

REVIEW OF LITERATURE:

Intellectuals Sandarbh Maharashtra, (2002-2003). This book has been design to meet the need of Educationalist, Industrialists etc. Its offers up-to-date reference information on various aspects of Maharashtra state i.e. Agriculture, Politics, Economics, Sociology, Literature, Public Administration, Tourism & Government Administration.

This is the first book of its kind reference work which gives profiles of all the districts of Maharashtra for the present reference year of 2002-03. It includes the basic data on major current topics of Maharashtra State and Districts. This reference work will be useful to students, scholars, Government officials, NGO's, policy makers, Journalists, teachers educational institutions, educationalists, organizations & industries.

'Maharashtra' entitled book is a written by B. Arunachalam first edition January, 1967, A study in Physical and regional setting and resource development, is a larger outcome of an earlier regional work done in collaboration with late Prin. C.B. Joshi.

The present book has taken shape under four heads, Physical setting , resource development and economy, people and regional setting. A number of New maps and tables have been added and few old maps redrawn to make the book move informative and valuable.

The Monsoons, the book was first published in (D.K. Das) 1968 and Author has tried to make it as simple as possible as to bring out the global and the regional aspects of the Monsoon. The present book has been enlarged and reviser at a

number of places. He realize that opinions differ on many facts of the monsoons, especially on long range prediction techniques.

He was co-operated with meteorological department of India, use the satellite pictures and all other recent developments in satellite meteorology.

V. V. Khanzode (Research Methodology – Techniques & Trends) 1995 fist published. He is a Reader & Head Department of Personal Management, Chhatrapati Shahu Central Institute of Business Education and Research University Road, Kolhapur.

He is the author of three other books and several articles on commerce and management. He has participated in and acted as resource person for several executive development programmes, seminars and work shops.

‘Agricultural Water Management’ Edited by Premjit Sharma, this is one of the best book for agricultural management editor has focused on water scarcity is very important problem in agricultural field. In this book there are eight chapters are included. Author has written other some books. Which is related Geographical aspects and also he has written articles which was published in various Journal.

‘History of Sugar’ this article research from infuriate copy by Wikipedia Web Site. In this article contents History, Etymology, Health effects, Terminology, Chemistry and references, further reading & external links, these points covered through globally.

‘Sangli’ this article found from Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia Jump to Navigation, search, this article is about the municipality in Maharashtra. It is unsourced material may be challenged and removed (Oct. 2011).

‘Mission Statement’ its not a article but informative material from Web site, Its focuses on objective and gave brief History about Rajarambapu Patil Sahakari Dudh Sangh Ltd has a turnover of 100 crore rupees.

Article of ‘Role of Co-operative Sugar factories in Rural Development & case study of Damaji Sugar Factory, Mangalwedha. Todkari G. V. Dept. of Geography, Shri Sant Damaji Mahavidyalaya, Dist. Solapur, MS. India, corresponding author, written this article in international ‘International Journal of Agriculture Sciences’ available online at <http://www.bioinfo.in/contentsphp?id=26>. Volume 4, Issue 1 2012, pp. 168-171 such type of study represents real the role of co-operative sugar factory in rural areas, co-operative factories have indeed become the ‘Growth Centers’ for Rural development.

‘Role of Sugar Co-operative in the Rural Development’ research paper written by Dr. S.K. Pagar, in the journal of ‘Global Economic Research’, vol.1, Issue II, Oct, 2011 to May 2012, (127). He has trussed on the roof of co-operative movement came on the Indian seen, and focused on sugar industry in Maharashtra.

Report of Maharashtra state ,sugar cooperative federation (2007) this report is so useful for the research in stet of Maharashtra ,sugar cooperative federation and state Government connected to each other for the development of agriculture.

Kumbhar.V.M (CRISIS)In sugar cooperative in Maharashtra. In this Book author focused on Maharashtra sugar industry which is one of the most notable and large scale sugar manufacturing sector in country.

Gadgil.D.R.`sugar cooperative in Maharashtra' published by National federation of sugar factories Ltd.In this book author has stated on sugar factories in Maharashtra,and History of sugsr industry in Maharashtra.

Agrawal.N.K.sugsr industry in India popular prakashan, Bombay(1979). He has focused on sugar industry in India,state wise contribution of cooperatives in the country.

Inamdar,N.K.Government and cooperative sugar factories popular parakashah,Bombay 1965.In this book author has pointed about Government policies and cooperative sugsr factories.

Tube.S.D.sugar cooperatives and rural changes pune 1962,Dwaraka prakashan author has taken in to consideration about sugar cooperatives and rural changes. This book is published by dwarka prakashan pune,1962.

More,K.S.(1980) chaning pattern of agriculture landude in Kolhapur district (Maharashtra) unpublished ph.d thesis Shivagi University Kolhapur.It was remarkable contribution to research scholar,focusing on Maharashtra.

Mohite.Y.J.have concluded that the sugar industry in Maharashtra located in the specific area of the state.

Singh.G.B.(1979) have concluded that the rural development have transformed because of agricultural development.

Sonawane(2011) stated that milk is most complete food to human being with variety of nutrients and plays a important role in rural economy.He refferd the report of the national commission on agriculture i.e dairy farming as an additional source for improving the states of rural masses, especially weaker sections consisting of small medium and landless laborers.