# PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING

**Subject code: CS103ES** 

**Regulations: R18-JNTUH** 

Class: I Year B. Tech CE & ME I Sem



Department of Science and Humanities

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# PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING (CS103ES)

#### I. COURSE OVERVIEW:

This course emphasizes solving problems using the language, and introduces standard programming techniques like alternation, iteration and recursion. It will briefly glimpse the basics of software engineering practices like modularization, commenting, and naming conventions which help in collaborating and programming in teams. This course is enabled the students to formulate algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems, convert these algorithms to C language programs. It also aims on using arrays, pointers and structures to formulate algorithms and programs. In addition to that, apply programming to solve matrix addition and multiplication problems and searching and sorting problems.

## II. PREREQUISITE(S):

• Mathematics knowledge, Analytical and Logical skills.

## **III. COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To learn the fundamentals of computers.
- To understand the various steps in program development.
- To learn the syntax and semantics of C programming language.
- To learn the usage of structured programming approach in solving problems.

## IV. COURSE OUTCOMES: The student will learn

Sno	Course Outcomes (CO)	Knowledge Level (Blooms Level)
CO1	To write algorithms and to draw flowcharts for solving problems.	L5: Evaluate
CO2	To convert the algorithms/flowcharts to C programs	L6: Create, L2:Understand
CO3	To code and test a given logic in C programming language	L6: Create, L4: Analyze
CO4	To decompose a problem into functions and to develop modular reusable code	L5: Evaluate, L3:Apply
CO5	To use arrays, pointers, strings and structures to write C programs	L5: Evaluate

CO6	Searching and sorting problems	L3:Apply

## V. HOW PROGRAM OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Outcomes (POs)	Level	Proficiency assessed by
PO1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems	3	Assignments
PO2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	2	Assignments
PO3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations	3	Experiments
PO4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	2	Experiments
PO5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.	-	-
PO6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.	-	-
PO7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	-	-
PO8	<b>Ethics</b> : Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.	-	-

PO9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	-	-
PO10	<b>Communication</b> : Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions	-	-
PO11	<b>Project management and finance</b> : Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments	1	Mini Projects
PO12	<b>Life-long learning</b> : Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	2	Research

## VI. HOW PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES ARE ASSESSED:

	Program Specific Outcomes (PSOs)	Level	Proficiency assessed by
PSO1	Software Development and Research Ability: Ability to understand the structure and development methodologies of software systems. Possess professional skills and knowledge of software design process. Familiarity and practical competence with a broad range of programming language and open source platforms. Use knowledge in various domains to identify research gaps and hence to provide solution to new ideas and innovations.	3	Assignments
PSO2	Foundation of mathematical concepts: Ability to apply the acquired knowledge of basic skills, principles of computing, mathematical foundations, algorithmic principles, modeling and design of computer-based systems in solving real world engineering Problems.	2	Experiments
PSO3	Successful Career: Ability to update knowledge continuously in the tools like Rational Rose, MATLAB, Argo UML, R Language and technologies like Storage Computing, Communication to meet the industry requirements in creating innovative career paths for Immediate employment and for higher studies.	2	Experiments / Tools

1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium)

3: Substantial (High) -: None

VII. SYLLABUS:

#### UNIT - I:

Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system, compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program etc., Number systems

Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm, Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming

Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code, Operators, expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation, Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion, The main method and command line arguments Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND, OR, XOR and NOT operators

Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator, goto, Iteration with for, while, do-while loops

I/O: Simple input and output with scanf and printf, formatted I/O, Introduction to stdin, stdout and stderr.Command line arguments

#### UNIT-II:

Arrays: one and two dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays

Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters, basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy, strstr etc.), arrays of strings

Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures, unions, Array of structures

Pointers: Idea of pointers, Defining pointers, Pointers to Arrays and Structures, Use of Pointers in self-referential structures, usage of self referential structures in linked list (no implementation) Enumeration data type

#### UNIT- III:

Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands like include, define, undef, if, ifdef, ifndef

Files: Text and Binary files, Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files, Appending data to existing files, Writing and reading structures using binary files, Random access using fseek, ftell and rewind functions.

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Functions: Designing structured programs, Declaring a function, Signature of a function, Parameters and return type of a function, passing parameters to functions, call by value, Passing arrays to functions, passing pointers to functions, idea of call by reference, Some C standard functions and libraries

Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial, Fibonacci series etc., Limitations of Recursive functions Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory, Allocating memory for arrays of different data types

#### **UNIT V:**

Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations, finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set, finding if a number is prime number, etc.Basic searching in an array of elements (linear and binary search techniques), Basic algorithms to sort array of elements (Bubble, Insertion and Selection sort algorithms), Basic concept of order of complexity through the example programs

## **SUGGESTED BOOKS:**

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. **T1.** Byron Gottfried, Schaum's Outline of Programming with C, McGraw-Hill.
- **T2.** B.A. Forouzan and R.F. Gilberg C Programming and Data Structures, Cengage Learning, (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition).

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. R1. Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, The C Programming Language, Prentice
- 2. R2. Hall of India
- 3. R.G. Dromey, How to solve it by Computer, Pearson (16<sup>th</sup> Impression)
- 4. R3. Programming in C, Stephen G. Kochan, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 5. **R4.** Herbert Schildt, C: The Complete Reference, Mc Graw Hill, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition

## **NPTEL Web Course:**

- nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/4
- nptel.ac.in/courses/106105085/2

#### NPTEL Video Course:

- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc18\_cs31/preview
- https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc18\_cs33/preview

**GATE SYLLABUS:** Programming in C. Recursion. Arrays, Searching, sorting

**IES SYLLABUS: NA** 

**VIII. COURSE PLAN:** 

Lecture	Week	Topics to be covered	Course LearningOutcomes	Referenc	
		UNIT-I	LearningOutcomes	es	
1.		Introduction to components of a computer system: disks, primary and secondary memory, processor, operating system,			
2.	1	compilers, creating, compiling and executing a program	components		
3.		Number systems	Identify the steps		
4.		Introduction to Algorithms: steps to solve logical and numerical problems. Representation of Algorithm	in algorithm	т2	
5.		Flowchart/Pseudo code with examples, Program design and structured programming	Discuss the types of flowcharts and	T2	
6.	2	Introduction to C Programming Language: variables (with data types and space requirements), Syntax and Logical Errors in compilation, object and executable code,	Understand the programming design		
7.		Operators	Describes about		
8.		expressions and precedence, Expression evaluation	operators and		
		Mock Test #1	PXIIIPSSIIIIS		
9.		Storage classes (auto, extern, static and register), type conversion	Describes various storage classes		
10.		The main method and command line arguments Bitwise operations: Bitwise AND. OR. XOR and NOT operators	Compute various methods		
11.	3	Conditional Branching and Loops: Writing and evaluation of conditionals and consequent branching with if, if-else, switch-case, ternary operator,			
12.		goto, Iteration with for, while, do-while loops	Creating different branching		
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 1		T2	
13.	4	I/O: Simple input and output with scanf and printf, formatted I/O, Introduction to stdin, stdout and stderr.	Apply I/O operations		
		UNIT-II			
14.		Arrays: one dimensional arrays, creating, accessing and manipulating elements of arrays	Applying the accessing techniques		
15.	4	two dimensional arrays	ESUMMONES		
16.		Strings: Introduction to strings, handling strings as array of characters	Defining strings and its characteristics		
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 2	2.12. 40001100100	T2	

Lecture	Week	Topics to be covered	Course	Referenc
		basic string functions available in C (strlen, strcat, strcpy,	LearningOutcomes  Describes various	es
17.		strstr etc.),	string methods	
18.		arrays of strings	string methods	
19.	5	Structures: Defining structures, initializing structures	Define a	
			structure and its	
20.		unions,	declaration	
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 3	ueciai anon	
21.		Array of structures		
		Pointers: Idea of pointers,	Understand the	
22.	6	r	use of pointers	
23.	6	Defining pointers,	Defines a pointer	
24.		Pointers to Arrays and Structures	Types in it	
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 4	Types III It	
		<u> </u>	Francisco in	
25.		Use of Pointers in self-referential structures,	Examine in	
			various methods	
26.	_	usage of self referential structures in linked list (no	Analyses the	
	7	implementation)	usages	T2
27.		Enumeration data type	Understanding the	12
			data types	
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 5		
		UNIT-III	_	
28.		Preprocessor: Commonly used Preprocessor commands	Demonstrate the	
20.		like include, define, undef,	preprocessor	
29.		if, ifdef, ifndef	Define the Loops	
20	8		Understand the	
30.	0	Files: Text and Binary files,	files	
			Evaluate text and	
31.		Creating and Reading and writing text and binary files	binary files	
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 6	<u> </u>	
		I-MID EXAMINATION (WEEK-9)		
22			Evaluate the files	
32.		Appending data to existing files,		
33.		Writing and reading structures using binary files	Create the types	
<i></i>		Trining and reading structures using billary files	in it	T2
	10	Random access using fseek, ftell and rewind functions.	Discuss about	
34.			Random	
			functions	
	]		Evaluate	]
35.		Example Programs on Random Access functions	different	

Lecture	Week	Topics to be covered	Course LearningOutcomes	Referen es		
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 7				
	•	UNIT-IV	•			
36.		Functions: Designing structured programs	Define a function			
37.		Declaring a function, Signature of a function,	Understand the declaration			
38.	11	Parameters and return type of a function	Classification of functions			
39.		passing parameters to functions, call by value	Evaluating types of function calls			
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 8				
40.		Passing arrays to functions	Apply arrays with			
41.	- 12	passing pointers to functions	Apply pointers with functions	T2		
42.				idea of call by reference	Understand	
43.		Some C standard functions and libraries	Analyze some C functions			
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 9				
44.		Recursion: Simple programs, such as Finding Factorial	Define a recursion			
45.		Fibonacci series etc.,	Create programs			
46.	13	Limitations of Recursive functions	Drawbacks of Recursion			
47.		Dynamic memory allocation: Allocating and freeing memory	Understanding about dynamic memory			
48.		Mock Test - 2				
49.	14	Allocating memory for arrays of different data types	Understanding its types			
	ı	UNIT-V				
50.	14	Algorithms for finding roots of a quadratic equations	Analyze various programming techniques	T2		
51.	. 14	finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set,	Analyze various programming			
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 10				

Lecture	Week	Topics to be covered	Course	Referenc
			LearningOutcomes	es
			Analyzing various programming	
52.		finding if a number is prime number	techniques	
			teciniques	
			Analyzing various	
53.		Basic searching in an array of elements - linear search technique	programming	
		teeninque	techniques	
	15		Analyzing various	
54.		Basic searching in an array of elements - binary search	programming	
54.		technique	techniques	
		Basic algorithms to sort array of elements- Bubble sort	Analyzing various	
55.		algorithm	programming	
		Total all Dails Class #11	techniques	
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 11	Analyzing various	
		Basic algorithms to sort array of elements - Selection sort algorithm	Analyzing various programming	
56.			techniques	
			teciniques	
		Basic algorithms to sort array of elements - Insertion sort	Analyzing various	
57.	16	algorithm	programming	
	-		techniques Compute various	
58.		Basic concept of order of complexity through the example	time	
		programs	complexities	
59.		UNIT-I Revision		
		Tutorial / Bridge Class # 12		
60.		UNIT-II Revision		
61.	17	UNIT-III Revision		
62.		UNIT-IV Revision		
63.	1	UNIT-V Revision		
	1	Tutorial / Bridge Class # 13		
	1	II MID EXAMINATIONS (WEEK 18)		1

IX. MAPPING COURSE OUTCOMES LEADING TO THE ACHIEVEMENT OF PROGRAM OUTCOMES AND PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES:

сопись Очесония		Program Outcomes (PO)											Program Specific		fic
													Outo	comes (PS	O)
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	3	2	3	2	-	-	-			-	1	2	3	2	2
CO2	3	2	3	2	-	-	-			-	1	2	3	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	2	-	-	-			-	1	2	3	2	2
CO4	2	2	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	2	1
CO5	2	1	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	2	1	-
	2	2	3	2	-	-	-			-	1	1	3	2	2
CO6															
AVG	2.5	1.8	3	1.8	-	-	-		-	-	0.66	1.5	2.66	1.8	1.5

1: Slight (Low) 2: Moderate (Medium) 3: Substantial (High) -: None

# X. QUESTION BANK: (JNTUH)

# **DESCRIPTIVE QUESTIONS: (WITH BLOOMS PHRASES)**

## **UNIT I Short Answer Questions-**

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy Level	Course Outcome
1.	Define a)Variable b)Identifier c)Constant	Knowledge	1
2.	Write short notes on number system with examples	Apply	1
3.	Write short notes on jump statements?	Apply	1

4.	Define Flowchart and Algorithm	Knowledge	2
5.	Write short notes on Continue statements?	Apply	1

# Long Answer Questions-

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy	Course
		Level	Outcome
1.	Write a Short notes on Creating and Running the program?	Apply	3
2.	Write about Different data types along with memory?	Apply	4
3.	Write about Decision making statements with example?	Apply	3
4.	Write a Program on sum of n numbers using While and for loop?	Apply	3
5.	Describe about computer system	Create	3

# UNIT – II Short answer questions

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy	Course
		Level	Outcome
1.	Write short notes on pointer Arithmetic Operations?	Apply	5
2.	Define Array?	Knowledge	5
3.	Define 1) Array of pointers 2) Pointers to functions.	Knowledge	5
4.	Define a String with a example?	Knowledge	5
5.	Discuss Difference between Structure and Unions	Understand	5

Long answer questions

	ng answer questions	1	1
Sno	Questions	Blooms	Course
		Taxonomy Level	Outcome
1.	Write about String Input / Output functions with example?	Apply	5
1.	Write a C Program to reverse a given string with and without using functions?	Apply	5

2.	What are the types of Arrays? Explain in detail	Knowledge	5
3.	Write a C program that reads 15 names each of up to 30 characters, stores them in an array, and uses an array of pointers to display them in ascending (ie. alphabetical) order	Apply	5
4.	What is Self referral Structure? Explain with example?	Knowledge	5

# UNIT – III Short answer questions

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy	Course
		Level	Outcome
1.	Write Short notes on Preprocessor command 'define'	Apply	4
2.	Difference between undef and ifndef.		4
3.	Write the Difference between Binary File and Text File?	Apply	4
4.	Define different types of file input output functions?	Knowledge	4
5.	Define different file modes of operation?	Knowledge	4

# Long answer questions

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy Level	Course Outcome
1	What are Preprocessor commands? List some Preprocessor commands with the example?	Knowledge	4
2	Define a macro that finds the maximum of two numbers. Write a C program that uses the macro and prints the maximum of two numbers.	Knowledge	4
3	Write about Positioning functions (fseek ,rewind and ftell)	Apply	4
4	Write a C program to count the number of times a character occurs in a text file. The file name and the character are supplied as command-line	Apply	3

	arguments.		
5	Write about file status functions (error handling) with example?	Apply	4

## UNIT – IV

# **Short answer questions**

Sno	Questions	Blooms	Course
		Taxonomy Level	Outcome
1.	What is a Function? Write about signature of a function?	Knowledge	4
2.	Write about limitation of recursion?	Apply	4
3.	Explain passing parameters to functions.	Analyze	4
4.	Explain passing pointers to functions.	Analyze	5
5.	Describe the allocation of memory for arrays of different data types	Create	5

# Long answer questions

Sno	Questions	Blooms	Course
		Taxonomy Level	Outcome
1.	Write about standard functions with examples?	Apply	4
2.	Explain about memory allocation functions with example.	Evaluate	4
3.	What is recursion? Write a program for factorial using recursion?	Knowledge	4
4.	Difference between call by value and call by reference.	Analyze	4
5.	Write a recursive function for Fibonacci series.	Apply	4

## UNIT – V

# **Short answer questions**

Sno	Questions	BloomsTaxonomy	Course
		Level	Outcome
1.	Define order of complexity.	Knowledge	4
2.	What is an algorithm and what are its advantages?	Knowledge	2
3.	Write an algorithm to check whether a given number is prime or	Apply	2

	not.		
4.	Differences between linear search and binary search.	Analyze	6
5.	Compare different sorting algorithms.	Analyze	6

# Long answer questions

Sno	Questions	Blooms Taxonomy	Course
		Level	Outcome
1)	Write algorithm to demonstrate binary search.	Apply	6
2)	Explain the algorithm for finding roots of a quadratic equations	Evaluate	2
3)	Define algorithm for finding minimum and maximum numbers of a given set	Knowledge	2
4)	Explain Bubble sort algorithm with its order of complexity	Evaluate	6
5)	Explain the techniques of Selection sort and Insertion sort with the help of an example array.	Evaluate	6

# **XI. OBJECTIVE QUESTIONS: JNTUH**

UNIT: I				
1. The format i	dentifier '%	i' is also used for _	data type?	
a) char	b) int	c) float	d) double	
2. What is the	size of an in	t data type?		
a) 4 Bytes			b) 8 Bytes	
c) Depends on	the system	/compiler d) Ca	innot be determined	
3. What is the	output of th	ne following code. i	nt n=0, m=1; do { pri	ntf("%d", m); m++; } while (m<=n);
A) 0	B) 2	C) 1	D) 4	

4. Which of the A) a>b?c=30:c=4	_	correct usage of B) a>b?c:		nal operators used in C?
C) max=a>b?a>	c?a:c:b>c?b:c	D) return (a>b)?	?(a:b)	
5. Which symbo	ol is used as a sta	tement termina	tor in C?	
A),	B) "	C);	D):	
A) assigns a valu	L5 then the state ue 8 to x ue 15 to x	B) gives an erro	r messag	ge
a) Compiler	i = g() + f(), first	b) Asso	ciativiy of	on f () operator of the expression
-	mes the followin		ed?	
A) 0 B) 25 C		< 2 ) UΠΤΤ,		
a) Ascii charac	ower(c) defined eter set f-8 but not EBS	-	b	) Unicode character set ) Any character set
10. Which type a) From char to c) From negati		b) From		char pointer to char

UNIT: II

	correct syntax to eclaration int a[5		nsional array	y as a parameter?	
a) func(a);	b) func(&a);		c(*a);	d) func(**a);	
2.The elements int array[5] =	in the array of t {5};	he following co	ide are		
a) 5, 5, 5, 5, 5	b) 5, 0,	0, 0, 0	c) 5, (garb	age), (garbage), (garb	age), (garbage)
d) (garbage), (g	arbage), (garbag	e), (garbage), 5	i		
<ul><li>3. Different way</li><li>a) int array[5] =</li></ul>	ys to initialize an = {};	array with all 6 b) int array[5]		zero are	
c) int a = 0, b =	0, c = 0;	d) int array[5]	= {a, b, c};		
(Assuming in	following opera nitialization as into c) a * b d) a / b		·		
5. Size of a unic	on is determined	by size of the.			
a) First membe			-	ember in the union	
c) Biggest mem	ber in the union	d) Sun	n of the size	s of all members	
	a union are acce				
a) union-name.	member	•	on-pointer->		
c) Both a & b		a) Nor	ne of the me	entionea	
7. The correct s  Assuming: str {  int b;  }s[50];  a) s.b.[i];		the member of c) s.b[i];	the ith struction of the ith s	cture in the array of st	ructures is?

```
8. Which of the following uses structure?
a) Array of structures
                                       b) Linked Lists
c) Binary Tree
                               d) All of the mentioned
UNIT: III
1. For binary files, a ___ must be appended to the mode string.
a) Nothing
                        b) "b"
                                       c) "binary"
                                                               d) "01"
2. If there is any error while opening a file, fopen will return
                        b) EOF c) NULL d) Depends on compiler
a) Nothing
3. What is the meant by 'a' in the following operation?
  fp = fopen("Random.txt", "a");
a) Attach
               b) Append
                               c) Apprehend d) Add
4. putchar(c) function/macro always outputs character c to the
a) screen
                                               b) standard output
c) depends on the compiler
                                       d) Depends on the standard
5. stderr is similar to?
a) stdin b) stdout
                       c) Both stdout and stdind) None of the mentioned
6. What is the output of this C code?
#include <stdio.h>
\#define foo(x, y) \#x \#y
int main()
printf("%s\n", foo(k, l));
return0;
}
a)kl
       b)xy c) Compile time error d) k l
```

7. What is the sequence for preprocess	or to look for the file within <> ?
a) The predefined location then the cur	rent directory
b) The current directory then the prede	fined location
c) The predefined location only d) The	current directory location
8. What is the purpose of the function? int ferror(FILE *fp)	
a) They check for input errors	b) They check for output errors
c) They check for all types of errors	d) They check for error in accessing the file
9. The "else if" in conditional inclusion i	is written by?
a) #else if b) #elseif c) #elsi	fd) #elif
10. Property which allows to produce dif	ferent executable for different platforms in C is called?
a) File inclusion	b) Selective inclusion
c) Conditional compilation	d) Recursive macros
·	·
UNIT: IV	
1. In C, if you pass an array as an argum	nent to a function, what actually gets passed?
A) Value of elements in array B) First e	element of the array
C) Base address of the array D) Addre	ess of the last element of array
2.What is the return-type of the function	on sqrt()
a) int b) float c) double	d) Depends on the data type of the parameter
3. What is the problem in the following	doclarations2
int func(int);	decial ations:
double func(int);	
int func(float);	
a) A function with same name cannot h	ave different signatures

b) A function with same name cannot	have different return types	
c) A function with same name cannot	have different number of parame	eters
d) All of the mentioned		
4. Which type of variables can have sa	me name in different function:	
a) global variables	b) static variables	
c) Function arguments	d) Both (b) and (c)	
E. The maximum number of argument	ts that can be passed in a single fu	unction are
5. The maximum number of argument a) 127 b) 253 c) 361	ts that can be passed in a single ro d) No limits in number	
2, 233 6, 303	a, no mino minori	or arguments
6. What is the output of the followin	g code?	
#include <stdio.h></stdio.h>		
int main()		
{ printf("%d", main); return 0; }		
a) Address of main function	c) Compiler Error	
b) Runtime Error	d) Some random value	
Ans) A		
7. A function has a, a	and a Ans) Name, data typ	e and list of arguments
8. A function with no return	type is declared as	Ans) void
9. When a function calls itself ag	ain and again, it is called	Ans) Recursion
UNIT: V		
1 Defens accurating the list of item	an abauld ba camad in accounting	
<ol> <li>Before searching, the list of item</li> <li>Binary searching</li> <li>Linear sea</li> </ol>		g order can be done in [ ] d)None
2,, 20.0000000		2)- : 33
2. Binary search is effective only w	then the elements are in	
a) ascending order b) descending		d) jumbled order
	- 	-
3) In bubble sort element	t is settled first in its position in fir	rst pass
4) A node contains and	d	
5) In binary search key is compare	d with element.	

a) First	b) last	c) middle	d) none
6) Time Co	omplexity of lin	near Search is	
7) Time Co	omplexity of B	inary Search is _	
8) Time co	mplexity of Bu	ibble sort is	
9) Time Co	omplexity of So	election sort is	
10) Time (	Complexity of 1	nsertion sort is	

## **XII. GATE QUESTIONS:**

- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/tag/gate-cs-c-language/
- https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/quiz-corner-gq/
- http://www.btechonline.org/2015/12/gate-questions-c-programming.html
- <a href="http://www.techvyom.com/c-programming-solved-questions-from-previous-years-gate-papers.html">http://www.techvyom.com/c-programming-solved-questions-from-previous-years-gate-papers.html</a>

## XIII. WEBSITES:

- 1. http://www.kciti.edu/wp-content/uploads/2017/07/cprogramming\_tutorial.pdf
- 2. <a href="https://www.codewithc.com/programming-with-c-pdf-byron-gottfried/">https://www.codewithc.com/programming-with-c-pdf-byron-gottfried/</a>
- 3. <a href="https://phy.ntnu.edu.tw/~cchen/pdf/ctutor.pdf">https://phy.ntnu.edu.tw/~cchen/pdf/ctutor.pdf</a>
- 4. <a href="https://www.codewithc.com/c-projects-with-source-code/">https://www.codewithc.com/c-projects-with-source-code/</a>

**XIV. EXPERT DETAILS: NA** 

**XV. JOURNALS:** 

## **INTERNATIONAL:**

- https://www.cprogramming.com/codej.html
- <a href="https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5387762/">https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/5387762/</a>

## **NATIONAL:**

- <a href="https://www.nationaljournal.com/">https://www.nationaljournal.com/</a>
- https://www.sciencedirect.com/browse/journals-and-books

## XVI. LIST OF TOPICS FOR STUDENT SEMINARS:

- 1. Arrays and its Types
- 2. Self referential Structures

- 3. Dynamic memory Allocation Functions
- 4. Sorting Techniques
- 5. Searching Techniques

# **XVII. CASE STUDIES / SMALL PROJECTS:**

- 1) Student record System
- 2) Cricket Score Sheet
- 3) Bank Management System
- 4) School Billing System
- 5) Library Management System