

LARYNX STAGING FORM – 8th ed.

CLINICAL	STAGE CATEGORY OF DEFINITIONS	PATHO-LOGIC
	PRIMARY TUMOR (T)	
() Tx	Primary tumor cannot be assessed	() Tx
() Tis	Carcinoma <i>in situ</i> *	() Tis
SUPRAGLOTTIS		
() T1	Tumor limited to one subsite of supraglottis with normal vocal cord mobility	() T1
() T2	Tumor invades mucosa of more than one adjacent subsite of supraglottis or glottis or region outside the supraglottis (e.g., mucosa of base of tongue, vallecula, medial wall of pyriform sinus) without fixation of the larynx	() T2
() T3	Tumor limited to larynx with vocal cord fixation and/or invades any of the following: postcricoid area, pre-epiglottic space, paraglottic space, and/or inner cortex of thyroid cartilage	() T3
() T4	Moderately advanced or very advanced	() T4
() T4a	<u>Moderately advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades through the outer cortex of the thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid or esophagus)	() T4a
() T4b	<u>Very advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures	() T4b
GLOTTIS		
() T1	Tumor limited to the vocal cord(s) (may involve anterior or posterior commissure) with normal mobility	() T1
() T1a	Tumor limited to one vocal cord	() T1a
() T1b	Tumor involves both vocal cords	() T1b
() T2	Tumor extends to supraglottis and/or subglottis, and/or with impaired vocal cord mobility	() T2
() T3	Tumor limited to the larynx with vocal cord fixation and/or invasion of paraglottic space, and/or inner cortex of thyroid cartilage	() T3
() T4	Moderately advanced or very advanced	() T4
() T4a	<u>Moderately advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades through the outer cortex of the thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscle of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid or esophagus)	() T4a
() T4b	<u>Very advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures	() T4b
SUBGLOTTIS		
() T1	Tumor limited to the subglottis	() T1
() T2	Tumor extends to vocal cord(s) with normal or impaired mobility	() T2
() T3	Tumor limited to larynx with vocal cord fixation and/or invasion of paraglottic space and/or inner cortex of the thyroid cartilage	() T3
() T4	Moderately advanced or very advanced	() T4
() T4a	<u>Moderately advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades cricoid or thyroid cartilage and/or invades tissues beyond the larynx (e.g., trachea, soft tissues of neck including deep extrinsic muscles of the tongue, strap muscles, thyroid or esophagus)	() T4a
() T4b	<u>Very advanced local disease.</u> Tumor invades prevertebral space, encases carotid artery, or invades mediastinal structures	() T4b

Patient Name: _____

Medical Record Number: _____

Financial Number: _____

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CLINICAL	REGIONAL LYMPH NODES (N) ENE – extranodal extension	PATHO-LOGIC
() Nx	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed	() Nx
() N0	No regional lymph node metastasis	() N0
() N1	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, ≤ 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	() N1
() N2	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, > 3 cm but ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR mets in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR mets in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	
() N2a	Metastasis in single ipsilateral lymph node > 3 cm but ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	
() N2b	Metastasis in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	
() N2c	Metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	
() N3	Metastasis in a lymph node > 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR metastasis in any lymph node(s) with clinically overt ENE (+)	
() N3a	Metastasis in a lymph node > 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	
() N3b	Metastasis in any lymph node(s) with clinically overt ENE (+)	
	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral lymph node, ≤ 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (+); OR mets in single ipsilateral lymph node, > 3 cm but ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR mets in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR mets in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	() N2
	Metastasis in single ipsilateral or contralateral lymph node < 3 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (+); OR metastasis in a single ipsilateral node, > 3 cm but ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–);	() N2a
	Metastasis in multiple ipsilateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	() N2b
	Metastasis in bilateral or contralateral lymph nodes, ≤ 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	() N2c
	Metastasis in a lymph node > 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–); OR metastasis in a single ipsilateral node > 3 cm and ENE (+); OR metastasis in multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral lymph node(s) and any with ENE (+)	() N3
	Metastasis in a lymph node > 6 cm in greatest dimension and ENE (–)	() N3a
	Metastasis in a single ipsilateral node > 3 cm and ENE (+); OR metastasis in multiple ipsilateral, contralateral, or bilateral lymph node(s) and any with ENE (+)	() N3b

CLINICAL	DISTANT METASTASIS (M)	PATHOLOGIC
() M0	No distant metastasis (no pathologic M0; use clinical M to complete stage group)	
() M1	Distant metastasis	() M1

ANATOMIC PROGNOSTIC STAGE GROUPS

CLINICAL GROUP	T	N	M	PATHOLOGIC GROUP
() 0	Tis	N0	M0	() 0
() I	T1	N0	M0	() I
() II	T2	N0	M0	() II
() III	T3 T1, T2, T3	N0 N1	M0 M0	() III
() IVA	T4a T1, T2, T3, T4a	N0, N1 N2	M0 M0	() IVA
() IVB	T4b Any T	Any N N3	M0 M0	() IVB
() IVC	Any T	Any N	M1	() IVC

() Stage unknown