

Vendors from street and market stalls of fresh food products not intended for immediate consumption (such as fruit, vegetables, meat and dairy products) are classified in Unit Group 5211: Stall and Market Salespersons. Vendors from street and market stalls of a variety of prepared meals and food items for immediate consumption are classified in Unit Group 5246: Food Service Counter Attendants. Vendors in streets and public places of food and beverages for immediate consumption from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 5212: Street Food Salespersons. Vendors in streets and public places of nonfood items (or of pre-packaged non-perishable food items such as confectionery) from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 9520: Street Vendors (excluding Food). Workers who prepare simple food items for immediate consumption, such as hamburger cooks, but have limited direct contact with clients, are classified in Unit Group 9411: Fast Food Preparers.

If adapting these categories to national circumstances please note that the aim of separately identifying vendors of food items for immediate consumption is to ensure that jobs that require skills in service, basic preparation and hygienic handling of food are identified. Food service counter attendants generally serve a wider range of more elaborate products and meals than street food salespersons and do not generally transport food using, or sell food from, equipment such as handcarts, bicycles or baskets.

Unit Group 5249

Sales Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group includes sales workers not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 52: Sales Workers.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Rental salesperson

Sub-major Group 53

Personal Care Workers

Personal care workers provide care, supervision and assistance for children, patients and elderly, convalescent or disabled persons in institutional and residential settings. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: assisting with mobility, washing and other personal needs; assisting children individually to learn social skills; supervising and participating in activities that enhance children's physical, social, emotional and intellectual development; observing and reporting concerns to appropriate health or social service workers.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

531 Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides

532 Personal Care Workers in Health Services

Minor Group 531

Child Care Workers and Teachers' Aides

Child care workers and teachers' aides provide care and supervision for children in schools, residential homes and child care facilities.

Tasks performed usually include: assisting children individually to learn social skills; demonstrating, supervising and participating in activities that enhance the physical, social, emotional and intellectual development of children in schools and pre-schools; assisting in preparation of materials and equipment for children's education and recreational activities before school, after school, during vacation and in day care centres.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5311 Child Care Workers

5312 Teachers' Aides

Unit Group 5311

Child Care Workers

Child care workers provide care and supervision for children in residential homes and in beforeschool, after-school, vacation and day care centres.

Tasks include –

- (a) assisting children to wash, dress and feed themselves;
- (b) taking children to and from school or outdoors for recreation:
- (c) playing games with children, or entertaining them by reading or storytelling;
- (d) assisting in the preparation of materials and equipment for children's education and recreational activities;
- (e) managing children's behaviour and guiding their social development;
- (f) disciplining children and recommending or initiating other measures to control behaviour, such as caring for own clothing and picking up toys and books;

- (g) observing and monitoring children's play activities;
- (h) keeping records on individual children, including daily observations and information about activities, meals served and medications administered.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Babysitter
- Child care worker
- Creche ayah
- Family day care worker
- Nanny
- Out of school hours care worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Early childhood educator – 2342

Teachers' Aides

Teachers' aides perform non-teaching duties to assist teaching staff, and provide care and supervision for children in schools and pre-schools.

Tasks include -

- (a) demonstrating, supervising and participating in activities that enhance the physical, social, emotional and intellectual development of children in schools and pre-schools;
- (b) preparing indoor and outdoor areas for learning and recreational activities;

- (c) assisting children with intellectual, physical, behavioural and other learning difficulties with their studies;
- (d) assisting children individually to learn social skills;
- (e) assisting with preparing teaching materials, and copying and collating written and printed material;
- (f) operating audiovisual equipment, computers and other teaching aids;
- (g) distributing and collecting lesson material.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Pre-school assistant
- Teacher's assistant

Minor Group 532

Personal Care Workers in Health Services

Personal care workers in health services provide personal care and assistance with mobility and activities of daily living to patients and elderly, convalescent and disabled people in health care and residential settings.

Tasks performed usually include: assisting patients with mobility, personal care and communication needs; sterilizing surgical and other instruments and equipment; observing and reporting concerns to the appropriate medical or social service workers; preparing patients for examination and treatment and participating in planning the care of individuals.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 5321 Health Care Assistants
- 5322 Home-based Personal Care Workers
- 5329 Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 5321

Health Care Assistants

Health care assistants provide direct personal care and assistance with activities of daily living to patients and residents in a variety of health care settings such as hospitals, clinics and residential nursing care facilities. They generally work in implementation of established care plans and practices, and under the direct supervision of medical, nursing or other health professionals or associate professionals.

Tasks include -

- (a) providing care, support and treatment to patients and residents of medical, rehabilitative and residential care facilities according to treatment plans established by medical, nursing and other health professionals;
- (b) assisting patients with personal and therapeutic care needs such as personal hygiene, feeding, dressing, physical mobility and exercise, communication, taking oral medications and changing dressings;

- (c) positioning, lifting and turning patients and transporting them in wheelchairs or on movable beds;
- (d) maintaining patients' environmental hygiene standards, such as cleaning patient rooms and changing bed linen;
- (e) providing massage and other non-pharmacological pain relief measures, such as during pregnancy and labour;
- (f) observing patients' condition, responses and behaviour and reporting changes to a health professional.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Birth assistant (clinic or hospital)
- Nursing aide (clinic or hospital)
- Patient care assistant
- Psychiatric aide

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Nurse (professional) 2221
- Nurse (associate professional) 3221
- Ambulance worker 3258
- Nursing aide (home) 5322

Note

Workers who provide personal care to residents of institutions and facilities that have permanent medical or nursing supervision (such as hospitals, rehabilitation centres, residential nursing care facilities and nursing homes), and therefore work under the direct supervision of nurses, medical doctors or other health professionals or associate professionals, are classified in Unit Group 5321: Health Care Assistants. Workers who provide personal care to residents of independent living units, generally without permanent medical or nursing supervision, should be classified in Unit Group 5322: Home-based Personal Care Workers. In general, workers classified in Minor Group 532: Personal Care Workers in Health Services do not perform tasks requiring extensive medical knowledge or training, such as administering medications and cleaning and dressing wounds: where tasks of this type are performed they are of a simple and routine nature

Unit Group 5322

Home-based Personal Care Workers

Home-based personal care workers provide routine personal care and assistance with activities of daily living to persons who are in need of such care due to effects of ageing, illness, injury or other physical or mental conditions, in private homes and other independent residential settings.

Tasks include -

- (a) assisting clients with personal and therapeutic care needs such as personal hygiene, feeding, dressing, physical mobility and exercise, communication, taking oral medications and changing dressings, usually according to care plans established by a health professional:
- (b) maintaining records of client care, changes in condition and responses to care and treatment, and reporting concerns or providing referrals to a health or social services professional;
- (c) positioning and lifting clients with physical mobility challenges, and helping transport them in wheelchairs and motor vehicles;
- (d) providing clients and families with emotional support, information and advice on topics such as nutrition, hygiene, exercise, caring for infants or adapting to disability or illness;
- (e) maintaining clients' environmental hygiene standards, such as changing bed linen, washing clothes and dishes, and cleaning living quarters;
- (f) providing psychological support to clients such as through conversation or reading aloud;
- (g) planning, purchasing, preparing or serving meals to meet nutritional requirements and prescribed diets;

- (h) providing support to parents and care for newborns during the postpartum period;
- scheduling and accompanying clients for appointments with medical doctors and other health professionals, or performing other errands.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Home birth assistant
- Home care aide
- Nursing aide (home)
- Personal care provider

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Nurse (professional) 2221
- Social worker (professional) 2635
- Nurse (associate professional) 3221
- Social worker (associate professional) 3412
- Nursing aide (clinic or hospital) 5321

Note

Workers who provide personal care to residents of medical and health care facilities that have permanent medical or nursing supervision (such as in hospitals and nursing care homes), and therefore work under the direct supervision of health professionals or associate professionals, are classified in Unit Group 5321: Health Care Assistants. Workers who provide personal care in independent residential settings (including retirement communities with minimal or no on-site medical or nursing supervision) are classified in Unit Group 5322: Homebased Personal Care Workers. Home birth assistants, who provide emotional support and general care and advice to women and families during pregnancy and labour, but not delivery care to reduce health risks, are included here. Care workers who provide care and supervision for children in residential homes and care centres are classified in Unit Group 5311: Child Care Workers.

Unit Group 5329

Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers providers of routine health and personal care support services not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 532: Personal Care Workers in Health Services. For instance, the group includes occupations such as dental aide, sterilization aide, hospital orderly, medical imaging assistant and pharmacy aide.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) cleaning and sterilizing surgical, dental and pharmaceutical instruments, bottles, beakers and other equipment;
- (b) labelling drugs, chemicals and other pharmaceutical preparations and replenishing stock on shelves;

- (c) lifting, turning and moving patients and transporting them in wheelchairs or on movable beds;
- (d) preparing patients for examination or treatment;
- (e) setting up instrument trays, preparing materials, and assisting dentists or radiographers during procedures;
- (f) exposing diagnostic X-rays.

• Dental aide

- First aid attendant
- Hospital orderly
- Medical imaging assistant
- Pharmacy aide
- Phlebotomist
- Sterilization aide

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pharmaceutical assistant 3213
- Dental technician 3214
- Dental assistant 3251

Sub-major Group 54

Protective Services Workers

Protective services workers protect individuals and property against fire and other hazards, maintain law and order and enforce laws and regulations. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: preventing, fighting and extinguishing fires; rescuing people from burning buildings and accident sites and those trapped in dangerous situations; maintaining law and order, enforcing laws and regulations, patrolling public areas and arresting suspected offenders; directing traffic and assuming authority in the event of accidents; watching over and maintaining order among inmates of prisons, reformatories or penitentiaries; patrolling or monitoring premises to guard property against theft and vandalism, controlling access to establishments and maintaining order and enforcing regulations at public events and within establishments. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

541 Protective Services Workers

Minor Group 541

Protective Services Workers

Protective services workers protect individuals and property against fire and other hazards, maintain law and order and enforce laws and regulations.

Tasks performed usually include: preventing, fighting and extinguishing fires; rescuing people from burning buildings and accident sites and those trapped in dangerous situations; maintaining law and order, enforcing laws and regulations, patrolling public areas and arresting suspected offenders; directing traffic and assuming authority in the event of accidents; watching over and maintaining order among inmates of prisons, reformatories or penitentiaries; patrolling or monitoring premises to guard property against theft and vandalism, controlling access to establishments and maintaining order and enforcing regulations at public events and within establishments. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

5411 Firefighters

5412 Police Officers

5413 Prison Guards

5414 Security Guards

5419 Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 5411

Firefighters

Firefighters prevent, fight and extinguish fires and assist in other emergencies, protect life and property and conduct rescue efforts.

Tasks include -

- (a) responding to fire alarms and other calls for assistance, such as automobile and industrial accidents, bomb threats and other emergencies;
- (b) controlling and extinguishing fires using manual and power equipment and firefighting chemicals;
- (c) fighting special types of fires and using special equipment in industrial establishments;

- (d) rescuing people from burning buildings and accident sites and those trapped in dangerous situations;
- (e) preventing or limiting the spread of dangerous substances in case of fires or accidents;
- (f) informing the public about fire prevention.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Firefighter
- Forest firefighter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Fire inspector 3112
- Fire prevention specialist 3112
- Fire investigator 3119

Police Officers

Police officers maintain law and order, patrolling public areas, enforcing laws and regulations and arresting suspected offenders.

Tasks include -

- (a) patrolling a specific area to maintain public order, responding to emergencies, protecting people and property and enforcing laws and regulations;
- (b) identifying, pursuing and arresting suspects and perpetrators of criminal acts;
- (c) directing traffic and assuming authority in the event of accidents;
- (d) providing emergency assistance to victims of accidents, crimes and natural disasters.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Constable
- Police officer
- Police patrol officer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Police chief constable 1112
- Police commissioner 1112
- Police inspector-general 1112
- Police detective 3355
- Police inspector 3355

Unit Group 5413

Prison Guards

Prison guards watch over and maintain order among inmates of prisons, reformatories or penitentiaries.

Tasks include –

- (a) searching arriving prisoners, putting their valuables in safekeeping, escorting prisoners to cells and locking them in;
- (b) making periodic inspection tours of cells and inspecting and maintaining the security of locks, windows, doors and gates;
- (c) supervising prisoners at work and meals, and during recreation periods;
- (d) observing the conduct and behaviour of prisoners to prevent disturbances and escapes;
- (e) patrolling prison areas to prevent escapes;
- (f) assisting with the implementation of rehabilitation programmes;
- (g) escorting prisoners in transit and during temporary leave.

Example of the occupations classified here:

Prison guard

Unit Group 5414

Security Guards

Security guards patrol or monitor premises to guard property against theft and vandalism. They control access to establishments and maintain order and enforce regulations at public events and within establishments.

Tasks include -

- (a) patrolling premises and checking doors, windows and gates to prevent and detect signs of unauthorized entry;
- (b) controlling access to establishments, monitoring and authorizing the entrance or departure of employees and visitors, checking identification and issuing security passes;
- (c) circulating among visitors, patrons or employees to preserve order, protect property from theft or vandalism and enforce the regulations of the establishment;
- (d) responding to alarms, investigating disturbances and contacting superiors, police or firefighters as appropriate;
- (e) performing security checks of passengers and luggage at airports;
- (f) picking up and ensuring the safe delivery of cash and valuables to banks, automated teller machines and retail establishments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bodyguard
- Doorkeeper
- Museum guard
- Security guard
- Security patrolman/woman
- Watchman/woman

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Beach patrolman/woman 5419
- Lifeguard 5419

Unit Group 5419

Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers protective services workers not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 541: Protective Services Workers. For instance, the unit group includes lifeguards, crossing guards and animal control officers.

Tasks include -

- (a) patrolling beaches and swimming pools to prevent accidents and to rescue bathers from drowning;
- (b) monitoring traffic flow to locate safe gaps through which pedestrians can cross streets;

- (c) responding to citizen complaints concerning stray domestic animals, livestock and wildlife, issuing warnings and citations to owners and impounding lost, homeless and dangerous animals;
- (d) patrolling an assigned area to enforce parking regulations;
- (e) directing traffic.

• Animal control officer

- Beach patrolman/woman
- Crossing guard
- Game warden
- Lifeguard
- Traffic warden

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Doorkeeper 5414
- Museum guard 5414
- Watchman/woman 5414

Major Group 6

SKILLED AGRICULTURAL, FORESTRY AND FISHERY WORKERS

Skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops; gather wild fruits and plants; breed, tend or hunt animals; produce a variety of animal husbandry products; cultivate, conserve and exploit forests; breed or catch fish; and cultivate or gather other forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and income for themselves and their households. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by skilled agricultural, forestry and fishery workers usually include: preparing the soil; sowing, planting, spraying, fertilizing and harvesting field crops; growing fruit and other tree and shrub crops; growing garden vegetables and horticultural products; gathering wild fruits and plants; breeding, raising, tending or hunting animals mainly to obtain meat, milk, hair, fur, skin or sericultural, apiarian or other products; cultivating, conserving and exploiting forests; breeding or catching fish; cultivating or gathering other forms of aquatic life; storing and carrying out some basic processing of their produce; selling their products to purchasers, marketing organizations or at markets. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 61 Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers
- 62 Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers
- 63 Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers

Sub-major Group 61

Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers

Market-oriented skilled agricultural workers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops; and to produce a variety of animals and animal products for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: preparing the soil; sowing, planting, spraying, fertilizing and harvesting field crops; growing fruit and other tree and shrub crops; growing garden vegetables and horticultural products; raising, breeding and tending animals mainly to obtain meat, milk, hair, fur, skin or sericultural, apiarian or other products; storing and carrying out some processing of produce; selling their products to purchasers, marketing organizations or at markets. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 611 Market Gardeners and Crop Growers
- 612 Animal Producers
- 613 Mixed Crop and Animal Producers

Note

Jobs should be classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers when goods (mostly food) are produced mainly for own consumption or for consumption by other members of the worker's household. If a large surplus is produced, and more goods are sold than consumed, but the main aim of production was own consumption, the jobs should nevertheless be classified in Sub-major Group 63. Jobs should only be classified in Sub-major Groups 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers or 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers if the main aim of the activity is to produce goods for the market.

Minor Group 611

Market Gardeners and Crop Growers

Market gardeners and crop growers plan, organize and perform operations to grow and harvest field crops; to grow fruit and other tree and shrub crops; to grow garden vegetables and medicinal and other plants; and to produce horticultural and horticultural nurseries products for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks performed usually include: monitoring market activity and conditions, determining types and quantities of crops to be grown, and planning and coordinating production accordingly; purchasing seeds, bulbs and fertilizer; investing in land and land improvements; preparing land and sowing, planting, cultivating and harvesting various crops; tending working animals and maintaining farm buildings, machinery and equipment; producing saplings, bulbs and seeds; storing and carrying out some processing of produce; delivering or marketing farm products. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 6111 Field Crop and Vegetable Growers
- 6112 Tree and Shrub Crop Growers
- 6113 Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers
- 6114 Mixed Crop Growers

Unit Group 6111

Field Crop and Vegetable Growers

Field crop and vegetable growers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest various types of field crop such as wheat and other cereals, rice, beetroot, sugar-cane, groundnuts, tobacco, reed or other field crops, and potatoes, cabbages or other field vegetables, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining types and quantities of crops to be grown, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) preparing soil by hand or machine, and spreading fertilizers and manure;
- (c) selecting and sowing seeds, and planting seedlings;
- (d) maintaining crops by cultivating soil, by transplanting, pruning or thinning plants, and by setting up and operating irrigation equipment;
- (e) controlling weeds, pests and diseases by applying herbicides and pesticides;
- (f) harvesting crops and destroying diseased or superfluous crops;
- (g) inspecting, cleaning, grading, packaging, storing and loading crops for sale or delivery to market;
- (h) tending working animals and maintaining farm buildings, structures, equipment and water supply systems;
- (i) storing and carrying out some processing of produce:
- (j) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of produce and supplies and maintaining and evaluating records of farm activities and transactions;
- (k) training and supervising workers in crop production, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cereal farmer
- Cotton farmer
- Potato farmer
- Rice farmer
- Skilled farm worker (field crops)
- Sugar-cane grower

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Agricultural production manager 1311
- Crop farm labourer 9211

Note

Growers of vegetables using intensive cultivation techniques are classified in Unit Group 6113: Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers.

Unit Group 6112

Tree and Shrub Crop Growers

Tree and shrub crop growers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest trees and shrubs such as fruit and nut trees, tea and coffee bushes, grape vines, berry-bearing bushes, cocoa trees and rubber trees, and to collect sap, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining types and quantities of crops to be grown, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) preparing soil by hand or machine, and spreading fertilizers and manure;
- (c) selecting and sowing seeds, and planting seedlings;
- (d) maintaining crops by cultivating soil, by transplanting, pruning or thinning trees and shrubs, and by setting up and operating irrigation equipment;
- (e) controlling weeds, pests and diseases by applying herbicides and pesticides;
- (f) tending trees or bushes, collecting sap and harvesting crops;
- (g) inspecting, cleaning, grading, packaging, storing and loading crops for sale or delivery to market;
- (h) tending working animals and maintaining farm buildings, structures, equipment and water supply systems;
- (i) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (j) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation
 of produce and supplies, and maintaining
 and evaluating records of farm activities and
 transactions;
- (k) training and supervising workers in crop production, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fruit farmer
- Rubber farmer
- Rubber tapper
- Tea grower
- Viticulturist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Plantation manager 1311
- Fruit picker 9211

Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers

Gardeners and horticultural and nursery growers plan, organize and perform operations to cultivate and maintain trees, shrubs, flowers and other plants in parks and private gardens, and to produce saplings, bulbs and seeds or grow vegetables and flowers, by intensive cultivation techniques, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions determining kinds and amounts of vegetables and horticultural and nursery products to be grown, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) preparing land by conditioning soil, levelling ground and installing and operating irrigation and drainage systems;
- (c) planting trees, hedges, garden plants and grass;
- (d) pruning and trimming trees, shrubs and hedges, installing plant supports and protection, and rolling, mowing, aerating and edging lawns;
- (e) constructing features and facilities within gardens, such as paths or paved areas, walls, rockeries, garden beds, ponds and water features, sheds and fences;
- (f) checking the health of plants and trees, identifying and treating weeds, pests and diseases, and applying mulch and fertilizers;
- (g) producing saplings, bulbs and seeds and raising plants from seeds or cuttings;
- (h) harvesting crops and inspecting, cleaning, grading, packaging, storing and loading products for sale or delivery to market;
- maintaining buildings, greenhouses and other structures, equipment and water supply systems;
- (j) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (k) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of activities and transactions;
- (l) training and supervising workers in production, maintenance duties, and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Horticulturist
- Landscape gardener
- Market gardener
- Mushroom cultivator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Horticultural scientist 2132
- Garden labourer 9214
- Horticultural labourer 9214

Note

Growers of berry-bearing bushes and fruit trees in orchards are classified in Unit Group 6112: Tree and Shrub Crop Growers unless this is done in combination with general market gardening or horticultural cultivation. Growers of vegetables in fields not using intensive cultivation techniques are classified in Unit Group 6111: Field Crop and Vegetable Growers.

Unit Group 6114

Mixed Crop Growers

Mixed crop growers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest specific combinations of field crops, field vegetables, tree and shrub crops, and garden, horticultural and nursery products, for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include –

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining types and quantities of crops to be grown, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) preparing soil by hand or machine, and spreading fertilizers and manure;
- (c) selecting and sowing seeds, and planting seedlings;
- (d) maintaining crops by cultivating soil, by transplanting, pruning or thinning crops, trees and shrubs, and by setting up and operating irrigation equipment;
- (e) growing flowers and vegetables by intensive cultivation;
- (f) producing saplings, bulbs and seeds;
- (g) harvesting crops and inspecting, cleaning, grading, packaging, storing and loading products for sale or delivery to market;
- (h) tending working animals and maintaining farm buildings, structures, equipment and water supply systems;
- storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (j) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation
 of produce and supplies, and maintaining
 and evaluating records of activities and
 transactions;
- (k) training and supervising workers in production, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

- Mixed crop farmer
- Skilled farm worker (mixed crops)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Agricultural production manager 1311
- Plantation manager 1311
- Crop farm labourer 9211
- Fruit picker 9211

Minor Group 612

Animal Producers

Animal producers plan, organize and perform farming operations to breed and raise domesticated animals, poultry, insects and non-domesticated animals for the production of meat, dairy products, honey, skins, textiles and other products, or for use as working, sporting or recreational animals, for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks performed usually include: monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of products to produce and planning and coordinating production accordingly; raising, feeding and tending animals; preparing animals or animal products for market; monitoring and examining animals to detect illness, injury or disease, and to check physical condition such as rate of weight gain; performing duties related to animal reproduction such as breeding, artificial insemination and helping with animal births; renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, buildings, machinery, equipment and structures; storing and carrying out some processing of produce; promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of stock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of activities and transactions; training and supervising workers in animal care procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 6121 Livestock and Dairy Producers
- 6122 Poultry Producers
- 6123 Apiarists and Sericulturists
- 6129 Animal Producers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 6121

Livestock and Dairy Producers

Livestock and dairy producers plan, organize and perform farming operations to breed and raise domesticated animals (excluding poultry), such as cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, horses and camels, for the production of meat, milk and other dairy products, skins and wool or for use as working, sporting or recreational animals, for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of stock to produce, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) cultivating pastures and providing and monitoring fodder and water supplies to maintain appropriate nutritional levels and condition of livestock;
- (c) monitoring and examining animals to detect illness, injury or disease, and to check physical condition such as rate of weight gain;

- (d) grooming, marking, clipping, trimming, drenching and/or castrating animals, and shearing coats to collect hair or wool;
- (e) herding livestock to pastures for grazing or to scales, sheds, vehicles or other enclosures;
- (f) milking animals by hand or using milking machines:
- (g) mixing feed, additives and medicines in prescribed portions and distributing or handfeeding to animals for consumption;
- (h) performing duties related to livestock reproduction, such as breeding, artificial insemination and helping with animal births;
- (i) maintaining and cleaning farm buildings, machinery, equipment and structures;
- (j) slaughtering and skinning animals and preparing them for market;
- (k) storing and carrying out some processing of animal and dairy produce;
- promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of livestock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of farm activities and transactions;

(m) training and supervising workers in animal care procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cattle farmer
- Dairy farmer
- Dog breeder
- Drover
- Goat farmer
- Horse breeder
- Shearer
- Sheep farmer
- Shepherd
- Stockman/woman

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Agricultural production manager 1311
- Ranch manager 1311

Note

Workers who produce a combination of domestic livestock and other animals such as poultry, insects and nondomesticated animals should be classified according to their predominant activity. Those who produce and store hay and other fodder for later consumption, primarily by livestock for which they are responsible, are classified in Unit Group 6121: Livestock and Dairy Producers.

Unit Group 6122

Poultry Producers

Poultry producers plan, organize and perform farming operations to breed and raise chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks and other poultry to produce meat, eggs and breeding stock for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity, planning and coordinating production accordingly, and maintaining and evaluating records of farming activities;
- (b) growing and purchasing feed and other supplies needed to maintain appropriate nutritional levels and condition of poultry;
- (c) monitoring and examining poultry to detect illness, injury or disease and to check physical condition such as rate of weight gain, and removing weak, ill and dead poultry from flock;
- (d) mixing feed and feed additives and filling feed and water containers:
- (e) vaccinating poultry via drinking water, injection or dusting of air;
- (f) collecting and storing eggs and packaging them for sale or delivery to market;

- (g) determining sex of chicks and facilitating breeding, artificial insemination and hatching of eggs;
- (h) renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, farm buildings, machinery, equipment and structures;
- slaughtering and dressing poultry for sale or delivery to market;
- (j) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (k) arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of stock, produce and supplies;
- (l) training and supervising workers in poultry production procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Poultry breeder
- Poultry farmer
- Poultry tender

Note

Workers who produce a combination of domestic livestock and other animals such as poultry, insects and non-domesticated animals should be classified according to their predominant activity.

Unit Group 6123

Apiarists and Sericulturists

Apiarists and sericulturists plan, organize and perform operations to breed, raise and tend insects such as honey bees, silkworms and other species to produce honey, beeswax, silk and other products for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of insect products to produce, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) purchasing insects and growing or purchasing feed and other supplies;
- (c) breeding, raising and tending insects and collecting their products;
- (d) renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, buildings, machinery, equipment and structures;
- (e) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (f) arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of stock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of farming activities;
- (g) training and supervising workers in production procedures, maintenance duties and

health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Apiarist
- Sericulturist

Unit Group 6129

Animal Producers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers market-oriented animal producers not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 612: Animal Producers. For instance, the group includes those engaged in breeding, raising and tending non-domesticated mammals, game and other birds (except poultry), snails, snakes and other reptiles, as well as various insects and animals used for laboratory tests, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations, zoos and circuses, or at markets.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of products to produce, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) raising, feeding and tending animals;
- (c) monitoring and examining animals to detect illness, injury or disease, and to check physical condition such as rate of weight gain;

- (d) performing duties related to animal reproduction, such as breeding, artificial insemination and helping with animal births;
- (e) renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, buildings, machinery, equipment and structures;
- (f) slaughtering and skinning animals and preparing animal products for market;
- (g) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (h) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of stock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of activities and transactions;
- (i) training and supervising workers in animal care procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Crocodile farmer
- Fur farmer (non-domesticated animals)
- Game bird breeder
- Ostrich farmer
- Snail breeder

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pet groomer 5164
- Zoo keeper 5164
- Game warden 5419
- Poultry breeder 6122

Minor Group 613

Mixed Crop and Animal Producers

Mixed crop and animal producers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest field, tree and various other crops, as well as to breed, raise and tend animals and to produce a variety of animal husbandry products, for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks performed usually include: monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of crops to be grown and animals to be raised, and planning and coordinating production accordingly; purchasing seeds, fertilizer and other supplies; performing operations such as land preparation and sowing, planting, cultivating and harvesting crops; producing or buying fodder and other food supplies; breeding, raising and tending animals; killing and skinning animals, and preparing animals or animal products for market; renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, farm buildings, machinery, equipment and structures; storing and carrying out some processing of produce; promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation of livestock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of farm activities and transactions; training and supervising workers in animal care procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6130 Mixed Crop and Animal Producers

Mixed Crop and Animal Producers

Mixed crop and animal producers plan, organize and perform farming operations to grow and harvest field, tree and various other crops, as well as to breed, raise and tend animals and to produce a variety of animal husbandry products, for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) monitoring market activity and conditions, determining kinds and amounts of crops to be grown and animals to be raised, and planning and coordinating production accordingly;
- (b) purchasing seeds, fertilizer and other supplies;
- (c) performing operations such as land preparation and sowing, planting, cultivating and harvesting crops;
- (d) producing or buying fodder and other food supplies;
- (e) breeding, raising and tending animals;
- (f) killing and skinning animals, and preparing animals or animal products for market;
- (g) renting or investing in, and maintaining and cleaning, farm buildings, machinery, equipment and structures;
- (h) storing and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (i) promoting and marketing products, arranging the sale, purchase and transportation

- of livestock, produce and supplies, and maintaining and evaluating records of farm activities and transactions:
- (j) training and supervising workers in animal care procedures, maintenance duties and health and safety precautions, and hiring and discharging workers and contractors.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Farmer (mixed farming)
- Skilled farm worker (mixed farming)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Agricultural production manager 1311
- Plantation manager 1311
- Mixed farm labourer 9213

Notes

Farmers and other skilled agricultural workers whose tasks predominantly involve either raising animals or growing crops, but also involve some incidental activity in crop growing or tending animals respectively, should not be included in Unit Group 6130: Mixed Crop and Animal Producers. For example, a farmer who raises cattle for the market but also spends a small amount of time growing garden vegetables should be classified in Unit Group 6121: Livestock and Dairy Producers. Similarly, a wheat farmer who keeps a small number of chickens and other farmyard animals should be classified in Unit Group 6111: Field Crop and Vegetable Growers.

Workers on mixed farms who specialize in either crop or animal production for the market should be classified in the relevant unit group in Minor Groups 611: Market Gardeners and Crop Growers or 612: Animal Producers as appropriate.

Sub-major Group 62

Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers

Market-oriented skilled forestry, fishery and hunting workers plan, organize and perform operations to cultivate, conserve and exploit natural and plantation forests; breed and raise fish; harvest and catch fish; and hunt and trap animals, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: renting or investing in equipment and machinery and purchasing supplies; planning and undertaking forestry, aquaculture, fishery and hunting operations; maintaining buildings, tanks, machinery and other equipment; delivering or marketing products; supervising and training other workers.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

621 Forestry and Related Workers

622 Fishery Workers, Hunters and Trappers

Note

Jobs should be classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers when goods (mostly food) are produced mainly for own consumption or for consumption by other members of the worker's household. If a large surplus is produced, and more goods are sold than consumed, but the main aim of production was own consumption, the jobs should nevertheless be classified in Sub-major Group 63. Jobs should only be classified in Sub-major Groups 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers or 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers if the main aim of the activity is to produce goods for the market.

Minor Group 621

Forestry and Related Workers

Forestry and related workers plan, organize and perform operations to cultivate, conserve and exploit natural and plantation forests.

Tasks performed usually include: assessing sites for reforestation, selecting seedlings and planting trees using manual planting tools, and establishing and caring for forest stands; locating trees to be felled and estimating volume of timber; operating chainsaw and other power saws to thin young forest stands, trim, top and fell trees and saw them into logs; shaping rough wooden products from logs at a felling site; stacking logs and loading them in chutes or floating them down rivers; keeping watch to detect forest fires, participating in firefighting operations, completing firefighting reports and maintaining firefighting equipment; controlling weeds and undergrowth in regenerating forest stands, using manual tools and chemicals; operating and maintaining a skidder, bulldozer or other prime mover to pull a variety of scarification or site preparation equipment over areas to be regenerated; collecting seed cones, pruning trees, assisting in planting surveys and marking trees for subsequent operations; training and supervising other workers in forestry procedures, including forestry labourers and plant operators.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6210 Forestry and Related Workers

Unit Group 6210

Forestry and Related Workers

Forestry and related workers plan, organize and perform operations to cultivate, conserve and exploit natural and plantation forests.

Tasks include -

(a) assessing sites for reforestation, selecting seedlings and planting trees using manual

- planting tools and establishing and caring for forest stands;
- (b) locating trees to be felled and estimating volume of timber;
- (c) operating chainsaw and other power saws to thin young forest stands, trim, top and fell trees and saw them into logs;
- (d) shaping rough wooden products from logs at felling site;

- (e) stacking logs and loading them in chutes or floating them down rivers;
- (f) keeping watch to detect forest fires, participating in fire fighting operations, completing fire fighting reports and maintaining fire fighting equipment;
- (g) controlling weeds and undergrowth in regenerating forest stands using manual tools and chemicals;
- (h) operating and maintaining a skidder, bulldozer or other prime mover to pull a variety of scarification or site preparation equipment over areas to be regenerated;
- (i) collecting seed cones, pruning trees, assisting in planting surveys and marking trees for subsequent operations;

(j) training and supervising other workers in forestry procedures, including forestry labourers and plant operators.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Charcoal burner
- Logger
- Logging climber
- Skilled forestry worker
- Timber cruiser
- Tree feller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Silviculturist 2132
- Forestry technician 3143
- Tree faller operator 8341
- Forestry labourer 9215

Minor Group 622

Fishery Workers, Hunters and Trappers

Fishery workers, hunters and trappers breed and raise fish, harvest and catch fish, and hunt and trap animals, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks performed usually include: breeding, raising and cultivating fish, mussels, oysters and other forms of aquatic life as cash crops or for release into freshwater or saltwater; monitoring environments to ensure maintenance of optimum conditions for aquatic life; cleaning, freezing, icing or salting catch on- or offshore, and preparing fish and other products for shipment; renting or investing in and maintaining buildings, tanks, machinery, fishing vessels and other equipment; preparing and repairing nets and other fishing gear and equipment; operating fishing vessels to, from and at fishing grounds; baiting, setting, operating and hauling in fishing gear; setting traps to catch mammals, birds or reptiles; delivering or marketing products; supervising and training other workers.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- **6221 Aquaculture Workers**
- 6222 Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers
- 6223 Deep-sea Fishery Workers
- **6224 Hunters and Trappers**

Unit Group 6221

Aquaculture Workers

Aquaculture workers breed and raise fish and cultivate mussels, oysters and other forms of aquatic life, for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) breeding, raising and cultivating fish, mussels, oysters and other forms of aquatic life as cash crops or for release into freshwater or saltwater;
- (b) collecting and recording growth, production and environmental data;

- (c) conducting and supervising stock examinations in order to identify diseases or parasites;
- (d) monitoring environments to ensure maintenance of optimum conditions for aquatic life;
- (e) directing and monitoring trapping and spawning of fish, egg incubation and fry rearing, applying knowledge of management and fish culturing techniques;
- (f) cleaning, freezing, icing or salting catch onor offshore, and preparing fish and other products for shipment;
- (g) maintaining buildings, tanks, machinery, boats and other equipment;
- (h) delivering or marketing products;

- (i) renting or investing in buildings, equipment and machinery, and purchasing food and other supplies;
- (j) supervising and training aquaculture and fish hatchery support workers.

- Algae cultivator
- Fish farmer
- Ovster farmer
- Pearl cultivator
- Seafood farmer
- · Skilled fish farm worker
- Skilled seafood farm worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Aquaculture production manager 1312
- Aquaculture labourer 9216

Unit Group 6222

Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers

Inland and coastal waters fishery workers, alone or as members of fishing-vessel crews, catch fish or gather other forms of aquatic life in inland or coastal waters for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing and repairing nets and other fishing gear and equipment;
- (b) selecting areas for fishing, plotting courses and computing navigational positions using compass, charts and other aids;
- (c) operating fishing vessels to, from and at fishing grounds;
- (d) baiting, setting, operating and hauling in fishing gear by hand or using hoisting equipment:
- (e) gathering various forms of aquatic life from shores and shallow waters;
- (f) maintaining engine fishing gear and other on-board equipment;
- (g) keeping records of transactions, fishing activities and weather and sea conditions, and estimating costs and budgets;
- (h) sorting and storing catch in holds with salt and ice;
- (i) removing catches from fishing equipment, measuring them to ensure compliance with legal size and returning undesirable or illegal catches to the water;
- (j) directing fishing operations, and supervising fishing crew members.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Coastal fishery skipper

- Fisher (coastal waters)
- Fisher (inland waters)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Fishing operations manager 1312
- Deep-sea fisher 6223
- Oyster diver 7541
- Fishery labourer 9216

Unit Group 6223

Deep-sea Fishery Workers

Deep-sea fishery workers, as skippers or members of fishing-vessel crews, catch deep-sea fish for sale or delivery to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing and repairing nets and other fishing gear and equipment;
- (b) commanding and operating fishing vessels to, from and at deep-sea fishing grounds;
- (c) determining areas for fishing, plotting courses and computing navigational positions using compass, charts, tables and other aids;
- (d) steering vessels and operating navigational instruments and electronic fishing aids;
- (e) directing fishing operations and supervising crew activities;
- (f) recording fishing progress and activities, as well as weather and sea conditions, on the ship's log;
- (g) baiting, setting and hauling in fishing gear;
- (h) cleaning, freezing, icing or salting catch onor offshore;
- (i) selecting and training vessel crews.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Deep-sea fisher
- Trawler skipper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Fishing operations manager 1312
- Coastal fishery skipper 6222
- Fisher (coastal waters) 6222
- Fisher (inland waters) 6222
- Fishery labourer 9216

Unit Group 6224

Hunters and Trappers

Hunters and trappers catch and kill mammals, birds or reptiles mainly for meat, skin, feathers and other products for sale or delivery on a regular basis to wholesale buyers, marketing organizations or at markets.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting traps to catch mammals, birds or reptiles;
- (b) killing trapped or free mammals, birds or reptiles with firearms or other weapons;
- (c) skinning and otherwise treating killed mammals, birds or reptiles to obtain desired products for sale or delivery;
- (d) delivering or selling trapped live mammals, birds or reptiles;
- (e) repairing and maintaining equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fur trapper
- Seal hunter

Sub-major Group 63

Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers

Subsistence farmers, fishers, hunters and gatherers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops, vegetables and fruit; gather wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; tend or hunt animals; and catch fish and gather various forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: preparing the soil; sowing, planting, tending and harvesting field crops; growing vegetables, fruit and other tree and shrub crops; gathering wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; breeding, tending and feeding animals and poultry mainly to obtain meat, eggs, milk, hair, skin or other products; hunting or trapping animals; catching fish and gathering other forms of aquatic life; fetching water and gathering firewood; storing produce for later use and carrying out some processing of produce; building and maintaining houses and other shelters; making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household; selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 631 Subsistence Crop Farmers
- **632 Subsistence Livestock Farmers**
- 633 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers
- 634 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

Notes

Jobs should be classified in Sub-major Group 63: Subsistence Farmers, Fishers, Hunters and Gatherers when goods (mostly food) are produced mainly for own consumption or for consumption by other members of the worker's household. If a large surplus is produced, and more goods are sold than consumed, but the main aim of production was for own consumption, the jobs should nevertheless be classified in Sub-major Group 63. Jobs should only be classified in Sub-major Groups 61: Market-oriented Skilled Agricultural Workers or 62: Market-oriented Skilled Forestry, Fishery and Hunting Workers if the main aim of the activity is to produce goods for the market.

Jobs are also classified in Sub-major Group 63 when goods are produced only for own consumption or for consumption by members of the worker's household, and no cash income or bartering is involved.

Minor Group 631

Subsistence Crop Farmers

Subsistence crop farmers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops, vegetables and fruit, in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing the soil and sowing, planting, tending and harvesting field crops; growing vegetables, fruit and other tree and shrub crops; fetching water and gathering firewood; storing for later use and carrying out some processing of produce; building and maintaining houses and other shelters; making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household; selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6310 Subsistence Crop Farmers

Unit Group 6310

Subsistence Crop Farmers

Subsistence crop farmers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops, vegetables and fruit, in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households. Tasks include –

- (a) preparing the soil and sowing, planting, tending and harvesting field crops;
- (b) growing vegetables, fruit and other tree and shrub crops;
- (c) fetching water and gathering firewood;
- (d) storing for later use and carrying out some processing of produce;

- (e) building and maintaining houses and other shelters;
- (f) making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household;
- (g) selling or bartering some products at local markets.

- Subsistence crop farmer
- Subsistence gardener
- Subsistence vegetable grower

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Crop farm labourer 9211
- Firewood collector 9624
- Water collector 9624

Note

Workers in a subsistence setting whose main tasks are fetching water and gathering firewood are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors. Workers in subsistence agriculture who perform a limited range of simple and routine tasks, usually under the direction of others, are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers.

Minor Group 632

Subsistence Livestock Farmers

Subsistence livestock farmers breed, raise and tend livestock in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks performed usually include: cultivating pastures or managing grazing lands, and monitoring feed and water supplies needed to maintain condition of livestock; monitoring and examining animals to detect illness, injury or disease, and to check physical condition; grooming and marking animals and shearing coats to collect hair or wool; herding or leading livestock to pastures, grazing land and water supplies; raising, tending, feeding and milking animals or draining blood from them; breeding animals and helping with animal births; slaughtering and skinning animals and preparing them and their products for consumption or sale; carrying out some processing of animal products; building and maintaining houses and other shelters; making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household; fetching water and gathering firewood; buying, bartering and selling animals and some products.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6320 Subsistence Livestock Farmers

Unit Group 6320

Subsistence Livestock Farmers

Subsistence livestock farmers breed, raise and tend livestock in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks include -

- (a) cultivating pastures or managing grazing lands, and monitoring feed and water supplies needed to maintain condition of livestock;
- (b) monitoring and examining animals to detect illness, injury or disease, and to check physical condition;
- (c) grooming and marking animals and shearing coats to collect hair or wool;
- (d) herding or leading livestock to pastures, grazing land and water supplies;
- (e) raising, tending, feeding and milking animals or draining blood from them;
- (f) breeding animals and helping with animal births;

- (g) slaughtering and skinning animals and preparing them and their products for consumption or sale;
- (h) carrying out some processing of animal products;
- building and maintaining houses and other shelters;
- (j) making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household;
- (k) fetching water and gathering firewood;
- (l) buying, bartering and selling animals and some products.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Subsistence cattle farmer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Livestock farm labourer 9212
 - Mixed crop and livestock farm labourer 9213
 - Water and firewood collectors 9624

Note

Workers in a subsistence setting whose main tasks are fetching water and gathering firewood are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors. Workers in subsistence agriculture who perform a

limited range of simple and routine tasks, usually under the direction of others, are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers.

Minor Group 633

Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers

Subsistence mixed crop and livestock farmers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops, vegetables and fruit; gather wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; tend or hunt animals; and/or catch fish and gather various forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing the soil and sowing, planting, tending and harvesting field crops; growing vegetables, fruit and other tree and shrub crops; gathering wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; breeding, tending and feeding animals and poultry mainly to obtain meat, eggs, milk, hair, skin or other products; fetching water and gathering firewood; storing produce for later use and carrying out some processing of produce; building and maintaining houses and other shelters; making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household; selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6330 Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers

Unit Group 6330

Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers

Subsistence mixed crop and livestock farmers grow and harvest field or tree and shrub crops, vegetables and fruit; gather wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; tend or hunt animals; and/or catch fish and gather various forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing the soil and sowing, planting, tending and harvesting field crops;
- (b) growing vegetables, fruit and other tree and shrub crops;
- (c) gathering wild fruits and medicinal and other plants;
- (d) breeding, tending and feeding animals and poultry mainly to obtain meat, eggs, milk, hair, skin or other products;

- (e) fetching water and gathering firewood;
- (f) storing produce for later use and carrying out some processing of produce;
- (g) building and maintaining houses and other shelters;
- (h) making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household;
- selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Mixed subsistence farmer

Note

Workers in a subsistence setting whose main tasks are fetching water and gathering firewood are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors. Workers in subsistence agriculture who perform a limited range of simple and routine tasks, usually under the direction of others, are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers.

Minor Group 634

Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

Subsistence fishers, hunters, trappers and gatherers gather wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; hunt and trap animals; and catch fish and gather various forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks performed usually include: gathering wild fruits, roots and medicinal and other plants; hunting or trapping animals mainly to obtain meat, milk, hair, skin or other products; fetching water and gathering firewood; catching fish and gathering other forms of aquatic life; storing or carrying out some processing of their produce; building and maintaining houses and other shelters; making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household; selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

6340 Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

Unit Group 6340

Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers

Subsistence fishers, hunters, trappers and gatherers gather wild fruits and medicinal and other plants; hunt and trap animals; and catch fish and gather various forms of aquatic life in order to provide food, shelter and, in some cases, a minimum of cash income for themselves and their households.

Tasks include –

- (a) gathering wild fruits, roots and medicinal and other plants;
- (b) hunting or trapping animals mainly to obtain meat, milk, hair, skin or other products;
- (c) fetching water and gathering firewood;
- (d) catching fish and gathering other forms of aquatic life;
- (e) storing or carrying out some processing of their produce;
- (f) building and maintaining houses and other shelters:
- (g) making tools, clothes and utensils for use by the household;

(h) selling or bartering some products at local markets.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hunter-gatherer
- Subsistence collector
- Subsistence diver
- Subsistence fisher
- Subsistence trapper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Subsistence crop farmer 6310
- Subsistence livestock farmer 6320
- Livestock farm labourer 9212
- Water and firewood collectors 9624

Note

Workers in a subsistence setting whose main tasks are fetching water and gathering firewood are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors. Workers in subsistence agriculture who perform a limited range of simple and routine tasks, usually under the direction of others, are classified in the relevant unit group in Sub-major Group 92: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers.

Major Group 7

CRAFT AND RELATED TRADES WORKERS

Craft and related trades workers apply specific technical and practical knowledge and skills to construct and maintain buildings; form metal; erect metal structures; set machine tools or make, fit, maintain and repair machinery, equipment or tools; carry out printing work; and produce or process foodstuffs, textiles and wooden, metal and other articles, including handicraft goods. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work is carried out by hand and by hand-powered and other tools which are used to reduce the amount of physical effort and time required for specific tasks, as well as to improve the quality of the products. The tasks call for an understanding of all stages of the production process, the materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by craft and related trades workers usually include: constructing, maintaining and repairing buildings and other structures; casting, welding and shaping metal; installing and erecting heavy metal structures, tackle and related equipment; making machinery, tools, equipment and other metal articles; setting for operators, or setting and operating various machine tools; fitting, maintaining and repairing industrial machinery, engines, vehicles, electrical and electronic instruments and other equipment; making precision instruments, jewellery, household and other precious metal articles, pottery, glass and related products; producing handicrafts; executing printing work; producing and processing foodstuffs and various articles made of wood, textiles, leather and related materials. Supervision of other workers may be included. Self-employed craft and related trades workers, who operate their own businesses either independently or with assistance from a small number of others, may also perform a range of tasks associated with management of the business, account and record keeping and client service, although such tasks would not normally comprise the major component of the work.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 71 Building and Related Trades Workers (excluding Electricians)
- 72 Metal, Machinery and Related Trades Workers
- 73 Handicraft and Printing Workers
- 74 Electrical and Electronics Trades Workers
- 75 Food Processing, Woodworking, Garment and Other Craft and Related Trades Workers

Sub-major Group 71

Building and Related Trades Workers (excluding Electricians)

Building and related trades workers construct, maintain and repair buildings; erect and repair foundations, walls and structures of brick, stone and similar materials; shape and finish stone for building and other purposes. Competent performance in most occupations in this submajor group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work is carried out by hand and by hand-powered and other tools which are used to reduce the amount of physical effort and time required for specific tasks, as well as to improve the quality of the products. The tasks call for an understanding of the work organization, the materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: constructing, maintaining and repairing buildings and other structures, using traditional and/or modern building techniques; constructing and repairing foundations, walls and structures of brick, stone and similar materials; breaking quarried stone into slabs or blocks; cutting, shaping and finishing stone for building, ornamental, monumental and other purposes; erecting reinforced concrete frameworks and structures as well as finishing and repairing cement surfaces; cutting, shaping, assembling and maintaining wooden structures and fittings; performing miscellaneous construction and building maintenance tasks. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 711 Building Frame and Related Trades Workers
- 712 Building Finishers and Related Trades Workers
- 713 Painters, Building Structure Cleaners and Related Trades Workers

Minor Group 711

Building Frame and Related Trades Workers

Building frame and related trades workers construct, maintain and repair buildings; erect and repair foundations, walls and structures of brick, stone and similar materials; and shape and finish stone for building and other purposes; and perform miscellaneous construction and building maintenance tasks.

Tasks performed usually include: constructing, maintaining and repairing buildings and other structures by using traditional and/or modern building techniques; constructing and repairing foundations, walls and structures of brick, stone and similar materials; breaking quarried stone into slabs or blocks; cutting, shaping and finishing stone for building, ornamental, monumental and other purposes; erecting reinforced concrete frameworks and structures as well as finishing and repairing cement surfaces; cutting, shaping, assembling and maintaining wooden structures and fittings; performing miscellaneous construction and building maintenance tasks. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7111 House Builders
- 7112 Bricklayers and Related Workers
- 7113 Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers
- 7114 Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers
- 7115 Carpenters and Joiners
- 7119 Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 7111

House Builders

House builders erect, maintain and repair houses and similar small buildings using either traditional or modern techniques and materials.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing ground for erecting building or other structures;
- (b) erecting structures to support roofs, and building and covering walls with appropriate materials;
- (c) fixing rafters to roofs and covering with roofing material;
- (d) levelling floors to make them smooth and serviceable:
- (e) maintaining and repairing existing structures;
- (f) arranging for specialized work such as bricklaying, painting, plumbing and electrical wiring to be done by subcontractors;
- (g) coordinating and supervising the activities of subcontractors, labourers and other workers.

Example of the occupations classified here:

House builder

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Construction project manager 1323
- Project builder 1323
- Construction supervisor 3123

Unit Group 7112

Bricklayers and Related Workers

Bricklayers and related workers lay bricks, precut stones and other types of building blocks in mortar to construct and repair walls, partitions, arches and other structures.

Tasks include -

- (a) laying stone, brick and similar building blocks to construct or repair walls, partitions, fireplaces and other structures such as smokestacks, furnaces, converters, kilns and ovens, piers and abutments;
- (b) laying footpaths, kerbs and pavements;
- (c) laying bricks or other masonry to build patios, garden walls and other decorative installations.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Block layer
- Bricklayer
- Chimney builder
- Refractory bricklayer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Stonemason – 7113

Unit Group 7113

Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers

Stonemasons, stone cutters, splitters and carvers cut and shape hard and soft stone blocks and slabs for the construction and maintenance of stone structures and monumental masonry, and carve designs and figures in stone.

Tasks include -

- (a) driving wedges into quarried stone to break it into slabs or blocks;
- (b) selecting and grading slabs and blocks of granite, marble and other stone;
- (c) cutting, shaping and finishing building and monumental stone such as granite or marble using hand tools or hand-held power tools;
- (d) making patterns and marking shapes on stone for subsequent sawing, planing, drilling and other dressing and cutting operations;
- (e) cutting and carving characters, figures or designs on stone blocks used for monuments or memorials;
- (f) setting stone in the erection of monuments and memorials;
- (g) repairing and replacing stonework on old buildings, churches and monuments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Granite cutter
- Stone carver
- Stone cutter
- Stone polisher (hand or hand-powered tools)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Wall and floor tile setters 7122
- Machine operator (stone cutting or processing) – 8112

Unit Group 7114

Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers

Concrete placers, concrete finishers and related workers erect reinforced concrete frameworks and structures, make forms for moulding concrete, reinforce concrete surfaces, cement openings in walls or casings for wells, finish and repair cement surfaces and carry out terrazzo work.

- (a) constructing and repairing reinforced concrete floors, walls, tanks, silos and other concrete structures;
- (b) making shuttering or assembling prefabricated forms for moulding concrete;

- (c) cementing openings in walls or casings for wells:
- (d) finishing and smoothing surfaces of concrete structures;
- (e) applying a durable smooth surfacing composed of cement, sand pigment and marble particles to floors, known as a terrazzo finish.

- Cement finisher
- Concrete placer
- Terrazzo worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Concrete finishing machine operator 8114
- Road surface laying machinery operator – 8342

Unit Group 7115

Carpenters and Joiners

Carpenters and joiners cut, shape, assemble, erect, maintain and repair various types of structures and fittings made from wood and other materials.

Tasks include –

- (a) making, altering and repairing structural and other woodwork at a workbench or on a construction site:
- (b) constructing, erecting and installing heavy-framed wooden structures on building sites;
- (c) fitting, assembling and altering internal and external fixtures of buildings, such as walls, doors, door and window frames, facings and panelling;
- (d) making, repairing and fitting scenic equipment for theatrical performances and motion picture or television productions;
- (e) constructing, assembling, altering and repairing wooden fixtures and fittings in train coaches, aircraft, ships, boats, floats and other vehicles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Carpenter
- Door installer
- Finish carpenter
- Framer
- Joiner
- Shipwright (wood)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cabinet-maker 7522
- Wheelwright 7522

Unit Group 7119

Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers building frame and related trades workers not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 711: Building Frame and Related Trades Workers. For instance, the unit group includes steeplejacks, scaffolders and demolition workers.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) climbing and performing miscellaneous construction and building maintenance work on tall structures such as towers, chimneys and spires;
- (b) erecting temporary metal or wooden scaffolding on building sites;
- (c) demolishing buildings and other structures.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building wrecker
- Prefabricated building assembler
- Scaffolder
- Skilled demolition worker
- Steeplejack

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Construction labourer (building work) 9313
- Demolition labourer 9313

Minor Group 712

Building Finishers and Related Trades Workers

Building finishers and related trades workers cover, apply or install, maintain and repair roofs, floors, walls, insulation systems, glass in windows or other frames, as well as plumbing, piping and electrical systems in buildings and other structures.

Tasks performed usually include: covering roof frameworks with one or more kinds of material; installing parquet and other kinds of flooring, or covering floors and walls with tiles or mosaic panels; applying plaster to walls and ceilings; applying insulating material to walls, floors and ceilings; cutting, fitting and setting glass in windows and similar openings; installing plumbing and pipeline systems; installing electrical wiring and related equipment. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7121 Roofers

7122 Floor Layers and Tile Setters

7123 Plasterers

7124 Insulation Workers

7125 Glaziers

7126 Plumbers and Pipe Fitters

7127 Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics

Unit Group 7121

Roofers

Roofers build and repair roofs on all types of buildings, using one or more kinds of material.

Tasks include –

- (a) studying drawings, specifications and construction sites to determine materials required;
- (b) covering roof frameworks with slate and prefabricated tiles to cover pitched roofs;
- (c) laying a waterproof shield and fixing metallic or synthetic materials to a building's frame;
- (d) sizing and cutting roofing materials to fit around edges, corners and protuberances such as chimneys;
- (e) using natural materials such as thatching to provide roof coverings;
- (f) creating temporary structures such as scaffolding and ladders.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Asphalt roofer
- Metal roofer
- Roof fixer
- Roof tiler
- Slate roofer
- Thatcher

Note

Installers of metal roofing are classified in Unit Group 7121: Roofers. Workers who make sheet metal products for adaptation and installation by roofers are classified in Unit Group 7213: Sheet Metal Workers.

Unit Group 7122

Floor Layers and Tile Setters

Floor layers and tile setters install, maintain and repair flooring, and cover floors, walls and other surfaces with carpets, tiles or mosaic panels for decorative or other purposes.

Tasks include -

(a) preparing floor areas for covering with a variety of materials;

- (b) assembling carpet, tiles or other materials and laying them on floors according to design and other specifications;
- (c) preparing wall areas for covering with tiles or other materials for decorative or other purposes such as acoustic insulation;
- (d) setting tiles and constructing and laying mosaic panels to walls, floors and other surfaces.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Carpet layer
- Marble setter
- Parquetry worker
- Tile setter

Unit Group 7123

Plasterers

Plasterers install, maintain and repair plasterboard in buildings, and apply decorative and protective coverings of plaster, cement and similar material to the interiors and exteriors of structures.

- (a) applying one or more coats of plaster to interior walls and ceilings of buildings to produce a finished surface:
- (b) measuring, marking and installing ornamental plaster panels, and casting and trimming ornamental plaster cornices;
- (c) measuring, marking and cutting plasterboard, lifting and positioning panels and securing them to walls, ceilings and battens;
- (d) covering joins and nail holes with wet plaster and sealing compounds, and smoothing them using wet brushes and sandpaper;
- (e) applying protective and decorative coverings of cement, plaster and similar materials to exterior building surfaces;
- (f) making and installing decorative plaster fixtures of fibrous plaster;
- (g) applying and finishing acoustic, insulating and fireproofing materials bonded with plaster, plastic cement and similar materials.

- Dry wall plasterer
- Fibrous plasterer
- Ornamental plasterer
- Plasterer
- Solid plasterer
- Stucco plasterer

Unit Group 7124

Insulation Workers

Insulation workers apply and repair insulating materials to buildings, boilers, pipes or refrigeration and air conditioning equipment.

Tasks include -

- (a) cutting insulation material by size and shape;
- (b) applying slabs and sheets of insulating or sound-absorbing materials to walls, floors and ceilings of buildings;
- (c) blowing and packing insulating or sound-absorbing materials into cavities between walls, floors and ceilings of buildings with powerdriven machines;
- (d) examining plans, specifications and work sites to determine the type, quality and quantity of insulation material required;
- (e) applying insulating materials to exposed surfaces of equipment such as boilers, pipes and tanks:
- (f) insulating refrigeration and air conditioning equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Acoustic insulation worker
- Boiler and pipe insulation worker
- Insulation installer
- Insulation worker
- Refrigeration and air conditioning equipment insulation worker

Unit Group 7125

Glaziers

Glaziers measure, cut, finish, fit and install flat glass and mirrors.

Tasks include -

- (a) selecting the type of glass to be used, cutting to right size and shape and installing in windows, doors, showers and partitions of buildings;
- (b) installing glass and mirrors in skylights, display cases, interior walls and ceilings;
- (c) installing or replacing windscreens in vehicles or boats:
- (d) creating decorative glass features such as glass walls, staircases, balustrades and stained-glass windows.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Autoglazier
- Glazier
- Roofing glazier
- Vehicle glazier

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Glass cutter 7315
- Glass finisher 7315

Unit Group 7126

Plumbers and Pipe Fitters

Plumbers and pipe fitters assemble, install, repair and maintain pipe systems, drains, gutters, ducts and related fittings and fixtures for water, gas, drainage, sewerage, heating, cooling and ventilation systems, and for hydraulic and pneumatic equipment.

Tasks include –

- (a) examining blueprints, drawings and specifications to determine the layout of plumbing and ventilation systems and materials required;
- (b) measuring, cutting, threading, bending, jointing, assembling, installing, maintaining and repairing pipes, fittings and fixtures of drainage, heating, ventilation, water supply and sewerage systems;
- (c) installing gas appliances, dishwashers and water heaters, sinks and toilets using hand and power tools;
- (d) laying clay, concrete or cast-iron pipes in ditches to form sewers, drains or water mains, or for other purposes;
- (e) inspecting, examining and testing installed systems and pipes, using pressure gauge, hydrostatic testing, observation or other methods.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Drain technician
- Gas fitter
- Pipe fitter
- Pipe layer
- Plumber
- Ventilation pipe fitter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

 Air conditioning and refrigeration mechanics – 7127

Note

Installers of metal drains, gutters and ducts are classified in Unit Group 7126: Plumbers and Pipe Fitters. Workers who make sheet metal products for adaptation and installation plumbers are classified in Unit Group 7213: Sheet Metal Workers.

Unit Group 7127

Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics

Air conditioning and refrigeration mechanics assemble, install, maintain and repair air conditioning and refrigeration systems and equipment.

Tasks include –

- (a) interpreting blueprints, drawings and other specifications;
- (b) assembling, installing and repairing components such as compressors, motors, condensers, evaporators, switches and gauges for air conditioning and refrigeration systems;

- (c) connecting piping and equipment by bolting, riveting, welding or brazing;
- (d) testing systems, diagnosing faults and performing routine maintenance or servicing.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Air conditioning equipment mechanic
- Refrigeration mechanic

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Plumber and pipe fitter 7126
- Ventilation pipe fitter 7126

Minor Group 713

Painters, Building Structure Cleaners and Related Trades Workers

Painters, building structure cleaners and related trades workers prepare surfaces and apply paint and similar materials to buildings and other structures, vehicles or various manufactured articles. They cover interior walls and ceilings with wallpaper, and clean chimneys and exterior surfaces of buildings and other structures.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing surfaces and applying paint and similar materials to buildings and other structures; applying paint or varnish to vehicles or various manufactured articles, usually with a hand-spraying device; covering interior walls and ceilings with wallpaper, silk or other fabrics; cleaning chimneys; cleaning exterior surfaces of buildings and other structures. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7131 Painters and Related Workers
- 7132 Spray Painters and Varnishers
- 7133 Building Structure Cleaners

Unit Group 7131

Painters and Related Workers

Painters and related workers prepare surfaces of buildings and other structures for painting, apply protective and decorative coats of paint or similar materials, or cover interior walls and ceilings of buildings with wallpaper or other finishes.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning and preparing walls and other surfaces of buildings for painting or wallpapering;
- (b) selecting and preparing paints to required colours by mixing pigments and additives;
- (c) applying or spraying paint, varnish and similar materials to surfaces, fixtures and fittings of buildings;
- (d) measuring and hanging wallpaper or other fabrics on interior walls and ceilings;
- (e) applying paints, varnishes and stains to surfaces using brushes, rollers and sprays.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building painter
- Paperhanger

Unit Group 7132

Spray Painters and Varnishers

Spray painters and varnishers operate spray painting and varnishing equipment to apply protective coatings to manufactured items or structures.

Tasks include –

- (a) preparing surfaces to be coated using a variety of methods to remove grease, dirt and rust;
- (b) painting cars, buses, trucks and other vehicles, and applying varnish and other protective coatings;
- (c) applying paint as well as protective coatings of enamel or varnish on metal, wooden and other manufactured products, usually with a hand-spraying device.

- Manufactured articles painter
- Varnisher
- Vehicle painter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building painter 7131
- Decorative painter 7316
- Signwriter 7316
- Wood treater 7521
- Metal coating machine operator 8122

Unit Group 7133

Building Structure Cleaners

Building structure cleaners clean exterior surfaces of buildings and other structures, and remove soot from chimneys.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning exterior surfaces of stone, brick, metal or similar materials by means of chemicals, or a jet of steam or sand applied under high pressure;
- (b) removing soot from flues, chimneys and connecting pipes;
- (c) removing asbestos, mould and fire-damaged surfaces from buildings.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Building exteriors cleaner
- Chimney sweep
- Sandblaster (building exteriors)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Graffiti cleaner 9129
- Water blaster 9129

Sub-major Group 72

Metal, Machinery and Related Trades Workers

Metal, machinery and related trades workers cast, weld, forge and, by other methods, form metal; erect, maintain and repair heavy metal structures; engage in machine-tool setting as well as in fitting, maintaining and repairing machinery including engines and vehicles; or they produce tools and various non-precious metal articles. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work is carried out by hand and by hand-powered and other tools which are used to reduce the amount of physical effort and time required for specific tasks, as well as to improve the quality of the products. The tasks call for an understanding of the work organization, materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: making moulds and cores for casting metal; casting, welding and shaping metal; installing, erecting, maintaining and repairing heavy metal structures, tackle and related equipment; forging and forming steel and other non-precious metals to make and repair machinery, tools, equipment and other articles; setting for operators or setting and operating various machine tools; fitting, maintaining and repairing industrial machinery, including engines and vehicles. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 721 Sheet and Structural Metal Workers, Moulders and Welders, and Related Workers
- 722 Blacksmiths, Toolmakers and Related Trades Workers
- 723 Machinery Mechanics and Repairers

Minor Group 721

Sheet and Structural Metal Workers, Moulders and Welders, and Related Workers

Sheet and structural metal workers, moulders and welders, and related workers, make moulds and cores for casting metal, weld and cut metal parts, make and repair articles of sheet metal, and install, erect, maintain and repair heavy metal structures, tackle, cable cars and related equipment.

Tasks performed usually include: making moulds and cores for casting metal; casting, welding and shaping metal parts; making and repairing articles of sheet metal such as sheet steel, copper, tin or brass; installing, erecting, maintaining and repairing heavy metal structures as well as tackle, cable cars and related equipment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7211 Metal Moulders and Coremakers
- 7212 Welders and Flame Cutters
- 7213 Sheet Metal Workers
- 7214 Structural Metal Preparers and Erectors
- 7215 Riggers and Cable Splicers

Unit Group 7211

Metal Moulders and Coremakers

Metal moulders and coremakers make moulds and cores for casting metal.

Tasks include -

 (a) making moulds by hand or using auxiliary machines on a bench for small metal castings, on the foundry floor, or in a pit for large castings;

- (b) making cores for use in metal moulds;
- (c) cleaning and smoothing moulds and core boxes, and repairing surface imperfections;
- (d) moving and positioning work pieces such as mould sections, patterns and bottom boards, using cranes, or signalling others to move work pieces;
- (e) positioning patterns inside mould sections and clamping sections together;

- (f) cutting spouts, runner holes and sprue holes into moulds;
- (g) lifting upper mould sections from lower sections and removing moulded patterns.

- Coremaker
- Metal casting moulder

Unit Group 7212

Welders and Flame Cutters

Welders and flame cutters weld and cut metal parts using gas flame, electric arc and other sources of heat to melt and cut, or to melt and fuse metal.

Tasks include -

- (a) welding metal parts using gas flame, or an electric arc, thermite compound or other methods;
- (b) operating resistance-welding machines;
- (c) using blowtorches to make and repair lead linings, pipes, floors and other lead fixtures;
- (d) brazing metal parts together;
- (e) cutting metal pieces using gas flame or an electric arc:
- (f) joining metal parts by hand soldering;
- (g) monitoring the fitting, burning and welding processes to avoid overheating of parts or warping, shrinking, distortion or expansion of material;
- (h) examining work pieces for defects and measuring work pieces with straight edges or templates to ensure conformity with specifications.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Brazier
- Flame cutter
- Welder

Unit Group 7213

Sheet Metal Workers

Sheet metal workers make, install and repair articles and parts of articles made out of sheet metal such as sheet steel, copper, tin, brass, aluminium, zinc or galvanized iron.

Tasks include -

- (a) marking sheet metal for cutting and shaping;
- (b) making and repairing household utensils and other articles in tin, copper and light alloys, or ornamental articles and fittings;
- (c) making and repairing boilers, tanks, vats and similar containers;

- (d) installing and repairing sheet metal parts of vehicles and aircraft;
- (e) converting blueprints into shop drawings to be followed in the construction and assembly of sheet metal products;
- (f) determining project requirements, including scope, assembly sequences and required methods and materials, according to blueprints, drawings and written or verbal instructions;
- (g) inspecting product quality and installation to ensure conformity with specifications.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Boilersmith
- Coppersmith
- Panel beater
- Tinsmith

Note

Installers of metal roofing are classified in Unit Group 7121: Roofers. Installers of metal drains, gutters and ducts are classified in Unit Group 7126: Plumbers and Pipe Fitters. Workers who make sheet metal products for adaptation and installation by roofers and plumbers are classified in Unit Group 7213: Sheet Metal Workers.

Unit Group 7214

Structural Metal Preparers and Erectors

Structural metal preparers and erectors assemble, erect and dismantle structural metal frames of buildings and other structures.

Tasks include –

- (a) marking metal framework as a guide when drilling, cutting and shaping metal stock for use in buildings, ships and other structures;
- (b) drilling, cutting and shaping structural steel in a workshop;
- (c) erecting steel framework for buildings, bridges and other constructions;
- (d) assembling and erecting the framework and other metal parts of ships' structures;
- (e) shaping and fitting structural steel plates of ships under construction or repair;
- (f) riveting structural metal members by hand, machine or pneumatic riveter.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Erector, structural metal
- Preparer, structural metal
- Riveter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Rivet production machine operator – 7223

Unit Group 7215

Riggers and Cable Splicers

Riggers and cable splicers assemble rigging gear to move and position equipment and structural components, or install and maintain cables, ropes and wires on construction sites, buildings or other structures.

Tasks include -

- (a) estimating the size, shape and weight of objects to be moved and deciding on the type of equipment to move them;
- (b) installing and repairing cables, ropes, wires, pulleys and other tackle;
- (c) joining, repairing and fitting attachments to wires, ropes and cables;
- (d) working as member of a crew erecting and repairing derricks for drilling water, gas and oil wells;

- (e) lifting and mounting scenery, lighting and other equipment in theatres and on film sets;
- (f) installing and maintaining communication towers, aerial cableways, funicular railways, ski lifts and similar infrastructure.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cable and rope splicer
- Rigger
- Ship rigger
- Theatrical rigger
- Tower rigger

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cable splicing machine operator 8189
- Crane, hoist and related plant operators 8343

Minor Group 722

Blacksmiths, Toolmakers and Related Trades Workers

Blacksmiths, toolmakers and related trades workers hammer and forge bars, rods or ingots of iron, steel and other metals to make and repair various kinds of tools, equipment and other articles; set machine tools for operators, or set and operate various machine tools; and polish and sharpen surfaces.

Tasks performed usually include: hammering and forging iron, steel and other metals to make and repair various kinds of tools, equipment and other articles; setting machine tools for operators, or setting and operating various machine tools working to fine tolerances; polishing and sharpening metal surfaces and tools.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7221 Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forging Press Workers
- 7222 Toolmakers and Related Workers
- 7223 Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators
- 7224 Metal Polishers, Wheel Grinders and Tool Sharpeners

Unit Group 7221

Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forging Press Workers

Blacksmiths, hammersmiths and forging press workers hammer and forge bars, rods, ingots and plates of iron, steel or other metals, and draw wire to make and repair various kinds of tools, metal articles, pieces of equipment, and agricultural and related implements.

Tasks include -

(a) heating metal in forge furnaces and manufacturing and repairing articles by drawing, bending, cutting, hammering metal on an anvil, punching, shearing, joining and hardening or tempering;

- (b) shaping heated metal into forgings on power hammers equipped with open dies;
- (c) operating closed-die drop hammers to forge metal articles;
- (d) operating a power-press machine equipped with closed dies to forge metal articles;
- (e) drawing wire;
- (f) reading work orders or blueprints to determine specified tolerances and sequences of operations for machine setup;
- (g) measuring and inspecting machine parts to ensure conformity with product specifications.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Blacksmith
- Drop hammer worker

- Forging press worker
- Hammersmith

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Casting machine operator 7223
- Machine tool operator 7223

Unit Group 7222

Toolmakers and Related Workers

Toolmakers and related workers make and repair custom-made and specialized tools, sports guns, locks, dies, patterns, machinery components and other metal articles using hand and machine tools to work metal to fine tolerances.

Tasks include -

- (a) reading and interpreting engineering drawings and specifications of tools, dies, prototypes or models;
- (b) preparing templates and sketches, and determining work processes;
- (c) visualizing and computing dimensions, sizes, shapes and tolerances of assemblies, based on specifications;
- (d) positioning, securing and measuring metal stock or castings to lay out for machining;
- (e) setting up, operating and maintaining conventional and computer numerically controlled machine tools to cut, turn, mill, plane, drill, bore, grind or otherwise shape work pieces to prescribed dimensions and finish;
- (f) fitting and assembling parts to make and repair jigs, fixtures and gauges;
- (g) repairing and modifying sports guns and other small arms;
- (h) making, fitting, assembling, repairing and installing lock parts and locks;
- (i) making and repairing metal patterns for preparation of foundry moulds;
- (j) laying out lines and reference points on metal stock to guide other workers who cut, turn, mill, grind or otherwise shape metal;
- (k) verifying dimensions, alignments and clearances of finished parts for conformity with specifications, using precision measuring instruments and testing completed items for proper operation.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Die maker
- Gunsmith
- Jig maker
- Locksmith
- Patternmaker
- Toolmaker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Tool production machine operator – 7223

Unit Group 7223

Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators

Metal working machine tool setters and operators set and/or operate various machine tools, working to fine tolerances.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting one or more types of machine tool for production of metal articles in standardized series;
- (b) operating and monitoring metal working machines such as lathes and milling, planing, boring, drilling, grinding or honing machines, including multipurpose numerically controlled metal working machines;
- (c) performing similar tasks when machining plastics and other metal substitutes;
- (d) observing machine operations to detect work piece defects or machine malfunctions, and adjusting machines as necessary;
- (e) inspecting work pieces for defects, and measuring work pieces to determine accuracy of machine operation, using rules, templates or other measuring instruments;
- (f) changing worn machine accessories such as cutting tools and brushes, using hand tools.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Boring machine operator
- Casting machine operator
- Machine tool operator
- Machine tool setter
- Machine tool setter-operator
- Metal turner
- Rivet production machine operator
- Tool production machine operator

Unit Group 7224

Metal Polishers, Wheel Grinders and Tool Sharpeners

Metal polishers, wheel grinders and tool sharpeners polish and grind metal surfaces and sharpen tools.

- (a) operating fixed or portable buffing and polishing machines;
- (b) sharpening cutting tools and instruments using grinding wheels or mechanically operated grinding machines;

- (c) repairing, adjusting and sharpening saw blades and metal teeth of cylinders in textile carding machines;
- (d) dressing grinding wheels according to specifications;
- (e) monitoring machine operations to determine whether adjustments are necessary, and stopping machines when problems occur;
- (f) inspecting, feeling and measuring work pieces to ensure that surfaces and dimensions meet specifications;
- (g) selecting and mounting grinding wheels on machines according to specifications, using

hand tools and applying knowledge of abrasives and grinding procedures.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Knife sharpener
- Metal finisher
- Metal polisher
- Tool grinder

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Metal finishing machine operator 8122
- Metal polishing machine operator 8122

Minor Group 723

Machinery Mechanics and Repairers

Machinery mechanics and repairers fit, install, maintain and repair engines, vehicles, agricultural or industrial machinery and similar mechanical equipment.

Tasks performed usually include: fitting, installing, maintaining and repairing engines, vehicles, agricultural or industrial machinery and similar mechanical equipment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7231 Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers
- 7232 Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Repairers
- 7233 Agricultural and Industrial Machinery Mechanics and Repairers
- 7234 Bicycle and Related Repairers

Note

Occupations are classified in Major Group 8: Plant and Machine Operators and Assemblers if the tasks call mainly for experience with and an understanding of the machinery operated and monitored. Occupations are classified in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations if the tasks are of a simple and routine nature, mainly entail the use of hand-held tools, some physical effort, little or no previous experience and understanding of the work and limited initiative or judgement.

Unit Group 7231

Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers

Motor vehicle mechanics and repairers fit, install, maintain, service and repair engines and the mechanical and related equipment of passenger cars, delivery trucks, motorcycles and other motor vehicles.

Tasks include -

- (a) detecting and diagnosing faults in engines and parts;
- (b) fitting, examining, testing and servicing motor vehicle and motorcycle engines;
- (c) replacing engine components or complete engines;
- (d) fitting, examining, adjusting, dismantling, rebuilding and replacing defective parts of motor vehicles;
- (e) installing or adjusting motors and brakes, and adjusting steering or other parts of motor vehicles;

- installing, adjusting, servicing and replacing mechatronics components of motor vehicles;
- (g) performing scheduled maintenance services, such as oil changes, lubrications and engine tune-ups, to achieve smoother running of vehicles and ensure compliance with pollution regulations;
- (h) reassembling engines and parts after being repaired.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Automotive brakes systems service technician
- Diesel fitter (road transport)
- Engine fitter (motor vehicle)
- Garage mechanic
- Moped repairer
- Motorcycle mechanic
- Motorized rickshaw mechanic
- Motor vehicle engine and fuel systems service technician

- Motor vehicle mechanic
- Motor vehicle mechatronics service technician
- Motor vehicle repairer
- Motor vehicle service technician
- Small engine mechanic

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Bicycle repairer 7234
- Automotive electrician 7412
- Electrical mechanic 7412
- Motor vehicle engine assembler 8211

Unit Group 7232

Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Repairers

Aircraft engine mechanics and repairers fit, service, repair and overhaul aircraft engines and assemblies, such as airframes and hydraulic and pneumatic systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) fitting, examining, testing and servicing aircraft engines;
- (b) replacing engine components or complete engines;
- (c) examining and inspecting airframes and aircraft components, including landing gear, hydraulic systems and de-icers to detect wear, cracks, breaks, leaks or other problems;
- (d) maintaining, repairing, overhauling, modifying and testing aircraft structural, mechanical and hydraulic systems;
- (e) reading and interpreting manuals, service bulletins and other specifications to determine the feasibility and method of repairing or replacing malfunctioning or damaged components;
- (f) maintaining, repairing and rebuilding aircraft structures, functional components and parts such as wings and fuselage, rigging, hydraulic units, oxygen systems, fuel systems, electrical systems, gaskets and seals;
- (g) inspecting completed work to certify that maintenance meets standards and the aircraft is ready for operation;
- (h) maintaining repair logs, documenting all preventive and corrective aircraft maintenance;
- installing and testing electrical and electronic components, assemblies and systems in aircraft;
- (j) connecting components to assemblies such as radio systems, instruments, magnetos, inverters and in-flight refuelling systems.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Aeromechanic

- Aircraft engine fitter
- Aircraft maintenance engineer (airframes)
- Aircraft maintenance engineer (engines)
- Aircraft maintenance supervisor
- Aircraft mechanic
- Aircraft restorer
- Aircraft service technician
- Airframe and power plant mechanic
- Airframe mechanic
- Aviation maintenance technician
- Helicopter mechanic
- Jet engine mechanic
- Pneudraulic systems mechanic (aircraft)
- Powerplant mechanic (aircraft)
- Rocket engine component mechanic

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Aeronautical engineer 2144
- Aircraft maintenance engineer (avionics) – 7421
- Avionics technician 7421
- Aircraft engine assembler 8211

Unit Group 7233

Agricultural and Industrial Machinery Mechanics and Repairers

Agricultural and industrial machinery mechanics and repairers fit, install, examine, service and repair engines, agricultural and industrial machinery and mechanical equipment, except motor vehicles, aircraft and electric motors.

Tasks include -

- (a) fitting, installing, examining, servicing and repairing engines, machinery and mechanical equipment;
- (b) oiling and greasing stationary engines and machinery;
- (c) inspecting and testing new machinery and mechanical equipment for conformity with standards and specifications;
- (d) disassembling machinery and equipment to remove parts and make repairs;
- (e) examining parts for defects such as breakage and excessive wear;
- (f) operating newly repaired machinery and equipment to verify the adequacy of repairs;
- (g) recording repairs and maintenance performed.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Construction machinery mechanic
- Construction machinery repairer
- Farm machinery repairer
- Mining machinery fitter
- Mining machinery repairer

- Stationary engine fitter
- Stationary engine repairer
- Train engine fitter
- Train engine repairer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Air conditioning equipment mechanic 7127
- Electrical mechanic 7412
- Mechanical machinery assembler 8211

Unit Group 7234

Bicycle and Related Repairers

Bicycle and related repairers fit, maintain, service and repair the mechanical and related equipment of bicycles, rickshaws, baby carriages, wheelchairs and similar non-motorized transport equipment.

Tasks include -

- (a) examining, servicing and repairing bicycles and other non-motorized transport equipment:
- (b) cleaning and lubricating bearings and other moving parts;
- (c) replacing and repairing components and accessories such as brakes, gears, driving chain mechanisms, wheels and handlebars;
- (d) changing tyres and controlling air pressure;
- (e) spray-painting frames;
- (f) assembling new bicycles, wheelchairs and similar non-motorized equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bicycle mechanic
- Bicycle repairer
- Perambulator repairer
- Wheelchair repairer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Moped repairer 7231
- Motorized rickshaw mechanic 7231

Sub-major Group 73

Handicraft and Printing Workers

Handicraft and printing workers combine artistic and manual skills to design, produce, maintain and decorate precision instruments, musical instruments, jewellery and other precious metals, pottery, porcelain and glassware, items made of wood or textile, leather or related materials, and printed products such as books, newspapers and magazines. They apply traditional and/or recently developed techniques to carve, mould, assemble, weave and decorate various articles; to compose and set type prior to printing; to set up and operate printing presses; to bind and finish printed products; and to prepare stencils and operate screen printing equipment. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work may be carried out by hand or involve the use of hand tools and hand-held power tools, and in some cases the set-up and operation of machinery and machine tools. The tasks call for an understanding of the work organization, materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: making and repairing nautical, meteorological, optical and other precision instruments and equipment; making and repairing musical instruments; making jewellery and precious metalware; making pottery, porcelain ware, ceramics and glassware; painting and decorating various articles; producing handicraft articles in wood or textile, leather and related materials; performing printing or book-binding tasks. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

731 Handicraft Workers

732 Printing Trades Workers

Minor Group 731

Handicraft Workers

Handicraft workers combine artistic and manual skills to design, make, repair, adjust, maintain and decorate precision instruments, musical instruments, jewellery and other precious metals, pottery and porcelain ware. They apply traditional and/or recently developed techniques to carve, mould, assemble, weave and decorate various glass, ceramic, textile, straw, stone, wood and leather articles.

Tasks performed usually include: making, calibrating, repairing, maintaining and installing musical and precision instruments; fabricating, adjusting, repairing or appraising jewellery, ceremonial or religious items, gold, silver, other precious metals or gems; cutting, filing, polishing and setting precious and semi-precious stones including gems and diamonds, and engraving designs on jewellery and precious metal articles; preparing pottery, porcelain ware, sanitary ware, bricks, tiles and abrasive wheels by hand or by machine; blowing, moulding, pressing, cutting, trimming, grinding and polishing glass, or shaping molten glass according to patterns; decorating articles made of wood, metal, textiles, glass, ceramics and other materials, and planning, laying out and painting letters, figures, monograms and designs to make signs; applying traditional techniques such as seasoning or impregnation to prepare wood, straw, rattan, reed, stone, clay, shells and other materials, and carving, moulding, assembling, weaving or painting and decorating various articles for personal or household use or for decorative purposes; preparing materials to make wicker furniture, brushes and brooms, and weaving various kinds of baskets; applying traditional techniques and patterns to produce woven fabrics, knitted, embroidered and other garments and household articles.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7311 Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers

7312 Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners

- 7313 Jewellery and Precious Metal Workers
- 7314 Potters and Related Workers
- 7315 Glass Makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers
- 7316 Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers
- 7317 Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials
- 7318 Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials
- 7319 Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 7311

Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers

Precision-instrument makers and repairers make, calibrate, repair, maintain, adjust and install mechanical watches and clocks, and nautical, meteorological, optical and other precision instruments and equipment, and set them for correct performance.

Tasks include -

- (a) repairing, cleaning and adjusting mechanisms of timing instruments such as watches and clocks:
- (b) adjusting timing regulators, using calipers, watch-rate recorders and tweezers;
- (c) cleaning, rinsing and drying timepiece parts, using solutions and ultrasonic or mechanical watch-cleaning machines;
- (d) testing timepiece accuracy and performance, using meters and other electronic instruments;
- (e) testing accuracy of meters, gauges, indicators or other recording or controlling instruments to locate defective components and for conformity with standards;
- (f) calibrating instruments or scales, using hand tools and computer or electronic devices;
- (g) inspecting components, connections and drive mechanisms to detect defects;
- (h) assembling instruments and devices such as barometers, control valves, gyroscopes, hygrometers, speedometers, tachometers and thermostats;
- (i) testing, calibrating and adjusting electronic, mercurial, aneroid and other types of meteorological instruments for compliance with printed specifications and schematic diagrams, using voltmeters, oscilloscopes, tube testers and other test instruments;
- (j) adjusting and repairing masts, supporting structures, clearance lights, control panels, control cabling and wiring, and other electrical and mechanical devices;
- (k) repairing and setting optical instruments such as microscopes, telescopes, theodolites and sextants;
- (l) checking whether assembled units conform to specifications and ensuring stipulated performance and sensitivity by standard tests.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Instrument/meteorological maker
- Photographic equipment repairer
- Surgical instrument maker
- Watchmaker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Orthopaedic appliance maker 3214
- Locksmith 7222
- Machine tool operator 7223
- Watch assembler 8212

Unit Group 7312

Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners

Musical instrument makers and tuners make, assemble, repair, adjust and restore musical instruments and tune them to the required pitch with hand or power tools. They usually specialize in one type of instrument, such as stringed instruments, brass instruments, reed instruments, pianos or percussion instruments.

- (a) fabricating and assembling musical instruments and instrument parts of wood, ebonite, metal, leather and other materials;
- (b) repairing or replacing musical instrument parts and components such as strings, bridges, felts and keys, using hand and power tools;
- (c) playing and inspecting instruments to evaluate their sound quality and to locate any defects;
- (d) adjusting string tensions to achieve proper tone or pitch of stringed instruments;
- (e) adjusting lips, reeds or toe holes of organ pipes, using hand tools, to regulate airflow and loudness of sound;
- (f) tuning and servicing pipe organs by adjusting pitch of organ pipes to conform with pitch of the tuning fork and adjusting pitch of other pipes with reference to pitch of tuned pipes;
- (g) installing new drumheads in percussion instruments;

compasses and chronometers;

(i) engraving or embossing letters, designs or

(j) grinding, drilling and finishing jewel bear-

(k) examining assembled or finished products to

Examples of the occupations classified here:

decorative lines on jewellery and precious

ings for use in precision instruments such as

ensure conformity with specifications, using

magnifying glasses or precision measuring

- (h) tuning accordions by aurally comparing pitch of reeds with master reeds and filing reeds to obtain standard pitch;
- aligning pads and keys on reed or wind instruments;
- (j) tuning percussion instruments to required pitch by tightening or loosening cords holding leather pieces fixed atop or at both ends of the instrument;
- (k) assembling and installing new pipe organs and pianos in buildings.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Brass instrument repairer
- Piano tuner
- Stringed instrument maker
- Woodwind instrument maker

Enameller (jewellery)Gem setter

• Goldsmith

instruments.

metal ware:

- Jeweller
- Silversmith

Unit Group 7313

Jewellery and Precious Metal Workers

Jewellery and precious metal workers design, fabricate, adjust, repair or appraise jewellery, ceremonial or religious items, gold, silver, other precious metals or gems. They cut, file, polish and set precious and semi-precious stones including gems and diamonds, and engrave designs on jewellery and precious metal articles. They cut and polish diamonds for industrial purposes.

Tasks include –

- (a) casting jewellery and other non-ferrous metal articles by hand;
- (b) creating new jewellery designs and modifying existing designs, using computers as necessary;
- (c) cutting designs in moulds or other materials to be used as models in the fabrication of metal and jewellery products;
- (d) altering existing jewellery mountings in order to reposition jewels or to adjust mountings;
- (e) repairing, reshaping and restyling old jewellery or precious metal ware following designs or instructions;
- (f) making complete jewellery articles such as rings, necklaces, bangles, brooches and bracelets from materials such as gold, silver, platinum and precious or semi-precious stones;
- (g) examining gem surfaces and internal structures, using polariscopes, refractometers, microscopes and other optical instruments to differentiate between stones, to identify rare specimens, or to detect flaws, defects or peculiarities affecting gem values;
- (h) cutting and polishing gems and setting them in jewellery articles;

Unit Group 7314

Potters and Related Workers

Potters and related workers prepare pottery, porcelain ware, sanitary ware, bricks, tiles and abrasive wheels by hand or by machine.

- (a) making articles of pottery and porcelain;
- (b) making clay or plaster-of-paris moulds;
- (c) reading technical drawings to know the customer's requirements;
- (d) forming articles on the potter's wheel by pressing thumbs into centres of revolving clay to form hollows, and pressing on the inside and outside of emerging clay cylinders with hands and fingers, gradually raising and shaping clay to desired forms and sizes;
- (e) adjusting wheel speeds according to the feel of the clay as pieces enlarge and walls become thinner:
- (f) operating jigger machines to form ceramic ware such as bowls, cups, plates and saucers;
- (g) adjusting and setting controls of pug mills that mix, extrude, cut and deposit clay charges in or over moulds as specified;
- (h) smoothening surfaces of finished pieces, using rubber scrapers and wet sponges;
- (i) forming abrasive wheels by moulding and pressing an abrasive mixture by hand or by machine;
- (j) examining finished ware for defects and verifying accuracy of shapes and sizes of objects, using callipers and templates;
- (k) preparing work for sale or exhibition, and maintaining relationships with retail, pottery, art and resource networks that can facilitate sale or exhibition of work.

- Abrasive wheel moulder
- Brick and tile moulder
- Potter
- Pottery and porcelain caster
- Pottery and porcelain modeller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ceramic artist 2651
- Kiln operator (brick and tile) 8181
- Kiln operator (pottery and porcelain) 8181

Unit Group 7315

Glass Makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers

Glass makers, cutters, grinders and finishers blow, mould, press, cut, trim, grind and polish glass, and shape molten glass according to patterns.

Tasks include -

- (a) heating glass to pliable stage using gas flames or ovens, and rotating glass to heat it uniformly;
- (b) blowing and bending glass tubing into specified shapes to form scientific apparatus such as flasks, retorts and pipettes;
- (c) grinding and polishing glass objects or parts to correct defects or to prepare surfaces for further finishing and smoothing and polishing rough edges, using belt sanders or polishing wheels;
- (d) examining glass stock and finished products and marking or discarding items with defects such as spots, stains, scars, snags, chips, scratches or unacceptable shapes or finishes;
- (e) reading work orders to determine dimensions, cutting locations and quantities to cut;
- (f) observing gauges, computer printouts and video monitors to verify specified processing conditions and make adjustments as necessary;
- (g) positioning patterns or drawings on glass, measuring dimensions, and marking cutting lines, using glass cutting tools and cutting glass along marked outlines or around pattern;
- (h) setting up, operating and adjusting computerized or robotic glass cutting equipment;
- (i) inspecting, weighing and measuring products to verify conformity with specifications, using instruments such as micrometers, callipers, magnifiers and rulers;
- (j) regulating oven temperatures according to glass types to be processed;

- (k) transferring patterns for individual stained glass parts from full size drawings to pattern paper, using stylus to trace drawings;
- spraying silver solution on glass to provide mirrored surface, using spray guns;
- (m) laying out cutting and grinding optical and other glass to specified dimensions and weight for moulding into lens blanks and for use as watch crystals.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Glass blower
- Glass cutter
- Glass finisher
- Glass grinder

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Glass production furnace operator – 8181

Unit Group 7316

Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers

Signwriters, decorative painters, engravers and etchers decorate articles made of wood, metal, textiles, glass, ceramics and other materials. They plan, lay out and paint letters, figures, monograms and designs to make signs and engrave and etch ornamental and floral designs on glass and other articles.

- (a) painting decorative freehand designs on objects such as pottery, glass, cigarette cases or lampshades:
- (b) transferring decorative or ornamental designs onto articles from paper transfers;
- (c) integrating and developing visual elements, such as line, space, mass, colour and perspective, in order to produce desired effects such as the illustration of ideas, emotions or moods:
- (d) laying out and painting in one or more languages letters, figures, monograms and designs to make signs;
- (e) sketching or tracing designs or lettering onto work pieces or pattern materials to prepare patterns or stencils;
- (f) designing patterns or lettering to paint work pieces such as signs, glassware, pottery or zinc plates;
- (g) using software and routing equipment to produce three-dimensional carved images for application onto larger signage as well as engraved and inlaid signs;
- (h) designing and producing normal flat cut lettering, or lettering that is shadowed with

- applied vinyl, or lettering that is ready cut for application;
- writing, painting or printing signs or show cards used for display or other purposes;
- (j) cutting out letters and signs for display purposes from wallboard or cardboard, by hand or machines such as electrically powered jigsaws or bandsaws;
- (k) examining sketches, diagrams, samples, blueprints or photographs to decide how designs are to be etched, cut or engraved onto work pieces;
- (l) measuring and computing dimensions of lettering, designs or patterns to be engraved;
- (m) engraving and printing patterns, ornamental designs, etchings, trademarks, figures or lettering onto flat or curved surfaces of a wide variety of metal, glass, plastic or ceramic items;
- (n) etching decorative designs, calibration markings and other figures on glass articles.

- Decorative painter
- Glass enameller
- Glass engraver
- Glass etcher
- Signwriter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Building painter 7131
- Manufactured articles painter 7132
- Vehicle painter 7132
- Ceramics painting machine operator 8181
- Glass painting machine operator 8181

Unit Group 7317

Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials

Handicraft workers in wood, basketry and related materials apply traditional techniques such as seasoning or impregnation to prepare wood, straw, rattan, reeds, clay, shells and other materials, and carve, mould, assemble, weave or paint and decorate various articles for personal or household use or for decorative purposes. Basketry weavers, brush makers and related workers select and prepare materials such as bristles, nylon, fibre, bass, whisker and wire to make wicker furniture, brushes and brooms, and to weave various kinds of baskets.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing wood, straw, rattan, reeds, shells or similar materials;
- (b) carving floral and artistic designs on wooden surfaces for decorative purposes;

- (c) painting freehand decorative designs on glass and pottery or porcelain ware;
- (d) carving, assembling, weaving, painting and decorating various articles for personal or household use such as salad bowls, serving spoons, cutting-boards, trays, vases, jugs, baskets, straw hats, straw mats and similar objects;
- (e) carving, assembling, weaving and painting various decorative articles such as statues and other sculptures, chess pieces, jewellery and similar objects;
- (f) making wicker furniture from peeled and softened rattan, reeds, rushes, willow branches and similar materials;
- (g) making various kinds of baskets by interlacing osier, rattan, reeds, rushes and similar materials;
- (h) forming bottoms of baskets by interlacing strips of rattan, wood veneer or other materials with frameworks of rods of material such as willow:
- (i) inserting rods around bottom edges between woven sections of bottom and bending them upright to serve as framework for sides;
- (j) selecting and preparing brush materials such as bristles, nylon, fibres and wire, and setting them in brush base;
- (k) selecting and preparing materials such as broom corn, bass, whisker and fibre, and fastening them to broom handles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Basket maker
- Brush maker
- Reed weaving handicraft worker
- Wicker furniture maker
- Wooden articles handicraft worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Machine operator (wood products) – 7523

Unit Group 7318

Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials

Handicraft workers in textile, leather and related materials apply traditional techniques and patterns to produce woven fabrics, knitted, embroidered, woven and other garments and articles for household use, as well as traditional footwear, handbags, belts and other accessories.

Tasks include -

(a) spinning and dyeing with natural dyestuffs, wool, cotton and other fibres;

- (b) lace-making, and weaving, knitting or embroidering various garments and articles for household use:
- (c) preparing and dyeing hides with natural dyestuffs and making traditional footwear or handbags, belts and other accessories;
- (d) spinning and winding yarn by hand;
- (e) drawing warp threads into looms by hand;
- (f) weaving plain or figured cloth, tapestry, lace, carpets or other fabrics on hand looms;
- (g) making carpets by using a knotting technique;
- (h) knitting garments and other articles on handoperated machines or by hand;
- (i) crocheting or making braid by hand;
- (j) making nets by hand;
- (k) grading and classifying natural textile fibres;
- (l) washing wool fibres;
- (m) cleaning and fluffing textile fibres;
- (n) forming fibres into sliver, combing them, combining sliver into sliver laps or forming sliver into rove.

- Carpets handicraft worker
- Carpet weaver
- Cloth weaver
- Knitter
- Leather handicraft worker

- Loom threader
- Textile fibre comber
- Textile fibre drawer
- Textile fibre rover
- Textiles handicraft worker
- Thread and yarn spinner

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Textile fibre combing machine operator 8151
- Knitting machine operator 8152
- Weaving machine operator 8152

Unit Group 7319

Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers handicraft workers who perform traditional handicrafts not classified elsewhere. For instance, the group includes traditional handicraft workers in non-precious metals and stone.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Candle-maker (handicraft)
- Metal toymaker
- Stone articles handicraft worker

Minor Group 732

Printing Trades Workers

Printing trades workers compose and set type prior to printing, set up and operate printing presses, bind and finish printed products, and prepare stencils and operate screen printing equipment.

Tasks performed usually include: operating graphic cameras and other photographic equipment to reproduce camera-ready copy onto films, plates and digital output devices; operating computer screen-based equipment for scanning, colour separation and correction, retouching and other processes used to transfer copy to film and produce film for plate, cylinder and digital output productions; setting up, operating and monitoring machines used in typesetting, photographing copy, printing and cutting, folding, collating and binding printed material; performing routine finishing operations and machine maintenance; preparing stencils and operating screen printing equipment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7321 Pre-press Technicians

7322 Printers

7323 Print Finishing and Binding Workers

Unit Group 7321

Pre-press Technicians

Pre-press technicians proof, format, set and compose text and graphics into a form suitable for

use in various printing processes and representation in other visual media.

Tasks include -

 (a) operating graphic cameras and other photographic equipment to reproduce

- camera-ready copy onto films, plates and digital output devices;
- (b) using computer applications to generate images, text, layouts and impositions for print and other visual media displays;
- (c) operating plate-making equipment to reproduce images from film to printing plates, digital output devices and presses;
- (d) operating computer screen-based equipment for scanning, colour separation, colour correction, masking, creative design, combining, imposing, retouching, and other processes used to transfer copy to film and produce film for plate, digital output and cylinder productions;
- (e) carrying out digital and chemical proofing from digital systems, and negative and positive films;
- (f) evaluating printed proofs, checking and correcting them for quality;
- (g) preparing and exposing carbon tissue for laying on cylinders by transfer method, and developing images.

- Compositor
- Desktop publishing operator
- Electronic pre-press technician
- Photogravurist
- Photolithographer
- Plate maker (printing)
- Plate mounter (screen printing)
- Screen maker
- Typesetter

Unit Group 7322

Printers

Printers set up and operate digital, letterpress, lithographic, flexographic, gravure, newspaper and other printing presses.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting, adjusting and monitoring substratefeed mechanisms, delivery mechanisms, inking systems and other printing machine functions;
- (b) mixing ink and solvents to standard, and regulating paper and ink supply during print runs;
- (c) monitoring, evaluating and determining press to check print quality standards against proofs and detect malfunctions;
- (d) producing a variety of printed products using digital, relief, lithographic, flexographic and gravure printing presses, and in-line finishing systems;
- (e) preparing plates, blankets and impression cylinders on small offset lithographic printing presses;

- (f) loading paper into feeding mechanisms;
- (g) monitoring machine operations and quality of printing;
- (h) maintaining, adjusting, repairing and cleaning machines;
- (i) producing digital print images, and transferring and outputting images.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Block printer
- Digital press operator
- Feeder operator (printing)
- Flexographic press operator
- Gravure press operator
- Large sheet-fed press operator
- Screen printer
- Screen printing press operator
- Small press operator
- Textile printer
- Web press operator

Unit Group 7323

Print Finishing and Binding Workers

Print finishing and binding workers bind books and other publications, and finish printed products by hand or machine.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting up and supervising the operation of automatic binding and finishing equipment;
- (b) binding full, half and limp-bound books, and repairing bindings;
- (c) folding, collating and sewing signatures by machine and hand;
- (d) operating paper guillotines for pre-press and post-press paper cutting and trimming, and programming electronically operated units:
- (e) operating systems to insert printed material into newspapers, magazines and envelopes;
- (f) embellishing printed products automatically and manually;
- (g) operating photographic and electronic reproduction devices.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Book binder
- Collator operator
- Cutter operator
- Foil stamp operator
- Folder operator
- Gatherer operator
- Multibinder operator
- Perfect binder operator
- Saddle stitch operator
- Small machine bindery worker

Sub-major Group 74

Electrical and Electronics Trades Workers

Electrical and electronics trades workers install, fit and maintain electrical wiring systems and machinery and other electrical apparatus, electrical transmission and supply lines and cables, and electronic and telecommunications equipment and systems. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work is carried out by hand and by hand-powered and other tools which are used to reduce the amount of physical effort and time required for specific tasks, as well as to improve the quality of the products. The tasks call for an understanding of the work organization, materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: installing, maintaining, fitting and adjusting electrical and electronic wiring systems, machinery and equipment; examining blueprints, wiring diagrams and specifications to determine sequences and methods of operation; inspecting and testing electrical and electronic systems, equipment, cables and machinery to identify hazards, defects and the need for adjustment or repair; installing, maintaining and repairing electrical and telecommunications transmission lines; joining electrical, telecommunications and data cables; maintaining, troubleshooting, fitting, adjusting, testing and repairing electronic equipment such as commercial and office machines, electronic instruments and control systems, computers, and telecommunications and data transmission equipment.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

741 Electrical Equipment Installers and Repairers

742 Electronics and Telecommunications Installers and Repairers

Minor Group 741

Electrical Equipment Installers and Repairers

Electrical equipment installers and repairers install, fit and maintain electrical wiring systems and related equipment, electrical machinery and other electrical apparatus and electrical transmission and supply lines and cables.

Tasks performed usually include: installing, maintaining, fitting and adjusting electrical wiring systems, machinery and equipment; examining blueprints, wiring diagrams and specifications to determine sequences and methods of operation; inspecting and testing electrical systems, equipment, cables and machinery to identify hazards, defects and the need for adjustment or repair; installing, maintaining and repairing electrical transmission lines; joining electrical cables.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7411 Building and Related Electricians
- 7412 Electrical Mechanics and Fitters
- 7413 Electrical Line Installers and Repairers

Unit Group 7411

Building and Related Electricians

Building and related electricians install, maintain and repair electrical wiring systems and related equipment and fixtures.

Tasks include -

 (a) installing, maintaining and repairing electrical wiring systems and related equipment in various buildings such as schools, hospitals, commercial establishments, residential buildings and other structures;

- (b) examining blueprints, wiring diagrams and specifications to determine sequences and methods of operation;
- (c) planning layout and installation of electrical wiring, equipment and fixtures, based on job specifications and relevant standards;
- (d) inspecting electrical systems, equipment and components to identify hazards, defects and the need for adjustment or repair;
- (e) selecting, cutting and connecting wire and cable to terminals and connectors;

- (f) measuring and laying out installation reference points;
- (g) positioning and installing electrical switchboards:
- (h) testing continuity of circuits.

- Building repairs electrician
- Electrician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Electrical fitter 7412
- Electrical mechanic 7412
- Electrical line installer 7413

Unit Group 7412

Electrical Mechanics and Fitters

Electrical mechanics and fitters fit, adjust, install and repair electrical machinery and other electrical apparatus and equipment in buildings, factories, motor vehicles, workshops or other places.

Tasks include –

- (a) fitting, adjusting and repairing various kinds of electrical machinery and motors, generators, switchgear and control apparatus, instruments or electrical parts of elevators and related equipment;
- (b) fitting, adjusting and repairing electrical parts in domestic appliances, industrial machines and other appliances;
- (c) inspecting and testing manufactured electrical products;
- (d) installing, testing, connecting, commissioning, maintaining and modifying electrical equipment, wiring and control systems;
- (e) designing, installing, maintaining, servicing and repairing electric and hydraulic passenger and freight lifts, escalators, moving walkways and other lift equipment;
- (f) connecting electrical systems to the power supply;
- (g) replacing and repairing defective parts.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Armature builder
- Automotive electrician
- Electrical generator fitter
- Electrical mechanic
- Lift mechanic

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Electronics mechanic 7421
- Electrical equipment assembler 8212

Unit Group 7413

Electrical Line Installers and Repairers

Electrical line installers and repairers install, repair and join electrical transmission and supply cables and related equipment.

Tasks include -

- (a) installing and repairing overhead and underground electrical power and electrical traction lines;
- (b) making joints in overhead and underground cables;
- (c) adhering to safety practices and procedures, such as checking equipment regularly and erecting barriers around work areas;
- (d) opening switches or attaching grounding devices to remove electrical hazards from disturbed or fallen lines or to facilitate repairs;
- (e) climbing poles or using truck-mounted buckets to access equipment;
- (f) identifying defective sectionalizing devices, circuit breakers, fuses, voltage regulators, transformers, switches, relays or wiring, using wiring diagrams and electrical-testing instruments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Electric cable jointer
- Electric power line worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Data and telecommunications cabler 7422
- Telecommunications line worker 7422

Minor Group 742

Electronics and Telecommunications Installers and Repairers

Electronics and telecommunications installers and repairers fit, maintain, adjust and repair electronic equipment such as commercial and office machines, electronic instruments and control systems; install, repair and maintain telecommunications equipment, data transmission equipment, cables and antennae; and repair, fit and maintain computers.

Tasks performed usually include: examining and testing machines, equipment, instruments and control systems to diagnose faults; adjusting, repairing and replacing worn and defective

parts and wiring, and maintaining machines, equipment and instruments; installing electronic instruments and control systems; fitting and adjusting electronic equipment; maintaining, troubleshooting, fitting, adjusting, testing and repairing computers, data transmission equipment and computer peripherals; installing, maintaining, repairing and diagnosing malfunctions of microwave, telemetry, multiplexing, satellite and other radio and electromagnetic wave communications systems; providing technical advice and information, and monitoring the performance of complex telecommunications networks and equipment; installing, joining and repairing cabling for computer, radio, telephone and television transmission; installing, maintaining and repairing antennae used in communications.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7421 Electronics Mechanics and Servicers

7422 Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers

Unit Group 7421

Electronics Mechanics and Servicers

Electronics mechanics and servicers fit, maintain, adjust and repair electronic equipment such as commercial and office machines and electronic instruments and control systems.

Tasks include -

- (a) examining and testing machines, instruments, components, control systems and other electronic equipment to identify faults;
- (b) adjusting, repairing and replacing worn and defective parts and wiring, and maintaining machines, equipment and instruments;
- (c) reassembling, test operating and adjusting equipment;
- (d) installing electronic instruments and control systems:
- (e) coordinating work with that of engineers, technicians and other maintenance personnel:
- (f) interpreting test data to diagnose malfunctions and systemic performance problems;
- (g) installing, adjusting, repairing or replacing electrical and electronic components, assemblies and systems, using hand tools, power tools or soldering irons;
- (h) connecting components to assemblies such as radio systems, instruments, magnetos, inverters and in-flight refuelling systems;
- keeping records of maintenance and repair work.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aircraft maintenance engineer (avionics)
- Automated teller machines mechanic
- Avionics technician
- Electronic equipment servicer
- Electronics mechanic
- Photocopy machine technician

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Air traffic safety technician – 3155

Unit Group 7422

Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers

Information and communications technology (ICT) installers and servicers install, repair and maintain telecommunications equipment, data transmission equipment, cables, antennae and conduits, and repair, fit and maintain computers.

Tasks include -

- (a) maintaining, troubleshooting, testing and repairing computers, data transmission equipment and computer peripherals;
- (b) fitting and adjusting computer hardware;
- (c) installing, maintaining, repairing and diagnosing malfunctions of microwave, telemetry, multiplexing, satellite and other radio and electromagnetic wave communications systems;
- (d) providing technical advice and information, and monitoring the performance of complex telecommunications networks and equipment;
- (e) installing and repairing cabling for computer, radio, telephone and television transmission;
- (f) joining telecommunications and data cables, and sealing sheaths;
- (g) installing, maintaining and repairing antennae used in communications.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Communications technology servicer
- Computer equipment fitter
- Computer hardware installer
- Data and telecommunications cabler
- Telecommunications equipment repairer
- Telecommunications line worker
- Telephone installer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

 Engineering technician (telecommunications) – 3522

Sub-major Group 75

Food Processing, Woodworking, Garment and Other Craft and Related Trades Workers

Food processing, woodworking, garment and other craft and related trades workers treat and process agricultural and fisheries raw materials into food and other products, and produce and repair goods made of wood, textiles, fur, leather or other materials. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work is carried out by hand and by hand-powered and other tools which are used to reduce the amount of physical effort and time required for specific tasks, as well as to improve the quality of the products. The tasks call for an understanding of the work organization, materials and tools used, and the nature and purpose of the final product.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: treating and processing meat, fish, grain, fruit, vegetables and related materials into food stuffs, and tobacco into tobacco products; tasting and grading food products and beverages; treating and processing natural fibres, skins and hides; making and repairing furniture and other goods made of wood; preparing hides, skins and pelts for further use; making and repairing textiles, garments, hats, shoes and related products. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 751 Food Processing and Related Trades Workers
- 752 Wood Treaters, Cabinet-makers and Related Trades Workers
- 753 Garment and Related Trades Workers
- 754 Other Craft and Related Workers

Minor Group 751

Food Processing and Related Trades Workers

Food processing and related trades workers slaughter animals; treat and prepare them and related food items for human and animal consumption; make various kinds of bread, cakes and other flour products; process and preserve fruit, vegetables and related foods; taste and grade various food products and beverages; or prepare tobacco and make tobacco products.

Tasks performed usually include: slaughtering animals; treating meat and fish and preparing them and related food items; making various kinds of bread, cakes and other flour products; processing and preserving fruit, vegetables and related foods; tasting and grading various food products and beverages; preparing tobacco and making tobacco products. Supervision of workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7511 Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers
- 7512 Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers
- 7513 Dairy Products Makers
- 7514 Fruit, Vegetable and Related Preservers
- 7515 Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders
- 7516 Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers

Unit Group 7511

Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers

Butchers, fishmongers and related food preparers slaughter animals, clean, cut and dress meat and fish, remove bones and prepare related food items, or preserve meat, fish and other foods and food products by drying, salting or smoking.

- (a) slaughtering animals;
- (b) flaying and trimming carcasses;
- (c) boning, cutting and dressing meat and fish for sale or further processing;
- (d) preparing ingredients and making sausages and similar products using chopping, mixing and shaping machines;

- (e) curing meat, fish and other foods;
- (f) operating smokehouses or ovens to smoke meat, fish and other foodstuffs;
- (g) cooking or in other ways preparing meat, fish and related food items for sale;
- (h) selling meat or fish to customers, including wrapping, weighing and labelling products, and receiving payment.

- Butcher
- Fish filleter
- Fishmonger
- Slaughterer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Shopkeeper 5221
- Fish processing machine operator 8160
- Meat processing machine operator 8160

Unit Group 7512

Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers

Bakers, pastry-cooks and confectionery makers make various kinds of bread, cakes and other flour products, as well as handmade chocolate and sugar confectionery.

Tasks include -

- (a) making bread, cakes, biscuits, pastries, pies and other flour products;
- (b) making handmade confectionery from mixtures of sugar, chocolate and other ingredients, using hand tools and some machines;
- (c) combining measured ingredients in bowls of mixing, blending or cooking machinery;
- (d) checking the quality of raw materials to ensure that standards and specifications are met;
- (e) applying glazes, icings or other toppings to baked goods, using spatulas or brushes;
- (f) checking the cleanliness of equipment and operation of premises before production runs to ensure compliance with occupational health and safety regulations;
- (g) monitoring oven temperatures and product appearance to determine baking times;
- (h) coordinating the forming, loading, baking, unloading, de-panning and cooling of batches of bread, rolls, pastry and confectionery products.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Baker
- Chocolate maker
- Confectioner
- Pastry-cook

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cook 5120
- Bakery products machine operator 8160
- Bread production machine operator 8160
- Chocolate production machine operator 8160

Unit Group 7513

Dairy Products Makers

Dairy products makers process butter and various types of cheese, cream or other dairy products.

Tasks include –

- (a) boiling or pasteurizing milk to achieve specified butter fat content;
- (b) separating cream from milk and churning cream into butter;
- (c) dumping measured amounts of starter and other ingredients into milk;
- (d) curdling milk, heating curd until it reaches desired firmness, draining curd and placing cheese into moulds to press it into shape;
- (e) salting cheese and piercing or smearing cheese with cultured wash to develop mould growth;
- (f) placing and turning cheese blocks on shelves to cure cheese;
- (g) monitoring product quality before packaging by inspecting, taking samples and adjusting treatment conditions when necessary;
- (h) recording amounts of ingredients used, test results and time cycles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Butter maker
- · Cheese maker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Dairy products machine operator 8160
- Milk processing machine operator 8160

Unit Group 7514

Fruit, Vegetable and Related Preservers

Fruit, vegetable and related preservers process or preserve fruit, nuts and related foods in various ways including cooking, drying and salting, or juice or oil extraction.

- (a) extracting juices from various fruits;
- (b) extracting oils from oil-bearing seeds, nuts or fruits:
- (c) cooking, salting or drying fruit, vegetables and related foods;

- (d) mixing and adding ingredients such as pectin, sugar, spices and vinegar to assist preservation and enhance texture, appearance and flavour:
- (e) transferring preserved foods to sterile jars, bottles or other containers.

- Chutney maker
- Fruit preserver
- Jam maker
- Oil expeller
- Vegetable and fruit pickler
- Vegetable preserver

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Canning machine operator – 8183

Unit Group 7515

Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders

Food and beverage tasters and graders inspect, taste and grade various types of agricultural products, food and beverages.

Tasks include -

- (a) inspecting, testing, tasting and smelling agricultural products, food and beverages at various stages of processing;
- (b) determining quality, acceptability to consumer tastes and approximate value of products, and grading them into appropriate classes;
- (c) discarding inferior products;
- (d) recording the grade and/or identification numbers on tags and receiving or sales sheets;
- (e) weighing and measuring products.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Food grader
- Food taster
- Liquor taster
- Tea taster
- Wine taster

Unit Group 7516

Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers

Tobacco preparers and tobacco products makers prepare tobacco leaves and make various tobacco products.

Tasks include -

- (a) grading cured tobacco leaves by type, quality and locality where grown;
- (b) mixing tobacco leaves according to formula to obtain a blend of distinct flavour;
- (c) tending vacuum containers which moisten tobacco for further processing;
- (d) removing midribs and stalks from tobacco leaves and shredding tobacco;
- (e) making cigars, cigarettes, snuff and other tobacco products by hand or with simple machines.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cigarette maker
- Cigar maker
- Tobacco grader

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Cigarette production machine operator 8160
- Cigar production machine operator 8160

Minor Group 752

Wood Treaters, Cabinet-makers and Related Trades Workers

Wood treaters, cabinet-makers and related trades workers preserve and treat wood; make, decorate and repair wooden furniture, vehicles and other wooden products and components; and set up, operate and tend wood seasoning and preserving equipment and woodworking equipment, machines and machine tools.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and tending treating and other equipment to dry lumber and other wood products, and to treat chemically and impregnate wood products with preservatives; setting and operating woodworking machines to cut, shape and form parts and components; studying plans, verifying dimensions of articles to be made, fitting parts together to form complete units and checking the quality and fit of pieces to ensure adherence to specifications; setting and adjusting various kinds of machines for operation by others; setting up, programming, operating and monitoring several types of woodworking machines to fabricate, repair or refinish wooden parts for furniture, fixtures and other wood products; and reading and interpreting specifications or following verbal instructions.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7521 Wood Treaters

7522 Cabinet-makers and Related Workers

7523 Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators

Unit Group 7521

Wood Treaters

Wood treaters season, preserve and treat wood and lumber manually or using wood treatment equipment such as kilns and tanks.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and tending kilns, treating tanks and other equipment to dry lumber, prepare and season wood and other wood products, and to impregnate wood products with preservatives;
- (b) monitoring equipment operation, gauges and panel lights in order to detect deviations from standards and to ensure that processes are operating according to specifications;
- (c) operating valves to admit treating solution into treatment vessels, maintain specified heat, vacuum and hydraulic pressure and levels of solution during each phase of the treatment cycle;
- (d) activating vacuum and hydraulic pressure pumps that remove air and steam from retorts and force treating solution into pores of wood to accelerate the treatment process;
- (e) assisting in maintaining processing equipment and machines as required;
- (f) cleaning, lubricating and adjusting equipment:
- (g) transporting materials and products to and from work areas manually or using carts, handtrucks or hoists;
- (h) completing and maintaining production reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dry kiln operator
- Lumber kiln operator
- Timber treating tank operator
- Veneer dryer tender
- Wood seasoner
- Wood treater

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Wood processing plant operator – 8172

Unit Group 7522

Cabinet-makers and Related Workers

Cabinet-makers and related workers make, decorate and repair wooden furniture, carts and other vehicles, wheels, parts, fittings, patterns, models and other wooden products using woodworking machines, machine tools and specialized hand tools.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating woodworking machines such as power saws, jointers, mortisers and shapers, and using hand tools to cut, shape and form parts and components;
- (b) studying plans, verifying dimensions of articles to be made, or preparing specifications and checking the quality and fit of pieces in order to ensure adherence to specifications;
- (c) trimming joints and fitting parts and subassemblies together to form complete units using glue and clamps, and reinforcing joints using nails, screws or other fasteners;
- (d) making, restyling and repairing various wooden articles such as cabinets, furniture, vehicles, scale models, sports equipment and other parts or products;
- (e) decorating furniture and fixtures by inlaying wood or applying veneer and carving designs:
- (f) finishing surfaces of wooden articles or furniture.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cabinet-maker
- Cartwright
- Furniture cabinet-maker
- Wheelwright
- Wood patternmaker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Carpenter 7115
- Joiner 7115
- Wood and related products assemblers 8219

Unit Group 7523

Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators

Woodworking machine tool setters and operators set up, operate and monitor automatic or semi-automatic woodworking machines such as precision sawing, shaping, planing, boring, turning and woodcarving machines to fabricate or repair wooden parts for furniture, fixtures and other wooden products.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting up, programming, operating and monitoring several types of woodworking machines for sawing, shaping, boring, drilling, planing, pressing, turning, sanding or carving to fabricate or repair wooden parts for furniture, fixtures and other wooden products;
- (b) operating preset special-purpose woodworking machines to fabricate wooden products such as coat hangers, mop handles, clothespins and other products;
- (c) selecting knives, saws, blades, cutter heads, cams, bits or belts according to work piece,

- machine functions and product specifications:
- (d) installing and adjusting blades, cutter heads, boring-bits and sanding-belts, and using hand tools and rules;
- (e) setting and adjusting various kinds of woodworking machines for operation by others;
- (f) reading and interpreting specifications or following verbal instructions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Carving machine operator (wood)
- Furniture production machine operator
- Precision woodworking sawyer
- Wood products machine operator
- Wood turner
- Woodworking lathe operator
- Woodworking machine setter
- Woodworking machine setter-operator
- Woodworking machine set-up operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

 Wood and related products assemblers – 8219

Minor Group 753

Garment and Related Trades Workers

Garment and related trades workers fit, alter and repair tailored clothing; design and make textile and fur garments and leather or fur products; repair, renovate and decorate garments, gloves and other textile products; create patterns for garments; install, repair and replace upholstery of furniture, fixtures, orthopaedic appliances and furnishings of automobiles; trim, scrape, tan, buff and dye animal hides, pelts or skins; and modify and repair footwear and leather articles.

Tasks performed usually include: fitting, altering and repairing tailored clothing; designing and making made-to-measure clothing from textile fabrics, light leather and other materials, or making hats or wigs; making garment style changes; creating precision master patterns for production of garments and other textile, leather or fur products; sewing together, joining, darning, repairing, renovating and decorating garments, gloves and other products of textile, fur, light leather and other materials; fabricating and assembling sails, awnings and tarpaulins; installing, repairing and replacing upholstery of furniture, fixtures, orthopaedic appliances, seats, panels and other furnishings of automobiles, railway coaches, aircraft, ships and similar items; trimming, scraping, cleaning, tanning, buffing and dyeing animal hides, pelts or skins to produce leather stock and finished furs for making garments and other products; making, modifying and repairing standard, custom-made or orthopaedic footwear and natural or synthetic leather articles.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 7531 Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters
- 7532 Garment and Related Patternmakers and Cutters
- 7533 Sewing, Embroidery and Related Workers
- 7534 Upholsterers and Related Workers
- 7535 Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers
- 7536 Shoemakers and Related Workers

Unit Group 7531

Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters

Tailors, dressmakers, furriers and hatters fabricate, fit, alter and repair tailored or handmade clothing. They produce made-to-measure clothing such as suits, overcoats and dresses from textile fabrics, light leather, fur and other material, or make hats or wigs according to customers' and clothing manufacturers' specifications.

Tasks include -

- (a) making overcoats, suits, skirts, shirts, blouses, lingerie, corsetry, hats, wigs and similar garments, often to clients' individual requirements;
- (b) selecting textile fabrics, leather or fur pelts, matching the desired size, colour, texture and quality of the garment; cutting to shape them to garment pattern and arranging them on the pattern according to the design of the garment;
- (c) making garment style changes, such as tapering trouser legs or narrowing lapels, and adding or removing padding;
- (d) selecting and modifying commercial patterns to customers' and clothing manufacturers' specifications and fit;
- (e) fitting, altering and repairing tailored clothing, dresses, coats and other made-tomeasure garments according to customers' requests;
- (f) making and caring for costumes used in theatrical, television and motion picture productions;
- (g) folding, twisting and draping material such as satin or silk, or sewing ribbon or cloth in the form of artificial flowers or bows around crown and brim to shape and decorate hats;
- (h) sewing and fastening together materials and hair strands to make wigs;
- blending shades of hair to give a natural appearance to wigs, arranging woven hair in specified positions and sewing hair together to form hairpieces;
- (j) making, altering, restyling and repairing fur garments and other fur articles;
- (k) reclaiming furs or skins from old coats, gluing fabric to the interior of fur coats and trimming fur garments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dressmaker
- Fur grader
- Furrier
- Hatter
- Milliner
- Tailor

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Textiles handicraft worker 7318
- Sewing machine operator 8153

Unit Group 7532

Garment and Related Patternmakers and Cutters

Garment and related patternmakers and cutters create precision master patterns for the production of garments and other textile, leather or fur products. They mark, cut, shape and trim textiles, light leather and other materials according to blueprints or specifications in the manufacture of garments, hats and caps, gloves and miscellaneous products.

- (a) creating a master pattern for each size within a range of garment sizes, using charts, drafting instruments, computers and/or grading devices;
- (b) creating the blueprint or pattern pieces for a particular apparel design with the aid of a computer;
- (c) calculating dimensions of patterns according to sizes, considering stretching of material;
- (d) drawing details on outlined parts to indicate where parts are to be joined, as well as the positions of pleats, pockets, buttonholes on garments, decorative stitching on shoe parts or eyelets on canvas products, using computers or drafting instruments;
- (e) positioning templates or measuring materials to locate specified points of cuts or to obtain maximum yields, and marking fabric accordingly;
- (f) laying out the master pattern on fabric and cutting sample patterns;
- (g) testing patterns by making and fitting sample garments;
- (h) placing patterns on top of layers of fabric and cutting fabric following patterns, using electric or manual knives, cutters or computer numerically controlled cutting devices;
- (i) cutting fabric or fur pelts to make parts for garments and other fur articles;
- (j) trimming excess material or cutting threads off finished products, such as cutting loose ends of a finished product;
- (k) positioning leather on the cutting bed of machines, maximizing usage according to skin grain, skin flaws and skin stretch;
- performing patternmaking, marking and cutting tasks in the manufacture of other products such as soft furnishings and canvas goods.

- Fur patternmaker
- Garment cutter
- Garment patternmaker
- Glove cutter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Textile patternmaking machine operator – 8159

Unit Group 7533

Sewing, Embroidery and Related Workers

Sewing, embroidery and related workers sew together, repair, renovate and decorate garments, gloves and other products of textile, fur, light leather and other materials and fabricate tents, sails, awnings and tarpaulins. They work mainly by hand, using a needle and thread, but may perform some tasks using a sewing machine.

Tasks include –

- (a) repairing defective or damaged portions of cloths or garments by hand, using matching thread and needle;
- (b) removing stitches from garments to be altered, using rippers or razor blades;
- (c) selecting thread according to specifications or colour of parts, or dyeing thread to match colour and shade of cloth to be darned;
- (d) patching holes, sewing tears and ripped seams, or darning defects in items, using needle and thread:
- (e) pulling knots to the wrong sides of garments, using hooks;
- (f) trimming ends with scissors to make mended portions look uniform with the pattern of cloth;
- (g) sewing ornamental designs by hand over stamped, printed or stencilled patterns on fabric, using needle and coloured thread;
- (h) embroidering ornamental designs on cloth by hand or machine, using needle and coloured thread:
- (i) softening leather or shoe material with water to prepare it for sewing;
- (j) sewing or gluing decorative trimmings to articles such as hats, caps or other millinery;
- (k) hand-sewing umbrella covers to frames, tacking cover to ribs along seams, sewing corners to tips of ribs and sewing ties to outside of cover to hold umbrella when folded;
- (l) fabricating and assembling thick cloth, canvas and similar materials into sails, awnings, tarpaulins and tents.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

Embroiderer

- Sewer
- Umbrella maker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Textiles handicraft worker 7318
- Dressmaker 7531
- Sewing machine operator 8153

Unit Group 7534

Upholsterers and Related Workers

Upholsterers and related workers install, repair and replace upholstery of furniture, fixtures, orthopaedic appliances, seats, panels, convertible and vinyl tops and other furnishings of automobiles, railway coaches, aircraft, ships and similar items with fabric, leather, rexine or other upholstery material. They also make and repair cushions, quilts and mattresses.

Tasks include -

- (a) discussing upholstery fabric, colour and style with customers and providing cost estimates for upholstering furniture or other items;
- (b) making upholstery patterns from sketches, customer descriptions or blueprints;
- (c) laying out, measuring and cutting upholstery materials following patterns, templates, sketches or design specifications;
- (d) installing, arranging and securing springs, padding and covering material to furniture frames;
- (e) sewing upholstery materials by hand to seam cushions and joining sections of covering materials;
- (f) sewing rips or tears in material, or creating tufting, using needle and thread;
- (g) tacking, gluing or sewing ornamental trims, buckles, braids, buttons and other accessories to covers or frames on upholstered items;
- (h) laying out, cutting, fabricating and installing upholstery in aircraft, motor vehicles, railway cars, boats and ships;
- (i) repairing raw hide coverings of artificial limbs:
- (j) renovating antique furniture using a variety of tools including ripping chisels, magnetic hammers and long needles;
- (k) collaborating with interior designers to decorate rooms and coordinate furnishing fabrics;
- (l) making quilts, cushions and mattresses.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Furniture upholsterer
- Mattress maker
- Orthopaedic upholsterer
- Vehicle upholsterer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Sewing machine operator – 8153

Unit Group 7535

Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers

Pelt dressers, tanners and fellmongers trim, scrape, clean, tan, buff and dye animal hides, pelts or skins to produce leather stock and finished furs for making garments and other products.

Tasks include -

- (a) sorting and grading pelts, hides and skins according to colour, shading, size and density;
- (b) scraping particles of flesh, fat or protective tissue from skins or pelts to clean and soften them;
- (c) removing hair from skin or hides soaked in lime water;
- (d) preparing hides by curing them with salt;
- (e) removing long, coarse hair from pelts and trimming underlying hair to even length;
- (f) tanning and dressing pelts to improve lustre and beauty or to restore the natural appearance of pelts;
- (g) preparing bark and myrobalan liquor for treating hides or skins;
- (h) treating hides and skins in tanning solution to convert them into leather;
- (i) tinting or dyeing furs to enhance natural shades of fur;
- (j) removing wrinkles and setting grains on wet hides or skins;
- (k) dressing and applying dyes and stains to leather;
- (l) stretching and smoothing dressed pelts;
- (m) seasoning leather by applying chemical solution or oil evenly onto the surface by hand brush and allowing it to dry in open air.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fellmonger
- Pelt grader
- Tanner

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Tanning machine operator – 8155

Unit Group 7536

Shoemakers and Related Workers

Shoemakers and related workers make, modify and repair standard, custom or orthopaedic footwear and natural or synthetic leather articles such as luggage, handbags and belts (except for leather garments, hats and gloves), or participate in the manufacture of shoes and related goods. They decorate, reinforce or finish shoes, luggage, handbags and belts.

Tasks include -

- (a) making, modifying and repairing standard footwear to meet individual requirements;
- (b) making, modifying and repairing orthopaedic or therapeutic footwear according to doctors' prescriptions, or modifying existing footwear for people with foot problems and special needs;
- (c) repairing belts, luggage, purses and similar products;
- (d) taking plaster casts of deformed legs or feet to prepare drawings;
- (e) preparing inserts, heel pads and lifts from casts of customers' feet;
- (f) studying drawings and other specifications to make footwear according to customers' needs:
- (g) studying work orders and/or shoe part tags to obtain information about workloads, specifications and the types of materials to be used;
- (h) checking the texture, colour and strength of leather to ensure that it is adequate for a particular purpose;
- (i) cutting out, shaping and padding parts for making leather articles;
- (j) sewing rips or patching holes to repair articles such as purses, belts, shoes and luggage;
- (k) removing and examining shoes, shoe parts and designs to verify conformity with specifications, such as proper embedding of stitches in channels;
- (l) attaching accessories or ornamentation to decorate or protect products;
- (m) making and repairing articles such as saddles and harnesses for animals, luggage, handbags, briefcases, leather bags, belts and other accessories.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cobbler
- Orthopaedic shoemaker
- Saddler
- Shoemaker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Furrier 7531
- Hatter 7531
- Shoe production machine operator 8156

Minor Group 754

Other Craft and Related Workers

Other craft and related workers work under the surface of water, using underwater breathing apparatus; position, assemble and detonate explosives; inspect and test raw materials and manufactured components and products; and remove unwanted organisms to prevent damage to crops and buildings and other structures. This group includes other trade and craft occupations not classified elsewhere in Major Group 7: Craft and Related Trades Workers.

Tasks performed usually include: ensuring safety precautions; performing various underwater tasks; loading explosives into blast holes; mixing chemicals according to instructions; operating and monitoring equipment for spraying pests and weeds.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

7541 Underwater Divers

7542 Shotfirers and Blasters

7543 Product Graders and Testers (excluding Foods and Beverages)

7544 Fumigators and Other Pest and Weed Controllers

7549 Craft and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 7541

Underwater Divers

Underwater divers work under the surface of water, with or without the aid of underwater breathing apparatus, to inspect, install, repair and remove equipment and structures, conduct tests or experiments, rig explosives, photograph structures or marine life, collect various forms of aquatic life for commercial or research purposes, and find and recover missing items and persons.

Tasks include –

- (a) taking safety precautions, such as monitoring dive lengths and depths, and registering with authorities before diving expeditions begin;
- (b) checking and maintaining diving equipment such as helmets, masks, air tanks, diving suits, harnesses and gauges;
- (c) descending into water with the aid of diver helpers, using scuba gear or diving suits;
- (d) working under water to lay and repair bridges, piers and harbour-wall foundations;
- (e) inspecting for suspected damage and making minor repairs to ships' hulls and underwater installations;
- (f) reporting on the condition of wrecked ships;
- (g) removing underwater obstructions;
- (h) drilling holes for underwater blasting;
- (i) performing various underwater tasks connected with salvage work or recovering dead bodies;
- (j) gathering shellfish, sponges and other aquatic life forms;
- (k) communicating with workers on the surface while under water, using signal lines or telephones;
- (l) obtaining information about diving tasks and environmental conditions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Oyster diver
- Salvage frogman
- Sponge diver
- Underwater worker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Subsistence diver – 6340

Unit Group 7542

Shotfirers and Blasters

Shotfirers and blasters position, assemble and detonate explosives at mining, quarrying and demolition sites.

- (a) ensuring that workplace safety and explosives handling, storage and transport procedures and regulations are followed;
- (b) planning and giving instructions for the layout, depth and diameter of blast holes;
- (c) checking depth and cleanliness of blast holes;
- (d) determining quantity and type of explosives to be used;
- (e) loading explosives into blast holes;
- (f) assembling, or directing other workers to assemble, primer charges using detonators and explosive cartridges, and attaching electrical wires, fuses and detonating cords to primers;
- (g) connecting wires, fuses and detonator cords into series, testing electrical circuits and repairing malfunctions, and connecting series to blasting machines;
- (h) covering charges, filling blast holes with rock dust, sand and other materials, and tamping material to compact charges;

- (i) ensuring that all explosives are detonated, and reporting and attending to misfires;
- (j) declaring blast areas safe before and after detonation of explosives;
- (k) compiling and maintaining records about usage of explosives in compliance with laws and regulations.

- Blaster
- Powderman
- Powder monkey
- Shotfirer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Mining supervisor 3121
- Driller (mining) 8111
- Driller (oil or gas well) 8113
- Mining labourer 9311
- Quarry labourer 9311

Unit Group 7543

Product Graders and Testers (excluding Foods and Beverages)

Product graders and testers (excluding foods and beverages) inspect, test, sort, sample and weigh raw materials, manufactured components and non-comestible goods produced or sold, to ensure compliance with quality standards, to identify defects, wear and deviations from specifications, and to grade and classify them according to their quality. Tasks include –

- (a) inspecting and testing products, parts and materials for conformity with specifications
- and standards;(b) grading and classifying natural textile fibres
- (b) grading and classifying natural textile fibres for spinning and winding;
- (c) discarding or rejecting products, materials and equipment not meeting specifications;
- (d) analysing and interpreting blueprints, data, manuals and other materials to determine specifications, inspection and testing procedures;
- (e) notifying supervisors and other personnel of production problems, and assisting in identifying and correcting these problems;
- (f) recording inspection or test data such as weights, temperatures, grades or moisture content, and quantities inspected or graded;
- (g) marking items with details such as grade and acceptance or rejection status;
- (h) measuring dimensions of products using instruments such as rulers, callipers, gauges or micrometers;
- (i) analysing test data and making computations as necessary to determine test results.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Product grader
- Quality inspector
- Wool classer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Product safety inspector 3257
- Food grader 7515
- Fur grader 7531
- Pelt grader 7535

Unit Group 7544

Fumigators and Other Pest and Weed Controllers

Fumigators and other pest and weed controllers use chemicals to remove harmful insects, small animals, wild plants and other unwanted organisms, to prevent damage to crops and to buildings and other structures and their surroundings, and to prevent health risks.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring equipment for spraying pests and weeds;
- (b) mixing chemicals according to instructions;
- (c) covering areas to specified depths with pesticides, applying knowledge of weather conditions, droplet sizes, elevation-to-distance ratios, and obstructions;
- (d) spraying or releasing chemical solutions or toxic gases, and setting traps to kill pests and vermin, such as mice, termites and roaches;
- (e) lifting, pushing and swinging nozzles, hoses and tubes in order to direct spray over designated areas;
- (f) filling sprayer tanks with water and chemicals:
- (g) cleaning and servicing machinery to ensure operating efficiency.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fumigator
- Pest controller
- Weed controller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Aerial crop sprayer – 3153

Unit Group 7549

Craft and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This group covers craft and trade occupations not classified elsewhere in Major Group 7: Craft and Related Trades Workers. For instance, the group includes those who mould, slice, grind and polish optical lenses and those who arrange flowers for display.

In such cases tasks would include –

(a) heating, moulding and pressing optical glass to make lens blanks;

(b) grinding and polishing lens blanks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Flower arranger
- Optical lens finisher
- Optical lens moulder

Major Group 8

PLANT AND MACHINE OPERATORS AND ASSEMBLERS

Plant and machine operators and assemblers operate and monitor industrial and agricultural machinery and equipment on the spot or by remote control; drive and operate trains, motor vehicles and mobile machinery and equipment; or assemble products from component parts according to strict specifications and procedures. Competent performance in most occupations in this major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work mainly calls for experience with and an understanding of industrial and agricultural machinery and equipment, as well as an ability to cope with machine-paced operations and to adapt to technological innovations.

Tasks performed by plant and machine operators and assemblers usually include: operating and monitoring mining or other industrial machinery and equipment for processing metal, minerals, glass, ceramics, wood, paper or chemicals; operating and monitoring machinery and equipment used to produce articles made of metal, minerals, chemicals, rubber, plastics, wood, paper, textiles, fur or leather, and which process foodstuffs and related products; driving and operating trains and motor vehicles; driving, operating and monitoring mobile industrial and agricultural machinery and equipment; and assembling products from component parts according to strict specifications and procedures. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 81 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators
- 82 Assemblers
- 83 Drivers and Mobile Plant Operators

Note

Operators of machinery that involves automated control of multiple processes or functions are included in Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians.

Sub-major Group 81

Stationary Plant and Machine Operators

Stationary plant and machine operators monitor and operate stationary industrial plant, machinery and equipment, or for which mobility is not an integral part of operation. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

The work mainly calls for experience with and an understanding of the industrial plant, machinery or equipment being operated and monitored. Ability to cope with machine-paced operations and to adapt to innovations in machinery and equipment are often required.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: setting up, operating and monitoring a variety of stationary plant and machinery; detecting malfunctions and taking corrective action; examining outputs for defects and conformity with specifications and adjusting machine settings accordingly; performing maintenance, repairs and cleaning; recording data and maintaining production records. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 811 Mining and Mineral Processing Plant Operators
- 812 Metal Processing and Finishing Plant Operators
- 813 Chemical and Photographic Products Plant and Machine Operators
- 814 Rubber, Plastic and Paper Products Machine Operators
- 815 Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators
- 816 Food and Related Products Machine Operators
- 817 Wood Processing and Papermaking Plant Operators
- 818 Other Stationary Plant and Machine Operators

Note

Operators of machinery that involves automated control of multiple processes or functions are included in Minor Group 313: Process Control Technicians.

Minor Group 811

Mining and Mineral Processing Plant Operators

Mining and mineral processing plant operators monitor and operate plant and machinery and operate hand tools to extract rocks and minerals from the earth, process minerals and stone, drill wells and bores, and manufacture and finish cement and stone products.

Tasks performed usually include: setting up, operating and monitoring a variety of mining and mineral processing plant and machinery such as drilling rigs and auxiliary machines and equipment, continuous mining machinery, and cutting, crushing, grinding, pumping and mixing plant and machinery; operating washing, separating, extracting and combining equipment to remove waste and recover minerals; operating plant and machinery to make cement, concrete, artificial stone, and precast concrete and stone products; monitoring the performance of a variety of plant and machinery, detecting malfunctions and taking corrective action; performing plant and machinery maintenance, repairs and cleaning; and maintaining production records.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 8111 Miners and Quarriers
- 8112 Mineral and Stone Processing Plant Operators
- 8113 Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers
- 8114 Cement, Stone and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators

Note

Mining supervisors are classified in Unit Group 3121: Mining Supervisors.

Miners and Quarriers

Miners and quarriers operate plant, machinery and hand tools to extract rocks, mineral ores and other deposits from underground and surface mines and quarries.

Tasks include -

- (a) positioning, operating and monitoring the performance of a variety of underground and surface mining equipment including continuous mining, cutting and channelling plant;
- (b) setting up and operating drilling equipment in underground and surface mines and quarries;
- (c) operating machinery and using hand or power tools to remove loosened rock, ore, coal and other deposits;
- (d) preparing, fitting and installing supports in underground workings including rock bolts;
- (e) operating machinery to open new shafts, drives, air vents and rises;
- (f) operating auxiliary plant such as pumps to expel air, water and mud;
- (g) performing minor maintenance and repairs and lubricating and cleaning plant, machines and tools;
- (h) completing records detailing operations completed during shifts;
- (i) collecting mineral samples for laboratory analysis.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bogger operator
- Continuous miner operator
- Dragline operator (mining)
- Driller (mining)
- Jumbo operator
- Miner
- Mining plant operator
- Ouarrier
- Roof bolter (mining)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Mining supervisor 3121
- Blaster 7542
- Shotfirer 7542
- Driller (oil or gas well) 8113
- Mining labourer 9311
- Quarry labourer 9311

Unit Group 8112

Mineral and Stone Processing Plant Operators

Mineral and stone processing plant operators monitor and operate machinery and equipment for processing rocks, minerals and stone to recover refined products for immediate use or further processing.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting up and operating stationary plant and machinery which grind, crush, cut, saw and slice rocks, minerals and stones according to the specifications for the job;
- (b) positioning blocks and slabs of stone onto machines for sawing, cutting and further working;
- (c) monitoring and maintaining the flow of unprocessed rocks, minerals and stones from conveyors into machines;
- (d) operating washing, separating, leaching, precipitating, filtering, extracting and combining equipment to remove waste material and recover minerals;
- (e) combining mineral ores with solvents to facilitate further processing;
- (f) separating metal and mineral concentrates from ore and alluvial deposits by thickening, flotation, gravity separation, filtration, or magnetic and electrostatic separation;
- (g) observing meters, gauges and control panels, adjusting valves and controls to ensure the safe and efficient operation of equipment, detecting malfunctions and assisting with plant and machinery maintenance and repair;
- (h) examining processed materials visually or with hands to ensure compliance with established standards and job specifications, and collecting samples for testing in laboratories;
- recording information about processing completed during shifts, such as quantities, types and dimensions of materials produced;
- (j) sorting, stacking and moving processed minerals and stone for packaging, further processing or shipping.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Coal washer
- Crusher operator (mineral or stone processing)
- Flotation worker (mineral processing)
- Gold precipitator
- Machine operator (stone cutting or processing)
- Milling machine operator (minerals)

- Stone cutter (hand or hand-powered tools) 7113
- Stonemason 7113
- Stone polisher (hand or hand-powered tools) 7113
- Stone splitter (hand or hand-powered tools) 7113
- Machine operator (cast stone production) 8114
- Stone polishing machine operator 8114

Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers

Well drillers and borers and related workers position, assemble and operate drilling machinery and related equipment to sink wells, extract rock samples, liquids and gases, or for a variety of other purposes.

Tasks include -

- (a) dismantling, moving and assembling drilling rigs and auxiliary equipment;
- (b) assembling and dismantling pipes, casings and drill heads, and replacing dysfunctional equipment;
- (c) operating controls to lower and raise drill pipes and casings in and out of wells, regulate pressure in the well and control the speed of tools;
- (d) preparing drilling fluid and checking the operation of pumps to ensure adequate circulation of fluid in drill pipes and wells;
- (e) monitoring gauges and other indicators, listening to equipment to detect malfunctions and unusual well conditions, and determining the need to change drilling or equipment;
- (f) maintaining, adjusting, repairing and cleaning drilling rigs, hoisting and other machinery;
- (g) maintaining records of drilling and servicing operations;
- (h) operating machines and tools to extract dust, cuttings and lost and broken drilling equipment from holes and wells;
- (i) closing and sealing wells no longer in use;
- (j) supervising and training crew members.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bore sinker
- Boring equipment operator
- Derrickman
- Derrick operator
- Developmental driller
- Directional driller
- Driller (oil or gas well)
- Drilling plant operator
- Drilling rig operator
- Power-tong operator
- Toolpusher
- Tourpusher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Blaster 7542
- Miner 8111
- Quarrier 8111

Unit Group 8114

Cement, Stone and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators

Cement, stone and other mineral products machine operators monitor and operate machines for manufacturing and finishing precast concrete, bitumen and stone products, and making cast stone for building purposes.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating extrusion, moulding, mixing, pumping, compacting, grinding and cutting machinery to manufacture and finish precast concrete and stone products;
- (b) operating plant to produce cement, lime and clinker, including loading and unloading ingredients and operating continuous feed equipment such as pumps and conveyors;
- (c) operating plant and machines which weigh and mix sand, gravel, cement, water and other ingredients to make concrete;
- (d) operating plant and machinery which assemble and fill moulds with concrete and artificial stone mixtures, remove castings from moulds and finish surfaces of precast products;
- (e) cutting, grinding, drilling, sandblasting and polishing concrete products and stone blocks, slabs and products to the specifications for the job;
- (f) checking production plans and specifications to determine and select materials, ingredients, procedures, components, settings and adjustments for extrusion, moulding, mixing and compacting machines;
- (g) monitoring plant and machines during operation by observing instruments such as temperature and pressure gauges, adjusting controls and reporting malfunctions as necessary;
- (h) collecting and examining samples of mixtures and finished products for conformity with specifications and adjusting machine settings accordingly;
- (i) checking and maintaining production records, including information about quantities, dimensions and types of materials and goods produced;
- (j) arranging and assisting with plant and machinery maintenance and repair.

- Cast-concrete products machine operator
- Cast-stone products machine operator
- Concrete finishing machine operator
- Concrete production machine operator
- Industrial diamond polishing machine operator
- Stone polishing machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Stone polisher (hand or hand-powered tools) – 7113
- Stone processing machine operator 8112
- Extruding clay press operator 8181
- Kiln operator (brick, pottery or tiles) 8181

Note

Examples of products produced by operators of plant and machines in this unit group include: mixed concrete for use in civil engineering and construction projects, flagstones, concrete bricks and tiles, fencing posts, moulded pipe sections and trench liners, concrete railway sleepers, walling and partition slabs, building components, cable conduits, fume and dust extraction conduits, abrasive wheels and outdoor furniture.

Minor Group 812

Metal Processing and Finishing Plant Operators

Metal processing and finishing plant operators monitor and operate single-function process control machinery and equipment to control the conversion, processing and finishing of mineral ores and metals.

Tasks performed usually include: setting up, preparing and adjusting metal and ore processing and finishing machinery; coordinating and monitoring the operation of a particular aspect of metal processing production and finishing; verifying equipment for malfunctions, monitoring gauges, carrying out routine operating tests and arranging for maintenance; checking, testing and analysing sample products; recording data and writing production logs.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8121 Metal Processing Plant Operators

8122 Metal Finishing, Plating and Coating Machine Operators

Unit Group 8121

Metal Processing Plant Operators

Metal processing plant operators monitor, operate, adjust and maintain single-function process machinery and equipment to process and convert mineral ores and refine, harden, roll and extrude metals.

Tasks include –

- (a) setting up, preparing and adjusting mineral ore and metal processing machinery to carry out one step in the overall mineral ore or metal processing operation;
- (b) operating single-function machinery to grind, separate, filter, mix, treat, cast, roll, refine or otherwise process metals and mineral ores;
- (c) observing gauges, meters, computer printouts, video monitors and products to ensure the correct operation of machines and verify specified processing conditions;
- (d) adjusting equipment, valves, pumps, controls and process equipment;
- (e) controlling the preparation, measuring and feeding of raw materials and processing agents into the plant;
- (f) controlling process start-up and shut-down, troubleshooting and monitoring outside process equipment;

- (g) verifying equipment for malfunctions, carrying out routine operating tests and arranging for maintenance;
- (h) analysing sample products, performing tests, recording data and writing production logs.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Ladle pourer
- Metal extrusion plant operator
- Metal heat treating operator
- Steel roller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Blast furnace operator 3135
- Central control caster 3135
- Rolling mill control operator 3135
- Metal coating machine operator 8122

Unit Group 8122

Metal Finishing, Plating and Coating Machine Operators

Metal finishing, plating and coating machine operators monitor and operate equipment which finishes, plates and coats metal articles or parts in order to give them improved resistance to corrosion and abrasion, for decorative purposes, or to impart electrical or magnetic properties.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring equipment which cleans metal articles in preparation for electroplating, galvanizing, enamelling or similar processes;
- (b) operating and monitoring electroplating equipment;
- (c) operating and monitoring hot-dip equipment used to coat iron and steel products;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines which automatically coat wire with non-ferrous metal;
- (e) operating and monitoring equipment used to spray molten metal or other substances onto metal products to provide a protective or decorative coating or to build up worn or damaged surfaces;

- (f) operating and monitoring equipment used to impart a rust-resistant finish to metal articles by treating them with chemicals and heating them:
- (g) checking proper thickness of plating using micrometers, callipers or other devices, recording data and writing production logs;
- (h) preparing and mixing metallizing solutions according to formulas or specifications.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Metal coating machine operator
- Metal finishing machine operator
- Metal plating machine operator
- Metal polishing machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Metal production process controller 3135
- Vehicle painter 7132

Minor Group 813

Chemical and Photographic Products Plant and Machine Operators

Chemical and photographic products plant and machine operators monitor and operate machines which process a variety of chemicals and other ingredients to produce pharmaceuticals, toiletries, explosives and photographic or other chemical products.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and monitoring machines and equipment which blend, mix, package and otherwise process chemicals and chemical products to give them the desired properties for further industrial production, or to make finished products. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8131 Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators

8132 Photographic Products Machine Operators

Unit Group 8131

Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators

Chemical products plant and machine operators monitor and operate units and machinery to blend, mix, process and package a wide range of chemical products.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting up, starting, controlling, adjusting and stopping machines and plant;
- (b) monitoring reaction processes and transfers of products in conformity with safety procedures;
- (c) monitoring meters, gauges and electronic instrumentation on one or more chemical or formulation units, such as mixers, kettles, blenders, dryers, or tabletting, encapsulation, granulation and coating machines;
- (d) measuring, weighing and loading chemical ingredients following formulation cards;

- (e) making samples and performing routine chemical and physical tests of products and recording production data;
- (f) cleaning and performing minor repairs to machines and plant.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Candle production machine operator
- Explosive products machine operator
- Pharmaceutical and toiletry products machine operator

- Chemical processing plant controller 3133
- Petroleum and natural gas refining plant operator – 3134

Photographic Products Machine Operators

Photographic products machine operators operate and monitor equipment which makes photographic film and paper, and which processes exposed photographic film and makes prints.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring equipment which makes photographic film and paper;
- (b) operating, monitoring and testing photographic processing and printing equipment, and maintaining operational standards;
- (c) preparing exposed film for different processing batches in dark rooms and dark chambers;
- (d) inspecting images, films and prints, and adjusting settings on printmaking equipment to produce the required colour, brightness, contrast, number, size and type of prints;
- (e) adjusting settings and running automatic developing equipment;

- (f) operating equipment to transfer film to videotape or other electronic media;
- (g) performing photographic processing-related tasks:
- (h) operating automatic equipment (in retail establishments) to develop colour negatives, prints and slides.

Examples of occupations classified here:

- Colour developer (film)
- Darkroom technician
- Developing machine operator (photography)
- Enlarging machine operator
- Photograph enlarger
- Photographic film machine operator
- Photographic film printer
- Photographic processor
- Photograph printer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Photographer 3431
- Photolithographer 7321

Minor Group 814

Rubber, Plastic and Paper Products Machine Operators

Rubber, plastic and paper products machine operators monitor and operate machines which knead and blend rubber and rubber compounds and produce various components and products from natural and synthetic rubber and plastics, or produce different paper products from paper, paperboard, cardboard and similar materials.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and monitoring machines which knead and blend rubber and rubber compounds and produce various components and products from natural and synthetic rubber and plastics; operating and monitoring machines which produce various paper products; examining outputs for defects and conformity to specifications and adjusting machine settings accordingly.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8141 Rubber Products Machine Operators

8142 Plastic Products Machine Operators

8143 Paper Products Machine Operators

Unit Group 8141

Rubber Products Machine Operators

Rubber products machine operators monitor and operate machines which knead and blend rubber and rubber compounds and produce various components and products from natural and synthetic rubber, such as moulded footwear, domestic articles, insulating materials, industrial accessories or tyres.

Tasks include -

 (a) operating and monitoring machines which knead, mix and blend rubber and rubber compounds for further processing;

- (b) operating and monitoring machines which produce sheets of rubber or rubberized fabric by a rolling process;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which extrude compounded rubber or shape vulcanized rubber by moulding;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines which build up tyres on a form, vulcanize tyres and mould or rebuild used tyres;
- (e) examining outputs for defects and conformity to specifications;
- (f) locating defects and repairing worn and faulty tyres by vulcanizing or other processes.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Latex worker
- Rubber extruding machine operator
- Rubber milling machine operator
- Rubber moulder
- Rubber products machine operator
- Tyre maker
- Tyre repairer
- Vulcanizer

Unit Group 8142

Plastic Products Machine Operators

Plastic products machine operators monitor and operate machines which knead and blend compounds to obtain plastic materials and which make various plastic components and articles.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring machines which knead and blend compounds to obtain plastic materials;
- (b) operating and monitoring machines which shape plastic materials by moulding, extrusion, blowing, cutting and other means;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which laminate plastics and plastic-impregnated materials or produce fibreglass;
- (d) encasing uncoated wire, cord, cable and optic fibre in plastic;
- (e) examining outputs for defects and conformity to specifications;
- (f) recycling waste plastic materials;
- (g) making artificial eyes and contact lens discs, and making and repairing spectacle frames and plastic parts of orthopaedic appliances.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Laminated press operator (plastics)
- Optic fibre drawer
- Plastic boat builder
- Plastic bottle blowing machine operator
- Plastic cable making machine operator
- Plastic extrusion machine operator
- Plastic moulder
- Plastic products machine operator

Unit Group 8143

Paper Products Machine Operators

Paper products machine operators monitor and operate machines which produce boxes, envelopes, bags and other goods from paper, paperboard, cardboard and similar materials.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring machines which glue paper to cardboard, cut it to the required length or cut and crease cardboard or paperboard to form box blanks;
- (b) operating and monitoring pressing machines which form drinking cups or other containers from paper, paperboard or cardboard;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which cut, fold and glue paper to make envelopes and paper bags, or which form bags from other similar material.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Machine operator (cardboard products)
- Machine operator (envelope and paper bag production)
- Machine operator (paper box production)
- Paper products machine operator
- Papier maché moulder

Minor Group 815

Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators

Textile, fur and leather products machine operators monitor and operate various types of machines which prepare, process and treat fibres, yarn, thread, leather or fur; produce, modify and repair footwear and garments; and manufacture or dry clean textiles, fur or light leather articles.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and monitoring weaving and knitting machines which process yarn or thread into woven, non-woven and knitted products; operating and monitoring machines which prepare fibres, and spin, double, twist and wind yarn and thread from natural textile fibres; operating and monitoring sewing machines to make, repair, darn and renovate textile, fur, synthetic or leather garments or embroider ornamental designs on garments or other materials; operating and monitoring machines which bleach, shrink, dye and otherwise treat fibres, yarn and cloth, or which dry clean garments, fur, rugs and carpets; operating and monitoring various machines which prepare leather or treat fur- or wool-bearing pelts; operating and monitoring machines which produce, modify and repair standard, custom or orthopaedic footwear and leather articles such as luggage, briefcases and handbags.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 8151 Fibre Preparing, Spinning and Winding Machine Operators
- 8152 Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators
- 8153 Sewing Machine Operators
- 8154 Bleaching, Dyeing and Fabric Cleaning Machine Operators
- 8155 Fur and Leather Preparing Machine Operators
- 8156 Shoemaking and Related Machine Operators
- 8157 Laundry Machine Operators
- 8159 Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 8151

Fibre Preparing, Spinning and Winding Machine Operators

Fibre preparing, spinning and winding machine operators monitor and operate machines which prepare fibres, and spin, double, twist and wind yarn and thread from natural textile fibres. They twist two or more strands of yarn to prepare single stronger, smoother, uniform and heavier strands, and treat textiles to make them stiff and water resistant.

Tasks include –

- (a) operating and monitoring machines for tearing woollen rags into fibre;
- (b) operating and monitoring machines for cleaning and turning woollen yarn waste into fluffed wool;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which combine textile fibres into uniform blends;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines which clean and fluff textile fibres, transform them into sliver, comb them into sliver for first drawing, combine slivers into sliver lap or sliver laps into ribbon lap;
- (e) operating draw frames (machines) having numbers of drawing sets, each set combining several slivers into one of nearly the same weight and thickness as any of the original slivers:
- (f) operating and monitoring machines which spin thread and yarn from roving, wind two or more threads onto a bobbin, twist two or more strands of yarn or thread into single strands of yarn to increase strength, smoothness and/or uniformity of yarn, or wind yarn or thread from one package to another;
- (g) operating and monitoring spinning frames that draw out and twist roving or sliver into yarn;
- (h) operating and monitoring machines for drawing slivers received from drawing machines into loosely twisted strands;
- (i) preparing sizing for use in stiffening and finishing cloth and yarn by mixing ingredients

- such as starch, tallow, resins and soaps with water and boiling mixture for specified times in steam;
- (j) treating textiles with chemicals to make them water resistant;
- (k) cleaning rollers and cylinders of carding machines to remove wool waste;
- operating and resurfacing metal drawing rolls of various spinning, combing and lapping machines with new rubber or leather covers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fibre combing machine operator
- Fibre preparing machine operator
- Thread and yarn spinning machine operator
- Thread and yarn twisting machine operator
- Thread and yarn winding machine operator

Unit Group 8152

Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators

Weaving and knitting machine operators set up, operate and monitor weaving and knitting machines which process yarn or thread into woven, non-woven and knitted products such as cloth, lace, carpets, industrial fabric, hosiery and knitted garments, or to quilt and embroider fabric.

Tasks include -

- (a) setting up and operating batteries of automatic, link-type knitting machines to knit garments of specified pattern and design;
- (b) threading yarn, thread and fabric through guides, needles and rollers of machines for weaving, knitting or other processing;
- (c) tending automatic looms that simultaneously weave pile yarn, filling yarn and warp yarn material to produce carpets and rugs with various coloured designs;

- (d) operating and monitoring looms on which yarn or twist is intersected and knotted at regular intervals to form mesh;
- (e) operating and monitoring large automatic multi-needle machines to embroider material or to sew lengths of several layers of material to make yard goods, quilts or mattress coverings;
- (f) tending circular knitting machines with automatic pattern controls that knit seamless hose:
- (g) operating and monitoring knitting machines to knit hosiery to shape of foot and leg;
- (h) operating and monitoring machines for knitting heels and toes of socks into ribs or tops cut from circular fabric;
- (i) operating and monitoring machines which seam openings in toes of socks;
- (j) operating and monitoring crochet machines to knit lace, trimming, etc. of desired patterns or design;
- (k) examining looms to determine causes of loom stoppage, such as warp filling, harness breaks or mechanical defects;
- repairing or replacing worn or defective needles and other components;
- (m) cleaning, oiling and lubricating machines, using air hoses, cleaning solutions, rags, oil cans and/or grease guns.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Carpet weaving machine operator
- Knitting machine operator
- Net production machine operator
- Weaving machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Carpet weaver 7318
- Cloth weaver 7318
- Knitter 7318

Unit Group 8153

Sewing Machine Operators

Sewing machine operators monitor and operate sewing machines to make, repair, darn and renovate textile, fur, synthetic or leather garments, or embroider ornamental designs on garments or other materials. They operate buttonhole making and eyelet holing machines to cut holes, stitch around holes, stitch buttons and fix eyelets to garments.

Tasks include -

(a) operating or tending sewing machines to perform garment sewing operations such as joining, reinforcing, seaming or decorating garments or garment parts;

- (b) attaching buttons, hooks, zippers, fasteners or other accessories to fabric, using feeding hoppers or clamp holders;
- (c) tending semiautomatic sewing machines with multiple-sewing heads controlled by pattern chains that embroider various designs on garments;
- (d) operating machines such as single or double needle sergers and flat-bed felling machines to automatically join, reinforce or decorate material or articles;
- (e) operating fur sewing machines to join fur pelt strips to required size and shape and join pelts into garment sections or shells;
- (f) operating stitching machines to sew leather parts together for leather garments, handbags, gloves or similar items;
- (g) monitoring machine operations to detect problems such as defective stitching, breaks in thread or machine malfunctions;
- (h) performing equipment maintenance tasks such as replacing needles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Embroidery machine operator
- Sewing machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Textiles handicraft worker 7318
- Furrier 7531
- Tailor 7531
- Embroiderer 7533
- Sewer 7533

Unit Group 8154

Bleaching, Dyeing and Fabric Cleaning Machine Operators

Bleaching, dyeing and fabric cleaning machine operators operate and monitor machines that bleach, shrink, dye and otherwise treat fibres, yarn or cloth.

Tasks include -

- (a) starting and controlling machines and equipment to bleach, dye or otherwise process and finish fabric, yarn, thread and/or other textile goods;
- (b) tending machines that shrink woven or knitted cloth to predetermined size or strengthen the weave by interlocking the fibres;
- (c) tending a variety of automatic machines that comb and polish furs;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines that treat silk to give it body and weight;
- (e) operating and monitoring machines that impregnate textiles with chemicals to render them waterproof;

- (f) dyeing articles to change or restore their colours:
- (g) operating and monitoring machines that stretch or impart lustre or other type of finish to textiles;
- (h) tending and regulating equipment that fumigates and removes foreign matter from furs;
- (i) operating machines that comb, dry and polish furs, and clean, sterilize and fluff feathers and blankets;
- (j) keying in processing instructions to programme electronic equipment;
- (k) observing display screens, control panels, equipment and cloth entering or exiting processes to determine if equipment is operating correctly;
- (l) cleaning machine filters and lubricating equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fabric bleaching machine operator
- Textile dyeing machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Textile printer 7322
- Laundry machine operator 8157
- Hand launderer 9121
- Hand presser 9121

Unit Group 8155

Fur and Leather Preparing Machine Operators

Fur and leather preparing machine operators monitor and operate various machines that prepare leather or treat fur- or wool-bearing pelts. They trim, scrape, clean, tan, buff and dye animal hides, pelts or skins to produce leather stock and finished furs.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring machines which remove flesh and fat from hides or pelts to clean and soften them prior to processing;
- (b) operating and monitoring machines which remove long coarse hair from fur pelts, trim hair to even length and dye, stretch and smooth dressed pelts;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines to remove epidermis hair roots, pigment cells and lime salts from the grain side of skin;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines to reduce thickness of hide or skin to uniform size;
- (e) operating and monitoring machines to polish or roughen hides or skins to specified finishes;
- (f) operating and monitoring machines which separate residual wool from skins, or flesh and hair from hides;

- (g) operating and monitoring machines in which hides are split edgeways to form two or more pieces or to give uniform thickness;
- (h) operating and monitoring machines which treat hides and skins in solutions to convert them into leather:
- treating surfaces of leather with oil and operating glazing machines to give glossy finishes to leather;
- (j) operating and monitoring machines which apply dyes and stains to leather;
- (k) maintaining and repairing vats and other machinery.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hide dehairing machine operator
- Leather staining machine operator
- Tanning machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Pelt dresser 7535
- Tanner 7535

Unit Group 8156

Shoemaking and Related Machine Operators

Shoemaking and related machine operators monitor and operate machines which produce and repair standard or special footwear, handbags and other accessories, mainly made of leather.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring machines which mark patterns and cut shoe parts;
- (b) operating and monitoring machines which sew shoe parts together, or edge, polish or apply ornaments and perform finishing tasks;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which produce luggage, handbags, belts and other accessories, as well as other items such as saddles, collars or harnesses.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Machine operator (footwear production)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Handicraft worker (leather) 7318
- Cobbler 7536

Unit Group 8157

Laundry Machine Operators

Laundry machine operators operate laundry, drycleaning, pressing and fabric treatment machines in laundries and dry-cleaning establishments. Tasks include -

- (a) sorting articles for cleaning according to the type, colour, fabric and cleaning treatment required;
- (b) placing sorted articles into receptacles and onto conveyor belts for moving to repair and cleaning areas;
- (c) checking and removing stains from garments, replacing buttons and making minor repairs;
- (d) loading and unloading washing machines, driers and extractors;
- (e) adding cleaning agents and starches to articles;
- (f) smoothing articles and guiding them through cleaning and pressing machines;
- (g) stopping and starting machines to untangle, straighten and remove articles;
- (h) placing articles on shelves and hanging articles for delivery and collection;
- packaging articles and preparing orders for dispatch.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dry-cleaning machine operator
- Laundry machine operator
- Pressing machine operator (laundry)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Hand launderer 9121
- Hand presser 9121

Unit Group 8159

Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers textile, fur and leather products machine operators not classified elsewhere in Minor Group 815: Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators. For instance, the group includes those engaged in operating and monitoring machines which make hats, tents, mattresses or miscellaneous articles such as braids or other trimmings.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) operating and monitoring machines which form and make hats out of textiles, fur or leather;
- (b) operating and monitoring machines which make miscellaneous articles such as braids or other trimmings;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines which fold cloth into measured length;
- (d) operating and monitoring machines which wind thread, twine or yarn into balls preparatory to shipping or further processing;
- (e) operating and monitoring machines to measure size of pieces of leather.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Braid making machine operator
- Hat making machine operator
- Tent making machine operator
- Textile patternmaking machine operator

Minor Group 816

Food and Related Products Machine Operators

Food and related products machine operators set, operate and attend machinery used to slaughter animals and trim meat from carcasses, and to bake, freeze, heat, crush, mix, blend and otherwise process foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco leaves.

Tasks performed usually include: operating and monitoring machinery used to restrain, stun and slaughter animals, and to trim carcasses into standard meat and fish cuts; setting, operating and attending machinery and ovens to mix, bake and otherwise prepare bread and flour confectionery products; operating machinery to crush, mix, malt, cook and ferment grains and fruits to produce beer, wines, malt liquors, vinegar, yeast and related products; attending equipment to make jam, toffee, cheese, processed cheese, margarine, syrup, ice, pasta, icecream, sausages, chocolate, maize starch, edible fats and dextrin; operating equipment to cool, heat, dry, roast, blanch, pasteurize, smoke, sterilize, freeze, evaporate and concentrate foodstuffs and liquids used in food processing; mixing, pulping, grinding, blending and separating foodstuffs and liquids with churning, pressing, sieving, grinding and filtering equipment; processing tobacco leaves by machine to make cigarettes, cigars and pipe and other tobacco products.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

8160 Food and Related Products Machine Operators

Food and Related Products Machine Operators

Food and related products machine operators set, operate and attend machinery used to slaughter animals and trim meat from carcasses, and bake, freeze, heat, crush, mix, blend and otherwise process foodstuffs, beverages and tobacco leaves.

Tasks include –

- (a) operating and monitoring machinery used to restrain, stun and slaughter animals and to trim carcasses into standard meat and fish cuts;
- (b) setting, operating and attending machinery and ovens to mix, bake and otherwise prepare bread and flour confectionery products;
- (c) operating machinery to crush, mix, malt, cook and ferment grains and fruits to produce beer, wines, malt liquors, vinegar, yeast and related products;
- (d) attending equipment to make jam, toffee, cheese, processed cheese, margarine, syrup, ice, pasta, icecream, sausages, chocolate, maize starch, edible fats and dextrin;

- (e) operating equipment to cool, heat, dry, roast, blanch, pasteurize, smoke, sterilize, freeze, evaporate and concentrate foodstuffs and liquids used in food processing;
- (f) mixing, pulping, grinding, blending and separating foodstuffs and liquids with churning, pressing, sieving, grinding and filtering equipment;
- (g) processing tobacco leaves by machine to make cigarettes, cigars and pipe and other tobacco products.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bakery products machine operator
- Bread production machine operator
- Chocolate production machine operator
- Cigarette production machine operator
- Cigar production machine operator
- Dairy products machine operator
- Fish processing machine operator
- Meat processing machine operator
- Milk processing machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Bottling machine operator – 8183

Minor Group 817

Wood Processing and Papermaking Plant Operators

Wood processing and papermaking plant operators monitor, operate and control machinery to saw wood, cut veneer, make plywood, produce pulp and paper and to otherwise prepare wood, pulp and paper for further use.

Tasks performed usually include: examining logs and rough lumber to determine size, condition, quality and other characteristics to decide best lumber cuts to carry out, or operating automated equipment to convey logs through laser scanners which determine the most productive and profitable cutting patterns; sorting, stacking and placing logs and wood billets onto conveyors and lathes from trucks for processing into chips, veneers and pulp; operating and monitoring screening equipment, bleaching equipment, digesters, mixing tanks, washers and other pulp processing machinery and equipment to carry out one or more cellulose processing steps; operating and monitoring papermaking and finishing process machinery and equipment to dry, calender, laminate, coat, slit, trim, wind or carry out other papermaking and finishing process steps; observing equipment and machinery panel indicators, gauges, level indicators and other equipment instruments to detect machinery and equipment malfunctions and ensure process steps are carried out according to specifications; operating and monitoring plywood core-laying machines and hot-plate plywood presses and machines which cut veneer; transporting processed wood products to work areas.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8171 Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators 8172 Wood Processing Plant Operators

Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators

Pulp and papermaking plant operators monitor and operate equipment to process wood, pulp and other cellulose materials in the production of pulp and to produce coat and finish paper.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring screening and bleaching equipment, digesters, mixing tanks, washers and other pulp processing machinery and equipment to carry out one or more cellulose processing steps;
- (b) operating and monitoring papermaking and finishing process machinery and equipment to dry, calender, laminate, coat, slit, trim, wind or carry out other papermaking and finishing process steps;
- (c) controlling start-up and shut-down of machinery and equipment, and observing equipment and machinery panel indicators, gauges and other equipment to detect machinery and equipment malfunctions and ensure that process steps are carried out according to specifications;
- (d) communicating with process control operators to make process adjustments and to start up or shut down machinery and equipment as required;
- (e) analysing instrument readings and production test samples and making adjustments to the production process and equipment as required;
- (f) mounting, positioning and threading paper rolls using a hoist;
- (g) inspecting paper visually for wrinkles, holes, discoloration, streaks or other defects, and taking corrective action;
- (h) completing and maintaining production reports.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Calender operator (pulp and paper)
- Pulp and paper grinder operator
- Repulper operator
- Sheeter operator (pulp and paper)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Paper pulp refinery operator – 3139

- Pulping control operator 3139
- Pulping technician 3139

Unit Group 8172

Wood Processing Plant Operators

Wood processing plant operators monitor, operate and control lumber mill equipment for sawing timber logs into rough lumber, cutting veneer, making plywood and particle board, and otherwise preparing wood for further use.

Tasks include -

- (a) examining logs and rough lumber to determine size, condition, quality and other characteristics to decide best lumber cuts to carry out, or operating automated equipment to convey logs through laser scanners which determine the most productive and profitable cutting patterns;
- (b) operating and monitoring log in-feed and conveyor systems;
- (c) operating and monitoring head saws, resaws and multiblade saws to saw logs, cants, flitches, slabs or wings and remove rough edges from sawn timber into dressed lumber of various sizes, and to saw or split shingles and shakes;
- (d) operating and monitoring plywood corelaying machines and hot-plate plywood presses and machines which cut veneer;
- (e) cleaning and lubricating sawmill equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Circular saw operator
- Log cut-off operator
- Plywood press-operator
- Sawmill operator
- Sawmill planer operator
- Sawmill trimmer operator
- Veneer lathe operator
- Wood processing plant sawyer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Timber treating tank operator 7521
- Veneer dryer tender 7521
- Woodworking machine operator 7523

Minor Group 818

Other Stationary Plant and Machine Operators

This unit group includes stationary plant and machine operators not classified elsewhere in Sub-major Group 81: Stationary Plant and Machine Operators. The group includes, for instance, operators of machines which make silicon chips and splice cables and ropes.

Tasks performed usually include: monitoring kilns, furnaces and other machinery and equipment used in the manufacture of glass, ceramics, porcelain, tiles or bricks; operating machines to anneal, harden or decorate glass and ceramics; maintaining and operating stationary steam engines, boilers, turbines and auxiliary equipment; operating and monitoring machines which weigh, pack and label products, or fill containers with products.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 8181 Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators
- 8182 Steam Engine and Boiler Operators
- 8183 Packing, Bottling and Labelling Machine Operators
- 8189 Stationary Plant and Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 8181

Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators

Glass and ceramics plant operators monitor and operate kilns, furnaces and other machinery and equipment used in the manufacture of glass, ceramics, porcelain, tiles or bricks. They operate machines to anneal, harden or decorate glass and ceramics.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring glass-making furnaces to make glass by melting and fusing pre-mixed ingredients;
- (b) tending hot- or cold-end spray equipment used to coat glassware with surface hardener;
- (c) operating and maintaining machines that press or blow molten glass into moulds to form or shape containers such as bottles, jars and drinking glasses;
- (d) operating hand presses to mould glass into required shape;
- (e) operating drawing kilns to process molten glass into continuous sheets of flat glass;
- (f) operating and monitoring floating-glass production plants;
- (g) operating and maintaining finishing machines to grind, drill, sand, bevel, decorate, wash or polish glass or glass products;
- (h) setting and operating press machines to mould ceramic articles from moist clay;
- (i) operating machines to mix clay with water to knead it into a suitable plastic condition or semi-liquid form for making ceramic products:
- (j) operating and monitoring kilns which bake pottery, porcelain ware, bricks and tiles;
- (k) operating and monitoring machines for making glaze or abrasives;
- operating and monitoring machines which extrude molten glass to form fibreglass filaments;
- (m) observing finished products to identify splits, cracks, breaks, colour and other imperfections.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Brick kiln operator
- Ceramics painting machine operator
- Clay mixing machine operator
- Extruding clay press operator
- Furnace operator (glass production)
- Glass blowing machine operator
- Glass mixing machine operator
- Glass production furnace operator
- Pottery kiln operator
- Tile kiln operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Brick and tile moulder 7314
- Glass blower 7315
- Glass cutter 7315

Unit Group 8182

Steam Engine and Boiler Operators

Steam engine and boiler operators maintain and operate various types of steam engines, boilers, turbines and auxiliary equipment to provide power and other utility services for commercial, industrial and institutional buildings, at work sites and aboard ships or self-propelled vessels.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating, cleaning, lubricating and monitoring steam engines, boilers and auxiliary equipment such as pumps, compressors and air-conditioning equipment to supply and maintain steam and power for buildings, marine vessels or pneumatic tools;
- (b) analysing and recording instrument readings, troubleshooting and performing minor repairs to prevent equipment or system failure;
- (c) monitoring and inspecting performance of equipment for efficient operation and ensuring that boiler water, chemicals and fuel are maintained at required levels;

- (d) firing coal furnaces by hand or with stokers and gas- or oil-fed boilers, using automatic gas feeds or oil pumps;
- (e) testing boiler water quality or arranging for testing, adjusting and taking necessary corrective action, such as adding chemicals to prevent corrosion and harmful deposits;
- (f) monitoring ship's engine, machinery and equipment indicators, recording variables and reporting abnormalities to the ship's engineer officer on watch;
- (g) operating and maintaining off-loading liquid pumps and valves.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Boiler tender
- Ships' boiler operator
- Stationary engineer
- Steam engine operator
- Stoker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Ships' engineer 3151
- Stationary engine fitter 7233

Unit Group 8183

Packing, Bottling and Labelling Machine Operators

Packing, bottling and labelling machine operators monitor and operate machines which weigh, pack and label various products or fill different containers with products.

Tasks include -

(a) operating and monitoring machines that weigh, wrap, seal and pack various products;

- (b) operating and monitoring machines that fill and seal tubes, bottles, cans, boxes, bags and other containers with products such as food, beverages, paints, oils and lotions;
- (c) operating and monitoring machines that, by gluing or other methods, label products, packages and various containers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bottle filler
- Canning machine operator
- Labelling machine operator
- Packing machine operator
- Wrapping machine operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Hand packer – 9321

Unit Group 8189

Stationary Plant and Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group includes stationary plant and machine operators not classified elsewhere in Submajor Group 81: Stationary Plant and Machine Operators. The group includes, for instance, operators of machines which make silicon chips and splice cables and ropes.

- Cable and rope splicing machine operator
- Silicon chip production machine operator

Sub-major Group 82

Assemblers

Assemblers assemble prefabricated parts or components to form subassemblies, products and equipment, according to procedures strictly laid down. The products worked on may be moved from one worker to the next along assembly lines. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: assembling components into various types of product and equipment, according to strictly laid down procedures; reviewing work orders, specifications, diagrams and drawings to determine materials needed and assembly instructions; recording production and operational data on specified forms; inspecting and testing completed components and assemblies, wiring installations and circuits; rejecting faulty assemblies and components.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

821 Assemblers

Minor Group 821

Assemblers

Assemblers assemble prefabricated parts or components to form subassemblies, products and equipment, according to procedures strictly laid down. The products worked on may be moved from one worker to the next along assembly lines.

Tasks performed usually include: assembling components into various types of product and equipment, according to procedures strictly laid down; reviewing work orders, specifications, diagrams and drawings to determine materials needed and assembly instructions; recording production and operational data on specified forms; inspecting and testing completed components and assemblies, wiring installations and circuits; rejecting faulty assemblies and components.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 8211 Mechanical Machinery Assemblers
- 8212 Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers
- 8219 Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 8211

Mechanical Machinery Assemblers

Mechanical machinery assemblers assemble, according to procedures strictly laid down, component parts of mechanical machinery such as engines, motor vehicles, turbines and aircraft.

Tasks include -

- (a) assembling and installing prefabricated parts or components to form subassemblies, mechanical machinery, engines and finished motor vehicles;
- (b) reviewing work orders, specifications, diagrams and drawings to determine materials needed and assembly instructions;
- (c) recording production and operational data on specified forms;

- (d) inspecting and testing completed components and assemblies;
- (e) rejecting faulty assemblies and components.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aircraft assembler
- Bench fitter (trucks)
- Engine assembler
- Engine installer
- · Gearbox assembler
- Turbine assembler
- Vehicle assembler

- Motor vehicle mechanic 7231
- Electromechanical equipment assembler 8212
- Bicycle assembler 8219

Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers

Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers assemble or modify, according to procedures strictly laid down, components of electrical, electromechanical and electronic equipment.

Tasks include -

- (a) assembling component parts and electrical and electronic systems and positioning, aligning and fastening units to assemblies, subassemblies or frames using hand or power tools and soldering and micro-welding equipment;
- (b) reviewing work orders, specifications, diagrams and drawings to determine materials needed and assembly instructions;
- (c) recording production and operational data on specified forms;
- (d) operating wire-coiling machines to wind wire coils used in electrical equipment and components such as registers, transformers, armature wires, electric motors and generators;
- (e) inspecting and testing completed components and assemblies, wiring installations and circuits, and rejecting faulty assembly components.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Armature assembler
- Electrical equipment assembler
- Electromechanical equipment assembler
- Electronic equipment assembler
- Etcher (printed circuit board)
- Telephone assembler
- Television assembler
- Watch assembler

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Precision-instrument maker 7311
- Electronics mechanic and servicer 7421

Unit Group 8219

Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified

Assemblers not elsewhere classified assemble, according to procedures strictly laid down, various products that do not include electronic, electrical or mechanical components.

Tasks include -

- (a) assembling component parts and positioning, aligning and fastening units to assemblies, subassemblies or frames using hand or power tools and soldering and micro-welding equipment:
- (b) reviewing work orders, specifications, diagrams and drawings to determine materials needed and assembly instructions;
- (c) recording production and operational data on specified forms;
- (d) inspecting and testing components and completed assemblies;
- (e) rejecting faulty products.

- Ammunition assembler
- Bicycle assembler
- Box builder
- Door assembler
- Eyeglass frame assembler
- Furniture finisher (wood)
- Jewellery assembler
- Knife assembler
- Leather products assembler
- Luggage finisher
- Metal products assembler (except mechanical)
- Paperboard products assembler
- Pen and pencil assembler
- Plastic products assembler
- Plastic toy assembler
- Rubber products assembler
- Sun-blinds assembler
- Textile products assembler
- Thermos bottle assembler
- Wood products assembler

Sub-major Group 83

Drivers and Mobile Plant Operators

Drivers and mobile plant operators drive and tend trains and motor vehicles, or drive, operate and monitor industrial and agricultural machinery and equipment, or execute deck duties on board ship and other water-borne craft. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: driving and tending trains and motor vehicles; driving, operating and monitoring mobile industrial and agricultural machinery and equipment; carrying out deck duties on board ship and other water-borne craft.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 831 Locomotive Engine Drivers and Related Workers
- 832 Car, Van and Motorcycle Drivers
- 833 Heavy Truck and Bus Drivers
- 834 Mobile Plant Operators
- 835 Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

Minor Group 831

Locomotive Engine Drivers and Related Workers

Locomotive engine drivers and related workers drive, or assist in driving, locomotive engines to transport passengers and freight; take charge of and safeguard railway freight trains during runs; control the movement of railway traffic by operating signals; switch rolling stock and make up trains in railway yards; and make up trains for hauling in mines and control their movement.

Tasks performed usually include: driving or assisting in driving railway engines; operating railway signals; switching rolling stock and making up trains in railway yards; making up trains in mines and controlling their movement.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 8311 Locomotive Engine Drivers
- 8312 Railway Brake, Signal and Switch Operators

Unit Group 8311

Locomotive Engine Drivers

Locomotive engine drivers drive, or assist in driving, locomotive engines to transport passengers and freight.

Tasks include -

- (a) driving or assisting in driving a steam, electric or diesel-electric locomotive engine;
- (b) driving an underground or elevated passenger train;
- (c) driving a locomotive to haul carriages underground or on the surface of a mine or quarry;
- (d) watching for track hazards and observing signals and indicator gauges;
- (e) operating communications systems to communicate with train crews and traffic

controllers to ensure safe operation and scheduling of trains.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Locomotive driver
- Metropolitan railway driver
- Train driver

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Tram driver - 8331

Note

Drivers of vehicles that operate on fixed rail systems that are separated from public roadways are classified in Unit Group 8311: Locomotive Engine Drivers. Drivers of vehicles for passenger transportation on fixed rails that are incorporated in the public roadway are classified in Unit Group 8331: Bus and Tram Drivers.

Railway Brake, Signal and Switch Operators

Railway brakers, signallers and shunters take charge of and safeguard railway freight trains during runs, control the movement of railway traffic by operating signals, switch rolling stock and make up trains in railway yards, and make up trains for hauling in mines and control their movement.

Tasks include -

- (a) taking charge of and safeguarding freight trains during runs;
- (b) controlling the flow of railway traffic over sections of line by operating signals and switches from control panels or signal boxes;

- (c) switching and coupling rolling stock in railway yards and sidings in accordance with orders about loading, unloading and makeup of trains;
- (d) making up trains for hauling by locomotive or cable and directing their movement along haulage ways in a mine or quarry;
- (e) checking train systems and equipment such as air-conditioning and heating systems, brakes and brake hoses prior to train run.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Braker (railway)
- Shunter (railway)
- Signaller (railway)

Minor Group 832

Car, Van and Motorcycle Drivers

Car, van and motorcycle drivers drive and tend motorcycles, motorized tricycles, cars or vans to transport passengers, materials or goods.

Tasks performed usually include: driving and tending motorcycles, motorized tricycles, cars or vans in order to transport materials, goods or passengers.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8321 Motorcycle Drivers

8322 Car, Taxi and Van Drivers

Unit Group 8321

Motorcycle Drivers

Motorcycle drivers drive and tend motorcycles or motorized tricycles equipped to transport materials, goods or passengers.

Tasks include -

- (a) driving and tending motorcycles or motorized tricycles to transport materials, goods and passengers;
- (b) observing traffic rules and signals;
- (c) cleaning and washing vehicles as well as performing maintenance and minor repairs;
- (d) keeping a record of journeys;
- (e) delivering messages.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dispatch rider
- Driver (motorized rickshaw)
- Driver (motorized tricycle)
- Motorcyclist

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Driver (pedal vehicle) – 9331

Unit Group 8322

Car, Taxi and Van Drivers

Car, taxi and van drivers drive and tend motorcars and vans to transport passengers, mail or goods.

Tasks include –

- (a) driving and tending passenger vans, cars or taxis;
- (b) driving and tending cars, vans or small trucks to deliver mail or goods;
- (c) assisting passengers with handling of luggage;
- (d) collecting fares, payments for deliveries, or documents certifying deliveries;
- (e) operating telecommunications equipment to report location and availability, and following directions of control centre;
- (f) determining most appropriate route;
- (g) assisting physically challenged passengers;
- (h) operating equipment to facilitate the loading and unloading of physically challenged passengers.

- Ambulance driver
- Car driver
- Parking valet

- Taxi driver
- Van driver

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Driver (motorized rickshaw) 8321
- Bus driver 8331
- Heavy truck driver 8332
- Pedal vehicle driver 9331
- Rickshaw puller 9331
- Animal-drawn vehicle driver 9332

Minor Group 833

Heavy Truck and Bus Drivers

Heavy truck and bus drivers drive and tend heavy trucks, lorries, buses or street tramcars to transport goods, liquids, heavy materials, mail or passengers.

Tasks performed usually include: driving and tending heavy trucks, lorries, buses or street tramcars in order to transport goods, liquids, heavy materials, mail or passengers.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8331 Bus and Tram Drivers

8332 Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers

Unit Group 8331

Bus and Tram Drivers

Bus and tram drivers drive and tend buses or street tramcars to transport passengers, mail or goods.

Tasks include –

- (a) driving and tending motor buses, trolley buses or motor coaches to transport local or long-distance passengers, mail or goods;
- (b) driving and tending street tramcars transporting passengers;
- (c) opening and closing doors before or after passengers board or alight;
- (d) assisting passengers with luggage;
- (e) controlling lighting, heating and ventilation on buses and trams;
- (f) observing traffic to ensure safe progress;
- (g) collecting fares or verifying that passengers have the necessary ticket.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bus driver
- Motor coach driver
- Tram driver

Unit Group 8332

Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers

Heavy truck and lorry drivers drive and tend heavy motor vehicles to transport goods, liquids and heavy materials over short or long distances.

Tasks include -

- (a) driving and tending a heavy motor vehicle, such as a lorry with or without trailer or a dump-truck, to transport goods, liquids or heavy materials over short or long distances;
- (b) determining the most appropriate routes;
- (c) ensuring that goods are stowed and securely covered to prevent loss and damage;
- (d) assisting with or carrying out loading or unloading operations, using various lifting or tipping devices;
- (e) carrying out minor maintenance to vehicles, and arranging major maintenance and repairs;
- (f) estimating weights to comply with load limitations, and ensuring the safe distribution of weights.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Concrete mixer driver
- Garbage truck driver
- Heavy truck driver
- Road train driver

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Van driver – 8322

Minor Group 834

Mobile Plant Operators

Mobile plant operators drive, tend, operate and monitor special-purpose motorized machinery or equipment used for clearing or preparing land; digging, moving and spreading earth, rock and similar materials; and lifting or moving heavy objects.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing and positioning plant for operation; adjusting speed, height and depth of implements; driving and operating mobile plant; operating attachments to lift, swing and release trees, logs, earth and other heavy objects or materials; operating and monitoring lifting trucks and stationary or mobile cranes in construction, transportation and storage operations; servicing machinery and performing minor repairs.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

8341 Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators

8342 Earthmoving and Related Plant Operators

8343 Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators

8344 Lifting Truck Operators

Unit Group 8341

Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators

Mobile farm and forestry plant operators drive, tend, operate and monitor one or more types of special-purpose motorized mobile machinery or equipment used in agricultural, horticultural and forestry operations.

Tasks include -

- (a) driving and tending tractor-drawn or selfpropelled special-purpose farm machinery to plough land and sow, fertilize, cultivate and harvest crops;
- (b) driving and tending tractor-drawn or selfpropelled special-purpose forestry machinery to clear land, plant, harvest and carry trees and timber or perform other forestry operations;
- (c) preparing and positioning plant for operation;
- (d) adjusting speed, height and depth of implements:
- (e) operating plant to hold, lift and cut trees;
- (f) operating attachments to lift, swing, release and sort trees and logs, and operating auxiliary plant such as chipping machines and log splitting machines;
- (g) feeding felled trees into processors to strip limbs and cut into logs and loading logs onto stockpiles and into trucks;
- (h) servicing machinery and performing minor repairs.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Harvester operator
- Logging plant operator
- Timber carrier driver
- Tractor driver
- Tree faller operator

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Bulldozer operator – 8342

Unit Group 8342

Earthmoving and Related Plant Operators

Earthmoving and related plant operators operate machines to excavate, grade, level, smooth and compact earth or similar materials.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring excavating machinery equipped with moveable shovels, grab-buckets or dragline buckets, to excavate and move earth, rock, sand, gravel or similar materials:
- (b) operating and monitoring machinery for digging trenches for sewers, drainage, water, oil, gas or similar pipelines;
- (c) operating and monitoring machinery equipped with concave steel blades to move, distribute and level earth, sand, snow and other materials;
- (d) operating and monitoring equipment to remove sand, gravel and mud from bottom of body of water;
- (e) operating and monitoring machines for hammering wooden, concrete or steel piles into ground;
- (f) operating and monitoring power rollers to compact and smooth layers of materials in making roads and pavements, and similar work:
- (g) operating and monitoring machines which spread and smooth concrete or bituminous or tar preparations to construct roadways, roads or similar surfaces.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bulldozer operator
- Excavator operator
- Front-end loader operator
- Pile-driver operator
- Road-roller operator
- Road surface laying machine operator
- Snow-groomer operator

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cable car operator
- Chair-lift operator
- Crane operator
- Funicular driver
- Hoist operator
- Mine cage operator
- Ski-lift operator

Unit Group 8343

Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators

Crane, hoist and related plant operators monitor and operate stationary and mobile cranes and other hoisting equipment.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring stationary or mobile cranes by raising and lowering jibs and booms to lift, move, position or place equipment and materials;
- (b) operating and monitoring equipment for hoisting, lowering or raising workers and materials on construction sites or in mines;
- (c) operating and monitoring ski-lifts and similar equipment;
- (d) operating and monitoring machinery used to haul ferries or barges with goods, passengers and vehicles across short stretches of water;
- (e) operating and monitoring machinery to open and close bridges for the passage of road and water traffic;
- (f) operating and monitoring cranes equipped with dredging attachments to dredge waterways and other areas;
- (g) operating cranes mounted on boats or barges to lift, move and place equipment and materials.

Unit Group 8344

Lifting Truck Operators

Lifting truck operators drive, operate and monitor lifting trucks or similar vehicles to transport, lift and stack pallets with goods.

Tasks include -

- (a) operating and monitoring lifting truck and similar equipment to load and unload, transport, lift and stack goods and pallets in terminals, harbours, warehouses, factories and other establishments;
- (b) positioning lifting devices under, over or around loaded pallets, skids and boxes, and securing material or products for transport to designated areas;
- (c) inspecting equipment to identify wear and damage;
- (d) performing routine maintenance on vehicles and equipment;
- (e) keeping records of work undertaken and breakdowns of vehicles.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Forklift truck driver

Minor Group 835

Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

Ships' deck crews and related workers carry out deck duties on board ships and similar duties on board other water-borne craft.

Tasks performed usually include: standing look-out watches at sea and when entering or leaving harbour or other narrow waters; steering ships according to instructions; handling ropes and wires, and operating mooring equipment; maintaining and, in some cases, operating ships' equipment, cargo gear, rigging and lifesaving and firefighting appliances; performing deck and hull cleaning, scraping, painting and other maintenance duties as required; breaking out, rigging and stowing cargo-handling gear, stationary rigging and running gear.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

8350 Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers

Ships' deck crews and related workers carry out deck duties on board ships and similar duties on board other water-borne craft.

Tasks include -

- (a) standing look-out watches at sea and when entering or leaving harbour or other narrow waters;
- (b) steering ships according to instructions;
- (c) handling ropes and wires, and operating mooring equipment;
- (d) maintaining and, in some cases, operating ships' equipment, cargo gear, rigging and lifesaving and firefighting appliances;

- (e) performing deck and hull cleaning, scraping, painting and other maintenance duties as required;
- (f) breaking out, rigging and stowing cargohandling gear, stationary rigging and running gear.

- Boatswain
- Ferry hand
- Sailor
- Tug hand

Major Group 9

ELEMENTARY OCCUPATIONS

Elementary occupations involve the performance of simple and routine tasks which may require the use of hand-held tools and considerable physical effort. Most occupations in this major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in elementary occupations usually include: cleaning, restocking supplies and performing basic maintenance in apartments, houses, kitchens, hotels, offices and other buildings; washing cars and windows; helping in kitchens and performing simple tasks in food preparation; delivering messages or goods; carrying luggage and handling baggage and freight; stocking vending-machines or reading and emptying meters; collecting and sorting refuse; sweeping streets and similar places; performing various simple farming, fishing, hunting or trapping tasks; performing simple tasks connected with mining, construction and manufacturing including product-sorting; packing and unpacking produce by hand, and filling shelves; providing various street services; pedalling or hand-guiding vehicles to transport passengers and goods; driving animal-drawn vehicles or machinery. Supervision of other workers may be included.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 91 Cleaners and Helpers
- 92 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers
- 93 Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport
- 94 Food Preparation Assistants
- 95 Street and Related Sales and Services Workers
- 96 Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers

Sub-major Group 91

Cleaners and Helpers

Cleaners and helpers perform various tasks in private households, hotels, offices, hospitals and other establishments, as well as in aircraft, trains, coaches, trams and similar vehicles, in order to keep the interiors and fixtures clean, and launder and press garments and textiles by hand. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: sweeping or vacuum cleaning; washing and polishing floors, furniture and other objects; taking care of linen and bedmaking; helping with preparation of meals and cleaning in kitchens; washing and cleaning cars and windows; pressing or laundering garments and textiles by hand.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 911 Domestic, Hotel and Office Cleaners and Helpers
- 912 Vehicle, Window, Laundry and Other Hand Cleaning Workers

Minor Group 911

Domestic, Hotel and Office Cleaners and Helpers

Domestic, hotel and office cleaners and helpers sweep, vacuum clean, wash, polish, take care of household linen and purchase household supplies; and perform various tasks in order to keep clean and tidy the interiors and fixtures of hotels, offices and other establishments, as well as of aircraft, trains, buses and similar vehicles.

Tasks performed usually include: sweeping or vacuum cleaning; washing and polishing floors, furniture and other objects in hotels, offices and other establishments; making beds, supplying towels, soap and related items; helping with preparation of meals and washing dishes; cleaning, disinfecting and deodorizing kitchens, bathrooms and toilets.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 9111 Domestic Cleaners and Helpers
- 9112 Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments

Unit Group 9111

Domestic Cleaners and Helpers

Domestic cleaners and helpers sweep, vacuum clean, wash and polish, take care of household linen, purchase household supplies, prepare food, serve meals and perform various other domestic duties.

Tasks include –

- (a) sweeping, vacuum cleaning, polishing and washing floors and furniture, or washing windows and other fixtures;
- (b) washing, ironing and mending linen and other textiles;
- (c) washing dishes;
- (d) helping with preparation, cooking and serving of meals and refreshments;
- (e) purchasing food and various other household supplies;
- (f) cleaning, disinfecting and deodorizing kitchens, bathrooms and toilets;
- (g) cleaning windows and other glass surfaces.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Charworker (domestic)
- Domestic cleaner
- Domestic helper

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Domestic housekeeper 5152
- Hotel cleaner 9112
- Hand launderer 9121
- Street sweeper 9613

Unit Group 9112

Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments

Cleaners and helpers in offices, hotels and other establishments perform various cleaning tasks in order to keep clean and tidy the interiors and fixtures of hotels, offices and other establishments, as well as of aircraft, trains, buses and similar vehicles. Tasks include -

- (a) sweeping, vacuum cleaning, washing and polishing floors, furniture and other fixtures in buildings, coaches, buses, trams, trains and aircraft;
- (b) making beds, cleaning bathrooms and supplying towels, soap and related items;
- (c) cleaning kitchens and generally helping with kitchen work, including dishwashing;
- (d) picking up rubbish, emptying garbage containers and taking contents to waste areas for removal.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Aircraft cleaner

- Hotel cleaner
- Lavatory attendant
- Office cleaner

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Domestic housekeeper 5152
- Building caretaker 5153
- Domestic cleaner 9111
- Dishwasher 9412
- Kitchen helper 9412
- Street sweeper 9613

Note

Workers who perform cleaning and helping tasks only in kitchens and other food preparation areas are classified in Unit Group 9412: Kitchen Helpers.

Minor Group 912

Vehicle, Window, Laundry and Other Hand Cleaning Workers

Vehicle, window, laundry and other hand cleaning workers clean windows, showcases or other surfaces of buildings or vehicles; and press, launder or dry-clean linen and other textiles by hand.

Tasks performed usually include: cleaning, washing and polishing cars; washing windows or other glass surfaces with water or various solutions, and drying and polishing them; laundering and pressing linen, clothing, fabrics and similar articles by hand in a laundry or in other establishments; cleaning by hand and with chemical solutions clothing, fabrics, leather goods and similar articles in dry-cleaning or other establishments.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9121 Hand Launderers and Pressers

9122 Vehicle Cleaners

9123 Window Cleaners

9129 Other Cleaning Workers

Unit Group 9121

Hand Launderers and Pressers

Hand launderers and pressers launder, press or dry-clean garments, linen and other textiles by hand.

Tasks include -

- (a) laundering and pressing linen, clothing, fabrics and similar articles by hand in a laundry or other establishment;
- (b) cleaning, by hand and with chemical solutions, clothing, fabrics, leather goods and similar articles, in a dry-cleaning or other establishment;
- (c) replacing buttons and making minor repairs;
- (d) placing articles on shelves and hanging articles for delivery and collection.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dry-cleaner (hand)
- Hand launderer

- Hand presser
- Ironer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Dry-cleaning machine operator 8157
- Laundry machine operator 8157
- Pressing machine operator (laundry) 8157

Unit Group 9122

Vehicle Cleaners

Vehicle cleaners wash, clean and polish the exterior and interior of vehicles.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning, washing and polishing cars and other vehicles, by hand or using hand-held power tools;
- (b) vacuuming vehicle interiors and dry-cleaning carpets and upholstery;

- (c) applying cleaning agents to remove stains from vehicle exteriors and interiors;
- (d) washing tyres and wheel arches and blackening tyres;
- (e) washing and polishing vehicle windows;
- (f) emptying and cleaning compartments in vehicles.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Car detailer
- Vehicle washer (hand)

Unit Group 9123

Window Cleaners

Window cleaners wash and polish windows and other glass fittings.

Tasks include -

- (a) washing windows or other glass surfaces with water or various solutions, and drying and polishing them;
- (b) using ladders, swinging scaffolds, bosun's chairs, hydraulic bucket trucks and other equipment to reach and clean windows in multistorey buildings;
- (c) selecting appropriate cleaning or polishing implements.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Window cleaner

Unit Group 9129

Other Cleaning Workers

This unit group includes cleaning workers not classified elsewhere. The group includes, for instance, those who clean surfaces, materials and objects such as carpets, walls, swimming pools and cooling towers, using specialized cleaning equipment and chemicals.

In such instances tasks would include –

- (a) cleaning carpets and upholstered furniture using cleaning machines and their attachments:
- (b) selecting and applying cleaning agents to remove stains from carpets;
- (c) treating carpets with soil-repellent chemicals and deodorants, and treating for pests;
- (d) cleaning stone walls, metal surfaces and fascias using high-pressure water cleaners and solvents;
- (e) applying chemicals and high-pressure cleaning methods to remove micro-organisms from water and filtration systems;
- (f) using wet vacuums and other suction equipment to remove scale, accumulated dirt and other deposits from swimming pools, cooling tower components and drains.

- Carpet cleaner
- Cooling tower cleaner
- Graffiti cleaner
- Swimming pool cleaner
- Water blaster

Sub-major Group 92

Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers

Agricultural, forestry and fishery labourers perform simple and routine tasks in the production of crops and livestock, cultivation and maintenance of gardens and parks, exploitation and conservation of forests, and conduct of aquaculture and fisheries operations. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: digging, raking and shovelling using hand tools; loading, unloading and stacking supplies, produce and other materials; watering, thinning, weeding and tending crops by hand or using hand tools; planting, harvesting, picking and collecting produce by hand; feeding, watering and cleaning animals and keeping their quarters clean; monitoring livestock and reporting on their condition; preparing and operating nets, lines and other fishing tackle and deck equipment; grading, sorting, bunching and packing produce into containers; performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment, vessels and fences.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

921 Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers

Minor Group 921

Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers

Agricultural, forestry and fishery labourers perform simple and routine tasks in the production of crops and livestock, cultivation and maintenance of gardens and parks, exploitation and conservation of forests, and conduct of aquaculture and fisheries operations.

Tasks performed usually include: digging, raking and shovelling using hand tools; loading, unloading and stacking supplies, produce and other materials; watering, thinning, weeding and tending crops by hand or using hand tools; planting, harvesting, picking and collecting produce by hand; feeding, watering and cleaning animals and keeping their quarters clean; monitoring livestock and reporting on their condition; preparing and operating nets, lines and other fishing tackle and deck equipment; grading, sorting, bunching and packing produce into containers; performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment, vessels and fences.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 9211 Crop Farm Labourers
- 9212 Livestock Farm Labourers
- 9213 Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers
- 9214 Garden and Horticultural Labourers
- 9215 Forestry Labourers
- 9216 Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers

Note

Workers in subsistence agriculture who perform a limited range of simple and routine tasks, usually under the direction of others, are classified in the relevant unit group in Minor Group 921: Agricultural, Forestry and Fishery Labourers. Workers in an agricultural setting whose main tasks are fetching water and gathering firewood are classified in Unit Group 9624: Water and Firewood Collectors.

Crop Farm Labourers

Crop farm labourers perform simple and routine tasks on farms in the production of crops such as fruit, nuts, grains and vegetables.

Tasks include -

- (a) digging and shovelling to clear ditches or for other purposes;
- (b) loading and unloading supplies, produce and other materials;
- (c) raking, pitching and stacking straw, hay and similar materials;
- (d) watering, thinning and weeding crops by hand or using hand tools;
- (e) picking fruit, nuts, vegetables and other crops;
- (f) planting and harvesting field crops such as rice by hand;
- (g) grading, sorting, bunching and packing produce into containers;
- (h) performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment and fences.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Cane planter
- Fruit picker
- Rice farm labourer
- Vegetable picker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Skilled farm worker (field crops) 6111
- Construction labourer (building work) 9313
- Firewood collector 9624
- Water collector 9624

Unit Group 9212

Livestock Farm Labourers

Livestock farm labourers perform simple and routine tasks in the farm production of animals, including poultry and insects.

Tasks include -

- (a) digging and shovelling to clear ditches or for other purposes;
- (b) loading and unloading supplies, produce and other materials;
- (c) feeding, watering and cleaning animals and keeping their quarters clean;
- (d) monitoring livestock and reporting on their condition;
- (e) assisting with maintaining the health and welfare of livestock;
- (f) assisting with herding, droving and separating livestock for milking, shearing, transportation or slaughter, and between pastures;

- (g) collecting eggs and placing in incubators;
- (h) raking, pitching, stacking and storing hay, straw and other types of animal feed and bedding;
- (i) grading, sorting and packing produce into containers;
- (j) performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment and fences.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Livestock farm labourer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Drover 6121
- Shepherd 6121
- Skilled farm worker (livestock) 6121
- Firewood collector 9624
- Water collector 9624

Unit Group 9213

Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers

Mixed crop and livestock farm labourers perform simple and routine tasks in farm production of both crops and animals.

Tasks include -

- (a) digging and shovelling to clear ditches or for other purposes;
- (b) loading and unloading supplies, produce and other materials;
- (c) raking, pitching and stacking straw, hay and similar materials;
- (d) watering, thinning and weeding crops by hand or using hand tools;
- (e) picking fruit, nuts, vegetables and other crops and collecting eggs;
- (f) planting and harvesting field crops such as rice by hand;
- (g) feeding, watering and cleaning animals and keeping their quarters clean;
- (h) monitoring livestock and reporting on their condition;
- (i) assisting with herding, droving and separating livestock for milking, shearing, transportation or slaughter, and between pastures;
- (j) grading, sorting, bunching and packing produce into containers;
- (k) performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment and fences.

Example of the occupations classified here:

• Farm labourer

- Skilled farm worker (mixed farming) 6130
- Firewood collector 9624
- Water collector 9624

Garden and Horticultural Labourers

Garden and horticultural labourers perform simple and routine tasks in operations to cultivate and maintain trees, shrubs, flowers and other plants in parks and private gardens, to produce saplings, bulbs and seeds, or to grow vegetables and flowers by intensive cultivation techniques.

Tasks include -

- (a) loading, unloading and moving supplies, produce and equipment;
- (b) preparing garden sites and plots using hand tools and simple machines;
- (c) assisting with planting and transplanting flowers, shrubs, trees and lawns;
- (d) maintaining gardens by watering, weeding and mowing lawns;
- (e) cleaning gardens and removing rubbish;
- (f) assisting with propagating, planting and potting seeds, bulbs and cuttings;
- (g) tending plants by hand watering and weeding;
- (h) harvesting and packaging plants for sale and transport;
- (i) performing minor repairs on fixtures, buildings, equipment and fences.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Garden labourer
- Horticultural labourer
- Lawn mower
- Nursery labourer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Horticulturist 6113
- Landscape gardener 6113
- Market gardener 6113
- Crop farm labourer 9211

Unit Group 9215

Forestry Labourers

Forestry labourers perform simple and routine tasks to cultivate and maintain natural and plantation forests, and log, fell and saw trees.

Tasks include -

- (a) digging holes for tree planting;
- (b) stacking and loading logs and timber;
- (c) clearing undergrowth in forest stands and thinning young plantations;

- (d) maintaining look-out for fires in forests;
- (e) removing major branches and tree tops, trimming branches and sawing trunks into logs;
- (f) operating and maintaining manual and hand-held machine saws to fell trees and cut felled trees and branches into logs;
- (g) collecting seeds and planting seedlings;
- (h) performing minor repairs and maintenance of forest roads, buildings, facilities and equipment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Axeman/woman
- Forestry labourer
- Tree planter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Forestry worker (skilled) – 6210

Unit Group 9216

Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers

Fishery and aquaculture labourers perform simple and routine tasks to cultivate, catch and harvest fish and seafood in aquaculture and in inland, coastal and deep sea fishing operations.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning the sea-bed and feeding fish and molluscs that are being cultivated;
- (b) gathering seaweed, sea mosses, clams and other molluscs;
- (c) preparing nets, lines and other fishing tackle and other deck equipment;
- (d) operating fishing gear to catch fish and other marine life;
- (e) cleaning, sorting and packing fish and seafood in ice and salt, and stowing catch in hold;
- (f) cleaning deck surfaces and fish hold;
- (g) handling mooring lines during docking.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Aquaculture labourer
- Fishery labourer

- Fish farmer 6221
- Coastal fishery skipper 6222
- Fisher (coastal waters) 6222
- Fisher (inland waters) 6222
- Deep-sea fisher 6223

Sub-major Group 93

Labourers in Mining, Construction, Manufacturing and Transport

Labourers in mining, construction, manufacturing and transport perform simple and routine manual tasks in mining, quarrying, civil engineering, building, manufacturing, transport and storage operations, and operate human-powered and animal-drawn vehicles and machinery. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: digging holes and spreading excavated materials, sand, soil and gravel using hand-held tools; sorting, loading, unloading, moving, stacking and storing materials, equipment, products, supplies, baggage and cargo by hand; cleaning machinery, equipment, tools and work sites; packing and unpacking material and products and filling containers and shelves with products by hand; operating human-powered and animal-drawn vehicles and machinery.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

- 931 Mining and Construction Labourers
- 932 Manufacturing Labourers
- 933 Transport and Storage Labourers

Minor Group 931

Mining and Construction Labourers

Mining and construction labourers perform simple and routine manual tasks in mining, quarrying, civil engineering and building operations.

Tasks performed usually include: digging and filling holes and trenches using hand-held tools; shovelling and spreading excavated materials, sand, soil and gravel; sorting, loading, unloading, stacking and storing tools, materials and equipment and transporting them around work sites; cleaning machinery, equipment, tools and work sites and removing obstructions.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

- 9311 Mining and Quarrying Labourers
- 9312 Civil Engineering Labourers
- 9313 Building Construction Labourers

Unit Group 9311

Mining and Quarrying Labourers

Mining and quarrying labourers perform routine tasks in mining and quarrying operations.

Tasks include –

- (a) assisting miners and quarriers in maintaining machinery, equipment, and mine and quarry installations;
- (b) assembling and dismantling mining equipment;
- (c) removing tunnel supports from disused workings in mines and quarries;
- (d) removing dangerous projections from mine and quarry workings;
- (e) removing waste and serviceable materials and equipment from work areas after extraction activities have been completed, and clearing rock and mineral spills;

- (f) cleaning machinery, equipment, tools, roadways and haulage tracks;
- (g) sorting, loading, unloading, stacking and storing tools, materials and supplies used by other mine workers.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Mining labourer
- Quarry labourer

- Driller (mining) 8111
- Miner 8111
- Mining plant operator 8111
- Quarrier 8111
- Driller (oil or gas well) 8113
- Drilling plant operator 8113

Civil Engineering Labourers

Civil engineering labourers perform routine tasks in connection with the building and maintenance of roads, railways, dams and other civil engineering projects.

Tasks include -

- (a) digging and filling holes and trenches using hand-held tools;
- (b) shovelling and spreading gravel and related materials;
- (c) trimming and cutting rocks and concrete and bitumen surfaces using jack-hammers;
- (d) loading and unloading construction materials, excavated material and equipment and transporting them around construction sites using wheelbarrows and hand trucks;
- (e) cleaning work sites and removing obstructions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Construction labourer (civil engineering)
- Earthmoving labourer
- Maintenance labourer (dams)

Unit Group 9313

Building Construction Labourers

Building construction labourers perform routine tasks in connection with building construction and demolition work.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning used building bricks and doing other simple work on demolition sites;
- (b) mixing, pouring and spreading materials such as concrete, plaster and mortar;
- (c) digging and filling holes and trenches using hand-held tools;
- (d) spreading sand, soil, gravel and similar materials;
- (e) loading and unloading construction materials, excavated material and equipment and transporting them around construction sites using wheelbarrows, hods and hand trucks;
- (f) cleaning work sites and removing obstructions.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bricklayer's assistant
- Construction labourer (building work)
- Demolition labourer
- Hod carrier

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- House builder 7111
- Bricklayer 7112
- Building wrecker 7119

Minor Group 932

Manufacturing Labourers

Manufacturing labourers perform a variety of simple and routine manual tasks in manufacturing to assist the work of machine operators and assemblers.

Tasks performed usually include: packing materials and various products by hand; filling bottles, boxes, bags and other containers with products by hand; labelling products and containers by hand; loading and unloading vehicles; conveying goods, material and equipment to work areas; cleaning machinery, equipment and tools; sorting products or components by hand.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9321 Hand Packers

9329 Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 9321

Hand Packers

Hand packers weigh, pack and label materials and products by hand.

Tasks include –

- (a) weighing, wrapping, sealing and packing materials and various products by hand;
- (b) filling bottles, cans, boxes, bags and other containers with products by hand;
- (c) labelling products, packages and various containers by hand.

- Labeller (hand)
- Packer (hand)
- Wrapper (hand)

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Labelling machine operator 8183
- Packing machine operator 8183
- Wrapping machine operator 8183

Unit Group 9329

Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified

Manufacturing labourers not elsewhere classified assist the work of machine operators and assemblers and perform a variety of simple and routine manual tasks in manufacturing, excluding packing and labelling finished products.

Tasks include -

(a) conveying goods, material, equipment and other items to work areas, and removing finished pieces;

- (b) loading and unloading vehicles, trucks and trolleys;
- (c) clearing machine blockages, and cleaning machinery, equipment and tools;
- (d) carrying out manual sorting of products or components.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bottle sorter
- Factory hand
- Material handler
- Stacker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Electrical equipment assembler 8212
- Electronic equipment assembler 8212
- Leather products assembler 8219
- Rubber products assembler 8219
- Hand packer 9321

Minor Group 933

Transport and Storage Labourers

Transport and storage labourers propel cycles and similar vehicles and drive animal-drawn vehicles to transport passengers or goods, drive animal-drawn machinery, handle freight and baggage, and stock shelves.

Tasks performed usually include: propelling cycles and similar vehicles to transport passengers or goods; driving animal-drawn vehicles to transport passengers or goods; driving animal-drawn machinery; carrying out freight handling by hand; stocking shelves and display areas in stores.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9331 Hand and Pedal Vehicle Drivers

9332 Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery

9333 Freight Handlers

9334 Shelf Fillers

Unit Group 9331

Hand and Pedal Vehicle Drivers

Hand and pedal vehicle drivers propel cycles, hand carts and similar vehicles to deliver messages and transport passengers or goods.

Tasks include -

- (a) loading and unloading goods, or assisting passengers in getting on or off a vehicle;
- (b) moving vehicle in the desired direction with due regard to other traffic and traffic regulations:
- (c) inspecting vehicle components to identify wear and damage;
- (d) maintaining vehicle, making minor repairs and installing replacement parts;
- (e) collecting fares or charges.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Bicycle courier
- Cycle rickshaw driver
- Pedal vehicle driver
- Rickshaw puller

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Bicycle racer 3421
- Motorcyclist 8321

Unit Group 9332

Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery

Drivers of animal-drawn vehicles and machinery drive animal-drawn vehicles to transport passengers or goods, as well as animal-drawn machinery usually in connection with farming.

Tasks include -

- (a) harnessing animals and hitching them to vehicles or machinery;
- (b) loading or unloading goods, or assisting passengers in getting on or off a vehicle;
- (c) driving animals in the desired direction with due regard to other traffic and traffic regulations;
- (d) collecting fares or charges;
- (e) driving animals to haul wagons in mines or quarries;
- (f) driving animals hitched to farm or other machinery;
- (g) driving working elephants;
- (h) maintaining vehicle or machinery, making minor repairs and installing replacement parts;
- (i) grooming and feeding animals.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Animal-drawn vehicle driver
- Animal train driver
- Mahout

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Jockey - 3421

Unit Group 9333

Freight Handlers

Freight handlers carry out tasks such as packing, carrying, loading and unloading furniture and other household items, or loading and unloading ship and aircraft cargo and other freight, or carrying and stacking goods in various warehouses.

Tasks include –

- (a) packing office or household furniture, machines, appliances and related goods to be transported from one place to another;
- (b) carrying goods to be loaded on or unloaded from vans, trucks, wagons, ships or aircraft;
- (c) loading and unloading grain, coal, sand, baggage and other items by placing them on conveyor belts, pipes and other conveyances;
- (d) connecting hoses between mainshore installation pipes and tanks of barges, tankers and

- other ships to load and unload petroleum, liquefied gases and other liquids;
- (e) carrying and stacking goods in warehouses and similar establishments;
- (f) sorting cargo prior to loading and unloading.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Baggage handler
- Freight handler
- Warehouse porter

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Crane operator 8343
- Forklift operator 8344
- Hotel porter 9621
- Luggage porter 9621

Unit Group 9334

Shelf Fillers

Shelf fillers stock shelves and display areas and keep stock clean and in order in supermarkets and other retail and wholesale shops.

Tasks include -

- (a) placing goods neatly in bins and on racks, and stacking bulky goods on floors;
- (b) filling shelves with goods and ensuring that goods with the earliest use-by dates are at the front of shelves;
- (c) removing goods with past due use-by dates;
- (d) maintaining shelf order by removing stock belonging in a different location;
- (e) noting what has been sold and collecting goods needed from the stockroom;
- (f) obtaining articles for customers from shelf or stockroom;
- (g) directing customers to location of articles sought;
- (h) receiving, opening, unpacking and inspecting for damage merchandise from manufacturer or distributor.

- Night filler
- Stock filler
- Stock handler

Sub-major Group 94

Food Preparation Assistants

Food preparation assistants prepare and cook to order a small variety of pre-cooked food or beverages, clear tables, clean kitchen areas and wash dishes. Most occupations in this submajor group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: preparing simple or preprepared foods and beverages such as sandwiches, pizzas, fish and chips, salads and coffee; washing, cutting, measuring and mixing foods for cooking; operating cooking equipment such as grills, microwaves and deep-fat fryers; cleaning kitchens, food preparation areas and service areas; cleaning cooking and general utensils used in kitchens and restaurants.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

941 Food Preparation Assistants

Minor Group 941

Food Preparation Assistants

Food preparation assistants prepare and cook to order a small variety of pre-cooked food or beverages, clear tables, clean kitchen areas and wash dishes.

Tasks performed usually include: preparing simple or pre-prepared foods and beverages such as sandwiches, pizzas, fish and chips, salads and coffee; washing, cutting, measuring and mixing foods for cooking; operating cooking equipment such as grills, microwaves and deepfat fryers; cleaning kitchens, food preparation areas and service areas; cleaning cooking and general utensils used in kitchens and restaurants.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9411 Fast Food Preparers

9412 Kitchen Helpers

Unit Group 9411

Fast Food Preparers

Fast food preparers prepare and cook to order a limited range of foods or beverages that involve simple preparation processes and a small number of ingredients. They may take orders from customers and serve at counters or tables.

Tasks include -

- (a) preparing simple or pre-prepared foods and beverages such as sandwiches, hamburgers, pizzas, fish and chips, salads and coffee;
- (b) washing, cutting, measuring and mixing foods for cooking;
- (c) operating large-volume single-process cooking equipment such as grills, deep-fat fryers or griddles;
- (d) re-heating pre-prepared food;
- (e) cleaning food preparation areas, cooking surfaces and utensils;
- (f) taking and serving food and beverage orders in eating places that specialize in fast service and carry-out food;

- (g) ordering and taking delivery of fast food ingredients;
- (h) maintaining sanitation and health and safety standards in work areas;
- (i) verifying that prepared food meets requirements for quality and quantity.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Fast food cook
- Hamburger maker
- Pizza maker
- Short order cook

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Chef 3434
- Cook 5120
- Food service counter attendant 5246

Note

Jobs that combine preparation of simple food items with taking orders, serving clients and calculating or receiving payment should be classified in Unit Group 5246: Food Service Counter Attendants, unless client service is an incidental component of the work.

Kitchen Helpers

Kitchen helpers clear tables, clean kitchen areas, wash dishes, prepare ingredients and perform other duties to assist workers who prepare or serve food and beverages.

Tasks include -

- (a) cleaning kitchens, food preparation areas and service areas;
- (b) assisting cooks and chefs in preparation of food by washing, peeling, chopping, cutting, measuring and mixing ingredients;
- (c) assembling dishes for service;
- (d) unpacking, checking, transferring, weighing and storing supplies in refrigerators, cupboards and other storage areas;

- (e) washing dishes and cooking utensils and putting them away;
- (f) preparing, cooking, toasting and heating simple food items.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hand dishwasher
- Kitchen assistant
- Kitchen hand
- Kitchen porter
- · Kitchen steward
- Pantry attendant

- Cook 5120
- Fast food preparer 9411

Street and Related Sales and Services Workers

Street and related sales and services workers sell goods (excluding food) for immediate consumption, and provide a variety of services on streets and in other public places such as stations. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: buying or making various items for sale; loading and unloading items for sale and transporting them; obtaining the materials necessary to perform services; approaching people on the street to offer goods or services; cleaning and polishing shoes; cleaning and polishing car windows; running errands; assisting car drivers to find a parking place and ensuring that the car is not damaged during the driver's absence; handing out leaflets and free newspapers; receiving immediate payment.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

951 Street and Related Services Workers

952 Street Vendors (excluding Food)

Minor Group 951

Street and Related Services Workers

Street and related services workers provide a variety of services on streets and in other public places, including cleaning shoes, washing car windows, running errands, looking after property, and providing other on-the-spot street services.

Tasks performed usually include: obtaining the materials necessary to perform services; approaching people on the street to offer services; cleaning and polishing shoes; cleaning and polishing car windows; running errands; assisting car drivers to find a parking place and ensuring that the car is not damaged during the driver's absence; handing out leaflets and free newspapers; receiving immediate payment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

9510 Street and Related Services Workers

Unit Group 9510

Street and Related Services Workers

Street and related services workers provide a variety of services on streets and in other public places, including cleaning shoes, washing car windows, running errands, handing out leaflets, looking after property, and providing other onthe-spot street services.

Tasks include -

- (a) obtaining the materials necessary to perform services;
- (b) approaching people on the street to offer services;
- (c) cleaning and polishing shoes;
- (d) cleaning and polishing car windows;
- (e) running errands;

- (f) assisting car drivers to find a parking place and ensuring that the car is not damaged during the driver's absence;
- (g) handing out leaflets and free newspapers;
- (h) receiving immediate payment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Car guard
- Car window washer
- Errand boy
- Free newspaper distributor
- Leaflet distributor
- Shoe-polisher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Service station attendant 5245
- Leaflet and newspaper deliverers 9621

Minor Group 952

Street Vendors (excluding Food)

Street vendors (excluding food) sell a usually limited range of goods (excluding food for immediate consumption) in streets and public places such as stations, cinemas or theatres.

Tasks performed usually include: buying or receiving items for sale, or making simple items; loading and unloading baskets, trays, suitcases, pushcarts, bicycles, hand-trucks or other vehicles, to transport goods to the streets or public places such as stations or cinemas; displaying goods or calling out to attract customers' attention; approaching potential customers on streets, or by going from house to house, to offer goods for sale; receiving immediate payment.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

9520 Street Vendors (excluding Food)

Unit Group 9520

Street Vendors (excluding Food)

Street vendors (excluding food) sell a usually limited range of goods (excluding food for immediate consumption) in streets and public places such as stations, cinemas or theatres.

Tasks include -

- (a) buying or receiving items for sale, or making simple items;
- (b) loading and unloading baskets, trays, pushcarts, bicycles, hand-trucks or other vehicles, to transport goods to the streets or public places such as stations or cinemas;
- (c) displaying goods or calling out to attract customers' attention;
- (d) approaching potential customers on streets, or by going from house to house, to offer goods for sale;
- (e) receiving immediate payment.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hawker
- Newspaper vendor
- Pedlar

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Market salesperson 5211
- Street stall salesperson 5211
- Street food vendor 5212
- Door-to-door sales representative 5243
- Free newspaper distributor 9510

Note

Vendors from street and market stalls of fresh food products not intended for immediate consumption (such as fruit, vegetables, meat and dairy products) are classified in Unit Group 5211: Stall and Market Salespersons. Vendors from street and market stalls of a variety of prepared meals and food items for immediate consumption are classified in Unit Group 5246: Food Service Counter Attendants. Vendors in streets and public places of food and beverages for immediate consumption from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 5212: Street Food Salespersons. Vendors in streets and public places of non-food items (or of pre-packaged non-perishable food items such as confectionery) from pushcarts, trucks, trays or baskets are classified in Unit Group 9520: Street Vendors (excluding Food).

Refuse Workers and Other Elementary Workers

Refuse workers and other elementary workers collect, process and recycle garbage from buildings, yards, streets and other public places. They keep streets and other public places clean and tidy, deliver and carry messages and packages and perform odd jobs for private households or establishments. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Tasks performed by workers in this sub-major group usually include: collecting, loading and unloading garbage; sweeping streets, parks and other public places; chopping firewood; collecting and carrying firewood, water, packages, luggage and messages; beating dust out of carpets and performing other odd-job tasks.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor groups:

961 Refuse Workers

962 Other Elementary Workers

Minor Group 961

Refuse Workers

Refuse workers collect, process and recycle garbage from buildings, yards, streets and other public places, or keep streets and other public places clean.

Tasks performed usually include: collecting, loading and unloading garbage; sweeping streets, parks and other public places; sorting and recycling garbage such as paper, glass, plastic or aluminium.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9611 Garbage and Recycling Collectors

9612 Refuse Sorters

9613 Sweepers and Related Labourers

Unit Group 9611

Garbage and Recycling Collectors

Garbage collectors collect and remove rubbish and items for recycling from buildings, yards, streets and other places.

Tasks include -

- (a) collecting rubbish and recyclable materials and locating them into bins and garbage and recycling trucks;
- (b) riding on or in garbage and recycling trucks;
- (c) lifting garbage bins and emptying contents into trucks and larger containers;
- (d) unloading garbage and recycling trucks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Dustman/woman
- Recycling collector
- Refuse collector

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Garbage truck driver 8332
- Waste picker 9612

Unit Group 9612

Refuse Sorters

Refuse sorters identify, collect and sort discarded items suitable for recycling at dump sites and recycling enterprises or in buildings, streets and other public places.

Tasks include -

- (a) searching through refuse and collecting items for recycling from dump sites, domestic, commercial and industrial premises or from public places such as streets;
- (b) sorting cardboard, paper, glass, plastic, aluminium or other recyclable materials by type;
- (c) placing recyclable items and materials in designated compartments and containers for storage or transportation;
- (d) identifying and setting aside items of furniture, equipment, machinery or components that are suitable for repair or re-use;
- (e) transporting recyclable items by hand or using non-motorized vehicles;
- (f) selling recyclable or reusable materials.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Recycling worker
- Scrap merchant
- Waste picker

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Refuse collector 9611
- Street sweeper 9613

Unit Group 9613

Sweepers and Related Labourers

Sweepers and related labourers sweep and clean streets, parks, airports, stations and other public places.

Tasks include -

- (a) sweeping streets, parks, airports, stations and similar public places;
- (b) shovelling snow;
- (c) beating dust out of carpets by using a carpetbeater;
- (d) cleaning rubbish, leaves and snow from driveways and grounds.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Park sweeper
- Street sweeper

Minor Group 962

Other Elementary Workers

Other elementary workers deliver and carry messages and packages; perform a variety of simple maintenance and repair tasks; collect money and stock vending machines; read meters; collect water and firewood; and collect and issue tickets for parking or events.

Tasks performed usually include: chopping wood and collecting water and firewood; cleaning and maintaining buildings, grounds and facilities; delivering messages, packages and other items within or between establishments, or elsewhere; performing duties as a post-runner; issuing and collecting tickets and passes; calculating parking charges; filling storage areas of vending machines and collecting money from containers; reading electricity, gas or water meters and recording consumption.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit groups:

9621 Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters

9622 Odd-job Persons

9623 Meter Readers and Vending-machine Collectors

9624 Water and Firewood Collectors

9629 Elementary Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

Unit Group 9621

Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters

Messengers, package deliverers and luggage porters carry and deliver messages, packages and other items on foot, within an establishment or between establishments, to households and elsewhere, or carry luggage, especially at hotels, stations and airports.

Tasks include –

- (a) delivering messages, packages and other items within an establishment or between establishments or elsewhere;
- (b) delivering various goods to and from enterprises, shops, households and other places;

- (c) carrying and delivering luggage at hotels, stations, airports and elsewhere;
- (d) receiving and marking baggage by completing and attaching claim checks;
- (e) planning and following the most efficient route;
- (f) sorting items to be delivered according to the delivery route.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Hotel porter
- Leaflet deliverer
- Luggage porter
- Messenger
- Newspaper deliverer

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

- Mail carrier 4412
- Postman/woman 4412

Unit Group 9622

Odd-job Persons

Odd-job persons clean, paint and maintain buildings, grounds and facilities, and undertake simple repairs.

Tasks include -

- (a) repairing broken windows, screens, doors, fences, barbecues, picnic tables, shelves, cupboards and other items;
- (b) replacing defective items such as light bulbs;
- (c) repairing and painting interior and exterior surfaces such as walls, ceilings and fences;
- (d) adjusting doors and windows;
- (e) replacing tap washers;
- (f) putting up handrails and grab rails;
- (g) unloading coal or wood and putting it into cellars of private households or establishments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Handyperson
- Hotel useful
- Odd-job person

Unit Group 9623

Meter Readers and Vending-machine Collectors

Meter readers and vending-machine collectors stock vending machines and collect money from them or from parking meters and other coinboxes, or read electricity, gas or water meters.

Tasks include -

- (a) filling storage areas of vending machines and collecting money from their containers;
- (b) collecting money from parking meters and similar coinboxes;
- (c) reading electricity, gas or water meters and recording consumption;
- (d) keeping records of merchandise distributed and money collected;
- (e) proceeding along established routes to take readings of meter dials;
- (f) verifying readings in cases where consumption appears to be abnormal, and recording possible reasons for fluctuations;
- (g) inspecting meters for unauthorized connections, defects and damage such as broken seals.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Meter reader
- Vending-machine collector

Unit Group 9624

Water and Firewood Collectors

Water and firewood collectors collect water and firewood and transport them on foot or using hand or animal carts.

Tasks include -

- (a) cutting and collecting wood from forests for sale in market or as fuel or for own consumption:
- (b) visiting forests or fields to pick pieces of dried wood from the ground and arranging them in heaps;
- (c) cutting decayed branches and trunks of trees using axes and hand-saws;
- (d) tying collected wood into small faggots and carrying them or transporting them on a cart to the market for sale or to villages or households for use;
- (e) drawing water from wells, rivers or ponds, etc. for domestic use;
- (f) collecting water in leather bags, buckets or other containers from taps, rivers, ponds or wells, and delivering the water to work sites, the houses of clients or to own household for drinking, cleaning of drains or storage in tanks.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Firewood collector
- Water collector

Unit Group 9629

Elementary Workers Not Elsewhere Classified

This unit group covers elementary workers not classified elsewhere in Major Group 9: Elementary Occupations. For instance, the group includes those who issue and collect parking or admission tickets, provide personal items to patrons or customers in cloakrooms, and assist patrons at entertainment events.

In such cases tasks would include –

- (a) selling admission tickets and passes to patrons at entertainment events or collecting tickets, passes and tags from patrons;
- (b) examining tickets or passes to verify authenticity, using criteria such as colour and date issued;
- (c) guiding patrons to exits or providing other instructions or assistance in case of emergency;
- (d) directing patrons to restrooms, concession stands and telephones;
- (e) directing vehicle drivers to parking spaces;
- (f) patrolling parking areas in order to prevent vehicle damage and vehicle property theft;

- (g) calculating parking charges and collecting fees from customers;
- (h) assigning dressing room facilities, locker space or clothing containers to patrons of athletic or bathing establishments.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

• Cloakroom attendant

- Fairground attendant
- Parking attendant
- Ticket collector
- Usher

Some related occupations classified elsewhere:

• Parking valet – 8322

Major Group 0

ARMED FORCES OCCUPATIONS

Armed forces occupations include all jobs held by members of the armed forces. Members of the armed forces are those personnel who are currently serving in the armed forces, including auxiliary services, whether on a voluntary or compulsory basis, and who are not free to accept civilian employment and are subject to military discipline. Included are regular members of the army, navy, air force and other military services, as well as conscripts enrolled for military training or other service for a specified period.

Occupations in this major group are classified into the following sub-major groups:

- 01 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 02 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers
- 03 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Note

Many jobs performed by members of the armed forces are similar, in terms of the nature of the work performed, to civilian occupations such as medical doctors, radio operators, cooks, secretaries and heavy truck drivers. Conceptually, it may be appropriate, therefore, to classify such jobs in the armed forces with similar civilian jobs. This approach is adopted in several national occupation classifications. Typically such classifications also identify a number of military-specific occupational groups. In many countries, however, it is not possible to produce information about the nature of the work performed by members of the armed forces. In adapting ISCO-08 for national purposes countries may wish, therefore, to consider what approach best suits their circumstances and user needs. For purposes of international comparability, however, where data pertaining to members of the armed forces are reported and classified by occupation, they should be included, where possible, in ISCO-08 Major Group 0: Armed Forces Occupations.

Commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Commissioned armed forces officers provide leadership and management to organizational units in the armed forces and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes all members of the armed forces holding the rank of second lieutenant (or equivalent) or higher. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the fourth ISCO skill level.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

011 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues:
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Minor Group 011

Commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Commissioned armed forces officers provide leadership and management to organizational units in the armed forces and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes all members of the armed forces holding the rank of second lieutenant (or equivalent) or higher.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

0110 Commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Unit Group 0110

Commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Commissioned armed forces officers provide leadership and management to organizational units in the armed forces and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes all members of the armed forces holding the rank of second lieutenant (or equivalent) or higher.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Admiral
- Air commodore
- Air marshal
- Brigadier (army)
- Captain (air force)
- Captain (army)
- Captain (navy)
- Colonel (army)
- Field marshal
- Flight lieutenant (air force)

- Flying officer (military)
- General (army)
- Group captain (air force)
- Lieutenant (army)
- Major (army)
- Midshipman
- Naval officer (military)
- Navy commander
- Officer cadet (armed forces)
- Second lieutenant (army)
- Squadron leader
- Sublieutenant (navy)
- Wing commander

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Non-commissioned armed forces officers enforce military discipline and supervise the activities of those employed in Sub-major Group 03: Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks, and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes members of the armed forces holding ranks such as sergeant, warrant officer and sergeant major. Competent performance in most occupations in this sub-major group requires skills at the second ISCO skill level.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

021 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues:
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Minor Group 021

Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Non-commissioned armed forces officers enforce military discipline and supervise the activities of those employed in Sub-major Group 03: Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks, and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes members of the armed forces holding ranks such as sergeant, warrant officer and sergeant major.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

0210 Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Unit Group 0210

Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers

Non-commissioned armed forces officers enforce military discipline and supervise the activities of those employed in Sub-major Group 03: Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks, and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. This group includes members of the armed forces holding ranks such as sergeant, warrant officer and sergeant major.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Boatswain (navy)
- Flight sergeant
- Sergeant (army)
- Sergeant major
- Warrant officer

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues:
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Armed forces occupations, other ranks include all conscripted and non-conscripted members of the armed forces except commissioned and non-commissioned officers. They perform specific military tasks and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces. Most occupations in this sub-major group require skills at the first ISCO skill level.

Occupations in this sub-major group are classified into the following minor group:

031 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Minor Group 031

Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Armed forces occupations, other ranks include all conscripted and non-conscripted members of the armed forces except commissioned and non-commissioned officers. They perform specific military tasks and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces.

Occupations in this minor group are classified into the following unit group:

0310 Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

Unit Group 0310

Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks

Armed forces occupations, other ranks include all conscripted and non-conscripted members of the armed forces except commissioned and non-commissioned officers. They perform specific military tasks and/or perform similar tasks to those performed in a variety of civilian occupations outside the armed forces.

Examples of the occupations classified here:

- Airman
- Bombardier
- Corporal (air force)

- Corporal (army)
- Coxswain (navy)
- Gunner
- Infantryman/woman
- Paratrooper
- Rifleman/woman
- Seaman/woman (navy)

Excluded from this group are:

- jobs held by persons in civilian employment of government establishments concerned with defence issues;
- police (other than military police);
- customs inspectors and members of border or other armed civilian services.

PART IV CORRESPONDENCE WITH ISCO-88

CORRESPONDENCE TABLE: ISCO-08 TO ISCO-88

This table shows the corresponding ISCO-88 codes and titles for each ISCO-08 unit group. The letter "p" is used to indicate that only part of the ISCO-88 group corresponds with the ISCO-08 group. Comments are provided where the specific occupations involved in a particular partial correspondence may not be self-evident, or where other clarification may be necessary.

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Legislators	1111	1110		Legislators	
Senior Government Officials	1112	1120	••••	Senior Government Officials	
Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages	1113	1130	••••	Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages	
Senior Officials of Special-interest	1114	1141	•••••	Senior Officials of Political- party Organisations	
Organizations		1142		Senior Officials of Employers', Workers' and Other Economic- interest Organisations	
		1143		Senior Officials of Humanitarian and Other Special-interest Organisations	
Managing Directors and Chief Executives	1120	1210	•	Directors and Chief Executives	
Finance Managers	1211	1231	p	Finance and Administration Department Managers	
		1317	p	General Managers of Business Services	Managers of establishments providing accounting or similar services
Human Resource Managers	1212	1232	•	Personnel and Industrial Relations Department Managers	
		1317	p	General Managers of Business Services	Managers of establishments providing human resource and recruitment services
Policy and Planning Managers	1213	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1239	•	Other Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Managers of planning and policy departments in establishments other than those in public administration, compulsory social security, education, health, social work, extra territorial organizations and bodies, and recreational, cultural and sporting activities (as defined in ISIC Rev. 3)
Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1219	1227	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Business Services	
		1228		Production and Operations Department Managers in Personal Care, Cleaning and Related Services	Building services and cleaning department managers

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified		1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1231	p	Finance and Administration Department Managers	Administration department managers
		1317	p	General Managers of Business Services	
		1318		General Managers in Personal Care, Cleaning and Related Services	Managers of contract cleanin companies
Sales and Marketing Managers	1221	1233		Sales and Marketing Department Managers	
		1317	р	General Managers of Business Services	Managers of marketing companies
Advertising and Public Relations Managers	1222	1234		Advertising and Public Relations Department Managers	
		1317	р	General Managers of Business Services	Managers of advertising and public relations companies
Research and Development Managers	1223	1237		Research and Development Department Managers	
		1319	р	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Research and development company managers
Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers	1311	1221	р	Production and Operations Department Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers	1312	1221	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
Manufacturing Managers	1321	1222	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Manufacturing	
		1312	p	General Managers in Manufacturing	
Mining Managers	1322	1222	р	Production and Operations Department Managers in Manufacturing	
		1312	p	General Managers in Manufacturing	Managers of small mining and quarrying businesses
Construction Managers	1323	1223	р	Production and Operations Department Managers in Construction	
		1313		General Managers in Construction	
Supply, Distribution and Related Managers	1324	1226	р	Production and Operations Department Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	Postmasters, station masters and transport, storage and distribution department managers
		1235		Supply and Distribution Department Managers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Supply, Distribution and Related Managers		1316	р	General Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	
Information and Communications Technology Services Managers	1330	1226	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	Telecommunications department managers
		1236		Computing Services Department Managers	
		1316	p	General Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	
		1317	p	General Managers of Business Services	Managers of small computing and telecommunications companies
Child Care Services Managers	1341	1229	p	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Health Services Managers	1342	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2230	p	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	Hospital matrons and principal nursing officers
Aged Care Services Managers	1343	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2230	p	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	Matrons and principal nursing officers in aged care facilities
Social Welfare Managers	1344	1229	p	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Education Managers	1345	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers	1346	1227	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Business Services	
		1317	p	General Managers of Business Services	
Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1349	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
EISCHREIC CHASSIIICU		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Hotel Managers	1411	1225	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Restaurants and Hotels	
		1315	p	General Managers of Restaurants and Hotels	
Restaurant Managers	1412	1225	р	Production and Operations Department Managers in Restaurants and Hotels	
		1315	p	General Managers of Restaurants and Hotels	
Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers	1420	1224		Production and Operations Department Managers in Wholesale and Retail Trade	
		1314	p	General Managers in Wholesale and Retail Trade	
Sports, Recreation and Cultural Centre Managers	1431	1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1439	1229	p	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1319	p	General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Physicists and Astronomers	2111	2111		Physicists and Astronomers	
Meteorologists	2112	2112	· •····	Meteorologists	-
Chemists	2113	2113	р	Chemists	
Geologists and Geophysicists	2114	2114		Geologists and Geophysicists	
Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians	2120	2121	. •••••	Mathematicians and Related Professionals	
		2122		Statisticians	
Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals	2131	2211	р	Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals	
		2212	p	Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals	Plant pathologists, pharmacologists
Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers	2132	2213	••••	Agronomists and Related Professionals	
		3213		Farming and Forestry Advisers	
Environmental Protection Professionals	2133	2211	p	Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals	
Industrial and Production Engineers	2141	2149	p	Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Civil Engineers	2142	2142	. •	Civil Engineers	
Environmental Engineers	2143	2149	p	Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Mechanical Engineers	2144	2145		Mechanical Engineers	
Chemical Engineers	2145	2146		Chemical Engineers	
Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals	2146	2147	4	Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals	
Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2149	2149	p	Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Electrical Engineers	2151	2143		Electrical Engineers	
Electronics Engineers	2152	2144	р	Electronics and Telecom- munications Engineers	
Telecommunications Engineers	2153	2144	p	Electronics and Telecommunications Engineers	
Building Architects	2161	2141	p	Architects, Town and Traffic Planners	
Landscape Architects	2162	2141	p	Architects, Town and Traffic Planners	
Product and Garment Designers	2163	3471	p	Decorators and Commercial Designers	
Town and Traffic Planners	2164	2141	p	Architects, Town and Traffic Planners	
Cartographers and Surveyors	2165	2148	•	Cartographers and Surveyors	
Graphic and Multimedia Designers	2166	3471	p	Decorators and Commercial Designers	
	···•	2452	p 	Sculptors, Painters and Related Artists	Commercial artists
Generalist Medical Practitioners	2211	2221	p	Medical Doctors	
Specialist Medical Practitioners	2212	2212	p	Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals	Human pathologists, histopathologists, endocrinologists, neuropathologists
		2221	р	Medical Doctors	
Nursing Professionals	2221	2230	p	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	
Midwifery Professionals	2222	2230	p	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	
Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals	2230	3229	p	Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	Homeopaths
		3241	p	Traditional Medicine Practitioners	
Paramedical Practitioners	2240	3221	p	Medical Assistants	
Veterinarians	2250	2212	p	Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals	Animal and veterinary pathologists
		2223		Veterinarians	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Dentists	2261	2222		Dentists	
Pharmacists	2262	2113	р	Chemists	Industrial pharmacists, pharmaceutical chemists
		2224		Pharmacists	
Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals	2263	2229	р	Health Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2412	p	Personnel and Careers Professionals	
		3152	p	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	
		3222	p	Sanitarians	
Physiotherapists	2264	3226	p	Physiotherapists and Related Associate Professionals	
Dieticians and Nutritionists	2265	3223		Dieticians and Nutritionists	
Audiologists and Speech Therapists	2266	3229	p	Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	
Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians	2267	3224	р	Optometrists and Opticians	
		3229	p	Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	Orthoptists
Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2269	2229	р	Health Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3226	p	Physiotherapists and Related Associate Professionals	Podiatrists, chiropractors osteopaths, recreational therapists
		3229	p	Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	Occupational therapists
University and Higher Education Teachers	2310	2310	р	College, University and Higher Education Teaching Professionals	
Vocational Education Teachers	2320	2310	р	College, University and Higher Education Teaching Professionals	
		2320	p	Secondary Education Teaching Professionals	
Secondary Education Teachers	2330	2320	p	Secondary Education Teaching Professionals	
Primary School Teachers	2341	2331	••••	Primary Education Teaching Professionals	
		3310		Primary Education Teaching Associate Professionals	
Early Childhood Educators	2342	2332		Pre-primary Education Teaching Professionals	
-		3320		Pre-primary Education Teaching Associate Professionals	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Education Methods Specialists	2351	2351		Education Methods Specialists	
		2352		School Inspectors	
Special Needs Teachers	2352	2340		Special Education Teaching Professionals	
		3330		Special Education Teaching Associate Professionals	
Other Language Teachers	2353	2359	р	Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3340	p	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	
Other Music Teachers	2354	2359	р	Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Other Arts Teachers	2355	2359	р	Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3340	p	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	
Information Technology Trainers	2356	2359	р	Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3340	p	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	
Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2359	2359	р	Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3340	p	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	
Accountants	2411	2411	р	Accountants	
Financial and Investment Advisers	2412	2411	р	Accountants	
		2419	p	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3411	p	Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers	
Financial Analysts	2413	2419	р	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Management and Organization Analysts	2421	2419	p	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Policy Administration Professionals	2422	2419	р	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Personnel and Careers Professionals	2423	2412	p	Personnel and Careers Professionals	
Training and Staff Development Professionals	2424	2412	р	Personnel and Careers Professionals	
Advertising and Marketing Professionals	2431	2419	p	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
,		2451	p	Authors, Journalists and Other Writers	Advertising copy writers

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Public Relations Professionals	2432	2419	p	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2451	p	Authors, Journalists and Other Writers	Public relations copy writers
Fechnical and Medical Sales Professionals (excluding ICT)	2433	3415	р	Technical and Commercial Sales Representatives	
Information and Communications Fechnology Sales Professionals	2434	3415	p	Technical and Commercial Sales Representatives	
Systems Analysts	2511	2131	p	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
Software Developers	2512	2131	р	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
Web and Multimedia Developers	2513	2131	p	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
		2132	p	Computer Programmers	
		2139	р	Computing Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Applications Programmers	2514	2132	p	Computer Programmers	
Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified	2519	2131	р	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
		2132	p	Computer Programmers	
		2139	р	Computing Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Database Designers and Administrators	2521	2131	p	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
Systems Administrators	2522	2131	р	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
Computer Network Professionals	2523	2131	р	Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	
		2132	р	Computer Programmers	Communications programmers
Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2529	2139	p	Computing Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Lawyers	2611	2421		Lawyers	
Judges	2612	2422		Judges	
Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2619	2429	. •	Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Archivists and Curators	2621	2431		Archivists and Curators	
Librarians and Related Information Professionals	2622	2432	. •	Librarians and Related Information Professionals	
Economists	2631	2441		Economists	
	····	.	. .		

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals	2632	2442		Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals	
Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists	2633	2443		Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists	
Psychologists	2634	2445	******	Psychologists	
Social Work and Counselling Professionals	2635	2446	•	Social Work Professionals	
Religious Professionals	2636	2460		Religious Professionals	
Authors and Related Writers	2641	2451	p	Authors, Journalists and Other Writers	
Journalists	2642	2451	p	Authors, Journalists and Other Writers	
		3472	p	Radio, Television and Other Announcers	Media interviewers
Translators, Interpreters and Other Linguists	2643	2444		Philologists, Translators and Interpreters	
Visual Artists	2651	2452	p	Sculptors, Painters and Related Artists	
Musicians, Singers and Composers	2652	2453		Composers, Musicians and Singers	
		3473	p	Street, Night-club and Related Musicians, Singers and Dancers	
Dancers and Choreographers	2653	2454	•	Choreographers and Dancers	
		3473	p	Street, Night-club and Related Musicians, Singers and Dancers	
Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers	2654	1229	p	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2455	p	Film, Stage and Related Actors and Directors	
Actors	2655	2455	p	Film, Stage and Related Actors and Directors	
Announcers on Radio, Television and Other Media	2656	3472	р	Radio, Television and Other Announcers	
Creative and Performing Artists Not Elsewhere Classified	2659	3474	р	Clowns, Magicians, Acrobats and Related Associate Professionals	
Chemical and Physical Science Technicians	3111	3111		Chemical and Physical Science Technicians	
Civil Engineering Technicians	3112	3112	******	Civil Engineering Technicians	
		3151	p	Building and Fire Inspectors	
Electrical Engineering Technicians	3113	3113		Electrical Engineering Technicians	
		3152	p	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	Quality inspectors (electric products)

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Electronics Engineering Technicians	3114	3114	p	Electronics and Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	
		3152	p	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	Quality inspectors (electronic products)
Mechanical Engineering Technicians	3115	3115		Mechanical Engineering Technicians	
		3152	р	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	Vehicle inspectors, mechanical products quality and safety inspectors
Chemical Engineering Technicians	3116	3116	p	Chemical Engineering Technicians	
Mining and Metallurgical Technicians	3117	3117	•	Mining and Metallurgical Technicians	
		3152	р	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	Mine (safety) inspectors
Draughtspersons	3118	3118		Draughtspersons	
Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not	3119	3119	•	Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
Elsewhere Classified		3151	p	Building and Fire Inspectors	Fire investigators
Mining Supervisors	3121	7111	p	Miners and Quarry Workers	
		8111	p	Mining-plant Operators	
Manufacturing Supervisors	3122	8171	p	Automated-assembly-line Operators	
		8172	p	Industrial-robot Operators	
		8211	p	Machine-tool Operators	
		8221		Pharmaceutical- and Toiletry- products Machine Operators	
		8222	p	Ammunition- and Explosive- products Machine Operators	
		8223	p	Metal Finishing-, Plating- and Coating-machine Operators	
		8224	p	Photographic-products Machine Operators	
		8229	p	Chemical-products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
		8231	p	Rubber-products Machine Operators	
		8232	p	Plastic-products Machine Operators	
		8240	p	Wood-products Machine Operators	
		8251	p	Printing-machine Operators	
		8252	p	Bookbinding-machine Operators	
		8253	p	Paper-products Machine Operators	
		8261	p	Fibre-preparing-, Spinning- and Winding-machine Operators	

SCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Manufacturing Supervisors		8262	p	Weaving- and Knitting-machine Operators	
		8263	p	Sewing-machine Operators	
		8264	p	Bleaching-, Dyeing- and Cleaning-machine Operators	
		8265	p	Fur- and Leather-preparing- machine Operators	
		8266	p	Shoemaking- and Related Machine Operators	
		8269	p	Textile-, Fur- and Leather- products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
		8271	p	Meat- and Fish-processing- machine Operators	
		8272	p	Dairy-products Machine Operators	
		8273	p	Grain- and Spice-milling- machine Operators	
		8274	p	Baked-goods, Cereal and Chocolate-products Machine Operators	
		8275	p	Fruit-, Vegetable- and Nut- processing-machine Operators	
		8276	p	Sugar Production Machine Operators	
		8277	p	Tea-, Coffee- and Cocoa- processing-machine Operators	
		8278	p	Brewers-, Wine and Other Beverage Machine Operators	
		8279	p	Tobacco Production Machine Operators	
		8281	p	Mechanical-machinery Assemblers	
		8282	p	Electrical-equipment Assemblers	
		8283	p	Electronic-equipment Assemblers	
		8284	p	Metal-, Rubber- and Plastic- products Assemblers	
		8285	p	Wood and Related Products Assemblers	
		8286	p	Paperboard, Textile and Related Products Assemblers	
		8290	p	Other Machine Operators and Assemblers	
Construction Supervisors	3123	1223	p	Production and Operations Department Managers in Construction	
		7129	р	Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Power Production Plant	3131	8161		Power-production Plant Operators	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Incinerator and Water Treatment Plant Operators	3132	8163		Incinerator, Water-treatment and Related Plant Operators	
Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	3133	3116	р	Chemical Engineering Technicians	Chemical process technicians
		8152	p	Chemical-heat-treating-plant Operators	
		8153	p	Chemical-filtering- and Separating-equipment Operators	
		8154	p	Chemical-still and Reactor Operators (except Petroleum and Natural Gas)	
		8159	p	Chemical-processing-plant Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
Petroleum and Natural Gas Refining Plant Operators	3134	8155	р	Petroleum- and Natural-gas- refining-plant Operators	
Metal Production Process Controllers	3135	8121	р	Ore and Metal Furnace Operators	
		8122	p	Metal Melters, Casters and Rolling-mill Operators	
		8123	p	Metal-heat-treating-plant Operators	
		8124	p	Metal Drawers and Extruders	
Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	3139	3123	•	Industrial Robot Controllers	
		8142	p	Paper-pulp Plant Operators	
		8143	p	Papermaking-plant Operators	
		8171	p	Automated-assembly-line Operators	
		8172	p	Industrial-robot Operators	
Life Science Technicians (excluding Medical)	3141	3211	p	Life Science Technicians	
Agricultural Technicians	3142	3212	p	Agronomy and Forestry Technicians	
Forestry Technicians	3143	3212	p	Agronomy and Forestry Technicians	
Ships' Engineers	3151	3141		Ships' Engineers	
Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots	3152	3142	. •	Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots	
Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals	3153	3143	. ******	Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals	
		3340	p	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	Flying instructors
Air Traffic Controllers	3154	3144	· •····	Air Traffic Controllers	
Air Traffic Safety Electronics Technicians	3155	3145		Air Traffic Safety Technicians	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians	3211	3133		Medical Equipment Operators	
Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians	3212	3211	р	Life Science Technicians	
Pharmaceutical Fechnicians and Assistants	3213	3228	*******	Pharmaceutical Assistants	
Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians	3214	3226	p	Physiotherapists and Related Associate Professionals	Prosthetic technicians, Prosthesis fitters
		7311	p	Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers	
Nursing Associate Professionals	3221	2230	р	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	
		3231		Nursing Associate Professionals	
Midwifery Associate Professionals	3222	2230	p	Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	
		3232		Midwifery Associate Professionals	
Fraditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals	3230	3241	p	Traditional Medicine Practitioners	
Veterinary Technicians and Assistants	3240	3227	•	Veterinary Assistants	
Dental Assistants and Therapists	3251	3225		Dental Assistants	
Medical Records and Health Information Fechnicians	3252	4143	p	Coding, Proof-reading and Related Clerks	
Community Health Workers	3253	3221	p	Medical Assistants	
Dispensing Opticians	3254	3224	р	Optometrists and Opticians	
Physiotherapy Fechnicians and Assistants	3255	3226	р	Physiotherapists and Related Associate Professionals	
Medical Assistants	3256	3221	p	Medical Assistants	
Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates	3257	3152	p	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	
		3222	p	Sanitarians	
Ambulance Workers	3258	5132	p	Institution-based Personal Care Workers	
Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	3259	3229	р	Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	
Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers	3311	3411	р	Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers	
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ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Credit and Loans Officers	3312	3419	р	Finance and Sales Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Although ISCO-08 3312 is the only correspondence listed for ISCO-88 3419, other possibilities such as 2413 may be considered, as 3419 is a residual group.
Accounting Associate Professionals	3313	3433		Bookkeepers	
		3434	p	Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals	Accounting assistants
Statistical, Mathe- matical and Related Associate Professionals	3314	3434	p	Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals	
Valuers and Loss Assessors	3315	3417	р	Appraisers, Valuers and Auctioneers	
Insurance Representatives	3321	3412		Insurance Representatives	
Commercial Sales Representatives	3322	3415	p	Technical and Commercial Sales Representatives	
Buyers	3323	3416	•••••	Buyers	
Trade Brokers	3324	3421	•••••	Trade Brokers	
Clearing and Forwarding Agents	3331	3422		Clearing and Forwarding Agents	
Conference and Event Planners	3332	3439	р	Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Employment Agents and Contractors	3333	3423		Employment Agents and Labour Contractors	
Real Estate Agents and Property Managers	3334	3413		Estate Agents	
Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified	3339	2419	р	Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Patent agents
		3414	p	Travel Consultants and Organisers	Tour operators
		3417	p	Appraisers, Valuers and Auctioneers	Auctioneers
		3429	р	Business Services Agents and Trade Brokers Not Elsewhere Classified	Literary, musical, sports and theatrical agents
Office Supervisors 334	3341	3431	p	Administrative Secretaries and Related Associate Professionals	
		3439	p	Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Office managers, office administrators, clerical supervisors
		4111	p	6 1 71	
		4112		Word-processor and Related Operators	
		4113	_	Data Entry Operators	
		4114	p	Calculating-machine Operators	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Office Supervisors		4115	р	Secretaries	
		4121	p	Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	
		4122	p	Statistical and Finance Clerks	
		4131	p	Stock Clerks	
		4132	p	Production Clerks	
		4133	p	Transport Clerks	
		4141	p	Library and Filing Clerks	
		4142	p	Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks	
		4143	p	Coding, Proof-reading and Related Clerks	
		4190	p	Other Office Clerks	
		4222	p	Receptionists and Information Clerks	
		4223	р	Telephone Switchboard Operators	
Legal Secretaries	3342	3431	p	Administrative Secretaries and Related Associate Professionals	
		4115	p	Secretaries	
Administrative and Executive Secretaries 33	3343	3431	p	Administrative Secretaries and Related Associate Professionals	
		3439	p	Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Executive secretaries to government department head and official committees
Medical Secretaries	3344	3431	р	Administrative Secretaries and Related Associate Professionals	
		4115	p	Secretaries	
Customs and Border Inspectors	3351	3441	•••••	Customs and Border Inspectors	
Government Tax and Excise Officials	3352	3442	•••••	Government Tax and Excise Officials	
Government Social Benefits Officials	3353	3443	•••••	Government Social Benefits Officials	
Government Licensing Officials	3354	3444	•••••	Government Licensing Officials	
Police Inspectors and Detectives	3355	3450	р	Police Inspectors and Detectives	
Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	3359	3439	р	Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Administrative consular officials
		3449		Customs, Tax and Related Government Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Legal and Related	3411	3432		Legal and Related Business Associate Professionals	
Associate Professionals				1 1330 clate 1 Tolessionals	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Social Work Associate Professionals	3412	3460		Social Work Associate Professionals	
Religious Associate Professionals	3413	3242	•••••	Faith Healers	
		3480		Religious Associate Professionals	
Athletes and Sports Players	3421	3475	р	Athletes, Sportspersons and Related Associate Professionals	
Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials	3422	3475	p	Athletes, Sportspersons and Related Associate Professionals	
Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders	3423	3340	р	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	Sailing instructors, underwater diving instructors
		3475	р	Athletes, Sportspersons and Related Associate Professionals	
Photographers	3431	3131	p	Photographers and Image and Sound Recording Equipment Operators	
Interior Designers and Decorators	3432	3471	p	Decorators and Commercial Designers	
Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians	3433	3439	p	Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Library technicians
		3471	p	Decorators and Commercial Designers	Museum and gallery technicians
Chefs	3434	5122	p	Cooks	
Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals	3435	1229	р	Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Stage managers
		3471	p	Decorators and Commercial Designers	Tattooists, body artists
		3474	p	Clowns, Magicians, Acrobats and Related Associate Professionals	Stunt coordinators, walkers on and a range of other performing arts support occupations classified in ISCO-08 3435 may have been classified in ISCO-88 3474.
Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians	3511	3122		Computer Equipment Operators	
Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians	3512	3121	p	Computer Assistants	
Computer Network and Systems Technicians	3513	3121	p	Computer Assistants	
Web Technicians	3514	3121	р	Computer Assistants	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians	3521	3131	p	Photographers and Image and Sound Recording Equipment Operators	
		3132	p	Broadcasting and Telecommunications Equipment Operators	
Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	3522	3114	p	Electronics and Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	
		3132	p	Broadcasting and Telecommunications Equipment Operators	Telecommunications equipment operators
General Office Clerks	4110	4190	р	Other Office Clerks	
Secretaries (general)	4120	4115	р	Secretaries	
Typists and Word Processing Operators	4131	4111	р	Stenographers and Typists	
		4112	p	Word-processor and Related Operators	
Data Entry Clerks	4132	4113	•	Data Entry Operators	
		4114	р	Calculating-machine Operators	
Bank Tellers and Related Clerks	4211	4211	p	Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	Bank cashiers
		4212		Tellers and Other Counter Clerks	Note that the ISCO-88 index coded Assistant, bank to 3432 Legal and Related Business Associate Professionals.
Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers	4212	4211	р	Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	Clerk, bookmaking coded to 4211 in ISCO-88 index.
		4213		Bookmakers and Croupiers	
Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders	4213	4214	•••••	Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders	
Debt Collectors and Related Workers	4214	4215		Debt-collectors and Related Workers	
Travel Consultants and Clerks	4221	3414	p	Travel Consultants and Organisers	
		4221		Travel Agency and Related Clerks	
		5111	р	Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards	Airport check-in attendants
Contact Centre Information Clerks	4222	4222	р	Receptionists and Information Clerks	
Telephone Switchboard Operators	4223	4223	р	Telephone Switchboard Operators	
Hotel Receptionists	4224	4222	р	Receptionists and Information Clerks	
Inquiry Clerks	4225	4222	р	Receptionists and Information Clerks	
Receptionists (general)	4226	4222	р	Receptionists and Information	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Survey and Market Research Interviewers	4227	4190	p	Other Office Clerks	
Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	4229	4222	р	Receptionists and Information Clerks	
Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	4311	4121	р	Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	
Statistical, Finance and Insurance Clerks	4312	4122	р	Statistical and Finance Clerks	Consider ISCO-88 3432 in national contexts. ISCO-88 index included brokers' assistants and insurance claims, adjustment and policy assistants there.
Payroll Clerks	4313	4121	p	Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	
Stock Clerks	4321	4131	p	Stock Clerks	
Production Clerks	4322	4132	р	Production Clerks	
Transport Clerks	4323	4133	р	Transport Clerks	
Library Clerks	4411	4141	р	Library and Filing Clerks	
Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks	4412	4142	р	Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks	
Coding, Proofreading and Related Clerks	4413	4143	р	Coding, Proof-reading and Related Clerks	
Scribes and Related Workers	4414	4144	р	Scribes and Related Workers	
Filing and Copying Clerks	4415	4141	р	Library and Filing Clerks	
Personnel Clerks	4416	4190	p	Other Office Clerks	
Clerical Support Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	4419	4190	p	Other Office Clerks	
Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards	5111	5111	p	Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards	
Transport Conductors	5112	5112		Transport Conductors	
Travel Guides	5113	5113		Travel Guides	
Cooks	5120	5122	p	Cooks	
Waiters	5131	5123	р	Waiters, Waitresses and Bartenders	
Bartenders	5132	5123	р	Waiters, Waitresses and Bartenders	
Hairdressers	5141	5141	р	Hairdressers, Barbers, Beauticians and Related Workers	
Beauticians and Related Workers	5142	5141	р	Hairdressers, Barbers, Beauticians and Related Workers	
Cleaning and Housekeeping Super- visors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	5151	5121	р	Housekeepers and Related Workers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Domestic Housekeepers	5152	5121	р	Housekeepers and Related Workers	
Building Caretakers	5153	9141		Building Caretakers	
Astrologers, Fortune- tellers and Related Workers	5161	5151		Astrologers and Related Workers	
		5152		Fortune-tellers, Palmists and Related Workers	
Companions and Valets	5162	5142		Companions and Valets	
Undertakers and Embalmers	5163	5143		Undertakers and Embalmers	
Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers	5164	5139	р	Personal Care and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	Veterinary aids
		6129	p	Market-oriented Animal Producers and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Driving Instructors	5165	3340	р	Other Teaching Associate Professionals	
Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5169	5149		Other Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Stall and Market Salespersons	5211	5230	р	Stall and Market Salespersons	
Street Food Salespersons	5212	9111		Street Food Vendors	
Shopkeepers	5221	1314	р	General Managers in Wholesale and Retail Trade	
Shop Supervisors	5222	5220	р	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	
Shop Sales Assistants	5223	5220	p	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	
Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	5230	4211	р	Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	
Fashion and Other Models	5241	5210		Fashion and Other Models	
Sales Demonstrators	5242	5220	p	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	
Door-to-door Salespersons	5243	9113	р	Door-to-door and Telephone Salespersons	
Contact Centre Salespersons	5244	9113	р	Door-to-door and Telephone Salespersons	
Service Station Attendants	5245	5220	р	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	
Food Service Counter Attendants	5246	5220	р	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	
		5230	p	Stall and Market Salespersons	
Sales Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5249	5220	p	Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	Rental salespersons
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ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Child Care Workers	5311	5131	p	Child-care Workers	
Teachers' Aides	5312	5131	р	Child-care Workers	
Health Care Assistants	5321	5132	р	Institution-based Personal Care Workers	
Home-based Personal Care Workers	5322	5133		Home-based Personal Care Workers	
Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified	5329	5132	p	Institution-based Personal Care Workers	Hospital orderlies, medical imaging assistants, dental aides
		5139	p	Personal Care and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Firefighters	5411	5161		Fire-fighters	
Police Officers	5412	5162		Police Officers	
Prison Guards	5413	5163		Prison Guards	
Security Guards	5414	5169	р	Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		9152	р	Doorkeepers, Watchpersons and Related Workers	
Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5419	5169	p	Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Field Crop 6 and Vegetable Growers	6111	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6111		Field Crop and Vegetable Growers	
Tree and Shrub Crop Growers	6112	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6112		Tree and Shrub Crop Growers	
Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers	6113	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6113	p	Gardeners, Horticultural and Nursery Growers	
Mixed Crop Growers	6114	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6114		Mixed-crop Growers	
Livestock and Dairy Producers	6121	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6121		Dairy and Livestock Producers	
		6124	p	Mixed-animal Producers	
Poultry Producers	6122	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6122		Poultry Producers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Apiarists and Sericulturists	6123	6123		Apiarists and Sericulturists	
		6124	p	Mixed-animal Producers	
Animal Producers Not Elsewhere Classified	6129	6129	р	Market-oriented Animal Producers and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Mixed Crop and Animal Producers	6130	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6130		Market-oriented Crop and Animal Producers	
Forestry and Related Workers	6210	1311	р	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6141		Forestry Workers and Loggers	
		6142		Charcoal Burners and Related Workers	
Aquaculture Workers	6221	1311	р	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6151	•	Aquatic-life Cultivation Workers	
Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	6222	1311	p	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6152	p	Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	
Deep-sea Fishery Workers	6223	1311	р	General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	
		6153	•	Deep-sea Fishery Workers	
Hunters and Trappers	6224	6154	•	Hunters and Trappers	
Subsistence Crop Farmers	6310	6210	p	Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers	
Subsistence Livestock Farmers	6320	6210	р	Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers	
Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers	6330	6210	p	Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers	
Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers	6340	6210	p	Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers	
House Builders	7111	7121	•	Builders, Traditional Materials	
		7129	p	Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	House builders not using traditional materials
Bricklayers and Related Workers	7112	7122	p	Bricklayers and Stonemasons	
Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers	7113	7113	•	Stone Splitters, Cutters and Carvers	
		7122	p	Bricklayers and Stonemasons	
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ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers	7114	7123	••••	Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers	
Carpenters and Joiners	7115	7124		Carpenters and Joiners	
Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	7119	7129	p	Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Roofers	7121	7131	•••••	Roofers	
Floor Layers and Tile Setters	7122	7132	•	Floor Layers and Tile Setters	
Plasterers	7123	7133	*******	Plasterers	
Insulation Workers	7124	7134	•••••	Insulation Workers	
Glaziers	7125	7135	• · · · · · ·	Glaziers	
Plumbers and Pipe Fitters	7126	7136	******	Plumbers and Pipe Fitters	
Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics	7127	7233	р	Agricultural- or Industrial- machinery Mechanics and Fitters	
Painters and Related Workers	7131	7141	••••	Painters and Related Workers	
Spray Painters and Varnishers	7132	7142	•••••	Varnishers and Related Painters	
Building Structure Cleaners	7133	7143	p	Building Structure Cleaners	
Metal Moulders and Coremakers	7211	7211	•	Metal Moulders and Coremakers	
		8211	p	Machine-tool Operators	Coremaking machine operators
Welders and Flame Cutters	7212	7212		Welders and Flamecutters	
Sheet Metal Workers	7213	7213		Sheet-metal Workers	
Structural Metal Preparers and Erectors	7214	7214		Structural-metal Preparers and Erectors	
Riggers and Cable Splicers	7215	7215		Riggers and Cable Splicers	
Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forging Press Workers	7221	7221		Blacksmiths, Hammer-smiths and Forging-press Workers	
Toolmakers and Related Workers	7222	7222	•••••	Tool-makers and Related Workers	
Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators	7223	7223	•	Machine-tool Setters and Setter-operators	
		8211	p	Machine-tool Operators	
Metal Polishers, Wheel Grinders and Tool Sharpeners	7224	7224		Metal Wheel-grinders, Polishers and Tool Sharpeners	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers	7231	7231	р	Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Fitters	
Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Repairers	7232	7232	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Fitters	
Agricultural and Industrial Machinery Mechanics and Repairers	7233	7233	р	Agricultural- or Industrial- machinery Mechanics and Fitters	
Bicycle and Related Repairers	7234	7231	p	Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Fitters	
Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers	7311	7311	р	Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers	
Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners	7312	7312		Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners	
Jewellery and Precious Metal Workers	7313	7313		Jewellery and Precious-metal Workers	
Potters and Related Workers	7314	7321	•••••	Abrasive Wheel Formers, Potters and Related Workers	
Glass Makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers	7315	7322	р	Glass-makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers	
Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers	7316	7323	•••••	Glass Engravers and Etchers	
		7324		Glass, Ceramics and Related Decorative Painters	
Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials	7317	7331	p	Handicraft Workers in Wood and Related Materials	
		7424		Basketry Weavers, Brush Makers and Related Workers	
Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	7318	7332		Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	
		7431		Fibre Preparers	
		7432	р	Weavers, Knitters and Related Workers	
Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	7319	7223	p	Machine-tool Setters and Setter-operators	Metal toymakers
		7331	р	Handicraft Workers in Wood and Related Materials	
Pre-press Technicians	7321	7341	p	Compositors, Typesetters and Related Workers	
		7342		Stereotypers and Electrotypers	
		7343		Printing Engravers and Etchers	
Printers	7322	7341	p	Compositors, Typesetters and Related Workers	Printers, printing machine setters, takers-off
Timers				this itemates it clines	<i>'</i>
Timers		7346 8251		Silk-screen, Block and Textile Printers Printing-machine Operators	,

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Print Finishing and Binding Workers	7323	7345		Bookbinders and Related Workers	
		8252	р	Bookbinding-machine Operators	
Building and Related Electricians	7411	7137		Building and Related Electricians	
Electrical Mechanics and Fitters	7412	7241		Electrical Mechanics and Fitters	
Electrical Line Installers and Repairers	7413	7245	р	Electrical Line Installers, Repairers and Cable Jointers	
Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	7421	7242	p	Electronics Fitters	
		7243	p	Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	
Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers	7422	7242	р	Electronics Fitters	
		7243	p	Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	
		7244		Telegraph and Telephone Installers and Servicers	
		7245	p	Electrical Line Installers, Repairers and Cable Jointers	
Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers	7511	7411		Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers	
Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers	7512	7412		Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers	
Dairy Products Makers	7513	7413	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Dairy-products Makers	
Fruit, Vegetable and Related Preservers	7514	7414	•	Fruit, Vegetable and Related Preservers	
Food and Beverage Fasters and Graders	7515	7415	•••••	Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders	
Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers	7516	7416		Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers	
Wood Treaters	7521	7421	•••••	Wood Treaters	
		8240	р	Wood-products Machine Operators	Wood treating machine operators
Cabinet-makers and Related Workers	7522	7422		Cabinet-makers and Related Workers	
Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators	7523	7423	•	Woodworking-machine Setters and Setter-operators	
		8240	p	Wood-products Machine Operators	
Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters	7531	7433		Tailors, Dressmakers and Hatters	
		7434		Furriers and Related Workers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Garment and Related Patternmakers and Cutters	7532	7435		Textile, Leather and Related Pattern-makers and Cutters	_
Sewing, Embroidery and Related Workers	7533	7436		Sewers, Embroiderers and Related Workers	
Upholsterers and Related Workers	7534	7437	••••	Upholsterers and Related Workers	
Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers	7535	7441	******	Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers	
Shoemakers and Related Workers	7536	7442	••••	Shoe-makers and Related Workers	
Underwater Divers	7541	6152	p	Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	Divers for sponges, pearls and other aquatic products
		7216		Underwater Workers	
Shotfirers and Blasters	7542	7112	******	Shotfirers and Blasters	
Product Graders and Testers (excluding Foods and Beverages)	7543	3152	p	Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	Product quality inspectors. Note that in ISCO-88 some product testers were classified in the same unit group as the workers producing the goods.
Fumigators and Other Pest and Weed Controllers	7544	7143	р	Building Structure Cleaners	
Craft and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	7549	7322	p	Glass-makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers	Lens polishers, grinders, moulders and slicers
Miners and Quarriers	8111	7111	р	Miners and Quarry Workers	
		8111	p	Mining-plant Operators	
Mineral and Stone Processing Plant Operators	8112	8112		Mineral-ore- and Stone- processing-plant Operators	
Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers	8113	8113	••••	Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers	
Cement, Stone and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators	8114	8212	•	Cement and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators	
Metal Processing Plant Operators	8121	8121	p	Ore and Metal Furnace Operators	
		8122	p	Metal Melters, Casters and Rolling-mill Operators	
		8123	p	Metal-heat-treating-plant Operators	
		8124	p	Metal Drawers and Extruders	
Metal Finishing, Plating and Coating Machine Operators	8122	8223	p	Metal Finishing-, Plating- and Coating-machine Operators	
Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	8131	8151	••••	Crushing-, Grinding- and Chemical-mixing Machinery Operators	
		8152	p	Chemical-heat-treating-plant Operators	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators		8153	p	Chemical-filtering- and Separating-equipment Operators	
		8154	p	Chemical-still and Reactor Operators (except Petroleum and Natural Gas)	
		8155	p	Petroleum- and Natural-gas- refining-plant Operators	Operators of compounders and other single process plant and machinery in petroleum and gas refineries
		8159	p	Chemical-processing-plant Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
		8221	p	Pharmaceutical- and Toiletry- products Machine Operators	
		8222	p	Ammunition- and Explosive- products Machine Operators	
		8229	p	Chemical-products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
Photographic Products Machine Operators	8132	7344	•••••	Photographic and Related Workers	
		8224	p	Photographic-products Machine Operators	
Rubber Products Machine Operators	8141	8231	р	Rubber-products Machine Operators	
Plastic Products Machine Operators	8142	8232	p	Plastic-products Machine Operators	
Paper Products Machine Operators	8143	8253	р	Paper-products Machine Operators	
Fibre Preparing, Spinning and Winding Machine Operators	8151	8261	p	Fibre-preparing-, Spinning- and Winding-machine Operators	
Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators	8152	7432	•	Weavers, Knitters and Related Workers	Weaving and knitting machine setters
		8262	p	Weaving- and Knitting-machine Operators	
Sewing Machine Operators	8153	8263	p	Sewing-machine Operators	
Bleaching, Dyeing and Fabric Cleaning Machine Operators	8154	8264	р	Bleaching-, Dyeing- and Cleaning-machine Operators	
Fur and Leather Preparing Machine Operators	8155	8265	p	Fur- and Leather-preparing- machine Operators	
Shoemaking and Related Machine Operators	8156	8266	р	Shoemaking- and Related Machine Operators	
Laundry Machine Operators	8157	8264	p	Bleaching-, Dyeing- and Cleaning-machine Operators	
Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8159	8269	р	Textile-, Fur- and Leather- products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Food and Related Products Machine Operators	8160	8271	p	Meat- and Fish-processing- machine Operators	
		8272	p	Dairy-products Machine Operators	
		8273	p	Grain- and Spice-milling- machine Operators	
		8274	p	Baked-goods, Cereal and Chocolate-products Machine Operators	
		8275	p	Fruit-, Vegetable- and Nut- processing-machine Operators	
		8276	p	Sugar Production Machine Operators	
		8277	p	Tea-, Coffee- and Cocoa- processing-machine Operators	
		8278	p	Brewers-, Wine and Other Beverage Machine Operators	
		8279	p	Tobacco Production Machine Operators	
Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators	8171	8142	р	Paper-pulp Plant Operators	
		8143	p	Papermaking-plant Operators	<u>.</u>
Wood Processing Plant Operators	8172	8141		Wood-processing-plant Operators	
Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators	8181	8131		Glass and Ceramics Kiln and Related Machine Operators	
		8139		Glass, Ceramics and Related Plant Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	
Steam Engine and Boiler Operators	8182	8162		Steam-engine and Boiler Operators	
Packing, Bottling and Labelling Machine Operators	8183	8290	р	Other Machine Operators and Assemblers	
Stationary Plant and Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8189	8290	р	Other Machine Operators and Assemblers	
Mechanical Machinery Assemblers	8211	8281	p	Mechanical-machinery Assemblers	
Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers	8212	8282	р	Electrical-equipment Assemblers	
-		8283	p	Electronic-equipment Assemblers	
Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified	8219	8284	р	Metal-, Rubber- and Plastic- products Assemblers	
		8285	p	Wood and Related Products Assemblers	
		8286	p	Paperboard, Textile and Related Products Assemblers	
		8290	p	Other Machine Operators and Assemblers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Locomotive Engine Drivers	8311	8311		Locomotive-engine Drivers	
Railway Brake, Signal and Switch Operators	8312	8312		Railway Brakers, Signallers and Shunters	
Motorcycle Drivers	8321	8321		Motor-cycle Drivers	
Car, Taxi and Van Drivers	8322	8322		Car, Taxi and Van Drivers	
Bus and Tram Drivers	8331	8323	•••••	Bus and Tram Drivers	
Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers	8332	8324	*********	Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers	
Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators	8341	8331	•••••	Motorised Farm and Forestry Plant Operators	
Earthmoving and Related Plant Operators	8342	8332	*********	Earth-moving- and Related Plant Operators	
Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators	8343	8333		Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators	
Lifting Truck Operators	8344	8334	•	Lifting-truck Operators	
Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers	8350	8340		Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers	
Domestic Cleaners and Helpers	9111	9131		Domestic Helpers and Cleaners	
Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	9112	9132	р	Helpers and Cleaners in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	
Hand Launderers and Pressers	9121	9133		Hand-launderers and Pressers	
Vehicle Cleaners	9122	9142	p	Vehicle, Window and Related Cleaners	
Window Cleaners	9123	9142	p	Vehicle, Window and Related Cleaners	
Other Cleaning Workers	9129	9142	р	Vehicle, Window and Related Cleaners	
Crop Farm Labourers	9211	9211	р	Farm-hands and Labourers	
Livestock Farm Labourers	9212	9211	р	Farm-hands and Labourers	
Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers	9213	9211	p	Farm-hands and Labourers	
Garden and Horticultural Labourers	9214	6113	p	Gardeners, Horticultural and Nursery Growers	Although garden labourers should logically be classified in ISCO-88 9211, they were not specifically mentioned in the definition or the index. It is likely that some garden and horticultural workers classified in ISCO-08 9214 were classified in certain national contexts in ISCO-88 6113.
		9211	р	Farm-hands and Labourers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Forestry Labourers	9215	9212		Forestry Labourers	
Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers	9216	9213		Fishery, Hunting and Trapping Labourers	
Mining and Quarrying Labourers	9311	9311		Mining and Quarrying Labourers	
Civil Engineering Labourers	9312	9312		Construction and Maintenance Labourers: Roads, Dams and Similar Constructions	
Building Construction Labourers	9313	9313		Building Construction Labourers	
Hand Packers	9321	9322	p	Hand Packers and Other Manufacturing Labourers	
Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified	9329	9321	1	Assembling Labourers	
		9322	p	Hand Packers and Other Manufacturing Labourers	
Hand and Pedal Vehicle Drivers	9331	9331	•••••	Hand or Pedal Vehicle Drivers	
Drivers of Animal- drawn Vehicles and Machinery	9332	9332		Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery	
Freight Handlers	9333	9333	p	Freight Handlers	
Shelf Fillers	9334	9333	p	Freight Handlers	
Fast Food Preparers	9411	5122	р	Cooks	
Kitchen Helpers	9412	9132	p	Helpers and Cleaners in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	
Street and Related Services Workers	9510	9120		Shoe Cleaning and Other Street Services Elementary Occupations	
Street Vendors (excluding Food)	9520	9112	•	Street Vendors, Non-food Products	
Garbage and Recycling Collectors	9611	9161	p	Garbage Collectors	
Refuse Sorters	9612	9161	p	Garbage Collectors	
Sweepers and Related Labourers	9613	9162	p	Sweepers and Related Labourers	
Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters	9621	9151		Messengers, Package and Luggage Porters and Deliverers	
		9152	p	Doorkeepers, Watchpersons and Related Workers	Hotel porters
Odd-job Persons	9622	9162	p	Sweepers and Related Labourers	
Meter Readers and Vending-machine Collectors	9623	9153		Vending-machine Money Collectors, Meter Readers and Related Workers	
Water and Firewood Collectors	9624	9162	p	Sweepers and Related Labourers	

ISCO-08 title	ISCO-08 Code	ISCO-88 code		ISCO-88 title	Comments
Elementary Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	9629	9152		Doorkeepers, Watchpersons and Related Workers	
Commissioned Armed Forces Officers	0110	0110	p	Armed Forces	
Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers	0210	0110		Armed Forces	
Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks	0310	0110	p	Armed Forces	

CORRESPONDENCE TABLE: ISCO-88 TO ISCO-08

This table shows the corresponding ISCO-08 codes and titles for each ISCO-88 unit group. The letter "p" is used to indicate that only part of the ISCO-08 group corresponds with the ISCO-88 group. Comments are provided where the specific occupations involved in a particular partial correspondence may not be self-evident, or where other clarification may be necessary.

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Legislators	1110	1111		Legislators	
Senior Government Officials	1120	1112		Senior Government Officials	
Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages	1130	1113		Traditional Chiefs and Heads of Villages	
Senior Officials of Political- party Organisations	1141	1114	p	Senior Officials of Special- interest Organizations	
Senior Officials of Employers', Workers' and Other Economic- interest Organisations	1142	1114	р	Senior Officials of Special- interest Organizations	
Senior Officials of Humanitarian and Other Special-interest Organisations	1143	1114	р	Senior Officials of Special- interest Organizations	
Directors and Chief Executives	1210	1120		Managing Directors and Chief Executives	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	1221	1311		Agricultural and Forestry Production Managers	
		1312		Aquaculture and Fisheries Production Managers	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Manufacturing	1222	1321	р	Manufacturing Managers	
		1322	p	Mining Managers	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Construction	1223	1323	p	Construction Managers	
		3123	p	Construction Supervisors	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Wholesale and Retail Trade	1224	1420	p	Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Restaurants and Hotels	1225	1411	р	Hotel Managers	
		1412	p	Restaurant Managers	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	1226	1324	р	Supply, Distribution and Related Managers	Postmasters, station masters and transport, storage and distribution department managers
		1330	p	Information and Communications Technology Services Managers	Telecommunications department managers

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Production and Operations Department Managers in Business Services	1227	1219	p	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1346		Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers	
Production and Operations Department Managers in Personal Care, Cleaning and Related Services	1228	1219	р	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Building services and cleaning department managers
Production and Operations Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1229	1213	p	Policy and Planning Managers	
		1219	p	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1341	p	Child Care Services Managers	
		1342	p	Health Services Managers	
		1343	p	Aged Care Services Managers	
		1344	p	Social Welfare Managers	
		1345	p	Education Managers	
		1349	p	Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1439	p	Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2654	p	Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers	
		3435	p	Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals	Stage managers
Finance and Administration Department Managers	1231	1211	p	Finance Managers	
		1219	p	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Administration departmen managers
Personnel and Industrial Relations Department Managers	1232	1212	p	Human Resource Managers	
Sales and Marketing Department Managers	1233	1221	р	Sales and Marketing Managers	
Advertising and Public Relations Department Managers	1234	1222	р	Advertising and Public Relations Managers	
Supply and Distribution Department Managers	1235	1324	p	Supply, Distribution and Related Managers	
Computing Services Department Managers	1236	1330	р	Information and Communications Technology Services Managers	
Research and Development Department Managers	1237	1223	p	Research and Development Managers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Other Department Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1239	1213	p	Policy and Planning Managers	Managers of planning and policy departments in establishments other than those in public administration, compulsory social security, education, health, social work, extraterritorial organizations and bodies, and recreational, cultural and sporting activities (as defined in ISIC Rev. 3)
General Managers in Agriculture, Hunting, Forestry and Fishing	1311	6111	p	Field Crop and Vegetable Growers	
		6112	p	Tree and Shrub Crop Growers	
		6113	p	Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers	
		6114	p	Mixed Crop Growers	
		6121	p	Livestock and Dairy Producers	
		6122	p	Poultry Producers	
		6130	p	Mixed Crop and Animal Producers	
		6210	p	Forestry and Related Workers	
		6221	p	Aquaculture Workers	
		6222	p	Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	
		6223	p	Deep-sea Fishery Workers	
General Managers in Manufacturing	1312	1321	p	Manufacturing Managers	
		1322	p	Mining Managers	Managers of small mining and quarrying businesses
General Managers in Construction	1313	1323	р	Construction Managers	
General Managers in Wholesale and Retail Trade	1314	1420	p	Retail and Wholesale Trade Managers	
	.	5221		Shopkeepers	
General Managers of Restaurants and Hotels	1315	1411	•	Hotel Managers	
		1412	p	Restaurant Managers	
General Managers in Transport, Storage and Communications	1316	1324	p	Supply, Distribution and Related Managers	
		1330	р	Information and Communications Technology Services Managers	
General Managers of Business Services	1317	1211	p	Finance Managers	Managers of establishments providing accounting or similar services
		1212	p	Human Resource Managers	Managers of establishments providing human resource and recruitment services
		1219	p	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
General Managers of Business Services		1221	p	Sales and Marketing Managers	Managers of marketing companies
		1222	p	Advertising and Public Relations Managers	Managers of advertising and public relations companies
		1330	p	Information and Communications Technology Services Managers	Managers of small computing and telecommunications companies
		1346		Financial and Insurance Services Branch Managers	
General Managers in Personal Care, Cleaning and Related Services	1318	1219	p	Business Services and Administration Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	Managers of contract cleaning companies
General Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	1319	1223	р	Research and Development Managers	Research and development company managers
		1341	p	Child Care Services Managers	
		1342	p	Health Services Managers	
		1343	p	Aged Care Services Managers	
		1344	p	Social Welfare Managers	
		1345	p	Education Managers	
		1349	p	Professional Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
		1431		Sports, Recreation and Cultural Centre Managers	
		1439	p	Services Managers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Physicists and Astronomers	2111	2111	. .	Physicists and Astronomers	
Meteorologists	2112	2112	. .	Meteorologists	
Chemists	2113	2113		Chemists	
		2262	p	Pharmacists	Industrial pharmacists, pharmaceutical chemists
Geologists and Geophysicists	2114	2114		Geologists and Geophysicists	
Mathematicians and Related Professionals	2121	2120	p	Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians	
Statisticians	2122	2120	р	Mathematicians, Actuaries and Statisticians	
Computer Systems Designers and Analysts	2131	2511	•••••	Systems Analysts	
		2512		Software Developers	
		2513	p	Web and Multimedia Developers	
		2519	p	Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified	
		2521		Database Designers and Administrators	
		2522		Systems Administrators	
		2523	p	Computer Network Professionals	

Developers 2514 Applications Programmers 2519 p Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified 2523 p Computing Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2519 p Software and Applications Developers Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2519 p Software and Applications Developers 2519 p Software and Applications Developers 2519 p Software and Applications Developers 2519 p Software and Applications Developers Developers 2529 p Software and Applications Developers 2529 p Software and Applications Developers Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified Database and Network Professionals Developers Developer	ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
2519 P Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified 2523 P Computer Network Professionals 2519 P Web and Multimedia Developers 2519 P Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified 2519 P Software and Applications Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified 2529 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2529 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2520 Database and Network Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2520 Electrical Engineers 2141 2161 Building Architects 2162 Landscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2165 Electrical Engineers 2165 Electrical Engineers 2166 Electrical Engineers 2167 Electrical Engineers 2168 Electronics Engineers 2169 Electronics Engineers 2160	Computer Programmers	2132	2513	p		
Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified 2523 p Computer Network Communications Professionals			2514		Applications Programmers	
Professionals Professional			2519	p	Developers and Analysts Not	
Not Elsewhere Classified 2519 p Software and Applications			2523	р		
Developers and Analysts Not Elsewhere Classified Architects, Town and Traffic Planners 2141 2161 Building Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2162 Landscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2165 Civil Engineers 2166 Town and Traffic Planners 2167 Electrical Engineers 2168 Electrical Engineers 2169 Electronics and Telecommunications Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2161 Electronics Engineers 2162 Electronics Engineers 2163 Telecommunications Engineers 2165 Chemical Engineers 2166 Uning Engineers 2167 Electronics Engineers 2168 Electronics Engineers 2169 Electronics Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2161 Electronics Engineers 2162 Electronics Engineers 2163 Electronics Engineers 2164 Electronics Engineers 2165 Electronics Engineers 2166 Electronics Engineers 2167 Electronics Engineers 2168 Electronics Engineers 2169 Electronics Engineers 2160 Elect		2139	2513	p		
Architects, Town and Traffic Planners 2141 2161 Building Architects 2162 Landscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2162 Landscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2162 Lindscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners 2165 Electrical Engineers 2166 Electronics and Telecommunications Engineers 2167 Electronics Engineers 2168 Electronics Engineers 2169 Electronics Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2160 Electronics Engineers 2161 Electronics Engineers 2162 Electronics Engineers 2163 Telecommunications Engineers Mechanical Engineers 2164 2165 Chemical Engineers Architects, Engineers 2165 Cartographers and Related Professionals 2165 Cartographers and Surveyors Architects, Engineers 2169 2161 Industrial and Production Engineers 2169 Engineers Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2160 Engineers 2160 Engineer			2519	p	Developers and Analysts Not	
2162 Landscape Architects 2164 Town and Traffic Planners			2529		Professionals Not Elsewhere	
Civil Engineers 2142 2142 Civil Engineers		2141	2161		Building Architects	
Civil Engineers 2142 2142 Civil Engineers Electrical Engineers 2143 2151 Electrical Engineers Electronics and Telecommunications Engineers 2144 2152 Electronics Engineers 2153 Telecommunications Engineers Mechanical Engineers 2145 2144 Mechanical Engineers Chemical Engineers 2146 2145 Chemical Engineers Mining Engineers Mining Engineers Mining Engineers Metallurgists and Related Professionals Cartographers and Surveyors Architects, Engineers Marchitects, Engineers			2162		=	
Electrical Engineers Electronics and Telecommulications Engineers 2144 2152 Electronics Engineers 2153 Telecommunications Engineers Mechanical Engineers 2145 2144 Mechanical Engineers Chemical Engineers 2146 2145 Chemical Engineers Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals Cartographers and Surveyors Architects, Engineers Marchitects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2149 2141 Environmental Engineers 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2143 Environmental Engineers 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2143 Environmental Engineers 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2143 Environmental Protection Professionals 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals Animal and veterinar			2164	. .	Town and Traffic Planners	
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Section Surface Surf	Electrical Engineers	2143	2151		Electrical Engineers	
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Metallurgists and Related Professionals	Chemical Engineers	2146	2145		Chemical Engineers	
Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified 2143	Mining Engineers, Metallurgists and Related Professionals	2147	2146		Metallurgists and Related	
Engineers 2143 Environmental Engineers 2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified Biologists, Botanists, 2211 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals Pharmacologists, Potanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2132 Specialist Medical Practitioners Human pathologists, histopathologists, endocrinologists, neuropathologists, neuropathologists, neuropathologists 2250 p Veterinarians Animal and veterinar	Cartographers and Surveyors	2148	2165		Cartographers and Surveyors	
2149 Engineering Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2133 Environmental Protection Professionals Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals Pofessionals 2212 2131 p Biologists, Botanists, Zoologists and Related Professionals 2212 Specialist Medical Practitioners Human pathologists, histopathologists, endocrinologists, endocrinologists, neuropathologists 2250 p Veterinarians Animal and veterinar	Architects, Engineers and Related Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2149	2141			
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Pathologists and Related Professionals 200 logists and Related Professionals 2212 Specialist Medical Practitioners Human pathologists, histopathologists, endocrinologists, neuropathologists 2250 p Veterinarians Animal and veterinar			2133			
histopathologists, endocrinologists, neuropathologists	Pharmacologists, Pathologists and Related Professionals	2212	2131	p	Zoologists and Related	
p Veterinarians Animal and veterinar			2212		Specialist Medical Practitioners	histopathologists, endocrinologists,
pathologists			2250	p	Veterinarians	Animal and veterinary pathologists

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Agronomists and Related Professionals	2213	2132	p	Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers	
Medical Doctors	2221	2211		Generalist Medical Practitioners	
		2212		Specialist Medical Practitioners	
Dentists	2222	2261		Dentists	
Veterinarians	2223	2250	р	Veterinarians	
Pharmacists	2224	2262	р	Pharmacists	
Health Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	2229	2263	р	Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals	
		2269	p	Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Nursing and Midwifery Professionals	2230	1342	р	Health Services Managers	Hospital matrons and principal nursing officers
		1343	p	Aged Care Services Managers	Matrons and principal nursing officers in aged care facilities
		2221	p	Nursing Professionals	
		2222	p	Midwifery Professionals	
		3221	p	Nursing Associate Professionals	
		3222	p	Midwifery Associate Professionals	
College, University and Higher Education Teaching Professionals	2310	2310	•	University and Higher Education Teachers	
		2320	p	Vocational Education Teachers	
Secondary Education Teaching Professionals	2320	2320	р	Vocational Education Teachers	
		2330		Secondary Education Teachers	
Primary Education Teaching Professionals	2331	2341	p	Primary School Teachers	
Pre-Primary Education Teaching Professionals	2332	2342	p	Early Childhood Educators	
Special Education Teaching Professionals	2340	2352	р	Special Needs Teachers	
Education Methods Specialists	2351	2351	p	Education Methods Specialists	
School Inspectors	2352	2351	p	Education Methods Specialists	
Other Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2359	2353	p	Other Language Teachers	
		2354		Other Music Teachers	
		2355	p	Other Arts Teachers	
		2356	p	Information Technology Trainers	
		2359	p	Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Accountants	2411	2411		Accountants	
		2412	p	Financial and Investment Advisers	
Personnel and Careers Professionals	2412	2263	р	Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals	
		2423		Personnel and Careers Professionals	
		2424		Training and Staff Development Professionals	
Business Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2419	2412	p	Financial and Investment Advisers	
		2413		Financial Analysts	
		2421		Management and Organization Analysts	
		2422		Policy Administration Professionals	
		2431		Advertising and Marketing Professionals	
		2432		Public Relations Professionals	
		3339	p	Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified	Patent agents
Lawyers	2421	2611		Lawyers	
Judges	2422	2612	•	Judges	
Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	2429	2619		Legal Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Archivists and Curators	2431	2621	•	Archivists and Curators	
Librarians and Related Information Professionals	2432	2622	•••••	Librarians and Related Information Professionals	
Economists	2441	2631	•	Economists	
Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals	2442	2632	•	Sociologists, Anthropologists and Related Professionals	
Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists	2443	2633		Philosophers, Historians and Political Scientists	
Philologists, Translators and Interpreters	2444	2643		Translators, Interpreters and Other Linguists	
Psychologists	2445	2634	******	Psychologists	
Social Work Professionals	2446	2635		Social Work and Counselling Professionals	
Authors, Journalists and Other Writers	2451	2431	•	Advertising and Marketing Professionals	Advertising copy writers
		2432		Public Relations Professionals	Public relations copy writers
		2641		Authors and Related Writers	
		2642		Journalists	

ISCO-88 title	code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Sculptors, Painters and Related Artists	2452	2166	p	Graphic and Multimedia Designers	Commercial artists
		2651		Visual Artists	
Composers, Musicians and Singers	2453	2652	p	Musicians, Singers and Composers	
Choreographers and Dancers	2454	2653	р	Dancers and Choreographers	
Film, Stage and Related Actors and Directors	2455	2654	р	Film, Stage and Related Directors and Producers	
		2655		Actors	
Religious Professionals	2460	2636		Religious Professionals	
Chemical and Physical Science Technicians	3111	3111		Chemical and Physical Science Technicians	
Civil Engineering Technicians	3112	3112	р	Civil Engineering Technicians	
Electrical Engineering Technicians	3113	3113	p	Electrical Engineering Technicians	
Electronics and Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	3114	3114	р	Electronics Engineering Technicians	
Engineering Teenmerans		3522		Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	
Mechanical Engineering Fechnicians	3115	3115	p	Mechanical Engineering Technicians	
Chemical Engineering Fechnicians	3116	3116		Chemical Engineering Technicians	
		3133	р	Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	Chemical process technicians
Mining and Metallurgical Technicians	3117	3117	р	Mining and Metallurgical Technicians	
Draughtspersons	3118	3118		Draughtspersons	
Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	3119	3119		Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
Computer Assistants	3121	3512		Information and Communications Technology User Support Technicians	
		3513		Computer Network and Systems Technicians	
		3514		Web Technicians	
Computer Equipment Operators	3122	3511		Information and Communications Technology Operations Technicians	
Industrial Robot Controllers	3123	3139	р	Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
Photographers and Image and Sound Recording	3131	3431		Photographers	
Equipment Operators		3521	р	Broadcasting and Audiovisual	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Broadcasting and Telecommunications Equipment Operators	3132	3521	p	Broadcasting and Audiovisual Technicians	
Broadcasting and Telecommunications Equipment Operators		3522		Telecommunications Engineering Technicians	Telecommunications equipment operators
Medical Equipment Operators	3133	3211		Medical Imaging and Therapeutic Equipment Technicians	
Ships' Engineers	3141	3151		Ships' Engineers	
Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots	3142	3152		Ships' Deck Officers and Pilots	
Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals	3143	3153	р	Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals	
Air Traffic Controllers	3144	3154		Air Traffic Controllers	
Air Traffic Safety Technicians	3145	3155		Air Traffic Safety Electronics Technicians	
Building and Fire Inspectors	3151	3112	p	Civil Engineering Technicians	
		3119	p	Physical and Engineering Science Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	Fire investigators
Safety, Health and Quality Inspectors	3152	2263	p	Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals	
		3113	p	Electrical Engineering Technicians	Quality inspectors (electrical products)
		3114	p	Electronics Engineering Technicians	Quality inspectors (electronic products)
		3115	p	Mechanical Engineering Technicians	Vehicle inspectors, mechanical products quality and safety inspectors
		3117	p	Mining and Metallurgical Technicians	Mine (safety) inspectors
		3257	p	Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates	
		7543		Product Graders and Testers (excluding Foods and Beverages)	Product quality inspectors. Note that in ISCO-88 some product testers were classified in the same unit group as the workers producing the goods.
Life Science Technicians	3211	3141		Life Science Technicians (excluding Medical)	
		3212		Medical and Pathology Laboratory Technicians	
Agronomy and Forestry Technicians	3212	3142		Agricultural Technicians	
		3143		Forestry Technicians	
Farming and Forestry Advisers	3213	2132	p	Farming, Forestry and Fisheries Advisers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Medical Assistants	3221	2240		Paramedical Practitioners	
		3253		Community Health Workers	
		3256		Medical Assistants	
Sanitarians	3222	2263	p	Environmental and Occupational Health and Hygiene Professionals	
		3257	р	Environmental and Occupational Health Inspectors and Associates	
Dieticians and Nutritionists	3223	2265		Dieticians and Nutritionists	
Optometrists and Opticians	3224	2267		Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians	
		3254		Dispensing Opticians	
Dental Assistants	3225	3251		Dental Assistants and Therapists	
Physiotherapists and Related Associate Professionals	3226	2264		Physiotherapists	
		2269	p	Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Podiatrists, chiropractors osteopaths, recreational therapists
		3214	p	Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians	Prosthetic technicians, Prosthesis fitters
		3255		Physiotherapy Technicians and Assistants	
Veterinary Assistants	3227	3240	•••••	Veterinary Technicians and Assistants	
Pharmaceutical Assistants	3228	3213	•	Pharmaceutical Technicians and Assistants	
Modern Health Associate Professionals (except Nursing) Not Elsewhere Classified	3229	2230	р	Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals	Homeopaths
		2266		Audiologists and Speech Therapists	
		2267	p	Optometrists and Ophthalmic Opticians	Orthoptists
		2269	p	Health Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Occupational therapists
	··•	3259	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Health Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
Nursing Associate Professionals	3231	3221	p	Nursing Associate Professionals	
Midwifery Associate Professionals	3232	3222	p	Midwifery Associate Professionals	
Fraditional Medicine Practitioners	3241	2230	р	Traditional and Complementary Medicine Professionals	
		3230	p	Traditional and Complementary Medicine Associate Professionals	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Faith Healers	3242	3413	p	Religious Associate Professionals	
Primary Education Teaching Associate Professionals	3310	2341	р	Primary School Teachers	
Pre-primary Education Teaching Associate Professionals	3320	2342	р	Early Childhood Educators	
Special Education Teaching Associate Professionals	3330	2352	p	Special Needs Teachers	
Other Teaching Associate Professionals	3340	2353	p	Other Language Teachers	
		2355	p	Other Arts Teachers	
		2356	p	Information Technology Trainers	
		2359	p	Teaching Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3153	p	Aircraft Pilots and Related Associate Professionals	Flying instructors
		3423	p	Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders	Sailing instructors, underwater diving instructors
		5165		Driving Instructors	
Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers	3411	2412	p	Financial and Investment Advisers	
		3311		Securities and Finance Dealers and Brokers	
Insurance Representatives	3412	3321		Insurance Representatives	
Estate Agents	3413	3334	•	Real Estate Agents and Property Managers	
Travel Consultants and Organisers	3414	3339	р	Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified	Tour operators
		4221	p	Travel Consultants and Clerks	
Technical and Commercial Sales Representatives	3415	2433		Technical and Medical Sales Professionals (excluding ICT)	
		2434		Information and Communications Technology Sales Professionals	
		3322		Commercial Sales Representatives	
Buyers	3416	3323	•••••	Buyers	
Appraisers, Valuers and Auctioneers	3417	3315	••••	Valuers and Loss Assessors	
		3339	p	Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified	Auctioneers
Finance and Sales Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified		3312		Credit and Loans Officers	Although ISCO-08 3312 is the only correspondence listed for ISCO-88 3419, other possibilities such as 2413 may be considered, as 3419 is a residual group.

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Trade Brokers	3421	3324		Trade Brokers	
Clearing and Forwarding Agents	3422	3331		Clearing and Forwarding Agents	
Employment Agents and Labour Contractors	3423	3333	р	Employment Agents and Contractors	
Business Services Agents and Trade Brokers Not Elsewhere Classified	3429	3339	р	Business Services Agents Not Elsewhere Classified	Literary, music, sports and theatre agents
Administrative Secretaries and Related Associate Professionals	3431	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		3342	p	Legal Secretaries	
		3343	p	Administrative and Executive Secretaries	
		3344	p	Medical Secretaries	
Legal and Related Business Associate Professionals	3432	3411		Legal and Related Associate Professionals	
Bookkeepers	3433	3313	р	Accounting Associate Professionals	
Statistical, Mathematical 3434 and Related Associate Professionals	3434	3313	p	Accounting Associate Professionals	Accounting assistants
		3314		Statistical, Mathematical and Related Associate Professionals	
Administrative Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	3439	3332		Conference and Event Planners	
		3341	p	Office Supervisors	Office managers, office administrators, clerical supervisors
		3343	p	Administrative and Executive Secretaries	Executive secretaries to government department heads and official committees
		3359	p	Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	Administrative consular officials
		3433	p	Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians	Library technicians
Customs and Border Inspectors	3441	3351		Customs and Border Inspectors	
Government Tax and Excise Officials	3442	3352		Government Tax and Excise Officials	
Government Social Benefits Officials	3443	3353		Government Social Benefits Officials	
Government Licensing Officials	3444	3354		Government Licensing Officials	
Customs, Tax and Related Government Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	3449	3359	p	Government Regulatory Associate Professionals Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Police Inspectors and Detectives	3450	3355		Police Inspectors and Detectives	
		3411		Legal and Related Associate Professionals	Private investigators and detectives, store detectives
Social Work Associate Professionals	3460	3412		Social Work Associate Professionals	
Decorators and Commercial Designers	3471	2163		Product and Garment Designers	
		2166	p	Graphic and Multimedia Designers	
		3432		Interior Designers and Decorators	
		3433	p	Gallery, Museum and Library Technicians	Museum and gallery technicians
		3435	p	Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals	Tattooists, body artists
Radio, Television and Other Announcers	3472	2642	p	Journalists	Media interviewers
		2656		Announcers on Radio, Television and Other Media	
Street, Night-club and Related Musicians, Singers and Dancers	3473	2652	p	Musicians, Singers and Composers	
		2653	p	Dancers and Choreographers	
Clowns, Magicians, Acrobats and Related Associate Professionals	3474	2659	•	Creative and Performing Artists Not Elsewhere Classified	
		3435	p	Other Artistic and Cultural Associate Professionals	Stunt coordinators, walker on and a range of other performing arts support occupations classified in ISCO-08 3435 may have been classified in ISCO-88 3474.
Athletes, Sportspersons and Related Associate Professionals	3475	3421	•	Athletes and Sports Players	
		3422		Sports Coaches, Instructors and Officials	
		3423	p	Fitness and Recreation Instructors and Programme Leaders	
Religious Associate Professionals	3480	3413	p	Religious Associate Professionals	
Stenographers and Typists	4111	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4131	p	Typists and Word Processing Operators	
Word-processor and Related Operators	4112	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
•		4131	р	Typists and Word Processing	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Data Entry Operators	4113	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4132	p	Data Entry Clerks	
Calculating-machine Operators	4114	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
o permission		4132	p	Data Entry Clerks	
Secretaries	4115	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		3342	p	Legal Secretaries	
		3344	p	Medical Secretaries	
		4120		Secretaries (general)	
Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	4121	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4311		Accounting and Bookkeeping Clerks	
		4313		Payroll Clerks	
Statistical and Finance Clerks	4122	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4312	p	Statistical, Finance and Insurance Clerks	Consider ISCO-88 3432 in national contexts. The ISCO-88 index included brokers' assistants and insurance claims, adjustment and policy assistants there.
Stock Clerks	4131	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		4321		Stock Clerks	
Production Clerks 4	4132	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		4322		Production Clerks	
Transport Clerks	4133	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		4323		Transport Clerks	
Library and Filing Clerks	4141	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		4411	-	Library Clerks	
		4415		Filing and Copying Clerks	
Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks	4142	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4412		Mail Carriers and Sorting Clerks	
Coding, Proof-reading and Related Clerks	4143	3252		Medical Records and Health Information Technicians	
		3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4413		Coding, Proofreading and Related Clerks	
Scribes and Related Workers	4144	4414		Scribes and Related Workers	
Other Office Clerks	4190	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4110		General Office Clerks	
		4227		Survey and Market Research Interviewers	
		4416		Personnel Clerks	
		4419		Clerical Support Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	4211	4211	p	Bank Tellers and Related Clerks	Bank cashiers
		4212	p	Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers	Clerk, bookmaking coded to 4211 in ISCO-88 index.
		5230		Cashiers and Ticket Clerks	
Tellers and Other Counter Clerks	4212	4211	р	Bank Tellers and Related Clerks	Note that the ISCO-88 index coded Assistant, banl to 3432: Legal and Related Business Associate Professionals.
Bookmakers and Croupiers	4213	4212	р	Bookmakers, Croupiers and Related Gaming Workers	
Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders	4214	4213		Pawnbrokers and Money-lenders	
Debt-collectors and Related Workers	4215	4214		Debt Collectors and Related Workers	
Travel Agency and Related Clerks	4221	4221	р	Travel Consultants and Clerks	
Receptionists and Information Clerks	4222	3341	р	Office Supervisors	
		4222		Contact Centre Information Clerks	
		4224		Hotel Receptionists	
		4225		Inquiry Clerks	
		4226		Receptionists (general)	
		4229		Client Information Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Telephone Switchboard Operators	4223	3341	p	Office Supervisors	
		4223		Telephone Switchboard Operators	
Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards	5111	4221	р	Travel Consultants and Clerks	Airport check-in attendants
		5111		Travel Attendants and Travel Stewards	
Transport Conductors	5112	5112		Transport Conductors	
Travel Guides	5113	5113		Travel Guides	
Housekeepers and Related Workers	5121	5151	•	Cleaning and Housekeeping Supervisors in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	
		5152		Domestic Housekeepers	
Cooks	5122	3434		Chefs	
		5120		Cooks	
		9411		Fast Food Preparers	
Waiters, Waitresses and Bartenders	5123	5131	•••••	Waiters	
		5132		Bartenders	
Child-care Workers	5131	5311		Child Care Workers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Institution-based Personal Care Workers	5132	3258		Ambulance Workers	
		5321		Health Care Assistants	
		5329		Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified	Hospital orderlies, medical imaging assistants, dental aides
Home-based Personal Care Workers	5133	5322		Home-based Personal Care Workers	
Personal Care and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5139	5164		Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers	Veterinary aides
		5329		Personal Care Workers in Health Services Not Elsewhere Classified	
Hairdressers, Barbers, Beauticians and Related Workers	5141	5141		Hairdressers	
WORKERS		5142		Beauticians and Related Workers	
Companions and Valets	5142	5162		Companions and Valets	
Undertakers and Embalmers	5143	5163		Undertakers and Embalmers	
Other Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5149	5169		Personal Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Astrologers and Related Workers	5151	5161	p	Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers	
Fortune-tellers, Palmists and Related Workers	5152	5161	p	Astrologers, Fortune-tellers and Related Workers	
Fire-fighters	5161	5411		Firefighters	
Police Officers	5162	5412		Police Officers	
Prison Guards	5163	5413		Prison Guards	
Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	5169	5414	p	Security Guards	
		5419		Protective Services Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Fashion and Other Models	5210	5241		Fashion and Other Models	
Shop Salespersons and Demonstrators	5220	5222		Shop Supervisors	
		5223		Shop Sales Assistants	
		5242		Sales Demonstrators	
		5245 5246	n	Service Station Attendants Food Service Counter	
		5249	h	Attendants Sales Workers Not Elsewhere	Rental salespersons
Stall and Man-1	5220			Classified	Territar sarespersons
Stall and Market Salespersons	5230	5211		Stall and Market Salespersons	
		5246	p	Food Service Counter Attendants	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Field Crop and Vegetable Growers	6111	6111	p	Field Crop and Vegetable Growers	
Tree and Shrub Crop Growers	6112	6112	p	Tree and Shrub Crop Growers	
Gardeners, Horticultural and Nursery Growers	6113	6113	р	Gardeners; Horticultural and Nursery Growers	
		9214		Garden and Horticultural Labourers	Although garden labourers should logically be classified in ISCO-88 9211, they were not specifically mentioned in the definition or the index. It is likely that some garder and horticultural workers classified in ISCO-08 9214 were classified in certain national contexts in ISCO-88 6113.
Mixed-crop Growers	6114	6114	p	Mixed Crop Growers	
Dairy and Livestock Producers	6121	6121	p	Livestock and Dairy Producers	
Poultry Producers	6122	6122	p	Poultry Producers	
Apiarists and Sericulturists	6123	6123	р	Apiarists and Sericulturists	
Mixed-animal Producers	6124	6121	р	Livestock and Dairy Producers	
		6122	p	Poultry Producers	
		6123	p	Apiarists and Sericulturists	
Market-oriented Animal Producers and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	6129	5164		Pet Groomers and Animal Care Workers	2
		6129		Animal Producers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Market-oriented Crop and Animal Producers	6130	6130	p	Mixed Crop and Animal Producers	
Forestry Workers and Loggers	6141	6210	p	Forestry and Related Workers	
Charcoal Burners and Related Workers	6142	6210	p	Forestry and Related Workers	
Aquatic-life Cultivation Workers	6151	6221	p	Aquaculture Workers	
Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	6152	6222	•	Inland and Coastal Waters Fishery Workers	
	.	7541	p	Underwater Divers	Divers for sponges, pearls and other aquatic products
Deep-sea Fishery Workers	6153	6223	p	Deep-sea Fishery Workers	
Hunters and Trappers	6154	6224		Hunters and Trappers	
Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers	6210	6310		Subsistence Crop Farmers	
		6320		Subsistence Livestock Farmers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Subsistence Agricultural and Fishery Workers		6330		Subsistence Mixed Crop and Livestock Farmers	
		6340		Subsistence Fishers, Hunters, Trappers and Gatherers	
Miners and Quarry Workers	7111	3121		Mining Supervisors	
		8111	p	Miners and Quarriers	
Shotfirers and Blasters	7112	7542		Shotfirers and Blasters	
Stone Splitters, Cutters and Carvers	7113	7113	р	Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers	
Builders, Traditional Materials	7121	7111	р	House Builders	
Bricklayers and Stonemasons	7122	7112	•••••	Bricklayers and Related Workers	
	··•	7113	p	Stonemasons, Stone Cutters, Splitters and Carvers	
Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers	7123	7114		Concrete Placers, Concrete Finishers and Related Workers	
Carpenters and Joiners	7124	7115		Carpenters and Joiners	
Building Frame and Related Frades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	7129	3123	р	Construction Supervisors	
		7111	p	House Builders	House builders not using traditional materials
		7119		Building Frame and Related Trades Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Roofers	7131	7121		Roofers	
Floor Layers and Tile Setters	7132	7122		Floor Layers and Tile Setters	
Plasterers	7133	7123		Plasterers	
Insulation Workers	7134	7124		Insulation Workers	
Glaziers	7135	7125		Glaziers	
Plumbers and Pipe Fitters	7136	7126	•••••	Plumbers and Pipe Fitters	
Building and Related Electricians	7137	7411	•••••	Building and Related Electricians	
Painters and Related Workers	7141	7131	•••••	Painters and Related Workers	
Varnishers and Related Painters	7142	7132		Spray Painters and Varnishers	
Building Structure Cleaners	7143	7133	•••••	Building Structure Cleaners	
		7544		Fumigators and Other Pest and Weed Controllers	
Metal Moulders and Coremakers	7211	7211	p	Metal Moulders and Coremakers	
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ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Sheet-metal Workers	7213	7213		Sheet Metal Workers	
Structural-metal Preparers and Erectors	7214	7214		Structural Metal Preparers and Erectors	
Riggers and Cable Splicers	7215	7215		Riggers and Cable Splicers	
Underwater Workers	7216	7541	p	Underwater Divers	
Blacksmiths, Hammer- smiths and Forging-press Workers	7221	7221	•	Blacksmiths, Hammersmiths and Forging Press Workers	
Tool-makers and Related Workers	7222	7222		Toolmakers and Related Workers	
Machine-tool Setters and Setter-operators	7223	7223	p	Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators	
		7319	p	Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	Metal toymakers
Metal Wheel-grinders, Polishers and Tool Sharpeners	7224	7224		Metal Polishers, Wheel Grinders and Tool Sharpeners	
Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Fitters	7231	7231	••••	Motor Vehicle Mechanics and Repairers	
		7234		Bicycle and Related Repairers	
Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Fitters	7232	7232	•	Aircraft Engine Mechanics and Repairers	
Agricultural- or Industrial- machinery Mechanics and Fitters	7233	7127		Air Conditioning and Refrigeration Mechanics	
		7233		Agricultural and Industrial Machinery Mechanics and Repairers	
Electrical Mechanics and Fitters	7241	7412	•	Electrical Mechanics and Fitters	
Electronics Fitters	7242	7421	p	Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	
		7422	p	Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers	
Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	7243	7421	p	Electronics Mechanics and Servicers	
		7422	p	Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers	
Telegraph and Telephone Installers and Servicers	7244	7422	p	Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers	
Electrical Line Installers, Repairers and Cable Jointers	7245	7413	•	Electrical Line Installers and Repairers	
		7422	p	Information and Communications Technology Installers and Servicers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers	7311	3214	p	Medical and Dental Prosthetic Technicians	
		7311		Precision-instrument Makers and Repairers	
Musical-instrument Makers and Tuners	7312	7312		Musical Instrument Makers and Tuners	
Jewellery and Precious- metal Workers	7313	7313		Jewellery and Precious Metal Workers	
Abrasive Wheel Formers, Potters and Related Workers	7321	7314	•	Potters and Related Workers	
Glass-makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers	7322	7315		Glass Makers, Cutters, Grinders and Finishers	
		7549		Craft and Related Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	Lens polishers, grinders, moulders and slicers
Glass Engravers and Etchers	7323	7316	p	Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers	
Glass, Ceramics and Related Decorative Painters	7324	7316	р	Signwriters, Decorative Painters, Engravers and Etchers	
Handicraft Workers in Wood and Related Materials	7331	7317	р	Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials	
		7319	p	Handicraft Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	7332	7318	p	Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	
Compositors, Typesetters and Related Workers	7341	7321	р	Pre-press Technicians	
		7322	p	Printers	Printers, printing machine setters, takers-off
Stereotypers and Electrotypers	7342	7321	р	Pre-press Technicians	
Printing Engravers and Etchers	7343	7321	р	Pre-press Technicians	
Photographic and Related Workers	7344	8132	р	Photographic Products Machine Operators	
Bookbinders and Related Workers	7345	7323	р	Print Finishing and Binding Workers	
Silk-screen, Block and Textile Printers	7346	7322	р	Printers	
Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers	7411	7511		Butchers, Fishmongers and Related Food Preparers	
Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers	7412	7512	. •	Bakers, Pastry-cooks and Confectionery Makers	
Dairy-products Makers	7413	7513	•••••	Dairy Products Makers	
Fruit, Vegetable and Related	7414	7514		Fruit, Vegetable and Related	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders	7415	7515		Food and Beverage Tasters and Graders	
Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers	7416	7516		Tobacco Preparers and Tobacco Products Makers	
Wood Treaters	7421	7521	p	Wood Treaters	
Cabinet-makers and Related Workers	7422	7522		Cabinet-makers and Related Workers	
Woodworking-machine Setters and Setter-operators	7423	7523	p	Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators	
Basketry Weavers, Brush Makers and Related Workers	7424	7317	p	Handicraft Workers in Wood, Basketry and Related Materials	
Fibre Preparers	7431	7318	р	Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	
Weavers, Knitters and Related Workers	7432	7318	p	Handicraft Workers in Textile, Leather and Related Materials	
	··•	8152	p	Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators	Weaving and knitting machine setters
Tailors, Dressmakers and Hatters	7433	7531	p	Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters	
Furriers and Related Workers	7434	7531	p	Tailors, Dressmakers, Furriers and Hatters	
Textile, Leather and Related Pattern-makers and Cutters	7435	7532		Garment and Related Patternmakers and Cutters	
Sewers, Embroiderers and Related Workers	7436	7533		Sewing, Embroidery and Related Workers	
Upholsterers and Related Workers	7437	7534		Upholsterers and Related Workers	
Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers	7441	7535		Pelt Dressers, Tanners and Fellmongers	
Shoe-makers and Related Workers	7442	7536		Shoemakers and Related Workers	
Mining-plant Operators	8111	3121		Mining Supervisors	
	··•········	8111	p	Miners and Quarriers	
Mineral-ore- and Stone- processing-plant Operators	8112	8112		Mineral and Stone Processing Plant Operators	
Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers	8113	8113		Well Drillers and Borers and Related Workers	
Ore and Metal Furnace Operators	8121	3135	p	Metal Production Process Controllers	
		8121	p	Metal Processing Plant Operators	
Metal Melters, Casters and Rolling-mill Operators	8122	3135		Metal Production Process Controllers	
		8121	p	Metal Processing Plant Operators	

ISCO-88 title	code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Metal-heat-treating-plant Operators	8123	3135	p	Metal Production Process Controllers	
		8121	p	Metal Processing Plant Operators	
Metal Drawers and Extruders	8124	3135	p	Metal Production Process Controllers	
		8121	p	Metal Processing Plant Operators	
Glass and Ceramics Kiln and Related Machine Operators	8131	8181	р	Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators	
Glass, Ceramics and Related Plant Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8139	8181	р	Glass and Ceramics Plant Operators	
Wood-processing-plant Operators	8141	8172		Wood Processing Plant Operators	
Paper-pulp Plant Operators	8142	3139	p	Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
		8171	р	Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators	
Papermaking-plant Operators	8143	3139	p	Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
		8171	р	Pulp and Papermaking Plant Operators	
Crushing-, Grinding- and Chemical-mixing Machinery Operators	8151	8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Chemical-heat-treating- plant Operators	8152	3133	p	Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	
		8131	р	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Chemical-filtering- and Separating-equipment Operators	8153	3133	p	Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Chemical-still and Reactor operators (except Petroleum and Natural Gas)	8154	3133	р	Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Petroleum- and Natural- gas-refining-plant Operators	8155	3134		Petroleum and Natural Gas Refining Plant Operators	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	Operators of compounders and other single process plant and machinery in petroleum and gas refineries
Chemical-processing-plant Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8159	3133	p	Chemical Processing Plant Controllers	
		8131	n	Chemical Products Plant	

	code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Power-production Plant Operators	8161	3131		Power Production Plant Operators	
Steam-engine and Boiler Operators	8162	8182		Steam Engine and Boiler Operators	
Incinerator, water- treatment and Related Plant Operators	8163	3132		Incinerator and Water Treatment Plant Operators	
Automated-assembly-line Operators	8171	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		3139	p	Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
Industrial-robot Operators	8172	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		3139	p	Process Control Technicians Not Elsewhere Classified	
Machine-tool Operators	8211	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		7211	p	Metal Moulders and Coremakers	Coremaking machine operators
		7223	p	Metal Working Machine Tool Setters and Operators	
Cement and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators	8212	8114	•	Cement, Stone and Other Mineral Products Machine Operators	
Pharmaceutical- and Toiletry-products Machine Operators	8221	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Ammunition- and Explosive-products Machine Operators	8222	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Metal Finishing-, Plating- and Coating-machine Operators	8223	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8122		Metal Finishing, Plating and Coating Machine Operators	
Photographic-products Machine Operators	8224	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8132	p	Photographic Products Machine Operators	
Chemical-products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8229	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8131	p	Chemical Products Plant and Machine Operators	
Rubber-products Machine Operators	8231	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Plastic-products Machine Operators	8232	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8142		Plastic Products Machine Operators	
Wood-products Machine Operators	8240	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		7521	p	Wood Treaters	Wood treating machine operators
		7523	p	Woodworking Machine Tool Setters and Operators	
Printing-machine Operators	8251	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		7322	p	Printers	
Bookbinding-machine Operators	8252	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		7323	p	Print Finishing and Binding Workers	
Paper-products Machine Operators	8253	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8143		Paper Products Machine Operators	
Fibre-preparing-, Spinning- and Winding-machine Operators	8261	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8151		Fibre Preparing, Spinning and Winding Machine Operators	
Weaving- and Knitting- machine Operators	8262	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8152	p	Weaving and Knitting Machine Operators	
Sewing-machine Operators	8263	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8153		Sewing Machine Operators	
Bleaching-, Dyeing- and Cleaning-machine Operators	8264	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8154		Bleaching, Dyeing and Fabric Cleaning Machine Operators	
	···	8157	. .	Laundry Machine Operators	
Fur- and Leather-preparing- machine Operators	8265	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8155		Fur and Leather Preparing Machine Operators	
Shoemaking- and Related Machine Operators	8266	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8156		Shoemaking and Related Machine Operators	
Textile-, Fur- and Leather- products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	8269	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8159		Textile, Fur and Leather Products Machine Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Meat- and Fish-processing- machine Operators	8271	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Dairy-products Machine Operators	8272	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Grain- and Spice-milling- nachine Operators	8273	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Baked-goods, Cereal and Chocolate-products- machine Operators	8274	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Fruit-, Vegetable- and Nut- processing-machine Operators	8275	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Sugar Production Machine Operators	8276	3122	р	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Tea-, Coffee- and Cocoa- processing-machine Operators	8277	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Brewers-, Wine and Other Beverage Machine Operators	8278	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Tobacco Production Machine Operators	8279	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8160	p	Food and Related Products Machine Operators	
Mechanical-machinery Assemblers	8281	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8211		Mechanical Machinery Assemblers	
Electrical-equipment Assemblers	8282	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8212	p	Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers	
Electronic-equipment Assemblers	8283	3122	p	Manufacturing Supervisors	
		8212	p	Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers	

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Metal-, Rubber- and Plastic-products Assemblers	8284	3122	p	Manufacturing Superviso	rs
-		8219	p	Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified	e
Wood and Related Products Assemblers	8285	3122	p	Manufacturing Superviso	rs
		8219	p	Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified	e
Paperboard, Textile and Related Products Assemblers	8286	3122	р	Manufacturing Superviso	rs
		8219	p	Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified	e
Other Machine Operators and Assemblers	8290	3122	р	Manufacturing Superviso	rs
		8183		Packing, Bottling and Lab Machine Operators	pelling
		8189		Stationary Plant and Mac Operators Not Elsewhere Classified	hine
		8219	p	Assemblers Not Elsewhere Classified	e
Locomotive-engine Drivers	8311	8311		Locomotive Engine Drive	rs
Railway Brakers, Signallers and Shunters	8312	8312		Railway Brake, Signal and Switch Operators	
Motor-cycle Drivers	8321	8321		Motorcycle Drivers	
Car, Taxi and Van Drivers	8322	8322		Car, Taxi and Van Drivers	3
Bus and Tram Drivers	8323	8331		Bus and Tram Drivers	
Heavy Truck and Lorry Drivers	8324	8332		Heavy Truck and Lorry D	rivers
Motorised Farm and Forestry Plant Operators	8331	8341	•	Mobile Farm and Forestry Plant Operators	y
Earth-moving- and Related Plant Operators	8332	8342		Earthmoving and Related Operators	Plant
Crane, Hoist and Related Plant Operators	8333	8343	••••	Crane, Hoist and Related Operators	Plant
Lifting-truck Operators	8334	8344		Lifting Truck Operators	
Ships' Deck Crews and Related Workers	8340	8350		Ships' Deck Crews and Re Workers	elated
Street Food Vendors	9111	5212		Street Food Salespersons	
Street Vendors, Non-food Products	9112	9520	•••••	Street Vendors (excluding Food)	
Door-to-door and Telephone Salespersons	9113	5243		Door-to-door salesperson	S
		5244		Contact Centre Salesperso	ons
Shoe Cleaning and Other Street Services Elementary Occupations	9120	9510		Street and Related Service Workers	>

ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Domestic Helpers and Cleaners	9131	9111		Domestic Cleaners and Helpers	
Helpers and Cleaners in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	9132	9112		Cleaners and Helpers in Offices, Hotels and Other Establishments	
		9412		Kitchen Helpers	
Hand-launderers and Pressers	9133	9121		Hand Launderers and Pressers	
Building Caretakers	9141	5153		Building Caretakers	
Vehicle, Window and Related Cleaners	9142	9122		Vehicle Cleaners	
		9123		Window Cleaners	
		9129		Other Cleaning Workers	
Messengers, Package and Luggage Porters and Deliverers	9151	9621	p	Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters	
Doorkeepers, Watchpersons and Related Workers	9152	5414	р	Security Guards	
		9621	p	Messengers, Package Deliverers and Luggage Porters	Hotel porters
		9629		Elementary Workers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Vending-machine Money Collectors, Meter Readers and Related Workers	9153	9623		Meter Readers and Vending- machine Collectors	
Garbage Collectors	9161	9611		Garbage and Recycling Collectors	
		9612	. .	Refuse Sorters	
Sweepers and Related Labourers	9162	9613		Sweepers and Related Labourers	
		9622		Odd-job Persons	
	.	9624		Water and Firewood Collectors	
Farm-hands and Labourers	9211	9211		Crop Farm Labourers	
		9212		Livestock Farm Labourers	
		9213		Mixed Crop and Livestock Farm Labourers	
		9214		Garden and Horticultural Labourers	
Forestry Labourers	9212	9215	. .	Forestry Labourers	
Fishery, Hunting and Trapping Labourers	9213	9216		Fishery and Aquaculture Labourers	
Mining and Quarrying Labourers	9311	9311		Mining and Quarrying Labourers	
Construction and Maintenance Labourers: Roads, Dams and Similar Constructions	9312	9312		Civil Engineering Labourers	
Building Construction Labourers	9313	9313	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Building Construction Labourers	
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ISCO-88 title	ISCO-88 code	ISCO-08 code		ISCO-08 title	Comments
Assembling Labourers	9321	9329	p	Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Hand Packers and Other Manufacturing Labourers	9322	9321		Hand Packers	
		9329	p	Manufacturing Labourers Not Elsewhere Classified	
Hand or Pedal Vehicle Drivers	9331	9331	••••	Hand and Pedal Vehicle Drivers	
Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery	9332	9332	••••	Drivers of Animal-drawn Vehicles and Machinery	
Freight Handlers	9333	9333		Freight Handlers	
		9334		Shelf Fillers	
Armed Forces	0110	0110		Commissioned Armed Forces Officers	
		0210		Non-commissioned Armed Forces Officers	
		0310		Armed Forces Occupations, Other Ranks	